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LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Louisville Municipal School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Louisville Municipal School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Louisville Municipal School District's basic financial statements as listed in the contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Louisville Municipal School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 5-13, 47, 48, 49, 50 and 51, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Louisville Municipal School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 12, 2020, on our consideration of the Louisville Municipal School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisville Municipal School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Louisville Municipal School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Watkins, Ward and Stafford, PLLC

Watkins Word and Stafford, PUC

Louisville, Mississippi May 12, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Louisville Municipal School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2019 increased \$901,214, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$130,048) which represents a 4% increase from fiscal year 2018. Total net position for 2018 decreased \$7,005,189, including a prior period adjustment of \$(2,664,020), which represents a 42% decrease from fiscal year 2017.
- General revenues amounted to \$22,201,849 and \$21,146,989, or 78% and 77% of all revenues for fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$6,108,529, or 22% of total revenues for 2019, and \$6,259,452, or 23 % of total revenues for 2018.
- The District had \$27,279,116 and \$31,747,610 in expenses for fiscal years 2019 and 2018; only \$6,108,529 for 2019 and \$6,259,452 for 2018 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$22,201,849 were adequate to provide for these programs for 2019 and \$21,146,989 for 2018 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$22,636,833 in revenues and \$21,097,321 in expenditures for 2019, and \$21,619,717 in revenues and \$20,569,498 in expenditures in 2018. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$503,287 from 2018 to 2019, and increased by \$2,020,873 from 2017 to 2018.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$562,063 for 2019 and increased by \$460,024 for 2018. The increase for 2019 was due to the additional construction netted against the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$295,609 for 2019 and increased by \$4,366,394 for 2018. This
 decrease for 2019 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The
 liability for compensated absences decreased by \$609 for 2019 and increased by \$21,394 for 2018.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$22,605,354 as of June 30, 2019.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

0					
Conde		Statement of N June 30, 2019	et P	June 30, 2018	Percentage Change
Current Assets	\$	9,892,414	\$	9,101,762	8.69%
Restricted Assets		235,498		234,556	0.40%
Capital assets, net		12,702,261		12,140,198	4.63%
Total Assets	_	22,830,173	•	21,476,516	6.30%
Deferred outflows of resources		2,846,995	-	3,932,078	-27.60%
Current liabilities		1,526,949		1,314,428	16.17%
Long-term debt outstanding		5,277,210		5,572,819	-5.30%
Net OPEB Liability		2,533,113		2,615,065	-3.13%
Net pension liability		35,760,888		38,400,040	-6.87%
Total liabilities	_	45,098,160		47,902,352	-5.85%
Deferred inflows of resources	_	3,184,362	-	1,012,810	214.41%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		9,782,261		9,040,198	8.21%
Restricted		2,403,536		2,327,750	3.26%
Unrestricted		(34,791,151)		(34,874,516)	0.24%
Total net position	\$	(22,605,354)	\$	(23,506,568)	3.83%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (34,791,151)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	38,631,368
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 3,840,217

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$562,063.
- The principal retirement of \$295,000 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 were \$28,310,378 and \$27,406,441, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$27,279,116 for 2019 and \$31,747,610 for 2018.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2019			Year Ended June 30, 2018	Percentag Change	ge
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	903,433	\$	806,958	11.96	%
Operating grants and contributions		5,116,146		5,410,395	(5.44)	%
Capital Grants and Contributions		88,950		42,099	111.29	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		7,448,513		6,771,595	10.00	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		14,469,863		13,924,832	3.91	%
Investment earnings		22,581		26,733	(15.53)	%
Sixteenth section sources		180,088		384,673	(53.18)	%
Other		80,804		39,156	106.36	%
Total revenues		28,310,378		27,406,441	3.30	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		13,269,717		13,122,208	1.12	%
Support services		8,635,509		11,017,559	(21.62)	%
Non-instructional		2,087,436		2,204,932	(5.33)	%
Sixteenth section		84,337		125,616	(32.86)	%
Pension expense		2,938,714		4,950,783	(40.64)	%
OPEB expense		110,001		124,265	(11.48)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		153,402		202,247	(24.15)	%
Total expenses		27,279,116		31,747,610	(14.08)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		1,031,262		(4,341,169)	123.76	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(23,506,568)		(16,501,379)	(42.45)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(130,048)		(2,664,020)	95.12	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(23,636,616)		(19,165,399)	(23.33)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(22,605,354)	\$	(23,506,568)	3.83	%

Governmental activities

Total expenses

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Total Expenses Percentage 2019 2018 Change 13,269,717 \$ 13,122,208 1.12 % Instruction \$ Support services 8,635,509 11,017,559 (21.62) % 2,087,436 (5.33) % Non-instructional 2,204,932 Sixteenth section 84,337 125,616 (32.86) % (40.64) % Pension Expense 2,938,714 4,950,783 **OPEB** Expense 110,001 124,265 (11.48) % Interest on long-term liabilities 153,402 202,247 (24.15) %

Table 3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Net (Exper	Percentage	
	 2019	 2018	Change
Instruction	\$ (11,158,859)	\$ (11,051,098)	(0.98) %
Support services	(6,879,223)	(9,164,424)	24.94 %
Non-instructional	147,766	84,295	75.30 %
Sixteenth section	(78,154)	(79,636)	1.86 %
Pension Expense	(2,938,714)	(4,950,783)	40.64 %
OPEB Expense	(110,001)	(124,265)	11.48 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (153,402)	 (202,247)	24.15 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (21,170,587)	\$ (25,488,158)	16.94 %

27,279,116

\$

\$

31,747,610

(14.08) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$21,170,587 for 2019 and \$25,488,158 for 2018) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$7,448,513 for 2019 and \$6,771,595 for 2018) and state and federal revenues (\$14,469,863 for 2019 and \$13,924,832 for 2018). In addition, there was \$180,088 and \$384,673 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$22,581 for 2019 and \$26,733 for 2018.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,694,674, an increase of \$599,588, which includes an increase in inventory of \$15,150. \$6,051,342 or 70% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,643,332 or 30% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$503,287. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$96,301, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$15,150.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2019, the District's total capital assets were \$25,152,664 including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$1,234,592 from 2018. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019, was \$12,450,403, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$740,093, resulting in total net capital assets of \$12,702,261.

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 lune 30, 2019	 lune 30, 2018	Percentage Change
Land	\$ 351,451	\$ 351,451	0.00 %
Construction in Progress	1,691,495	843,780	100.47 %
Buildings	4,771,393	4,910,288	(2.83) %
Building improvements	3,067,003	3,240,960	(5.37) %
Improvements other than buildings	1,131,791	1,197,415	(5.48) %
Mobile equipment	1,283,056	1,163,286	10.30 %
Furniture and equipment	406,072	433,018	(6.22) %
Total	\$ 12,702,261	\$ 12,140,198	4.63 %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2019, the District had \$5,277,210 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$375,000 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$609 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Ju	une 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	Percenta Change	•
Certificates of participation payable		2,145,000		2,260,000	(5.09)	%
Three mill notes payable		2,920,000		3,100,000	(5.81)	%
Compensated absences payable		212,210		212,819	(0.29)	%
Total	\$	5,277,210	\$	5,572,819	(5.30)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Louisville Municipal School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The district has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District plans to continue its sound financial management to meet the challenges and to embrace the opportunities of the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Louisville Municipal School District, 891 S. Columbus Avenue (PO Box 909) Louisville, Mississippi 39339.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

Exhibit A

State	me	nt oi	net	P05
June	30,	2019	Э	

Julie 30, 2019	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,207,539
Due from other governments	589,913
Other receivables, net	14,508
Inventories	80,454
Restricted assets	235,498
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	351,451
Construction in progress	1,691,495
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	4,771,393
Building improvements	3,067,003
Improvements other than buildings	1,131,791
Mobile equipment	1,283,056
Furniture and equipment	406,072
Total Assets	22,830,173
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,730,083
Deferred outflows - OPEB	116,912
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,846,995
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,433,238
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	93,711
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	93,711
Capital related liabilities	255,000
Non-capital related liabilities	120,000
Net OPEB liability - current portion	120,000
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	111,734
Capital related liabilities	2,665,000
Non-capital related liabilities	2,237,210
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability - non-current portion	35,760,888
	2,421,359
Total Liabilities	45,098,160
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	2,937,305
Deferred inflows - OPEB	247,057
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,184,362
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	9,782,261
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,242,356
Debt service	375,916
Forestry improvements	480,100
Unemployment benefits	69,666
Non-expendable:	-
Sixteenth section	235,498
Unrestricted (deficit)	(34,791,151)
Total Net Position	\$ (22,605,354)
	. (,,

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

									Oham	Revenue and
					Prog	gram Revenues Operating		Capital	Chang	ges in Net Position
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
		Expenses		00111003		Contributions		Contributions		710111100
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	13,269,717	\$	654,452	\$	1,456,406	\$	-	\$	(11,158,859)
Support services		8,635,509		61,355		1,605,981		88,950		(6,879,223)
Non-instructional		2,087,436		181,443		2,053,759		-		147,766
Sixteenth section		84,337		6,183		-		-		(78,154)
Pension expense		2,938,714		-		-		-		(2,938,714)
OPEB expense		110,001		-		-		-		(110,001)
Interest on long-term liabilities		153,402		-		-		-		(153,402)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	27,279,116	\$	903,433	\$	5,116,146	\$	88,950	\$	(21,170,587)
	1	Debt purpose le Unrestricted gran State Federal Unrestricted inve Sixteenth section Other Total Genera	ts ai stme sou	nd contributior ent earnings rces	IS:					352,735 14,236,908 232,955 22,581 180,088 80,804 22,201,849
	Net	ange in Net Positi Position - Beginr	ning,		repo	orted				1,031,262 (23,506,568)
		ior Period Adjust								(130,048)
		Position - Begin	0	, as restated						(23,636,616)
	Net	Position - Ending	9						\$	(22,605,354)

Net (Expense)

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2019

	Major Fund		
		Other	Total
	General	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,006,620 \$	2,436,417	\$ 9,443,037
Due from other governments	289,787	300,126	589,913
Other receivables, net	13,357	118	13,475
Due from other funds	161,398	33,933	195,331
Inventories	-	80,454	80,454
Total Assets	\$ 7,471,162 \$	2,851,048	\$ 10,322,210
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,239,802 \$	193,437	\$ 1,433,239
Due to other funds	33,933	160,364	194,297
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,273,735 \$	353,801	\$ 1,627,536
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Inventory	-	80,454	80,454
Permanent fund principal	-	235,498	235,498
Restricted:			
Debt service	-	469,627	469,627
Forestry improvement purposes	-	480,100	480,100
Grant activities	-	1,161,902	1,161,902
Unemployment benefits	-	69,666	69,666
Assigned:			
Activity funds	137,951	-	137,951
Other	8,134	-	8,134
Unassigned	6,051,342	-	6,051,342
Total Fund Balances	 6,197,427	2,497,247	8,694,674
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,471,162 \$	2,851,048	\$ 10,322,210

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	Exhibit C-1
Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	
June 30, 2019	

Total fund balances for governmental funds			\$ 8,694,674
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 			
Land	\$	351,451	
Construction in progress		1,691,495	
Buildings		10,399,060	
Building improvements		4,348,916	
Improvements other than buildings		1,709,156	
Mobile equipment		4,811,827	
Furniture and equipment		1,840,759	
Accumulated depreciation		(12,450,403)	12,702,261
 Some liabilities, including net pension and OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reporting in the funds: 			
Net pension liability		(35,760,888)	
Net OPEB liability		(2,533,113)	(38,294,001)
3. Deferred outflows and inflows related to the net pension and OPEB liabilities are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB		2,846,995	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB		(3,184,362)	(337,367)
		(0,101,002)	(007,007)
 Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: 			
Three mill notes payable	\$	(2,920,000)	
Certificates of participation	Ψ	(2,145,000)	
Compensated absences		(2,143,000)	
Accrued interest payable		(93,711)	(5,370,921)
······································		(00,711)	 (0,070,021)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ (22,605,354)

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	ſ	Major Fund		
			Other	Total
		General	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$	7,814,526 \$	566,778 \$	8,381,304
State sources		14,397,867	544,764	14,942,631
Federal sources		241,324	4,491,004	4,732,328
Sixteenth section sources		183,116	8,505	191,621
Total Revenues		22,636,833	5,611,051	28,247,884
Expenditures:				
Instruction		12,425,958	2,186,016	14,611,974
Support services		7,737,957	1,855,917	9,593,874
Noninstructional services		-	2,154,688	2,154,688
Sixteenth section		85,691	838	86,529
Facilities acquisition and construction		847,715	-	847,715
Debt service:				
Principal		-	295,000	295,000
Interest		-	132,887	132,887
Total Expenditures		21,097,321	6,625,346	27,722,667
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures		1,539,512	(1,014,295)	525,217
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery		59,221	-	59,221
Operating transfers in		234,950	1,330,396	1,565,346
Operating transfers out		(1,330,396)	(234,950)	(1,565,346)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,036,225)	1,095,446	59,221
Net Change in Fund Balances		503,287	81,151	584,438
Fund Balances:				
July 1, 2018		5,694,140	2,400,946	8,095,086
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		-	15,150	15,150
June 30, 2019	\$	6,197,427	2,497,247 \$	8,694,674

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

Exhibit D

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019			Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 584,438
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	1,309,341 (740,093)	569,248
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(7,185)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	\$	295,000 (20,515)	274,485
4. The implementation of GASB 68 and 75 creates a change in the amount of pension and OPEB expense that is reported on the statement of activities. A breakdown of these changes are listed below:			
Recording of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of proportionate share of contributions to OPEB trust Recording of OPEB contributions made subsequent to the measurement date Recording of OPEB expense for the current period		2,528,203 (2,938,714) 3,275 111,754 (110,001)	(405,483)
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	F		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve		609 15,150	15,759
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 1,031,262

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2019

	Drivete		
Private			
Purpose			Agency
Ti	rust Funds		Funds
\$	32,187	\$	107,104
	20,376		-
\$	52,563	\$	107,104
\$	-	\$	73
	-		1,034
	-		105,997
\$	-	\$	107,104
	52,563	_	
\$	52,563	-	
	\$ \$ \$	Purpose <u>Trust Funds</u> \$ 32,187 <u>20,376</u> \$ 52,563 \$ - <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u>	Purpose Trust Funds \$ 32,187 \$ 20,376 \$ 52,563 \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Private
		Purpose
	Tr	ust Funds
Additions		
Interest on investments	\$	162
Total Additions		162
Deductions		
Scholarships awarded		-
Total Deductions		-
Change in Net Position		162
Net Position		
July 1, 2018		52,401
June 30, 2019	\$	52,563

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Louisville Municipal School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

Blended component unit

The Louisville Municipal School District Leasing Authority ("the Authority") as explained in the following paragraph is considered to be a blended component unit as determined by Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* and is included in the district's reporting entity.

The Authority is governed by a five member board which is appointed by the school district's governing board. Although it is legally separate from the school district, it is reported as if it is part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide financing for the renovation, improvement, construction, and equipping of certain school facilities. Therefore, all of the Authority's assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses have been included in the government-wide financial statements of the school district (see Note **14**).

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Student Club Funds – These various funds account for the monies raised through student club activities.

Payroll Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets and liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the resources of paid claims held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets and liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Scholarship Trust Funds – Various private-purpose trust funds are held by the district and used to fund scholarships for scholarship award winners.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authorities of the county and the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred a deferred outflow which is presented as a deferred outflow related to pensions. The school district has also incurred a deferred outflow which is presented as a deferred outflow related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred a deferred inflow which is presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions. The school district has also incurred a deferred inflow which is presented as a deferred as a deferred inflow which is presented as a deferred inflow related to OPEB.

See Note **16** for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the approval of the type and amount of the commitment through a formal order of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Director of Finance pursuant to authorization established by formal school board policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amount in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$ 9,443,037 and \$159,667, which includes \$20,376 of certificates of deposit with original maturities beyond three months and reported on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
Certificates of deposit	N/A	Less than 1	20,376
Total		\$	20,376

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

• Certificates of Deposit of \$20,376 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2019, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2019, the district had the following investments:

Certificates of Deposit - Regions Bank	\$ 5,176	25%
Certificates of Deposit - Citizen's Bank	15,200	75%
	\$ 20,376	

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 160,364
General fund	Fiduciary funds	1,034
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 33,933
Total		\$ 195,331

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in pooled bank accounts caused by negative federal program fund cash flows and to recognize the effects of interfund loans between funds.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General fund Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds General fund	\$ 1,330,396 234,950
Total		\$ 1,565,346

The transfers constitute operating transfers between governmental funds.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance and cash equivalents balance, totaling \$ 235,498, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2018	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 351,451 \$	- \$	- \$	351,451
Construction-in-progress	843,780	847,715	-	1,691,495
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 1,195,231	847,715	-	2,042,946
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	10,399,060	-	-	10,399,060
Building improvements	4,348,916	-	-	4,348,916
Improvements other than buildings	1,709,156	-	-	1,709,156
Mobile equipment	4,462,210	349,617	-	4,811,827
Furniture and equipment	 1,803,499	112,009	74,749	1,840,759
Total depreciable capital assets	 22,722,841	461,626	74,749	23,109,718
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	5,488,772	138,895	-	5,627,667
Building improvements	1,107,956	173,957	-	1,281,913
Improvements other than buildings	511,741	65,624	-	577,365
Mobile equipment	3,298,924	229,847	-	3,528,771
Furniture and equipment	 1,370,481	131,770	67,564	1,434,687
Total accumulated depreciation	 11,777,874	740,093	67,564	12,450,403
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 10,944,967	(278,467)	7,185	10,659,315
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,140,198 \$	569,248 \$	7,185 \$	12,702,261

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 343,092
Support services	292,126
Non-instructional	103,322
16th Section	 1,553
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 740,093

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Spent to June 30, 2019	Remaining Commitment
Governmental Activities:		
Eiland Middle Renovations	\$ 394,481	\$ 70,225
Noxapater Renovations	261,588	21,592
Nanih Waiya Renovations	150,947	15,214
Louisville High School Renovations	113,866	10,000
Louisville Elementary Renovations	302,902	76,258
Fair Elementary Renovations	413,213	10,000
Noxapater School Dressing Room	29,748	30,000
Louisville High School Dressing Room	24,750	30,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,691,495	\$ 263,289

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with proceeds of a three mill note.

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	 Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2019	Amounts due within one year
A. Certificates of participation payable	2,260,000	-	115,000	2,145,000	120,000
B. Three mill notes payable	3,100,000	-	180,000	2,920,000	255,000
C. Compensated absences payable	 212,819	15,301	15,910	212,210	
Total	\$ 5,572,819 \$	15,301 \$	310,910 \$	5,277,210 \$	375,000

A. Certificates of participation payable

As more fully explained in Note **13**, certificates of participation have been issued by the school district. Certificates of participation currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Dutstanding
1. Series 2017 Trust Certificates	3.05%	7/31/2017	4/1/2032	\$ 2,285,000	\$	2,145,000
Total				\$ 2,285,000	\$	2,145,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 120,000 \$	65,423 \$	185,423
2021	130,000	61,762	191,762
2022	135,000	57,798	192,798
2023	145,000	53,680	198,680
2024	150,000	49,258	199,258
2025 – 2029	880,000	172,478	1,052,478
2030 - 2032	 585,000	34,465	619,465
Total	\$ 2,145,000 \$	494,864 \$	2,639,864

1. Certificates of participation issue of 7/31/2017:

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Dutstanding
1. 2017 Limited Tax Note	2.89%	11/14/2017	8/1/2029	\$ 3,100,000	\$	2,920,000
Total				\$ 3,100,000	\$	2,920,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Three mill notes payable issue of 11/14/2017:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 255,000 \$	84,388 \$	339,388
2021	260,000	77,019	337,019
2022	270,000	69,504	339,504
2023	275,000	61,702	336,702
2024	265,000	53,754	318,754
2025 – 2029	1,330,000	152,881	1,482,881
2030	 265,000	7,659	272,659
Total	\$ 2,920,000 \$	506,907 \$	3,426,907

The school district has pledged future state education enhancement revenues for buildings and buses to help repay the \$3,100,000 three mill notes payable issued November 14, 2017. The notes were issued to make improvements to the district's buildings. The debt will be paid in full and the pledge satisfied August 1, 2029. The annual pledge is approximately \$85,680, which is 100% of such state revenues. The district levies local taxes not to exceed three mills each year to satisfy the portion of debt requirements not covered by this pledge.

This debt will be retired form the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (debt service fund).

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for gualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65. whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2019 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$2,528,203, \$2,166,175 and \$2,335,528, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school district reported a liability of \$35,760,888 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was a decrease of .016 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018 net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,938,714. At June 30, 2019 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 165,899	\$ 161,968
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	718,168
Changes of assumptions	22,668	21,221
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share	13,313	2,035,948
of contributions		
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	2,528,203	-
Total	\$ 2,730,083	\$ 2,937,305

\$2,528,203 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (241,465)
2021	(814,156)
2022	(1,518,986)
2023	(160,818)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real	
<u>Asset Class</u>	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 47,086,828	\$ 35,760,888	\$ 26,347,536

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$111,754 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$2,533,113 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .32746598 percent. This was a decrease of .00582931 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$110,001. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,158	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	180,489
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	66,568
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	111,754	-
Total	\$ 116,912	\$ 247,057

\$111,754 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (48,490)
2021	(48,490)
2022	(48,490)
2023	(48,490)
2024	(39,940)
Thereafter	(7,999)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	4.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2018 2017
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.89% 3.56%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.25 percent for 2018 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation.

The long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation was 4.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.89 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.56% to 3.89%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both June 30, 2017 and the June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was based on an average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.89 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.89 percent) than the current discount rate:

		C	Current			
	1% Decrease	E	Discount		1% Increase	
	(2.89%)		Rate (3.89%)	(4.89%)		
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,807,893	\$	2,533,113	\$	2,296,794	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,346,500	\$ 2,533,113	\$ 2,745,052

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at <u>http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/</u>.

Note 10 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2020	\$ 131,016
2021	122,585
2022	81,168
2023	59,360
2024	57,922
2025 – 2029	257,399
2030 – 2034	227,810
2035 – 2039	148,878
2040 - 2044	 14,444
Total	\$ 1,100,582

Note 11 – Prior Period Adjustments

Explanation	Amount
 To correct beginning of the year deferred outflows – pensions for contributions related to July 2018 accrued payroll that were included in prior year deferred outflows. 	\$ <u>(130,048)</u>

Note 12 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 58 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 14 – Trust Certificates

A trust agreement dated July 31, 2017, was executed by and between the school district and Louisville Municipal School District Leasing Authority, as trustees.

The trust agreement authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$2,285,000. Approximately \$2,242,585 was used to provide financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings and related facilities and equipment (the "project"); the remainder of approximately \$42,415 was used to pay the cost of issuance.

The project is leased to the school district in accordance with the provisions of the Emergency School Leasing Authority Act as described in Section 37-7-351, <u>et seq</u>., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The lease represents a capital lease under which ownership of the project will transfer to the school district upon complete retirement of the trust certificates. The school district is obligated to make lease payments to the trustee in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the trust certificates. The lease rental payments by the school district are used by the trustee to pay the principal and interest payments due on the trust certificates.

It is not anticipated the project will have sufficient value to satisfy the certificates in the event the school district defaults under the lease; therefore, the source of payment of the certificates is the responsibility of the school district. See Note 6 for details regarding the debt service requirement on the trust certificates.

Using the guidance provided in Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* dealing with defining the reporting entity, the trust accounts created by this trust agreement were deemed to constitute an inseparable part of the school district. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by this trust agreement are part of the school district's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreement for financial reporting purposes.

Note 15 – Insurance Loss Recoveries

The Louisville Municipal School District received \$59,221 in insurance loss recoveries related to damage to a school bus during the 2018-2109 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated among the expense functions based on the following percentages:

Insurance Loss Recoveries		Percentage	Expense Function	
\$	59,221	100%	Support services	

Note 16 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(34,791,151) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$2,528,203 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$201,880 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(34,791,151) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$2,937,305 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(34,791,151) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$111,754 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. The \$5,158 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(34,791,151) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$247,057 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2019 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Louisville Municipal School District evaluated the activity of the district through May 12, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred that would require disclosure in the notes to financial statements:

As of the date of this report the world is enduring the COVID-19 virus. This pandemic has caused extreme havoc in all areas of society to include governmental entities. The Governor of the State of Mississippi has called for all Mississippi schools to close through the end of the academic year. The long term effects of the closures are unknown as of the date of this report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Variances Positive (Negative)			
	 Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 7,323,992 \$	7,873,747 \$	7,814,526 \$	549,755 \$	(59,221)
State sources	14,392,522	14,397,867	14,397,867	5,345	-
Federal sources	276,200	241,324	241,324	(34,876)	-
Sixteenth section sources	 362,250	160,319	183,116	(201,931)	22,797
Total Revenues	 22,354,964	22,673,257	22,636,833	318,293	(36,424)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	12,952,031	12,425,653	12,425,958	526,378	(305)
Support services	8,091,483	7,740,094	7,737,957	351,389	2,137
Sixteenth section	118,071	85,691	85,691	32,380	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,330,000	847,715	847,715	482,285	-
Total Expenditures	 22,491,585	21,099,153	21,097,321	1,392,432	1,832
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (136,621)	1,574,104	1,539,512	1,710,725	(34,592)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery			59,221	-	59,221
Operating transfers in	2,495,413	2,041,537	234,950	(453,876)	(1,806,587)
Operating transfers out	 (3,563,890)	(3,136,983)	(1,330,396)	426,907	1,806,587
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,068,477)	(1,095,446)	(1,036,225)	(26,969)	59,221
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (1,205,098)	478,658	503,287	1,683,756	24,629
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2018	 5,193,901	5,694,140	5,694,140	500,239	-
June 30, 2019	\$ 3,988,803 \$	6,172,798 \$	6,197,427 \$	2,183,995 \$	24,629

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	 2019 0.215%	2018 0.231%	2017 0.231%	2016 0.230%	-	2015 0.226%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 35,760,888 \$	38,400,040 \$	41,262,368 \$	35,553,464	\$	27,432,262
District's covered payroll	\$ 13,753,492 \$	14,828,740 \$	14,765,635 \$	14,350,287	\$	13,799,016
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	260.01%	258.96%	279.45%	247.75%		198.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%		67.21%

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30th of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions (PERS) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019		2018	 2017		2016	_	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,528,203	\$	2,166,175	\$ 2,335,528 \$	6	2,325,588	\$	2,260,172
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,528,203		2,166,175	2,335,528		2,325,588		2,260,172
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	-	 -	_	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	16,052,083	1	3,753,492	14,828,740	1	4,765,635		14,350,287
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%		15.75%	15.75%		15.75%		15.75%

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net OPEB Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	-	2019 0.32746598%	2018 0.33329529%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,533,113	2,615,065
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	15,108,213	15,245,296
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		16.77%	17.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.13%	0.00%

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LOUISVILLE MUNCIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 111,754	111,484
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	111,754	111,484
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	15,655,658	15,108,213
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.71%	% 0.74%

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available. Prior year information is based on historical amounts reported in prior year audit report(s).

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes To Required Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes To Required Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	36.6 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

 $\underline{2017}$: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

<u>2018</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

2018: None

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes To Required Supplementary Information For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2018:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% to 18.50%
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75%
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00%
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2023
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/	Catalog of Federal Domestic		
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Pass-through Entity	Federal
Program Title	No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10 553	195MS326N1099	\$ 526,471
National school lunch program		195MS326N1099	1,430,730
Summer food service program for children		195MS326N1099	38,109
Total child nutrition cluster			1,995,310
Fresh fruits and vegetables grant	10.582	195MS326L1603	74,524
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,069,834
Passed-through Winston County, Mississippi			
National forest-dependent rural communities	10.665	N/A	44,160
Total passed through Winston County, Mississippi			44,160
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,113,994
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct Program: Reserve Officers' Training Corps	12.xxx	N/A	7,655
Total Appalachian Regional Commission	12.888	IN/A	7,655
Federal Communications Commission			1,000
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	87,479
Total Federal Communications Commission			87,479
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct Program:			
Impact aid - facilities maintenance	84.040	N/A	47,597
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010		1,417,070
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A180024	44,070
Rural education	84.358	ES358B180024	49,647
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367		51,920
Student support and academic enrichment grants	84.424		62,030
Subtotal			1,624,737
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027		771,256
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A180113	25,178
Total special education cluster			796,434 2,468,768
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,400,700
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitative Srevices			
Vocational rehabilitation grants to states		N/A	714
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitative Services			714
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,469,482
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 4,678,610
			<u> </u>

The notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For The Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, includes the federal award activity of Louisville Municipal School District under programs of the federal and state governments for the year ended June 30, 2019. The schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Louisville Municipal School District and is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Louisville Municipal School District.

Note 2 – Basis of Accounting

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the current financial resource measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in the previous year.

Note 3 – Program Costs

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Entire program costs, including the District's portion, are more than shown. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principals contained in the *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to its reimbursements.

Note 4 – Noncash Awards – Commodities

The amount of donated commodities reported on the schedule is the value of donated commodities received by the district and reported under the National School Lunch Program CFDA # 10.555. The value of the commodities received during the fiscal year was \$167,469.

Note 5 – Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

LOUISVILLE MUNCIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 21,000,952 6,721,715	15,407,240 1,805,068	773,363 307,604	1,608,707 101,924	3,211,642 4,507,119
Total	\$ 27,722,667	17,212,308	1,080,967	1,710,631	7,718,761
Total number of students *	 2,699				
Cost per student	\$ 10,272	6,377	401	634	2,860

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal

OTHER INFORMATION

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2019		2018*		2017*		2016*
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	7,814,526	\$	7,135,154	\$	6,372,866	\$	6,196,517
State sources		14,397,867		13,826,120		13,529,076		14,173,726
Federal sources		241,324		269,983		232,086		300,919
Sixteenth section sources		183,116		388,460		191,315		744,319
Total Revenues		22,636,833		21,619,717		20,325,343		21,415,481
Expenditures:								
Instruction		12,425,958		12,181,415		12,221,482		12,398,988
Support services		7,737,957		7,191,583		7,154,775		7,394,440
Sixteenth section		85,691		125,717		115,707		41,806
Facilities acquisition and construction		847,715		1,042,698		63,185		1,029,471
Debt service:								
Other		-		28,085		-		-
Total Expenditures		21,097,321		20,569,498		19,555,149		20,864,705
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		1,539,512		1,050,219		770,194		550,776
		1,000,012		1,000,210		110,101		000,110
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Bonds and notes issued		-		3,100,000		-		-
Insurance recovery		59,221		-		-		-
Sale of transportation equipment		-		7,392		-		-
Sale of other property		-		775		-		-
Operating transfers in		234,950		17,484		774,090		60,272
Operating transfers out		(1,330,396)		(2,154,997)		(1,532,192)		(1,601,928)
				-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,036,225)		970,654		(758,102)		(1,541,656)
Net Change in Fund Balances		503,287		2,020,873		12,092		(990,880)
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of period		5,694,140		3,673,267		3,661,175		4,652,055
End of Period	\$	6,197,427	\$	5,694,140	\$	3,673,267	\$	3,661,175
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***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2019	2018*	2017*	2016*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 8,381,304	\$ 7,616,209	\$ 6,902,690	\$ 6,772,475
Intermediate sources	-	-	34,510	31,990
State sources	14,942,631	14,446,168	14,574,841	14,751,519
Federal sources	4,732,328	4,906,158	5,597,921	4,545,707
Sixteenth section sources	 191,621	436,696	204,918	857,762
Total Revenues	 28,247,884	 27,405,231	 27,314,880	 26,959,453
Expenditures:				
Instruction	14,611,974	14,332,148	14,539,958	14,644,698
Support services	9,593,874	11,685,497	8,978,155	8,767,789
Noninstructional services	2,154,688	2,146,758	2,506,192	2,231,133
Sixteenth section	86,529	129,817	163,619	63,989
Facilities acquisition and construction	847,715	1,042,698	867,607	1,520,026
Debt service:				
Principal	295,000	1,040,000	190,000	288,000
Interest	132,887	93,069	44,706	55,390
Other	-	70,500	-	-
Total Expenditures	 27,722,667	30,540,487	27,290,237	27,571,025
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 525,217	 (3,135,256)	 24,643	 (611,572)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	-	5,385,000	-	-
Insurance recovery	59,221	-	-	-
Sale of transportation equipment	-	7,392	-	-
Sale of other property	-	1,210	-	-
Operating transfers in	1,565,346	2,172,481	2,306,283	1,662,200
Operating transfers out	(1,565,346)	(2,172,481)	(2,306,283)	(1,662,200)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 59,221	5,393,602	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	584,438	2,258,346	24,643	(611,572)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	8,095,086	5,832,382	5,840,194	6,432,599
Prior period adjustments	0,095,000	5,632,362 (8,515)	5,640,194	0,432,599
Beginning of period, as restated	 - -		 5,840,194	 6 422 500
beginning of period, as restated	 8,095,086	 5,823,867	 5,040,194	 6,432,599
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 15,150	12,873	 (32,455)	19,167
End of Period	\$ 8,694,674	\$ 8,095,086	\$ 5,832,382	\$ 5,840,194

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD

Professional Limited Liability Company Certified Public Accountants James L. Stafford, CPA Harry W. Stevens, CPA S. Keith Winfield, CPA William B. Staggers, CPA Michael W. McCully, CPA Mort Stroud, CPA R. Steve Sinclair, CPA Marsha L. McDonald, CPA Wanda S. Holley, CPA Robin Y. McCormick, CPA/PFS J. Randy Scrivner, CPA Kimberly S. Caskey, CPA Susan M. Lummus, CPA

Thomas J. Browder, CPA Stephen D. Flake, CPA John N. Russell, CPA Thomas A. Davis, CPA Anita L. Goodrum, CPA Ricky D. Allen, CPA Jason D. Brooks, CPA Robert E. Cordle, Jr., CPA Jerry L. Rackley, Jr., CPA Jerry L. Gammel, CPA Michael C. Knox, CPA Clifford P. Stewart, CPA Edward A. Maxwell, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Superintendent and School Board Louisville Municipal School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Louisville Municipal School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Louisville Municipal School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 12, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Louisville Municipal School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisville Municipal School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisville Municipal School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item **Finding 2019-001** that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Louisville Municipal School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Louisville Municipal School District's Response to Findings

Louisville Municipal School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Louisville Municipal School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Watkins, Ward and Stafford, PLLC

Watkins Word and Stafford, PUC

Louisville, Mississippi May 12, 2020



WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD

Professional Limited Liability Company Certified Public Accountants James L. Stafford, CPA Harry W. Stevens, CPA S. Keith Winfield, CPA William B. Staggers, CPA Mort Stroud, CPA R. Steve Sinclair, CPA Marsha L. McDonald, CPA Wanda S. Holley, CPA Robin Y. McCormick, CPA/PFS J. Randy Scrivner, CPA Kimberly S. Caskey, CPA Susan M. Lummus, CPA Thomas J. Browder, CPA Stephen D. Flake, CPA John N. Russell, CPA Thomas A. Davis, CPA Anita L. Goodrum, CPA Ricky D. Allen, CPA Jason D. Brooks, CPA Robert E. Cordle, Jr., CPA Perry C. Rackley, Jr., CPA Jerry L. Gammel, CPA Michael C. Knox, CPA Clifford P. Stewart, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Superintendent and School Board Louisville Municipal School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Louisville Municipal School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Louisville Municipal School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Louisville Municipal School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Louisville Municipal School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Louisville Municipal School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Louisville Municipal School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Louisville Municipal School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Louisville Municipal School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Louisville Municipal School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Louisville Municipal School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Watkins, Ward and Stafford, PLLC

Watkins Ward and Stafford, PUC

Louisville, Mississippi May 12, 2020 INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



WATKINS, WARD and STAFFORD

Professional Limited Liability Company Certified Public Accountants James L. Stafford, CPA Harry W. Stevens, CPA S. Keith Winfield, CPA William B. Staggers, CPA Michael W. McCully, CPA Mort Stroud, CPA R. Steve Sinclair, CPA Marsha L. McDonald, CPA Wanda S. Holley, CPA Robin Y. McCormick, CPA/PFS J. Randy Scrivner, CPA Kimberly S. Caskey, CPA Susan M. Lummus, CPA Thomas J. Browder, CPA Stephen D. Flake, CPA John N. Russell, CPA Thomas A. Davis, CPA Anita L. Goodrum, CPA Ricky D. Allen, CPA Jason D. Brooks, CPA Robert E. Cordle, Jr., CPA Jerry L. Rackley, Jr., CPA Jerry L. Gammel, CPA Michael C. Knox, CPA Clifford P. Stewart, CPA Edward A. Maxwell, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

To the Superintendent and School Board Louisville Municipal School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Louisville Municipal School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, which collectively comprise Louisville Municipal School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 12, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Watkins, Ward and Stafford, PLLC Louisville, Mississippi May 12, 2020

Watkins Ward and Stafford, PUC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS



The following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor, but was prepared by and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor by a private CPA firm. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

LOUISVILLE MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I: Summary of Auditors' Results

Fin	ancial Statements:	
1.	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?	No
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Fed	leral Awards:	
4.	Internal control over major programs:	
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?	No
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
7.	Identification of major programs:	
	CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
	84.010 Title I Grants To Local Educational Ag	gencies
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
-		

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Significant Deficiency Not Considered To Be A Material Weakness

Finding 2019-001 The District Should Strengthen Controls Over Activity Fund Disbursements

Criteria: School Districts' should implement adequate internal controls over disbursements to ensure the disbursement is properly authorized, supported by adequate documentation and considered reasonable and necessary to the operation of the district.

Condition: During our testing of activity fund disbursements we noted (4) four instances where a purchase order was not completed until after the related goods or services were ordered. We also noted (1) instance where a check was written for an amount that exceeded the amount reported on the supporting documentation.

Effect: Lack of adequate controls surrounding the approval of expenditures and over disbursement could result in expenditures being made that were not properly authorized and misappropriation of public funds.

Cause: Personnel did not follow district's internal control procedures and obtain proper approval of disbursements prior to the goods or services being ordered and lack of supervisory oversight at the individual school level.

Recommendation

We recommend the district implement controls and procedures to ensure that all expenditures are properly authorized and considered reasonable and necessary to the operation of the district.

Views of Responsible Officials of the Auditee

We will implement controls and procedures to ensure that all expenditures are properly authorized and considered reasonable and necessary to the operation of the district.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questions costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN AND SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS



Louisville Municipal School District

Randy Grierson, Ed.D, Superintendent P.O. BOX 909 - 891 S. COLUMBUS AVE. LOUISVILLE, MISSISSIPPI 39339 PHONE (662) 773-3411 FAX (662) 773-4013

> Auditee's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Finding 2019-001: The District Should Strengthen Controls Over Activity Fund Disbursements.

District Response:

- A. What Corrective Action will be taken? We will reinforce our internal control policies that are already in place and discuss with the principals at the individual schools the need to insure that all purchases are approved by them before the actual purchase occurs and that all supporting documentation should be reviewed prior to payment of the applicable invoice.
- B. Who is responsible? Stacie VanLandingham, Business Manager and individual principals
- C. When will the plan be implemented? Immediately



Louisville Municipal School District

Randy Grierson, Ed.D, Superintendent P.O. BOX 909 - 891 S. COLUMBUS AVE. LOUISVILLE, MISSISSIPPI 39339 PHONE (662) 773-3411 FAX (662) 773-4013

SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Financial and Compliance Audit Division

As required by Section 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance, Louisville Municipal School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary schedule of prior audit findings as of June 30, 2019:

Finding	Status
2018-001	Corrected

Sincerely,

Dr. Randy Grierson, Superintendent