OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR REPORT NOTE:

Section 7-7-211, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) gives the Office of the State Auditor the authority to audit, with the exception of municipalities, any governmental entity in the state. In the case of municipalities, Section 21-35-31, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) requires municipalities to obtain an annual audit performed by a private CPA firm and submit that audit report to the Office of the State Auditor. The Office of the State Auditor files these audit reports for review in case questions arise related to the municipality.

As a result, the following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor. Instead, it was prepared by a private CPA firm and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted and no review of the report was performed by the Office of the State Auditor prior to finalization of the report. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 Department of Administration Finance Division



CITY OF JACKSON ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
INTRODUCTION SECTION	i
Letter of Transmittal	ii
Organizational Chart	xiii
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	xiv
FINANCIAL SECTION	1
Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements and Supplementary Information	2
Required Supplementary Information:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements	14
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Activities	16
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	20
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	21
Proprietary Funds:	21
Statement of Net Position	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	24
Statement of Cash Flows	25
Fiduciary Funds:	20
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	27
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	28
Notes to the Financial Statements	29
Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	30
Note 2- Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements	41
Note 3- Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability	43
Note 4- Detailed Notes on all Funds	45
Note 5- GASB 54 Fund Balance Presentation - Classification Total	67
Note 6- Other Information	68
Note 7- Transactions between Primary Government and Component Units	89
Required Supplementary Information:	90
Schedule of Employer OPEB Liability - Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan	91
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and City's Contributions-PERS	93
Schedule of Employer Net Pension Liability and City's Contributions-MRS	97
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual-General Fund	101
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Budget and Actual - Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund	110

CITY OF JACKSON ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Other Supplementary Information:	121
Major Governmental Funds:	122
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	123
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	120
Budget and Actual - 1% Infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund	124
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Budget and Actual - Infrastructure Bond 2020 Capital Project Fund	125
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet- Nonmajor Governmental Funds	131
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	133
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Budget and Actual - Parks and Recreation Special Revenue Fund	135
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	100
Budget and Actual - Disability and Relief Special Revenue Fund	136
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	407
Budget and Actual - State Grants Special Revenue Fund	137
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	139
Budget and Actual - Improvement Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	139
Budget and Actual - Library Special Revenue Fund	141
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	141
Budget and Actual - 1998 General Obligation Bond Capital Project Fund	142
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	172
Budget and Actual - 2003 General Obligation Bond Capital Project Fund	143
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Budget and Actual - 2009 General Obligation Bond Capital Project Fund	144
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Budget and Actual - Capitol Street 2-Way Capital Project Fund	145
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Budget and Actual - 2012 General Obligation Note Capital Project Fund	146
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Budget and Actual - Thalia Mara Hall Renovation Capital Project Fund	147
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Budget and Actual - Modernization Tax Capital Project Fund	148
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	
Budget to Actual - Museum to Market Capital Project Fund	149
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds:	150
Combining Statement of Net Position	152
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	154
Combining Statement of Cash Flows	155

CITY OF JACKSON ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Fiduciary Funds:	157
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Private-Purpose Trust Funds	159
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Private-Purpose Trust Funds	160
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	161
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds	162
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds:	164
Comparative Schedules by Source	165
Schedule by Function and Activity	166
Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity	167
Schedule of Bonds of City Officials	169
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	172
Net Position by Component	174
Changes in Net Position	175
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	176
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	177
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds General Governmental Tax Revenues by Sources	178 179
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	180
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	181
Principal Property Taxpayers	182
Property Tax Levies and Collections	183
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	184
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	186
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	187
Legal Debt Margin Information	188
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	189
Demographic and Economic Statistics	190
Principal Employers	191
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Operating Indicators by Function	192 193
Capital Assets Statistics by Function	193
	101
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	195
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	196
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control	190
Over Compliance Required By the Uniform Guidance	198
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	200
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	204
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	205
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	217
Corrective Action Plan	222
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations	229

INTRODUCTION SECTION

Office of the Chief Financial Officer Fidelis Malembeka, CFO



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February 28, 2023

To the Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Jackson, Mississippi:

A requirement of Mississippi law is that local governments annually publish audited financial statements. Accordingly, the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 for the City of Jackson, MS is submitted herewith.

An unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the City of Jackson, MS has been issued by Tann, Brown and Russ for the year ended September 30, 2021. The Independent Auditor's Report is included in the front of the financial section of the ACFR. The City of Jackson is also required to have an audit performed in compliance with the Single Audit Act of 1996 regarding awards received from the federal government. The Single Audit report was issued by Tann, Brown and Russ.

The dedicated and professional staff of the Finance Division, Department of Administration, prepared this report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP). We maintain that the data is accurate in all material aspects and is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial activities of the various funds of the local government. The responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the fairness and completeness of the presentation, including any disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the fiscal affairs of the City, is entrusted to the administration of the local government. We further assert that the internal controls implemented provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

All of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the City of Jackson, MS, as well as the Jackson Redevelopment Authority (JRA), the Capital City Convention Center Commission, and the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority (component units of the city) are included in the 2021 ACFR. JRA, the Capital City Convention Center Commission, and the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority are presented as discretely presented component units within the ACFR because the City exercises significant oversight responsibility. The approval of JRA's administrative operating costs and appointments to its Board of Commissioners are authorized by the City's governing body. Additionally, JRA accounts for its separate funds and maintains revenues sufficient to meet its operating costs, debt service and system replacement and maintenance needs for its parking garages and other urban renewal projects. The Capital City Convention Center Commission and the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority are included as component units of the City because of their fiscal dependency on the City of Jackson. Four Proprietary Funds, which provide a variety of services on a fee-for-services basis, are among those funds whose financial operations are included in the ACFR. These Proprietary Funds are

the Water/Sewage Disposal System, Madison Sewage Disposal System, Transportation, and Sanitation.

Organizationally, the 2021 ACFR provides information in three major sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The Introductory Section encompasses the Letter of Transmittal, the Organizational Chart of the Executive Branch of the City of Jackson, MS, and a list of principal elected and appointed officials. The Financial Section consists of the Independent Accountants' Report, the Basic Financial Statements, Notes to the Financial Statements and the various individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules. The Statistical section provides (unaudited) information on the City, various aspects of government, and the people and businesses that reside therein. Additionally, a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis are provided in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). We recommend that the MD&A on pages 4-12 be carefully examined by the reader to provide a more concise view of the financial position of the City.

CITY OF JACKSON PROFILE

The City of Jackson, MS was founded in 1821 at the site of a trading post that was situated on a "high and handsome bluff" on the west bank of the Pearl River, which is located in the central region of the state. It is said that the trading post was operated by a French-Canadian trader named Louis LeFleur, who gave the town its original name of LeFleur's Bluff. The Mississippi Legislature wanted the seat of government moved out of the Natchez area and into a more central location. Thomas Hinds, James Patton and William Lattimore were then commissioned to locate the ideal site for the state capital. Their report to the General Assembly was that LeFleur's Bluff had "beautiful and healthful surroundings, good water, abundant timber, navigable waters, and nearness to the Natchez trace." A legislative act dated November 28, 1821 authorized the location to be the permanent seat of government and that it would be named Jackson in honor of Major General Andrew Jackson who later would become the seventh president of the United States. A \$3,500 contract was let to build Mississippi's first capitol, a two-story brick structure 40 feet by 30 feet, where the opening session was held on December 23, 1822. A second capitol building, popularly known as the "Old Capitol," was completed in 1840 and remained in use until 1903. The building, restored in 1961, has become Mississippi's Historical Museum. The New Capitol building, a magnificent structure patterned after the National Capitol, was completed in 1903.

During the Civil War, the town was ravaged and burned three times by Union troops under the command of General William Tecumseh Sherman. The destruction prompted the unwelcome nickname of "Chimneyville." Although less than 8,000 people lived in Jackson at the turn of the century, its population began accelerating rapidly after 1900.

JACKSON TODAY

According to the most recent Census Bureau estimates, Jackson has 153,701 residents within a 111 - square mile land area. Jackson is the center of a larger Jackson Metropolitan Statistical Area of approximately 579,000 residents that encompasses five counties – Copiah, Hinds,

Madison, Rankin, and Simpson. Since 1985, the City of Jackson, MS operates under the mayor-council form of government. Prior to 1985, the commission form of government, which included a mayor and two commissioners elected at-large, was in place. Currently, the municipal government is comprised of the mayor, who is elected at large, and seven council members, who are elected by ward. The mayor and council members, who have policy-making and legislative authority, serve four-year terms. The Mayor appoints, and the City Council approves, the Chief Administrative Officer, City Attorney, and eight department heads. City leaders are committed to ensuring that the municipality has a healthy financial outlook while providing essential services.

A comprehensive range of municipal services including public safety, street maintenance, water, sewer and sanitation services, social programs, recreation activities, cultural events and general administration are provided to Jackson's citizens. These services are provided in the context of the broad public policy initiatives as determined by the elected officials of Jackson, Mississippi. Mayor Chokwe Antar Lumumba, whose campaign slogan was "When I'm Mayor, You're Mayor" was first elected into office in 2017 and subsequently re-elected in 2021. Mayor Lumumba's primary initiative has been to improve processes that would lead to a more efficient and effective city government.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City is the seat of government for the State of Mississippi and home to a diverse economy. In addition to governmental services, major industries located within the city limits or in close proximity include the Nissan auto plant and manufacturers of power, metal fabrication, airplane parts, and machine parts and engines. Jackson continues to be the site of the largest financial institutions in the state. The two largest industries in the city are Health Care (with two major medical centers, including the only medical school in the state) and higher education (with seven institutions, enrolling more than 40,000 students within the metropolitan area).

Jackson is the educational, cultural, medical, and governmental center of the state. Serving as the largest municipality and the state capital, the COVID-19 pandemic has greatly affected the economy and labor force. The City of Jackson has built a strategic plan focused on decreasing inequality, and the economic effects of the pandemic have demonstrated the wisdom of the focus.

The City is also facing major infrastructure problems, between \$1.5 and \$2.1 billion by some estimates, including a 2013 consent decree order by the US Environmental Protection Agency to make approximately \$600 million of improvements to address sanitary sewer overflows. In 2014 the city passed legislation levying a 1% sales tax to address the infrastructure needs of the city. Those funds are set aside in a separate capital project fund, and disbursement is guided by an independent commission. Perhaps the biggest decision before city leaders is to determine how to finance these improvements which are necessary to a thriving city.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

There are many projects currently underway to make Jackson a safer and more livable city, infrastructure challenges notwithstanding:

Enterprise Resources Planning (ERP) System Launch. The City of Jackson has completed implementation of the main phases of MUNIS, the ERP system, which represents the execution of a major operational efficiency initiative. The implementation included a financial module, which resulted in new capacities, efficiencies, and accountability. The City is still exploring implementing other modules that complement our ERP system for operational efficiency.

Strategic Plan. Under the leadership of Mayor Chokwe Antar Lumumba, the City of Jackson has undergone a thorough strategic planning process centered around the notion of a "dignity economy", aiming to increase the city's growth through inclusive policies, programs and investments. After assuming the office in July of 2017, Mayor Lumumba's administration has focused on five areas of growth for its residents: healthy citizens, affordable homes in safe neighborhoods, a thriving educational system, occupational opportunities in a growing tax base and a city that is open and welcoming to visitors. It is through this lens that the city has explored what assets are available in the community, inclusive of non-profit partnerships, funding opportunities and resident potential as well as undertaking bold initiatives to "invest in the inherent dignity of every citizen in Jackson."

Infrastructure Projects

Tiger Grant. Transportation Investment Generating Economic Recovery (TIGER) is a supplementary discretionary grant program included in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. The U.S. Department of Transportation allocated \$500 million towards infrastructure improvement projects across the United States. The City of Jackson submitted an application for the reconstruction of two streets. The City of Jackson has been awarded \$19,500,000 for the construction and engineering design for the two roadway projects which includes the reconstruction of State Street from Hartfield Street to Sheppard Road and the West County Line Road Interchange at US Highway 51. The projects include an investment from the city of approximately \$15,000,000.

Capital Improvement Plan. Jackson's Department of Public Works has been working on updating the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for the city's roads and bridges, water, sewer, and storm water drainage systems. The plans consist of short-term, intermediate, and long-term resilience infrastructure outlook, which prioritize on a risk-based criterion. This plan will improve the quality of services that citizens and visitors will receive, but will also provide economic stimulus in the form of construction and design jobs (in the short run) and a stock of public capital more suitable for commercial activity (in the long run). Further, the CIP will emphasize complete streets ensuring safe, ADA compliant throughways that offer a variety of modes of transportation including public transportation, pedestrian and bike routes.

Sustainable Jobs. One of the challenges that Jackson and many other mid-sized, majorityminority cities face is that low-wage and low-skilled service jobs constitute most occupational opportunities for underinvested and historically marginalized communities. These positions provide little opportunity for economic mobility and often calcify communities into intergenerational cycles of poverty. The City has developed Pathways to Human Dignity, a program that seeks to coalesce workforce and economic growth to create an environment of future-proof jobs. These future-proof jobs are not threatened by automation and new technologies, but rather, are sustainable, 21st century jobs that build a pathway of economic mobility. The Pathways to Human Dignity Initiative brings focus to three areas: Building and Investment-Ready Environment, Building a Work-Ready Population, and Building an Innovation-Ready Culture.

Building an Investment-Ready Environment

This theme coalesces employers, industry, capital and various partnerships to incentivize investment. Toward that end Pathways has engaged the following partners and initiatives:

Milken Institute. Cities across the south are investing in municipal broadband networks. Most recently, the cities of Jackson, MS: Chattanooga, TN: and Huntsville, AL have invested in robust municipal broadband networks. These networks can be leveraged to build rural broadband rings, which extend municipal broadband resources into rural communities that are devoid of broadband resources. In these situations, municipal broadband networks could best be leveraged to provide critical communications resources for resilient infrastructure with the additional benefit of building infrastructure for rural economic development. The City of Jackson. MS proposes to leverage its 100G municipal broadband loop to connect surrounding rural municipalities, creating a Central Mississippi Rural Broadband Network (CMRBN). The CMRBN would be owned through an enterprise of the City of Jackson. This enterprise would consist of a public private partnership (PPP) and profit-sharing agreement with communications venture capital (VC) groups and franchise agreements (similar to current telecommunications franchise agreements) with surrounding municipalities. The City of Jackson would serve as the public sector and project sponsor. As the project sponsor, the City would build PPP relationships and partnerships (franchise agreements) with rural, ring-city municipalities. Engaged in predevelopment, approvals that could affect the project timeline are Right of Way (ROW) access, permitting requirements for all build outs, and pole attachment agreements. The City of Jackson has retained the services of Baller, Stokes & Lide, a law firm with expertise in communications issues, for the verification of home rule ability to enter broadband provisions as a city and contract development for franchise agreements. The City of Jackson has constructed the fundamental broadband backbone infrastructure through the installation of a 100G point-ofpresence (POP) and broadband ring. This infrastructure has been constructed through partnerships with Cogent Communications and LiteCloud Transport Services.

Mosaic Genius. *Tech Tools for Sustainability* is a focused approach to helping 15-25 Jacksonbased entrepreneurs integrate technological (tech) tools into their existing business with the hope that these tools will result in greater success for the entrepreneur. Small businesses and businesses in underserved communities often lack tech tools that enable them to sustain and scale business operations. COVID-19 shined a light on this reality and the need to be a techenabled business. Tech-enabled businesses are no longer a luxury but a necessity for a stable marketplace and economy. There are specific areas of tech every small business needs to scale. The first is artificial intelligence. Data supports the fact that advancements in artificial intelligence will boost the economy by up to 14% by 2030. While this is good news for some companies, smaller companies are not equipped to make this transition. Significant focus will be spent on this very important area. The next area of focus is digital marketing and communications. Storytelling is at the core of communications for social entrepreneurs. The utilization of digital forms of communication increase the number of people to be reached and ultimately, the impact of the entrepreneur. The final area is security. While tech is a great tool, it does not come without issues and challenges. It is important for entrepreneurs engaging in increased tech capabilities to make certain that security is a top priority for their stakeholders, clients, and benefactors.

Upon successful completion of Phase I, qualifying businesses will have the opportunity to participate in a business accelerator. This unique opportunity will help prepare entrepreneurs for investment including introductions to venture philanthropy and venture capital, to support the continued growth of their company.

Small and Disadvantaged Business Program with Sheltered Market. Cognizant of the economic merits of a thriving small business community and the historical challenges of disadvantaged groups to compete in biased and discriminatory markets, the City of Jackson is developing a Small Business Program with an imbedded disadvantaged business program. The SBP will feature a sheltered market and a scalable capacity building structure for growth and capacity building for small businesses in the City of Jackson.

Imbedded into the Small and Disadvantaged Business Program are resources for management and technical assistance. The focus on capacity building led the City to embed resources for legal operations, accounting and technical assistance. Further, the City has partnered with HOPE Credit Union and JP Morgan Chase to build a technical assistance program. This program will build capital to compete and establish lines of credit, and the City will implement a timely payment system to avoid periods of stretched capitol for the small business.

Kauffman Foundation. The City of Jackson has partnered with the Kauffman Foundation, through the National League of Cities - City Innovation Ecosystems to create the right policies, programs, and practices to ensure our community can thrive in the global, innovation-driven economy. This funding allows Jackson to partner with national experts, and receive technical assistance, seed funding, and peer learning. The first year of the partnership will focus on the following topics:

1. Using data and evidence to adjust legacy procurement processes to be more inclusive of young businesses, especially those owned by women and people of color.

2. Rethinking how your city solicits technology solutions for civic problems to be more attractive to potential partnerships with startups and technology-based entrepreneurs.

3. Diversifying the leadership of your entrepreneurial ecosystem and economic development organizations to include more woman entrepreneurs.

Historically, the City of Jackson has maintained an Equal Business Opportunity (EBO) program. While these programs have increased the amount of minority business participation, the City's program has done little to build capacities in minority businesses. Many minority businesses in Jackson serve as pass-through entities, in which a majority firm includes a minority firm in the bidding process, however, rather than partnering with the minority firm, the majority firm inflates the City's project cost in order to give a fee to the minority firm that never actually participates in the project. This situation does not build capacity in minority businesses and does not build wealth in the community.

Jackson Major Corporations Action Table. The City of Jackson has brought together CEOs of major corporations to create a forward-thinking business climate. The group seeks to create action towards the growth of businesses in the Jackson region through design, refinement and execution of growth strategies. Members are invited to bring both a critical and enthusiastic lens to the administration's work as we co-create a more business friendly environment in Jackson.

Building a Work-Ready Population

Aspen Institute. To create a network of workforce development partners, the City was referred to the Aspen Institute, Economic Opportunity program. The Aspen Institute is partnering with the City to present the Workforce Leadership Academy, an eight- to ten-month academy designed to develop a network of workforce development leaders who are not only able to lead their own programs or organizations, but who can also work collaboratively to build effective workforce systems.

The Workforce Leadership Academy creates and supports a peer-learning community of workforce leaders from nonprofit organizations, business associations, community colleges and universities, union-based training efforts, and public agencies. Participants in the Academy work with leading practitioners from around the country, learn about practical planning tools, and have the rare opportunity to reflect on and develop effective workforce strategies to strengthen their local workforce system. Participants also engage in leadership development activities, including a 360-degree leadership assessment. Fellows are selected in a competitive application process and are typically senior-level managers with authority to implement program changes. The cohort of leaders represents the following organizations and companies: Woodward Hines Foundation, University of Mississippi Medical Center, Jackson Medical Mall Foundation, Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation, Springboard to Opportunities, Mississippi Institutions of Higher Learning, Building Healthy Military Families, Hinds Community College, Mississippi Early Learning Alliance, Mississippi Economic Council, Refill Café, LLC, The Skills Foundation,

United Way of the Capital Area, Dependable Source Corp. Center for Community and Workforce Development, Jackson State University and Tougaloo College.

Social Progress Imperative. The W.K. Kellogg Foundation funding allowed the City to partner with the Social Progress Imperative (SPI). SPI partnered with the City to build an idea of social progress in Jackson (see below). The SPI index measures data in three categories: basic human needs, foundations of wellbeing, and opportunity. This provides a means to measure quality of life in real-time and allows the City to model interventions and measure their impacts. For example, opportunity can be determined across the City through measures of personal rights, personal freedom and choice, inclusiveness, and access to education. These measures are mapped, and areas of high and low social progress can be measured through the lens of opportunity.

The specific data under each subcategory can be used to measure the impact of interventions. For example, personal freedom and choice can be measured by childcare deserts, walkability index, disconnected youth and alternative transportation usage. Interventions such as permits for new childcare facilities, building sidewalks, creating youth centers, and/or changing or adding public transportation routes can be measured to observe their direct impact on social progress. The interventions can be measured by zip code and community progress can be measured and observed. The overall impact of the index can be viewed by census tract (groups of 2,000 residents), which create scorecards by neighborhood.

Green Jobs and Climate Change. Climate change is the existential threat of the 21st century. The City of Jackson has set a goal of climate neutrality and seeks to reach this goal through climate mitigation and adaptation strategies. The climate mitigation efforts focus on the reduction of greenhouse gasses, while the climate adaptation strategies are based on reducing vulnerability to the effects of climate change. *Economic Pathways to Human Dignity* uses both mitigation and adaptation strategies to increase workforce and economic development to create resiliencies to the effects of climate change.

The workforce and economic development ecosystem needed for climate mitigation and adaptation strategies produces "green jobs," which provide an excellent platform for a future-proof workforce. Renewable energy, retrofitting for energy efficiency, and renovations for energy efficiency are growing markets in need of a trained and skilled workforce. The City of Jackson has aligned a set of partners to build a future-proof workforce through strategies of climate mitigation and adaptation.

The National League of Cities brought resources for Jackson to build a heat preparedness plan through the *Cities Taking Action to Address Health, Equity & Climate Change* Program. In developing the heat preparedness plan, the City partnered with Mississippi 2C to focus on addressing local vulnerabilities to build community resilience in Jackson. The strategy seeks to properly identify and map vulnerable populations by collecting place specific information. To address this need, the project will conduct a survey measuring: perceptions of heat-related threats and vulnerability; availability of social support (family and friends); and knowledge of effective cooling behaviors (proper use of fans and AC systems, as well as clothing, bathing and hydrating).

The partnership with the NLC brought deeper engagement with heat preparedness through the National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration's (NOAA) 2020 Urban Heat Island Mapping Support Project. Through this project, the City received funding support to perform a community science urban heat island (UHI) mapping campaign in Jackson. The data from the heat island effect mapping will be used to inform the heat preparedness plan and align needs-based analysis of heat mitigation and adaptation strategies. The heat preparedness plan presents an opportunity for measurable impact on social progress in the areas of greatest need in Jackson. Further, the projects that result from the heat preparedness plan provide green economy workforce and economic development opportunities for Jackson residents.

Another project-based approach to workforce and economic development was achieved through a partnership with the New York based, BlocPower group. This project will create a fourdimensional map of energy use in buildings throughout downtown Jackson. The energy efficiency analysis will be used to create green economy workforce and economic development opportunities for Jackson residents.

Makerspace. The City of Jackson has agreed to partner with The Bean Path and the Mississippi Light Collaborative in creating a makerspace. The space will be filled with 3D printers, shop/woodwork equipment, laser cutters, industrial sewing machines, t-shirt printing presses, and circuit equipment for people to learn how to use and be able to make their own products, furniture, clothing, etc. The idea is to help individuals of the community be self-sustainable and provide a source of income for their businesses. This model is similar to the Idea Shop in Starkville, MS, which is the first type of makerspace for the community (i.e. not associated with a university or college). This involves field trips for K-12 students locally and across the state to visit (for minimal cost) and charging memberships for others (individuals and small businesses).

In addition, the makerspace will have collaborative Science, Technology, Engineering, Art and Mathematics (S.T.E.A.M.) programming. S.T.E.A.M. activities include an intergenerational learning and skills hub and the Creative S.T.E.A.M. Lab run by young people for young people 30 years and under. S.T.E.A.M. achieves equity by focusing identifying, supporting and connecting talent from the local communities. Both Bean Path and the Mississippi Light Collaborative will promote design thinking in the maker/S.T.E.A.M. space.

Building an Innovation-Ready Culture

TECH JXN - Technology, Education, Creativity and Healthcare in Jackson. TECH JXN is a three-day conference and explosion of Jackson's assets to promote a culture of innovation and economic development.

Sesame Street in Communities (SSIC) will launch a series of strategic initiatives at TECH JXN, beginning with an interactive day filled with the famous Sesame Street characters. SSIC has three goals: 1) Brand: Raise public awareness of the most challenging issues impacting families and children; 2) Content: Encouraging nurturing connections with key adults in children's lives to foster hope, resilience, and readiness for school; and, 3) Capacity Building: Empower community influencers to form a circle of care to support child and family well-being. SSIC will engage communities around childhood and family trauma, early literacy and other areas through high impact events, professional learning, a web-based hub and coalition building in a three-phase process of onboarding, implementation and sustainability.

The **Fertile Ground Project** uses public art as a medium to inspire dialogue about food access in Jackson, Mississippi. The project is made up of physical installations deployed within food insecure areas across the city, a documentary about food access, community engagement sessions, a podcast series, performance art, a food policy roadmap, and a project Expo. The project brings together an interdisciplinary network of people such as artists, designers, architects, farmers, chefs, nutritionists, policymakers, and community members to discuss the complexities of the city's food system. TECH JXN attendees will be able to see images and clips from the Fertile Ground Expo as well as learn more about the planning process that went into the city-wide exhibition. This presentation will showcase the various installations and discuss how public art can impact community and catalyze change.

FINANCIAL POLICIES AND PRACTICES

The City of Jackson is required to submit its municipal budget on an annual basis to the City Council for adoption on or before the fifteenth day of the last month in the fiscal year. A budget process, linking policy initiatives, services, and available resources, is utilized to develop the budget. As the primary financial planning and control document, the budget provides the foundation for City operations.

The budget is crafted to include expenditures by Fund, Department and Category:

Fund Types: General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Proprietary, Fiduciary, Capital Project

Departments: Administration, Information Technology, Human & Cultural Services, Fire, Police, Public Works, General Government, Municipal Clerk, Planning and Development, Human Resources, and Parks and Recreation.

Categories: Personal Services, Supplies and Material, Other Services and Charges, Capital Outlay, Debt Service, Grants and Contributions and Contingencies and Transfers Taxes; Licenses and Permits; Fines and Forfeitures; Intergovernmental; Admissions, Fees, and Rentals; Interest; Miscellaneous Revenues; and Operating Transfers are the categories that comprise the revenue budget.

During the fiscal year, department heads may transfer resources within a department by

following established guidelines. These transfers, along with other budget adjustments, are incorporated into Budget Revisions that must be approved by the City Council. The Executive Branch is afforded the opportunity to submit a maximum of three Budget Revisions to the City Council for approval within the fiscal year.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I would like to express my heartfelt appreciation to the staff of the Department of Administration, and specifically, the Finance Division for their diligence and dedication in the preparation of this report.

The Finance Division would also like to acknowledge and extend our appreciation to other departments and divisions across the city who have contributed, whether directly or indirectly, to the preparation of this report.

l acknowledge with appreciation the thorough, professional manner in which our independent auditors, Tann, Brown and Russ, conducted the audit.

We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

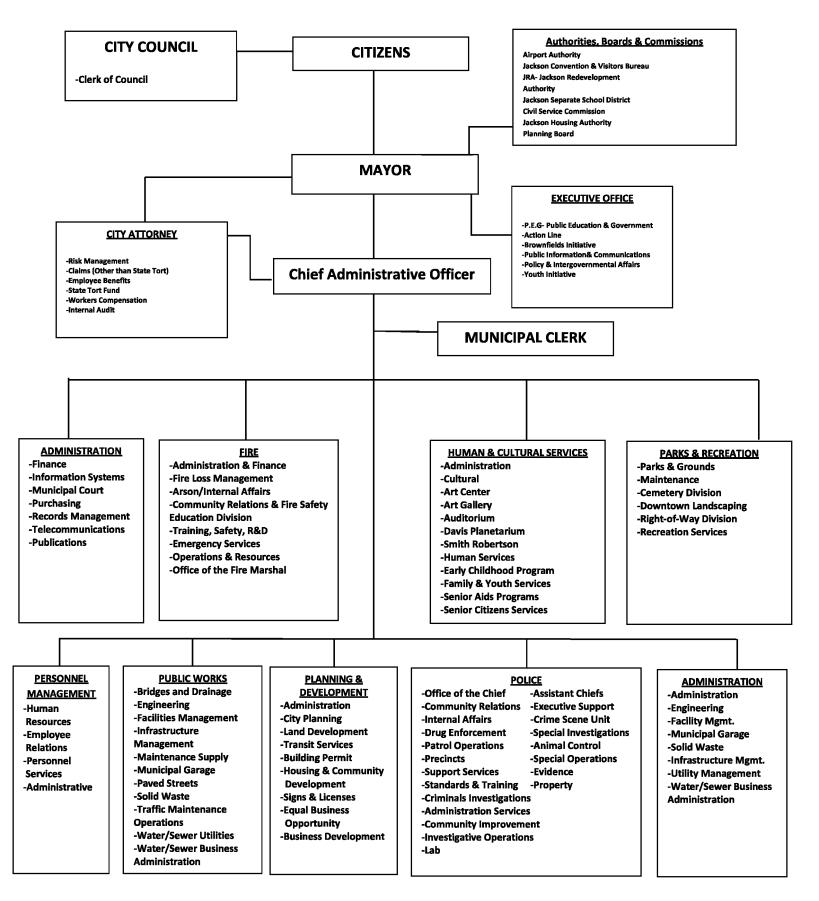
I thank the Mayor and City Council members for their consistent dedication to the city's goal of excellence in all aspects of financial management.

While this report is produced mainly for policy analysts and the investment community, it belongs to the citizens of Jackson; it is the best record of where their taxes are spent and how their city is doing financially. I hereby dedicate it to them.

Respectfully submitted,

Fidelis Malembeka, Chief Financial Officer

CITY OF JACKSON ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



CITY OF JACKSON MAYOR, CITY COUNCIL AND CITY OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

EXECUTIVE

Chokwe Antar Lumumba MAYOR

LEGISLATIVE

CITY COUNCIL

Ashby Foote Ward 1 Angelique C. Lee Ward 2 Vice President of Council Kenneth I. Stokes Ward 3

Brian C. Grizzell Ward 4 Vernon W. Hartley Ward 5 Aaron Banks Ward 6

Shanekia Mosley

<u>Virgi Lindsay</u> Ward 7 President of Council

Clerk of Council

Louis Wright Chief Administrative Officer

Chief of Police Fire Chief Director of Public Works Director of Planning and Development Director of Human and Cultural Services Director of Parks and Recreation Director of Personnel Management Director of Administration Interim City Attorney Municipal Clerk Dr. Safiya Omari Chief of Staff

James Davis Willie Owens Marlon King Jordan Hillman Adriane Dorsey-Kidd Ison Harris Toya Martin LaaWanda Horton Monica Allen Angela Harris This page intentionally left blank

FINANCIAL SECTION

TANN, BROWN & RUSS CO., PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 1501 LAKELAND DRIVE, SUITE 300 JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39216-4841 TELEPHONE (601) 354-4926 FACSIMILE (601) 354-4947

MEMBERS AMERICAN INSTITUTE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS MEMBERS MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Honorable Members of the City Council City of Jackson, Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Jackson, Mississippi (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City's discretely presented component units, the Capital City Convention Center Commission, the Jackson Redevelopment Authority, and the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority, which represent 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the City's discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the City's discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial

statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jackson, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2021, and, the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the City of Jackson, Mississippi, including its component units, will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 6(E), the Capital City Convention Center Commission, which is a discretely presented component unit of the City of Jackson, Mississippi, has incurred losses from operations and has limited unrestricted working capital, which raise substantial doubt about the Capital City Convention Center Commission's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 6(E). The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Changes in Accounting Principle and Reporting Entity

As discussed in Note 1(D)(20), the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, in the year ended September 30, 2021. As described in Note 1(A), the City began reporting the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority as a discretely presented component unit in the year ended September 30, 2021. Our opinion is not modified with respect to those matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and employee benefit plan information on pages 5 through 13 and 90 through 120 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational,

economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory, other supplementary information, and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and schedules in the other supplementary information section and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules in the other supplementary information section and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 20, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Jackson, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Jackson, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tan, Brown + Know Co.

February 20, 2023

As financial management of the City of Jackson, we offer readers of the City of Jackson's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Jackson for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages ii - xiii of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Jackson exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, by \$285 million (*net position*). Of this amount, there is negative (\$258) million in unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net position decreased by \$368 thousand.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Jackson's governmental funds reported *combined* ending fund balances of \$101.3 million, a decrease of \$19.5 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 17% of this total amount is \$17.5 million (unassigned) and is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$17.5 million, or 16% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City of Jackson's total long-term debt decreased by \$9.2 million (2 percent) during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Jackson's basic financial statements. The City of Jackson's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Jackson's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Jackson's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Jackson is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Jackson that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Jackson include general government, public safety, public works, human & cultural services, and interest on long term debt. The business-type activities of the City of Jackson include water/sewer, transportation and sanitation.

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Jackson itself (known as the *primary government*), and the legally separate Jackson Redevelopment Authority, Capital City Convention Center Commission, and Jackson Municipal Airport Authority for which the City of Jackson is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. Complete financial statements are also issued by and available from these component units.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-17 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Jackson, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Jackson can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Jackson maintains eighteen (18) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, 1% Infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund, Debt Service Fund, Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund, and Infrastructure Bond 2020 Capital Project Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other thirteen (13) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Jackson adopts an annual budget for all of its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget for governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-21 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Jackson maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Jackson uses enterprise funds to account for its Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund, Madison-Ridgeland Sewage Fund, Transportation Fund and Sanitation Fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Jackson's various functions. The City of Jackson uses an Internal Service Fund to account for its Employee Group Health Benefit Fund. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund and Sanitation Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Jackson. Data from the other two (2) proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The Internal Service Fund is presented in the Proprietary Fund financial statements as a separate column.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-26 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs. The function of the City's principal trust fund is discussed in Note 6.A.2. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The purpose of the City's Custodial Funds is to collect and remit to the related organizations the proceeds of a special sales tax received from the State and school property tax collected by the county.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 30-89 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Jackson's General Fund and major special revenue fund budgets and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on page 91-120 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and nonmajor proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 131-149 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Jackson, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$285 million at the close of September 30, 2021.

By far the largest portion of the City of Jackson's net position (168 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Jackson uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Jackson's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Jackson's Net Position (amounts expressed in thousands)										
	Govern Activ		Busines Activ		т	otal				
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020				
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 222,426 387,766	\$ 223,386 365,883	\$ 78,696 <u>438,965</u>	\$ 112,172 435,335	\$ 301,122 826,731	\$ 335,558 801,218				
Total assets	610,192	589,269	517,661	547,507	1,127,853	1,136,776				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	23,996	21,271	2,958	2,938	26,954	24,209				
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other Liabilities	372,328 44,809	463,953 25,993_	277,607 17,913	279,686 23,503	649,935 <u>62,722</u>	743,639 49,496				
Total Liabilities	417,137	489,946	295,520	303,189	712,657	793,135				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	146,625	79,776	10,274	2,455	156,899	82,231				
Net position: Net investment in capital assets	294 292	256 052	104 028	107.266	470 010	454 049				
Restricted	284,282 63,011	256,952 70,930	194,928 640	197,266 5,1 4 5	479,210 63.651	454,218 76.075				
Unrestricted	(276,867)	(287,064)	19,257	5,145 42,390	(257,610)	(244,674)				
Total net position	\$ 70,426	\$ 40,818	\$ 214,825	\$ 244,801	\$ 285,251	<u>\$ 285,619</u>				
-										

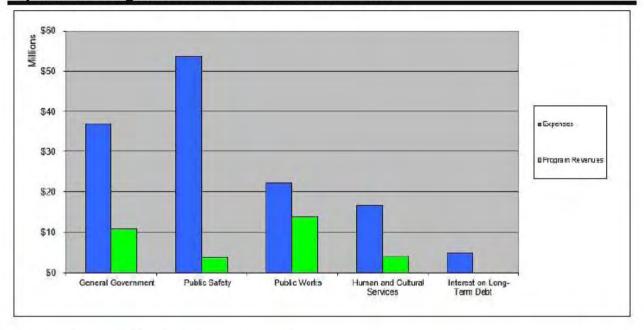
The City of Jackson's total net position decreased by \$368 thousand during the current fiscal year primarily as a result of capital grants received for infrastructure projects.

	(am	ounts expresse	d in thousands)			
	Govern Activ		Busines Activ		Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021 2020		
Revenues:			-				
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 9,029	\$ 8,969	\$ 39,894	\$ 56,715	\$ 48,923	\$ 65,684	
Operating grants and	- ,			•	- ,		
contributions	8,571	13,295	9,253	8,047	17,824	21,342	
Capital grants and contributions	15,005	21,053	-	500	15,005	21,553	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	80,103	79,439	-	-	80,103	79,439	
Local sales taxes	15,770	14,515	-	-	15,770	14,515	
Franchise taxes	7,157	6,842	-	-	7,157	6,842	
Other	41,495	39,692	486	15,110	41,981	54,802	
Total revenues	177,130	183,805	49,633	80,372	226,763	264,177	
Expenses:							
General government	36,992	37,769	-	-	36,992	37,769	
Public safety	53,541	65,372	-	-	53,541	65,372	
Public works	22,233	21,741	-	-	22,233	21,741	
Human and cultural services	16,795	16,884	-	-	16,795	16,884	
Interest on long-term debt	4,797	5,669	-	-	4,797	5,669	
Water/Sewer	-	· -	70,865	68,277	70,865	68,277	
Transportation	-	-	9,882	10,275	9,882	10,275	
Madison-Ridgeland Sewage	-	-	86	223	86	223	
Sanitation		-	11,940	10,761	11,940	10,761	
Total expenses	134,358	147,435	92,773	89,536	227,131	236,971	
Increase in net position before							
transfers	42,772	36,370	(43,140)	(9,164)	(368)	27,206	
Transfers	(13,164)	(9,378)	13,164	9,378			
Increase in net position	29,608	26,992	(29,976)	214	(368)	27,206	
Net position - October 1 Cumulative effect of new accounting	40,818	13,610	244,801	244,587	285,619	258,197	
standard		216		-		216	
Net position - September 30	\$ 70.426	\$ 40,818	\$214,825	\$244.801	\$285,251	\$285,619	

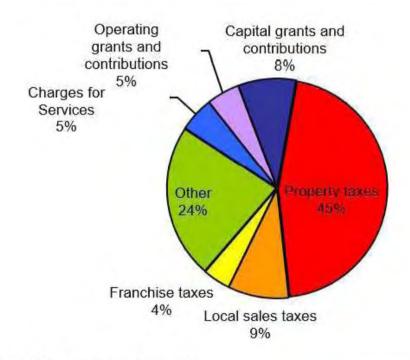
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City of Jackson's net position by \$30 million primarily as a result of capital grants received for infrastructure projects.

In FY 2007, the City issued \$65 million in General Obligation Bonds on behalf of the Capital City Convention Center Commission to construct the Convention Center. A special sales tax levy was established to pay the debt service for the bonds. The bonds couldn't be issued as revenue bonds because of the uncertainty of the sales tax collections; therefore, the bonds were issued as GO Bonds of the City with full, faith and credit of the City. The asset (the Convention Center facility) is the property of the Capital City Convention Center Commission and recorded on the books of the Commission, but the liability (the bonds to construct the Convention Center) is on the books of the City.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



Revenues by source - Governmental Activities



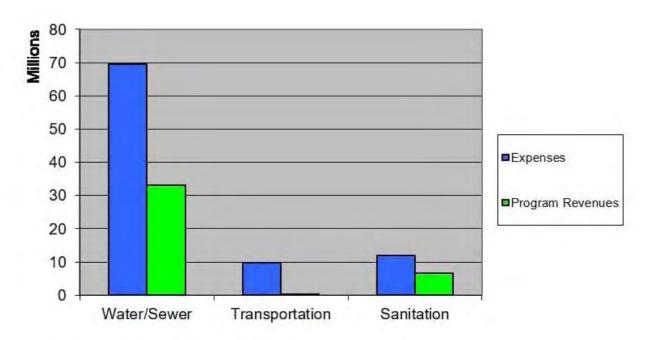
Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Jackson uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

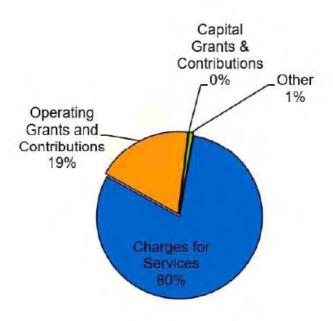
Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Jackson's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Jackson's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities decreased the City of Jackson's net position by \$30 million. This decrease is primarily in the Water/Sewage Disposal Fund and is the result of increasing infrastructure repair costs and continuing problems with customer billing and collection systems.

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-Type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities



As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Jackson's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$101.3 million, and a decrease of \$19.5 million. 17% of this total fund balances amount is \$17 million which is available for spending at the government's discretion *(unassigned)*. Of the remaining fund balance, \$922,166 is *nonspendable* and is not in spendable form, \$73 million is *restricted* and has limitations imposed on its use by external parties, \$13.8 million is *committed* for specific purposes imposed by the City Council, and \$1 million is *assigned* for various purposes by the Director of Administration. Additional information on governmental fund balance can be found in Note 5 of the Notes to the Financial Statements including information on the specific purpose for amounts restricted, committed, and assigned.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Jackson. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$17 million, while total fund balance reached \$33 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the City of Jackson's general fund decreased by \$15 million; which is due primarily to increases in public safety expenditures and transfers to the Water/Sewage Disposal Fund and Sanitation Fund to subsidize operations. The Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund is a major governmental fund. Its fund balance decreased by \$1.2 million. The fund balances of the 1% Infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund and the Infrastructure Bond 2020 Capital Project Fund decreased as a result of increased expenditures for infrastructure improvements. The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund increased because the ad valorem tax millage rate was increased.

Proprietary funds. The City of Jackson's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$13.6 million. The decrease in net position for the Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund was \$30.4 million and resulted from increased costs for infrastructure repairs and continuing problems with customer billing and collection systems.

The fund balance of the Sanitation Fund decreased by \$1.3 million as a result of increased operating costs and continuing problems with customer billing and collection systems.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget expenditures were a \$16 million increase and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$0.7 million decrease in personnel services
- \$0.2 million increase in supplies and materials
- \$2.9 million increase in contract services and charges
- \$6.1 million increase in capital outlay
- \$0.1 million increase in debt service
- \$0.7 million increase in grants and contributions
- \$6.7 million increase in transfers to other funds

Significant budgetary expenditure variances between the final amended budget and actual results are as follows:

- Actual personnel services for all city departments was \$3.8 million less than the final budget.
- Actual supplies and materials for all city departments was \$2.3 million less than the final budget.
- Actual contractual services and charges throughout all city departments was \$4.1 million less than the final budget.
- Actual capital outlay for all city departments was \$6.1 million less than the final budget.
- Actual debt service for all city departments was \$1.6 thousand more than the final budget.
- Actual grants and contributions for all city departments was \$3.6 million less than the final budget.
- Actual transfers for all city departments was \$2.6 million less than the final budget.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Jackson's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2021, amounts to \$827 million (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include land, buildings, water/sewer systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, and bridges. The total increase in the City of Jackson's capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3.2% (a 6% increase for governmental activities and a 0.8% decrease in business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The increase in infrastructure capital assets of governmental activities and business-type activities was the result of continued expenditures for expansion and replacement of water, sewage and streets infrastructure.
- The increase in automotive and equipment assets of the governmental activities resulted primarily from the purchase of six new fire trucks.

				City of Jacks (net of amounts exp	depre	ciation)							
	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				Total			
		2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Land	\$	13,721	\$	13,721	\$	1,838	\$	1,838	\$	15,559	\$	15,559	
Buildings		66,939		68,849		9,726		10,014		76,665		78,863	
Automotive and equipment		16,236		14,789		9,367		11,524		25,603		26,313	
Infrastructure		242,031		232,315		392,776		392,539		634,807		624,854	
Construction in progress		48,839		36,209		25,258		19,420		74,097		55,629	
Total	\$	387,766	\$	365,883	\$	438,965	\$	435,335	\$	826,731	\$	801,218	

Additional information on the City of Jackson's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on pages 49-52 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Jackson had total bonded debt outstanding of \$287 million. Of this amount, \$98 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The remainder of the City of Jackson's bonded debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds and tax increment bonds).

	General O	bligation and Reven	n's Outstanding l lue Bonds and Ot ressed in thousai	her Long-Term D	Debt	
		nmental vities		ss-type /ities	Tota	al
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds	\$ 98,410 -	\$ 107,663 -	\$- 180,465	\$- 189,480	\$ 98,410 180,465	\$ 107,663 189,480
Tax increment bonds Loans, notes and leases	8,026 52,148	8,877 58,604	68,170	51,735	8,026 120,318	8,877 110,339
Premium (discount)	10,984	11,666	10,079	10,798	21,063	22,464
Total	\$ 169,568	\$ 186,810	\$ 258,714	\$ 252,013	\$ 428,282	\$ 438,823

The City of Jackson's total debt decreased by \$9.2 million during the current fiscal year.

The bond ratings services from Standard & Poor's and Moody's establish that bonds marketed by the City have favorable investment qualities. Presently, the city has the following ratings:

	Moody's	Standard & Poor's
Revenue	Ba2	BB-
General Obligation Bonds	Baa3	BBB
Urban Renewal Revenue Bonds	Ba1	BBB

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation bond debt and total debt a governmental entity may issue to 15 percent and 20 percent, respectively, of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Jackson under the 15% rule is \$92 million in excess of the City of Jackson's outstanding general obligation bond debt.

Additional information on the City of Jackson's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 on pages 55-66 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Major revenues sources are expected to remain basically at existing levels.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Jackson's budget for the 2022 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the general fund decreased \$8 million.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Jackson's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Department of Administration, Office of the Director, P.O. Box 17, Jackson, MS, 39205-0017.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Jackson Statement of Net Position As of September 30, 2021

		Primary Government		Component Units					
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Jackson Redevelopment Authority	Capital City Convention Center Commission	Jackson Municipal Airport Authority			
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 125,906,863	\$ 6,714,560	\$ 132,621,423	\$ 5,052,242	\$ 350,934	\$ 11,564,302			
Receivables	94,632,659	47,809,966	142,442,625	2,326,720	1,098,453	2,817,142			
Inventories Description	922,166	1,642,013	2,564,179 964,749	-	10,885	-			
Prepaid expenses Restricted assets:	964,749	-	964,749	11,091	6,543	293,363			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	22,529,837	22,529,837	28,340	1.500.000	31,461,685			
Capital assets:		,,	,,		_,,	,,			
Capital assets not being depreciated	62,559,600	27,095,801	89,655,401	11,267,388	5,828,280	8,818,611			
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	325,206,409	411,868,933	737,075,342	19,303,601	54,489,467	116,021,925			
Total assets	610,192,446	517,661,110	1,127,853,556	37,989,382	63,284,562	170,977,028			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred outflows - debt refunding	-	-	-	-	-	231,203			
Deferred outflows - pensions	13,838,001	1,729,664	15,567,665	-	-	1,395,679			
Deferred outflows - other post-employment benefits	10,157,602	1,228,421	11,386,023						
Total deferred outflows of resources	23,995,603	2,958,085	26,953,688			1,626,882			
LIABILITIES									
	15,324.018	7,584,255	22,908,273	122,843	147.013	1 227 021			
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	1,352,435	2,419,275	3,771,710	84,725	147,015	1,337,921			
Unearned revenue	23,586,872	2,419,275	23,586,872	64,725	157,882				
Other liabilities	4,545,884	7,909,486	12,455,370	22,682	361,486	1,097,361			
Compensated absences:	+00,0+0	7,503,480	12,433,370	22,082	501,480	1,037,301			
Due within one year	697,929	67,324	765,253	-	-	-			
Due in more than one year	2,870,085	346,054	3,216,139	-	-	-			
Claims liabilities:	_,,		-,,						
Due within one year	3,514,383	-	3,514,383	-	-	-			
Due in more than one year	3,552,683	-	3,552,683	-	-	1,650,000			
Long term debt:									
Due within one year	14,620,796	12,937,765	27,558,561	1,088,019	258,900	1,950,000			
Due in more than one year	156,302,935	245,775,912	402,078,847	4,313,540	-	24,210,000			
Other post-employment benefits:									
Due within one year	921,314	111,035	1,032,349	-	-	-			
Due in more than one year	40,283,850	4,854,957	45,138,807	-	-	-			
Net pension liability:									
Due in more than one year Total liabilities	<u>149,563,620</u> 417,136,804	<u>13,513,770</u> 295,519,833	<u>163,077,390</u> 712,656,637	5,631,809	- 925,281	<u> </u>			
rotar habilities	417,138,804	295,519,655	/12,050,057	5,051,009	925,281	42,422,730			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows - property taxes levied for subsequent year	76,631,633	-	76,631,633	-	-	-			
Deferred inflows - pensions	46,484,189	6,088,160	52,572,349	-	-	4,753,334			
Deferred inflows - other post-employment benefits	23,509,636	4,185,759	27,695,395	-	-	-			
Deferred inflows - unearned revenues						981,617			
Total deferred inflows of resources	146,625,458	10,273,919	156,899,377	-		5,734,951			
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	284,281,523	194,928,057	479,209,580	25,654,430	60,317,747	97,785,408			
Restricted, expendable for:									
Public Safety	1,980,758	-	1,980,758	-	-	94,486			
Human and Cultural Services Debt Service	1,899,009	-	1,899,009	-	-	- 			
Dept Service Capital Projects: restricted by enabling legislation	12,595,018 15 717 657	-	12,595,018 15,717,657	5,658	1,500,000	6,425,985			
Capital Projects: restricted by enabling legislation Capital Projects: other	15,717,657 30,607,759	- 640,179	31,247,938	-	-	- 25,606,895			
Unemployment Claims	209,992		209,992	-	-	25,000,095			
Employee Benefits	636	-	636	-	-	-			
Unrestricted	(276,866,565)	19,257,207	(257,609,358)	6,697,485	541,534	(5,466,551)			
Total net position	\$ 70,425,787	\$ 214,825,443	\$ 285,251,230	\$ 32,357,573	\$ 62,359,281	\$ 124,446,223			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Jackson Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Program Revenues							
	Expenses C		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			
Primary government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	36,991,692	\$	6,114,059	\$	4,820,254	\$	-		
Public safety		53,540,987		2,144,718		1,336,908		225,000		
Public works		22,232,450		49,156		132,972		13,666,979		
Human and cultural services		16,795,382		720,687		2,280,712		1,113,500		
Interest and fees on long term debt		4,797,388		-		-		-		
Total governmental activities		134,357,899		9,028,620		8,570,846		15,005,479		
Business-type activities:										
Water/ Sewage Disposal System		70,864,889		33,101,483		-		-		
Transportation		9,881,709		-		9,187,750		-		
Madison-Ridgeland Sewage		86,462		117,111		-		-		
Sanitation		11,940,403		6,675,897		65,710		-		
Total business-type activities		92,773,463		39,894,491		9,253,460		-		
Total primary government	\$	227,131,362	\$	48,923,111	\$	17,824,306	\$	15,005,479		
Component Units:										
Jackson Redevelopment Authority	\$	2,724,156	Ś	970,731	Ś	594,353	Ś	1,522,742		
Capital City Convention Center Commission	•	8,366,472	•	517,559	•	570.000				
Jackson Municipal Airport Authority		27,675,389		17,272,891		6,488,146		5,896,676		
Total component units	Ś	38,766,017	Ś	18,761,181	\$	7,652,499	Ś	7,419,418		

General revenues:

Property taxes

Local sales taxes

Franchise taxes based on gross receipts

Intergovernmental grants and shared revenues not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investments earnings

Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning of year as previously reported Cumulative effect of new accounting standard

Net position - beginning of year as restated

Net position - ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Primary Government			Component Units	
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Jackson Redevelopment Authority	Capital City Convention Center Commission	Jackson Municipal Airport Authority
\$ (26,057,379) (49,834,361) (8,383,343) (12,680,483) (4,797,388) (101,752,954)	\$ - - - -	\$ (26,057,379) (49,834,361) (8,383,343) (12,680,483) (4,797,388) (101,752,954)	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$
(101,732,534)		(101,752,554)			
	(37,763,406) (693,959) 30,649 (5,198,796) (43,625,512)	(37,763,406) (693,959) 30,649 (5,198,796) (43,625,512)	- - 	- - - 	
(101,752,954)	(43,625,512)	(145,378,466)	-	-	
-	:	:	363,670 -	- (7,278,913)	-
-			363,670	(7,278,913)	1,982,324 1,982,324
80,102,667 15,770,432 7,157,495	-	80,102,667 15,770,432 7,157,495	-	- 5,069,315 -	
747,122 381,473	- 427,030 59,380 13,163,600	40,365,184 1,174,152 440,853 -	- 8,977 -	13,416	24,76
131,360,773	13,650,010	(367 683)	8,977	5,082,731	24,76
40,601,576	244,800,945	285,402,521	31,984,926	64,555,463	122,439,13
40,817,968	244,800,945	285,618,913	<u>-</u> <u>31,984,926</u> \$ <u>32,357,573</u>	- 64,555,463 \$ 62,359,281	122,439,13 \$ 124,446,22
381,473 (13,163,600) 131,360,773 29,607,819 40,601,576 216,392	59,380 13,163,600 13,650,010 (29,975,502) 244,800,945	440,853 	8,977 372,647 31,984,926	<u>5,082,731</u> (2,196,182) 64,555,463	122

	Net (Expense)	Revenue and	l Changes ir	Net Position
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City of Jackson Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of September 30, 2021

ASSETS	General Fund	Debt Service	Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund	1% Infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund	Infrastructure Bond 2020 Capital Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,383,817	\$ 12,449,472	\$ 21,130,937	\$ 15,048,498	\$ 30,177,039	\$ 13,593,909	\$ 124,783,672
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	69,126,227	6,655,531	2,947,259	2,648,798	-	12,628,829	94,006,644
Inventories	922,166				-		922,166
Total assets	\$ 102,432,210	\$ 19,105,003	\$ 24,078,196	\$ 17,697,296	\$ 30,177,039	\$ 26,222,738	\$ 219,712,482
LIABILITIES							
Accounts pavable	\$ 4,834,461	s -	Ś 1.801.617	\$ 1,979,639	\$ 1,689,249	\$ 3,269,846	\$ 13,574,812
Unearned grant revenue	-	-	21,925,114	-	-	1,661,758	23,586,872
Other liabilities	4,428,120	-	32,882	-	-	84,882	4,545,884
Total liabilities	9,262,581		23,759,613	1,979,639	1,689,249	5,016,486	41,707,568
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue-long-term receivables	-	-	29,326	-	-	-	29,326
Unavailable revenue-property taxes levied for subsequent year	59,796,304	6,509,985	-	-	-	10,325,344	76,631,633
Total deferred inflows of resources	59,796,304	6,509,985	29,326			10,325,344	76,660,959
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	922,166	-	-	-	-	-	922,166
Restricted	8,256,487	12,595,018	289,257	15,717,657	28,487,790	3,983,681	69,329,890
Committed	5,757,197	-	-	-	-	6,897,227	12,654,424
Assigned	947,264	-	-	-	-	-	947,264
Unassigned	17,490,211						17,490,211
Total fund balances	33,373,325	12,595,018	289,257	15,717,657	28,487,790	10,880,908	101,343,955
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 102,432,210	\$ 19,105,003	\$ 24,078,196	\$ 17,697,296	\$ 30,177,039	\$ 26,222,738	\$ 219,712,482

City of Jackson Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	101,343,955
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds.		387,766,009
Prepaid expenses are not financial resources and are not reflected in the funds.		964,749
Long-term receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are recorded as deferred inflows in the fund statements.		29,326
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits		10,157,602
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		13,838,001
Deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits		(23,509,636)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(46,484,189)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and interest, are not due and payable	;	
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Long-term debt, net of premium and discounts		(170,923,731)
Accrued interest on long-term debt		(1,352,435)
Compensated absences		(3,568,014)
Claims payable		(7,067,066)
Other post-employment benefits		(41,205,164)
Net pension liability	_	(149,563,620)
Net position of governmental activities	\$_	70,425,787

City of Jackson Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds As of September 30, 2021

	General Fund	Debt Service	Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund	1% Infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund	Infrastructure Bond 2020 Capital Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
General property taxes	\$ 58,349,042	\$ 11,265,023	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 10,488,602	\$ 80,102,667
Franchise taxes	7,157,495	-	-	-	-	-	7,157,495
Licenses and permits	1,292,321	-	-	-	-	-	1,292,321
Intergovernmental	36,150,677	4,706,488	8,203,111	15,770,432	-	10,684,016	75,514,724
Fines and forfeitures	1,920,205	-	-	-	-	-	1,920,205
Admissions, fees, rentals and concessions	5,006,692	-	347,015	-	-	373,648	5,727,355
Interest	315,616	165,421	26,841	165,408	17,493	56,343	747,122
Other	340,467		5,316			875,840	1,221,623
Total revenues	110,532,515	16,136,932	8,582,283	15,935,840	17,493	22,478,449	173,683,512
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	33,770,043	-	4,179,493	-	-	272,796	38,222,332
Public safety	54,201,736	-	-	-	-	5,340,134	59,541,870
Public works	9,940,714	-	-	107,139	-	1,494,559	11,542,412
Human and cultural services	2,730,198	-	2,034,067	-	-	10,481,848	15,246,113
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	4,457,787	10,380,175	-	-	-	294,508	15,132,470
Interest and service charges	512,502	5,896,347	-	-	-	11,074	6,419,923
Issuance costs	-	259,822	-	-	-	-	259,822
Capital outlay:							
General government	1,244,581	-	1,054,203	-	-	-	2,298,784
Public works	816,763	-	2,389,291	13,202,714	6,531,185	4,633,082	27,573,035
Public safety	4,558,650	-	208,638	-	-	13,300	4,780,588
Human and cultural services	244,844					251,066	495,910
Total expenditures	112,477,818	16,536,344	9,865,692	13,309,853	6,531,185	22,792,367	181,513,259
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,945,303)	(399,412)	(1,283,409)	2,625,987	(6,513,692)	(313,918)	(7,829,747)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	-	4,159,639	583,857	-	-	6,990,012	11,733,508
Transfers Out	(14,527,755)	-	(525,958)	(5,057,078)	-	(4,786,317)	(24,897,108)
Issuance of long-term debt	732,965	16,920,000	-	-	-	108,501	17,761,466
Premium on bond issuance	-	2,995,428	-	-	-	-	2,995,428
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(19,649,611)	-	-	-	-	(19,649,611)
Sale of capital assets	381,473						381,473
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,413,317)	4,425,456	57,899	(5,057,078)		2,312,196	(11,674,844)
Net change in fund balances	(15,358,620)	4,026,044	(1,225,510)	(2,431,091)	(6,513,692)	1,998,278	(19,504,591)
Fund balances - beginning, previously reported	48,515,553	8,568,974	1,514,767	18,148,748	35,001,482	8,882,630	120,632,154
Cumulative effect of new accounting standard	216,392	-	-	-	-	-	216,392
Fund balances - beginning, restated	48,731,945	8,568,974	1,514,767	18,148,748	35,001,482	8,882,630	120,848,546
Fund balances - ending	\$ 33,373,325	\$ 12,595,018	\$ 289,257	\$ 15,717,657	\$ 28,487,790	\$ 10,880,908	\$ 101,343,955

City of Jackson Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ (19,504,591)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and the remaining undepreciated cost upon disposal in the current period.	18,813,461
Contributions of capital assets received are not reported in the governmental funds because they do not involve current financial resources.	3,069,658
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, capital leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	15,886,691
The statement of activities reports pension expense and other activity related to net pension liability and the related deferred inflows/outflows of resources.	12,038,736
The statement of activities reports other postemployment benefits expense and other activity related to other postemployment benefits liability and the related deferred inflows/outflows of resources.	(2,829,532)
Some expenses reported on the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	1,905,452
Prepaid expenses are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when paid since they require the use of current financial resources.	233,267
Revenues are recognized on the full accrual basis for the government-wide statements but long-term receivables are not recognized on the fund statements until payments are received.	 (5,323)
Change in the net position of governmental activities	\$ 29,607,819

City of Jackson Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of September 30, 2021

	Water/ Sewage Disposal System	Sanitation	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds Totals	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,715,355	\$-	\$ 3,999,205	\$ 6,714,560	\$ 1,123,191
Accounts receivable, less allowances	37,578,419	5,697,192	-	43,275,611	626,015
Intergovernmental receivables	3,359,621	-	1,174,734	4,534,355	-
Inventories	1,642,013	-	-	1,642,013	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	18,429,179	<u> </u>		18,429,179	<u> </u>
Total current assets	63,724,587	5,697,192	5,173,939	74,595,718	1,749,206
Non-current Assets:					
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	3,889,680	210,978	-	4,100,658	-
Capital Assets:					
Property, plant and equipment, at cost					
Land	1,387,999	-	450,000	1,837, 999	-
Buildings	3,256,474	57,301	8,664,594	11,978,369	-
Water plant, distribution system and equipment	751,628,297	-	1,264,792	752,893,089	-
Automotive and other equipment	16,030,836	3,266,276	15,539,651	34,836,763	<u> </u>
	772,303,606	3,323,577	25,919,037	801,546,220	-
Less: accumulated depreciation	(374,214,084)	(2,842,764)	(10,782,440)	(387,839,288)	<u> </u>
	398,089,522	480,813	15,136,597	413,706,932	-
Construction in Progress	25,257,802	<u> </u>		25,257,802	
Net property, plant and equipment	423,347,324	480,813	15,136,597	438,964,734	
Total Non-current assets	427,237,004	691,791	15,136,597	443,065,392	-
Total Assets	490,961,591	6,388,983	20,310,536	517,661,110	1,749,206
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows of resources- other post- emploment					
benefits	922,082	203,715	102,624	1,228,421	-
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	1,340,819	258,334	130,511	1,729,664	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,262,901	462,049	233,135	2,958,085	-

City of Jackson Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds As of September 30, 2021

	Water/ Sewage Disposal System	Sanitation	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds Totals	Internal Service Fund
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5,845,493	755,213	1,156,746	7,757,452	1,749,206
Other Post Employments Benefits liability	94,871	12,650	3,514	111,035	-
Compensated absences	47,153	12,497	7,674	67,324	-
Current portion of Long-Term Debt:				-	
Capital lease obligations	169,003	70,314	-	239,317	-
Notes payable	3,293,448	-	-	3,293,448	-
Total Current Liabilities Payable from					
Unrestricted Assets	9,449,968	850,674	1,167,934	11,468,576	1,749,206
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Customer deposits	7,736,289	-	-	7,736,289	-
Revenue bonds	9,405,000	-	-	9,405,000	-
Accrued interest payable	2,419,275	-	-	2,419,275	-
Total Current Liabilities Payable from					
Restricted Assets	19,560,564	-	-	19,560,564	-
Total Current Liabilities	29,010,532	850,674	1,167,934	31,029,140	1,749,206
Noncurrent liabilities:	<u>·</u> · · ·	<u> </u>	<u>·</u>	<u>·</u>	<u> </u>
Net pension liability	11,695,586	1,125,935	692,249	13,513,770	-
Other Post Employment Benefits liability	4,148,223	553,096	153,638	4,854,957	-
Compensated absences	311,955	19,839	14,260	346,054	-
Revenue bonds	181,139,479	-	-	181,139,479	-
Capital lease obligations	1,566,033	71,508	-	1,637,541	-
Notes payable	62,998,892	-	-	62,998,892	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	261,860,168	1,770,378	860,147	264,490,693	-
Total liabilities	290,870,700	2,621,052	2,028,081	295,519,833	1,749,206
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources- other post-employment					
benefits	3,570,550	408,016	207,193	4,185,759	-
Deferred inflows of resources- pension	5,282,373	439,747	366,040	6,088,160	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	8,852,923	847,763	573,233	10,273,919	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	179,241,491	549,969	15,136,597	194,928,057	-
Restricted, expendable for capital improvements	640,179			640,179	-
Unrestricted	13,619,199	2,832,248	2,805,760	19,257,207	_
Total net position	\$ 193,500,869	\$ 3,382,217	\$ 17,942,357	\$ 214,825,443	<u> </u>
	\$ 133,000,003	φ 3,302,217	÷ 17,342,337	y 214,023,443	

City of Jackson Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	ter/ Sewage osal System	Sanitation		Nonmajor _Enterprise Funds_		Enterprise Funds Totals		Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES									
Sales to customers	\$ 33,091,148	\$	6,664,496	\$	117,111	\$	39,872,755	\$	-
Contributions - Participants	-		-		-		-		2,639,275
Contributions - City	-		-		-		-		14,486,620
Other revenues	10,335		11,401		-		21,736		-
Total operating revenues	 33,101,483		6,675,897		117,111		39,894,491		17,125,895
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personnel services	7,260,552		910,367		467,228		8,638,147		-
Supplies	5,188,579		158,976		717,303		6,064,858		-
Other services and charges	30,405,785		10,719,527		7,281,882		48,407,194		17,125,895
Depreciation	17,926,943		147,759		1,501,758		19,576,460		-
Total operating expenses	 60,781,859		11,936,629		9,968,171		82,686,659		17,125,895
Operating loss	 (27,680,376)		(5,260,732)		(9,851,060)		(42,792,168)		-
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Noncapital grants	-		65,710		9,187,750		9,253,460		-
Interest revenue	419,065		15		7,950		427,030		-
Interest and service charges on long-term debt	(10,083,030)		(3,774)		-		(10,086,804)		-
Gain on sale of capital assets	-		-		59,380		59,380		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(9,663,965)		61,951		9,255,080		(346,934)		-
Income (loss) before transfers	 (37,344,341)		(5,198,781)		(595,980)		(43,139,102)		-
Transfers In	6,915,100		3,857,089		2,391,411		13,163,600		-
Change in net position	 (30,429,241)		(1,341,692)		1,795,431		(29,975,502)		-
Total net position - beginning	 223,930,110		4,723,909		16,146,926		244,800,945		-
Total net position - ending	\$ 193,500,869	\$	3,382,217	\$	17,942,357	\$	214,825,443	\$	-

City of Jackson Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Sewage I System	Sanitation		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Enterprise Funds Totals		Intern	al Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Receipts from customers and users	\$.	43,357,148	\$	7,991,247	\$	117,111	\$	51,465,506	\$	17,138,404
Receipts from other revenue		10,335		11,401		-		21,736		-
Payments to suppliers	(3	6,214,142)		(10,981,665)		(8,448,483)		(55,644,290)		(16,796,656)
Payments to employees		7,030,843)		(617,953)		(405,314)		(8,054,110)		-
Payments to internal service fund		1,53 9 ,272)		(205,468)		(68,461)		(1,813,201)	_	-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		1,416,774)		(3,802,438)		(8,805,147)		(14,024,359)		341,748
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Operating Grants		-		65,710		10,705,633		10,771,343		-
Transfers from other funds		2,250,446		3,857,089		2,391,411		8,498,946		-
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		2,250,446		3,922,799		13,097,044		19,270,289		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING										
ACTIVITIES										
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(2	5,510,852)		(22,833)		(2,802,988)		(28,336,673)		-
Transfers from other funds for capital purposes		4,664,654		-		-		4,664,654		-
Proceeds from capital debt		25,085,152		210, 96 3		-		25,2 96 ,115		-
Principal paid on capital debt	(1	2,395,453)		(93,754)		-		(12,489,207)		-
Proceeds from capital asset sales		-		-		87,146		87,146		-
Interest paid on capital debt	(1	0,703,121)		(3,774)		<u> </u>		(10,706,895)		-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(1	8,859,620)		90,602		(2,715,842)		(21,484,860)		<u> </u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Interest on investments		419,065		15		7,950		427,030		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		419,065		15		7,950		427,030		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1	7,606,883)		210,978		1,584,005		(15,811,900)		341,748
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		42,641,097		-		2,415,200		45,056,297		781,443
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	25,034,214	\$	210,978	\$	3,999,205	\$	29,244,397	\$	1,123,191

City of Jackson Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided	Water/ Sewage Disposal System						• •				Sanitation				Sanitation		Nonn	najor Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds Totals		Internal Service Fund	
by (used for) operating activities:																						
Operating loss	Ś	(27,680,376)	Ś	(5,260,732)	Ś	(9,851,060)	Ś	(42,792,168)	\$	-												
Depreciation expenses	<u> </u>	17,926,943	<u> </u>	147,759	_ ·	1,501,758	<u> </u>	19,576,460	_ ·													
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		8,861,241		1,326,751				10,187,992		548,976												
(Increase) decrease in inventories		4,942		· · -		-		4,942		· -												
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		(837,049)		(119,704)		(468,729)		(1,425,482)		(207,228)												
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(18,808)		(13,057)		(10,960)		(42,825)		· · ·												
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		1,404,759		· · · -		-		1,404,759		-												
Increase (decrease) in pension liability and deferred inflows																						
(outiflows)		(1,239,037)		79,736		15,770		(1,143,531)		-												
Increase (decrease) in other post-employment liabilities and						,																
deferred inflows (outflows)		160,611		36,809		8.074		205,494		-												
Total adjustments		26,263,602		1,458,294		1,045,913		28,767,809		341,748												
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(1,416,774)	\$	(3,802,438)	\$	(8,805,147)	\$	(14,024,359)	\$	341,748												
NON-CASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:																						
Accounts payable for capital assets at year end	\$	2,835,991	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,835,991	\$	-												
Capital debt proceeds receivable at year end	\$	3,359,621	\$		\$		\$	3,359,621	\$	-												
SUMMARY OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:																						
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,715,355	\$	-	\$	3,999,205	\$	6,714,560	\$	1,123,191												
Current		18,429,179		-		-		18,429,179		-												
Noncurrent		3,889,680		210,978		-		4,100,658		-												
	\$	25,034,214	\$	210,978	\$	3,999,205	\$	29,244,397	\$	1,123,191												

CITY OF JACKSON STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		te-Purpose ust Fund	Cust	odial Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investment at fair value: Certificate of deposit	\$	- 32, 8 44	\$	2,569 -
Taxes receivable Total assets			_	663,600 666,169
			_	
LIABILITIES Payable to other governments		<u> </u>		666,169
Total liabilities NET POSITION	_			666,169
Held in trust for individuals and organizations		32,844	\$	<u> </u>
Total net position	\$	32,844	_	

CITY OF JACKSON STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		vate-Purpose Frust Fund	Custodial Funds			
Additions:						
Interest	\$	42	\$-			
Sales tax collected for other governments		-	3,567,504			
Property tax collected for other governments	-	-	15,036,520			
Total additions	-	42	18,604,024			
Deductions:						
Sales tax distributed to other governments		-	3,567,504			
Property tax distributed to other governments	_	<u> </u>	15,036,520			
Total deductions	-	<u> </u>	18,604,024			
Change in Net Position		42	-			
Net position - beginning of year	-	32,802	<u> </u>			
Net position - end of year	\$	32,844	\$			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Jackson, Mississippi (the City) is incorporated under the Laws of the State of Mississippi. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with a full-time Mayor elected from the City at large and seven part-time Council members (City Council) elected from wards. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, parks and recreation, public works, public transit system, urban development and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates a water and sewer system.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

In evaluating the City as a reporting entity, management has considered potential component units for which the City may be financially accountable and as such, may be required to be included within the City's financial statements. The component units discussed below are included because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Using the criteria above, management has determined that the Jackson Redevelopment Authority (JRA), the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority, and the Capital City Convention Center Commission should be reported as discretely presented component units of the City. The City began reporting the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority as a component unit for the year ending September 30, 2021, after re-evaluating the relevant factors and criteria. The discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the Government-Wide Statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the primary government. The following is a summary of the City's discretely presented component units.

The Jackson Redevelopment Authority (JRA) was established in 1968 under Section 43-35-1 through 235 of the Mississippi Code of 1942, as annotated. In 1970, JRA became the Parking Authority for the City under the same statute. The Mayor of the City makes appointments to a seven-member Board of Commissioners for staggered five-year terms to oversee the operations of JRA. Members may be removed from office for inefficiency, neglect of duty or misconduct in office. The City Council appropriates the administrative operating budget of JRA and must review and approve any amendments or budgetary adjustments. The City Council is responsible for designation of those urban renewal projects undertaken by JRA. The City makes annual contributions necessary to pay a portion of JRA's urban renewal bonds and has agreed to make payment of substantially all of the outstanding bonds. JRA operates on a September 30 fiscal year and its financial statement data is presented as a proprietary fund type in its separately issued financial statements. Complete financial statements for JRA may be obtained at its administrative office located at 218 South President Street, Jackson, Mississippi 39201.

The Capital City Convention Center Commission, a non-profit corporation, was authorized to be created by House Bill 1832 during the 2004 Regular Session of the Mississippi State Legislature. The entity is governed by nine commissioners, who serve for five-year terms. The Mayor of the City appoints two hotel/motel members, two restaurant members, two members representing the business community, and two members at large. One member is appointed by the Governor of Mississippi.

The Jackson Municipal Airport Authority (the Authority) operates two airports in the Jackson, Mississippi, metropolitan area: the Jackson-Medgar Wiley Evers International Airport (JAN) and the Hawkins Field Airport (HKS). The Authority, created in 1960 as a component unit of the City of Jackson, Mississippi, is governed by five (5) commissioners appointed by the Mayor of Jackson and confirmed by the Jackson City Council to serve staggered terms of five (5) years each. The Commissioners are responsible for planning, development, and operation of JAN and HKS. Substantially all of the Authority's business activity is with customers in the transportation industry. Complete financial statements for the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority may be obtained at 100 International Drive, Suite 300, Jackson, MS 39208.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

A. REPORTING ENTITY (Continued):

The City issued \$65,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds for the development of the Convention Center. The Capital City Convention Center Commission has jurisdiction and authority over all matters relating to the acquisition, construction, furnishing, equipping, erection, operation, maintenance, and promotion of a convention center. The Commission submits its budget and certain other planned actions to the City for comment prior to initiation. The Commission operates on a September 30 fiscal year and its financial statement data is presented as a proprietary fund type in its separately issued financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Capital City Convention Center Commission may be obtained at P.O. Box 3563, Jackson, Mississippi 39207.

Related Organizations

The following entities are legally separate governmental entities established within the City of Jackson that do not meet the criteria for inclusion as component units. While the Mayor appoints the board members of each respective agency as confirmed by the City Council, each agency is fiscally independent from the City of Jackson. The primary government has no authority to remove board members, designate management, or approve or modify rates. The City of Jackson is not obligated in any manner for the debt issues of these agencies. Financial statements for these agencies can be obtained at the following addresses:

Jackson Housing Authority 2747 Livingston Road Jackson, MS 39213

Jackson Public School District 662 South President Street Jackson, MS 39201 Jackson Convention & Visitors Bureau 111 East Capital St., Suite 102 Jackson, MS 39201

Joint Ventures

The Jackson/Hinds Library System (the System) operates under a joint agreement between the City and Hinds County and is funded equally by the City and the County. The joint agreement was effective October 1, 1986. All buildings used by the System within the City of Jackson are owned or leased and maintained by the City and, as such, have been included in the capital assets of the City's governmental activities. However, the System itself is not included as a component unit or equity interest of the City. The Jackson/Hinds Library System's financial statements may be obtained by writing to 300 North State Street, Jackson, MS 39201.

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND LEVEL STATEMENTS

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type enterprise funds. However, the government-wide financial statements do not include fiduciary funds. The City's police and fire protection, public safety, parks and recreation, human and cultural services, public works, and general government services are classified as governmental activities. The City's water/sewer, sanitation, and public transportation services are classified as business-type activities and enterprise funds.

In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on the consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on the full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND LEVEL STATEMENTS (Continued):

The Government-Wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net costs of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (public safety, public works, etc.). The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to applicants who use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, etc.) or a business-type activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. The net costs (by function or business-type activities) are normally covered by general revenue (property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The City does not allocate indirect cost. An administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to the other operating funds and is eliminated as a reimbursement (reducing the revenue and expense in the General Fund) to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (finance, personnel, purchasing, legal, technology management, etc.).

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the changes in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's Proprietary Funds and of the City's Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Proprietary Funds and Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, direct administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as *non-operating* revenues and expenses.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued):

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest income and similar items associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The City reports the following major government funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions of the City, except those required or elected to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund- This fund is used to record the accumulation of resources and principal and interest payments on long-term obligations as well as lease and contractual obligations.

Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for proceeds of various federal grant programs.

1% Infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for proceeds received for the improvement of infrastructure in the city. Financing is provided by special sales tax of 1%.

Infrastructure Bond 2020 Capital Project Fund- This fund is used to account for proceeds of bonds issued to finance infrastructure projects.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund - This enterprise fund accounts for activities associated with the provision of water, sewerage and water pollution control services to individuals, organizations and other governmental units within and around the City.

Sanitation Fund – This enterprise fund accounts for activities associated with the City's sanitation and recycling services.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the financing of employee health insurance provided to other departments of the governmental unit on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or custodial capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs. The City has one trust fund, the Mausoleum Trust Fund. The function of the Mausoleum Trust Fund is to maintain and upkeep the Henry Mausoleum.

The purpose of the City's Custodial Funds is to collect and remit to the related organizations the property taxes collected and proceeds of a special sales taxes received from the State.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued):

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or enterprise fund categories. Non-major funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASBS No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

The City's internal service fund is presented in the proprietary funds financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the City's governmental activities, the financial statements of the internal service fund are consolidated into the governmental activities column when presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. To the extent possible, the cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity (public safety, public works, etc.).

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposit accounts, petty cash, money market mutual funds, and certificates of deposit with a maturity date generally within 90 days of the date acquired by the City. Collateral as further discussed in Note 4.A, is pledged by the various financial institutions to secure City funds.

2. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

3. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value with all investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, reported as revenue in the financial statements. Income from short-term interest-bearing securities is recognized as earned. Statutes authorize the City to invest in U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Government agency obligations, State of Mississippi obligations, and obligations of a corporation of the U.S. Government.

Securities traded in a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Short-term investments are reported at fair value when published prices are available, or at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. For individual investments where no readily ascertainable fair value exists, the City of Jackson, in consultation with its investment advisors and custodial bank, has determined the fair values.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the City's Proprietary Fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their payment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and trust accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

5. Inventories

Inventories are priced at cost using the weighted average method. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method and are not charged out until used. Inventories consist of major stores of materials and supplies held at central locations. The user departments and other funds of the City are charged for the cost value of the items, as they are withdrawn from inventory.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS AND RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued):

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are recorded at historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date received. The City's classes of capital assets and their capitalization levels are: land – cost or acquisition value, buildings - \$50,000, land improvements - \$25,000, machinery and equipment - \$1,000, infrastructure - \$100,000, and construction in progress – based on the project's class. The cost of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of capital assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized. Interest expenditures within governmental activities are not capitalized.

Capital assets, excluding land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Land improvements	20
Heavy machinery and equipment	5-15
Computer equipment and software	3-15
Vehicles	3-10
Infrastructure	8-50

Prior to the implementation of GASB statement No. 89 in the year ended September 30, 2020, interest was capitalized on proprietary fund capital assets constructed with the proceeds of tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest capitalized was calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. Interest is not capitalized on governmental activities' capital assets.

The City has a collection of artwork presented for public exhibition and education that is being preserved for future generations. The proceeds from the sales of any pieces of the collection are used to purchase other acquisitions. The collection is not capitalized or depreciated as part of capital assets.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, and similar types of capital assets.

7. Compensated Absences

The City accrues accumulated unpaid personal leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by employees up to 240 hours, which is the maximum payable upon termination of employment. For the Proprietary Funds and the Government-Wide Statements, the current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. In accordance with GAAP, for the governmental funds, all of the compensated absences are considered long-term and therefore, are not a fund liability and represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentation. The compensated absences liability is liquidated by the following funds: general fund, special revenue, transportation, sanitation & water/sewage disposal system.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS AND RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued):

8. Bond Discounts, Bond Premiums and Issuance Costs

In the governmental funds, bond issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue. Bond premiums and discounts are shown as "Other Financing Sources/Uses".

In the proprietary funds and Government-Wide Financial Statements, bond discounts and bond premiums are amortized using the straight-line method over the terms of the bonds outstanding using the effective interest method. Bond discounts and premiums are presented as a reduction and increase, respectively, of the face amount of the revenue bond payable. Bond issuance costs, excluding any prepaid bond insurance, are reported as expenses in the year of the debt issuance. Gains (losses) on refunding's are reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources.

9. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near fair market rates are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

10. Revenues

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes receivable are recognized at the levy date. All property taxes are billed, collected and recognized as revenue within the same period for which they are levied. Subsidies and grants to proprietary funds, which finance either capital or current operations are reported as non-operating revenues. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the government's internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenues when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and unearned revenue by the recipient.

11. Expenditures

Expenditures in governmental funds are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Inventory costs are reported in the period when inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased.

12. Restricted and Committed Fund Balances

Portions of fund balances are segregated for future use and therefore, are not available for future appropriations or expenditure. The City has a municipal bond debt service reserve insurance policy for the proprietary funds in lieu of cash. Amounts committed for state tort claims represent amounts required by state law to be segregated for these purposes. The restricted and committed fund balances of the Capital Projects Funds are appropriated for expenditures in future years.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS AND RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued):

13. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources. Net investments in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

14. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This component includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This component consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the City to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed – This component consists of amounts formally designated by City Council through equally binding ordinances or resolutions for a specific purpose that cannot be used for another purpose unless the City Council formally changes the use.

Assigned - This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the City Council, Mayor or their designee as established in the City's Fund Balance Policy.

Unassigned - This classification represents amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS AND RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued):

15. Fund Balance/Net Position Policy

The City has adopted a fund balance / net position policy that is tailored to the needs of the City to ensure against unanticipated events that would adversely affect the financial condition of the City and would jeopardize the continuation of necessary public services. This policy is intended to ensure the City maintains adequate fund balance / net position in the City's various operating funds to provide the capacity to: (1) provide sufficient cash flow for daily financial needs, (2) secure and maintain investment grade bond ratings, (3) offset significant economic downturns and revenue shortfalls, and (4) provide funds for unforeseen expenditures related to emergencies.

The City intends to maintain adequate Fund Balance / Net Position in the General Fund and Proprietary funds of the City. The City shall retain the minimum requirement for each fund listed below.

General Fund – There shall be an unassigned fund balance equal to 7.5% of the adopted General Fund operating revenues. For the purposes of the calculation, the current fiscal year budget shall be the budget as originally adopted by resolution on or before September 15th for the subsequent fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance shall be in addition to all other categories of fund balance.

The total required General Fund unassigned fund balance for 2021 is \$8,623,316, and the actual amount is \$17,490,211 at September 30, 2021.

Enterprise Funds – The City maintains a Sanitation Fund, Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund, and Transportation Fund. Under the Water & Sewer Bond Ordinance, the following reserve funds are required: 1/12 of the Operation & Maintenance budget as an Operation & Maintenance Fund; 1/12 of the actual debt service as a Debt Service Fund; and, 2/12 of the Operation & Maintenance budget as a Contingent Fund.

The total required reserve funds for the Water & Sewer Operation & Maintenance Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Contingent Fund was \$10,692,890 and the actual total amount at September 30, 2021, exceeded the required amount.

Replenishment of Fund Balance/Net Position Deficits - If, at the end of any fiscal year, the actual amount of unassigned fund balance or reserve funds fall below the required fund levels set forth herein, the Mayor shall prepare and submit a plan for expenditure or expense reductions and / or revenue increases to the City Council. As a part of the annual budget review, the City Council shall review and, if necessary, amend the plan submitted by the Mayor for restoring the amounts of unassigned fund balance or unassigned net position to the required levels.

16. Pensions

The City funds pension expenses as required by applicable statute. Two plans, funded from both City and employee contributions are described in NOTE 6.G. For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

17. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The City's OPEB plan is described in Note 6.H. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense of the OPEB plan have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS AND RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued):

18. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

19. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of financial position and the balance sheet will often report a separate section for deferred outflows and (or) deferred inflows of financial resources. *Deferred outflows* of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. *Deferred inflows* of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (as an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

The City reflects deferred outflows of resources related to its pension plans and other post-employment benefits plan. Deferred inflows of resources reflected by the City relate to pension plans, the other post-employment benefits plan, property taxes levied for the subsequent year, and long-term receivables that are not yet available.

20. New Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". GASB 84 improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB 84 establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (a) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (b) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. GASB 84 describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (a) pension (and other employee benefits) trust funds, (b) investment trust funds, (c) private-purpose trust funds, and (d) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. GASB 84 also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The requirements of this Statement were implemented for the year ended September 30, 2021; and resulted in a \$216,392 increase in the General Fund's beginning fund balance because the unemployment compensation revolving fund no longer meets the criteria to be treated as a fiduciary fund and is now reflected as part of the General Fund.

In October 2021, the GASB issued Statement No. 98, the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This Statement establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym *ACFR*. That new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. This Statement was developed in response to concerns raised by stakeholders that the common pronunciation of the acronym for comprehensive annual financial report sounds like a profoundly objectionable racial slur. This Statement's introduction of the new term is founded on a commitment to promoting inclusiveness. The requirements of this Statement were implemented for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued):

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS AND RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION OR FUND BALANCE (Continued):

The City will adopt the following new accounting pronouncements in future years:

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The City is evaluating the impact of the implementation on its financial statements, and the effects are expected to be significant.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. Assets and liabilities resulting from SBITAs should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the fiscal year in which this Statement is implemented. Governments are permitted, but are not required, to include in the measurement of the subscription asset capitalizable outlays associated with the initial implementation stage and the operation and additional implementation stage incurred prior to the implementation of this Statement. The City is evaluating the impact of the implementation on its financial statements, and the effects are expected to be significant.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and accounting and financial reporting for internal revenue code section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans- an amendment of GASB statements No. 14 and No. 84, and supersession of GASB statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. This Statement requires that for purposes of determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit, except for a potential component unit that is a defined contribution pension plan, a defined contribution OPEB plan, or another employee benefit plan (for example, certain Section 457 plans), the absence of a governing board should be treated the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board if the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and its implementation is not expected to have a significant effect on the City's financial statements.

Note 2 – Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a Reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital Outlay	\$ 35,148,317
Depreciation Expense	<u>(16,334,856)</u>
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental	
funds to arrive at changes in net position of government activities	\$ 1 <u>8,813,461</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, capital leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

Principal repayments on long-term debt:	\$	15,132,470
Principal payment to refunded bond escrow agent		19,189,000
Long-term debt issued		(17,761, 4 66)
Premium on long-term debt issued		(2,995,428)
Amortization of debt premiums and discounts		2,322,115
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	-	
governmental activities	\$	15,886,691

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The statements of activities reports pension expense and other activity related to the net pension liability and the related deferred inflows/outflows of resources." The details of this difference are as follows :

Net pension liability change	\$ 56,203,955
Pension deferred inflows of resources change	(44,522,951)
Pension deferred outflows of resources change	357,732
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 12,038,736

Note 2 – Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements (Continued):

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (Continued):

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The statement of activities reports other postemployment benefits expense and other activity related to the other postemployment benefits liability and the related deferred inflows/outflows of resources." The details of this difference are as follows:

Other postemployment benefits liability change	\$ 17,649,665
Other postemployment benefits deferred inflows of resources change	(22,846,275)
Other postemployment benefits deferred outflows of resources change	2,367,078
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,829,532)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Compensated absences liability change	\$	540,576
Claims and judgments liability change		1,344,022
Accrued interest payable change		20,854
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	*_	1,905,452

Note 3 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The City follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The Finance Division of the Department of Administration prepares estimates of available revenue.
- 2. Department Directors submit proposed expenditure budgets to the Budget Division of the Department of Administration by June 1 each year.
- 3. The Budget Division of the Department of Administration reviews the expenditure budgets, and the necessary revisions are communicated to department directors.
- 4. Budgeted revenues and expenditures are balanced, and a summary budget is prepared by July 1, and presented to the Mayor.
- 5. The Mayor submits the proposed budget to the City Council by August 1. The final budget is approved by September 15 and must be published in a local newspaper on or before September 30.
- 6. The budget is formally amended in September each year or any time that budget revisions through funds reallocation are necessary or a budget deficit is indicated.
- 7. The City prepares annual budgets for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds, Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Fund and Trust Funds (with the exception of the Charitable Trust Fire and Police Fund). The Mississippi law requires that municipalities budget on modified-cash basis. Claims that have been incurred prior to the end of the year and are paid within 30 days after the end of the year are recorded in the year they are budgeted. Prior year claims that are paid more than 30 days after the end of the year are reflected as expenditures of the year in which they are paid. All revenue is accounted for under the cash basis. The required budgetary basis is therefore not considered to be in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Expenditures other than capital outlay, election, and other emergency expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the purpose level (e.g., personal services, other services and charges, and debt services). Budget and actual comparisons are presented in the accompanying financial statements for all governmental type funds for which a budget is adopted.

The legal level of control for all budgets adopted is at the purpose level by funds with the exception of the General Fund, which is appropriated at the purpose level by department. Administrative control for all budgets is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets.

During the fiscal year, several adjustments are normally required to the adopted budget. The approved budget may be amended as required in accordance with the following protocol:

- a. Revenues are reviewed at least quarterly, and the projections are adjusted if warranted. These adjustments to expected revenues, if material, can precipitate adjustments to the expenditure budget.
- b. Adjustments to transfer approved expenditure budgets from one department to another or to transfer from one purpose to another within a department must be approved by the City Council.
- c. All new appropriations must be approved by the City Council and are normally submitted by the Mayor's Office.

Note 3 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued):

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION (Continued):

The Budget Division of the Department of Administration exercises budgetary monitoring throughout the fiscal year. An adopted budget may not exceed its appropriated level without City Council approval. The Budget Division of the Department of Administration advises the Mayor whenever a requested expenditure will exceed budgeted amounts. Adjustments in expenditure rates, if necessary, are implemented by the City Council as required, so that the total expenditures and resources will remain in balance throughout the year.

8. Budgeted expenditure or expense amounts as originally adopted were amended by the City Council in September, 2021, as provided by law, as follows (in thousands):

	 Originally Adopted Budget		Budget as Amended	_	Increase (Decrease)
General Fund	\$ 135,518	\$	151,513	\$	15,995
Special Revenue Funds	48,854		81,706		32,852
Debt Service Fund	45,187		51,268		6,081
Capital Projects Funds	81,841		86,604		4,763
Enterprise Funds	212,055		241,309		29,524
Internal Service Fund	 16,622		17,322	_	700
	\$ 540,077	\$_	629,722	\$_	89,645

9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end in all funds.

Note 4 - Detailed notes on all funds

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

1. Policies and Practices

The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

2. Deposits - Primary government

Of the City's cash deposit balances (including certificates of deposit) at September 30, 2021, up to \$250,000 at each financial institution was insured by federal deposit insurance and the remainder was covered by pooled and/or pledged collateral, as allowed by the Mississippi Code.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents in the Water & Sewage Disposal System Fund consisted of the following at September 30, 2021:

Revenue bond reserve funds:		
Debt service fund	\$	1,625,535
Contingent fund		6,044,903
Operation & maintenance fund		3.022.452
		10,692,890
Customer deposits		7,736,289
Unspent debt proceeds		3,249,501
Capital improvement fund under U.S. EPA consent decree		<u>640,179</u>
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	<u>s</u>	22,318,859

3. Investments – Primary Government

Following is a summary of the City's investments, which are reflected as cash equivalents in the financial statements, as of September 30, 2021:

Investment Type	Quality Ratings	Maturities (in years)	Total Fair Value	Level 1 Fair Value
Money market mutual funds	Aaa/AAA	Less than 1	\$14,216,990	\$14,216,990

Fair Value – Fair value measurements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2021, are reflected above.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Moody's or Standard and Poor's credit ratings for the investments are reflected above.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting its exposure to losses from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits investment maturities in its portfolio to no more than 12 months for U.S. Treasury obligations for all investments except bond funds. With respect to bond funds, the City can invest in obligations of U.S. federal agencies for no more than 18 months.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Consistent with the City's investment policy, all investments above are held by counterparty and are not insured.

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued):

Following is a list of the City's eligible investments, which in accordance with State statute are limited to the investment of funds in excess of sums required for immediate expenditure or current obligations:

- ° Certificates of deposit with municipal depositories approved annually by the State Treasurer
- ^o Money market mutual funds where portfolios consist entirely of U. S. governmental and/or federal agency securities
- Bonds or direct obligations of:
 - United States of America
 - State of Mississippi
 - Counties or Municipalities of Mississippi
 - School Districts in Mississippi

State statute allows the investment of funds received from the sale of bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness, which are not immediately required for disbursement for the purpose issued, in direct obligations issued by or guaranteed in full by the United States of America, or in certificates of deposit with approved municipal depositories.

4. Cash and Investments - Component Units

The component units' policies are to invest available funds in the following types of investments: 1) direct obligations of the United States of America, including such instruments as treasury bills, treasury notes and treasury bonds; 2) obligations of U. S. Government agencies that are deliverable on the Federal Reserve System; 3) Repurchase agreements in U. S. Government securities made with dealers that report to and are regulated by the Federal Reserve Bank; 4) deposits with financial institutions which are insured or are fully collateralized by qualifying securities.

The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). As of September 30, 2021, all of the component units' cash deposits in excess of the amounts covered by the FDIC were covered under the collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of the Capital City Convention Center Commission and the Jackson Redevelopment Authority is restricted for debt service. Restricted cash and cash equivalents of the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority is restricted for capital projects and debt service.

Investments are reflected at cost, which approximates fair value, and are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty brokerage firm. At September 30, 2021, the component units did not have any investments.

Note 4 - Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

B. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2021, for the primary government's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows (in thousands):

	c	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Federal Grants Fund		1% Infrastructur e Tax Fund		Water and Sewage Disposal Fund		Sanitation Fund												Non-Major and Other Funds		Total
Property taxes	\$	60,353	\$ 6,574	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,405	\$	77,332										
Sales taxes		5,825	-		-		2,649		-		-	664		9,138										
Franchise Fees		1,572	-		-		-		-		-	-		1,572										
Federal and state																								
assistance		984	-		2,918		-		3,360		-	3,290		10,552										
Water, sewer, and sanitation																								
user charges		-	-		-		-		131,737		20,936	-		152,673										
Debt proceeds		376	-		-		-		-		-	109		485										
Other		16	81		346		32		-		-	625		1,100										
Gross receivables		69,126	6,655		3,264		2,681		135,097		20,936	15,093		252,852										
Allowance for uncollectible		-			(317)		(32)		(94,159)		(15,239)	-	_(109,747)										
Net receivables	\$	69,126	\$ 6,655	\$	2,947	\$	2,649	\$	40,938	\$	5,697	\$ 15,093	\$	143,105										

Revenues are reported net of uncollectible amounts. The uncollectible amounts netted from revenue of the water and sewage disposal fund and the sanitation fund were \$14,036,166 and \$2,760,649, respectively, for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Deferred inflows of resources related to the receivables consisted of the following at September 30, 2021 (in thousands):

	0	Seneral Fund			Federal Grants Fund		1% Infrastructur e Tax Fund		Water and Sewage Disposal Fund		Sanitation Fund		Total	
Property taxes levied for the subsequent year Long-term receivables	\$	59,796	\$ 6,510	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,325	\$	76,631
unavailable for current use		-			29		-		-		-			29
	\$	59,796	\$ 6,510	\$	29	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,325	\$	76,660

Amounts reflected as accounts payable and other liabilities at September 30, 2021, for the primary government's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, are as follows (in thousands):

	-	eneral Fund	Ser	ebt vice Ind			 1% astructur ax Fund	 astructure ond 2020 Fund	S	iter and ewage osal Fund	 itation und	Non-Major and Other Funds		Total	
Accounts payable	\$	4,834	\$	-	\$	1,802	\$ 1,980	\$ 1,689	\$	5,689	\$ 743	\$	4,481	\$	21,218
Payroll and benefits		842		-		33	-	-		119	12		90		1,096
Seized and forfeited cash		2,706		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		2,706
Health claims		-		-		-	-	-		-	-		1,690		1,690
Other		881		-		-	 -	 -		37	 -		666		1,584
	\$	9,263	\$	-	\$	1,835	\$ 1,980	\$ 1,689	\$	5,845	\$ 755	\$	6,927	\$	28,294

The component units' receivables at September 30, 2021, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Jackson Redevelopment Authority		Con	ital City vention Commission	Jackson Municipal <u>Airport Authority</u>				
Accounts receivable	\$	30	\$	234	\$	803			
Sales taxes		-		864		-			
Government grants		-		-		1,349			
Rent		417		-		-			
Facility charges - restricted		-		-		665			
Notes - current portion		34		-		-			
Notes - long-term		1,741		-		-			
Other		105		-		-			
	\$	2,327	\$	1,098	\$	2,817			

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

B. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued):

1. Property taxes

Property taxes on real and personal property, exclusive of automobiles, attach as an enforceable lien on the levy date or January 1 for the preceding calendar year. Hinds, Rankin and Madison Counties bill and collect the real, personal and auto ad valorem taxes for the City of Jackson, Jackson Municipal Separate School District and the Jackson/Hinds Library System. Automobile taxes are remitted monthly and real and personal property taxes are remitted on a weekly basis to the City of Jackson. Hinds County remits directly to the Jackson Municipal Separate School District taxes collected for all school funds except the Bond and Interest Fund in accordance with State law. Hinds County also remits to the City a pro rata shares of road and bridge taxes collected by the County.

The taxes are due on or before February 1; however, installment payments can be made for one-half of the balance due on February 1 and one-fourth each on May 1 and August 1.

Tax millage levies for 2021 were collected in the current fiscal year and statutory maximum millage rates were as follows:

Fund	Levy (in mills)	Purpose	Maximum
General Fund	45.91	General	None
Parks and Recreation Fund	2.00	Recreation	2.00 mills
Debt Service Fund	9.59	Debt retirement	None
Disability and Relief Fund	3.82	Retirement	None
Total City of Jackson	<u>61.32</u>		
Jackson/Hinds Library System	<u> 1.71</u>	Public library	None
Jackson Municipal Separate			
School District:			
District Supplement Levy	65.91	Public schools	None
Special Debt Retirement Bond	2.91	Public schools	None
Special Debt Retirement Bond	13. 4 1	Public schools	None
Special Debt Retirement Bond	0.21	Public schools	None
Special Debt Retirement Bond	4.33	Public schools	None
	86.77		
Total mills	<u>149.80</u>		

The City levies an assessment for the Business Improvement fund, which consists of ten cents times the gross square footage of land and building of property owners located in the downtown development district. The City is permitted to levy taxes based on a percentage of up to 100% of fair value of property at the millage indicated above. At the present time, the City levies taxes based on 11% of fair value for homeowner-occupied real property, 15% of fair value for all other real and personal property, and 30% of fair value for all motor vehicles and property owned by public service corporations. The City may levy taxes as necessary to meet bonded debt retirement. Limitations are imposed on the amount of bonded debt that may be issued based upon assessed valuation of properties.

Annual tax increases for all purposes except payment of general obligation bonds and interest are limited by State law to 10% of the preceding year's receipts plus new construction.

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

C. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary government capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities:	_	Balance October 1, 2020		Additions		Deletions	-	Balance September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	13,721	\$	-	\$	_	\$	13,721
Construction in progress	Ŧ	36,209	Ŧ	31,942	Ŧ	(19,312)	Ŧ	48,839
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	49,930	-	31,942	-	(19,312)	-	62,560
Capital assets being depreciated:	-		-				-	
Buildings		109,269		23		-		109,292
Infrastructure		376,046		19,749		-		395,795
Automotive and equipment		82,002		5,816		-		87,818
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	567,317	-	25,588	_	-	-	592,905
Less accumulated depreciation for:	_		-		-		-	
Buildings		(40,420)		(1,933)		-		(42,353)
Infrastructure		(143,731)		(10,033)		-		(153,764)
Automotive and equipment		(67,213)		(4,369)		-		(71,582)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(251,364)	-	(16,335)		-	-	(267,699)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	315,953	-	9,253		-	-	325,206
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	365,883	\$	41,195	\$	(19,312)	\$	387,766

Business-Type Activities:	_	Balance October 1, 2020	_	Additions		Deletions	 Balance September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	1,838	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,838
Construction in progress		19,420		22,617		(16,779)	25,258
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	21,258	_	22,617	· -	(16,779)	 27,096
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		11,978		-		-	11,978
Infrastructure		735,648		17,244		-	752,892
Automotive and equipment		35,220		152		(535)	34,837
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	782,846	_	17,396		(535)	 799,707
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		(1,964)		(288)		-	(2,252)
Infrastructure		(343,109)		(17,007)		-	(360,116)
Automotive and equipment		(23,696)		(2,281)		507	(25,470)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(368,769)	-	(19,576)	-	507	 (387,838)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	414,077	-	(2,180)	· -	(28)	 411,869
Total business-type activities capital			-				
assets,net	\$_	435,335	\$	20,437	\$	(16,807)	\$ 438,965

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

C. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued):

2. Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 1,1 4 3
Public Works	10,9 4 4
Human & Cultural	1,634
Public Safety	<u> 2.614</u>
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$ <u> 16,335</u>
Business-Type Activities:	
Water/Sewage Disposal	\$ 17,927
Sanitation	148
Madison-Ridgeland Sewage	11
Transportation	<u> </u>
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-type Activities	\$ <u> 19,576</u>

3. Construction work in progress at September 30, 2021 for the governmental activities of the primary government is composed of the following:

		SPENT-TO-DATE		REMAINING COMMITMENT
	FY21			FY21
Community Development Block Grant	\$	1,054,203	\$	1,477,136
2020 Infrastructure Bond		6,531,185		5,944,661
2003 G O Public Improvement Construction Bond		-		216,825
Russel C Davis Planetarium		244,844		-
Capital Street 2-Way Project		574,829		77,679
Museum to Market Trail		1,884,735		-
Economic Development Initiative				
Traffic - Repair and Replacement		1,995,870		33,102
Resurfacing - Repair and Replacement		8,115,294		2,901,363
Drainage - Repair and Replacement		81,8 4 6		-
1% Infrastructure Tax		14,851,788		6,868,193
Hail Damage March 2013		136,356		-
Tiger Grant		13,367,902		
Fire Protection		-		760,000
Flood of 2020		-		107,013
Capital City Revenue		-		44,141
Total	\$_	48,838,852	\$	18,430,113

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

C. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

4. Construction work in progress at September 30, 2021 for primary government enterprise funds is composed of the following:

Project	Project			ning Commitment <u>FY21</u>
Water/Sewer Construction Fund	\$_	25,257,806	\$	5,886,875
Total	\$ _	25,257,806	\$	5,886,875

5. A summary of changes in capital assets for component units is as follows (in thousands):

Activity for the Jackson Redevelopment Authority for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows (in thousands):

Business-Type Activities:	Balance October 1, 2020	·	Additions		Deletions	Balance September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 5,268	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,268
Property held for development	5,959		-		-	5,999
Total capital assets not being depreciated	11,267		-		-	11,267
Other capital assets:		•		•		
Land improvements	76		-		-	76
Buildings	50,635		-		-	50,635
Equipment and furniture	1,515		20		-	1,535
Total other capital assets	52,226	•	20	•	-	52,246
Less accumulated depreciation for:				•		
Land improvements	(48)		(9)		-	(57)
Buildings	(30,367)		(1,041)		-	(31,408)
Equipment and furniture	(1,477)		-		-	(1,477)
Total accumulated depreciation	(31,892)	•	(1,050)	•	-	(35,942)
Total other capital assets, net	20,334		(1,030)	•	-	19,304
Total capital assets, net	\$ 31,601	\$	(1,030)	\$	-	\$ 30,571

Activity for the Capital City Convention Center Commission for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows (in thousands):

Business-Type Activities:	_	Balance October 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and improvements	\$	5,828	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 5,828
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	5,828			5,828
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Building and improvements		80,113	-	-	80,113
Equipment	_	5,612			5,612
Total other capital assets	_	85,725	_		85,725
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(29,106)	(2,129)		(31,235)
Other capital assets, net	_	56,619	(2,129)		54,490
Total capital assets, net	\$_	62,447	\$ (2,129)	\$ -	\$ 60,318

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

C. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Activity for the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows (in thousands):

Business-Type Activities:	Balance October 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance September 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,622	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,622
Construction in progress	9,510	10,557	(15,870)	4,197
Total capital assets not being depreciated	14,132	10,557	(15,870)	8,819
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	140,594	13,087	-	153,681
Building	120,723	1,499	-	122,222
Utility systems	9,485	-	-	9,485
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	32,318	964		33,282
Total other capital assets	303,120	15,550		318,670
Less accumulated depreciation	(191,489)	(11,159)		(202,648)
Other capital assets, net	111,631	4,391		116,022
Total capital assets, net	\$ 125,763	\$ 14,948	\$ (15,870)	\$ 124,841

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

D. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS:

Summary of transfer in/transfer out within primary government (in thousands):

	 Transfer In	 Transfer Out
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 14,528
Debt Service	4,160	-
Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund	584	526
1% Infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund	-	5,057
Infrastructure Bond 2021 Capital Project Fund	-	-
Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund	6,915	-
Sanitation Fund	3,857	-
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	6,990	4,786
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	 2,391	 -
Total	\$ 24,897	\$ 24,897

Interfund transfers at September 30, 2021 consist of the following (in thousands):

- \$ 897 From the 1% infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund to the Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund for infrastructure projects.
 - 584 From the General Fund to the Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund to subsidized grant programs.
 - 1,211 From the General Fund to the Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund to subsidize operations.
 - 3,857 From the General Fund to the Sanitation Fund to subsidize operations.
 - 6,485 From the General Fund to Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds to subsidize operations.
 - 2,391 From the General Fund to a Nonmajor Proprietary Fund to subsidize operations.
 - 526 From the Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund to the Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund for maintenance projects.
 - 4,160 From the 1% Infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund to the Debt Service Fund for debt service.
 - 505 From a Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund to Nonmajor Capital Project Funds for capital projects.
- 4,281 From Nonmajor Capital Project Funds to the Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund for infrastructure projects.
- \$ 24,897 Total

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

E. CAPITAL LEASES:

The City leases property with varying terms and options. Most leases contain a clause that states that the lease shall terminate in the event that no funds or insufficient funds are appropriated. However, if renewal is reasonably assured, leases are considered noncancellable leases for financial reporting purposes.

The City has financed through lease agreements the acquisition of various equipment and a building. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. Future minimum lease payments for capital leases are disclosed in Note 4.G.8. At September 30, 2021, there were capital assets under capital leases with a total cost of \$31,664,454 and estimated accumulated depreciation of \$11,850,586. Amortization of the capital lease assets is included in depreciation expense.

F. OPERATING LEASES:

The City is obligated under certain noncancellable leases for land, buildings and equipment with terms remaining more than one year that are classified as operating leases. Operating leases do not give rise to property rights; therefore, the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the City's capital assets. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments required under the noncancellable land and building operating leases as of September 30, 2021, (in thousands):

Fiscal Year	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ 508
2023	442
2024	406
2025	332
2026	201
2027 - 2031	212
2032 – 2036	162
2037 – 2041	162
2042 – 2046	162
2047 – 2051	162
2052 – 2056	162
2057 – 2061	162
2062 – 2066	162
2067 – 2071	162
2072 – 2076	162
2077 – 2081	162
2082 – 2086	<u> 162</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,883</u>

The total rental expenditures for all operating leases of the City for the year ended September 30, 2021 totaled \$1,278,427. There were no subleases or contingent rentals associated with the operating leases.

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT:

1. General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. These bonds therefore are reported in the proprietary funds if they are to be repaid from proprietary revenues.

The City issued \$20 million of general obligation bonds in January 2003 to provide funds for the costs of: (A) erecting, repairing, improving, and equipping municipal buildings, (B) improving streets, (C) traffic signals, (D) drainage improvements.

On September 1, 2010, the City issued \$23,665,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series A & B. The bonds were issued to provide funds to the City in order to refund, defease and/or restructure certain outstanding maturities on the \$5,490,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 1998, the \$35,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003, the \$20,960,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2003, the \$20,960,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2008, and the \$26,210,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005, the \$5,155,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2008, and the \$26,210,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond is 4.17%. The 1998 General Obligation Bond \$5,490,000, the 1998 General Obligation Bond \$35,000,000, and the 2008 General Obligation Bond \$5,155,000 are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds have been removed from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. A portion of the 2003 General Obligation Bond \$20,000,000, 2005 General Refunding Bond \$20,960,000, and the 2009 General Obligation Bond \$26,210,000 were not refunded.

On February 21, 2013, the City issued \$64,940,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013. The proceeds of the Series 2013 Bonds were used by the City for the purposes of (a) refunding, defeasing and/or restructuring all or a portion of the outstanding maturities of the 2006 City Bond and (b) paying certain costs of issuance of the Series 2013 Bonds and the City Bond. The 2006 Bank Bonds were issued to provide funds to purchase the 2006 City Bond. The proceeds of the 2006 City Bond were used by the City to finance construction and equipping of the Capital City Convention Center (the "Convention Center").

On December 18, 2015, the City issued \$17,635,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2015 A & B. The bonds were issued for the purpose of (a) refunding, defeasing and restructuring all or a portion of the outstanding maturities on the original principal amount of (i) \$20,000,000 Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2003 (City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Bonds Project) dated January 15, 2003, and a corresponding portion of the \$20,000,000 City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Bond. Series 2003, (ii) \$20,960,000 City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005, dated August 4, 2005, (iii) \$65,000,000 Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2006 (City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Capital City Convention Center Project), dated November 8, 2006, and a corresponding portion of the \$65,000,000 City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Bond, Series 2006 (Capital City Convention Center Project), (iv) \$26,210,000 Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2009 (City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Street Resurfacing Project), dated January 6, 2009, and a corresponding portion of the \$26,210,000 City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Street Resurfacing Bond. Series 2009. and (v) \$64,940,000 Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds. Series 2013 (City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Capital City Convention Center Refunding Project), dated February 28, 2013, and a corresponding portion of the \$64,940,000 City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2013 (Capital City Convention Center Project), and (b) paying the costs incident to the sale and issuance of the Series 2015 A & B Bonds.

The average interest rate on the 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bond is 4.15%. The 2005 General Obligation Bond \$20,960,000 and the 2006 General Obligation Bond \$65,000,000 are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds have been removed from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. A portion of the 2003 General Obligation Bond \$20,000,000, the 2009 General Obligation Bond \$26,210,000, and the 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bond \$64,940,000 were not refunded.

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

On August 30, 2016, the City issued \$12,384,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016. The bonds were issued to provide funds for the purpose of advance refunding and defeasing a portion of the \$26,210,000 (original principal amount) Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2009 (City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Street Resurfacing Project), dated January 6, 2009. The average interest rate on the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bond is 2.125%. A portion of the 2009 General Obligation Bond \$26,210,000 were not refunded.

On February 25, 2021, the City issued \$16,920,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021. The proceeds of the Series 2021 Bonds was used by the City for the purposes of (a) a current refunding of the outstanding maturities of the 2010A and the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds and (b) paying certain costs of issuance of the Series 2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The refunding increased total debt service payments by \$233,034 (the difference between the debt service payments on the new refunding bonds and the old refunded bonds) but resulted in an economic gain of \$276,833 (the net present value of the difference between the debt service payments on the new refunding bonds to the City in order to refund, defease and/or restructure certain outstanding maturities on the \$5,490,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1998, the \$35,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 1998, the \$20,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2005, the \$5,155,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2009, and to pay the costs of issuance. The 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bond was issued to provide funds was issued to provide funds for the purpose of advance refunding and defeasing a portion of the \$26,210,000 (original principal amount) Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2009 (City of Jackson, Mississippi General Obligation Street Resurfacing Project), dated January 6, 2009.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds in denominations of \$5,000 with principal maturing annually and interest due at various semi-annual dates. General obligation bonds currently outstanding at September 30, 2021, were as follows (in thousands):

General Obligation Bonds:	Date of Obligation	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date	 Issued	Outstanding
MS Development Bank GO Bonds, Series 2003	01/05/03	2.00 – 5.25%	03/01/23	\$ 20,000	\$ 2,985
General Obligation Refunding, Series 2010A	09/01/10	3.00 – 5.00%	09/01/24	16,655	-
General Obligation Refunding, Series 2010B	09/01/10	4.37%	09/01/24	7,010	3,735
General Obligation Refunding, Series 2013	02/21/13	3.00 – 5.00%	03/01/36	64,940	57,495
General Obligation Refunding, Series 2015A	12/18/15	3.00 – 5.00%	05/01/36	17,465	17,275
General Obligation Refunding, Series 2015B	12/18/15	2.95%	05/01/20	170	-
General Obligation Refunding, Series 2016	08/30/16	3.00 - 4.00%	01/01/24	12,384	-
General Obligation Refunding Series 2021	2/25/21	5.00%	03/01/30	16,920	16,920
Total General Obligation Bonds					\$ 98,410

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

2. Revenue Bonds

On September 1, 2011, the City issued \$46,720,000 and \$2,565,000 in Water/Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$42,355,000 of outstanding Water/Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2002, \$1,140,000 of outstanding Water/Sewer Revenue Refunding, Series 2004, and \$2,790,000 of outstanding Water/Sewer Revenue Refunding, Series 2005. The purpose for issuing the Tax-Exempt Bonds is (a) to fund the 2011A Purchase Account, in order to provide funds for the purchase of the Tax-Exempt City Bond (which amounts are to provide financing for the refunding, defeasance and/or restructuring of a portion of the Prior Bonds pursuant to the Act), (b) to pay the premium for the Bond Insurance Policy and the Surety Bond for the Tax-Exempt Bonds, and (c) to fund the 2011A Bond Issuance Expense Account to pay the Costs of Issuance in connection with the Tax-Exempt Bonds and the Tax-Exempt City Bond. The purpose for issuing the Taxable Bonds is (a) to fund the 2011B Purchase Account, in order to provide funds for the purchase of the Taxable Bonds is (a) to fund the 2011B Purchase Account, in order to provide funds for the purchase of the Taxable Bonds is (a) to fund the 2011B Purchase Account, in order to provide funds for the purchase of the Taxable Bonds is (a) to fund the 2011B Purchase Account, in order to provide funds for the purchase of the Taxable Bonds, and (c) to fund the 2011B Purchase Account, in order to provide funds for the purchase of the Taxable Bonds, and (c) to fund the 2011B Bond Issuance Expense Account to pay the Surety Bond for the Taxable Bonds, and (c) to fund the 2011B Bond Issuance Expense Account to pay the Costs of Issuance in connection with the Taxable Bonds, and (c) to fund the 2011B Bond Issuance Expense Account to pay the Costs of Issuance in connection with the Taxable Bonds, and (c) to fund the 2011B Bond Issuance Expense Account to pay the Costs of Issuance in connection with the Taxable Bonds and the Taxable Bonds.

On September 1, 2012, the City issued \$63,045,000 and \$19,180,000 in Water/Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$76,120,000 of outstanding Water/Sewer System Revenue Refunding, Series 2004. The purpose for issuing the Tax-Exempt Bonds is (a) amount will provide financing for the refunding, defeasance and/or restructuring of the Series 2004 Bonds and the 2004 City Bonds, (b) as to the Taxable Bonds, to purchase the Taxable City Bond, which amount will provide financing for the refunding, defeasance and/or restructuring of the Series 2004 City Bonds, (c) to pay premium for the Surety Bond and the Policy and (d) to fund the costs of issuance in connection with the Series 2012 Bonds and the Series 2012 City Bonds.

On June 1, 2013, the City issued \$89,990,000 in Water/Sewer Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 6.07. The Series 2013 Bonds are being issued pursuant to the Act for the purpose of providing funds to purchase the Series 2013 City Bond. This amount will provide financing for improvement and repair of the system in accordance with the Performance Contract, pay the premium for the Surety Bond and the Policy, and fund the costs of issuance in connection with the Series 2013 Bonds and the Series 2013 City Bond.

On August 24, 2016, the City issued \$17,135,000 in Water/Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016. The Series 2016 Bonds were issued to realize debt service savings and for the purpose of providing funds to: (i) currently refund all of the City's outstanding Water and Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005, issued in the original principal amount of \$27,180,000, of which \$18,325,000 remains outstanding; (ii) pay the premium for the Surety Bond and the Policy; and (iii) pay certain costs of issuance in connection with the Series 2016 Bonds. The average interest rate on the 2016 Water/Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds is 4.66%. The 2005 Water/Sewer System Revenue Refunding Bonds of \$27,180,000 are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds have been removed from the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

Revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2021, were as follows (in thousands):

	Date of	Interest	Final Maturity			
Revenue Bonds:	Obligation	Rate	Date	Issued	Outst	anding
Enterprise Funds:						
Water/Sewer Revenue Refunding 2011A	09/01/11	2.50 - 5.00%	09/01/34	\$ 46,720	\$ 3	0,455
Water/Sewer Revenue Refunding 2011B	09/01/11	4.07 - 5.40%	09/01/34	2,565		1,810
Water/Sewer Revenue Refunding 2012A	09/01/12	3.50 - 5.00%	09/01/34	63,045	5	9,975
Water/Sewer Revenue Refunding 2012B	09/01/12	1.00 - 2.375%	09/01/20	19,180		-
Water/Sewer Revenue 2013	06/01/13	5.00 - 6.875%	12/01/40	89,990	8	1,145
Water/Sewer Revenue Refunding 2016	08/24/16	3.00 - 4.000%	09/01/24	17,135		<u>7,080</u>
Total Revenue Bonds					<u>\$ 18</u>	0, <u>465</u>

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

3. Tax Increment Limited Obligation Bonds

On April 24, 2009, the City issued \$407,000 of tax increment limited obligation bonds to provide funds for infrastructure improvements, including site utilities such as electrical, water, sanitary sewer and natural gas lines; installation of storm drainage and site work; construction of entrances with curb and gutter, sidewalks; landscaping of rights-of-way; installation of fencing and entry gates; capitalized interest; related engineering costs and expenses; TIF plan preparation fees; other incidental costs; and related professional fees.

On June 19, 2009, the City issued \$1,600,000 of tax increment limited obligation bonds to provide funds for infrastructure improvements supporting the project including, installation of site utilities such as water, sanitary sewer, and natural gas lines; landscaping of rights-of-way; capitalized interest; engineering; TIF Plan preparation fees; other incidental costs; and related professional fees for the project.

On December 30, 2010, the City issued \$2,800,000 of tax increment limited obligation bonds to provide funds for the renovation and related construction of properties generally known as the King Edward Hotel and Garage and the Standard Life Building and related properties located in a portion of the City Block bounded by Mill, Capitol, Roach, and Pearl Streets.

On August 24, 2018, the City issued \$4,447,000 tax increment limited obligation bonds to provide funds for infrastructure and site improvements to the District Project located between the City's Eastover and Fondren neighborhoods, adjacent to the I-55 corridor and the University of Mississippi Medical Center, and to pay cost of issuance of the Loan Obligation.

On October 15, 2018, the City issued \$1,750,000 tax increment limited obligation bonds to provide funds for infrastructure and site improvement costs of the Westin Hotel Project located in downtown Jackson, Mississippi on Congress Avenue, to fund a debt service reserve account, and to pay the costs of issuance.

On August 30, 2019, the City issued \$1,762,000 tax increment limited obligation bonds to provide funds for infrastructure and site improvements to the Landmark Healthcare Facilities Project located in downtown Jackson, Mississippi, the Project on Congress Avenue, to fund a debt service reserve account, and to pay the costs of issuance.

Limited obligation bonds outstanding at September 30, 2021, are as follows (in thousands):

Limited Obligation Bonds:	Date of Obligation	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date	Issued	Outstanding
General Long-Term Debt:					
Tax Increment Financing Bonds, 2009	04/23/09	4.20%	04/01/24	407	106
Tax Increment Financing Bonds, 2009	06/19/09	4.75%	07/01/22	1,600	155
Tax Increment Financing Bonds,					
2010A/B	12/30/10	4.75-5.50%	03/01/30	2,800	1,147
Tax Increment Financing Bonds, 2018	08/24/18	3.83%	07/01/33	4,447	3,726
Tax Increment Financing Bonds, 2018	10/15/18	3.50%	03/15/29	1,750	1,303
Tax Increment Financing Bonds, 2019	04/02/19	4.49%	03/01/34	1,762	1,589
Total Limited Obligation Bonds					\$8,026

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

4. Section 108 Loan

On July 1, 2008, the City entered into a loan guaranty assistance agreement in an amount not to exceed the \$10,000,000 under Section 108 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 for the purpose of providing assistance for the Capital City Center Revitalization Project and for development of a revolving business loan program. Under the Contract for Loan Guarantee Assistance between the City and HUD, HUD authorized the City to loan up to \$10,000,000 under the 108 Program to TCI MS Investment, Inc. for special economic development activities under 24 CFR 570.703(i)(1) and 570.203(b) and, in particular, for "site assemblage" costs for the Revitalization Project. Upon repayment of the TCI Loan, the City is authorized to use funds under the 108 program for the Business Loan Pool.

The Revitalization Project is to consist of development of two (2) hotels, commercial and retail space, a parking garage and residential facilities to help revitalize the City's Central Business District while providing job creation for persons of low and moderate income through construction activities and then through the new businesses opened as part of the Revitalization Project. The Business Loan Pool is to be used to provide loans to for-profit and non-profit businesses and organizations which meet the eligibility requirements of 24 CFR 570.703, the national objective requirements of 570.208 and, if applicable, the public benefit standards of 570.209(b).

As required by the Guaranty Agreement, the City also entered into an agreement with Regions Bank to serve as custodian of original loan and security documents for the loan to TCI. As of September 30, 2021, \$4,800,000 was outstanding under the Section 108 loan.

5. Component Units

Jackson Redevelopment Authority

Urban renewal bonds issued to provide funds for various rehabilitation projects at September 30, 2021, were as follows (in thousands):

	Date of Obligation	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Final Maturity _ <u>Date</u> _	Issued	<u> </u>	Itstanding
<u>Urban Renewal Bonds:</u>						_
Urban Renewal Bond, Series 2011A	06/01/11	3.25%-4.50%	06/01/31	\$ 7,165	\$	4,570
Urban Renewal Bond, Series 2011B	06/01/11	5.15%	06/01/23	2,745		485
Urban Renewal Bond, Series 2018A	11/13/18	1.375%	11/01/21	2,763		<u> 483</u>
Total Urban Renewal Bonds					<u>\$</u>	<u>5,538</u>

Jackson Municipal Airport Authority

Jackson Municipal Airport Authority revenue bonds outstanding at September 30, 2021, were as follows (in thousands):

<u>Revenue Bonds:</u>	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date	Outstanding
Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A	1.21% - 3.09%	10/2031	\$11,830
Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B	3.12% - 3.27%	10/2035	7,855
Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A	2.60%	10/2026	2,975
Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B	2.75%	10/2027	3,500_
Total Revenue Bonds			\$26,160

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

6. A summary of long-term liabilities transactions for the primary government and for the component units for the year ended September 30, 2021, was as follows (in thousands):

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
General obligation bonds	\$	107,663	\$	16,920	\$	26,173	\$	98,410	\$	6,705
Limited obligation bonds		8,877		-		851		8,026		785
State revolving loan (MDA)		332		357		74		615		93
Miss. Development Bank Loan		729		-		315		414		294
Mississippi Development Bank Note		32,140		-		2,545		29,595		2,685
Section 108 Loan		5,450		-		650		4,800		650
Capital lease obligations		19,953		484		3,712		16,725		3,409
Issuance discount		(291)		-		(21)		(270)		-
Issuance premium		11,957		2,995		2,343		12,609		-
Total Long-Term Debt Payable		186,810		20,756		36,642		170,924		14,621
Net pension liability		205,768		-		56,204		149,564		-
Other Post-employment benefits		58,855		-		17,650		41,205		921
Claims and judgments		6,432		-		859		5,573		2,563
Workers' Compensation Claims		1,979		-		485		1,494		951
Compensated absences		4,109		157		698		3,568		698
	_	277,143		157	_	75,896	_	201,404		5,133
Total Governmental Activities	\$	463,953	\$	20,913	\$	112,538	\$	372,328	\$	19,754
Business-Type Activities										
Bonds and loans payable:										
General Obligation Note	\$	2,932	\$	4,068	\$	-	\$	7,000	\$	_
Revenue bonds	÷	189,480	÷	.,	÷	9,015	Ŧ	180,465	•	9,405
State revolving loan (DEQ)		36,647		10,396		1,992		45,051		2,035
State revolving loan (DOH)		7,911		5,445		276		13,080		406
State revolving Ioan (MDA)		2,015		-,		853		1,162		853
Capital lease obligations		2,230		-		353		1,877		239
Issuance discount		(650)		-		(48)		(602)		
Issuance premiums		11,448		-		767		10,681		-
Total Long-Term Debt Payable		252,013		19,909	·	13,208		258,714		12,938
Net pension liability		19,262			·	5,748		13,514		-
Other Post-employment benefits		7,955				2,989		4,966		111
Compensated absences		456		24		_,000 67		413		67
		27,673		24		8,804		18,893		178
Total Business-type activities	\$	279,686	\$	19,933	\$	10,132	\$	277,607	\$	13,116
Jackson Redevelopment Authority:										
Urban Renewal bonds	\$	7,060	\$	-	\$	1,522	\$	5,538	\$	1,088
Issuance discount		(136)		-	•	-	•	(136)		
Total Jackson Redevelopment Authority	\$	6,924	\$	-	\$	1,522	\$	5,402,	\$	1,088
	·					•	-			

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

	 Beginning Balance		Additions	_	Reductions	Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Capital City Convention Center Commission:								
Loan Payable	\$ -	\$	259	\$	-	\$ 259	\$	259
Total	\$ -	\$	259	\$	-	\$ 259	\$	259
Jackson Municipal Airport Authority:								
Revenue bonds	\$ 28,065	\$	-	\$	1,905	\$ 26,160	\$	1,950
Net pension liability	17,191		-		5,014	12,177		-
Claims liability	 -	_	1,650	_	-	1,650	_	-
Total	\$ 45,256	\$	1,650	\$	6,919	\$ 39,987	\$	1,950

7. The City's legal debt margin for the issuance of general obligation bonds was \$92,160,000 at September 30, 2021.

8. **Annual Maturities Requirements**

The annual requirements to amortize all long-term debt outstanding of September 30, 2021, including interest, by source of retirement are as follows (in thousands):

Debt Service Fund (Special Tax Levy)

General Obligation Bonds									
Fiscal Year		Interest		Principal		Total			
2022	\$	4,002	\$	6,705	\$	10,707			
2023		3,668		6,935		10,603			
2024		3,333		6,870		10,203			
2025		3,023		6,780		9,803			
2026		2,699		6,705		9,404			
2027 – 2031		9,762		30,980		40,742			
2032 – 2036		3,843		33,435		37,278			
Total	\$	30,330	\$_	98,410	\$	128,740			

State Revolving Loan MDA									
Fiscal Year		Interest		Total					
2022	\$	8	\$	93	\$	101			
2023		7		94		101			
2024		5		96		101			
2025		5		96		101			
2026		2		98		100			
2027-2031	_	4	_	138		142			
Total	\$_	31	\$_	615	\$	646			

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

	MS Development Bank Loans								
Fiscal Year		Interest	-	Principal	-	Total			
2022	\$	31	\$	294	\$	325			
2023		9		87		96			
2024	_	5	-	33	_	38			
Total	\$_	45	\$	414	\$	459			

	Limited Ob	oligati	on Bonds	
Fiscal Year	Interest		Principal	Total
2022	\$ 364	\$	785	\$ 1,149
2023	463		543	1,006
2024	444		566	1,010
2025	404		569	973
2026	226		752	978
2027 – 2031	647		3,616	4,263
2032 - 2036	74		1,195	1,269
Total	\$ 2,622	\$	8,026	\$ 10,648

1% Infrastructure Tax Special Revenue Fund

	I	Mississippi Dev				
Fiscal Year	_	Interest	-	Principal		Total
2022	\$	1,480	\$	2,685	\$	4,165
2023		1,346		2,820		4,166
2024		1,205		2,960		4,165
2025		1,056		3,105		4,161
2026		901		3,265		4,166
2027 - 2031	_	1,890		14.760		16,650
Total	\$_	7,878	\$_	29,595	\$	37,473

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

General Fund (General Fund Revenues)

	_				
Fiscal Year	_	Interest	-	Principal	Total
2022	\$	297	\$	3,422	\$ 3,719
2023		232		3,052	3,284
2024		176		2,652	2,828
2025		125		2,369	2,494
2026		34		2,412	2,446
2027 – 2031		93		2,696	2,789
2032 - 2036	_	1	-	122	123
Total	\$_	958	\$	16,725	\$ 17,683

	HUD Se	n 108		
Fiscal Year	Interest		Principal	Total
2022	\$ 133	\$	650	\$ 783
2023	116		650	766
2024	99		650	749
2025	82		650	732
2026	64		650	714
2027 - 2031	72		1,550	1,622
Total	\$ 566	\$	4,800	\$ 5,366

Enterprise Funds - Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund (Water/Sewer Revenue)

		Reven				
Fiscal Year		Interest	_	Principal	-	Total
2022	\$	9,750	\$	9,405	\$	19,155
2023		9,333		9,820		19,153
2024		8,849		10,300		19,149
2025		8,331		8,565		16,896
2026		7,867		9,035		16,902
2027 – 2031		31,290		53,210		84,500
2032 – 2036		16,755		48,710		65,465
2037 – 2041	_	5,697	_	31,420	-	37,117
Total	\$	97,872	\$_	180,465	\$_	278,337

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

		Obligations Ur		
Fisca	al Year	Interest	Principal	Total
2	022	\$ 30	\$ 239	\$ 269
2	023	26	224	250
2	024	22	155	177
2	025	20	158	178
2	026	17	160	177
2027	- 2031	45	854	899
2032	- 2036		87	87
Т	otal	\$ 160	\$ 1,877	\$ 2,037

	General Obligation Note							
Fiscal Year		Interest		Principal		Total		
2022	\$	236	\$	-	\$	236		
2023		228		-		228		
2024		228		-		228		
2025	-	228	_	7,000	_	7,228		
Total	\$	920	\$_	7,000	\$_	7,920		

	State			
Fiscal Year	 Interest		Principal	 Total
2022	\$ 539	\$	3,294	\$ 3,833
2023	1,683		2,754	4,437
2024	941		3,269	4,210
2025	881		3,216	4,097
2026	820		3,277	4,097
2027 - 2031	3,197		16,249	19,446
2032 - 2036	1,725		15,628	17,353
2037 – 2041	564		10,310	10,874
2042 – 2046	10	_	1,296	 1,306
Total	\$ 10,360	\$	59,293	\$ 69,653

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

Jackson Redevelopment Authority (Urban Renewal Project Revenues)

	on Redevelo n Renewal R		nue Bonds	
<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 240	\$	1,088	\$ 1,328
2023	202		635	837
2024	172		410	582
2025	153		425	578
2026	134		445	579
2027 - 2031	 353		2,535	2,888
Total	\$ 1,254	\$_	5,538	\$ 6,792

Capital City Convention Center Commission

	<u>Loan Payable</u>		
<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ \$	259	\$ 259
Total	\$ - \$	259	\$ 259

Jackson Municipal Airport Authority

		<u>Revenue</u>	Bon	<u>ds</u>	
<u>Fiscal Year</u>		<u>Interest</u>		Principal	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$	562	\$	1,950	\$ 2,512
2023		539		1,995	2,534
2024		513		2,050	2,563
2025		485		2,100	2,585
2026		455		2,160	2,615
2027 - 2031		1,766		7,750	9,516
2032 - 2036	-	682		8,155	8,837
Total	\$_	5,002	\$_	26,160	\$ 31,162

The City has unconditionally and irrevocably agreed to grant and contribute to the Jackson Redevelopment Authority from the General Fund of the City sums sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds issued by the Jackson Redevelopment Authority for urban renewal purposes, as the same shall mature and become due. In addition, the city has agreed to contribute to the Jackson Redevelopment Authority \$200,000 annually in June of the years 2023 through 2027. Principal and interest maturities for 2021 were paid by contributions from the General Fund of \$1,823,302.

There are a number of requirements contained in various revenue bond ordinances. As indicated in Note 1(D) (15), the Water/Sewage Disposal Fund's operation and maintenance fund, debt service fund, and contingent fund were at the required amounts at September 30, 2021.

The net pension and other postemployment benefits liabilities of the governmental activities are typically liquated by the General Fund.

Note 4 – Detailed notes on all funds (Continued):

G. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued):

9. Annual Maturities Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding for the City and the component units as of September 30, 2021, including interest are as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year	City of Jackson	Jackson Redevelopment Authority	Capital City Convention Center Commission	Jackson Municipal Airport Authority
2022	\$ 44,442	\$ 1,328	\$ 259	\$ 2,512
2023	44,090	837	-	2,534
2024	42,858	582	-	2,563
2025	46,663	578	-	2,585
2026	38,984	579	-	2,615
2027 - 2031	171,053	2,888	-	9,516
2032 - 2036	121,575	-	-	8,837
2037 - 2041	47,991	-	-	-
2042 - 2046	1,306		<u> </u>	
Total	\$ 558,962	\$ 6,792	\$ 259	\$ 31,162

10. Revenue Pledge to Secure Debt

The City has pledged its share of general sales tax collected by the State Mississippi (the State) to secure its notes payable to the State for various public improvements and utility improvement projects. The City received general sales tax revenue totaling \$29,302,774 for the current year and made principal and interest payments on the notes payable to the state totaling \$4,053,855 during the current year. As of September 30, 2021, the future principal and interest requirements for the notes payable totaled \$70.8 million, and the maturity dates of the notes payable extend through June, 2042.

The City has pledged its 1% infrastructure sales tax revenues to secure its limited obligation note payable to the Mississippi Development Bank for infrastructure projects. The City received 1% infrastructure sales tax revenue totaling \$15,770,432 for the current year and made principal or interest payments totaling \$4,156,464 on the note payable during the current year. As September 30, 2021, the future principal and interest requirements for the note payable totaled \$37.5 million, and the maturity date of the note payable extends through September, 2030.

The City has pledged incremental ad valorem tax revenues resulting from commercial development projects to secure limited obligation bonds that were issued to fund the projects. The City's incremental ad valorem tax revenues and interfund transfers received in the current year totaled, \$1,051,384, and the City also received \$65,165 from Hinds County in the current year for the county's pledged portion of incremental ad valorem tax revenues. The principal and interest payments made by the City on the limited obligation bonds totaled \$1,147,110 during the current year. As of September 30, 2021, the future principal and interest requirements on the bonds totaled \$10.6 million, and the maturity dates extend through March,2034.

The City has pledged Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund revenues, net of operating expenses, to repay revenue bonds issued for utility improvement projects. The Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund had an operating loss of \$27,680,376 in the current year, and the principal and interest payments made by the City on revenue bonds totaled \$19,156,509 during the current year. As of September 30, 2021, the future principal and interest requirements for revenue bonds totaled \$278 million, and the maturity dates extend through December, 2040.

Note 5 – Fund Balance Presentation – Classification Total

The fund balances of the governmental funds at September 30, 2021, are classified by specific purpose as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Service	Federal Grant s Special Revenue Fund	1% Infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund	Infrastructure Bond 2020 Capital Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances:							
Non Spendable:							
Public Works Supplies Inventory	\$ 922,166	<u>\$</u> -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$-	\$ -	\$ 922,166
	922,166						922,166
Restricted For:							
Public Safety	1,576,472	-	130,828	-	-	273,458	1,980,758
Public Works Projects	81,063	-	128,047	15,717,657	28,487,790	1,862,381	46,276,938
Human and Cultural Services	317,091	-	30,382	-	-	1,551,536	1,899,009
Capital Outlay - Equipment	6,071,233	-	-	-	-	296,306	6,367,539
Debt Service	-	12,595,018	-	-	-	-	12,595,018
Unemployment Claims	209,992	-	-	-	-	-	209,992
Employee Benefits	636						636
	8,256,487	12,595,018	289,257	15,717,657	28,487,790	3,983,681	69,329,890
Committed To:							
Public Works Projects	142,500	-	-	-	-	6,320,528	6,463,028
Human and Cultural Services	-	-	-	-	-	511,866	511,866
Employee Benefits	-	-	-	-	-	64,833	64,833
Tort Claims	5,614,697						5,614,697
	5,757,197					6,897,227	12,654,424
Assigned To:							
Technology and Communication	72,789	-	-	-	-	-	72,789
Public Works Projects	855,162	-	-	-	-	-	855,162
Various Other Specific Purposes	19,313		-				19,313
	947,264						947,264
Unassigned	17,490,211					-	17,490,211
Total Fund Balances	\$ 33,373,325	\$ 12,595,018	\$ 289,257	\$ 15,717,657	\$ 28,487,790	\$ 10,880,908	\$ 101,343,955

Note 6 – Other Information

A. RISK MANAGEMENT

1. Workers Compensation Benefits

The City maintains a self-funded workers' compensation plan accounted for in the General Fund for claims incurred. Estimates of the liability for unpaid claims are actuarially determined based on observed patterns of claims payments and case reserves development. Liabilities are based on the ultimate costs of settling claims, including inflation and other factors, and include provisions for estimated claims adjustment expenses. Benefits paid to employees during fiscal year 2021 were \$716,405.

Excess workers' compensation insurance was obtained to cover the City for workers' compensation claims incurred through July, 2018, in excess of the City's liability of \$1,000,000. Coverage limit was up to \$750,000 except \$1,000,000 for police, firefighters, and first responders.

The City obtained commercial insurance to fully cover workers' compensation claims incurred after July, 2018.

2. Unemployment Benefits

The City also maintains an unemployment compensation revolving fund (part of the General Fund, established pursuant to state law). In addition to funding all valid claims, the City is required to maintain the balance in the fund at not less than 2% of the first \$6,000 paid each employee during the preceding year and the General Fund typically provides the necessary funding. As of September 30, 2021, the required amounts were funded. Claims totaled \$172,671 during fiscal year 2021. Estimates of the liability for unpaid claims are based on patterns of claims payments.

3. Group Benefits

Additionally, the City maintains the Employees' Group Benefit Fund (Internal Service Fund) to account for the accumulation of revenues, principally contributions from the City of Jackson and employees to be used to fund future liabilities and current payment of employer medical claims and related administration expenditures of the City's group benefit plan. The City's contributions are typically funded primarily by the General Fund and Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund. Revenues totaled \$17,125,895 and employee benefit costs were \$17,125,895, net of \$906,216 stop-loss insurance proceeds, during fiscal year 2021. Claims incurred but not reported at September 30, 2021, in the Employees' Group Benefit Fund are provided for based on pattern of claim payments. The City has obtained stop-loss insurance through December 31, 2021 to cover medical claims in excess of \$300,000 annually per individual.

4. Tort Liability

In compliance with the Tort Claims Act, Chapter 46 of Title 11 and as amended by the 1993 Legislature, Section 11-46-17(3) requires all municipalities from and after October 1, 1993, to obtain such policies of insurance, establish self-insurance reserves, or provide a combination of insurance and reserves necessary to cover all risks of claims and suits for which the City of Jackson may be liable under the Tort Claims Act.

In order to assure compliance with the Tort Claims Act, House Bill 417 established the Mississippi Tort Claims Board. Municipalities are required to submit plans of insurance, self-insurance and or reserves to the Tort Claims Board for approval.

Municipalities may comply with the requirements of the Tort Claims Act by one of the following methods: (1) Purchase of liability insurance, (2) Pooling of two or more municipalities or other political subdivisions to purchase liability insurance or to self-insure, (3) Self-insure with the establishment of a self-insurance reserve fund.

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

A. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued):

The City of Jackson is in compliance by using method number three as indicated above, and the necessary funding is typically provided by the General Fund. The 2021 fiscal year budget had the monies necessary to establish the reserve fund within the General Fund at the required funding level. Estimates of the liability for unpaid claims are actuarially determined.

5. Claims Liabilities

The following table provides a reconciliation of changes in the liabilities for claims and related expenses for years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020:

2024	-	Employees' Group Benefit Fund		Tort Claims		Unemployment Benefits		Workers' Compensation Benefits
2021:	•		•					
Beginning Balance	\$	1,956,434	\$	6,431,883	\$	-	\$	1,979,205
Current Year Claims/Changes in Estimates		17,125,895		(442,742)		180,691		716,405
Payments of Claims and Related Expenses	_	17,333,123		416,554		180,691		1,201,131
Ending Balance	\$.	1,749,206	\$_	5,572,587	\$.	-	\$	1,494,479
2020:								
Beginning Balance	\$	2,102,853	\$	5,633,736	\$	-	\$	2,497,794
Current Year Claims/Changes in Estimates		17,171,682		1,093,029		93,152		13,402
Payments of Claims and Related Expenses		17,318,101		294,882		93,152		531,991
Ending Balance	\$_	1,956,434	\$_	6,431,883	\$_	-	\$_	1,979,205

6. Other Risks:

Commercial insurance is obtained by the city for certain risk coverages. The commercial policy includes various amounts of coverage ranging from \$25,000 to \$250,000. Commercial property crime carries a limit of \$25,000 per occurrence for computer fraud, employee theft, forgery or alteration, funds transfer fraud, money and securities-inside buildings, money and securities-outside buildings. The property deductible is \$100,000; the crime deductible is \$5,000; the unintentional errors and omissions coverage is \$1,000,000 per occurrence; and the catastrophe coverage is \$25,000,000 per occurrence. Amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for these risk types in the past three years.

B. COMMITMENTS

Federal Grants

The City participates in a number of state and federally funded grant programs, principal of which are Community Development Block Grant, Federal Highway Administration, Department of Transportation and Department of Justice grants. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government.

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

C. WATER AND SEWER OPERATION & MAINTENANCE FUND

As specified in Section 6.03 (d) of the General Bond Resolution, a transfer may be made from the Water and Sewer Contingent Fund when a deficiency occurs in the deposit amount for the Water and Sewer Operation and Maintenance Fund. The Water and Sewer Operation and Maintenance Fund has first priority on revenues of the Water and Sewer System. As specified by Section 6.03 (d) of the General Bond Resolution for the Water and Sewer Contingent Fund, as of September 30, 2021, the balance in the Water and Sewer Contingent Fund was in compliance with the required reserve.

D. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Subsequent events have been evaluated through February 28, 2023, which represents the date the comprehensive annual financial report was available to be issued.

In September, 2018, the City was approved for a loan from the Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) for improvements at the Savanna Wastewater Treatment Plant. The maximum loan amount is \$26,808,150 bearing interest at 1.75%, and proceeds of \$22,126,501 had been received or requested through September 30, 2021. Monthly repayments are to begin in December, 2021 for a period of 237 months and are secured by sales tax revenue.

In September, 2019, the City received a loan from the Mississippi Department of Health (MSDH) for improvements at both O.B. Curtis and J.H. Fewell Treatment Plants and distribution improvements. The maximum loan amount is \$12,903,093 bearing interest at 1.95%, and proceeds of \$6,126,159 had been received or requested through September 30, 2021. Monthly repayments are to begin in May, 2022, for a period of 237 months and are secured by sales tax revenue.

In September, 2021, the City received a Drinking Water System Improvement revolving fund loan from the Mississippi Department of Health for OB Curtis & JH Fewell Water Treatment facility improvements. The maximum loan amount is \$28 million to be financed over 20 years at 1.95%, and will be secured by sales tax revenue.

In November, 2021, the City authorized the issuance of \$3,300,000 of tax increment financing bonds to provide funding for a residential and commercial development project to be financed over 15 years. The bonds will be secured by the incremental ad valorem and sales tax revenues generated by the development project.

In September, 2022, the City entered a \$369,000 master lease agreement with a bank to finance equipment purchases at an interest rate of 3.7% over three years.

In November, 2022, the City authorized the issuance of \$1,000,000 of tax increment financing bonds to provide funding for a hotel development project to be financed over 15 years. The bonds will be secured by the incremental ad valorem and sales tax revenues generated by the development project.

In November, 2022, the City authorized the issuance of \$7,500,000 of general obligation bonds to provide funding for renovations to the planetarium and arts center to be financed over 15 years.

In November, 2020, the City as lessee entered into an agreement under which the lessor will replace the City's customer water meters, and the City will pay monthly lease charges for the new installed meters. The meter lease agreement was subsequently revised to also include upgrades to the customer meter and billing information systems, and the lease charges per meter were adjusted to include the additional lease components. The lease is cancellable by the City with a 30-day notice, and upon cancellation the City would be required to purchase the installed meters at their designated cost less depreciation based on a 25 year useful life. After installation of all components, the City's lease payments required under the agreement would total approximately \$5.5 million annually. As of September 30, 2021, none of the meters had been placed in service yet.

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

D. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued):

Litigation

The City is defendant in a number of legal actions and claims seeking actual and punitive damages. Contingencies totaling \$5,572,587 for which it is probable a loss has been incurred and which are subject to reasonable estimation, are recognized as liabilities in the financial statements. The City is vigorously defending all matters of litigation and believes there will be no material adverse financial effect

E. CONTINGENCIES:

Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund and Sanitation Fund

The Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund and the Sanitation Fund had both an operating loss and negative cash flows from operating activities during the year ended September 30, 2021. These conditions resulted primarily from complications experienced in the installation and operation of water meters and a water, sewer, and garbage customer billing system, which caused customer billing delays and inaccuracies and extended delays in collection of revenues from customers. The City has established customer payment plans and collection procedures to facilitate the collection of the past due balances from customers. To provide cash for operations and debt service while the City works to collect the past due customer balances, the General Fund made transfers to the Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund and the Sanitation Fund. The City has begun the process of replacing the water meters and billing system to resolve these issues.

The City is subject to a 2013 consent decree order by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requiring the City to make improvements with an estimated cost of \$600 million to address sanitary sewer overflows.

In addition, the City is subject to a November, 2022, interim stipulated order by the EPA regarding the City's water system. Under the 2022 order, the EPA appointed an interim third-party manager to operate and maintain the City's water system, manage the water/sewer user billing and collection system, and implement a capital improvements plan to address recurring disruptions in the operations of the water treatment plants and distribution system. The estimated cost of the necessary capital improvements under the 2022 order has not yet been determined.

A proposed bill advancing within the Mississippi Legislature, if enacted, would establish a separate regional utility authority to take over the ownership, control and operations of the City's water, sewage, and storm drainage systems. The proposed regional utility authority would be governed by a nine-member board to consist of four members appointed by the City and five members appointed by the State of Mississippi.

Capital City Convention Center Commission

The Capital City Convention Center Commission (the Commission), which is a discretely presented component unit of the City, has a contractual obligation to provide operational funding as needed for the operations of the Jackson Convention Complex (the Complex). While initial pro forma forecasts anticipated operating losses would be incurred by the Complex from inception and funded by the Commission, lagging tax revenues due to the general economy have depleted the Commission's general and unrestricted working capital funds and have limited the Commission's resources to provide such operational funding going forward. Also, as noted below, these trends are further negatively impacted by the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus. Operating losses and cash shortfalls are still expected in 2022 and beyond. The Commission is continuing to seek ways to alleviate this condition through budgeting and seeking additional funding sources. There is no assurance as to the availability, timing or terms of such additional funding that might be available. This condition raises substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern.

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus in 2020 and 2021, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the Commission. Events have been postponed or cancelled during the spread. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

E. CONTINGENCIES (Continued):

Further, in August, 2022, the Commission received a notice of default under the FY22 Agreement from the management company related to past due receivables from the Commission to the management company. If the FY22 Agreement were to terminate, the loan payable to the management company becomes due in full 30 days after termination.

Jackson Municipal Airport Authority

During the 2016 Mississippi legislative session, Section 61-3-6 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, was passed and signed into law. This law would create a new Jackson Metropolitan Area Airport Authority that would manage the airports. A suit has been filed in US District Court challenging the validity of this law. The City of Jackson and the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority have both intervened in this suit to challenge the validity of this law. Regarding the lawsuit, pursuant to the December 12, 2016, Court order, the Governor and Lieutenant Governor will maintain the status quo by not naming or officially appointing anyone to the new Jackson Metropolitan Area Airport Authority until such time as the Court renders a decision on the merits (or as otherwise ordered by the Court) or until after ninety (90) days written notice is given by the Governor or Lieutenant Governor to the Authority and the Court of their intent to do otherwise. Further, in its June 6, 2016, Notice of Policy on Evaluating Disputed Changes of Sponsorship at Federally Obligated Airports, the FAA stated that "only the FAA has the authority to determine sponsor eligibility, approve and formally change airport sponsorship, and approve and issue a new Airport Operating Certificate pursuant to 14 CFR part 139." The FAA further stated in that June 6, 2016, Notice: "In matters in which a proposed change is contested by a current sponsor or operator, the FAA will not act on a part 139 application or a change of airport sponsorship and/or operating authority until the dispute is definitively resolved to the satisfaction of the FAA."

In October, 2020, a former concessionaire filed a complaint related to the termination of their lease and concession agreement with the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority. The concessionaire sought damages related to the termination and reimbursement for certain leasehold improvements. The Jackson Municipal Airport Authority subsequently agreed to a settlement of \$1,650,000, which is recorded in the claims liability in the statement of net position. This liability will be paid in two installments in fiscal year 2023.

In March, 2020 the President declared a national state of emergency due to the COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic. This event, and the response to it, caused enplanements at Jackson-Medgar Wiley Evers International Airport during year ended September 30, 2020 to decline to 5.6% of prior year enplanements at its peak in April, 2020. By September, 2020, enplanements had recovered slightly to 30.5% of prior year, and by September, 2021, enplanements had recovered to 41.2% of pre-pandemic levels.

The Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act signed into law in March, 2020, allocated \$8,630,630 in economic relief to Jackson-Medgar Wiley Evers International Airport over a four-year period beginning in May, 2020. The Jackson Municipal Airport Authority used \$2,416,000 of this relief during the year ended September 30, 2020. The Jackson Municipal Airport Authority used the remaining \$6,214,630 during the year ended September 30, 2021. The pandemic is the primary driver of the Authority's operating loss for the year ended September 30, 2021. The long-term effects of this pandemic on the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's operating loss for the year ended September 30, 2021. The long-term effects of this pandemic on the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority's operations and finances are unknown at this time.

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

F. JOINT VENTURES

The following provides the summary financial information of the Jackson/Hinds Library System as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021 (in thousands):

Jackson/Hinds Library System	
Total assets	\$ <u>1.342</u>
Total liabilities	\$ 300
Total fund balances	<u>1,042</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>1.342</u>
Total revenues	\$ 4,042
Total expenditures	<u>3,469</u>
Net increase in fund balances	\$ <u>573</u>

The Jackson/Hinds Library System is funded equally by the City and Hinds County.

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

The City of Jackson participates in two retirement systems administered by the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS). Both systems are defined benefit plans and include a multi-employer, cost-sharing pension plan and an agent multi-employer pension plan as described below. The total pension expense for both plans was \$2,177,529 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Public Employees' Retirement System

1. Plan Description and Provisions

The City of Jackson, Mississippi contributes to the Public Employees Retirement System of Mississippi ("PERS"), a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the PERS Board of Trustee's authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring.

Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death,

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED):

a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary.

A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

2. Description of Funding Policy

PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary and the City of Jackson, Mississippi is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The City's contribution rate is 17.4% of annual covered payroll and is typically funded primarily by the General Fund and the Water/Sewage Disposal System Fund. The contribution requirements of PERS members are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The City of Jackson, Mississippi contributions (excluding amounts withheld from members' salaries) to PERS for the year ended September 30, 2021, were \$10,122,396, which was equal to the required contributions for the year, and includes \$1,102,288 payable at September 30, 2021.

3. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the City reported a liability of \$127,480,678 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the City's contributions to the pension plan relative to contributions of all participating entities for the measurement year. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.862496 percent, which was a decrease of 0.045167percent from its 0.907663 percent proportion for the year ended June 30, 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized PERS pension expense of \$2,664,695. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following:

A. Governmental Activities:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,822,335	\$	-
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		34,321,985
Changes of assumptions		8,769,684		-
Changes in the City's proportion		-		5,805,565
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	2,473,499	_	-
Total	\$	13,065,518	\$	40,127,550

The net effect of these deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on governmental activities' net position is a decrease of \$27,062,032 at September 30, 2021.

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 216,085	\$ - 4,069,773
	-	4,009,773
Changes of assumptions	1,039,878	-
Changes in the City's proportion	180,403	2,018,387
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	293,298	
Total	\$ 1,729,664	\$ 6,088,160

The net effect of these deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on business-type activities' net position is a decrease of \$4,358,496 at September 30, 2021.

Collective Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. Annual changes to the net pension liability resulting from differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors and from changes of assumptions about future economic or demographics factors or other inputs are deferred and amortized over the average of the expected remaining service life of active and inactive members.

At September 30, 2021, \$2,766,797 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City PERS contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (income) as follows:

Year Ended September 30	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ (7,640,214)
2023	(7,231,427)
2024	(7,875,154)
2025	 (11,440,530)
Total	\$ (34,187,325)

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

4. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.40%
Salary changes	2.65% – 17.90%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.55%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pubs.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75 and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of the female rates up to ages 72 and 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on Pub.G.H-2010 Disabled Table adjusted 134% for males and 121% for females. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the Pubs-H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitants Table, adjusted 97% for males and 110% for females. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020. The experience report is dated April, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27%	4.60%
International Equity	22	4.50
Global Equity	12	4.80
Fixed Income	20	(0.25)
Real Estate	10	3.75
Private Equity	8	6.00
Cash Equivalents	1	(1.00)
Total	100%	

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Following is a summary of the actuarial assumption changes in 2021:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77.
 - For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 134% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 121% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 97% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 110% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.
- The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.
- The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28% of payroll.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.
- The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.55 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to change in the discount rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost-sharing plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.55%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point-lower (6.55%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.55%) than the current rate:

				Current		
		1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase
	_	(6.55%)		(7.55%)		(8.55%)
City's proportionate share						
of net pension liability	\$_	180,542,527	_ \$_	127,480,678	_ \$_	83,753,493

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued PERS financial report.

Firefighters and Police Officers Disability and Relief- Municipal Retirement Systems Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The City of Jackson contributes to the Municipal Retirement Systems Fire and Police Disability and Relief Fund (MRS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi. The City's uniformed police officers and firefighters employed prior to April 1, 1976, participate in MRS. Firefighters and police officers employed subsequent to April 1, 1976, are members of the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State as previously described. MRS provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by Sections 21-29, Articles 1, 3, 5 and 7, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) and annual local and private legislation. Legislation may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. At June 30, 2021, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 500 retired participants and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MRS. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

As of the most recent measurement date of the net pension liability, membership data for the pension plan is as follows:

Members Category	Pension
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	500
Former members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	-
Former members – not entitled to benefits	-
Active members:	-
Vested	-
Non-vested	-
Total Participants	500

Benefits Provided: Plan members who are vested and retire at or after age 65 or those who retire with at least 20 years of creditable service regardless of age are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.5% of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 20 years plus 1.7% for each additional year of creditable service over 20 years, not to exceed a total retirement allowance of 66.67% of average compensation. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the last six month period of service. A cost of living adjustment is made annually for eligible retirees and beneficiaries based on the change in the Consumer Price Index, not to exceed a total adjustment of 19.5%. MRS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary.

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

2. Description of Funding Policy

Under the funding policy adopted in 2011, the employer contribution rate, expressed as a millage rate tax applied to assessed property values, is established that will generate an ultimate asset reserve level equal to a reasonable percentage (initially 100% - 150%) of the next year's projected benefit payments. At that point, employer contributions are set equal to the fiscal year's projected benefit payments and adjusted as necessary to maintain the assets at the established reserve level. This calculation is performed using projected cash flow analysis using the current market value of assets as of the valuation date, a 6.05% assumption on investment earnings, and an assumption that assessed property values will remain level over time. During the year ended September 30, 2021, the City of Jackson contributed the avails of a 3.82% mill tax levy in the Disability and Relief Special Revenue Fund. The contribution requirements for MRS are established, and may only be amended, by the State of Mississippi Legislature. Annual MRS tax levy increases are limited to 1/2 mill per year. Contributions from other funds may be provided.

The City of Jackson's contributions to MRS for the year ended September 30, 2021, were \$4,819,931, which was equal to the required contributions for the year, and includes \$485,915 payable at September 30, 2021. In addition, the State of Mississippi contributed fire insurance premium taxes of \$316,800, including \$51,673 payable at September 30, 2021, to MRS on behalf of the City for the year ended September 30, 2021.

3. Net Pension Liability

The "Net Pension Liability" (NPL) is the difference between the "Total Pension Liability: (TPL) and the plan's "Fiduciary Net Position" (FNP). The TPL is the present value of pension benefits that are allocated to current members due to past service by entry age normal actuarial cost method. The TPL includes benefits to projected salary and service, and automatic cost of living adjustments (COLA's). In addition, ad hoc COLA's are also included in the TPL to the extent they are substantively automatic. The FNP is determined on the same basis used by the pension plan. The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Net Pension Liability

Measurement Date	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$ 89,616,360
Fiduciary Net Pension	<u>54,019,648</u>
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 35,596,712</u>

A schedule of Net Pension Liability, in addition to the information above, includes multi-year trend information (beginning with FY 2015) and is presented in the Required Supplementary Information Section.

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

4. Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability

The change in Net Pension Liability, for the Disability and Relief municipal pension plan, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 is as follows:

Change in Net Pension Liability:	_	Total Pension Liability	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 Net Pension Liability
Service cost	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Interest on the total pension liability		6,995,159		-	6,995,159
Benefit terms changes		-		-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(973,772)		-	(973,772)
Changes of assumptions		(1,190,024)		-	(1,190,024)
Employer's contributions		-		5,197,189	(5,197,189)
Employees' contributions		-		-	-
Pension plan net investment income		-		13,458,124	(13,458,124)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(10,950,231)		(10,950,231)	-
Administrative expense		-		(103,944)	103,944
Other changes	_	-		-	 -
Net Changes		(6,118,868)		7,601,138	(13,720,006)
Net Pension Liability, Beginning of Year	_	95,735,228		46,418,510	 49,316,718
Net Pension Liability, End of Year	\$_	89,616,360	_ \$	54,019,648	\$ 35,596,712

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

5. Pension Expense

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized MRS pension expense (income) of (\$487,166). Pension expense (income) recognized by the plan is as follows:

	_	Pension Expense
Service cost	\$	-
Interest on the total pension liability		6,995,159
Expensed portion of current-period difference between expected and actual experience		
in the total pension liability		(973,772)
Expensed portion of current-period changes of assumptions		(1,190,024)
Members contributions		-
Projected earnings on plan investments		(3,370,476)
Expensed portion of current-period difference between actual and projected earnings on		
plan investments		(2,017,530)
Administrative expense		103,944
Other		-
Recognition of beginning deferred inflows of resources as pension expense		(34,467)
Pension Expense (Income) for MRS	\$_	(487,166)

6. Schedule of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources by source reported by the City at September 30, 2021 for the Disability and Relief municipal plan are as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ 772,483	\$ -
on pension plan investments		6,356,639
Total	\$ 772,483	\$ 6,356,639

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

At September 30, 2021, \$772,483 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from city MRS contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2021 will be recognized in pension expense (income) as follows:

Year Ended September 30	 Amount
2022	\$ (1,402,859)
2023	(1,380,392)
2024	(1,555,859)
2025	 (2,017,529)
Total	\$ (6,356,639)

The net effect of these deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the governmental activities' net position is a decrease of \$5,584,156 at September 30, 2021.

7. Actuarial Assumptions

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point-lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.55%)	Current Discount Rate (7.55%)		1% Increase (8.55%)
Plan's net pension liability	\$ 41,704,164	\$	35,596,712	\$ 30,202,915

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MRS financial report.

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

8. Schedule of Assumptions

Schedule of Assumptions	Disability and Relief Municipal Pension
Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level dollar ,closed
Remaining amortization period	13 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.55% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation at 2.40%

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77. For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76. Mortality rates for disability retirees were based on PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table with the following adjustments: For males, 134% of male rates at all ages. For females, 121% of female rates at all ages. Mortality rates for Contingent Annuitants were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitants Table with the following adjustments: For males, 97% of male rates at all ages. For females, 110% of female rates at all ages. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2020 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table was used for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: 137% of male rates at all ages and 115% of female rates at all ages. Projection scale MP-2018 was used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of the experience investigation for the four-year period ended June 30, 2020 and adopted by the MRS Board in August, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected normal return, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30,2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27%	4.60%
International Equity	22	4.50
Global Equity	12	4.80
Fixed Income	20	(0.25)
Real Estate	10	3.75
Private Equity	8	6.00
Cash Equivalents	1	(1.00)
Total	100%	

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

G. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued):

Following is a summary of the actuarial assumption changes in 2021:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77.
 - For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 134% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 121% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 97% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 110% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The price inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.
- The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

H. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City's OPEB plan is a single-employer defined-benefit plan that provides post-employment healthcare coverage, including dental benefits, and life insurance to eligible individuals. Eligible individuals include all regular, full-time employees of the City, as well as permanent part-time employees who work at least 20 hours per week, and their spouses and dependent children. Employees must have earned at least 25 years of service with the City in order to be eligible for retiree healthcare coverage. Coverage continues at the election of the retiree until age 65. Retirees must pay the required monthly premium for either single or family medical coverage, as applicable, which was \$325 and \$675 respectively as of September 30, 2021. Dental and life insurance benefits are provided under a fully-insured plan, and retirees pay the entire insurance premiums for these coverages. The plan was established under authority of the City Council and may be amended or abolished by council action. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, Paragraph 4. The City funds the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis, and funding is primarily provided from the General Fund.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At September 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	81
Inactive employees or beneficiaries entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active plan members	<u>1.839</u>
	<u>1,920</u>

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$46,171,156 was measured as of September 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2020, rolled forward to September 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2021, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases Healthcare cost trend rates	3% per annum 8.0% for 2021 graded down 0.5% per year to a rate of 5% for 2027 and later
Age-related morbidity	Healthcare costs are assumed to increase 3.5% for each year of age
Retirement	Retirement is assumed to occur at any age with 25 years of service
Other decrements	Assumed employment termination is based on the Scale 155 table; no pre- retirement disability was assumed.
Spousal age	Husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives.
Coverage election	75% of eligible employees are assumed to elect medical coverage until age 65 upon retirement
Retirees' contributions	Retiree contributions have been assumed to increase 2.5% per year

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

H. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued):

A discount rate of 2.43% was applied in the measurement of the total OPEB liability. The discount rate is based on the index rate for 20-year, high-grade, municipal bonds.

Mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct PUB-2010 Mortality Table (without income adjustments) for general employees with full generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2021; measurements were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increase from 2.14% per annum to 2.43% per annum and the healthcare cost trend rates were increased from 6.50% for the 2021 fiscal year to 8.00% for the 2021 fiscal year graded down to 5.00% by 0.5% per year.

Changes in the total OPEB liability

Changes in the total OPEB liability were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at September 30, 2020	\$ 66,809,297
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	3,590,451
Interest	1,698,246
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(27,892,353)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	2,997,864
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,032,349)
Net changes	(20,638,141)
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ 46,171,156

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

			1.0%	
	1.0% Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase	
	(1.43%)	(2.43%)	(3.43%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 51,428,574	\$ 46,171,156	\$ 41,552,276	_

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

H. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued):

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1.0% Decrease			
	(7% decreasing		Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	1.0% Increase (9%
	to 4%)	_	(8% decreasing to 5%)	decreasing to 6%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 37,659,727	\$	46,171,156	\$ 56,353,830

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,035,019 as follows:

Service cost	\$ 3,590,451
Interest	1,698,246
Difference between expected and actual experience	(2,302,385)
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,032,349)
Assumption changes	1,081,056
OPEB expense	\$ 3,035,019

At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following:

A. Governmental Activities

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	23,509,636
Changes of assumptions		8,954,438		-
Changes in proportion	_	1,203,164	_	-
Total	\$	10,157,602	\$	23,509,636

The net effect of these deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on governmental activities' net position is a decrease of \$13,352,034 at September 30, 2021.

B. Business-Type Activities:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	2,833,350
Changes of assumptions		1,079,177		-
Changes in proportion	-	149,244	_	1,352,409
Total	\$ _	1,228,421	\$_	4,185,759

Note 6 – Other Information (Continued):

H. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued):

The net effect of these deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on business-type activities' net position is a decrease of \$2,957,338 at September 30, 2021.

Collective Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources. Annual changes to the OPEB liability resulting from differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors and from changes of assumptions about future economic or demographics factors or other inputs are deferred and amortized over the average of the expected remaining service life of active and inactive members.

At September 30, 2021, amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$ (1,221,328)
2023	(1,221,328)
2024	(1,221,328)
2025	(1,221,328)
2026	(1,221,328)
Thereafter	(10,202,732)
Total	\$ (16,309,372)

CITY OF JACKSON Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Note 7 – Transactions between Primary Government and Component Units

Following is a summary of the transactions between the primary government and the discretely presented component units for the year ended September 30, 2021:

Jackson Redevelopment Authority:

Contributions from the primary government for: Debt service Operations Other	\$ 1,823,302 429,404 492,704
Capital City Convention Center Commission:	
Contributions from the primary government for: Operations Contributions to the primary government for:	\$ 570,000
Debt service	(4,312,643)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF JACKSON Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan Liability Last Four Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability: Service Cost	\$ 3,590,451	\$ 4,374,997	\$ 3,266,727	\$ 2,978,551
Interest	1,698,246	1,226,679	1,898,654	1,778,355
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(27,892,353)	-	(909,245)	-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	2,997,864	8,895,842	68,876	-
Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,032,349) \$ (20,638,141)	(1,262,683) 13,234,835	(1,028,674) 3,296,338	(705,951) 4,050,955
Total OPEB liability, beginning	66,809,297	53,574,462	50,278,124	46,227,169
Total OPEB liability, ending	46,171,156	\$ 66,809,297	\$ 53,574,462	\$ 50,278,124
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 58,863,471	\$ 54,458,536	\$ 54,458,536	\$ 48,212,278
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	78.62%	122.68%	98.38%	104.28%

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF JACKSON Notes to Required Supplementary Information-OPEB For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75, Paragraph 4. The City funds the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis, and funding is primarily from the General Fund.

Changes in OPEB assumptions:

2021:

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 2.14% per annum to 2.43% per annum and the healthcare cost trend rates were increased from 6.50% for the 2020/21 fiscal year graded down to 5.00% by 0.5% per year to 8.00% for the 2020/21 fiscal year graded down to 5.00% by 0.5% per year.

2020:

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was decreased from 3.58% per annum to 2.14% per annum and the mortality rate improvement scale was changed from scale MP-2017 to Scale MP-2020.

2019:

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was decreased from 3.64% per annum to 3.58% per annum and the mortality basis was changed from the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with generational improvements in mortality using Scale BB to the PUB-2010 Mortality Table for general employees (without income adjustments) with generational improvements in mortality using Scale MP-2017.

Earlier years of OPEB information: Because GASB Statement No. 75 was first implemented by the City for the year ended September 30, 2018, all ten years of the required supplementary information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 was not available. Additional years of data will be added as they become available.

CITY OF JACKSON Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the City's Contributions to the Public Employees Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) Last Seven Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 127,480,678	175,713,009	162,902,901	154,248,183	157,007,624	165,975,320	134,815,609
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.862496%	0.907663%	0.926007%	0.927364%	0.944498%	1.073716%	1.110675%
City's covered payroll for the measurement years ended June 30th	\$ 57,347,213	60,439,126	60,308,457	59,221,035	60,590,070	68,688,190	69,388,616
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll for the measurement years ended June 30th	222.30%	290.73%	270.12%	260.46%	259.13%	241.64%	194.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.44%	58.97%	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required Contributions for the fiscal years ended September 30th	\$	10,242,244	10,685,195	10,1 02,426	9,392,492	9,523,772	10,201,773	11,504,087
Actual Contributions for the fiscal years ended September 30th	_	10,242,244	10,685,195	10, 102, 426	9,392,492	9,523,772	10,201,773	11,504,087
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-						
City's covered payroll for fiscal years ended September 30th	\$	58,863,471	61,409,165	60,885,622	59,634,873	60,468,391	64,753,114	73,041,822
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended September 30th		17.40%	17.40%	16.59%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF JACKSON Notes to Required Supplementary Information-PERS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes of pension assumptions:

2021:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 95% of male rates up to age 60, 110% for ages 61 to 75, and 101% for ages above 77.
 - For females, 84% of female rates up to age 72, 100% for ages above 76.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 was used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubG.H-2010 Disabled Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 134% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 121% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The expectation of contingent annuitant mortality was based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Contingent Annuitant Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 97% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 110% of female rates at all rates.
 - Projection scale MP_2020 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The price of inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75% to 2.40%.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.65%.
- The investment rate of return assumption was changed from 7.75% to 7.55%.
- The assumed load for administrative expenses was increased from 0.25% to 0.28% of payroll.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 9% to 12%.
- The percentage of active member deaths assumed to be in the line of duty was decreased from 6% to 4%.

2020: None

2019:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119.
 - For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119.
 - Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

CITY OF JACKSON Notes to Required Supplementary Information-PERS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments:
 - For males, 137% of male rates at all ages.
 - For females, 115% of female rates at all ages.
 - Projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.
- The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

2018: None

2017:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2016:

- The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.
- The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2015:

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.
- The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and from 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

CITY OF JACKSON Notes to Required Supplementary Information-PERS(Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes in pension benefit provision:

2016:

• Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Earlier years of pension information: Because GASB statement no. 68 was first implemented by the City of Jackson for the year ended September 30, 2015, all ten years of the required supplementary information in accordance with GASB statement no. 68 was not available. Additional years of data will be added as they become available.

CITY OF JACKSON Required Supplementary Information Schedule Of Employer Net Pension Liability and the City's Contributions to the Fire and Police Disability and Relief Fund (MRS) Last Seven Fiscal Years

Actuarially determined contribution	2021 \$5,136,731 \$	2020 4,836,683 \$	2019 5,538,892 \$	2018 5,464,210 \$	2017 5,247,946 \$	2016 5,099,714 \$	2015 5,544,877
Annual Contributions	5,136,731	4,836,683	5,538,892	5,464,210	5,247,946	5,099,714	5,544,877
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
City's covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contribution as a percentage of covered	payroll N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Payroll-related information is not provided because the plan is closed to new entrants and there were very few remaining active members and many municipalities have no remaining active members.

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF JACKSON Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Net Pension Liability and the City's Contributions to the Fire and Police Disability and Relief Fund (MRS) Last Seven Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability							
Service Cost	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Interest	6,995,159	7,290,938	7,577,988	7,998,928	8,297,602	8,619,793	8,901,563
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual							
experience	(973,772)	35,465	676,814	(1,617,123)	(305,474)	(462,872)	(91,754)
Changes of assumptions	(1,190,024)	-	(438,615)	-	213,769	-	3,676,246
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions	(10,950,231)	(11,335,587)	(11,704,532)	(11,922,045)	(12,197,472)	(12,430,953)	(12,633,969)
Net change in total pension liability	(6,118,868)	(4,009,184)	(3,888,345)	(5,540,240)	(3,991,575)	(4,274,032)	(147,914)
Total pension liability - beginning	95,735,228	99,744,412	103,632,757	109,172,997	113,164,572	117,438,604	117,586,518
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 89,616,360	\$ 95,735,228	\$ 99,744,412	\$ 103,632,757	\$ 109,172,997	\$ 113,164,572	\$ 117,438,604
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$ 5,197,189	\$ 5.114.519	\$ 5.569.716	\$ 5,541,778	\$ 5.247.946	\$ 5.099.714	\$ 5.544.877
Contributions - member	÷ 0,107,100	÷ 0,114,010	÷ 0,000,110	÷ 0,041,770	2.363	6.022	4.750
Net investment income	13,458,124	1,423,772	3,578,675	4,220,438	7,314,024	306,774	2,168,108
Benefit payments, including refunds of		.,,	0,0.0,0.0	.,,			2,,
employee contributions	(10,950,231)	(11,335,587)	(11,704,532)	(11,922,045)	(12,197,472)	(12,430,953)	(12,633,969)
	<i></i>						
Administrative Expense	(103,944)	(102,290)	(111,394)	(110,837)	(104,958)	(101,994)	(114,673)
Other			6,370	(3,408)	(29,110)	175,260	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	7,601,138	(4,899,586)	(2,661,165)	(2,274,074)	232,793	(6,945,177)	(5,032,907)
Plan net position - beginning	-	51,318,096	53,979,261	56,253,335	56,020,542	62,965,719	67,998,626
Plan net position - ending (b)	\$ 7,601,138	\$ 46,418,510	\$ 51,318,096	\$ 53,979,261	\$ 56,253,335	\$ 56,020,542	\$ 62,965,719
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 35,596,712	\$ 49,316,718	\$ 48,426,316	\$ 49,653,496	\$ 52,919,662	\$ 57,144,030	\$ 54,472,885
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage							
of the total pension liability	60.28%	48.49%	51.45%	52.09%	51.53%	49.50%	53.62%
Covered payroll *	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll*	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

*Payroll-related information is not provided because the plan is closed to new entrants and there are no remaining active members.

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of the schedule.

CITY OF JACKSON Notes to Required Supplementary Information-MRS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

The information presented is based on June 30th measurement dates for each year. Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Contributions for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021 were based on the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Ultimate Asset Reserve
Amortization method	Not Applicable
Remaining amortization period	Not Applicable
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.00% - 4.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	6.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The following changes in actuarial assumptions or methods were made:

2021: Changes were made to the Mortality Table for both healthy and disabled lives.

The investment rate of return assumption was reduced from 7.75% to 7.55%.

The investment return assumption to calculate the certified millage rates was lowered from 6.25% to 6.05% to maintain a 150 basis point difference with the long-term investment return assumption.

- 2020: None
- 2019: The investment return assumption to calculate the certified millage rates was lowered from 6.50% to 6.25% and will maintain a 150 basis point difference with the long-term investment return assumption.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

Changes were made to the Mortality Table for both healthy and disabled lives.

- 2018: None
- 2017: Assumed rates of mortality have been revised to reflect the results of the experience investigation for the four-year period ended June 30, 2016 and adopted by the Board on April 25, 2017.
- 2016: None

CITY OF JACKSON Notes to Required Supplementary Information-MRS For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

2015: The post-retirement mortality tables have been changed.

The price of inflation assumption has been reduced from 3.50% to 3.00%.

The real rate of return net investment expenses has been changed from 4.50% to 4.75%. Due to this change and the change in price inflation, the investment return assumption has been changed from 8.00% to 7.75%.

Earlier years of pension information: Because GASB Statement No. 68 was first implemented by the City of Jackson for the year ended September 30, 2015, all ten years of the required supplementary information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 was not available. Additional years of data will be added as they become available.

	Original Budg e t	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
GENERAL FUND (001,002,003,004,010,0	11,01R,078,079,124,167,189,23	3,300,301,302,303,3	05,370,371,375,384)	
EVENUES				
icenses and Permits:				
rivilege Licenses-Misc	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 237	•
rivilege Licenses	355,000		264,787	(90,21
uilding Permits	685,309	685,309	621,324	(63,98
ir Conditioning & Duct Permit	43,085		19,083	(24,00
lumbing Permits	32,000		36,071	4,07
lectric Permits	156,509	156,509	123,913	(32,59
as Permits	32,144	32,144	39,719	7,57
aintenance Fees	3,470	3,470	-	(3,47
andscape Permits	350	350	-	(35
istoric Preservation Applic.	1,390	1,390	2,841	1,45
ance Hall & Other Recr Fees	2,000	2,000	1,812	(18
ransit Merchants-Peddlers Lic	1,250	1,250	-	(1,2
ircraft Registration	12,710	12,710	10,180	(2,53
dult Entertn-Licenses & Fees	2,000	2,000	6,945	4,94
pecial Event Fee	3,000	3,000	2,660	(34
igns-Misc.	7,527	7,527	4,050	(3,4)
ign Permits	35,850		24,890	(10,9
ign Registration	9,260		9,100	(10
igns Temporary	2,570		1,800	(7)
ire Inspection Permit	19,000		76,015	57,0
ommercial Burn Permit	401		800	39
onbust & Flamm Liquid Permit	7,400		11,100	3,70
ireworks Display Permit	900	• 100	900	0,70
oning Permits	38,834		43,975	5,14
axicab License Fees	500		43,975	(20
Total Licenses & Permits	1,452,559		1,302,502	(150,05
ines and Forfeitures:				
lisdemeanor Fines	200,000	200,000	156,160	(43,84
ehicle Parking Fines	50,000	50,000	44,312	(5,68
loving Traffic Violations	711,704	711,704	988,288	276,58
ity Court Costs	6,425	6,425	3,648	(2,7)
/arrant Fee	69,439		66,535	(2,9
nimal Control Citations	1,387		296	(1,0
lunicipal Court Computer	9,766		10,688	9:
rug Court			325	3:
unicipal Ct Drivers Impr Fees	35	35		(:
dministrative Fee + Del Cases	184,683		210,369	25,6
ontempt Fee + Municipal Court	51,674		39,919	(11,7
omputerzd Crime Preven+Police	11,115		11,546	4:
lunicipl Court Enhancement Fee	85,000		107,448	22,4
ackson Enhancement Fee	49,976		53,687	3,7
ad Check Fees			450	
ally Storage Fee+Vehicle	1,153		45,250	(7)
any storage reet venicle	60,000			(14,7)
/recker Fees	60,000	60,000	53,875	(6,12

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
Jackson Collection Fee (15%)	30,000	30,000	33,717	3,717
Docket Fee + Municipal Court	70,535	70,535	63,323	(7,212)
Dropped Charge Fee + Mun Crt	900	900	1,650	750
Cash Bond Clearing Account +Mc	(5,091)	(5,091)	14,985	20,076
Rearraignment Fee + Mun Court	9,833	9,833	10,201	368
Total Fines and Forfeitures	1,667,184	1,667,184	1,920,205	253,021
REVENUES				
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE				
FEDERAL				
Police Overtime - FBI/DEA Grant	59,325	59,325	60,109	784
DEA - Ms Gulf Coast (HIDTA)	26,806	26,806	12,784	(14,022)
DEA - Asset & Forfeiture	31,000	31,000	15,069	(15,931)
Total Intergovernmental - Federal	117,131	117,131	87,962	(29,169)
STATE				
Alcohol Permits + ABC	330,649	330,649	323,075	(7,574)
Gasoline Tax	569,395	569,395	625,448	56,053
Municipal Revolving Fund	133,412	133,412	86,528	(46,884)
State Fire Protection	1,024,101	1,024,101	-	(1,024,101)
Pro+rata State Sales Tax	26,000,000	26,000,000	26,175,015	175,015
Sewer Grant Repayment-Sales Tax		1,270,257	2,799,462	1,529,205
Homestead Exemption	1,808,881	1,808,881	1,548,398	(260,483)
Homestead Exemption Chargeback	20,423	20,423	15,076	(5,347)
Wireless Radio Communication Prgm	360,275	360,275		(360,275)
Bus & Truck Privilege Tax	431,879	431,879	355,097	(76,782)
MDOT Litter Pickup+JPD	12,660	12,660	555,057	(12,660)
Total Intergovernmental- State	30,691,675	31,961,932	31,928,099	(33,833)
LOCAL				
Pro-Rata County Road Tax	594,357	594,357	670,283	75,926
Smith Robertson Museum	3,300	3,300	7	(3,293)
Total Intergovernmental - Local	597,657	597,657	670,290	72,633
ADMISSIONS, FEES, RENTALS				
Parking Meters	100,000	100,000	43,994	(56,006)
Local Records Fee	3,669	3,669	1,804	(1,865)
MS GOV Crash Reports	-	37,750	89,150	51,400
Mun Aud+Thalia Mara Hall Rents	131,625	131,625	42,850	(88,775)
Smith Robtsn Museum+Donations	600	600	25	(575)
Sm Robtsn Mus+Admission Rental	4,000	4,000	1,940	(2,060)
Smith Robtsn Mus + Room Rent	5,425	5,424	2,715	(2,709)
Senior Centers Reservation Fee	1,200	1,200	-	(1,200)
Smith Robertson+Gift Shop Sale	80	80	346	266
And the solar builds that the solar solar build and the solar solar builds the solar build	4,100	4,100	1,320	(2,780)
Arts Ctr+Rent on Community Rm			100	50
	50	50	100	
			6,310	430
Carnival Inspection Fee	5,880	5,880	6,310	

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
Background Check Fee	10,530	10,530	1,975	(8,555)
Fingerprinting	24,115	24,115	20,508	(3,607)
Verification of Records	17,789	17,789	13,545	(4,244)
Bail Bondsman Applicant Photo	150	150	-	(150)
Telecomm. Franchise Agreement	518,845	518,845	386,342	(132,503)
Rents And Royalties	11,100	11,100	11,100	-
Tower Rentals	3,694,644	3,694,644	4,072,671	378,027
Pistol Range Rent	2,323	2,323	1,510	(813)
Sprinkler+Hydro Static+Pump	720	720	510	(210)
Fire Alarm Acceptance Test	630	630	1,680	1,050
Fire Re+Inspection	300	300	6,810	6,510
Fire Suppresion System Test	-	25	25	-
Fire Knox	600	600	740	140
Fire Truck on Site	-	3,600	7,700	4,100
Outdoor Advertising Leases	11,970	11,970	11,970	-
Rental Fee + Fire Museum	260	260	-	(260)
School TOURS Fee+ Fire Museum	1,476	1,476	-	(1,476)
Land Rental	10,000	10,000	13,104	3,104
Passport Fee	-	6,058	22,468	16,410
TSA Pre-check Services	-	10,166	29,176	19,010
Zoo Gift Shop	-	-	359	359
Zoo Admissions	-		2,884	2,884
Zoo Vendor Fees	-		68	68
Ad Val Applications	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100	100	-
Small Cell Application Fees		3,500	9,000	5,500
Total Admissions, Fees and Rentals	4,706,252	4,767,450	4,855,934	88,484
	4,700,202		+0000,000	00,404
Interest Revenues:				
Interest Earned on Investments	11,267	11,399	884	(10,515)
Interest Earned on Repos	268,686	292,388	313,694	21,306
Total Interest Earned	279,953	303,787	314,578	10,791
		000,707	014,070	10,701
Revenues				
Miscellaneous Income:				
Miscellaneous	-		717	717
JSU Reimbu	-	-	20,293	20,293
Data Collection	-	-	2,000	2,000
Public Utility Franchise Fee	4,752,792	4,752,792	4,475,461	(277,331)
Franchise Cable Television	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,153,535	(46,465)
Nuclear Power Plant	1,602,421	1,602,421	1,589,903	(12,518)
In+Lieu+of Property Tax	61,027	61,027	61,763	736
Water/Sewer Franchise Fee	972,534	972,534	972,534	-
T Warner+Pa/Ga Operation Fund	72,237	72,237	45,619	(26,618)
Sale of Land	60,167	60,167	2,980	(57,187)
Sale of Fixed Assets	127,916	421,099	378,493	(42,606)
Small Animal Control	1,200	1,200	920	(280)
Police+Misc	65,348	65,348	1,823	(63,525)
Police + Sale Of Weapons	15	15	12	(3)
Public Safety Comm Trng Reim	100,000	100,000	29,291	(70,709)
Union Station Tenants/Jra	102,379	102,379	98,927	(3,452)
Proceeds of Forfeitures			30,327	
	80,644	80,644	107 110	(80,644)
Grants & Donations	33,166	200,166	167,116	(33,050)
Indirect Cost	2,680,223	2,680,223	2,402,913	(277,310)
Other Departments	65,148	65,148	61,327	(3,821)

	Original	Final	Actual	Marianaa
	Budget	Budget	Amount	Variance
Hoener Endowment		81,600	81,600	-
.d. Badge Fee+City Employees	180	180	-	(180)
Parking Fee+City Employees	6,730	6,730	5,121	(1,609)
Admin. Fee+Payroll Deductions	15,725	15,725	8,900	(6,825)
//S Valley Refund	-	800	348	(452)
ntergy Refund	-	1,000	943	(57)
SCB Refund	-	220	125	(95)
uilding & Permit+Misc.	110,957	110,957	126,827	15,870
Numbing Exam	-	200	275	75
lectrical Exam	-	100	250	150
enalty on Demo/Grass/Weeds	10,000	10,000	99,876	89,876
ite Plan Review	16,157	16,157	13,860	(2,297)
ale of Maps Plan Specs	158	158	(936)	(1,094)
mith Robertson + Nissan Grant	23,775	20,115	-	(20,115)
raffic	170	170	41	(129)
bstract Fees MCS	6,961	6,961	6,495	(466)
inance - Misc.	-,	10	77	67
ellular Rebate	30,707	30,707	28,765	(1,942)
ity Clerk	15,271	15,271	16,560	1,289
nkind Peg Fees	38,810	38,810	29,237	(9,573
ublications + Misc	7,089	7,089	-	(7,089)
lary Jones Daycare	,,000	220		(220)
afeteria Plan+Flexible Spend	150,000	150,000		(150,000
ettlement of Insurance Claim Prop	75,000	509,108	469,629	(39,479
ire Department	75,000	-	102	102
roceeds of Long Term Debt	375,000	732,115	9,103,945	8,371,830
ees for Lost Fuelman Cards	375,000	181	3,103,345	224
Total Miscellaneous Income	- 12,859,907	14,191,984	21,458,072	7,266,088
perating Transfers In:				
Transfer In/From General Fund	1,690,225	2,400,240		(2,400,240)
Transfer In/From Other Funds	1,659,830	1,446,000		(1,446,000)
Total Operating Transfers In	3,350,055	3,846,240	-	(3,846,240)
Beginning Fund Balance	16,218,107	28,981,917	27,262,257	(1,719,660)
otal Revenue from Sources other than Taxation and Beginning Fund Balance	71,940,480	87,887,841	89,799,899	1,912,058
axes:				
urrent Realty Taxes	32,560,151	32,560,151	32,725,458	165,307
	···· ··· ··· ···			
urrent Personal Taxes	15,848,648	15,848,648	15,892,955	44,307
elinquent Reality Taxes	927,952	927,952	791,690	(136,262
elinquent Personal Taxes	218,093	218,093	95,135	(122,958
d Valorem Tax on Automobiles	6,338,610	6,338,610	7,536,789	1,198,179
lotor Vehicle Rental Tax DISTR	784,544	784,544	426,193	(358,351
terest on Delinquent Taxes	801,265	801,265	704,079	(97,186
amages on Delinquent Taxes	614,406	614,406	693,731	79,325
ehicle Tag Penalty	-	-	125	125
azardous Waste Tax	-	-	80	80
ail Car Taxes	64,473	64,473	68,958	4,485
ax Forfeited Land	100,000	100,000	224,443	124,443
IISC Fees Community Improvement	100,000	100,000	40,412	(59,588)
Total Taxes	58,358,142	58,358,142	59,200,048	841,906
otal Revenue from all Sources and Beginning Fund Balance \$	130,298,622 \$	146,245,983 \$	148,999,947 \$	2,753,964

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
POLICE				
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	27,578,635	27,013,735	26,310,258	(703,477
Supplies	2,111,599	2,599,322	2,226,294	(373,028
Other Services & Charges	1,209,949	1,833,449	1,635,378	(198,071
Capital Outlay	1,397,619	1,891,763	986,260	(905,503
Grants, Contributions	1,298,566	1,298,566	1,298,566	-
Debt Services	40,796	40,796	850,759	809,963
Total Expenditures	33,637,164	34,677,631	33,307,515	(1,370,116
FIRE	•			
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	21,341,520	21,334,920	21,207,977	(126,943
Supplies	907,129	1,022,866	853,241	(169,625
Other Services & Charges	948,453	814,453	670,022	(144,431
Capital Outlay	1,435,770	6,239,770	3,572,390	(2,667,380
Grants, Contributions	69	69	-	(69
Debt Services	34,506	97,746	702,261	604,515
Total Expenditures	24,667,447	29,509,824	27,005,891	(2,503,933)
PUBLIC WORKS				
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	7,207,578	7,142,891	5,993,149	(1,149,742
Supplies	1,692,170	1,671,148	1,455,889	(215,259
Other Services & Charges	3,282,643	3,954,015	2,484,176	(1,469,839
Capital Outlay	728,032	1,287,944	816,763	(471,181
Grants, Contributions	151,041	151,041	7,500	(143,541
Transfer to other funds	-	-	42,175	42,175
Debt Services	60,763	115,558	630,255	514,697
Total Expenditures	13,122,227	14,322,597	11,429,907	(2,892,690)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT				
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	2,612,791	2,523,306	2,307,884	(215,422
Supplies	86,456	78,595	47,237	(31,358
Other Services & Charges	4,531,120	4,635,120	4,712,422	77,302
Capital Outlay	17,815	187,834	96,636	(91,198
irants, Contributions	71,675	71,675	71,660	(15
ransfer to other funds	2,391,411	2,391,411	2,391,411	
Debt Service	1,025	1,025	-	(1,028
Fotal Expenditures	9,712,293	9,888,966	9,627,250	(261,716
HUMAN & CULTURAL SERVICES				
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	1,537,402	1,527,402	1,592,899	65,497
Supplies	251,498	114,848	56,529	(58,319
Other Services & Charges	1,640,001	565,405	458,933	(106,47)
Capital Outlay	432,792	707,166	244,844	(462,32)
Grants, Contributions	465,000	650,000	621,837	(28,16)
ransfer to other funds	258,898	1,535,384	1,528,488	(6,896
Debt Service	56,964	48,776	435,554	386,778
otal Expenditures	4,642,555	5,148,981	4,939,084	(209,897
PERSONNEL				
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	919,615	919,615	830,560	(89,055
Supplies	15,687	17,687	11,515	(6,172
Other Services & Charges	745,520	2,272,084	2,033,120	(238,964
apital Outlay	61,036	61,036	- 1	(61,03
rants, Contributions	1,337	1,337	-	(1,33)
ebt Services	11,541	11,541	48,383	36,84

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
ADMINISTRATION				
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	6,817,818	6,716,165	6,056,880	(659,285
Supplies	2,369,463	2,191,381	700,343	(1,491,038
Other Services & Charges	5,984,112	6,803,692	5,329,035	(1,474,657
Capital Outlay	2,918,709	2,476,507	1,031,122	(1,445,385
Grants, Contributions	10,100	10,100	-	(10,100
Transfer to other funds	1,446,000	1,446,000	-	(1,446,000
Debt Service	86,335	86,335	-	(86,335
Total Expenditures	19,632,537	19,730,180	13,117,380	(6,612,800
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	5,479,516	5,628,646	4,759,124	(869,522
Supplies	296,291	306,996	344,536	37,540
Other Services & Charges	5,492,751	5,580,625	4,652,122	(928,503
Capital Outlay	84,676	84,676	116,823	32,147
Grants, Contributions	410,648	903,352	2,745,410	1,842,058
Transfer to other funds	7,423,332	12,896,356	11,671,970	(1,224,386
Debt Service	2,999,112	2,999,112	2,303,077	(696,035
Total Expenditures	22,186,326	28,399,763	26,593,062	(1,806,701
MUNICIPAL CLERK				
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services	490,201	593,943	511,431	(82,512
Supplies	19,268	26,208	19,739	(6,469
Other Services & Charges	433,823	664,545	441,843	(222,702
Capital Outlay	45	45		(45
Total Expenditures	943,337	1,284,741	973,013	(311,728
Ending Fund Balance			19,083,267	19,083,267
Total General Fund Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$ 130,298,622 \$	146,245,983 \$	148,999,947	2,753,964

		Driginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
	STATE TORT CLAIMS	FUND (018)			
REVENUES					
Interest Earned on Investments	\$		\$ 200	\$ 458	\$ 258
Interest Earned on Repos		-	23	579	556
Transfers from General Fund		931,998	931,998	931,998	-
Beginning Fund Balance		4,138,362	 4,138,362	5,099,066	960,704
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	5,070,360	\$ 5,070,583	\$ 6,032,101	\$ 961,518
EXPENDITURES					
Other Services and Charges	\$	5,500	\$ 5,723	\$ 417,404	\$ 411,681
Grants, contributions		5,064,860	5,064,860	-	(5,064,860
Ending Fund Balance		-		5,614,697	5,614,697
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	5,070,360	\$ 5,070,583	\$ 6,032,101	\$ 961,518

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND (115)

REVENUES

Interest Earned on Investments Transfers from General Fund Beginning Fund Balance Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance EXPENDITURES	
Beginning Fund Balance 148,653 139,028 216,392 Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance \$ 148,653 \$ 196,210 \$ 390,683 \$	(1,169)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance \$ 148,653 \$ 196,210 \$ 390,683 \$	118,278
	77,364
EXPENDITURES	194,473
Other Services and Charges \$ 8,020 \$ 180,691 \$	172,671
Grants, contributions 140,633 188,190 -	188,190)
Ending Fund Balance - 209,992	209,992
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance \$ 148,653 \$ 196,210 \$ 390,683 \$	194,473

City of Jackson **General Fund** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Reconciliation of Budgetary Information to GAAP For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

GENERAL FUND

This budgetary statement represents a modified General Fund. Certain other funds are combined with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes. For managerial purposes, the City treats the General Fund, State Tort Fund, and the Unemployment Compensation Fund separately. However, the latter do not meet the criteria of major funds as set forth by GASB and for reporting purposes are presented in combination with the General Fund in order to comply with GAAP. However, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual compares the General Fund, State Tort Fund, and the Unemployment Compensation Fund as adopted in the budget along with the related revenues and expenditures. It does not separately reflect the budget or actual data for other individual funds captured within the General Fund. The table below shows the combination of the General Fund, the State Tort Fund, and the Unemployment Compensation Fund.

		General Fund	State Tort Claims Fund	Unemployment Compensation Fund	Eliminatior	າຣ	Combined General Fund
REVENUES							
General property taxes	\$	58,349,042	\$	-\$-	\$	-	\$ 58,349,042
Franchise taxes		7,157,495				-	7,157,495
Licenses and permits		1,292,321				-	1,292,321
Intergovernmental		36,150,677				-	36,150,677
Fines and forfeitures		1,920,205				-	1,920,205
Admissions, fees, rentals and concessions		5,006,692				-	5,006,692
Interest		314,579	1,03	7 -		-	315,616
Other		340,467				-	340,467
Total revenues		110,531,478	1,03	7 -		-	110,532,515
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		33,171,948	417,404	4 180,691		-	33,770,043
Public safety		54,201,736				-	54,201,736
Public works		9,940,714				-	9,940,714
Human and Cultural services		2,730,198				-	2,730,198
Debt Service:							
Principal		4,457,787				-	4,457,787
Interest and service charges		512,502				-	512,502
Capital outlay:							
General government		1,244,581				-	1,244,581
Public works		816,763				-	816,763
Public safety		4,558,650				-	4,558,650
Human and Cultural services		244,844		<u> </u>		-	244,844
Total expenditures		111,879,723	417,404	4 180,691		-	112,477,818
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(1,348,245)	(416,36)	7) (180,691))	-	(1,945,303)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		- 174,291	(174,	,291)	(174,291)
Transfers out		(15,634,044)	931,998	3 -	174,	, 29 1	(14,527,755)
Proceeds from long-term debt		732,965				-	732,965
Sale of capital assets		381,473				-	381,473
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(14,519,606)	931,998	3 174,291		-	(13,413,317)
Net change in fund balances	_	(15,867,851)	515,63	1 (6,400))	-	(15,358,620)
Fund balances at beginning of year		43,416,487	5,099,06	6 216,392		-	48,731,945
Fund balances at end of year - GAAP basis		27,548,636	5,614,69	7 209,992		-	33,373,325
Reconciliation of Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual							
Amounts reported for general fund activities under the budgetary basis are different from the amounts reported under the GAAP basis because:							
Revenues recognized on the budgetary basis for the general fund are recognized when cash is received		(8,465,369)				-	(8,465,369)
Fund balances at end of year - budgetary basis	\$	19,083,267	\$ 5,614,69	7 \$ 209,992	\$	-	\$ 24,907,956

		Driginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance
	SENIOR AID	ES FUND (01	2)				
REVENUES							
NCSC Senior Aides Transfer In/From General Fund Beginning Fund Balance	\$	385,161 78,953 -	\$	479,418 85,182 -	\$	452,429 85,182 (149,023)	(26,989) - (149,023)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	464,114	\$	564,600	\$	388,588	\$ (176,012)
EXPENDITURES							
Personnel Services Supplies Other Services and Charges Capital Outlay Ending Fund Balance	\$	456,234 2,600 3,000 2,280	\$	548,472 9,013 7,115 - -	\$	519,903 5,949 1,462 - (138,726)	(28,569) (3,064) (5,653) - (138,726)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	464,114	\$	564,600	\$	388,588	\$ (176,012)
FEDERAL GRANT FUND	(019, 063, 069,	083, 084, 087	,090,	, 103, 106, 117	, 119	9, 139)	
Interest Income Beginning Fund Balance	\$:	\$		\$	5,070 825,021	\$ 5,070 825,021
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	_	\$		\$	830,091	\$ 830,091
EXPENDITURES							
Ending Fund Balance	\$	-	\$		\$	830,091	\$ 830,091
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	830,091	\$ 830,091

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance
E/	ARLY CHIL	DHOOD FUND (081)					
REVENUES								
USDA Food Revenue (Daycare)	\$	216,928	\$	155,017	\$	58,985	\$	(96,032)
OCY- Partnership		750,027		750,027		36,435		(713,592)
Mary Jones Daycare		66,000		66,000		130,109		64,109
Westside Daycare		73,000		73,000		176,262		103,262
Daycare Program		-		3,305		3,305		-
Transfer In/From General Fund		158,265		158,265		151,369		(6,896)
Beginning Fund Balance		273,840		273,840		(10,600)		(284,440)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	1,538,060	\$	1,479,454	\$	545,865	\$	(933,589)
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel Services	\$	1,269,748	\$	1,273,053	\$	516,218	\$	(756,835)
Supplies	Ŧ	203,249	Ŧ	141,338	*	37,744	*	(103,594)
Other Services and Charges		64,671		64,671		29,642		(35,029)
Capital Outlay		392		392		-		(392)
Ending Fund Balance		-		-		(37,739)		(37,739)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	1,538,060	\$	1,479,454	\$	545,865	\$	(933,589)
		UND (085, 382)						
REVENUES		0112 (000, 002,						
CDBG - Housing & Community Development Grant	\$	3,381,880	\$	5,167,124		614,047	\$	(4,553,077)
Interest Earned		-		8,931		10,423		1,492
City Matching Funds		429,809		429,809		495,314		65,505
Lead Based Hazard Grant		1,032,503		1,032,503		-		(1,032,503)
Program Income/Other Department		-		1,242		6,324		5,082
Transfer In from other funds		44,928		44,928		44,928		-
Beginning Fund Balance		-		22,667		(843,649)		(866,316)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	4,889,120	\$	6,707,204	\$	327,387	\$	(6,379,817)
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel Services	\$	835,567	\$	835,567		506,245	\$	(329,322)
Supplies		31,480		41,650		47,873		6,223
Other Services and Charges		2,620,139		2,241,155		56,731		(2,184,424)
Capital Outlay		5,199		2,292,097		1,054,203		(1,237,894)
Grants, Contribution		1,396,735		1,296,735		-		(1,296,735)
Ending Fund Balance		-		-		(1,337,665)		(1,337,665)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	4,889,120	\$	6,707,204	\$	327,387	\$	(6,379,817)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance
EM	IERGENCY SI	HELTER GRANT	Т (08	6)				
REVENUES								
Emergency Shelter Grant	\$	256,065	\$	256,065	\$	39,869	\$	(216,196)
Beginning Fund Balance				×		(39,869)		(39,869)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	256,065	\$	256,065	\$		\$	(256,065)
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel Services	\$	31,357	\$	31,357	\$	11,677	\$	(19,680)
Grants, Contribution		224,708		224,708		-		(224,708)
Ending Fund Balance		-				(11,677)		(11,677)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	256,065	\$	256,065	\$	-	\$	(256,065)
METRO	D MEDICAL R	ESPONSE SYS	TEM	l (093)				
REVENUES								
MMRS Grant-Metro Med Response	\$	25,198	\$	25,198	\$	-	\$	(25,198)
Interest on Investment		-		200		244		44
Beginning Fund Balance		-		-		1,213		1,213
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	25,198	\$	25,398	\$	1,457	\$	(23,941)
EXPENDITURES								
Supplies	\$	105	\$	305	\$	-	\$	(305)
Other Services and Charges		24,445		-		-		-
Grants and Contributions		-		24,445		-		(24,445)
Capital Outlay Ending Fund Balance		648		648		- 1,457		(648) 1,457
		05 100	*		*		*	
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	25,198	\$	25,398	\$	1,457	\$	(23,941)

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
	HOME PR	OGRAM (120)				
REVENUES						
Home Program Home - Program Income Other Revenue Beginning Fund Balance	\$	2,881,959 - - -	\$	3,477,936 - 2,000 -	\$ 252,895 6,150 - (254,079)	\$ (3,225,041) 6,150 (2,000) (254,079)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	2,881,959	\$	3,479,936	\$ 4,966	\$ (3,474,970)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel Services Supplies Other Services and charges Grants and Contributions Ending Fund Balance	\$	118,265 7,800 16,012 2,739,882 -	\$	120,265 7,800 16,012 3,335,859	\$ 69,909 537 180 475,447 (541,107)	\$ (50,356) (7,263) (15,832) (2,860,412) (541,107)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	2,881,959	\$	3,479,936	\$ 4,966	\$ (3,474,970)
	HOPWA GR	ANT FUND (12	2)			
REVENUES						
HOPWA Grant-Dept. of HUD Beginning Fund Balance	\$	2,256,236	\$	2,256,236	\$ 158,259 (102,856)	\$ (2,097,977) (102,856)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	2,256,236	\$	2,256,236	\$ 55,403	\$ (2,200,833)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel Services Supplies Other Services and charges Grants, Contributions Ending Fund Balance	\$	107,432 2,500 13,768 2,132,536 -	\$	107,432 2,500 13,768 2,132,536 -	25,594 1,500 576 441,517 (413,784)	\$ (81,838) (1,000) (13,192) (1,691,019) (413,784)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	2,256,236	\$	2,256,236	\$ 55,403	\$ (2,200,833)

		Driginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
		AGING (125)			
REVENUES					
Title IIIB Outreach	\$	21,000	\$ 21,000	\$ 20,750	\$ (250)
Title IIIB Transportation		197,000	197,000	84,508	(112,492)
Title III Congregate Meals SSBG Title XX Home Delivery		121,441 260,000	150,441 320,000	121,441 303.292	(29,000) (16,708)
Interest Earned		200,000	9,370	11,104	1,734
Grants & Donations		10,935	10,935	5,176	(5,759)
Title III Congregate Donation		3,000	3,000	140	(2,860)
Title XX-Transportation Donation P.I.		500	500	-	(500)
Transfer In/From General Fund		21,680	21,680	21,680	-
Beginning Fund Balance		344,208	344,208	1,210,040	865,832
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	979,764	\$ 1,078,134	\$ 1,778,131	\$ 699,997
EXPENDITURES					
Personnel Services	\$	170,708	\$ 172,208	\$ 178,959	\$ 6,751
Supplies		481,851	578,721	430,537	(148,184)
Other Services and charges		325,205	325,205	313,651	(11,554)
Capital Outlay		2,000	2,000	-	(2,000)
Ending Fund Balance	-	-	 -	854,984	 854,984
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	979,764	\$ 1,078,134	\$ 1,778,131	\$ 699,997
	AMERIC	ORPS (134)			
REVENUES					
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 96,019	\$ 96,019
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$		\$ -	\$ 96,019	\$ 96,019
EXPENDITURES					
Ending Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ 	\$ 96,019	\$ 96,019
					96,019

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance
ED BYRNE MEMOR	RIAL GRANT F	UND (353, 356	, 359	, 361,367,378,	383)		
REVENUES							
Edward Byrne Mem Justice Grant 2019 JAG	\$	246,114	\$	246,114 244,071	\$	226,576	\$ (19,538) (244,071)
2020 JAG Beginning Fund Balance			\$	213,553 3,843		- (76,661)	\$ (213,553) (80,504)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	246,114	\$	707,581	\$	149,915	(557,666)
EXPENDITURES							
Supplies & Materials Other Services & Charges Grants, Contributions Capital Outlay Ending Fund Balance	\$	40,000 206,114 -	\$	7,692 12,963 70,378 616,548 -	\$	- - 208,638 (58,723)	\$ (7,692) (12,963) (70,378) (407,910) (58,723)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	246,114	\$	707,581	\$	149,915	\$ (557,666)
КАВООМ	GRANT-PLAY	ground Equ	IPMI	ENT (354)			
REVENUES							
KABOOM-Playground Equipment Beginning Fund Balance	\$	38,151 -	\$	38,151 -	\$	- 29,887	\$ (38,151) 29,887
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	38,151	\$	38,151	\$	29,887	\$ (8,264)
EXPENDITURES							
Grants, Contribution Ending Fund Balance	\$	38,151 -	\$	38,151 -	\$	- 29,887	\$ (38,151) 29,887
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	38,151	\$	38,151	\$	29,887	\$ (8,264)

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
	TIGER C	GRANT (357)				
REVENUES						
Tiger Grant Beginning Fund Balance	\$	5,738,434 -	\$	5,738,434 -	\$ 6,133,761 (4,587,545)	\$ 395,327 (4,587,545)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	5,738,434	\$	5,738,434	\$ 1,546,216	\$ (4,192,218)
EXPENDITURES						
Other Services and Charges Capital Outlay Ending Fund Balance	\$	5,738,434 - -	\$	5,738,434 - -	\$ - 2,389,291 (843,075)	\$ (5,738,434) 2,389,291 (843,075)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	5,738,434	\$	5,738,434	\$ 1,546,216	\$ (4,192,218)
BI	IGHT ELIMIN	ATION GRANT	(36	0)		
REVENUES			100	.,		
Intergovernmental- Federal Beginning Fund Balance	\$	323,560	\$	3,074,060 -	\$ 65,582 99,193	\$ (3,008,478) 99,193
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	323,560	\$	3,074,060	\$ 164,775	\$ (2,909,285)
EXPENDITURES						
Other Services and Charges Grants and Contribution Ending Fund Balance	\$	1,060 322,500 -	\$	1,060 3,073,000 -	\$ 401 963,104 (798,730)	\$ (659) (2,109,896) (798,730)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	323,560	\$	3,074,060	\$ 164,775	\$ (2,909,285)
	BODY CAME	RA GRANT (3	62)			
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental- Federal Transfer from Other Funds Beginning Fund Balance	\$	4,612 - -	\$	4,612 - -	\$ (155,309) 150,697 4,612	\$ (159,921) 150,697 4,612
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	4,612	\$	4,612	\$ _	\$ (4,612)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Outlay	\$	4,612	\$	4,612	\$ 	\$ (4,612)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	4,612	\$	4,612	\$ -	\$ (4,612)

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
	CARES ACT SB3047	(384)			
REVENUES					
Cares Act Senate Bill 3047 Transfer In/From General Fund Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- \$ - -		\$ 4,064,043 130,000 (4,064,043)	\$ 4,064,043 130,000 (4,064,043
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- \$		\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000
EXPENDITURES					
Other Services and Charges	\$	- \$	-	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	- \$	-	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000
	MEMA- FEMA (39	7)			
REVENUES					
MEMA-FEMA Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- \$ -		\$ 70,971 (70,429)	\$ 70,971 (70,429)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- \$	<u> </u>	\$ 542	\$ 542
EXPENDITURES					
Ending Fund Balance	\$	- \$		\$ 542	\$ 542
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	- \$	-	\$ 542	\$ 542
	ARPA FUND (391)			
REVENUES					
Coronavirus Recovery Funds	\$	- \$	21,049,165	\$ 1,095,958	\$ (19,953,207)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- \$	21,049,165	\$ 1,095,958	\$ (19,953,207)
EXPENDITURES					
Other Services Charges Capital Outlay Transfer to Other Funds Grants, Contribution	\$	- \$ - -	5,000,000 7,798,500 - 8,250,665	\$ - 525,958 570,000	\$ (5,000,000) (7,798,500) 525,958 (7,680,665)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	- \$	21,049,165	\$ 1,095,958	\$ (19,953,207)

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount		Variance
ESC	CORONAVIRUS	(379)				
REVENUES						
ESG Covid	\$	- \$	2,019,780	\$ 409,08	5\$	(1,610,695)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- \$	2,019,780	\$ 409,08	5\$	(1,610,695)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel Services Supplies & Materials Grants, Contribution Ending Fund Balance	\$	- \$ - -	57,522 148,955 1,813,303 -	\$ 92,32 3,13 574,06 (260,43	D 3	34,800 (145,825) (1,239,240) (260,430)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	- \$	2,019,780	\$ 409,08	5\$	(1,610,695)
DO	J CORONAVIRUS	(377)				
REVENUES						
Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- \$	748,906	\$	- \$	(748,906)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- \$	748,906	\$	- \$	(748,906)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel Services Supplies & Materials	\$	- \$ -	548,906 200,000	\$	- \$	(548,906) (200,000)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	- \$	748,906	\$	- \$	(748,906)
НОР	WA COVID CARES	6 (380)				
REVENUES						
GH HOPWA MUTETH	\$	- \$ -	104,345 104,345	\$ 104,34 104,34		- (1)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- \$	208,690	208,68	9\$	(1)
EXPENDITURES						
Grants and Contributions	\$	- \$	208,690	\$ 208,68	9\$	(1)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	- \$	208,690	\$ 208,68	9\$	(1)

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount		Variance
	JPD SAKI (38	8)				
REVENUES						
2020 SAKI	\$	- \$	710,211	\$	- \$	(710,211)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- \$	710,211	\$	- \$	(710,211)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel Services	\$	- \$	211,264	\$	- \$	(211,264)
Supplies & Materials		-	161,111		-	(161,111)
Other Services & Charges			3,732		-	(3,732)
Capital Outlay		-	334,104		-	(334,104)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	- \$	710,211	\$	- \$	(710,211)

For managerial and budgeting purposes, the City maintains multiple special revenue funds for federal grants that it treats separately. However, these separate federal grant funds do not meet the criteria for separate fund presentation as set forth by GASB and for reporting purposes are presented together as a single Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund in order to comply with GAAP. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget to Actual compares the budgets adopted for various separate federal grant funds with the related revenues and expenditures of these separate funds. Following is a reconciliation of the ending budgetary basis fund balances of the separate federal grant funds to the ending GAAP basis fund balance of the Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund.

Ending budgetary basis fund balance:	
Senior Aides Fund	\$ (138,726)
Federal Grant Fund	830,091
Early Childhood Fund	(37,739)
CDBG Fund	(1,337,665)
Emergency Shelter Grant Fund	(11,677)
Metro Medical Response System Fund	1,457
Home Program Fund	(541,107)
HOPWA Grant Fund	(413,784)
Title III Aging Fund	854,984
Americorps Fund	96,019
Ed Byrne Memorial Grant Fund	(58,723)
Kaboom Grant- Playground Equipment Fund	29,887
TIGER Grant Fund	(843,075)
Blight Elimination Grant Fund	(798,730)
MEMA FEMA 4538-DR-MS Fund	542
ESG Coronavirus	 (260,430)
	(2,628,676)
Amounts reported are different under GAAP basis because:	
Revenues under the budgetary basis are recognized	
when cash is received	 2,917,933
Ending GAAP basis fund balance	\$ 289,257

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
	BOND AND	INTEREST F	UND	i i		
REVENUES						
Current Realty Taxes	\$	6,868,548	\$	6,996,556	\$ 6,978,408	\$ (18,148)
Current Personal Taxes		3,261,146		3,261,146	3,320,597	59,451
Delinquent Realty Taxes		1		1	106,901	106,900
Delinquent Personal Taxes		- 1.1		10,000	11,848	1,848
Ad Valorem Tax on Automotive		1,332,382		1,332,382	880,151	(452,231)
Aircraft Registration		-		1,025	2,090	1,065
Homestead Exemption		22,243		20,918	323,440	302,522
Homestead Exemption Chargeback		-		1,900	3,149	1,249
Interest Earnings		-		25,803	165,421	139,618
Capital City Convention Center		59,393		-	4,312,643	4,312,643
County Taxes		59,393		59,393	65,165	5,772
Sale of Bonds		-		16,920,000	16,920,000	-
Premium on Sale of Bonds		-		2,995,428	2,995,428	-
Transfer In From Other Funds		33,370,140		19,205,167	4,159,639	(15,045,528)
Beginning Fund Balance		213,830		438,411	 8,472,157	8,033,746
Total Revenue and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	45,187,076	\$	51,268,130	\$ 48,717,037	\$ (2,551,093)
EXPENDITURES						
Other Services & Charges	\$		\$	38,035	\$	\$ (38,035)
Debt Service		33,488,926		18,639,275	16,617,954	(2,021,321)
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		-		-	19,649,611	19,649,611
Grants and Contributions		430		141,826	-	(141,826)
Operating Transfers In/From Other Funds		11,697,720		32,448,994	-	(32,448,994)
Ending Fund Balance		-		-	12,449,472	12,449,472
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	45,187,076	\$	51,268,130	\$ 48,717,037	(2,551,093)

City of Jackson 1% Infrastructure Tax Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance
1% INF	RAST	RUCTURE TAX	X (1	73)			
REVENUES							
General Property Taxes	\$	12,884,592	\$	12,884,592	1	15,662,832.00	\$ 2,778,240
Interest Earned		-		146,126		165,408	19,282
Transfer In		21,382,180		21,382,180		-	(21,382,180)
Beginning Fund Balance		-		(146,126)		15,607,550	15,753,676
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	34,266,772	\$	34,266,772	\$	31,435,790	\$ (2,830,982)
EXPENDITURES							
Other Services and Charges	\$	30,107,482	\$	26,235,514	\$	107,139	(26,128,375)
Transfers		4,159,282		4,160,782		5,057,078	896,296
Capital Outlay		8		3,870,476		13,202,714	9,332,238
Ending Fund Balance		-		-		13,068,859	13,068,859
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	34,266,772	\$	34,266,772	\$	31,435,790	(2,830,982)

City of Jackson Infrastructure Bond 2020 Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
INFRAST	RUCT	URE BOND 20)20	(157)		
REVENUES						
Other Revenues	\$	38,887,332	\$	-	\$	\$ -
Sales of Bond		-		32,140,000	-	(32,140,000)
Premium		-		6,747,332	-	(6,747,332)
Interest Earned		-		-	17,493	17,493
Beginning Fund Balance		-		-	35,001,482	35,001,482
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	38,887,332	\$	38,887,332	\$ 35,018,975	\$ (3,868,357)
EXPENDITURES						
Other Services & Charges	\$		\$	3,225,471	\$ -	\$ (3,225,471)
Capital Outlay		-		11,755,837	6,531,185	(5,224,652)
Grants, Contribution		35,000,000		23,234,292	-	(23,234,292)
Transfers to Other Funds		3,215,600		-	-	-
Debt Service		671,732		671,732	_	(671,732)
Ending Fund Balance		-		-	28,487,790	28,487,790
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	38,887,332	\$	38,887,332	\$ 35,018,975	\$ (3,868,357)

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NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Parks and Recreation Special Revenue Fund

To account for the operation and maintenance of all City-owned parks. Financing is provided by a 2- Mill annual property tax levy, admissions, fees and concessions. Appropriations are made from General Fund sources to the extent that such tax levy and other revenues are not sufficient to finance expenditures.

Disability and Relief Special Revenue Fund

To account for the receipt of revenues, principally tax levies, for the pensions of retired and disabled police and fireman employed prior to April 1, 1976.

State Grant Special Revenue Fund

To account for proceeds of state grants or loans other than those grants or loans for Enterprise Fund or Capital Projects Fund items.

Improvement Special Revenue Fund

To account for revenues that are restricted for improvements and major repairs to City facilities. The revenues are provided primarily by external grantors.

Library Special Revenue Fund

To account for receipt of revenues, principally tax levies, for the support, upkeep, and maintenance of the Jackson-Hinds Library System (JHLS). Additionally, this fund is used to account for certain lease & maintenance costs related to city owned/leased buildings utilized by JHLS.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Cont.)

1998 General Obligation Bond Capital Project Fund

To account for proceeds of general obligation bonds of \$35,000,000 issued to finance certain projects including storm drainage systems, construction of a youth detention center, and repairing buildings.

2003 General Obligation Bond Capital Project Fund

To account for funds raised to pay cost of multiple tasks for the City for various departments.

2009 General Obligation Bond Capital Project Fund

To account for proceeds of general obligation bonds of \$26,210,000 issued to pay the costs of constructing, improving and paving streets, sidewalks, driveways, parkways and public parking facilities.

Capitol Street 2 - Way Capital Project Fund

To account for revenues restricted for improvements to Capitol Street.

2012 General Obligation Note Capital Project Fund

To account for proceeds of general obligation note of \$11,500,000 providing updates to City Facilities and rehabilitation of sewer line projects.

Thalia Mara Hall Renovation Capital Project Fund

To account for proceeds received for the renovation and improvements being made to Thalia Mara Hall.

Modernization Tax Capital Project Fund

To account for the City's portion of state sales tax restricted to pay for repair, maintenance, and reconstruction of roads, streets and bridges.

Museum to Market Capital Project Fund

To account for proceeds received for the walking and biking trail from LeFleur's Bluff State Park to the Mississippi Agriculture Museum.

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City of Jackson Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of September 30, 2021

			Special R	evenue		
	Parks and Recreation	Disability and Relief	State Grants	Improvement Fund	Library	Total Special Revenue
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 877,121	\$ 510,671	\$ 2,703,332	\$ 5,785,019	\$ 173,460	\$ 10,049,603
Receivables	2,518,167	4,618,877	636,500	2,627,805	2,084,169	12,485,518
Total assets	\$ 3,395,288	\$ 5,129,548	\$ 3,339,832	\$ 8,412,824	\$ 2,257,629	\$ 22,535,121
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 93,897	\$ 537,588	\$ 86,424	\$ 717,247	\$ 9,454	\$ 1,444,610
Unearned grant revenue	-	-	1,629,469	32,289	-	1,661,758
Other liabilities	84,882					84,882
Total liabilities	178,779	537,588	1,715,893	749,536	9,454	3,191,250
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes levied for subsequent year	2,388,985	4,527,127		1,342,760	2,066,472	10,325,344
Total deferred inflow of resources	2,388,985	4,527,127		1,342,760	2,066,472	10,325,344
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	315,658	-	1,623,939	-	181,703	2,121,300
Committed	511,866	64,833	-	6,320,528	-	6,897,227
Total fund balances	827,524	64,833	1,623,939	6,320,528	181,703	9,018,527
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 3,395,288	\$ 5,129,548	\$ 3,339,832	\$ 8,412,824	\$ 2,257,629	\$ 22,535,121

						Capital Proj	ects												
98 GO Bond	2003 Bo		9 GO and	ital Street 2-way	2	012 GO Note		Mara Hall ovation	dernization Capital Fund	Musuem-to- Market Project								tal Capital Projects	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
\$ 11,143 -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 400,081 85,400	\$	776,591 -	\$	117 _	\$ 2,356,374	\$	- 57,911	\$ 3,544,306 143,311	\$ 13,593,909 12,628,829						
\$ 11,143	\$	-	\$ 	\$ 485,481	\$	776,591	\$	117	\$ 2,356,374	\$	57,911	\$ 3,687,617	\$ 26,222,738						
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 48,478 - -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$ 1,776,758 - -	\$	- -	\$ 1,825,236 - -	\$ 3,269,846 1,661,758 84,882						
 -		-	 -	 48,478	_	-		-	 1,776,758		-	 1,825,236	 5,016,486						
 -		<u>-</u>	 -	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-	 		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u> -	 10,325,344 10,325,344						
 11,143 - 11,143		-	 -	 437,003		776,591 - 776,591		117 	 579,616 - 579,616		57,911 - 57,911	 1,862,381 - 1,862,381	 3,983,681 6,897,227 10,880,908						
\$ 11,143	\$	-	\$ _	\$ 485,481	\$	776,591	\$	117	\$ 2,356,374	\$	57,911	\$ 3,687,617	\$ - 26,222,738						

City of Jackson Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Specia	al Revenue		
	Parks and Recreation	Disability and Relief	State Grants	Improvement Fund	Library	Total Special Revenue
REVENUES						
General property taxes	\$ 2,438,195	\$ 4,687,039	\$-	\$ 1,277,080	\$ 2,086,288	\$ 10,488,602
Intergovernmental	68,553	447,738	1,977,542	3,107,157	58,613	5,659,603
Admissions, fees, rentals and concessions	373,648	-	-	-	-	373,648
Interest	1,900	2,228	14,919	22,558	-	41,605
Other grants and donations	22,552		853,288			875,840
Total revenues	2,904,848	5,137,005	2,845,749	4,406,795	2,144,901	17,439,298
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	-	-	268,796	4,000	-	272,796
Public safety	-	5,136,731	203,403	-	-	5,340,134
Public works	-	-	-	1,302,415	-	1,302,415
Human and cultural services	7,280,176	-	1,120,285	-	2,081,387	10,481,848
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	294,508	-	-	-	-	294,508
Interest and service charges	11,074	-	-	-	-	11,074
Capital outlay:						
Public safety	-	-	13,300	-	-	13,300
Public works	-	-	-	2,861,710	-	2,861,710
Human and cultural services	251,066		-		-	251,066
Total expenditures	7,836,824	5,136,731	1,605,784	4,168,125	2,081,387	20,828,851
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	(4,931,976)	274	1,239,965	238,670	63,514	(3,389,553)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers In	4,809,446	-	-	1,675,159	-	6,484,605
Transfers Out	-	-	-	(505,407)	-	(505,407)
Issuance of long-term debt	108,501	-	-	-	-	108,501
Total other financing sources	4,917,947			1,169,752		6,087,699
Net change in fund balances	(14,029)	274	1,239,965	1,408,422	63,514	2,698,146
Fund balances - beginning	841,553	64,559	383,974	4,912,106	118,189	6,320,381
Fund balances - ending	\$ 827,524	\$ 64,833	\$ 1,623,939	\$ 6,320,528	\$ 181,703	\$ 9,018,527

			Capit	al Projects					
1998 GO Bond	2003 GO Bond	2009 GO Bond	Capital Street 2-way	2012 GO Note	Thalia Mara Hall Renovation	Modernization Tax Capital Fund	Musuem-to- Market Project	Total Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 10,488,602
-	-	-	323,941	-	-	4,233,418	467,054	5,024,413	10,684,016
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	373,648
109	-	1,022	5,945	7,661	1	-	-	14,738	56,343
									875,840
109		1,022	329,886	7,661	1	4,233,418	467,054	5,039,151	22,478,449
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	272,796
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,340,134
-	192,144	-	-	-	-	-	-	192,144	1,494,559
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,481,848
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	294,508
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,074
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,300
-	552,949	234,451	574,829	-	-	-	409,143	1,771,372	4,633,082
									251,066
	745,093	234,451	574,829				409,143	1,963,516	22,792,367
109	(745,093)	(233,429)	(244,943)	7,661	1	4,233,418	57,911	3,075,635	(313,918)
-	406,453	98, 9 54	-	-	-	-	-	505,407	6,990,012
-	(46,300)	-	-	-	-	(4,234,610)	-	(4,280,910)	(4,786,317)
									108,501
	360,153	98,954	-			(4,234,610)		(3,775,503)	2,312,196
109	(384,940)	(134,475)	(244,943)	7,661	1	(1,192)	57,911	(699,868)	1,998,278
11,034	384,940	134,475	681,946	768,930	116	580,808	-	2,562,249	8,882,630
\$ 11,143	\$-	\$-	\$ 437,003	\$ 776,591	\$ 117	\$ 579,616	\$ 57,911	\$ 1,862,381	\$ 10,880,908

City of Jackson Parks and Recreation Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Original

Einel.

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance
	PARKS AND RECREAT	10N (005,390))					
REVENUES								
Aircraft Registration	\$	500	\$	500	\$	442	\$	(5
Iomestead Exemption		65,000		65,000		67,454		2,45
Iomestead Exemption Chargeback		-		1,000		657		(34
loo Bond		-		75,312		-		(75,31
Sonny Guy Green Fees		45,000		45,000		86,868		41,86
Sonny Guy Pk Elec Glf Cart Ren		25,000		25,000		39,972		14,97
Sonny Guy Pull Cart		1,247		1,247		-		(1,24
lange Balls		-		-		4,468		4,46
Swimming Fees		10,000		10,000		3,391		(6,60
Athletic Fees		17,500		17,500		15,888		(1,61
Gym User Fees		15,000		15,000		9,264		(5,73
Parks Building Rentals		12,500		12,500		7,325		(5,17
Parks Field Rentals		10,000		10,000		5,495		(4,50
Parks Concessions		100		100				(10
Parks Programs Registration		7,000		7,000		2,640		(4,36
ones Center Rental		8,000		8,000				(8,00
Dance Karate Aerobics		1,000		1,000				(1,00
Parks-Other		2,000		2,000				(2,00
/endor Fees - Park Events		2,000		2,000		375		(1,62
Admissions /Summer Festivals		30,000		30,000		2,503		(27,49
itlot		50,000		4,010		2,505		(4,01
Mynelle Garden-Photography		2,161		2,161		291		(1,87
		5,000		5,000		1,899		(3,10
/lynelle Garden Admissions /lynelle Garden Rental		499		499				(3,10
						423		
Aynelle Garden Weddings		2,000		2,000		2,500		50
Aynelle Garden Gift Shop Sales		200		200		35		(16
Mynelle Garden Grants		1,211		1,211		-		(1,21
Donations-Summer Festivals		24,000		24,000		10,882		(13,11
Rents and Royalties		22,000		22,000		20,010		(1,99
Zoo Gift Shop		-		2,000		6,251		4,25
Zoo Admissions		-		75,000		129,211		54,21
Zoo Vendor		-		9,000		14,838		5,83
nterest Earned On Investments		-		13		20		
nterest On Checking		-		5,020		1,880		(3,14
Grants & Donations		30,884		34,244		9,359		(24,88
Other Departments		-		1,000		2,312		1,31
Cemeteries Opening Clsg & Misc		25,000		25,000		21,800		(3,20
Proceeds Of Long Term Debt		108,501		108,501		187,791		79,29
Transfers In/From General Fund		1,297,877		4,809,446		4,809,446		-
Beginning Fund Balance		2,508,453		422,162		620,709		198,54
Total Revenue from Sources other than Taxation	_	4,279,633		5,880,626		6,086,399		205,77
axes								
Real Property		1,418,434		1,418,434		1,423,523		5,08
Personal Property		690,422		690,422		691,951		1,52
Delinquent Real		43,160		43,160		32,545		(10,61
Delinquent Personal		1,595		1,595		3,883		2,28
Automotive		278,310		278,310		296,865		18,55
Total Taxes		2,431,921		2,431,921		2,448,767	_	16,84
otal Beginning Fund Balance and Anticipated Revenue from all Sources	\$	6,711,554	\$	8,312,547	\$	8,535,166	\$	222,61
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel Services	\$	4,490,741	¢	4,746,702	¢	4,580,620	¢	(166,08
Supplies	•		3		φ			
		554,875		753,205		693,308 2.006,248		(59,89
Other Services and Charges		1,116,234		2,232,941				(226,69
Capital Outlay		488,665		514,660		251,066		(263,59
Debt Service		61,039		65,039		305,582		240,54
Ending Fund Balance		-		-		698,342		698,34
otal Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	6,711,554	*	8,312,547		8,535,166		222,61

City of Jackson Disability and Relief Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance
ſ	DISABILITY AND RELI	EF FUND (05	5)				
REVENUES							
Real Property	\$	2,735,960	\$	2,735,960	\$	2,728,785	\$ (7,175)
Personal Property		1,299,017		1,299,017		1,322,336	23,319
Delinquent Realty		4,500		4,500		65,852	61,352
Delinquent Personal		-		7,000		8,324	1,324
Automotive		530,730		530,730		582,919	52,189
Aircraft Registration		-		450		848	398
Homestead Exemption		67,508		66,232		130,091	63,859
Fire Insurance Premium Tax		-		-		265,127	265,127
Interest Income		-		2,006		2,228	222
Beginning Fund Balance		-		200	_	3,304	3,104
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	4,637,715	\$	4,646,095	\$	5,109,814	\$ 463,719
EXPENDITURES							
Other Services and Charges	\$		\$	4,646,095	\$	5,136,731	\$ 490,636
Grants and Contributions		4,637,715		-		-	-
Ending Fund Balance		-		-		(26,917)	(26,917)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	4,637,715	\$	4,646,095	\$	5,109,814	\$ 463,719

City of Jackson State Grants Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance
STATE GRANTS FUNDS (076,	,088,107,108,1	09,123,132,14	0,18	0,340,350,385,	396)			
REVENUES								
Homeland Securtiy Grant	\$	17	\$	-	\$		\$	
Intergovernmental Revenue-Public Safety		36,878		100,091		78,217		(21,874)
Intergovernmental Revenue-Kellogg		500,000		-		479,121		479,121
Healthy Babies		-		20,000		-		(20,000)
Kellogg Foundation		133,262		-		177,747		177,747
Fitlot Partnership		-		-		4,010		4,010
Project SA		70,649		70,649		62,853		(7,796)
Intergovernmental - Planetarium		-		-		1,000,000		1,000,000
Public Safety Planning-Police Traffic				300,000		107,387		(192,613)
DPS Coronavirus				10,000		10,000		(
MHC				10,000		13,500		13,500
Interest				11,808		14,891		3,083
		540,429		1,148,936				
Beginning Fund Balance		540,429		1,146,930		136,922		(1,012,014)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	1,281,235	\$	1,661,484	\$	2,084,648	\$	423,164
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries	\$	201,515	\$	404,763	\$	725,421	\$	320,658
Supplies & Materials		105,867		188,400		137,511		(50,889)
Other Services and Charges		783,838		1,011,020		582,227		(428,793)
Capital Outlay		190,015		57,301		13,300		(44,001)
Ending Fund Balance		-		-		626,189		626,189
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	1,281,235	\$	1,661,484	\$	2,084,648	\$	423,164
			•	1,001,101	<u> </u>	2,00 1,0 10	<u> </u>	120,101
	CAO GR	ANTS (373)						
REVENUES								
NLC CAO Grant	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
RWJ Foundation Grant		-		158,516		158,516		-
CJOBS Grant		-		-		7,200		7,200
Beginning Fund Balance		-		39,318		29,318		(10,000)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	· .	\$	197,834	\$	205,034	\$	7,200
EXPENDITURES								
Supplies & Materials	\$	-	\$	24,318	\$	3,766	\$	(20,552)
Other Services and Charges		-		173,516		68,227		(105,290)
Ending Fund Balance		-		-		133,042		133,042
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$		\$	197,834	\$	205,034	\$	7,200
								- ,

City of Jackson State Grants Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

)riginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
	PLANNING SBDC	(0381)			
REVENUES					
COJ SBDC Beginning Fund Balance	\$:	\$ 8 ,775 -	\$ 11,969 (8,775)	\$ 3,194 (8,775)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$		\$ 8,775	\$ 3,194	\$ (5,581)
EXPENDITURES					
Supplies & Materials Ending Fund Balance	\$:	\$ 8,775 -	\$ - 3,194	\$ (8,775) 3,194
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ 8,775	\$ 3,194	\$ (5,581)
	DFA JACKSON ZOO B	SOND (374)			
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental - DFA Jackson Zoo Bond Interest Earned Beginning Fund Balance	\$	150,650 - -	\$ 75,312 20 -	\$ - 28 75,318	\$ (75,312) 8 75,318
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	150,650	\$ 75,332	\$ 75,346	\$ 14
EXPENDITURES					
Other Services and Charges Ending Fund Balance	\$	150,650 -	\$ 75,332 -	\$ 75,332 14	\$ - 14
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	150,650	\$ 75,332	\$ 75,346	\$ 14
	DFA JACKSON FIRE B	OND (389)			
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental - State - Fire SB2969	\$		\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay Ending Fund Balance	\$		\$ 225,000	\$ - 225,000	\$ (225,000) 225,000
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$		\$ 225,000	\$ 225,000	\$ -

City of Jackson Improvement Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
BUSINESS IM	IPROVEMENT TAX	(ASSESSM	ENT (007)		
REVENUES						
Real Property Taxes	\$	1,082,747	\$	1,083,136	\$ 1,084,571	\$ 1,435
Interest on Investment				-	431	431
Beginning Fund Balance		-		-	15,650	15,650
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	1,082,747	\$	1,083,136	\$ 1,100,652	\$ 17,516
EXPENDITURES						
Other Services and Charges	s	1,082,747	\$		\$	\$
Grants Contribution				1,083,136	1,084,987	1,851
Ending Fund Balance		-		-	15,665	15,665
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	1,082,747	\$	1,083,136	\$ 1,100,652	\$ 17,516

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND (047,141,212,213,214,215,216,217,223,364)

REVENUES

Interest Earned on Investments	\$ -	\$	18,159	\$ 22,127	\$ 3,968
Intergovernmental-State - (MDOT)(TRAFFIC)	170,622		170,622	-	(170,622)
Intergovernmental (MDOT) Lynch Street			-	1,132,799	1,132,799
Intergovernmental-State - (MDOT)	500,000		500,000	34,787	(465,213)
Intergovernmental-State- (MDOT)- Mill Street	1,649,667		1,649,667	-	(1,649,667)
Intergovernmental-State- Fondren Enhancement Proj	129,533		129,533	-	(129,533)
Intergovernmental-State- (MDOT) ERB Beasley	-		-	42,880	42,880
Intergovernmental-State - (DFA Parham Bridges)	99,952		-	-	-
Intergovernmental-USDA Soil	-		-	302,915	302,915
Intergovernmental-South Jackson Signals	-		-	3,690	3,690
Intergovernmental-CMPDD	-		13,032	295,741	282,709
Intergovernmental- MDOT	3,888,750		3,888,750	2,683,528	(1,205,222)
Intergovernmental-Fort Web	1,415,681		1,415,681	-	(1,415,681)
Intergovernmental-Local - (Street Resurfacing)	34,110		33,170	-	(33,170)
Intergovernmental-Barr Elementary	-		-	524,282	524,282
Buddy Butts-Park Contribution	-		100,000	100,000	-
Grants and Donations	15,200		925	-	(925)
Settlement of Insurance	140,481		132,431	-	(132,431)
Proceeds of Long Term Debt	496,800		496,800	-	(496,800)
Applied Fund Balance	1,250,712		1,131,076	-	(1,131,076)
Transfer In/From General Fund	1,193,583		1,193,583	1,193,583	-
Beginning Fund Balance	-		-	1,741	1,741
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 10,985,091	\$	10,873,429	\$ 6,338,073	(4,535,356)
EXPENDITURES					
Supplies	45,204		45,204	-	(45,204)
Other Services and Charges	10,033,561		6,620,608	30,000	(6,590,608)
Grants, Contributions	471,994		474,239	-	(474,239)
Capital Outlay	434,332		3,733,378	2,861,710	(871,668)
Operating Transfer			-	505,407	505,407
Ending Fund Balance	 -		-	2,940,956	2,940,956
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$ 10,985,091	s	10,873,429	\$ 6,338,073	(4,535,356)

City of Jackson Improvement Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
FONDREN BUSINESS	S IMPRO	VEMENT FU	ND (1	192)		
REVENUES						
Current Realty Taxes	\$	241,116	\$	241,116	\$ 191,428	\$ (49,688)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	241,116	\$	241,116	\$ 191,428	\$ (49,688)
EXPENDITURES						
Grants, Contribution	\$	241,116	\$	241,116	\$ 191,428	\$ (49,688)
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	241,116	\$	241,116	\$ 191,428	\$ (49,688)
GRAND GULF EM	ERGENC	Y PLANNING	(365	5)		
REVENUES						
Interest Nuclear Power Plant Transfers In/From Other Funds Beginning Fund Balance	\$	31 481,576 - 1,600,000	\$	31 - 481,576 1,600,000	\$ - - 481,576 1,597,286	\$ (31) - - (2,714)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	2,081,607	\$	2,081,607	\$ 2,078,862	\$ (2,745)
EXPENDITURES						
Other Services and Charges Grants, Contribution Ending Fund Balance	\$	31 2,081,576 -	\$	31 2,081,576 -	\$ - - 2,078,862	\$ (31) (2,081,576) 2,078,862
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	2,081,607	\$	2,081,607	\$ 2,078,862	\$ (2,745)

City of Jackson Library Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
	LIBRARY FUN	D (399)			
REVENUES					
Current Realty Taxes	\$	1,212,761	\$ 1,212,761	\$ 1,217,111	\$ 4,350
Current Personal Taxes		590,311	590,311	591,618	1,307
Delinquent Realty Taxes		-	7,474	28,501	21,027
Delinquent Personal Taxes		-	2,974	3,425	451
Ad Valorem Tax on Automobiles		237,955	237,955	255,116	17,161
Aircraft Registration		-	379	379	(0)
Homestead Exemption		-	25,866	57,673	31,807
Homestead Exemption Chargeback		-	485	562	77
Beginning Fund Balance		-	75,000	91,008	16,008
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	2,041,027	\$ 2,153,205	\$ 2,245,393	\$ 92,188
EXPENDITURES					
Other Services and Charges	\$	116,262	\$ 206,197	\$ 134,379	(71,818)
Grants and Contributions		1,924,765	1,947,008	1,947,008	-
Ending Fund Balance				164,006	164,006
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	2,041,027	\$ 2,153,205	\$ 2,245,393	\$ 92,188

City of Jackson 1998 General Obligation Bond Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
G.O. BOND	S 1998 CONSTRU	CTION FUN	D (15	6)		
REVENUES						
Interest Earned Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- 10,793	\$	96 10,697	\$ 109 11,034	\$ 13 337
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	10,793	\$	10,793	\$ 11,143	\$ 350
EXPENDITURES						
Other Services and Charges Ending Fund Balance	\$	10,793	\$	10,793 -	\$ - 11,143	\$ (10,793) 11,143
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	10,793	\$	10,793	\$ 11,143	350

City of Jackson 2003 General Obligation Bond Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount		Variance
G.O.PUB IMPROV	EMENT CONS	TRUCTION B	OND	(148)			
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental- State	\$	4,043,462	\$	4,043,462	\$ -	\$	(4,043,462)
Transfers In/From Other Funds		-		-	406,453		406,453
Beginning Fund Balance		1,166,019		1,216,008	384,940	-	(831,068)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	5,209,481	\$	5,259,470	\$ 791,393	\$	(4,468,077)
EXPENDITURES							
Other Services and Charges	\$	5,109,481	\$	4,036,396	192,144	\$	(3,844,252)
Capital Outlay		-		1,067,567	552,949		(514,618)
Grants and Contributions				155,507	-		(155,507)
Transfers to Other Funds		100,000		-	46,300		46,300
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	5,209,481	\$	5,259,470	\$ 791,393	\$	(4,468,077)

City of Jackson 2009 General Obligation Bond Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
G.O. BONDS 200	9 STREET CONS	TRUCTION	FUND	(168)		
REVENUES						
Interest Earned Operating Transfers In/From Other Funds Beginning Fund Balance	\$	- - 131,376	\$	1,022 - 130,354	\$ 1,022 98,954 134,475	\$ - 98,954 4,121
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	131,376	\$	131,376	\$ 234,451	\$ 103,075
EXPENDITURES						
Other Services and Charges Capital Outlay	\$	131 <i>,</i> 376 -	\$	131,376 -	\$ ۔ 234,451	\$ (131,376) 234,451
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	131,376	\$	131,376	\$ 234,451	\$ 103,075

City of Jackson Capitol Street 2 - Way Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		riginal Judget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance
CA	PITOL STREET 2-WAY F	ROJECT (1	71)				
REVENUES							
Interest Earned	\$	-	\$	5,502	\$	5,945	\$ 443
Intergovernmental - MDA		-		35,992		274,533	238,541
Beginning Fund Balance		624,734		583,240	_	645,954	62,714
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	624,734	\$	624,734	\$	926,432	301,698
EXPENDITURES							
Other Services and Charges	\$	624,734	\$	70,247	\$		\$ (70,247)
Capital Outlay		-		554,487		574,829	20,342
Ending Fund Balance		-		-		351,603	351,603
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	624,734	\$	624,734	\$	926,432	\$ 301,698

City of Jackson 2012 General Obligation Note Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
2012 G.O. N	IOTE-CAPITAL PR	OJECT FUN	D (190	D)		
REVENUES						
Interest Earned	\$		\$	6,656	\$ 7,661	\$ 1,005
Beginning Fund Balance		752,253		745,597	768,930	23,333
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	752,253	\$	752,253	\$ 776,591	\$ 24,338
EXPENDITURES						
Other Services and Charges	\$	429,413	\$	429,413	\$	(429,413)
Grants and Contributions		260,653		260,653	-	(260,653)
Capital Outlay		62,187		62,187	-	(62,187)
Ending Fund Balance				-	776,591	776,591
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	752,253	\$	752,253	\$ 776,591	24,338

City of Jackson Thalia Mara Hall Renovation Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Variance
	THALIA MARA HALL R	ENOVATION (1	72)				
REVENUES							
Interest Earned Beginning Fund Balance	\$		\$:	\$ 1 116	\$ 1 116
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	-	\$		-	\$ 117	\$ 117
EXPENDITURES							
Ending Fund Balance	\$		\$		÷	\$ 117	\$ 117
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$		\$		÷	\$ 117	\$ 117

City of Jackson Modernization Tax Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
,	MODERNIZATION	TAX (372)			
REVENUES					
Modernization Tax Beginning Fund Balance	\$	958,328 -	\$ 5,191,746 -	\$ 4,233,418 580,808	\$ (958,328) 580,808
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	958,328	\$ 5,191,746	\$ 4,814,226	\$ (377,520)
EXPENDITURES					
Other Services and Charges Capital Outlay Transfers to Other Funds Ending Fund Balance	\$	958,328 - - -	\$ - 5,191,746 - -	\$ - - 4,234,610 579,616	\$ - (5,191,746) 4,234,610 579,616
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	958,328	\$ 5,191,746	\$ 4,814,226	\$ (377,520)

City of Jackson Museum To Market Capital Project Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance
MUSE	EUM TO MARKET	PROJECT (35	1)			
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental-State Beginning Fund Balance	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,480,000	\$ 1,220,303 (811,160)	(259,697) (811,160)
Total Revenues and Beginning Fund Balance	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,480,000	\$ 409,143	(1,070,857)
EXPENDITURES						
Other Services and Charges Capital Outlay	\$	1,000,000 -	\$	1,480,000 -	\$ - 409,143	\$ (1,480,000) 409,143
Total Expenditures and Ending Fund Balance	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,480,000	\$ 409,143	\$ (1,070,857)

NON-MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

Madison-Ridgeland Sewage Disposal System Fund

To account for costs of construction, operation and maintenance of the East Madison County Sewage Disposal System. The City of Ridgeland, Mississippi is responsible for the service contracts with Madison County participating in the system.

Transportation Fund

To account for operational costs of the City's transit system. Deficiencies in the revenues over expenses are financed by the City.

City of Jackson Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	n-Ridgeland ewage	Transportation		Totals
Operating Revenues:				
Sales to Customers	\$ 117,111	\$ -	\$	117,111
Total Operating Revenues	 117,111			117,111
Operating Expenses:				
Personnel services	-	467,228		467,228
Supplies	2,571	714,732		717,303
Other services and charges	72,792	7,209,090		7,281,882
Depreciation	 11,099	1,490,659		1,501,758
Total Operating Expenses	 86,462	9,881,709		9,968,171
Operating Income (Loss)	 30,649	(9,881,709)		(9,851,060)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Noncapital grants	-	9,187,750		9,187,750
Interest revenue	-	7,950		7,950
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	59,380		59,380
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	9,255,080		9,255,080
Income (loss) before transfers	30,649	(626,629)		(595,980)
Transfers In:				
General Fund	-	2,391,411		2,391,411
Change in Net Position	 30,649	1,764,782	-	1,795,431
Total net position - beginning	218,698	15,928,228		16,146,926
Total net position - ending	\$ 249,347	\$ 17,693,010	\$	17,942,357

City of Jackson Combining Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds As of September 30, 2021

	Madison-Ridgeland Sewage	Transportation	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$-	\$ 3,999,205	\$ 3,999,205
Intergovernmental Receivables		1,174,734	1,174,734
Total Current Assets		5,173,939	5,173,939
Property, Plant and Equipment, at Cost			
Land	-	450,000	450,000
Buildings	-	8,664,594	8,664,594
Water plant, distribution system and equipment	587,818	676,974	1,264,792
Automotive and other equipment	5,278	15,534,373	15,539,651
	593,096	25,325,941	25,919,037
Less: accumulated depreciation	(343,749)	(10,438,691)	(10,782,440)
Net property, plant and equipment	249,347	14,887,250	15,136,597
Total Assets	249,347	20,061,189	20,310,536
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources - other post employment			
benefits	-	102,624	102,624
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	-	130,511	130,511
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	233,135	233,135

City of Jackson Combining Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds As of September 30, 2021

	Madison-Ridgeland Sewage	Trar	Transportation		Totals
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$-	\$	1,156,746	\$	1,156,746
Compensated absences	-		7,674		7,674
Other Post Employment Benefits liability	-		3,514		3,514
Total Current Liabilities	-		1,167,934		1,167,934
Net pension liability	-		692,249		692,249
Other Post Employment Benefits liability	-		153,638		153,638
Compensated absences	-		14,260		14,260
Total long-term liabilities	-		860,147		860,147
Total Liabilities	-		2,028,081		2,028,081
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources - other post employment benefits	-		207,193		207,193
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	-		366,040		366,040
Total deferred inflows of resources	-		573,233		573,233
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	249,347		14,887,250		15,136,597
Unrestricted			2,805,760		2,805,760
Total Net Position	\$ 249,347	\$	17,693,010	\$	17,942,357

City of Jackson Combining Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds - Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Madison-					
	Ridgeland Sewage		Transportation		Totals	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		JEWage				101013
Receipts from customers and users	Ś	117,111	\$	-	\$	117,111
Payments to suppliers	Ŷ	(117,111)	Ŷ	(8,331,372)	Ŷ	(8,448,483)
Payments to employees				(405,314)		(405,314)
Payments to internal service fund		-		(68,461)		(68,461)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		-		(8,805,147)		(8,805,147)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Operating Grants		-		10,705,633		10,705,633
Transfers from other funds		-		2,391,411		2,391,411
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		-		13,097,044		13,097,044
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-		(2,802,988)		(2,802,988)
Proceeds from capital asset sales		-		87,146		87,146
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		-		(2,715,842)		(2,715,842)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Interest on investments		-		7 ,9 50		7,950
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		-		7,950		7,950
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-		1,584,005		1,584,005
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		-		2,415,200		2,415,200
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	-	\$	3,999,205	\$	3,999,205
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used for Operating						
Activities						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	30,649	Ś	(9,881,709)	Ś	(9,851,060)
Depreciation	•	11,099	Ŧ	1,490,659	*	1,501,758
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		(41,748)		(426,981)		(468,729)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		-		(10,960)		(10,960)
Increase (decrease) in pension liability and deferred inflows (outlflows)		-		15,770		15,770
Increase (decrease) in other post-employment liabilities and deferred inflows				•		
(outflows)		-		8,074		8,074
Total adjustments		(30,649)		1,076,562		1,045,913
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	-	\$	(8,805,147)	\$	(8,805,147)

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds

Mausoleum Trust Fund

To account for funds held in trust for maintenance and upkeep of the Henry Mausoleum located in Kernaghan Cemetery.

Tax Collections Custodial Funds

To account for receipt of tax collections for and subsequent payments to the Jackson Municipal Separate School District and the Jackson Convention & Visitors Bureau.

CITY OF JACKSON PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Mausoleum Trust Fund		Trust Trust Fund		
ASSETS	¢		÷		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	
Investment at fair value: Certificate of deposit		32,844		32,844	
Total assets		32,844	_	32,844	
LIABILITIES					
Total liabilities		-	_		
NET POSITION					
Restricted for individuals and organizations		32,844		32,844	
Total net position	\$	32,844	^{\$} _	32,844	

CITY OF JACKSON PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Mausoleum Trust Fund	Private-Purpose Trust Fund Total		
Additions: Interest	\$ 42	\$ 42		
Total additions	42	42		
Deductions: Maintenance	<u> </u>			
Total deductions	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Change in Net Position	42	42		
Net position - beginning of year	32,802	32,802		
Net position - end of year	\$32,844	\$ 32,844		

CITY OF JACKSON CUSTODIAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	& Vis	n Convention itors Bureau todial Fund	Separate S	Municipal chool District dial Fund	Custodial Funds Total			
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Total assets	\$ 	2,569 663,600 666,169	\$ 	- - -	\$ 	2,569 663,600 666,169		
LIABILITIES Payable to other governments Total liabilities	_	666,169 666,169		<u> </u>	_	666,169 666,169		
NET POSITION Restricted for other governments Total net position	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>		

CITY OF JACKSON CUSTODIAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	&	kson Convention Visitors Bureau Custodial Fund	Separ	kson Municipal ate School District ustodial Fund		Custodial Funds Total
Additions:						
Sales tax collected for other governments	\$	3,567,504	\$	-	\$	3,567,504
Property tax collected for other governments	-			15,036,520	-	15,036,520
Total additions	-	3,567,504		15,036,520	-	18,604,024
Deductions:						
Sales tax distributed to other governments		3,567,504		-		3,567,504
Property tax distributed to other governments	_			15,036,520	_	15,036,520
Total deductions	-	3,567,504		15,036,520	-	18,604,024
Change in Net Position		-		-		-
Net position - beginning of year	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>
Net position - end of year	\$_		\$	-	\$ _	

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CAPITAL ASSETS

CITY OF JACKSON CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES BY SOURCE (1) SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AND 2020

	_	2021	_	2020
Governmental activities capital assets:				
Land	\$	13,720,748	\$	13,720,748
Buildings		109,291,971		109,269,156
Automotive and equipment:		87,817,798		82,001,665
Infrastructure		395,795,286		376,046,428
Construction in progress	-	48,838,852	-	36,208,683
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$.	655,464,655	\$_	617,246,680
Investment in governmental activities capital assets by source: Assets prior to 1985 not segregated				
by sources	\$	13,720,748	\$	13,720,748
General Fund revenues	Ψ	123,559,110	Ψ	116,694,272
Special Revenue Fund revenues		163,649,338		147,333,848
Special Assessment bonds		2,123,934		2,123,934
General Obligation bonds		268,359,709		267,572,309
Limited Obligation bonds		10,861,614		4,330,429
Debt Service Fund revenues		65,000		65,000
Federal grants		69,196,561		64,560,457
State grants		3,250,148		414,734
County grants	-	678,493	-	430,949
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$_	655,464,655	\$_	617,246,680

(1) This schedule presents only the capital asset balances (excluding accumulated depreciation) related to governmental activities.

CITY OF JACKSON CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY (1) SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Land	Buildings	Infrastructure	Automotive and Equipment	Construction In Progress	Total
Assets prior to 1985 not segregated by function and activity	\$ 10,636,579 \$					
General Government:				<u>.</u>		
Planning Code Services	-	330,382	658,952	649,142 678,246	1,054,204	2,692,680 678,246
Telecommunication	-	5,907,442	39,036	157,799		6,104,277
Risk Management Data Processing / Information System	-	42,257	999,402	13,199,867	-	- 14,241,526
Vehicle Pool Fund	-	-	-	1,561,005	-	1,561,005
Mayor's Office of Development Assistance Office Services	100,000		-	104,679 146,335	-	204,679 146,335
Purchasing Finance and Management	-	2,299,392	133.238	50,452 288,302	-	50,452 2,720,932
Personnel		913,546	-	225,894	-	1,139,440
Municipal Court Services Vehicle Maintenance	-	5,816	-	1,466,044 655,395	-	1,466,044 661,211
Minority Business Development		-	-	27,598		27,598
Total general government	100,000	9,498,835	1,830,628	19,210,758	1,054,204	31,694,425
Urban Development and Housing:				11 105		11 105
Neighborhood Enhancement Task Redevelopment Projects	87,578	-	-	11,125 69,874	-	11,125 157,452
Post Office Project Union Station	500	15,044,796	243,000	-	-	500 15,287,796
Total urban development and housing	88,078	15,044,796	243,000	80,999		15,456,873
Health and Welfare:						
Public Relations/Information	-		-	14,829	-	14,829
Senior Services Day Care Services	-	251,344 281,849	- 16,109	345,674 256,428	-	597,018 554,386
Senior Centers/Community Centers	-	1,422,356	-	19,813	-	1,442,169
Group Home Human and Cultural Services	46,245	471,638	- 1, 876	65,837		46,245 539,351
Total health and welfare	46,245	2,427,187	17,985	702,581	-	3,193,998
Public Safety:						
Fire Department Police Department	75,000 123,992	5,795,870 19,384,842	3,672,248 10,784,134	21,059,651 26,178,392	36,632	30,602,769 56,507,992
Small Animal Control	-	1,366,367		17,746	-	1,384,113
Juvenile Justice Emergency Management	-	431,482	4,502,506	86,199 17,914	-	5,020,187 17,914
Communication Center	-	1,292,879	-	300,903	-	1,593,782
Public Safety Garage Total public safety	198,992	28,271,440	18,958,888	<u>29,060</u> 47,689,865	36,632	<u>29,060</u> 95,155,817
Public Works:						
Cemeteries	-	8,430	-	143,318	-	151,748
Engineering Traffic Engineering	585,273	1,020,866 17,215	53,727,597 638,701	5,113,391 2,219,157	22,493,463 1,053,125	82,940,590 3,928,198
Traffic Signals	-	-	2,355,398	213,138		2,568,536
Care and Maintenance of Public Buildings Building & Ground	-	8,456,917 516,800	8,571,511	73,658	911,001	18,013,087 516,800
Custodial Services	-	-	-	34,818	-	34,818
Public Works Deputy Dir/Adm Public Works Infrastructure Management	-	747,854	78,493,833	137,832 1,020,819	21,748,073	137,832 102.010,579
Pest Control	254 279	-	-	1,426	-	1,426 143,107,616
Streets Storm Drainage	354,278	-	141,885,667 71,942,748	838,301	867,671 244,123	73,025,172
Bridges Soil Conservation	-	120,000	1,787,206 112,159	-	-	1,787,206 232,159
Total public works	939,551	10,888,082	359,514,820	9,795,858	47,317,456	428,455,767
Culture and Recreation:						
Planetarium	-	827,314	34,963	1,342,865	244,844	2,449,986
Jackson Zoological Park Municipal Art Building	-	3,000,000 5,758	3,408,723 29,049	465,122 5,907	2,544	6,873,845 43,258
Parks Maintenance	-	-	8,700	423,438	114,275	546,413
Parks and Recreation Teen Center	225,820	19,425,404	8,698,033	3,839,422 5,293	68,897 -	32,257,576 5,293
Library	-	5,710,933	2,198,621	156,099	-	8,065,653
Smith Robertson Cultural Center City Auditorium and Art Center		1,238,810 10,007,088	340,745 511,131	57,595 105,614		1,637,150 10,623,833
Total culture and recreation	225,820	40,215,307	15,229,965	6,401,355	430,560	62,503,007
Miscellaneous:		100		AA		800 010
City Council/Mayor City Clerk	-	402,665	-	396,384 192,219		799,049 192,219
City Hall	-	2,526,372	-	-	-	2,526,372
Legal Mayor's Action Line	-	1 7,28 7	-	246,356 34,862		263,643 34,862
Industrial Park	1,485,483	-	-	-	-	1,485,483
Internal Audit Total miscellaneous	1,485,483	2,946,324	<u> </u>	<u>21,692</u> 891,513	<u> </u>	<u>21,692</u> <u>5,323,320</u>
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 13,720,748 \$	<u>109,291,971</u>	\$395,795,286\$	87,817,798 \$	<u>48,838,852</u> \$	655,464,655

(1) This schedule presents capital asset balances related to governmental activities.

CITY OF JACKSON CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY (1) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities Capital Assets September 30, 2020	s Additions	Deductions	Governmental Activities Capital Assets September 30, 2021
Assets prior to 1985 not segregated by function and activity	\$ 13,681,448		-	13,681,448
General Government:	1	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		
Planning Code Services	1,561,859 658,228	1,130,821 20,018	-	2,692,680 678,246
Telecommunication	6,104,277	-	-	6,104,277
Data Processing / Information System Vehicle Pool Fund	13,093,581 1,561,005	1,147,945	-	14,241,526 1,561,005
Mayor's Office of Development Assistance	204,679	-	-	204,679
Office Services	146,335	-	-	146,335
Purchasing Finance and Management	50,452 2,720,932	-		50,452 2,720,932
Personnel	1,139,440	-	-	1,139,440
Municipal Court Services Vehicle Management	1,466,044 661,211	-	-	1,466,044 661,211
Minority Business Development	27,598	-	-	27,598
Total general government	29,395,641	2,298,784	-	31,694,425
Urban Development and Housing:	11 125			11 125
Neighborhood Enhancement Task Redevelopment Projects	11,125 157,452			11,125 157,452
Post Office Project	500	-	-	500
Union Station Total urban development and housing	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>15,287,796</u> 15,456,873
				10,100,010
Health and Welfare: Public Relations/Information	14,829	-	-	14,829
Senior Services	597,018	-	-	597,018
Day Care Services Senior Centers/Community Centers	554,386 1,442,169	-		554,386 1,442,169
Group Home	46,245	-	-	46,245
Human and Cultural Services Total health and welfare	<u>539,351</u> 3,193,998	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>539,351</u> 3,193,998
	5,175,576			5,175,776
Public Safety: Fire Department	27,030,379	3,572,390	-	30,602,769
Police Department	55,299,794	1,231,013	22,815	56,507,992
Small Animal Control Juvenile Justice	1,384,113 5,020,187	-	-	1,384,113 5,020,187
Emergency Management	17,914	-	-	17,914
Communication Center Public Safety Garage	1,593,782 29,060	-	-	1,593,782 29,060
Total public safety	90,375,229	4,803,403	22,815	95,155,817
Public Works:				
Cemeteries	151,748	-	-	151,748
Engineering Traffic Engineering	68,244,778 3,928,198	18,627,766 -	3,931,954	82,940,590 3,928,198
Traffic Signals	2,568,536	-	-	2,568,536
Care and Maintenance of Public Buildings Building and Ground	17,978,104 516,800	69,966 -	34,983	18,013,087 516,800
Custodial Services	34,818	-	-	34,818
Public Works Deputy Dir/Adm Public Works Infrastructure Management	137,832 86,098,681	31,233,717	15,321,819	137,832 102,010,579
Pest Control	1,426	-	-	1,426
Streets Storm Drainage	143,107,616 73,025,172	-	-	143,107,616 73,025,172
Bridges	1,787,206	-		1,787,206
Soil Conservation	232,159	-	-	232,159_
Total public works	397,813,074	49,931,449	19,288,756	428,455,767
Culture and Recreation: Planetarium	2,205,142	244,844	_	2,449,986
Jackson Zoological Park	6,857,889	15,956	-	6,873,845
Municipal Art Building Parks Maintenance	43,258 546,413	-	-	43,258 546,413
Parks and Recreation	32,022,466	235,110	-	32,257,576
Teen Center	5,293	-	-	5,293
Library Smith Robertson Cultural Center	8,065,653 1,637,150	-	-	8,065,653 1,637,150
City Auditorium and Art Center	10,623,833	-	-	10,623,833
Total culture and recreation	62,007,097	495,910	-	62,503,007
Miscellaneous: City Council/Mayor	799,049	-		799,049
City Clerk	192,219	-	-	192,219
City Hall Legal	2,526,372 263,643	-	-	2,526,372 263,643
Mayor's Action Line	34,862	-	-	34,862
Industrial Park Internal Audit	1,485,483	-	-	1,485,483
Total miscellaneous	<u>21,692</u> 5,323,320	<u> </u>	-	<u>21,692</u> 5,323,320
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 617,246,680	57,529,546	19,311,571	655,464,655
				,,,

(1) This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental activities.

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SCHEDULE OF BONDS OF CITY OFFICIALS

CITY OF JACKSON SCHEDULE OF BONDS OF CITY OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

) Company:	Porter's Insurance Agency	
Limits of liability:	Honesty Blanket Position Bond Coverage	
Desition	Courses and each	Term of bond
Position All employees except City Council (7) Mayor, City Administrative Offcer, Director of Administration, Chief of Police, Deputy Chief of Police, City Clerk, Deputy Clerks(10)	Coverage per each \$100,000	10/01/13 - Indefinite
) Company:	FCCI Insurance Group Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America Old Republic Surety Group Western Surety Company	
Limits of liability:	Surety Bond coverage as follows:	
Position	Coverage per each	Term of bond
City Council (7)	\$100,000	12/23/18 - 12/23/22 07/03/19 - 07/03/21 07/01/21 - 06/30/22 07/01/19 - 07/01/21 07/01/121 - 07/01/22 07/06/18 - 07/06/22 07/03/19 - 07/03/21 07/03/19 - 07/03/21 07/03/17 - 07/03/21 07/03/21 - 07/03/25 07/01/19 - 07/01/22
Mayor	\$100,000	06/28/17 - 06/28/21 06/28/21 - 06/28/25
City Administrative Officer	\$50,000	08/15/17 - 08/15/21 08/16/21 - 08/16/22
City Clerk	\$50,000	09/12/20 - 09/12/21 09/12/21 - 09/12/22
Director of Administration	\$50,000	01/24/20 - 01/24/21 01/24/21 - 01/24/22
Chief of Police	\$50,000	12/23/20 - 12/23/21 12/23/21 - 12/23/22
Assistant Police Chief	\$50,000	01/27/20 - 01/27/21 01/21/21 - 01/21/22
Deputy Chief of Police	\$50,000	07/25/19 - 07/25/21 07/25/21 - 07/25/22 07/26/19 - 07/26/21 07/26/21 - 07/26/22 07/27/19 - 07/27/21 07/27/21 - 07/27/22
Assistant City Clerk	\$50,000	VACANT
Deputy Clerks (7)	\$50,000	10/10/19 - 10/10/20 12/07/18 - 12/07/20 12/28/18 - 12/28/20 06/02/20 - 06/02/21 06/02/21 - 06/02/22 07/22/20 - 07/22/21 07/21/21 - 07/21/22 08/05/20 - 08/05/21 08/05/21 - 08/05/22 11/21/18 - 11/21/22

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STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City of Jackson's comprehensive annual financial report presents detail information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	174
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Jackson's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	City of
Revenue Capacity	179
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City of Jackson significant local revenue source, the property tax.	's most
Debt Capacity	184
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of of Jackson's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue addit debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	190
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City of Jackson's financial activitie place.	s take
Operating Information	193
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understa the information in the City of Jackson's financial report relates to the services the provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fiscal Year					
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 284,282	\$ 256,952	\$ 259,506	\$ 229,661	\$ 210,819	\$ 125,653	\$ 121,798	\$ 197,641	\$ 179,234	\$ 187,511
Restricted	63,011	70,714	36,814	43,488	44,637	5,961	5,926	5,726	13,446	15,040
Unrestricted	(276,867)	(287,064)	(282,710)	(277,805)	(276,849)	(190,475)	(173,696)	(8,168)	(45,855)	(41,290)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 70,426	\$ 40,602	\$ 13,610	\$ (4,656)	\$ (21,393)	\$ (58,861)	\$ (45,972)	\$ 195,199	\$ 146,825	\$ 161,261
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assests Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 194,928 640 19,257 \$ 214,825	\$ 197,266 5,145 42,390 \$ 244,801	\$ 235,404 1,284 7,899 \$ 244,587	<pre>\$ 242,146 3,491 16,543 \$ 262,180</pre>	\$ 240,550 8,261 15,928 \$ 264,739	\$ 218,760 	\$ 213,137 	\$ 192,012 - 84,672 \$ 276,684	\$ 101,011 	\$ 184,185 73,303 \$ 257,488
Primary government Net investment in capital assests Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 479,210 63,651 (257,610)	\$ 454,218 75,859 (244,674)	\$ 494,910 38,098 (274,811)	\$ 471,807 46,979 (261,262)	\$ 451,369 52,898 (260,921)	\$ 344,413 5,961 (121,747)	\$ 334,935 5,926 (114,022)	\$ 389,653 5,726 76,504	\$ 371,696 15,041 113,641	\$ 371,696 15,040 32,013
Total primary government net position	\$ 285,251	\$ 285,403	\$ 258,197	\$ 257,524	\$ 243,346	\$ 228,627	\$ 226,839	\$ 471,883	\$ 500,378	\$ 418,749

Source: Statement of Net Position.

City of Jackson Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

										Fiscal	Ye	ar								
Expenses		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$,	\$	37,769	\$		\$	35,428	\$	31,782	\$		\$, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$	15,780	\$	40,602	\$	29,456
Public safety Public works		53,541 22,233		65,372 21,741		62,601 20,491		62,809 14,714		67,089 14,338		68,029 13,375		64,796 19,595		27,031 14,505		64,780 24,661		57,055 24,721
Human and cultural services		16,795		16,884		16,710		17,694		14,558		16,297		16,720		7,831		14,311		13,756
Employee benefits		-		- 10,00		-		-		-		6,485		1,564		8,232		7,860		8,685
Interest on long-term debt		4,797		5,669		5,331		5,236		5,570		7,825		5,912		844		8,230		7,448
Total governmental activities		134,358		147,435		143,930		135,881		135,350		152,557		149,212		74,223		160,444		141,121
Business-type activities:																				
Water/Sewer		70,865		68,277		77,587		67,911		65,503		50,962		45,439		55,553		48,891		55,347
Transportation Madison-Ridgeland Sewage		9,882 86		10,275 223		8,680 113		7,837 25,971		7,054 117		8,200 60		8,213 55		7,995 109		7,554 82		6,970 74
Sanitation		11,940		10,761		11,084		10,657		10,904		11,996		10,857		10,766		82 11,699		/4 11, 89 4
Total business-type activities		92,773		89,536		97,464		86,431		83,578		71,219		64,564		74,423		68,226		74,285
Total primary government	\$	227,131	\$	236,971	\$		\$	222,312	\$		\$	223,776	\$	213,776	\$	148,646	\$	228,670	\$	215,406
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:			~	_			ć		,											
General government	\$	6,114	\$	6,428	\$	•	\$	6,028	\$	5,601	\$	•	\$	9,281	\$	10,875	\$	14,204	\$	15,019
Public Safety Public Works		2,145		1,895		2,023		2,075		2,757		288		195		1,348		823		798
Public Works Human and cultural services		49 721		75 571		101 740		144 596		167 607		208 658		195 455		162 464		200 595		253 885
Operating grants contributions		8,571		13,295		11,756		9,580		10,394		13,486		11,912		8,251		12,261		10,114
Capital grants and contributions		15,005		21,053		16,249		10,075		4,190		2,697		5,200		7,016		11,291		1,970
Total governmental activities		32,605		43,317		37,434		28,498		23,716		25,776		27,238		28,116		39,374		29,039
Business-type activities:																				
Charges for services:										~ ~ ~ ~		~ ~ ~ ~				~~ ~~~				
Water/Sewer		33,101		47,754		49,863		57,709		61,212		63,085		59,849		69,423		44,052		47,966
Transportation Madison-Ridgeland Sewage		- 117		229 195		443 70		506 9		426		406		716		710		677		589
Sanitation		6,676		8,537		8,374		9,502		10,272		11,606		11,349		11,024		11,311		12,007
Operating grants contributions		9,253		8,047		5,553		5,312		4,977		509		570		506		582		631
Capital grants and contributions		-		500		· -		· -		338		6,415		2,143		2,516		4,675		2,844
Total business-type activities		49,147		65,262		64,303		73,038		77,225		82,021		74,627		84,179		61,297		64,037
Net (expense)/revenue																				
Governmental activities	((101,753)		(104,118)		(106,496)		(107,383)		(111,634)		(126,781)		(121,974)		(46,108)		(121,070)		(112,082)
Business-type activities		(43,626)		(24,274)		(33,161)		(13,393)		(6,353)		10,802		10,063		9,756		(6,929)		(10,248)
Total primary government net expenses	<u> </u>	(145,379)	\$	(128,392)	\$	(139,657)	\$	(120,776)	\$	(117,987)	\$	(115,979)	\$	(111,911)	\$	(36,352)	\$	(127,999)	\$	(122,330)
General revenues:																				
Governmental activities:																				
Taxes:																				
Property taxes	\$	80,103	\$	79,439	\$	78,482	\$	78,079	\$	75,698	\$		\$	77,881	\$	77,634	\$	72,437	\$	74,856
Sales taxes Franchise taxes		15,770 7,158		14,515 6,842		14,548		14,234 7,510		14,515 7,140		36,731 8,119		31,937 8,975		32,740 9,667		32,718 8,245		32,701
Intergovernmental		40,365		37,271		7,298 38,213		39,412		38,920		6,119		a,973 -		9,007		0,24 <i>3</i>		8,218
Investment earnings		747		2,244		1,417		426		302		52		59		74		145		395
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		382		177		227		554		137		489		318		561		108		166
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		13		-		401		1,071		1,714		577		282
Transfers		(13,164)		(9,378)		(15,423)		(11,366)		(4,483)		(2,082)		(3,054)		(6,106)		(9,585)		(5,000)
Total governmental activities		131,361		131,110		124,762		128,862		132,229		113,418		117,187		116,284		104,645		111,618
Business-type activities																				
Investment earnings		427		344		259		129		127		91		124		256		249		472
Gain on sale of capital assets		59		71		(114)		129		48		-		2		59		15		30
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		1,700		-		-		-		-
Litigation settlement gain on capital assets		-		14,695		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Gain on retirement bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers		13,164		9,378		15,423		11,366		4,483		2,082		3,054		6,106		9,585		5,000
Total business-type activities	¢	13,650 145,011	¢	24,488	¢	15,568 140,330	¢	<u>11,514</u> 140,376	¢	4,658 136,887	¢	3,873 117,291	¢	3,180 120,367	\$	6,421 122,705	\$	9,849 114,494	\$	5,502
Total primary government		145,011	\$	155,598	\$	140,530	¢	140,570	\$	130,007	Þ	117,291	\$	120,307	цр.	122,703	ې	114,494	Φ	117,120
Change in net position Governmental activities	\$	29,608	\$	26,992	\$	18,266	\$	21,479	\$	20,595	\$	(13,363)	\$	(4,787)	\$	70,177	\$	(16,425)	\$	(464)
Business-type activities	Ψ	(29,976)	Ψ	20,992	Ψ	(17,593)	Ψ	(1,879)	4	(1,695)	Ψ	14,675	Ψ	13,243	Ψ	16,177	Ψ	2,920	Ψ	(4,746)
Total primary government	\$	(368)	\$	27,206	\$	673	\$	19,600	\$	18,900	\$		\$	8,456	\$	86,354	\$		\$	(5,210)
								,				•				·		/		<u> </u>

Source: Statement of Activities

City of Jackson Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	1 4		1 2			Fr:	anchise Tax	State Motor Fuel Tax		Alc Bev	state coholic verage Fax	 Total	
2021	\$	80,103	\$	45,073	\$	7,157	\$	629	\$	318	\$ 133,280		
2020		79,439		41,120		6,842		597		301	1 28,299		
2019		78,482		41,674		7,298		609		360	128,423		
2018		78,079		42,742		7,510		594		331	129,256		
2017		75,697		43,866		7,140		1 68		316	127,187		
2016		69,708		36,429		8,119		44		258	114,558		
2015		77,880		31,636		8,975		47		254	11 8,792		
2014		61,797		29,440		1,552		30		270	93,089		
2013		56,970		29,902		1,590		26		270	88,758		
2012		55,855		29,155		1,652		30		268	86,960		

Source: Statement of Activities

City of Jackson Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Fiscal Year												
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012				
General fund														
Nonspendable	\$ 922	\$877	\$ 811	781	\$ 722	\$ 1,187	\$ 875	\$ 997	\$ 2,283	\$ 2,160				
Restricted	8,257	15,392	6,573	1,731	749	687	550	517	492	658				
Committed	5,757	5,174	7,348	6,990	6,771	5,066	3,780	3,833	3,585	4,789				
Assigned	947	1,549	115	1,995	1,294	1,179	2,005	2,518	49	49				
Unassigned	17,490	25,523	25,884	24,356	18,478	6,931	5,525	16,579	26,517	26,310				
Total general fund	33,373	\$48,515	\$ 40,731	\$ 35,853	\$ 28,014	\$ 15,050	\$ 12,735	\$ 24,444	\$ 32,926	\$ 33,966				
All other governmental funds Nonspendable	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	¢ -	¢ -	s -	¢	s -	¢ .				
Restricted	61,074	66,607	36,460	43,202	43,888	8,261	7,876	8,362	7,210	4,045				
Committed	6,897	5,510	3,394	5,906	7,225	8,201 8,084	8,188	10,699	13,943	11,692				
Assigned Unassigned				(45)	(194)		(498)_	(1,663)						
Total all other governmental funds	67,971	\$72,117	\$ 39,854	\$ 49,063	\$ 50,919	\$ 16,345	\$ 15,566	\$ 17,398	\$ 21,153	\$ 15,737				

Source: Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet

City of Jackson Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year										
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
Revenues											
Property Taxes	\$ 80,103	\$ 79,439	\$ 78,482	\$ 78,079	\$ 75,697	\$ 69,945	\$ 69,118	\$ 77,435	\$ 70,026	\$ 69,887	
Franchise taxes	7,158	6,842	⁽¹⁾ 7,298	7,510	7 ,140	φ 02,245 -	\$ 07,118 -	ф //,	¢ 70,020 -	\$ 05,007 -	
Licenses and permits	1,292	1,405	1,464	1,587	1,403	1,448	1,973	2,006	2,291	2,676	
Intergovernmental	75,515	80,618	73,894	72,239	67,550	46,900	47,489	50,291	55,535	49,721	
Charges for services	5,727	5,047	5,683	4,760	4,689	4,581	4,695	4,092	4,152	3,693	
Fines	1,920	1,704	1,739	1,996	2,350	2,849	3,457	3,109	3,923	4,166	
Investment earnings	747	2,244	1,417	426	303	52	59	 74	145	395	
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	10	21	34	2	6	
Other	1,222	4,426	3,550	4,010	3,625	18,209	18,625	18,626	18,423	16,560	
Total revenues	173,684	181,725	173,527	170,607	162,757	143,994	145,437	155,667	154,497	147,104	
Expenditures											
General government	38,222	36,896	40,014	35,719	31,118	27,989	28,371	30,515	30,718	29,269	
Public safety	59,542	59,182	60,196	60,996	60,507	53,086	54,068	54,738	52,586	57,035	
Human and cultural services	15,246	14,507	14,757	15,328	14,113	13,339	14,619	14,242	13,753	8,349	
Public works	11,543	11,455	11,476	10,830	10,547	9,175	16,554	30,334	23,232	24,698	
Employee Benefits	-	-	-	-		6,696	7,553	8,070	7,780	8,685	
Capital Outlay	35,149	38,294	28,874	23,820	23,838	8,658	7,546	10,463	21,090	10,539	
Debt service	,	,	,	,	,	-,	-,	,		,	
Principal	15,132	13,969	16,640	7,341	4,368	7,150	15,700	6,030	2,780	873	
Interest and issuance costs	6,680	6,075	5,741	5,696	5,763	8,244	6,491	6,013	5,061	6,575	
Total expenditures	181,514	180,378	177,698	159,730	150,254	134,337	150,902	160,405	157,000	146,023	
T											
Excess of revenues	(7.830)	1 2 4 7	(4.171)	10 977	10 500	0.657	(5.465)	(4.720)	(0.502)	1 001	
over (under) expenditures	(7,830)	1,347	(4,171)	10,877	12,503	9,657	(5,465)	(4,738)	(2,503)	1,081	
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfer in	11,734	12,030	5,634	5,511	5,586	6,435	9,347	15,582	10,400	4,813	
Transfer out	(24,897)	(21,408)	(21,057)	(16,877)	(10,069)	(16,624)	(19,836)	(28,448)	(26,745)	(16,442)	
Issuance of long-term debt	17,761	41,075	15,007	5,892	497	30,019	2,095	4,808	87,269	3,500	
Sale of capital assets	382	256	256	579	137	489	318	561	108	166	
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	(19,650)	-	-	-	-	(28,440)		-	(69,891)	-	
Discount on long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	(88)	-	-	-	-	
Premium on long-term debt issued	2,995	6,747	-			1,172			5,738		
Total other financing	(11.675)	20.000	(1.00)	(4.005)	(0.0.10)	(3.005)	(0.05.0)		6.050	(20/2)	
sources (uses)	(11,675)	38,700	(160)	(4,895)	(3,849)	(7,037)	(8,076)	(7,497)	6,879	(7,963)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (19,505)	\$ 40,047	\$ (4,331)	\$ 5,982	\$ 8,654	\$ 2,620	\$ (13,541)	\$ (12,235)	\$ 4,376	\$ (6,882)	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	14.9%	14.1%	15.0%	9.6%	8.0%	12.3%	15.5%	8.0%	5.8%	5.5%	

City of Jackson General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Local and State Sales Tax	Franchise Tax	State Motor Fuel Tax	State Alcoholic Beverage Tax	Total
2021	\$ 80,103	\$ 45,073	\$ 7,157	\$ 629	\$ 318	\$ 133,280
2020	79,439	41,120	6,842	597	301	128,299
2019	78,482	41,674	7,298	609	360	128,423
2018	78,079	42,742	7,510	594	331	129,256
2017	75,697	43,866	7,140	168	316	127,187
2016	69,945	30,691	8,119	44	258	109,057
2015	69,118	31,636	8,975	47	254	110,030
2014	77,435	29,440	1,552	30	270	108,727
2013	70,026	32,034	1,590	26	270	103,946
2012	69,887	29,155	1,652	30	268	100,992

Source: Governmental Funds - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

City of Jackson										
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property										
Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)										

	Real Pr	operty	Personal	Property	Tota	1		Ratio of Total Assessed		
Fiscal Year	Assessed Value (1)	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value (2)	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value (2)	Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (3)	to Total Estimated Actual Value		
2021 \$	794,548,745 \$	6,152,153,090 \$	490,433,605 \$	2,239,695,533 \$	1,284,982,350 \$	8,391,848,623	61.32	10%,15%,and 30%		
2020	794,990,628	6,158,893,930	489,461,149	2,225,459,710	1,284,451,777	8,384,353,640	61.32	10%,15%,and 30%		
2019	802,206,148	6,216,616,390	436,046,020	1,996,189,720	1,238,252,168	8,212,806,110	61.27	10%,15%,and 30%		
2018	797,546,086	6,191,522,987	437,285,854	1,991,106,580	1,234,831,940	8,182,629,567	61.23	10%,15%,and 30%		
2017	797,544,121	6,191,509,887	432,278,120	1,957,721,687	1,229,822,241	8,149,231,574	59.27	10%,15%,and 30%		
2016	797,782,302	6,209,794,880	427,318,830	1,940,221,673	1,225,101,132	8,150,016,553	56.26	10%,15%,and 30%		
2015	782,206,847	6,106,236,603	429,291,423	1,975,757,483	1,211,498,270	8,081,994,086	56.46	10%,15%,and 30%		
2014	792,551,066	6,169,507,167	423,157,579	1,950,263,833	1,215,708,645	8,119,771,000	62.07	10%,15%,and 30%		
2013	805,068,802	6,271,511,887	396,924,146	1,871,856,147	1,201,992,948	8,143,368,034	56.54	10%,15%,and 30%		
2012	810,977,848	6,317,262,297	413,249,466	1,993,670,330	1,224,227,314	8,310,932,627	56.63	10%,15%,and 30%		

(1) Ad valorem tax property assessments within the City and the Jackson Municipal Separate School District are assessed at fifteen percent (15%). The assessed value for motor vehicles and for property owned by public service corporations is determined by an assessment schedule prepared each year by the State of Mississippi Department of Revenue, and is set at approximately thirty percent (30%) of appraised value.

(2) Includes automotive valuation.

(3) Total direct tax rate comes from the Public Hearing /Special Meeting of the City Council under total for said municipal purposes.

SOURCE: Hinds, Rankin and Madison County Tax Collectors

City of Jackson PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Cit	y of Jackso	n	County	Scl	hool Distric	t		
Fiscal _Year_	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	(1) Total City Millage	Debt Service & Operating County Milage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total School Millage	Library Special District	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
2021	51.73	9.59	61.32	41.58	65.91	20.86	86.77	1.7 1	191.38
2020	55.17	6.15	61.32	41.58	65.91	20.95	86.86	1.71	191.47
2019	54.66	6.6 1	61.27	41.58	65.91	18.82	84.73	1.76	189.34
2018	57.40	3.83	61.23	41.58	65.91	18.90	84.8 1	1.80	189.42
2017	56.19	3.08	59.27	38.83	65.91	18.68	84.59	1.76	184.45
2016	53.28	2.98	56.26	38.33	65.91	16.76	82.67	1.77	179.03
2015	48.90	7.56	56.46	38.33	65.91	16.53	82.44	1.57	178.80
2014	56.77	5.30	62.07	38.33	64.79	7.17	71.96	1.49	173.85
2013	53.50	3.04	56.54	38.33	62.58	1 4.9 1	77.49	1.49	173.85
2012	53.43	3.20	56.63	38.33	62.66	12.33	74.99	1.40	171.35

(1) Total direct tax rate comes from the Public Hearing /Special Meeting of the City Council under total for said municipal purposes.

Source: Hinds County Tax Collectors, Jackson Public School District, and Jackson/Hinds Library System

City of Jackson Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

		2021				2012	
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	A	Faxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Entergy of Mississippi Inc	\$ 1 81,34 1	1	14.11%	\$	79,472	1	6.49%
Bell South	23,773	2	1.85%		50,108	2	4.09%
Atmos Energy Corp	20,945	3	1.63%		12,268	5	1.00%
Entergy Services	20,881	4	1.63%		8,836	8	0.72%
Texas Eastern Transmission LP	1 7,850	5	1.39%		-		-
Continental Tire The Americas LLC	17,462	6	1.36%		-		-
Gulf South Pipeline Co. LP	1 7,266	7	1.34%		26,849	4	2.19%
Midcontinent Express Pipeline	13,266	8	1.03%		29,093	3	2.38%
Illinois Central Railroad	9,329	9	0.73%		7,026	10	0.57%
Eaton Aerospace LLC	5,986	10	0.47%		-		-
Parkway Properties	-		-		10,233	6	0.84%
AT&T	-		-		9,804	7	0.80%
Walmart/Sam's Wholesale Club	 		<u> </u>		8,280	9	0.68%
Totals	\$ 328,099		25.53%	\$	241,969		19.76%

Source: Hinds County

Note: See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 180 for property assessed value data.

City of Jackson Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended	Total Tax Levy for			cted within the Year of the Levy		Collections in		Total Collections to Date			
September 30	Fiscal Year	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy	5	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2021	\$ 69,547	\$	67,250	96.7%	\$	89 4	\$	68, 144	98.0 %		
2020	68,621		66,324	96.7		977		67,301	98 .1		
2019	67,275		65,024	96.7		958		65,982	98 .1		
2018	66,618		64,208	96.4		1,360		65,568	98.4		
2017	64,507		62,170	96.4		1,096		63,266	98 .1		
2016	61,601		59,54 8	96.7		1,229		60,777	98.7		
2015	59,436		59,314	99.8		528		59,8 42	100.7		
2014	69,499		66,623	95.9		1,458		68,081	98.0		
2013	69,069		61,147	88.5		1,106		62,253	90.1		
2012	67,138		60,734	90.5		1,533		62,267	92.7		

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The total tax levy does not include automobile ad valorem taxes.

City of Jackson Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

	-	Governmental Activities												
Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bonds (2)	Limited Obligation Bonds	State Revolving Loan MDA	Mississippi Development Bank Loan		Mississippi Development Bank Note (2)	Section 108 Loan	General Obligation Note	1 	Capital Leases			
2021	\$	105,233 \$	8,026 \$	615 \$	5 414	\$	35,111 \$	4,800	\$ -	\$	16,725			
2020		112,677	8,877	332	729		38,792	5,450		-	19,953			
2019		122,095	9,938	431	1,002		-	6,100		-	13,947			
2018		128,381	7,429	527	1,296		-	6,750		-	11,223			
2017		131,834	3,546	621	1,590		-	7,000		-	12,932			
2016		125,729	4,080	217	1,884		-	7,000	2,30)	11,640			
2015		124,150	4,576	259	2,159		-	7,000	4,60)	15,677			
2014		132,380	5,111	302	2,452		-	6,889	6,90)	17,880			
2013		135,645	5,622	342	2,747		-	7,000	9,20)	18,167			
2012		131,290	6,102	383	3,040		-	7,000	40	2	17,058			

(Continued)

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 190 for personal income and population data.

(2) General obligation and revenue bonds and Mississippi Development Bank Notes include the related premium (discount).

-	Revenue Bonds (2)	 General Obligation Note	-	State Revolving Loan (DEQ)	State Revolving Loan (DOH)	State Revolving Loan (MDA)	 Capital Leases	Total Primary <u>Government</u>	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
\$	190,544	\$ 7,000	9	5 45,051	\$ 13,080	\$ 1,162	\$ 1 ,877	\$ 429,638	5.72% \$	2,795
	200,278	2,932		36,647	7,911	2,015	2,230	438,823	5.95%	2,855
	209,712	-		26,867	3,620	2,868	2,303	398,883	6.51%	2,299
	218,811	-		28,364	442	3,721	2,581	409,525	7.18%	2,360
	227,608	-		30,437	222	4,574	2,971	423,335	7.42%	2,440
	222,455	-		27,322	-	4,363	1,169	408,159	7.29%	2,520
	227,910	-		25,633	-	5,021	2,719	419,704	7.31%	2,527
	233,660	-		22,534	-	3,943	4,187	443,138	7.81%	2,700
	239,265	-		15,653	-	2,727	4,137	440,505	7.59%	2,624
	154,430	-		12,578	-	-	3,069	335,352	5.59%	1,933

Business-Type Activities

City of Jackson Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Fiscal Year	 Assessed Value	Limited Obligation Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	_	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total		Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1)	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable		
2021	\$ 1,284,982 \$	8,026 \$	105,233	\$	9,032	\$	104,227	1.24%	\$	678.12	
2020	1,284,452	8,877	112,677		7,793		113,761	1.36%		740.14	
2019	1,238,252	9,938	122,095		7,971		124,062	1.51%		715.00	
2018	1,234,832	7,429	128,381		6,971		128,839	1.57%		742.53	
2017	1,229,822	3,546	131,834		5,992		129,388	1 .59%		745.69	
2016	1,225,101	4,080	125,729		4,275		125,534	1.54%		723.48	
2015	1,211,498	4,576	124,150		4,509		124,217	1.54%		715.89	
2014	1,215,709	5,111	132,380		4,045		133,446	1 .64%		769.08	
2013	1,201,993	5,622	135,465		5,149		135,938	1.67%		783.44	
2012	1,224,227	6,102	131,290		2,331		135,061	1.63%		778.39	

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 180 for property value data.

(2) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 190.

City of Jackson Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of September 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Estimated
		Estimated	Share of
	Debt	Percentage	Overlapping
<u>Governmental Unit</u>	Outstanding	Applicable	Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:			
Hinds County	\$ 77,426	76.57%	\$ 59,285
Jackson Public Schools	180,113	100.00%	180,113
Subtotal, overlapping debt			239,398
City of Jackson direct debt	170,924	100.00%	170,924
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 410,322

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages by City of Jackson, Hinds County, and Jackson Public Schools.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Jackson. This process recognizes that, when considering the City of Jackson ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and business should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is with the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

City of Jackson Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year											
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		2013	2012	
Debt limit	\$182,280	\$1 82 ,360	\$175,533	\$175,212	\$173,963	\$174,666	\$173,1 82	\$	176,428	\$176,090	\$174,971	
Total net debt applicable to limit	90,120	103,433	109,481	115,476	119,440	107,047	105,717		100,148	94,548	73,224	
Legal debt margin	\$ 92,160	\$ 78,927	\$ 66,052	\$ 59,736	\$ 54,523	\$ 67,619	\$ 67,465	\$	76,280	\$ 81,542	\$101,747	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit	49.4%	56.7%	62.4%	65.9%	68.7%	61.3%	61.0%		56.8%	53.7%	41.8%	
				Legal Debt	margin Calcu	ılation for Fi	scal Year 202	1				
				Assessed val Less Homest Total assesse	ead Exemptio	n	\$ \$	1,284,982 (69,782) 1,215,200				
				Debt applicat General oblig Less: 2	tion to limit: gation bond in Amount set as General oblig net debt applic	ide for repayn ation bond de	\$ \$	182,280 98,410 (8,290) 90,120 92,160				

Note: Under state finance law, the City of Jackson's outstanding general obligation bond debt should not exceed 15 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

City of Jackson Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Water / Sewer Revenue Bonds										
Fiscal Year		Water/Sewer Charges and Other Revenue		Less: Operating Expenses		Net Available Revenue		De Principal	ebt Serv	vice Interest	(1) Coverage
2021	\$	33,101	\$	42,855	\$	(9,754)	\$	9,015	\$	10,083	(0.51)
2020		47,754		40,050		7,704		8 ,705		10,457	0.40
2019		49,863		49,197		666		8,370		10,786	0.03
2018		57,709		39 ,8 40		17,869		8,070		11,084	0.93
2017		61,109		37,636		23,473		7,830		11,327	1.23
2016		64,673		32,249		32,424		8,569		12,144	1.57
2015		59,883		29,442		30,441		14,063		12,205	1.16
2014		69,472		34,670		34,802		9,180		11,917	1.65
2013		44,186		33,337		10,849		9,380		6,680	0.68
2012		48,171		33,366		14,805		6,780		4,96 1	1.26

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation.

¹ The City of Jackson increased water/sewer rates effective November 19, 2013. The sewer rate increase was 108% and the water rate increase was 29%. Applied fund balance was used for water/sewer shortfall for fiscal year 2013 and 2018. An engineer consultant will conduct an analysis on the water/sewer system.

Fiscal Year Population (1)		Personal Income (amounts expressed) in thousands)		Per Capita Personal Income (3)		Median Age (4)	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling (2)	School Enrollment (2)	Unemployment Rate (5)	
2021	153,701	\$	7,511,675	\$	48,872	33.5	12	20,000	4.2%	
2020	153,701		7,376,41 8		47,992	33	12	22,000	6.4%	
2019	173,514		6,126,432		32,308	31	12	24,000	4.6%	
2018	173,514		5,702,711		32,866	31	12	24,000	4.1%	
2017	173,514		5,702,711		32,866	31	12	26,000	4.2%	
2016	173,514		5,595,827		32,250	31	12	30,000	5.1%	
2015	173,514		5,739,843		33,080	31.3	12	30,000	4.8%	
2014	173,514		5,675,296		32,708	31.5	12	30,000	5.9%	
2013	173,514		5,801,267		33,434	31.5	12	30,000	6.7%	
2012	173,514		5,997,858		34,567	31.0	12	30,000	7.3%	

City of Jackson Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Data Sources

(1) Mississippi Census Bureau

(2) Jackson Public Schools Estimate

(3) U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

(4) Mississippi Department of Employment Security

(5) U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

City of Jackson Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021			2012	2012			
Employer	Employees ¹	Rank	Percentage of Total Area Employment ²	Employees ¹	Rank	Percentage of Total Area Employment ³			
State of Mississippi	27,775	1	11.15%	31,556	1	12.43%			
University of Mississippi	9,000	2	3.61%	8,000	2	3.15%			
American Studios, Inc.	5,000	3	2.01%	-					
Jackson Public School District	4,200	4	1.69%	4 ,8 14	4	1 .90%			
Entergy Operations, Inc.	3,600	5	1.44%	-					
Baptist Health Systems	3,000	6	1.20%	2,875	5	1.13%			
Trustmark Corporation	2,797	7	1.12%	-					
St. Dominic Health Services	2,500	8	1.00%	2,600	6	1.02%			
City of Jackson, Mississippi	2,100	9	0.84%	2,323	7	0.91%			
Jackson State University	2,000	10	0.80%	1 ,667	8	0.66%			
U.S. Government				5,500	3	2.17%			
AT&T				1,300	9	0.51%			
Central MS Medical Center				1,200	10	0.47%			
	61,972		24.87%	61,835		24.35%			

¹ Source: MetroJackson Chamber of Commerce 2021

² Source: Mississippi Department of Employment Security for Jackson MSA

³ Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Function	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
General government Public safety Police	249	269	268	267	249	266	267	278	302	290
Officers Civilians	279 134	298 169	352 188	415 153	352 208	440 193	389 245	412 280	455 267	499 272
Fire Firefighters and officers	309	332	336	314	311	338	333	345	316	337
Civilians	15	14	14	14	14	14	24	23	17	11
Public Works Culture and Recreation	270 213	330 209	373 234	367 246	333 184	157 260	395 273	425 262	461 318	484 238
Total	1,469	1,621	1,765	1,776	1,651	1,668	1,926	2,025	2,136	2,131

City of Jackson Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: City of Jackson Information System Department.

City of Jackson Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Function										
Police										
Parking violations Traffic violations	5,474 22,955	4,916 21,970	8,185 28,498	29,270 63,634	5,535 17,666	9,399 30,405	9,197 44,008	10,098 41,823	12,281 52,425	17,190 60,598
Fire										
Number of calls answered (1) Inspections	17,180 2,538	16,658 1,784	17,503 2,461	17,802 1,276	15,309 3,392	716 3,941	14,567 3,205	14,025 4,141	11,825 4,500	9,403 4,635
Highways and streets										
Street resurfacing (miles) (1) Potholes repaired (2)	22 14,899	18 15,962	13 24,191	4 11,224	24.8 14,999	24.8 22,116	6.2 30,389	6.1 29,921	4.2 37,565	10.6 29,871
Sanitation										
Refuse collected (tons/day) Recyclables collected (tons/day)	3,558	3,456 -	7,799 69	9,880 160	3,381 69.09	4,114 83.18	5,496 81.96	5,361 90.06	5,301 91.35	7,904 89.84
Culture and recreation										
Community center admissions	158	97	160	169	80	79	110	64	89	118
Water										
New connections (1) Average daily consumption	4,211	3,748	1,078	188	121	-	-	-	-	212
(thousands of gallons) (1)	81,915	75,517	96,600	7,189	7,008	-	-	-	-	-
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons) (1)	82,647	75,686	96,929	7,218	43,896	-	-	-	-	-

Source: Various City of Jackson departments.

(1) The dashes indicate data that is not available.

(2) Prior years' data was recorded based on the number of pothole calls not the number of potholes repaired.

	Fiscal Year									
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Function										
Public safety										
Police stations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Fire stations	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Highways and streets										
Streets (miles)	1,201	1,201	1,201	1,201	1,201	1,201	1,201	1,201	1,201	1,204
Traffic signals intersection	321	321	321	321	319	358	358	358	358	358
Culture and recreation										
Parks	57	57	57	57	57	57	57	54	54	54
Gymnasiums	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Swimming pools	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Splash pad	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tennis courts	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61	61
Community centers	6	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10
Water										
Water mains (miles)	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	-	-	-	-	-
Fire hydrants	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,800	22,000	-	-	-	-	-
Maximum daily capacity	19,543	18,974	18,316	18,057	17,795	-	-	-	-	-
(thousands of gallons)										
Sewer										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	900	-	-	-	-	-
Storms sewers (miles)	9,391	9,391	9,478	9,859	3,908	-	-	-	-	-

City of Jackson Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: Various City of Jackson departments. (1) The dashes indicate data that is not available.

SINGLE AUDIT

TANN, BROWN & RUSS CO., PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 1501 LAKELAND DRIVE, SUITE 300 JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39216-4841 TELEPHONE (601) 354-4926 FACSIMILE (601) 354-4947

MEMBERS AMERICAN INSTITUTE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS MEMBERS MISSISSIPPI GOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Honorable Members of the City Council City of Jackson, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Jackson, Mississippi (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Jackson, Mississippi's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Gity's discretely presented component units: the Capital City Convention Center Commission, the Jackson Redevelopment Authority, and the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Jackson, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and another deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 through 2021-012, 2021-014, and 2021-015 to be material weaknesses.

A *significant* deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-013 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Jackson, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001, and 2021-015 through 2021-022.

City's Responses to Findings

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Taun Brown & R was le.

February 20, 2023

TANN, BROWN & RUSS CO., PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 1501 LAKELAND DRIVE, SUITE 300 JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39216-4841 TELEPHONE (601) 354-4926 FACSIMILE (601) 354-4947

MEMBERS AMERICAN INSTITUTE CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS MEMBERS MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Mayor and Honorable Members of the City Council City of Jackson, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Jackson, Mississippi's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The City's basic financial statements include the operations of the Jackson Municipal Airport Authority (JMAA) as a discretely presented component unit of the City. During the year ended September 30, 2021, JMAA expended \$12,173,753 in federal awards, which is not included in the City's schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of JMAA because JMAA engaged other auditors to perform its audit.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal award applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).* Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred.

An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Jackson, Mississippi complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Jackson, Mississippi, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency or combination of deficience is a deficiency, or combination of compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tam, Brown + Knos 6.

February 20, 2023

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

City of Jackson Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

U.S. Department of Agriculture (MS Department of Education - Pass Through) 10.558 V0000700018 \$ 82,136 \$	
Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 V0000700018 \$ 82,136 \$ SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 10.558 10.558 \$ 82,136 \$ \$ Food Distribution Cluster: (Central Mississippi Planning and Development District - Pass Through) 10.565 1120-25 40,569 Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Congregate) 10.565 1520-25 56,571 \$ SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 10.565 10.565 1520-25 56,571 \$ \$ Direct Program: Emergency Watershed Protection Program 10.923 302,915 \$ \$ SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 10.923 10.923 302,915 \$ \$ \$	
(Central Mississippi Planning and Development District - Pass Through) 10.565 1120-25 40,569 Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Congregate) 10.565 1520-25 56,571 SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 10.565 97,140 97,140 Direct Program: 10.923 302,915 SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 10.923 302,915 302,915	
Emergency Watershed Protection Program 10.923 302,915 SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 10.923 302,915 302,915	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE 482,191	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	
Direct Programs: 14.218 B-14-MC-28-0003 5,989 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 B-15-MC-28-0003 37,359 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 B-16-MC-28-0003 137,849 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 B-16-MC-28-0003 137,849 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 B-17-MC-28-0003 196,127 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 B-18-MC-28-0003 161,912	- - - -
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 B-19-MC-28-0003 301,113 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 B-20-MC-28-0003 44,015 COVID-19 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants 14.218 B-20-MC-28-0003 59,062 SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 14.218 943,426 943,426	- -
Emergency Solutions Grant Program 14.231 E-19-MC-28-0003 11,677 COVID-19 Emergency Solutions Grant Program 14.231 E-20-MW-28-0003(CV) 532,850 SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 14.231 544,527	- 437,398 437,398
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 14.239 M-15-MC-28-0200 65,515 HOME Investment Partnerships Program 14.239 M-16-MC-28-0200 8,070 HOME Investment Partnerships Program 14.239 M-17-MC-28-0200 3,264 HOME Investment Partnerships Program 14.239 M-18-MC-28-0200 394,283 HOME Investment Partnerships Program 14.239 M-19-MC-28-0200 394,283 UBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 14.239 SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 14.239 539,923	65,515 8,070 - 392,087 - - 465,672
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS 14.241 MS-H19-F001 73,159 Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS 14.241 MS-H20-F001 396,028 COVID-19 Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS 14.241 MS-H20-F001 396,028 SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 14.241 MS-H20-FHW001(CV) 208,689 677,876	45,489 396,028 208,689 650,206
Lead-Based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing 14.900 MSLHB0631-16 20,664 SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 14.900 20,664 20,664	-
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT 2,726,416	1,553,276
U.S. Department of Justice	
Direct Programs:	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 2018-DJ-BX-0739 208,638 SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 16.738 208,638 208,638	
Equitable Sharing Program16.92215,069SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 16.92215,069	<u> </u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE 223,707	
U.S. Department of Labor	
(Senior Service America - Pass Through) 17.235 AD-35223-20-60-A-24 353,005 Senior Community Service Employment Program (Digital Inclusion Initiative) 17.235 AD-36274-21-60-A-24 97,366 Senior Community Service Employment Program (Digital Inclusion Initiative) 17.235 AD-36274-21-60-A-24 97,366	-
SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 17.235 450,371 TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR 450,371	

City of Jackson Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Federal Agency/Program	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor Number	Current Year Federal Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Transportation				
(Mississippi Department of Transportation-Pass Through)				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:				
Highway Planning and Construction (Lynch Street Improvements)	20,205	DHP-8276-00(003) 104587-812000	938,259	-
Highway Planning and Construction (Capital Street Phase II))	20.205	TCSP-8312-00(002) 106058-802000	323,941	-
Highway Planning and Construction (Museum to Market Trail)	20.205	STP-0250-00(039) 106367-70100	467,054	-
Highway Planning and Construction (Barr Elementary)	20.205	SRSP-0250-00(051) 105812-40100	519,293	-
Highway Planning and Construction (South Jackson Signals)	20.205	STP-0250-00(49) 107545-701000	68,100	-
Highway Planning and Construction (North Jackson Signals)	20.205	STP-8243-00(002) 107546-70100	282,709	-
Highway Planning and Construction (North State Street)	20,205	STP-6928-00(013) 107548-70100	328,182	-
Highway Planning and Construction (State Street Rehabilitation)	20.205	STP-6928-00(015) 108077-701000	508,858	-
Highway Planning and Construction (Fast Act Sidewalks)	20,205	STP-0250-00(054) 108164-701000	15,961	
SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 20,205			3,452,357	
Federal Transit Administration Federal Transit Cluster: Direct Programs: Federal Transit Formula Grants Federal Transit Formula Grants SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 20.507	20.507 20.507 20.507 20.507 20.507 20.507 20.507 20.507 20.507 20.507 20.507	MS-90-00-81 MS-90-00-88 MS-90-X092-00 MS-2017-005-01 MS-2019-007-00 MS-2020-001-00 MS-2020-009-00 MS-2021-001-00 MS-2021-004-00 MS-2021-009-00 MS-2021-010-00	82,322 163,154 16,037 82,692 49,309 6,578,032 219,660 294,361 211,981 81,293 276,461 8,707,750	
Highway Safety Cluster: (Mississippi Office of Highway Safety-Pass Through) State and Community Highway Safety SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 20.600	20.600	PT-2021-PT-21-91 18PS2191 20LX2191	107,403 62,853 10,000 180,256	<u> </u>
(Mississippi Department of Transportation-Pass Through) National Infrastructure Investments (Tiger Grant) SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 20.933	20.933	STP-0250-00(047) 107200/811000	2,565,751 2,565,751	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			14,906,114	
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Direct Program: COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 21.027	21.027		1,095,958 1,095,958	<u> </u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			1,095,958	<u> </u>

City of Jackson Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Federal Agency/Program	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor Number	Current Year Federal Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures to Subrecipients
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality (Pass-Through) Capitalization grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 66.458	66.458	SRF-C2800838-04	<u>10,396,448</u> 10,396,448	<u>-</u>
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster Mississippi Department of Health (Pass-Through) Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 66.468 TOTAL U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	66.468	DWI-L250008-02	5,444,925 5,444,925 15,841,373	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Aging Cluster: Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part B, Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers (Central MS Planning and Development District - Pass Through) Title III-B Outreach SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 93.044	93.044	1030-25	23,167	<u>-</u>
Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part C, Nutrition Services (Central MS Planning and Development District - Pass Through) Congregate Nutrition Program (Non-cash) SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 93.045	93.045	1120-25	<u> </u>	
TOTAL AGING CLUSTER			104,039	
CCDF Cluster: (Mississippi Department of Human Services-Pass Through) COVID-19 Child Care and Development Block Grant SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 93.575	93.575		<u> </u>	<u>_</u>
(Central MS Planning and Development District - Pass Through) Social Services Block Grant (Transportation) Social Services Block Grant (Home Delivered Meals) (Non-cash) SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 93.667	93.667 93.667	1530-25 1520-25	87,384 	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			973,982	<u> </u>
Executive Office of the President				
Direct Program: High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area Program SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 95.001	95.001		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT			12,784	<u> </u>
U.S. Department of Homeland Security (Mississippi Emergency Management Agency-Pass Through) Disaster Grants-Public Assitance (Presidentially Declared Diasters) SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 97.036	97.036	4538-DR-MS	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
(Mississippi Department of Public Safety- Pass Through) Homeland Security Grant Program SUBTOTAL CFDA NUMBER 97.067	97.067	19LE221B	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			169,419	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 36,882,315	\$ 1,553,276

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule. See auditor's report on supplementary schedules.

CITY OF JACKSON Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Jackson under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Jackson, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Jackson.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - CONTINGENCY

The City has responsibility for expending grant funds in accordance with specific instructions from its funding sources. Any deficits resulting from over expenditures and/or questioned costs are the responsibility of the City.

Any unexpended grant funds at the end of the grant period may be refundable or carried over to the following period at the discretion of the funding sources. Notwithstanding the audits by independent certified public accountants, all costs included in this report remain subject to audit by the agencies providing financial support within the limits of the Uniform Guidance. The determination as to whether costs will be allowable or unallowable under the grants will be made by representatives of the funding sources having authority to make and enforce contracts.

NOTE 4 – LOAN AND LOAN GUARANTEES

In accordance with the Uniform Guidance, loans and loan guarantees include new loans made during the year, plus prior year loans for which the federal government imposes continuing compliance requirements.

NOTE 5 – INDIRECT COSTS

The City did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

NOTE 6- NON CASH ASSISTANCE

Non-cash federal assistance totaling \$327,593 is reflected under programs 93.045 and 93.667 for the estimated value of food received.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended September 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the City were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. Material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements and are reported in this schedule. Significant deficiencies that are not considered to be material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements and are reported in this schedule.
- 3. Instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were reported.
- 4. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs are reported.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. No audit findings were required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were:

Highway Planning and Construction Cluster (20.205) Federal Transit Cluster (20.507) Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster (66.458) Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster (66.468) 20.933 National Infrastructure Investments

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$1,106,469.
- 9. The Organization did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

- 2021-001 Material Weakness and Noncompliance Financial Reporting (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-001.)
 - Criteria: Federal regulations require the City to submit its audited annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR), including an audit of its major federal award programs, to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse within nine months of the City's fiscal year end. Regulations of the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor (MS OSA) require the City to submit its audited ACFR to MS OSA within thirteen months of the City's fiscal year end. The City's ACFR is the responsibility of the City's management. Therefore, a proper system of internal control over financial reporting is essential in order to prevent, detect, and correct misstatements in the ACFR and to facilitate the timely preparation of the ACFR.
 - Condition: The City's audited ACFR for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, was not submitted to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse and MS OSA before the applicable deadlines.
 - Cause: The City did not have adequate procedures and staffing in place to make the necessary adjustments in a timely manner as part of its month-end financial reporting process and to prepare the ACFR draft in a timely manner as part of its year-end financial reporting process.
 - Effect: The annual audit process was significantly delayed while the City gathered the necessary information and prepared a preliminary draft of the ACFR for audit. In addition, a significant number of adjustments to the accounting system data and revisions to the ACFR draft were necessary during the audit process.
 - Recommendation: We recommend that the City review its financial reporting procedures and staffing levels and revise these as necessary to ensure that the financial reports generated on a monthly and annual basis are prepared in a reliable and timely manner.
 - Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

2021-002 Material Weakness - Cash (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-002.)

- Criteria: Reconciliation of the bank account statements to the accounting system is a primary control procedure to ensure that transactions are properly recorded in the accounting system.
- Condition: The operating bank account reconciliations did not agree with the general ledger account balances, and discrepancies were not researched and reconciled in a timely manner.
- Cause: The City has had difficulties in reconciling the bank accounts' activity within the Water/Sewer billing system and the new accounting system.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

- Effect: The City's internal financial reports did not accurately reflect cash balances and activity.
- Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to reconcile all bank account statements to the accounting system monthly. Any differences should be investigated and resolved in a timely manner.
- Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.
- 2021-003 Material Weakness Investment Accounts (Repeat finding. See finding 2020-003.)
 - Criteria: Reconciliation of bank and investment account statements to the accounting system is a primary control procedure to ensure that transactions are properly recorded in the accounting system.
 - Condition: The trust, escrow, and investment bank account statements were not periodically reconciled to the general ledger account balances.
 - Cause: The City relied on year-end adjustments to record the activity in these accounts.
 - Effect: The internal financial reports did not accurately reflect the balances and activity in the trust, escrow, and investment bank accounts, and one investment account ("Jackson Tri-Cent") was not reflected in the City's accounting system.
 - Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to reconcile all bank and investment account statements to the accounting system on a monthly basis. Any differences should be investigated and resolved in a timely manner.
 - Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.
- 2021-004 Material Weakness Receivables (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-004.)
 - Criteria: Reconciliation of accounts receivable totals in the accounting system to detailed reports reflecting the individual customer accounts or other detailed balance information is a primary control procedure to ensure that transactions are properly recorded in the accounting system.
 - Condition: Water, sewer, and garbage customer receivable balances and various other receivable balances in the accounting system were not periodically reconciled to the detailed supporting records of balances actually owed to the City by individuals and others.
 - Cause: The City has had difficulties in reconciling the activity within the water/sewer billing system, and procedures did not appear to be in place to reconcile other receivable balances to the underlying individual accounts of those who owe the City.
 - Effect: The City's internal financial reports did not accurately reflect receivable balances owed to the City and the related revenues.
 - Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to reconcile all receivable balances in the accounting system to the underlying balances owed by individuals and others monthly. Any differences should be investigated and resolved in a timely manner.
 - Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

2021-005 Material Weakness – Receivables (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-005.)

- Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require that receivable balances and the related revenues be reflected net of an allowance for amounts estimated to be uncollectible.
- Condition: The City's water, sewer, and garbage customer accounts receivables balances have continued to increase dramatically over the past several years, and the allowances for uncollectible amounts were not adequately adjusted based on the past-due status of the receivables and other factors affecting collectability.
- Cause: As a result of difficulties experienced with the billing system, the City had delayed the evaluation of the collectability of receivable balances.
- Effect: Without appropriate allowances for uncollectible amounts, the internal financial reports overstated both the receivables asset balances and the related revenues.

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to periodically review and adjust the allowances for uncollectible accounts.

Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

2021-006 Material Weakness – Liabilities (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-008.)

- Criteria: Reconciliation of liability account totals in the accounting system to detailed reports reflecting the individual vendor accounts or other detailed balance information is a primary control procedure to ensure that transactions are properly recorded in the accounting system. Condition: Accounts payable and other liability detailed reports were not reconciled to the accounting system balances. Procedures were not in place to periodically reconcile the underlying amounts Cause: owed to individuals and entities with the liability balances reflected in the accounting system. Effect: The City's accounting system did not properly reflect the balances owed by the City. Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to reconcile the liability balances in the accounting system to the underlying amounts owed by the City on a monthly basis. The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan. Response: 2021-007 Material Weakness - Liabilities (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-009.)
 - Criteria: Reconciliation of payroll liability account totals in the accounting system to detailed reports reflecting the individual balances owed is a primary control procedure to ensure that transactions are properly recorded in the accounting system.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

Condition: Payroll liability accounts for payroll taxes, retirement contributions, group insurance premiums, and garnishment withholdings were not reconciled to ensure that all payroll withholdings and the City's related share of costs were properly reflected and remitted to the appropriate entities in a timely manner.

Cause: Procedures were not in place to periodically reconcile the underlying amounts owed to the liability balances reflected in the accounting system.

Effect: The City's accounting system did not properly reflect the balances owed by the City.

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to reconcile monthly the payroll liability balances in the accounting system to the underlying amounts owed by the City.

Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

2021-008 Material Weakness – Liabilities (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-011.)

- Criteria: Reconciliation of liability account totals in the accounting system to detailed reports reflecting the individual balances making up the total is a primary control procedure to ensure that transactions are properly recorded in the accounting system.
- Condition: A detailed report of the individual case numbers and amounts of police seized and forfeited cash held by the City pending court action was not available.
- Cause: A comprehensive system was not in place to track the seized and forfeited balances held by the City pending court decisions on whether the funds will be retained as city revenue or returned to defendants.
- Effect: The police seized and forfeited cash liability reflected in the accounting system was not reconciled to the individual cases pending.
- Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a report reflecting the individual case amounts held by the City pending court action and implement procedures to reconcile the individual case amounts to the balance in the accounting system on a monthly basis.
- Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

2021-009 Material Weakness – Fund Balances (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-012.)

- Criteria: Revenues and expense are required by GAAP to be separately reflected (rather than netted), and donations received with restrictions on their use are required to be reflected as restricted fund balances until utilized for the intended purposes.
- Condition: Some restricted fund balances for special programs were incorrectly reflected as "other liabilities", and some receipts were improperly posted directly to restricted liability or fund balance accounts rather than being reflected as revenues.
- Cause: Liability accounts were not monitored to ensure that liability account usage was appropriate.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

- Effect: The City's liabilities were overstated, and revenues and restricted fund balances were understated.
- Recommendation: We recommend that liability accounts be periodically reviewed to ensure that usage of liability accounts is appropriate. In addition, restricted fund balances should be monitored to ensure that the restricted fund balance is released to unrestricted fund balance upon utilization for the intended purpose.
- Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.
- 2021-010 Material Weakness Revenues (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-013.)
 - Criteria: Monitoring of lease agreements and payments due from lessees is a primary control to ensure that lessees comply with lease terms and that payments are received when due.
 - Condition: A tower lease agreement tracking system was not in place to monitor monthly tower lease revenue due from cellular companies or to monitor remaining lease terms, renewals, inflation adjustments, etc.
 - Cause: Because of the quantity and complexity of the City's tower leases, the City has primarily relied on the cellular companies to keep track of their own leases and make payments when due.
 - Effect: Tower leases are a significant source of revenue for the City, and with limited oversight from the City, lessees might underpay the City in connection with their lease obligations.
 - Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a tracking system for its tower leases and the payments due from the lessees.
 - Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.
- 2021-011 Material Weakness Expenditures (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-014.)
 - Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require capital outlay expenditures to be segregated from operating expenditures.
 - Condition: Capital outlay expenditure accounts included items that should have been classified as supplies since they did not meet the City's capitalization criteria, and the Other Services and Charges expenditure accounts included amounts that should have been classified as capital outlay.
 - Cause: The City relied upon year-end audit adjustments to correct these misposted transactions.
 - Effect: The City's internal financial reports did not accurately reflect capital outlay and debt service expenditures.
 - Recommendation: We recommend that the City's procedures for classifying and recording capital outlay expenditures be reviewed and revised as necessary to properly reflect these expenditures.
 - Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

2021-012 Material Weakness – Purchasing Procedures (Repeat finding. See finding 2020-015.)

- Criteria: Municipalities have an obligation to their citizens and grantors to efficiently utilize financial resources in providing the necessary municipal services.
- Condition: The City rented sewer by-pass pumps and related equipment in response to several sewer line emergencies. However, the City did not obtain competitive proposals or contracts for these services, and the equipment rentals continued for an extensive period beyond the initial emergencies. In addition, these rentals were not processed within the purchase order and accounts payable system in a timely manner.
- Cause: The City's emergency purchasing procedures did not specify a time limit for the emergency exception from normal competitive purchasing procedures for ongoing services, and the normal purchase order procedures were not followed.
- Effect: The City may not have paid the best price for the services that it received. In addition, the rental invoices were not entered into the payment processing system in a timely manner, and many of these invoices were paid more than a year after the charges were incurred.
- Recommendation: We recommend that the City review its emergency purchasing procedures and revise them as necessary to ensure that emergency purchases are adequately monitored and processed and that the City's normal competitive purchasing procedures are utilized as soon as practicable after the initial emergency exceptions are allowed.
- Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.
- 2021-013 Significant Deficiency Payroll Processing
 - Criteria: Supervisory review and approval of the work hours reported by employees is an important internal control to prevent overpayment of employees' wages.
 - Condition: An employee within the City's police department repeatedly reported, and was paid for, excessive work hours, which averaged 21 hours per day.
 - Cause: The hours reported as worked were not adequately monitored and reviewed prior to approval for payment.
 - Effect: The employee appears to have been paid for more hours than the employee actually worked.
 - Recommendation: We recommend that the City review and revise its procedures for monitoring, reviewing, and approving employees' reported work hours prior to processing for payment in order to prevent payments to employees for overstated work hours. We understand that the employee involved was subsequently terminated from employment with the City in April, 2022.
 - Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

2021-014 Material Weakness – Internal Service Fund

- Criteria: The purpose of an internal service fund is to provide services to the City's other funds and departments while the related cost of the services is allocated and charged to the City's other funds.
- Condition: The City maintains an internal service fund to facilitate the medical benefits provided to its employees. However, the cost of the medical benefits provided to the City's employees was not allocated to the City's other funds and departments during the year.
- Cause: The City did not have adequate procedures in place to monitor and allocate the internal service fund costs to the City's various other funds and departments during the year.
- Effect: The group insurance expense reflected in the City's various funds and departments during the year was understated by approximately \$12 million and had to be allocated to the City's other funds and departments as additional group insurance expense during the annual audit process.
- Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop procedures to allocate the internal service fund costs to the applicable funds and departments of the City each month.
- Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.
- 2021-015 Material Weakness and Noncompliance Unclaimed Funds (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-017.)
 - Criteria: Funds that have been unclaimed (i.e. uncashed checks) for more than five years are required under the Mississippi Unclaimed Property Act to be remitted to the Mississippi Treasurer's Office at least every three years if a check is not cashed by the payee, the money is still owed, and the payee cannot be located to reissue a check.
 - Condition: Approximately 1,500 old outstanding payroll and other checks dating back as far as 1996 were still reflected as outstanding in the accounting system and had not yet been remitted to the Mississippi Treasurer's Office as required.
 - Cause: The City did not have adequate procedures in place to monitor unclaimed funds and transmit them to the Mississippi Treasurer's Office as required.

Effect: The City was not in compliance with the Mississippi Unclaimed Property Act.

- Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to remit unclaimed funds to the Mississippi Treasurer's Office as required. In addition, we recommend that procedures be implemented to periodically review the outstanding checks schedule to ensure that voided checks have been properly removed from the outstanding checks schedule and any significant old outstanding checks are investigated to determine the reason they have not been cashed by the payees.
- Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

- 2021-016 Noncompliance City Council Meeting Minutes (Repeat finding. See finding 2020-018.)
 - Criteria: State statutes require minutes of city council meetings to be approved and signed by the next regular city council meeting or within 30 days, whichever occurs first.

Condition: We noted several instances in which the city council meeting minutes were not approved and signed within the required timeframe.

- Cause: Delays appear to have resulted from staffing changes and the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Effect: The city council meeting minutes were not available to the public in a timely manner.

Recommendation: We recommend that the procedures be reviewed and revised as necessary to ensure that the city council meeting minutes are approved in a timely manner.

Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

2021-017 Noncompliance – Budgeting (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-020.)

- Criteria: State statutes and regulations require that the City limit its expenditures to the amounts in the approved budget line items except for court-ordered or emergency purchases and capital outlay.
- Condition: Several expenditure line items in the budget were exceeded with no known applicable exception to the budget compliance requirement.
- Cause: The correction of posting errors and misclassified expenditures as well as items not separately budgeted as required resulted in actual expenditures that exceeded expenditure budget line items.
- Effect: The City was not in compliance with state statutes, and City officials could be exposed to fines for budget violations.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review and revise its budgeting and reporting procedures to ensure that the transactions are properly recorded and budget expenditures are adequately monitored to prevent expenditures in excess of the budgeted line items.

Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

2021-018 Noncompliance – Budgeting (Repeat finding. See finding 2020-021.)

- Criteria: Budget revisions that cumulatively exceed 10% of the originally adopted budget for a fund or department are required by state statute to be published in a newspaper in the same manner as the originally adopted budget along with the reason for the budget revisions.
- Condition: Several revisions to budgets for funds and departments exceeded 10% cumulatively but were not published as required.
- Cause: The City did not adequately monitor budget revisions.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

Effect: The public was not adequately informed of the budget revisions.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City's budget revision procedures be reviewed and revised as necessary to ensure that cumulative budget revisions in excess of 10% are published as required.

Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

2021-019 Noncompliance – Bank Accounts (Repeat finding. See finding 2020-022.)

- Criteria: The City is required by state statute to obtain competitive bids every two years from banks for municipal depository services and to designate its municipal depository for holding City funds based on the best bid.
- Condition: One of the City's bank accounts, which had a balance of approximately \$35 million at year-end and was held by the City's primary municipal depository, only earned interest at a rate of 0.05% rather than the 0.41% rate required by the City's municipal depository agreement with that bank. In addition, three of the City's bank accounts, which had balances totaling approximately \$613 thousand at year-end and were held by the City's primary municipal depository, were earning no interest at all.
- Cause: The City did not adequately monitor the bank's compliance with the municipal depository agreement.
- Effect: The City did not receive the correct amount of interest on its deposits with the bank.
- Recommendation: We recommend that the City review its bank account monitoring procedures and revise them as necessary to ensure that the bank complies with the municipal depository agreement.
- Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

2021-020 Noncompliance – Investments (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-023.)

- Criteria: State statutes generally restrict the types of investments that can be held by municipalities to direct investments in government securities.
- Condition: The Tort Claims Reserve Fund and the Water/Sewer EPA Consent Decree Account held investments in a U.S. Treasury money market fund (rather than direct U.S. Treasury securities), but this type of investment is only allowed for debt-related trust accounts.
- Cause: The City did not adequately monitor its investments for compliance with the applicable requirements.
- Effect: The City was not in compliance with state statutes.
- Recommendation: We recommend that the City transfer these funds to an allowable type of investment.
- Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

2021-021 Noncompliance – Personnel (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-024.)

Criteria: Federal regulations and state statutes require employers in Mississippi to complete an I-9 employment eligibility form and online E-Verify process when hiring employees. The I-9 form is required to be signed by a City representative to certify completion of the employment eligibility verification procedures.

Condition: I-9 forms were not properly completed and certified by the City for some new employees.

Cause: The City's controls over employment eligibility verifications for new employees were not functioning as intended.

Effect: The City was not in compliance with federal regulations and state statutes.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review its employee hiring procedures and revise them as necessary to comply with employment eligibility verification requirements and to document its compliance with those requirements.

Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

2021-022 Noncompliance – Timely Pay Statute (Repeated finding. See finding 2020-026.)

- Criteria: State statutes require municipalities to pay vendors within 45 days of receiving an invoice or pay the vendor interest on amounts paid after 45 days.
- Condition: We noted that the City made numerous vendor payments that were more than 45 days after receipt of the applicable invoices without documentation of any dispute or payment of the required interest.
- Cause: The City's procedures for processing and approving invoices for payment did not adequately document any disputes that delayed payment and did not add the required interest to vendor payments when payments were otherwise late. Effect: The City was not in compliance with statutory timely pay requirements.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review and revise its purchasing procedures as necessary to ensure compliance with Mississippi timely pay requirements.

Response: The City's response is reflected in the accompanying corrective action plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended September 30, 2021

2020-001 Material Weakness – Financial Reporting

Condition: We assisted the City's management with drafting portions of the ACFR because the City did not have adequate internal resources to prepare the ACFR in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-001.

2020-002 Material Weakness - Cash

- Condition: The operating bank account reconciliations did not agree with the general ledger account balances, and discrepancies were not researched and reconciled in a timely manner.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-002.
- 2020-003 Material Weakness Investment Accounts

Condition: The trust, escrow, and investment bank account statements were not periodically reconciled to the general ledger account balances.

- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-003.
- 2020-004 Material Weakness Receivables
 - Condition: Water, sewer, and garbage customer receivable balances and various other receivable balances in the accounting system weren't periodically reconciled to the detailed supporting records of balances actually owed to the City by individuals and others.
 - Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-004.

2020-005 Material Weakness – Receivables

Condition: The City's water, sewer, and garbage customer accounts receivables balances have continued to increase dramatically over the past several years, and the allowances for uncollectible amounts were not adequately adjusted based on the past-due status of the receivables and other factors affecting collectability. Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-005.

2020-006 Material Weakness - Inventories

Condition: A year-end inventory count of the water meters supply on hand at the warehouse was not performed and reconciled to the accounting system. Status: Corrected.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

2020-007 Significant Deficiency – Inventories

Condition: The City was unable to generate year-end supplies inventory reports from its new accounting system after the physical inventory counts were performed. Status: Corrected.

2020-008 Material Weakness - Liabilities

Condition: Accounts payable and other liability detailed reports were not reconciled to the accounting system balances, and the vouchers payable subsidiary ledger reflected old incorrect balances as being owed to certain vendors. Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-006.

2020-009 Material Weakness - Liabilities

Condition: Payroll liability accounts for payroll taxes, retirement contributions, group insurance premiums, and garnishment withholdings were not reconciled to ensure that all payroll withholdings and the City's related share of costs were properly reflected and remitted to the appropriate entities in a timely manner. Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-007.

2020-010 Material Weakness – Liabilities

Condition: The detailed report of the individual customer meter deposits held by the City was not periodically reconciled to the accounting system. Status: Corrected.

2020-011 Material Weakness - Liabilities

Condition: A detailed report of the individual case numbers and amounts of police seized and forfeited cash held by the City pending court action was not available. Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-008.

2020-012 Material Weakness – Fund Balances

- Condition: Some restricted fund balances for special programs were incorrectly reflected as "other liabilities", and some transactions were improperly netted within the restricted liability or fund balance accounts rather than being reflected as revenues and expenses.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-009.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

2020-013 Material Weakness - Revenues

- Condition: A tower lease agreement tracking system was not in place to monitor monthly tower lease revenue due from cellular companies or to monitor remaining lease terms, renewals, inflation adjustments, etc.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-010.

2020-014 Material Weakness – Expenditures

- Condition: Capital outlay expenditure accounts included items that should have been classified as supplies since they did not meet the City's capitalization criteria, and the Other Services and Charges expenditure accounts included amounts that should have been classified as capital outlay.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-011.

2020-015 Material Weakness – Purchasing Procedures

- Condition: The City paid contractors for cleaning and sanitizing City facilities and equipment as part of its response to the COVID-19 pandemic. However, the City did not obtain competitive proposals or contracts for these services, and the cleaning and sanitizing services continued for an extensive period of time beyond the initial emergency.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-012.
- 2020-016 Significant Deficiency Employee Benefits
 - Condition: A former employee of the City continued to receive benefits under the City's prescription drug employee benefit plan for several months after the individual's eligibility ended. Status: Corrected.

2020-017 Material Weakness and Noncompliance – Unclaimed Funds

Condition: Approximately 1,400 old outstanding payroll checks dating back as far as 1996 were still reflected as outstanding in the accounting system and had not yet been remitted to the Mississippi Treasurer's Office as required.
 Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-015.

2020-018 Noncompliance – City Council Meeting Minutes

- Condition: We noted several instances in which the city council meeting minutes were not approved and signed within the required timeframe.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-016.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

2020-019 Noncompliance – Municipal Compliance Questionnaire

Condition: While the approval of the Municipal Compliance Questionnaire was reflected in the city council meeting minutes, the actual questionnaire was not included in the city council meeting minutes. Status: Corrected.

2020-020 Noncompliance - Budgeting

Condition: Several expenditure line items in the budget were exceeded with no known applicable exception to the budget compliance requirement. Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-017.

2020-021 Noncompliance – Budgeting

- Condition: Several revisions to budgets for funds and departments exceeded 10% cumulatively but were not published as required. Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-018.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-018

2020-022 Noncompliance – Bank Accounts

- Condition: Three of the City's bank accounts, which totaled approximately \$35.5 million at year-end and were held by the City's primary municipal depository, only earned interest at a rate of 0.05% rather than the 2.67% rate required by the City's municipal depository agreement with that bank.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-019.

2020-023 Noncompliance – Investments

- Condition: The Tort Claims Reserve Fund and the Water/Sewer EPA Consent Decree Account held investments in a U.S. Treasury money market fund (rather than direct U.S. Treasury securities), but this type of investment is only allowed for debt-related trust accounts.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-020.

2020-024 Noncompliance – Personnel

- Condition: I-9 forms were not properly completed and certified by the City for some new employees.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-021.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS – CONTINUED Year Ended September 30, 2021

2020-025 Noncompliance – State Purchase Laws

- Condition: The City made a purchase of police body-worn cameras totaling approximately \$173,000 under a vendor's purchase contract with the National Cooperative Purchasing Alliance (NCPA) that did not appear to be approved by MS DFA as a state contract.
- Status: Corrected.

2020-026 Noncompliance – Timely Pay Statute

- Condition: We noted that the City made several vendor payments that were more than 45 days after receipt of the applicable invoices without documentation of any dispute or payment of the required interest.
- Status: Not corrected. See finding 2021-022.

2020-027 Significant Deficiency – Federal Grant Cash Management and Allowable Costs

- Condition: Funds totaling \$565,843 were inadvertently requested by the City in September, 2020, from the wrong Federal Transit Authority grants and were then returned by the City to the grantor in December, 2020, upon discovery of the error. The City subsequently requested the funds from the appropriate Federal Transit Authority grants.
- Status: Corrected.



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 02/27/2023

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY The City of Jackson respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2021. Name and address of independent public accounting firm: <u>Tann, Brown & Russ Co., PLLC</u> <u>1501 Lakeland Drive, Suite 300, Jackson, MS 39216</u>

Audit period: Year Ended September 30, 2021

The findings from the September 30, 2021 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule. Section 1 of the schedule, Summary of Audit Results, does not include findings and is not addressed.

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Finding No. 2021-001 MATERIAL WEAKNESS AND NONCOMPLIANCE- FINANCIAL REPORTING

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review its financial reporting procedures and staffing levels and revise these as necessary to ensure that the financial reports generated on a monthly and annual basis are prepared in a reliable and timely manner.

Action Taken: The City will revise its financial reporting procedures and enhance its staffing levels to ensure financial reports are generated accurately and timely. The City will review financial data on a monthly basis and make necessary adjustments at that time.

Finding No. 2021-002 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- CASH

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to reconcile all bank account statements to the accounting system monthly. Any differences should be investigated and resolved in a timely manner.

Action Taken: The procedures regarding the reconciliation of all bank accounts have been updated and the finance staff are in the process of implementing monthly reconciliations. The City implemented a new ERP system that will assist with the timely reconciliation of all bank accounts.

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Finding No. 2021-003 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to reconcile all bank and investment account statements to the accounting system on a monthly basis. Any differences should be investigated and resolved in a timely manner.

Action Taken: The procedures regarding the reconciliation of all bank and investment accounts have been updated and the finance staff are in the process of implementing monthly reconciliations. The City implemented a new ERP system that will assist with the timely reconciliation of all bank accounts.

Finding No. 2021-004 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- RECEIVABLES

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to reconcile all receivable balances in the accounting system to the underlying balances owed by individuals and others monthly. Any differences should be investigated and resolved in a timely manner.

Action Taken: Management is developing and implementing procedures to reconcile water, sewer and solid waste accounts receivables balances for customer accounts to the corresponding general ledger balances.

Finding No. 2021-005 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- RECEIVABLES

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to periodically review and adjust the allowances for uncollectible accounts.

Action Taken: The City has created a schedule for determining the appropriate adjustments to allowances for uncollectible accounts.

Finding No. 2021-006 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- LIABILITIES

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to reconcile the liability balances in the accounting system to the underlying amounts owed by the City on a monthly basis.

Action Taken: The City is updating its procedures to utilize subsidiary ledgers to record detailed balance information as it relates to the outstanding liability. The City will also begin to monitor liability accounts as part of its monthly reconciliation process.

Finding No. 2021-007 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- LIABILITIES

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to reconcile monthly the payroll liability balances in the accounting system to the underlying amounts owed by the City.

Action Taken: The City has updated it procedures and will begin to monitor payroll liability accounts as part of its monthly reconciliation process.

Finding No. 2021-008 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- LIABILITIES

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a report reflecting the individual case amounts held by the City pending court action and implement procedures to reconcile the individual case amounts to the balance in the accounting system on a monthly basis.

Action Taken: The Jackson Police Department will submit a weekly report to Fiscal Affairs Division of all evidence received by noon each Friday. JPD Fiscal Affairs will generate a weekly report of all evidence which will include cash and property. JPD will submit a monthly report to Finance. City Legal will compile a quarterly report and submit it to JPD Fiscal Affairs to be submitted to Finance as well. Additionally, an annual report will be compiled and submitted to Finance.

Finding No. 2021-009 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- LIABILITIES

Recommendation: We recommend that liability accounts be periodically reviewed to ensure that usage of liability accounts is appropriate. In addition, restricted fund balances should be monitored to ensure that the restricted fund balance is released to unrestricted fund balance upon utilization for the intended purpose.

Action Taken: The City is correcting the liability accounts that were incorrectly reflected for special programs. The City will continue to monitor liability accounts as part of its monthly reconciliation process.

Finding No. 2021-010 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- REVENUES

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a tracking system for its tower leases and the payments due from the lessees.

Action Taken: The City is working with a third-party consultant to review all cell tower regulations and contracts, update City ordinances as its relations to cell towers, and create greater equity between agreements. Furthermore, the City implemented a new ERP system to assist with the electronic tracking of leases and payments. Finally, the City has engaged a consulting firm to conduct business process improvements across the City, including with the tower leases.

Finding No. 2021-011 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- EXPENDITURES

Recommendation: We recommend that the City's procedures for classifying and recording capital outlay expenditures be reviewed and revised as necessary to properly reflect these expenditures.

Action Taken: The City will implement new policies to correctly classify and record capital outlay and debt service expenditures as required by GAAP.

Finding NO. 2021-012 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- PURCHASING PROCEDURES

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review its emergency purchasing procedures and revise them as necessary to ensure that emergency purchases are adequately monitored and processed and that the City's normal competitive purchasing procedures are utilized as soon as practicable after the initial emergency exceptions are allowed.

Action Taken: The purchasing staff will review its emergency purchasing procedures and make revisions to ensure efficient utilization of financial resources.

Finding No. 2021-013 SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY- PAYROLL PROCESSING

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review and revise its procedures for monitoring, reviewing, and approving employees' reported work hours prior to processing for payment in order to prevent payments to employees for overstated work hours. We understand that the employee involved was subsequently terminated from employment with the City in April, 2022.

Action Taken: The City has a timekeeping policy that includes procedures for monitoring, reviewing, and approving employees' reported work hours. The City will make it a priority to enforce the timekeeping policy.

Finding No. 2021-014 MATERIAL WEAKNESS- INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop procedures to allocate the internal service fund costs to the applicable funds and departments of the City each month.

Action Taken: The City will revise its monthly reconciliation procedures to include proper allocation of internal service fund costs.

Finding No. 2021-015 MATERIAL WEAKNESS AND NONCOMPLIANCE- UNCLAIMED FUNDS

Recommendation: We recommend that procedures be implemented to remit unclaimed funds to the Mississippi Treasurer's Office as required. In addition, we recommend that procedures be implemented to periodically review the outstanding checks schedule to ensure that voided checks have been properly removed from the outstanding checks schedule and any significant old outstanding checks are investigated to determine the reason they have not been cashed by the payees.

Action Taken: The City will continue to work with the Mississippi Treasurer's Office to ensure compliance with the Mississippi Unclaimed Property Act.

Finding No. 2021-016 NONCOMPLIANCE- CITY COUNCIL MEETING MINUTES

Recommendation: We recommend that the procedures be reviewed and revised as necessary to ensure that the city council meeting minutes are approved in a timely manner.

Action Taken: The City will revise its procedures to ensure city council meeting minutes are approved in a timely manner. Additionally, the City has created a new Clerk of Council office to assist with timely posting of city council meeting minutes.

Finding NO. 2021-017 NONCOMPLIANCE- BUDGETING

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review and revise its budgeting and reporting procedures to ensure that the transactions are properly recorded and budget expenditures are adequately monitored to prevent expenditures in excess of the budgeted line items.

Action Taken: The City is revising its budgeting and reporting procedures to ensure that transactions are properly recorded and budget expenditures are adequately monitored to prevent expenditures in excess of the budgeted line items. Efforts are underway to require the approval of budget department staff on all expenditures, prior to requests for payment being sent to accounts payable. This extra budget review will prevent expenditures in excess of the budgeted line items.

Finding NO. 2021-018 NONCOMPLIANCE- BUDGETING

Recommendation: We recommend that the City's budget revision procedures be reviewed and revised as necessary to ensure that cumulative budget revisions in excess of 10% are published as required.

Action Taken: The City is revising its budgeting and reporting procedures to ensure budget revisions are published as required.

Finding NO. 2021-019 NONCOMPLIANCE- BANK ACCOUNTS

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review its bank account monitoring procedures and revise them as necessary to ensure that the bank complies with the municipal depository agreement.

Action Taken: The City has requested a correction to the interest rate. Interest rates have now been corrected to comply with the municipal depository agreement.

Finding NO. 2021-020 NONCOMPLIANCE- INVESTMENTS

Recommendation: We recommend that the City transfer these funds to an allowable type of investment.

Action Taken: The City has requested a change to the investment holding facility and will continue to work with them to bring the investment type into compliance with state statutes.

Finding NO. 2021-021 NONCOMPLIANCE- PERSONNEL

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review its employee hiring procedures and revise them as necessary to comply with employment eligibility verification requirements and to document its compliance with those requirements.

Action Taken: The Department of Human Resources will revise its employee hiring procedures in order to comply with the applicable employee eligibility verification and form I-9 requirements.

Finding NO. 2021-022 NONCOMPLIANCE- TIMELY PAY STATUTE

Recommendation: We recommend that the City review and revise its purchasing procedures as necessary to ensure compliance with Mississippi timely pay requirements.

Action Taken: The City will utilize the implementation of its ERP system to provide more accountability in monitoring and ensuring compliance with Mississippi timely pay requirements. Policies and procedures will also be updated to enforce adherence to State regulations.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None reported.

If the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has questions regarding this plan, please call me at (601) 960-1005.

Sincerely yours,

Sharm Shamer

Sharon Thames, Deputy Director Department of Administration

TANN, BROWN & RUSS CO., PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 1501 LAKELAND DRIVE, SUITE 300 JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39216-4841 TELEPHONE (801) 354-4926 FACSIMILE (601) 354-4947

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Honorable Mayor and Honorable Members of the City Council City of Jackson, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Jackson, Mississippi (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated February 20, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced state laws and regulations. Providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-015 through 2021-022.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information of the City's Mayor, City Council, the City's management, the Mississippi Office of the State Auditor, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Tam. Brown + Raw lo.

February 20, 2023

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