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Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

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#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLC

Members of the Board of Supervisors Winston County, Mississippi

Dear Board Members:

I am pleased to submit to you the 2015 financial and compliance audit report for Winston County. This audit was performed pursuant to Section 7-7-211(e), Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The audit was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

I appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended by the officials and employees of Winston County throughout the audit. Thank you for working to move Mississippi forward by serving as a supervisor for Winston County. If I can be of any further assistance, please contact me at (601) 951-8318.

Respectfully submitted,

Sholmaker and Company

March 31, 2017

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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# CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLC

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Winston County, Mississippi

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Winston County, Mississippi, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the County's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Winston County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and corresponding notes, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of the County's Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Omitted Required Supplementary Information

Winston County has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operations, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Winston County, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate(s) directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2017, on our consideration of Winston County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Winston County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

SHOEMAKER & COMPANY, CPA PLLC

Sholmaker and Company

Clinton, Mississippi March 31, 2017

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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WINSTON COUNTY Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

		Primary Government		
		Governmental	Business-type	
		Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS	\$	9,292,556	689,315	9,981,871
Cash Property tax receivable	D.	2,794,352	009,313	2,794,352
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for		2,771,352		_,,,,,,,,,
uncollectibles of \$748,367)			122,720	122,720
Fines receivable (net of allowance for				
uncollectibles of \$1,439,548)		146,807		146,807
Capital lease receivable		452,925		452,925
Capital lease interest receivable		91,412	252 241	91,412 2,402,507
Intergovernmental receivables Other receivables		2,150,266 105,789	252,241 28,395	134,184
Internal balances		362,847	(362,847)	154,164
Restricted assets		302,017	1,848,887	1,848,887
Capital assets:			-,,	**************************************
Land and construction in progress		4,171,863	54,000	4,225,863
Other capital assets, net		28,897,005	3,778,691	32,675,696
Total Assets		48,465,822	6,411,402	54,877,224
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		857,109	503,380	1,360,489
Total deferred outflows of resources		857,109	503,380	1,360,489
LIABILITIES				
Claims payable		1,293,830	168,407	1,462,237
Retainage payable		140,749		140,749
Intergovernmental payables		211,682	16.500	211,682
Accrued interest payable		7,863	16,500	24,363
Unearned revenue Other payables		58,149		58,149
Long-term liabilities		30,117		,
Net pension liability		4,850,634	2,848,785	7,699,419
Due within one year:				
Capital debt		226,281	410,000	636,281
Non-capital debt		31,730	1,850	33,580
Due in more than one year:				2 121 122
Capital debt		2,019,432	415,000	2,434,432
Non-capital debt		9,303,398	16,567 3,877,109	479,615 13,180,507
Total Liabilities	:	9,303,396	3,877,109	13,160,307
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		34,331	20,163	54,494
Property taxes for future reporting periods		2,794,352		2,794,352
Capital lease interest for future reporting periods	-	91,412 2,920,095	20,163	91,412 2,940,258
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	2,920,095	20,163	2,940,238
NET POSITION		20 022 155	3,007,691	33,830,846
Net investment in capital assets		30,823,155	3,007,091	33,630,640
Restricted for:				
Expendable: General government		198,546		198,546
Debt service		26,147	(16,500)	9,647
Public safety		388,703	- NO. 40 P. C.	388,703
Public works		2,300,504	285,228	2,585,732
Health and welfare		14,536		14,536
Unemployment compensation		29,039	(go), time a section (	29,039
Unrestricted		3,318,808	(258,909)	3,059,899
Total Net Position	\$	37,099,438	3,017,510	40,116,948

## WINSTON COUNTY Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

		Program Revenue	es		Net (Expense) Reve	enue and Changes in 1	Net Position
			Operating	Capital	F	Primary Government	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 2,559,114	543,278	1,429,746		(586,090)		(586,090)
Public safety	1,734,543	299,238	797,285		(638,020)		(638,020)
Public works	2,116,950		153,596	1,018,119	(945,235)		(945,235)
Health and welfare	136,059		48,555		(87,504)		(87,504)
Culture and recreation	188,468				(188,468)		(188,468)
Education	86,538				(86,538)		(86,538)
Conservation of natural resources	97,375				(97,375)		(97,375)
Economic development and assistance	397,676			1,247,339	849,663		849,663
Interest on long-term debt	19,940				(19,940)		(19,940)
Pension expense	565,476				(565,476)		(565,476)
Total Governmental Activities	7,902,139	842,516	2,429,182	2,265,458	(2,364,983)		(2,364,983)
Business-type activities:							
Correctional Facility	2,975,408	3,133,140	2,000			159,732	159,732
Solid Waste Services	338,725	387,452	2,000			48,727	48,727
Total Business-type Activities	3,314,133	3,520,592	2,000			208,459	208,459
Total Primary Government	\$ 11,216,272	4,363,108	2,431,182	2,265,458	(2,364,983)	208,459	(2,156,524)
	General revenue Property taxes	es:		4	\$ 3,602,654		3,602,654
	1 2	mmis vilaga tawan			211,325		211,325
		privilege taxes	tad ta amaaifia mmaa		458,964		458,964
		tributions not restric	ted to specific prog	granis		0 202	55,337
	Unrestricted in	terest income			46,945	8,392	
	Miscellaneous	1.0			398,751	4,884	403,635
	Total Genera	al Revenues			4,718,639	13,276	4,/31,913
	Changes in Net	Position			2,353,656	221,735	2,575,391
	Not Docition D	animaina			38,798,540	5,040,937	43,839,477
	Net Position - B Prior period ad				(4,052,758)	(2,245,162)	(6,297,920)
					34,745,782	2,795,775	37,541,557
	Net Position - B	eginning, as restated			34,143,182	2,193,113	37,341,337
	Net Position - E	nding		3	\$37,099,438	3,017,510	40,116,948

WINSTON COUNTY Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2015

	М	ajor Funds					
			Tornado	CAP	Roseburg	Other	Total
		General	Relief	Repayment	Property	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Polo Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS	-						
Cash	\$	3,086,655	2,515,222		21,810	3,668,869	9,292,556
Property tax receivable		2,112,347	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			682,005	2,794,352
Fines receivable (net of allowance for							- Andrews
uncollectibles of \$1,439,548)		146,807					146,807
Capital lease recievable				452,925			452,925
Intergovernmental receivables		154,943	1,930,539	2562.00		64.784	2,150,266
Other receivables		5,491				27,802	33,293
Due from other funds		57,158	239,096			32,478	328,732
Advances to other funds		3,893,023				,	3,893,023
Capital lease interest receivable		54-0-54: DC		91,412			91,412
Total Assets	s -	9,456,424	4,684,857	544,337	21,810	4,475,938	19,183,366
	=						
LIABILITIES							
Liabilities:							
Claims payable	S	164,014	1,044,108			95,286	1,303,408
Retainage payable		104,014	140,749			75,200	140,749
Intergovernmental payables		211,682	140,749				211,682
Due to other funds		281,904					281,904
Advances from other funds		4,507	3,500,000				3,504,507
Other payables		58,149	3,300,000				58,149
Total Liabilities	s —	720,256	4,684,857			95,286	5,500,399
Total Elabilities	۰ –	720,230	4,004,037	<del></del>	<del></del> -	93,280	3,300,399
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes receivable		2,112,347				682,005	2,794,352
Unavailable revenue - fines receivable		146,807				082,003	146,807
Unavailable revenue - capital lease receivable		140,007		452,925			452,925
Unavailable revenue - capital lease interest receivable				91,412			91,412
Total deferred inflows of resources	s —	2,259,154		544,337		682,005	3,485,496
rotal deferred lilliows of resources	· _	2,239,134		344,337		082,003	3,463,420
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Advances		3,893,023					3,893,023
Restricted for:		3,073,023					3,075,025
General Government						194,630	194,630
Public Safety						386,148	386,148
Public Works						2,297,507	2,297,507
Health and welfare						14,536	14,536
Debt service					21,810	14,550	21,810
Unemployment compensation					21,010	29,039	29,039
Assigned for:						29,039	29,039
General Government		166,778					166,778
		100,778				776 797	776,787
Economic development and assistance Unassigned		2,417,213				776,787	2,417,213
Total Fund Balances	s —	6,477,014			21,810	3,698,647	10,197,471
rotal rulid balances	٠	0,4//,014			21,010	3,070,047	10,197,471
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	S	9,456,424	4,684,857	544,337	21,810	4,475,938	19,183,366
Total Englishes, Deletted littlews and I and Dalances	Ψ.	7,750,727	7,007,037	577,551	21,010	7,77,730	17,103,300

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015	Exmore 5-1
	 Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 10,197,471
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$34,432,709.	33,068,868
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	
Fines Receivable	146,807
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(2,740,491)
Accrued retirement benefits are due and payable in the current period, but are already included in the Net Pension Liaiblity per GASB 68 calculation.	9,578
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported in the funds.	(4,850,634)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(7,863)
Capital leases are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	452,925
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, threfore, are not reported in the funds	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	857,109 (34,331)
Rounding	(1)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 37,099,438

Exhibit 3-1

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WINSTON COUNTY

Exhibit 4

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Major Funds					
		Tornado	CAP	Roseburg	Other	Total
	General	Relief	Repayment	Property	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Polo Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES	. ,		-			
Property taxes	\$ 2,659,822				942,832	3,602,654
Road and bridge privilege taxes					211,325	211,325
Licenses, commissions and other revenue	320,433				15,537	335,970
Fines and forfeitures	221,616					221,616
Intergovernmental revenues	495,969	2,643,904			2,013,732	5,153,605
Charges for services					207,224	207,224
Interest income	22,640		15,275		9,030	46,945
Miscellaneous revenues	91,604	8,374		30,595	325,243	455,816
Total Revenues	3,812,084	2,652,278	15,275	30,595	3,724,923	10,235,155
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	2,390,424	56,828			232,724	2,679,976
Public safety	939,590	379,672			469,106	1,788,368
Public works	27,014	4,884			2,601,803	2,633,701
Health and welfare	111,690				479,799	591,489
Culture and recreation	165,286	18,200				183,486
Education	86,538					86,538
Conservation of natural resources	95,678	6,193				101,871
Economic development and assistance	15,000	2,814,992		1,835,108	373,458	5,038,558
Debt service:						
Principal			36,357	8,333	134,114	178,804
Interest			17,716	452	6,109	24,277
Total Expenditures	3,831,220	3,280,769	54,073	1,843,893	4,297,113	13,307,068
Excess of Revenues over						
(under) Expenditures	(19,136)	(628,491)	(38,798)	(1,813,298)	(572,190)	(3,071,913)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Long-term capital debt issued				2,000,000		2,000,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets					463,449	463,449
Compensation for loss of capital assets		20,000				20,000
Transfers in		239,097			236,400	475,497
Transfers out	(310,605)			(164,892)		(475,497)
Lease principal payments	**************************************		31,588	3 2 6		31,588
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(310,605)	259,097	31,588	1,835,108	699,849	2,515,037
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(329,741)	(369,394)	(7,210)	21,810	127,659	(556,876)
Fund Balances - Beginning, as previously reported	6,806,755	671,206	7,210		3,570,988	11,056,159
Prior period adjustments	-11	(301,812)	Name of the last o		and the second s	(301,812)
Fund Balances - Beginning	6,806,755	369,394	7,210		3,570,988	10,754,347
Fund Balances - Ending	S6,477,014		<u>.</u>	21,810	3,698,647	10,197,471

WINSTON COUNTY Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	į	Exhibit 4-1
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015		Amount
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(556,876)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities		
are different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that capital outlay of \$6,209,132		5,479,113
exceeded depreciation of \$730,019 in the current period.		5,479,115
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of		
capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of the net loss of \$2,548 and		
proceeds from the sale of \$463,449.		(465,997)
Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting.		10,625
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs by the amount that debt proceeds of \$2,000,000 exceeded debt		
repayments of \$178,804.	)	(1,821,196)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items:		
Increase in compensated absences		(6,903)
Decrease in accrued interest payable		4,337
In the Statement of Activities, only interest income from payments received on capital leases are reported, whereas in the governmental funds, both principal and interest payments received increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from change in fund balances by the principal collections on the capital leases.		(31,588)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Recording of pension expense for the current period		(565,476)
Recording of contributions made in the fiscal year prior to the measurement date Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		226,128 81,490
Rounding		(1)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	2,353,656

	Bu	siness-type Activities - 1	Enterprise Fund	
	*****	Correctional	Solid	
		Facility	Waste	
	·	Fund	Fund	Total
	-			
ASSETS				
Current assets:		***	200 100	
Restricted assets - cash	\$	318,908	370,407	689,315
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for				
uncollectibles of \$748,367)		252 244	122,720	122,720
Intergovernmental receivables		252,241		252,241
Other receivables		12,900	10.220	12,900
Due from other funds		10.00	10,330	10,330
Advances to other funds		18,895	1,107	20,002
Total Current Assets		602,944	504,564	1,107,508
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets		1,848,887		1,848,887
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress		54,000		54,000
Other capital assets, net		3,664,311	114,380	3,778,691
Total Noncurrent Assets		5,567,198	114,380	5,681,578
Total Assets		6,170,142	618,944	6,789,086
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows relating to pensions		462,566	40,814	503,380
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		462,566	40,814	503,380
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		402,300	40,014	303,300
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Claims payable		155,046	13,361	168,407
Accrued interest payable		16,500		16,500
Due to other funds		50,464	5,842	56,306
Total Current Liabilities		222,010	19,203	241,213
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Net pensions liability		2,617,802	230,983	2,848,785
Capital debt:		2,011,002	250,705	2,0 10,7 00
Other long-term liabilities		825,000		825,000
Non-capital debt:		025,000		020,000
Compensated absences payable		16,680	1,737	18,417
Advances from other funds		314,680	6,698	321,378
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	3,774,162	239,418	4,013,580
Total Total Statement				.,,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		18,528	1,635	20,163
Total deferred inflows of resources		18,528	1,635	20,163
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		2,893,311	114,380	3,007,691
Restricted for:		-,,	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Debt Service		(16,500)		(16,500)
Public works		(,-,-,	285,122	285,122
Unrestricted		(258,803)	,	(258,803)
Total Net Position	s —	2,618,008	399,502	3,017,510
COCCUSION OF THE STATE OF THE S				

Exhibit 6

	В	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund				
		Correctional	Solid			
		Facility	Waste			
		Fund	Fund	Totals		
Operating Revenues		.,				
Charges for services	\$	3,133,140	387,452	3,520,592		
Miscellaneous		4,340		4,340		
Total Operating Revenues	_	3,137,480	387,452	3,524,932		
Operating Expenses						
Personal services		1,478,777	142,442	1,621,219		
Pension expense		305,176	26,823	331,999		
Contractual services		349,013	78,999	428,012		
Materials and supplies		604,176	62,305	666,481		
Depreciation expense		144,961	22,315	167,276		
Indirect administrative cost		50,464	5,842	56,306		
Total Operating Expenses	_	2,932,567	338,726	3,271,293		
Operating Income (Loss)	_	204,913	48,726	253,639		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest income		7,397	995	8,392		
Intergovernmental grants		2,000		2,000		
Interest expense		(42,840)		(42,840)		
Other income (expense)		544	_	544		
Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	_	(32,899)	995	(31,904)		
Changes in Net Position		172,014	49,721	221,735		
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported		4,511,633	529,304	5,040,937		
Prior period adjustment		(2,065,639)	(179,523)	(2,245,162)		
Net Position - Beginning	_	2,445,994	349,781	2,795,775		
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,618,008	399,502	3,017,510		

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Bus	siness-type Activi	ties - Ent	erprise Funds	
	-	Correctional		Solid	
		Facility		Waste	
		Fund		Fund	Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			-	_	
Receipts from customers	\$	3,165,683		382,282	3,547,965
Payments to suppliers		(949,923)		(139,056)	(1,088,979)
Payments to employees		(1,640,164)		(155,659)	(1,795,823)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	-	575,596	-	87,567	663,163
The cash frontace (essee) by operating from the	-	0,0,000	-		
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities					
Intergovernmental grants received		2,000			2,000
Loans made to other funds				(37,496)	(37,496)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	_	2,000		(37,496)	(35,496)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(73,812)			(73,812)
Principal paid on long-term debt		(395,000)			(395,000)
Interest paid on debt		(26,340)			(26,340)
Other receipts (payments)		544			544
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related			-		
Financing Activities		(494,608)		-	(494,608)
- manual great control		(32.3)			
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Interest on deposits		7,397	·	995_	8,392
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		7,397		995	8,392
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		90,385		51,066	141,451
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		2,077,410	-	319,341	2,396,751
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	2,167,795	\$	370,407	2,538,202
			(		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash					
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				va	2 22 32 2
Operating income (loss)	\$	204,913	\$	48,726	253,639
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash					
provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		144,961		22,315	167,276
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		36,804		(5,170)	31,634
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(8,600)			(8,600)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		4,891		3,865	8,756
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences liability		3,004		219	3,223
Increase (decrease) in interfund payables		50,464		5,842	56,306
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows					
(outflows) related to recognition of PERS liability		139,159		11,770	150,929
Total Adjustments		370,683		38,841	409,524

WINSTON COUNTY Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities September 30, 2015	Exhibit 8
	Agency
	Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 227,503
Total Assets	\$ 227,503
LIABILITIES	
Claims payable	\$ 38,239
Intergovernmental payables	101,272
Due to other funds	852
Advances from other funds	87,140
Total Liabilities	\$ 227,503

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

## (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

Winston County is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Winston County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County. There are no reporting units that should be included as component units of the County's reporting entity.

State law pertaining to County government provides for the independent election of County officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor-Collector
- Sheriff

### B. Basis of Presentation.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

### Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues and are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely mainly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business type activity or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

## C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The Government-wide, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The County reports the following major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for all activities of the general government for which a separate fund has not been established.

<u>Tornado Relief Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures received and incurred related to the April 28, 2014 tornado.

<u>CAP Repayment Polo Fund</u> – his fund is used to account for all activities related to the capital lease of the Polo building.

<u>Roseburg Property Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the purchase and improvements to the Roseburg property.

The county reports the following major Enterprise Funds:

<u>Correctional Facility Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for all activities related to the operation of the correctional facility.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for all activities associated with the disposal of solid waste within the county.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Revenue Funds account for, among others, certain federal grant programs, taxes levied with statutorily defined distributions and other resources restricted as to purpose.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

### PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the County has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

#### FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

<u>Agency Funds</u> – These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

### D. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

### E. Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any County, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the County did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

#### F. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

#### G. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Noncurrent portions of interfund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance reserve account in applicable Governmental Funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. However, this is not applicable to advances reported in other governmental funds, which are reported, by definition, as restricted, committed or assigned.

Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### H. Restricted Assets.

Proprietary Fund assets required to be held and/or used as specified in bond indentures, bond resolutions, trustee agreements, board resolutions and donor specifications have been reported as restricted assets. Certain proceeds of the County's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for the repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "capitalized interest" account is funded by bank bond proceeds and is used to pay the related interest due on revenue bonds prior to the completion of construction of the project. The "debt service reserve" account is used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from the County's operation that could adversely affect debt service payments. The "project fund" account is used to report those proceeds of revenue bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction. The "startup costs" account is used to report resources set aside to provide funds required to fund startup costs associated with the project. The "bond issuance expense" account is used to segregate resources set aside to pay bond issue costs. When both restricted and nonrestricted assets are available for use, the policy is to use the restricted assets first.

### I. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the (applicable) governmental activities or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Capital assets acquired or constructed for Proprietary Fund operations are capitalized at cost in the respective funds in which they are utilized. No interest is capitalized on self-constructed assets because noncapitalization of interest does not have a material effect on the County's financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the time of donation.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

statements. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	Thresholds	Useful Life
Land	\$ -	N/A
Infrastructure	=	20-50 years
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Improvement other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

<sup>\*</sup> Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

#### J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See note 15 for additional details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Property tax for future reporting period/unavailable revenue – property taxes –</u> Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

Interest on capital lease receivable for future reporting period/unavailable revenue – interest on capital lease receivable – When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

<u>Unavailable revenue – fines receivable –</u> When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

<u>Unavailable revenue – capital lease receivable</u> – When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See note 15 for additional details.

#### K. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## L. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the Proprietary Fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities, business-type activities or Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Fund Types recognize bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## M. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Government fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are either not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties are restricted, committed or assigned) or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a principal balance of a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are either not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties are restricted, committed, or assigned) or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal balance of a permanent fund.

Assigned fund balance includes the amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the General Fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not classified as non-spendable and is neither restricted not committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Board of Supervisors pursuant to authorization established by a board order established in the minutes of the Board of Supervisors meetings.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

### N. Property Tax Revenues.

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110 percent of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

## O. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

## P. Compensated Absences.

The County has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and Proprietary Funds financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example an employee resigns or retires.

#### Changes in Accounting Standards.

The County implemented the following standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the current fiscal year as required: GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27; GASB Statement 69, Government Combinations and Disposal of Government Operations; and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The provisions of these standards have been incorporated into the financial statements and notes.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

# (2) Prior Period Adjustments.

A summary of significant fund equity adjustments are as follows:

T 1 11 1 0	~	0 1	
Hybibit 7	<ul> <li>Statement</li> </ul>	at A	ctivities
LAMOR 2 -	· Statement	ULF	TULL VILLES.

Explanation		Amount
Governmental Activities:  Deferred charges and unamortized premium in proprietary funds related to prior year's GASB 65 implementation.	\$	(31,035)
Intergovernmental receivable previously recorded that was determined non-refundable		(301,812)
An adjustment to correct an error recording a prior year asset or liability		19,053
Implementation of GASB 68 and 71:		
Net pension liability Deferred outflows – contributions subsequent to the measurement date	- \$	(6,114,845) 130,719 (6,297,920)
Exhibit 4 - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances		
Explanation		Amount
Governmental Activities: Intergovernmental receivable previously recorded that was determined unrefundable	\$ \$	(301,812)
Exhibit 6 - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position		
Explanation		Amount
Proprietary Activities:  Deferred charges and unamortized premium in proprietary funds related to prior year's GASB 65 implemenation.	\$	(31,035)
Implementation of GASB 68 and 71:		
Net pension liability  Deferred outflows – contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	_	(2,262,493) 48,366
	\$	(2,245,162)

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

## (3) Deposits.

### Deposits:

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2015, was \$9,292,556 for governmental funds, \$689,315 for business-type funds, \$227,503 for agency funds, and the bank balance was \$11,930,095. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of- the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the County. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

## (4) Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2015:

#### A. Due From/to Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	
General Fund	Correctional Facility Fund	\$	50,464
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund		5,842
General Fund	Agency Funds		852
Tornado Relief Fund	General Fund		239,096
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		32,478
Solid Waste Fund	General Fund		10,330
Total		\$	339,062

The amount due to the General Fund from the Correctional Facility Fund represents indirect administrative costs incurred during the September 30, 2015 fiscal year. The amount due to the General Fund from the Solid Waste Fund represents indirect administrative costs incurred during the September 30, 2015 fiscal year. The amount due to the General Fund from the Agency Funds is doe to posting errors. The amount to the Tornado Relief Fund from the General Fund represents a loan to pay for expenditures incurred due to storm until the expenditures are reimbursed with FEMA/MEMA funds. The amount payable to the Solid Waste and Other Governmental Funds represents ad valorem taxes collected by the Tax Collector in September 2015 but not remitted to the County until October 2015. All current interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

## B. Advances from/to Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	
General Fund	Tornado Relief Fund	\$	3,500,000
General Fund	Correctional Facility Fund		314,680
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund		6,698

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

General Fund	Agency Funds		71,645
Correctional Facility Fund	General Fund		4,507
Correctional Facility Fund	Agency Fund		14,388
Solid Waste Fund	Agency Funds	_	1,107
Total		\$	3,913,025

The amount due to the General Fund from the Correctional Facility Fund and Solid Waste Fund represents indirect administrative costs incurred during previous fiscal years that have never been paid to the General Fund. The amount due to the General Fund from the Tornado Relief Fund represents expenses paid for these various funds in prior fiscal years out of the General Fund that were not repaid and various posting errors. The amount due to the General Fund, Correctional Facility Fund and Solid Waste Fund from Agency Funds and General Funds is due to posting errors and overpayments.

### C. Transfers In/Out:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	<i>F</i>	Amount
Tornado Relief Fund	General Fund	\$	239,097
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		71,508
Other Governmental Funds	Roseburg Property Fund		164,892
Total		\$	475,497

All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

### (5) Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Description		Amount
Governmental Activities:		
Legislative Tag Credit	\$	111,187
FEMA/MEMA Reimbursement		1,930,539
Emergency Management		23,191
Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax		53,489
Motor Vehicle Licenses		16,526
Department of Health and Human Services		3,002
Other		12,332
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,150,266
Description		Amount
Description	-	Timount
Business-type Activities:		
MDOC reimbursement for housing prisoners	\$	240,541
Other local government payments for housing prisoners	× <del></del>	11,700
Total Governmental Activities	\$	252,241

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

## (6) Restricted Assets.

The balances of the restricted asset accounts in the Correctional Facility funds are as follows:

Revenue	\$ 287,777
Excess revenue	628,275
Debt service reserve	416,491
Depreciation and operating reserve	501,928
2013 bond fund	14,416
Total	\$ 1,848,887

# (7) Capital Assets.

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2015:

### **Governmental Activities:**

	Oct. 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments*	Sept. 30, 2015
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	674,664	465,949	463,449		677,164
Construction in progress	791,439	3,831,364	S	(1,128,104)	3,494,699
Total non-depreciable capital assets	1,466,103	4,297,313	463,449	(1,128,104)	4,171,863
Depreciable capital assets					
Infrastructure	48,499,543			1,128,104	49,627,647
Buildings	4,241,882	1,857,608			6,099,490
Improvements other than buildings	373,916			52,580	426,496
Mobile equipment	6,102,899	41,124	17,489		6,126,534
Furniture and equipment	497,401	13,087	8,000		502,488
Leased property under capital leases	599,639			(52,580)	547,059
Total depreciable capital assets	60,315,280	1,911,819	25,489	1,128,104	63,329,714
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	24,987,528	494,110			25,481,638
Buildings	3,091,628	21,297			3,112,925
Improvements other than buildings	123,647	17,060		10,516	151,223
Mobile equipment	4,962,084	122,074	15,741		5,068,417
Furniture and equipment	430,922	21,434	7,200		445,156
Leased property under capital leases	129,822	54,044		(10,516)	173,350
Total accumulated depreciation	33,725,631	730,019	22,941	-	34,432,709
Total depreciable capital assets, net	26,589,649	1,181,800	2,548	1,128,104	28,897,005
Governmental activities capital assets, net	28,055,752	5,479,113	465,997	-	33,068,868

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

### **Business-type Activities:**

	Oct. 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments*	Sept. 30, 2015
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	54,000				54,000
Total non-depreciable capital assets	54,000	Y-:	-	-	54,000
Depreciable capital assets					
Buildings	5,229,560				5,229,560
Mobile equipment	662,984	33,150			696,134
Furniture and equipment	303,882	40,662			344,544
Total depreciable capital assets	6,196,426	73,812			6,270,238
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	1,652,910	104,591			1,757,501
Mobile equipment	476,370	38,165			514,535
Furniture and equipment	194,991	24,520			219,511
Total accumulated depreciation	2,324,271	167,276	-	-	2,491,547
Total depreciable capital assets, net	3,872,155	(93,464)		-	3,778,691
Business-type activities capital assets, net	3,926,155	(93,464)		_	3,832,691

<sup>\*</sup>Adjustment represent reclassifications from construction in progress to infrastructure and from leased equipment to mobile equipment along with a transfer of a capital asset form business type activities to governmental activities.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

## Governmental Activities:

General Government	27,819
Public safety	53,202
Public works	626,669
Health and welfare	8,019
Culture and recreation	5,092
Economic development and assistance	9,218
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 730,019
Business-type Activities:	
Solid Waste	22,315
Correctional facility	 144,961
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 167,276

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects at September 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

	Remaining	Expected
	Financial	Date of
Description of Commitment	Commitment	Completion
Teters Building Re-roof	\$ 1,453,001	06/30/2016

#### (8) Claims and Judgments.

### Risk Financing.

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2015, to January 1, 2016. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

### (9) Operating Leases.

#### As Lessor:

On January 1, 2012, Winston County entered into an operating lease agreement with Teters Floral Products, Inc. for the lease of certain property located at 923 South Church Avenue in Louisville, Mississippi. The operating lease stipulated that the lease would pay approximately \$350,000 for the first year with an annual increase of \$11,400 for each year thereafter commencing January 1, 2012 for three years with the option to renew for two additional periods of three years each. The lease was renewed in January of 2015, for \$755,226 over a three year period.

The county receives income from property it leases under noncancellable operating leases. Total income from such leases was \$270,341 for the year ended September 30, 2015. The future minimum lease receivables for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Amount_
2016	\$ 62,936
2017	251,742
2018	251,742
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$ 566,420

#### (10) Capital Leases.

#### As Lessor:

On March 24, 2008, Winston County entered into a capital lease agreement with Polo Custom Products, Inc. and the City of Louisville, Mississippi to lease certain real property, buildings and all other improvements located at 907 West Main Street, Louisville, MS. The lease agreement stipulated that the

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

lessee, Polo Custom Products would pay approximately \$7,210 per month commencing on June 15, 2008 for a period of twenty years. Half would be paid to Winston County and half to the City of Louisville. The lessee shall have the option to purchase the property at the end of the twenty years for \$100.

The county leases the following property with varying terms and options as of September 30, 2015:

Description	Amount
Buildings	\$ 438,500
Other	130,000
	\$
Total	568,500

The future minimum lease receivables and the present value of the net minimum lease receivables as of September 30, 2015, are as follows:

Year ending September 30, `	 Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 27,543	\$ 12,112
2017	30,920	12,339
2018	31,860	11,398
2019	32,829	10,429
2020	33,828	9,431
2021-2025	185,214	31,079
2026-2029	110,731	4,624
Total	\$ 452,925	\$ 91,412

### As Lessee:

The County is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2015:

	C	Governmental
Classes of Property		Activities
Mobile Equipment	\$	547,059
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<del></del>	(173,350)
Lease Property under Capital Lease	\$	373,709

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Governmental Activities

Interest

Principal

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2015:

Year ended September 30,

(11)

2016 2017 2018	\$		123,70 65,11 62,65	4	4,624 1,953 670
Total	\$		251,46	<u>6</u> \$	7,247
Long-term Debt.  Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2015	consisted of	f the follo	owing:		
Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2013	consisted of	tile folic	owing.		
Description		_	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate	Final Maturity
Governmental Activities:					
A. Capital Leases:					
2013 Mack Dump Truck		\$	32,152	2.11%	September 2016
(3) Sheriff Vehicles			19,923	1.74%	April 2016
2011 Volvo Excavator			26,025	1.74%	January 2017
2014 Mack Dump Truck			82,457	2.04%	July 2018
Volvo Motor Grader			90,909	2.01%	June 2018
		\$ _	251,466		
B. Other Loans:					
CAP Loan for Fire Trucks		\$	2,581	2.00%	October 2015
CAP Loan for Polo Industries			452,925	3.00%	May 2028
TVA Loan		() <del>-</del>	1,991,665	Variable	August 2035
		\$ _	2,447,171		
Business-type Activities:					
A. Limited Obligation Bonds:					
Regional Correctional Facility Revenue	Bond	\$_	825,000	Various	September 2017
Total Limited Obligation Bonds		_	825,000		

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

	Other Loan	ıs
Year Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 130,122	12,567
2017	130,920	12,339
2018	131,860	11,398
2019	132,829	10,429
2020	133,828	9,431
2021-2025	685,214	31,079
2026-2030	610,731	4,625
2031-2035	 491,667	
Total	\$ 2,447,171	91,868

#### **Business-type activities:**

		Limited Obligati	on Bonds
Year Ending September 30,		Principal	Interest
2016	\$	410,000	16,500
2017		415,000	8,300
Total	\$ =	825,000	24,800

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a County issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2015, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 2.04% of the latest property assessments.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	Balance				Balance	Amount due Within one
Governmental Activities:	Oct. 1, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2015	year
Compensated absences	\$ 34,951			6,903	41,854	4,189
Capital leases	367,521		105,961	(10,094)	251,466	123,700
Other loans	519,390	2,000,000	72,843	624	2,447,171	130,122
Total	\$ 921,862	2,000,000	178,804	(2,567)	2,740,491	258,011

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Balance					Balance	Amount due Within one
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>	Oct. 1, 2014	Additions	_	Reductions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2015	year
Compensated absences	\$ 15,194				3,223	18,417	1,850
Limited obligation bonds	1,220,000		_	395,000		825,000	410,000
Total	\$ 1,235,194	-	_	395,000	3,223	843,417	411,850

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid, which are generally the General Fund, District Funds, Road Maintenance Fund and Enterprise Fund.

### (12) Contingencies

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes.

Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

#### (13) Joint Ventures.

The County participates in the following joint ventures:

Winston County is a participant with the City of Louisville in a joint venture, authorized by Section 65-3-5, Miss Code. Ann. (1972), to operate the Louisville/Winston County Airport Authority. The joint venture was created to improve economic development and is governed by a five-member board of commissioners appointed as follows: Winston County,two; City of Louisville, Two; jointly, one. By contractual agreement, the county's appropriation to the joint venture was \$7,750 in fiscal year 2015. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Louisville,/Winston County Airport Authority at P.O. Box 1022, Louisville, MS 39339.

Winston Count is a participant with the City of Louisville, Louisville Chamber of Commerce and the Town of Noxapater in a joint venture, authorized by Section 19-5-99, Miss. Code. Ann. (1972), to operate the Winston County Economic Development District. The joint venture was created to foster, encourage and facilitate economic development in the county and is governed by a seven member board of trustees appointed as follows: Winston County Board of Supervisors, two; City of Louisville, two; Louisville Chamber of Commerce, one; Town of Noxapater, one; jointly, one. By contractual agreement, the county's appropriation to the joint venture was \$70,875 in fiscal year 2015. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Winston County Economic Development District at P.O. Box 551, Louisville, MS 39339.

Mid-Mississippi Regional Library System was organized under a contract between the counties of Attala, Holmes, Leake, Montgomery and Winston. The joint venture was created to provide free library service to

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

the citizens for the member counties. The Winston County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the five members of the board of directors. By contractual agreement, the county's appropriation to the joint venture was \$144,000 in the fiscal year 2015. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the library at Winston County Library, 301 Park Street, Louisville, MS 39339.

#### (14) Jointly Governed Organizations.

The County participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

East Central Community College operates in a district composed of the counties of Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott and Winston. The Winston County Board of Supervisors appoints six of the 30 members of the College Board of Trustees. The County appropriated \$293,792 for maintenance and support of the College in fiscal year 2015.

Golden Triangle Planning and Development District provide services for the counties of Choctaw, Clay, Lowndes, Noxubee, Oktibbeha, Webster and Winston. The Winston County Board of Supervisors appoints four of the 28 members of the Board of Directors. The County contributes a small percentage of the District's total revenue. The County appropriated \$15,000 for the support of the District in fiscal year 2015.

Community Counseling Services operates in a district composed of the counties of Choctaw, Clay, Lowndes, Noxubee, Oktibbeha, Webster and Winston. The Winston County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the seven members of the board of commissioners. The county appropriated \$19,500 for support of the complex in fiscal year 2015.

Prairie Opportunity, Inc., operates in a district composed of the counties of Choctaw, Clay, Lowndes, Noxubee, Oktibbeha, Webster and Winston. The Winston County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the 21 board members. One board member from each of the counties must come from the private sector (recipient of services), and one member from each county must come from the community. These 14 board members are not appointed by the county Board of Supervisors. The counties generally provide no financial support to the organization.

Mississippi Regional Housing Authority IV operates in a district composed of the counties of Carroll, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Lowndes, Montgomery, Oktibbeha, Webster and Winston. The Winston County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the nine board members. The counties generally provide no financial support to the organization.

#### (15) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. Winston County, Mississippi contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. At September 30, 2015, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate at September 30, 2015 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The County's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$491,841, \$486,280 and \$462,078, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2015, the County reported a liability of \$7,699,419 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the County's proportion was .0498 percent, which was a decrease of .0006 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the County recognized pension expense of \$565,476. At September 30, 2015, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	118,381	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments		450,086	
Changes of assumptions		662,672	
Changes in the proportion and differences between the County's			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions			54,494
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u> </u>	129,350	
Total	\$ _	1,360,489	54,494

\$129,350 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:

2016	\$ 379,639	)
2017	379,639	)
2018	304,846	5
2019	112,523	3
Total	1,176,647	7

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.75 – 19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges ae combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015, are summarized in the following table:

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	34.00 %	5.20 %
International Equity	19.00	5.00
Emerging Markets Equity	8.00	5.45
Fixed Income	20.00	0.25
Real Assets	10.00	4.00
Private Equity	8.00	6.15
Cash	1.00	(0.50)
Total	100.00 %	

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1- percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		1%	Discount	1%
	_	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	_	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
County's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$	10,148,540	7,699,419	5,667,107

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### (16) Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Winston County evaluated the activity of the County through March 31, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

## Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

The county has received the following reimbursements related to the FEMA Disaster Recovery Grant:

Grant	Date Received	Amount
FEMA Disaster Recovery	10/29/2015	\$ 758,622
FEMA Disaster Recovery	11/19/2015	\$ 667,065
FEMA Disaster Recovery	01/27/2016	\$ 336,400
FEMA Disaster Recovery	01/27/2016	\$ 84,759

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WINSTON COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
General Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

REVENUES	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Property taxes	\$	2,486,890	2,792,713	2,653,354	(139,359)
Licenses, commissions and other revenue	Ψ.	257,450	257,450	320,197	62,747
Fines and forfeitures		200,000	200,000	227,404	27,404
Intergovernmental revenues		630,500	650,000	566,960	(83,040)
Interest income		12,200	12,200	9,089	(3,111)
Miscellaneous revenues		91,000	91,000	92,338	1,338
Total Revenues	-	3,678,040	4,003,363	3,869,342	(134,021)
EXPENDITURES Current:	_				
General government		2,175,713	2,450,924	2,493,007	(42,083)
Public safety		943,355	940,546	940,754	(208)
Public works		9,646	8,572	27,014	(18,442)
Health and welfare		109,120	109,005	112,549	(3,544)
Culture and recreation		164,800	169,800	166,755	3,045
Education		197,000	197,000	151,208	45,792
Conservation of natural resources		116,066	116,066	96,559	19,507
Economic development and assistance	_	20,000	20,000	15,000	5,000
Total Expenditures	_	3,735,700	4,011,913	4,002,846	9,067
Excess of Revenues		(57.660)	(0.550)	(122.504)	(124.054)
over (under) Expenditures	_	(57,660)	(8,550)	(133,504)	(124,954)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Long-term capital debt issued			2,000,000		(2,000,000)
Transfers in			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4,059,589	4,059,589
Transfers out		(265,000)	(1,840,000)	(4,131,097)	(2,291,097)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	(265,000)	160,000	(71,508)	(231,508)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(322,660)	151,450	(205,012)	(356,462)
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	4,144,305	6,251,116	6,251,116	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ =	3,821,645	6,402,566	6,046,104	(356,462)

WINSTON COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
Tornado Relief Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

				Actual	Variance with Final Budget
		Original	Final	(Budgetary	Positive
		Budget	Budget	Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES	-	Duager	Budget	Busis)	(Troguetro)
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	1,000,000	7,058,456	4,127,750	(2,930,706)
Miscellaneous revenues	•	2,000,000	.,,	8,374	8,374
Total Revenues	<del></del> -	1,000,000	7,058,456	4,136,124	(2,922,332)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government			2,417,627	1,874,012	543,615
Public safety				367,660	(367,660)
Public works				4,884	(4,884)
Health and welfare			300,000		300,000
Culture and recreation			213,134	4,700	208,434
Conservation of natural resources				6,193	(6,193)
Economic development and assistance	_		6,627,695		6,627,695
Total Expenditures	-	s <del>=</del> .	9,558,456	2,257,449	7,301,007
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	-	1,000,000	(2,500,000)	1,878,675	4,378,675
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Compensation for loss of capital assets				20,000	20,000
Transfers in			1,500,000	1,500,000	-
Transfers out	_	(1,000,000)		(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	(1,000,000)	1,500,000	20,000	(1,480,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		v=0.	(1,000,000)	1,898,675	2,898,675
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	-	(2,883,453)	(2,883,453)	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ =	-	(3,883,453)	(984,778)	2,898,675

WINSTON COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
CAP Polo Loan Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Total Revenues	\$	Original Budget 44,211 44,211	Final Budget 43,259 43,259	Actual (Budgetary Basis) 46,863	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)  3,604 3,604
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Economic development and assistance Debt service:		44,211			-
Principal			30,084	37,444	(7,360)
Interest			13,175	16,629	(3,454)
Total Expenditures		44,211	43,259	54,073	(10,814)
Excess of Revenues					(,)
over (under) Expenditures	;		<u> </u>	(7,210)	(7,210)
Net Change in Fund Balance				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1)-11
Fund Balances - Beginning		:=:	- // / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	(7,210)	(7,210)
2 de la constante de la consta	-		(14,420)	7,210	21,630
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		(14,420)	-	14,420

WINSTON COUNTY
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
Roseburg Property Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

PENENTING	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental revenues	\$			2,000,000	2,000,000
Miscellaneous revenues			119,280	30,595	(88,685)
Total Revenues		•	119,280	2,030,595	1,911,315
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Economic development and assistance			119,280	1,835,108	(1,715,828)
Interest				8,785	(8,785)
Total Expenditures		-	119,280	1,843,893	(1,724,613)
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures				186,702	186,702
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in				1,835,108	1,835,108
Transfers out				(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	*	*	(164,892)	(164,892)
					\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	21,810	21,810
Fund Balances - Beginning		÷	-	<b>=</b> :	-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	_	-	21,810	21,810

WINSTON COUNTY
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last 10 Fiscal Years\*
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0498%	0.0504%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 7,699,419	6,114,845
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,122,800	3,087,492
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	246.55%	198.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.70%	67.21%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 prior to the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

WINSTON COUNTY Schedule of County Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years\* For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	 2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 491,841 491,841	486,280 486,280
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,122,800	3,087,492
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until, a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the county's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the county, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff, the Tax Assessor-Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The county's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

#### B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

### C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following Schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedule to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

	-	Governmental Fund Types			
		General Fund	Tornado Relief Fund	CAP Repayment Polo Fund	Roseburg Property Fund
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	(205,012)	1,898,675	(7,210)	21,810
Increase (Decrease)  Net adjustments for revenue accruals  Net adjustments for expenditure accruals	-	(4,116,847) 3,992,118	(2,744,749) 476,680		(1,835,108) 1,835,108
GAAP Basis	\$	(329,741)	(369,394)	(7,210)	21,810

### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

### Pension Schedules

A. Changes in Benefit Terms.

None

B. Changes in Assumptions.

In 2015 and later, the expectations of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

### WINSTON COUNTY Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title of Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture (Passed-through the National Forestry Service)				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	\$	123,608	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			123,608	
U.S. Department of Justice Direct				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	Triad	5,000	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			5,000	
U.S. Department of Transportation/Federal Highway Administration (Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Transportation)				
Highway Planning and Construction*	20.205		1,018,119	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			1,018,119	
U.S. Department of Education (Passed-through Youth Court)				
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities, State Grants	84.186		11,077	
Total U.S. Department of Education			11,077	
U.S. Election Assistance Commission (Passed-through the Office of the Mississippi Secretary of State)				
Help America Vote Act	90.401	HAVA	20,046	
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission			20,046	
Federal Emergency Management Agency (Passed-through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency)				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance for Presidentially Declared Disasters*	97.036	FEMA-4175-DR-MS	4,886,911	
Subtotal			4,886,911	
Direct				
Assistance for Firefighters	97.044	EMW-2013-FO-06923	23,560	
Subtotal			23,560	
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			4,910,471	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security (Passed-through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency)				
Emergency Management Preparedness Grant	97.042	EMPG	1,700	
Subtotal			1,700	
(Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety)				
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	A12HS080T	25,750	
Subtotal			25,750	

Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		27,450
Tennessee Valley Authority Direct		
Economic Development Loan	62-UNA	2,000,000
Total Tennessee Valley Authority*		2,000,000
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		8,115,771

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Note A - Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Winston County, Mississippi under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Winston County, Mississippi, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Winston County, Mississippi.
- (2) Certain programs presented in the accompanying Schedule include Federal award programs that have not been assigned a Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number, which are reported by their respective Federal Agency and titled "UNA".
- (3) After a Presidentially Declared Disaster, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) provides a Public Assistance Grant to reimburse eligible costs associated with repair, replacement, or restoration of disaster-damaged facilities. The Federal Government reimburses in the form of cost-shard grants.

In 2015, FEMA approved \$2,414,175 of eligible expenditures that were incurred in a prior year and included in the Schedule.

#### Note B - Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- \* Denotes major federal award program

OTHER INFORMATION

Name	Position	Company	 Bond	
Jmaes "Burr" Warner	Supervisor District One	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Luke Parkes	Supervisor District Two	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Michael Peterson	Supervisor District Three	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Gloria Turnipseed	Supervisor District Four	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Larry Duran	Supervisor District Five	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Julie Cunningham	Chancery Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Debbie Sullivan	Comptroller/Payroll Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Crystal Clark	Purchase Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Debbie Sullivan	Assistant Purchase Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 75,000	
Jewel Dixon	Accounts Payable	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Jewel Dixon	Receiving Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Gary Martin	Receiving Clerk District One	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Don Kemp	Receiving Clerk District Two	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Chester Triplett	Receiving Clerk District Three	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Amzi Triplett	Receiving Clerk District Four	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Larry Boatner	Receiving Clerk District Five	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Kim Ming	Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Melissa Fulton	Circuit Clerk Deputy	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Cathy Edwards	Circuit Clerk Deputy	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Robert Beck	Justice Court Judge	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Mike Fuller	Justice Court Judge	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Tabitha Dempsey	Justice Court Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Erma Smith	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Larry Woodward	Tax Assessor-Collector	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Wanda Coward	Deputy Tax Assessor-Collector	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Robin Clark	Deputy Tax Assessor-Collector	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Wendie Nettles	Deputy Tax Assessor-Collector	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Kelli Rives	Deputy Tax Assessor-Collector	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Shana Carter	Deputy Tax Assessor-Collector	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Maxine Robertson	Deputy Tax Assessor-Collector	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Merida Coleman	Deputy Tax Assessor-Collector	Old Republic Surety Company	\$ 50,000	
Roy Dale Fulton	Constable	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 50,000	
Edward Hunt	Constable	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 50,000	
Jason Pugh	Sheriff	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Neal Higgason	Chief Deputy Sheriff	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Keith Alexander	Deputy Sheriff	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Timothy Palmer	Warden - WCCRF	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Phyllis Sullivan	Payroll Clerk - WCCRF	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Phyllis Sullivan	Assistant Purchase Clerk - WCCRF	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Betty Cockrell	Assistant Receiving Clerk - WCCRF	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Monica Gill	Receiving Clerk - WCCRF	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Kathy Graham	Inventory Control Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Jeffery Deshun Davis	Inventory Control Clerk - WCCRF	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Betty Cockrell	Inmate Accounts Officer - WCCRF	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	
Melissa Mills	Booking Officer - WCCRF	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$ 100,000	

SPECIAL REPORTS



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Winston County, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Winston County, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, which collectively comprise the county's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Management of the county is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Winston County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the county's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the county's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Winston County, Mississippi's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's

internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Sholmaker and Company

SHOEMAKER & COMPANY, CPA PLLC Clinton, Mississippi March 31, 2017



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Members of the Board of Supervisors Winston County, Mississippi

#### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of Winston County, Mississippi with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015. Winston County, Mississippi's major federal programs is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Winston County, Mississippi's major federal program(s) based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Winston County, Mississippi's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Winston County, Mississippi's compliance.

#### Opinion on each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Winston County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2015.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Winston County, Mississippi, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Winston County, Mississippi's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of

expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

SHOEMAKER & COMPANY, CPA PLLC

Sholmaker and Company

Clinton, Mississippi March 31, 2017



## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISS. CODE ANN. (1972))

Members of the Board of Supervisors Winston County, Mississippi

We have examined Winston County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with the bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) during the year ended September 30, 2015. The Board of Supervisors of Winston County, Mississippi is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures as considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Winston County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the county and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Winston County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination of the purchasing system and, in our opinion, is fairly presented when considered in relation to that examination.

This report is intended for use in evaluating the central purchasing system and inventory control system of Winston County, Mississippi, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

SHOEMAKER & COMPANY, CPA PLLC

Clinton, Mississippi March 31, 2017

Sholmaker and Company

#### WINSTON COUNTY Schedule of Purchases Not Made From the Lowest Bidder For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Schedule 1

Our test results did not identify any purchases from other than the lowest bidder.

WINSTON COUNTY Schedule of Emergency Purchases For the Year Ended September 30, 2015 Schedule 2

Our test results did not identify any emergency purchases.

#### WINSTON COUNTY Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively From a Sole Source For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Schedule 3

Our test results did not identify any purchases made noncompetitively from a sole source.



#### LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Winston County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Winston County, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2015, we considered Winston County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Winston County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the county's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated March 31, 2017, on the financial statements of Winston County, Mississisppi.

Although no findings came to our attention as a result of these review procedures and compliance tests, these procedures and tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

SHOEMAKER & COMPANY, CPA PLLC

Sholmaker and Company

Clinton, Mississippi March 31, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

#### Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements

Governmental Activities	Unmodified
General Fund	Unmodified
Tornado Relief Fund	Unmodified
CAP Repayment Polo Fund	Unmodified
Roseburg Property Fund	Unmodified
Business-type Activities	Unmodified
Aggregate remaining fund information	Unmodified

- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
  - a. Material weaknesses identified?
  - b. Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

No

#### Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major federal programs:
  - Material weakness identified?
  - b. Significant deficiency identified?

    None Reported
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified
- Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance With section \_\_.510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?
- 7. Identification of major federal programs:
  - a. CFDA #20.205 Highway Planning and Construction
  - b. CFDA #97.036 Disaster grants Public Assistance for Presidentially Declared Disasters
  - c. Agency #62 Tennessee Valley Authority Economic Development Loan (not assigned a CFDA #)
- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$300,000
- 9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

#### Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to federal awards.