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Mayor's Office 662.887.1825 City Clerk's Office 662.887.3101 Police Department 662.887.1811 662.887.2595 (fax) Court Clerk

662.887.7622

the city of 1ndianola

101 Front Street • P.O. Box 269
Indianola, MS 38751
Ph 662.887.3101
Fax 662.887.6009

May 24, 2017

Fire Department 662.887.4955 Public Works 662.887.3427 Inspection Dept. 662.887.2358 Recreation Dept. 662.887.4267 Cemetery Dept. 662.887.3895

Office of the State Auditor P.O. Box 956 Jackson, MS 39205-0956

RE: Annual Municipal Audit

Accompanying this letter is two copies of the annual audit of the City of Indianola, Mississippi, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. A separate management letter was not written to the city in connection with this audit.

Sincerely,

Steve Rosenthal

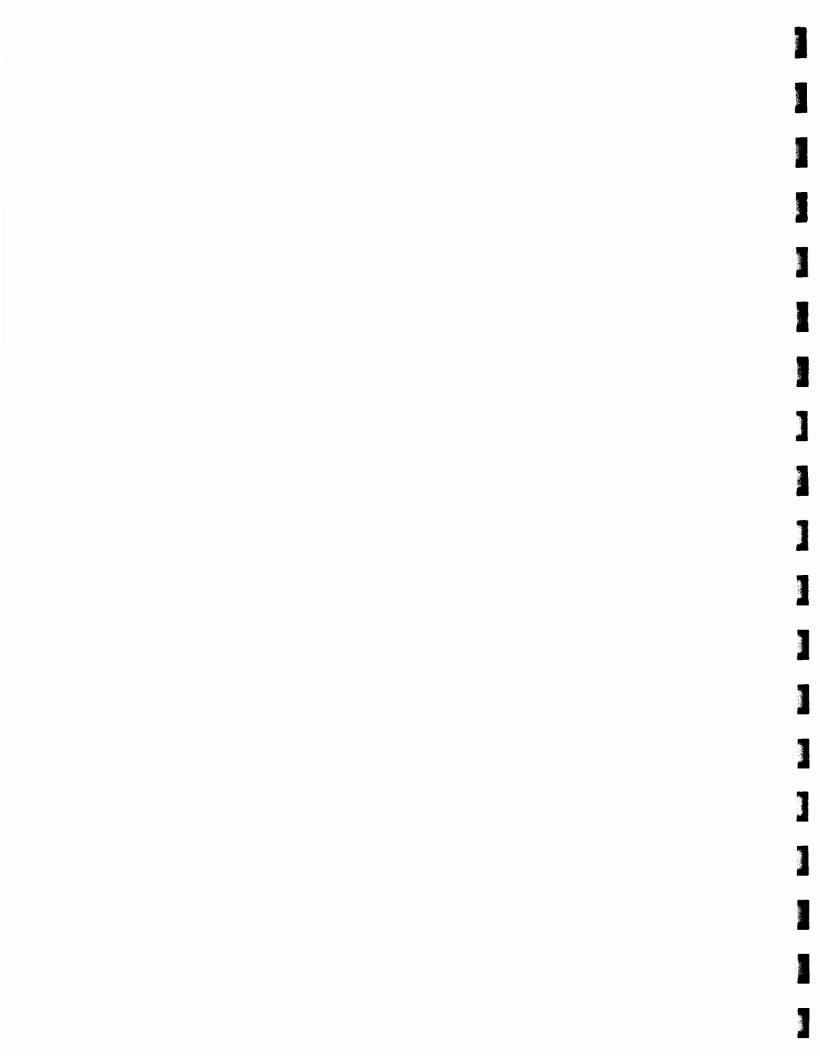
Mayor

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CITY OF INDIANOLA

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT	
Independent Auditor's Report on the Basic Financial Statements and	_
Supplemental Information	2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	6
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	19
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement	
of Net Position	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	24
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	26
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -	
Proprietary Funds	29
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	30
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	32
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	33
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	61
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-PERS	65
Schedule of City's Contributions-PERS	66
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.	67
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Schedule of Surety Bonds of Municipal Officials	70
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	72
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Mississippi State Auditor's	12
Requirements and State Laws and Regulations	75
COMPRAINE OF THE PROPERTY AND RESPONSES	7 0
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES	79



CITY OF INDIANOLA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 202 CHURCH STREET BELZONI, MISSISSIPPI 39038

MAIL: P. O. BOX 675

(662) 247-2416

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Indianola, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Indianola as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Indianola's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Indianola, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 6-15 and 61-64 and the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the City's contributions on pages 65 and 66 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Indianola's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Surety Bonds of Municipal Officials is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Surety Bonds of Municipal Officials is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 20, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Indianola's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of

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its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Indianola's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CUNNINGHAM CPAS, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Belzoni, Mississippi

April 20, 2017

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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CITY OF INDIANOLA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

The discussion and analysis of the City of Indianola's financial performance provides an overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

For the management discussion and analysis of the Indianola Tourism Commission, please see their audited financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2015. This report may be obtained by contacting the Indianola Tourism Commission at P.O. Box 1132, Indianola, MS 38751.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ♦ Total net position decreased by \$6,132,658 from the prior year. Of this amount, a negative \$5,870,011 was recorded as a prior period adjustment made to recognize the City's net pension liability in excess of deferred outflows of resources as of October 1, 2014, an adjustment required by the adoption of Governmental Account Standards Board (GASB) Statements 68 and 71. These statements require governmental entities to recognize pension expense and related liabilities using an accounting approach in place of a funding approach. Previously, pension "expense" was recorded based on contributions actually made to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). Pension expense recognized for the current year under GASB 68 and 71 is \$755,411 while employer contributions made to PERS for the current year total \$444,065.
- ♦ The City of Indianola's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,124,683, a decrease of \$276,133 in comparison with the prior fiscal year.
- Fund balance increased in the General Fund by \$53,318, which includes transfers from the Water and Sewer Fund of \$297,246. Excluding the pension related prior period adjustment, the Water and Sewer Fund's net position decreased \$57,731, which includes a transfer to the General Fund of \$297,246.
- Long-term debt decreased \$688,050 during the current fiscal year due to normal debt retirements, net of bond discounts and premiums. The liability for compensated absences increased \$17,217. The City incurred additional debt in the current year, including capital lease obligations, to finance the acquisition of mobile equipment.
- ◆ Capital assets decreased \$9,151 for governmental activities and \$724,441 for the business-type activities. Depreciation expense was \$768,420 for the governmental activities and \$788,718 for the business-type activities.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City of Indianola's basic financial statements. The City of Indianola's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Indianola's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

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The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City of Indianola's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Indianola is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities--Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including police, fire, street, culture and recreation, and general administration. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities--The City charges fees to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides. The City's water and sewer; garbage collection and disposal; and mosquito and vector control program activities are reported here.

The Indianola Tourism Commission is a discretely presented component unit and is shown in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds--not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the City establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two kinds of funds-governmental and proprietary--utilize different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds--The majority of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method identified as the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. By comparing information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide statements, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's near term financing decisions. The relationships or differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are detailed in a reconciliation following the fund financial statements.

Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for Major Funds. The City

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reports only one Major Fund, the General Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated nonmajor fund presentation.

• Proprietary funds--The City charges customers for the services it provides. These services are generally reported in proprietary or enterprise funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are identical to the business-type activities that are reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. (The City has no internal service funds.)

The Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Information is reported separately for Major Funds, which include the City's Water and Sewer Fund and Refuse Collection Fund. Data from the only other proprietary fund is reported as a nonmajor fund presentation. (The Mosquito Fund is the only non-major enterprise fund).

The City as Trustee

Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The City is the trustee or fiduciary of amounts held on behalf of others. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The activities of these funds are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget process and pension standards. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE--Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Position – Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$10,832,244 as of September 30, 2015. The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. roads, land, buildings, equipment, etc.) less related outstanding debt used to acquire such assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. The City's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt and capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets. GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Prior year amounts were not restated to reflect the implementation of this new accounting standard.

Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for fiscal year 2015 with comparative figures for 2014.

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Table 1 Statement of Net Position 9/30/2015

Governmental Activities

			Increase	Percentage
	2015	2014*	(Decrease)	Change
Current assets	\$ 5,684,107	\$ 5,982,283	\$ (298,176)	-4.98%
Capital assets	10,275,498	10,284,649	(9,151)	-0.09%
Total assets	15,959,605	16,266,932	(307,327)	-1.89%
Deferred outflows of resources	1,135,815		1,135,815	n/a
Long-term debt	7,275,387	1,102,217	6,173,170	560.07%
Current and other debt	311,195	530,124	(218,929)	-41.30%
Total liabilities	7,586,582	1,632,341	5,954,241	364.77%
Deferred inflows of resources	2,392,402	1,992,751	399,651	20.06%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	9,642,493	9,346,150	296,343	3.17%
Restricted	1,000,227	1,301,525	(301,298)	-23.15%
Unrestricted	(3,526,284)	1,994,165	(5,520,449)	-276.83%
Total net position	\$ 7,116,436	\$ 12,641,840	\$ (5,525,404)	-43.71%
	Business-typ	pe Activities		
	•	•	Increase	
	2015	2014	(Decrease)	
Current assets	\$ 2,530,176	\$ 2,188,552	\$ 341,624	15.61%
Restricted assets	534,194	538,614	(4,420)	-0.82%
Capital assets	6,438,488	7,162,929	(724,441)	-10.11%
Total assets	9,502,858	9,890,095	(387,237)	-3.92%
Deferred outflows of resources	399,128	298,171	100,957	33.86%
Long-term debt	5,862,103	5,533,581	328,522	5.94%
Current and other debt	297,300	331,623	(34,323)	-10.35%
Total liabilities	6,159,403	5,865,204	294,199	5.02%
Deferred inflows of resources	26,775	-	26,775	n/a
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	1,573,703	1,940,435	(366,732)	-18.90%
Restricted	323,513	325,964	(2,451)	-0.75%
Unrestricted	1,818,592	2,056,663	(238,071)	-11.58%
Total net position	\$ 3,715,808	\$ 4,323,062	\$ (607,254)	-14.05%

^{*2014} governmental restated to include non-pension related receivables and offsetting payables previously omitted.

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Table 1 Statement of Net Position 9/30/2015

Total Net Activities

			Increase	
	2015	2014*	(Decrease)	
Current and other assets	\$ 8,214,283	\$ 8,170,835	\$ 43,448	0.53%
Restricted assets	534,194	538,614	(4,420)	-0.82%
Capital Assets	16,713,986	17,447,578	(733,592)	-4.20%
Total assets	25,462,463	26,157,027	(694,564)	-2.66%
Deferred outflows of resources	1,534,943	298,171	1,236,772	414.79%
Long-term debt	13,137,490	6,635,798	6,501,692	97.98%
Current and other debt	608,495	861,747	(253,252)	-29.39%
Total liabilities	13,745,985	7,497,545	6,248,440	83.34%
Deferred inflows of resources	2,419,177	1,992,751	426,426	21.40%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	11,216,196	11,286,585	(70,389)	-0.62%
Restricted	1,323,740	1,627,489	(303,749)	-18.66%
Unrestricted	(1,707,692)	4,050,828	(5,758,520)	-142.16%
Total net position	\$ 10,832,244	\$ 16,964,902	\$ (6,132,658)	-36.15%

^{*2014} governmental restated to include non-pension related receivables and offsetting payables previously omitted.

In connection with the implementation of new standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (1,707,692)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition	
of GASB 68 and 71	(6,181,357)
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ 4,473,665

- ◆ The implementation of GASB 68 and 71 resulted in the recognition of a net pension liability in the amount of \$6,181,357 (net of related deferred inflows and outflows).
- Capital assets decreased \$733,592, primarily due to current year depreciation expense of \$1,557,138.
- ♦ Long-term debt was reduced by \$688,050 due to normal debt retirements.

Change in Net Position – The City's total revenues for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 were \$8,636,580. The total cost for all services provided was \$8,899,227. The decrease in net position was \$262,647.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended September 30, 2015, with comparative figures for 2014.

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Table 2 Changes in Net Position Year Ended September 30, 2015

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Governmental	Activities

	G	oveninkinai A	Ctiviti	CS				
						Increase	Percentage	
		2015		2014	([Decrease)	Change	
Program revenues:		***	•	240.040	•	(104.705)	20.040/	
Charges for services	\$	256,084	\$	360,869	\$	(104,785)	-29.04%	
Operating grants and contributions		127,834		152,240		(24,406)	-16.03%	
Capital grants and contributions		309,811		412,765		(102,954)	-24.94%	
General revenues:								
Property taxes		2,436,502		2,566,792		(130,290)	-5.08%	
Other		2,807,229		2,747,254		59,975	2.18%	
Total revenues		5,937,460		6,239,920		(302,460)	-4.85%	
Expenses:								
General government		1,131,636		1,226,274		(94,638)	-7.72%	
Public safety		2,878,757		2,935,559		(56,802)	-1.93%	
Public works		1,660,687		1,602,495		58,192	3.63%	
Health and welfare		273,751		250,921		22,830	9.10%	
Culture and recreation		392,382		373,512		18,870	5.05%	
Housing and urban development		-		234,600		(234,600)	n/a	
Interest on long-term debt		19,155		22,131		(2,976)	-13.45%	
Airport		114,868		105,510		9,358	8.87%	
Total expenses		6,471,236		6,751,002		(279,766)	-4.14%	
Increase (decrease) in net position								
before trans fers		(533,776)		(511,082)		(22,694)	4.44%	
Transfers		297,246		300,403		(3,157)	-1.05%	
Increase (decrease) in net position		(236,530)		(210,679)		(25,851)	12.27%	
Net position - beginning of year		12,641,840		12,797,780		(155,940)	-1.22%	
Prior period adjustments		(5,288,874)		54,739		(5,343,613)	-9761.99%	
Net position - beginning, as restated		7,352,966		12,852,519		(5,499,553)	-42.79%	
Net position - end of year	\$	7,116,436	\$	12,641,840	\$	(5,525,404)	-43.71%	
	В	usiness-type A	ctivit	ies				
						Increase	Percentage	
		2015		2014	(Decrease)	Change	
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	2,699,120	\$	2,664,489	\$	34,631	1.30%	
Other revenues		-		2,914		(2,914)	-100.00%	
Total revenues		2,699,120		2,667,403		31,717	1.19%	
Expenses:								
Water and sewer department		1,617,684		1,698,753		(81,069)	-4.77%	
Garbage fund		563,875		535,710		28,165	5.26%	
Mosquito fund		47,476		70,377		(22,901)	-32.54%	
Interest/fees on long-term debt		198,956		204,306		(5,350)	-2.62%	
Total expenses		2,427,991		2,509,146		(81,155)	-3.23%	
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Table 2 Changes in Net Position Year Ended September 30, 2015

Business-type	Activities
Dusiness type	A LOUIT ILIOS

		, ,				Increase	Percentage
		2015		2014	<u>(l</u>	Decrease)	Change
Increase (decrease) in net position							
before transfers		271,129		158,257		112,872	71.32%
Trans fers		(297,246)		(300,403)		3,157	-1.05%
Increase (decrease) in net position		(26,117)		(142,146)		116,029	-81.63%
Net position - beginning of year		4,323,062		4,465,208		(142,146)	-3.18%
Prior period adjustments		(581,137)				(581,137)	n/a
Net position - beginning, as restated		3,741,925		4,465,208		(723,283)	-16.20%
Net position - end of year	\$	3,715,808	\$	4,323,062	\$	(607,254)	-14.05%
Total G	ovemm	ental and Busi	iness-	type Activities			
						Increase	
		2015		2014	(]	Decrease)	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	2,955,204	\$	3,025,358	\$	(70,154)	-2.32%
Operating grants and contributions		127,834		152,240		(24,406)	-16.03%
Capital grants and contributions		309,811		412,765		(102,954)	-24.94%
General revenues:							
Property taxes		2,436,502		2,566,792		(130,290)	-5.08%
Other		2,807,229		2,750,168		57,061	2.07%
Total revenues		8,636,580	_	8,907,323		(270,743)	-3.04%
Expenses:							
General government		1,131,636		1,226,274		(94,638)	-7.72%
Public safety		2,878,757		2,935,559		(56,802)	-1.93%
Public works		1,660,687		1,602,495		58,192	3.63%
Health and welfare		273,751		250,921		22,830	9.10%
Culture and recreation		392,382		373,512		18,870	5.05%
Housing and urban development		-		234,600		(234,600)	-100.00%
Interest on long-term debt		19,155		22,131		(2,976)	-13.45%
Airport		114,868		105,510		9,358	8.87%
Water and sewer department		1,617,684		1,698,753		(81,069)	-4.77%
Garbage fund		563,875		535,710		28,165	5.26%
Mosquito fund		47,476		70,377		(22,901)	-32.54%
Interest on long-term debt-business-type		198,956		204,306		(5,350)	-2.62%
Total expenses		8,899,227		9,260,148		(360,921)	-3.90%
Increase (decrease) in net position		(262,647)		(352,825)		90,178	-25.56%
Net position - beginning of year		16,964,902		17,262,988		(298,086)	-1.73%
Prior period adjustment		(5,870,011)		54,739		(5,924,750)	-10823.64%
Net position - beginning, as restated		11,094,891		17,317,727		(6,222,836)	-35.93%
Net position - end of year	\$	10,832,244	\$	16,964,902	\$	(6,132,658)	-36.15%

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Governmental Activities

Revenues from governmental activities decreased \$302,460, or -4.85% during 2015 and expenses decreased \$279,766 or -4.14%. The prior year activity included a Home grant of \$234,600; there was no Home grant in the current year. The prior period adjustment shown in 2015 of a negative \$5,288,874 is the result of implementing GASB 68 and represents the beginning net pension liability in excess of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions. The 2014 balances were not restated as a result of implementing GASB 68.

Business-type Activities

Revenues from business-type activities increased \$31,717 or 1.19% in 2015 while overall expenditures for business-type activities decreased \$81,155 or -3.23%. The prior period adjustment shown in 2015 of a negative \$581,137 is the result of implementing GASB 68 and represents the beginning net pension liability in excess of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions. The 2014 balances were not restated as a result of implementing GASB 68.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the City had approximately \$16.7 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including equipment, buildings, streets, and water and sewer improvements as shown in Table 3 below:

Table 3
Capital Assets
September 30, 2015
(with comparative figures for FY 2014)

	Govern	mental Business-type		ss-type	Primary Government		
	Activ	vities	Activ	ities	Total		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Land	\$ 697,712	\$ 697,712	\$ 55,665	\$ 55,665	\$ 753,377	\$ 753.377	
Buildings	1,327,344	1,031,055	70,000	70,000	1,397,344	1,101,055	
Machinery and equipment	3,532,162	3,427,877	826,116	761,839	4.358,278	4,189.716	
Improvements other than							
buildings	122,912	122,912	-	-	122,912	122,912	
Infrastructure	10,314,278	8,208,640	-	-	10,314,278	8.208,640	
Water and sewer system	-	-	14,337,558	14,237,562	14,337,558	14.237,562	
Construction in progress	116,036	1,899,663	-	99,996	116,036	1,999.659	
Subtotal	16,110,444	15,387,859	15,289,339	15,225,062	31,399,783	30,612,921	
Accumulated depreciation	(5,834,946)	(5,103,210)	(8,850,851)	(8,062,133)	(14,685,797)	(13,165,343)	
Capital assets, net	\$ 10,275,498	\$ 10,284,649	\$ 6,438,488	\$ 7,162,929	\$ 16,713,986	\$ 17,447,578	

Additional information on the City's net capital assets, including commitments under construction in progress contracts, can be found in Note 4 included in this report.

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$5,991,439 in long-term debt (before adjustments for net premiums and discounts) compared to \$6,663,357 at the end of the prior fiscal year, a net decrease of \$671,918. This decrease results from a combination of scheduled debt retirements and new debt obligations issued. The liability for compensated absences payable increased \$17,217 from the prior year.

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Table 3
Outstanding Debt
September 30, 2015
(with comparative figures for FY 2014)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Primary Government Total		
•	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
General obligation bonds	\$ 235,000	\$ 460,000	\$3,365,000	\$ 3,630,000	\$ 3,600,000	\$ 4,090,000		
State revolving fund loan	114,700	160,294	-	-	114,700	160.294		
Certificates of indebtedness	39,383	58,407	-	-	39.383	58.407		
Capital lease obligations								
payable	243,505	258,022	-	-	243,505	258,022		
Compensated absences	180,847	163,718	13,004	12,916	193,851	176.634		
Revenue bonds payable	-	-	1,800,000	1,920,000	1,800,000	1,920,000		
Subtotal	813,435	1,100,441	5,178,004	5,562,916	5,991,439	6,663.357		
Less:								
Net premiums (discounts)	417	1,776	(26,891)	(29,335)	(26,474)	(27,559)		
Capital assets, net	\$ 813,852	\$1,102,217	\$5,151,113	\$ 5,533,581	\$ 5,964,965	\$ 6,635.798		

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The combined fund balances of the City's governmental funds decreased \$276,133 for the current fiscal year, and the total fund balance was \$3,124,683. Of this amount \$2,100,358 or 67% constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is generally available for spending at the City's discretion. The remaining fund balance of \$1,024,325 or 33% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed, or assigned.

The decrease of \$276,133 in the combined fund balances of the City's governmental funds was mostly attributable to changes in the individual funds as follows:

- ◆ The General Fund increased \$53,318. Included in the General Fund's change in fund balance are net transfers in (transfers in less transfers out) of \$287,795.
- Non-major funds (which include Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds) decreased \$329,451. This decrease is primarily the result of not levying a tax for debt service since the debt service fund had accumulated cash reserves sufficient to make the remaining two years' installments on the City's G.O. refunding bonds. Additionally, the city incurred expenses on street and storm drain improvements using existing cash on hand; thus, there were no revenues to offset these expenditures.

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The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. The fund balance of the General Fund is \$2,406,071, of which \$23,608 is nonspendable (in the form of advances and inventory) and \$282,105 is restricted, leaving \$2,100,358 unassigned.

Proprietary funds. The focus of the City's proprietary (enterprise) funds is to provide the same type of information in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the enterprise funds decreased \$607,254, including a prior period adjustment related to adoption of GASB 68 of a negative \$581,137. The Water and Sewer Fund's (a Major Fund) net position decreased \$618,229 due in part to the prior period pension adjustment of a negative \$560,498 and due to a decrease in net position (from current year activity) of \$57,731, including a transfer to the General Fund of \$297,246. The Refuse Collection Fund's (also a Major Fund) net position increased \$91. Other factors concerning the finances of the City's proprietary funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015, the City amended the General Fund budget as needed.

For fiscal year 2015, actual revenues on a budgetary basis were \$5,620,822 as compared to the budgeted amount of \$5,652,302 and actual expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$5,959,702 as compared to the budgeted amount of \$6,506,249.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The annual budget is developed to provide efficient, effective and economic uses of the City's resources, as well as a means to accomplish the highest priority objectives. Through the budget, the City's Mayor and Aldermen set the direction of the City, allocate its resources and establish its priorities.

In considering the City budget for fiscal year 2016, the City's Mayor and Aldermen considered the following factors:

- Property tax revenues are budgeted to be \$2,647,226 in fiscal year 2016. The total millage, including both the general and debt service funds, will be 47.49 mills of which 1 mill is allocable to the debt service fund and 46.49 mills to the general fund.
- General fund revenues are projected to be \$6,028,467, including transfers in of \$323,850. Expenditures are projected to be \$6,624,729, including transfers to the street fund of \$231,844.
- ♦ Enterprise Fund operating revenues, including garbage and mosquito fees of \$545,000 and \$87,800, respectively, are projected to be \$2,677,050. Operating expenditures are budgeted at \$1,563,204, excluding debt service projected to be \$552,363 and inter- and intra-fund transfers of \$2,286,144.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's office at the City of Indianola, P.O. Box 269, Indianola, MS 38751.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2015

	vernmental Activities		siness-type Activities	 Total	In	onent Unit dianola ism Comm.
ASSETS		_				
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 2,815,621	\$	2,277,254	\$ 5,092,875	\$	7,411
Accounts receivable (net of uncollectibles):				2 1 10 726		
Property taxes	2,148,726		-	2,148,726		-
Intergovernmental and local	695,410		-	695,410		100,485
Utility billings	-		249,426	249,426		-
Other receivables	1,402		3,496	4,898		-
Due from agency funds	9,101		-	9,101		-
Restricted assets (utility funds):						
Debt reserve funds	-		361,630	361,630		-
Customer deposits	-		172,564	172,564		-
Inventory	13,847		-	13,847		-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 10,275,498		6,438,488	 16,713,986		
Total assets	 15,959,605		9,502,858	 25,462,463		107,896
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred amount on refunding	-		273,324	273,324		-
Deferred outflows - pensions	 1,135,815		125,804	 1,261,619		
Total deferred outflows of resources	 1,135,815		399,128	 1,534,943		-
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	127,018		73,878	200,896		225
Accrued wages and benefits	97,790		11,111	108,901		
Due to Indianola Tourism Commission	63,843		-	63,843		
Accrued interest payable	1,253		39,747	41,000		
Due to vendors	9,879		-	9,879		-
Judicial assessments payable	3,275		-	3,275		-
Customer deposits	_		172,564	172,564		-
Other payables	218		-	218		_
Advance from grantor	7,919		-	7,919		
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:				ĺ		
Capital related liabilities	430,521		387,555	818,076		-

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2015

		Desire and the		Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type	m . 1	Indianola
	Activities	Activities	Total	Tourism Comm.
LIABILITIES				
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:				
Capital related liabilities	202,484	4,750,554	4,953,038	-
Compensated absenses payable	180,847	13,004	193,851	-
Net pension liability	6,461,535	710,990	7,172,525	-
Total liabilities	7,586,582	6,159,403	13,745,985	225
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred property taxes	2,148,726	-	2,148,726	-
Deferred inflows - pensions	243,676	26,775	270,451	
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,392,402	26,775	2,419,177	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	9,642,493	1,573,703	11,216,196	_
Restricted - expendable:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,,	,,	
Fire department training and capital outlay	282,105	-	282,105	-
Unemployment benefits	15,000	1,630	16,630	-
Debt service	302,467	321,883	624,350	-
Capital projects and park	400,655	-	400,655	-
Unrestricted	(3,526,284)	1,818,592	(1,707,692)	107,671
Total net position	\$ 7,116,436	\$ 3,715,808	\$ 10,832,244	\$ 107,671

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

							ied September S	Net ((Expense) Revenue	ion	Component Unit
			<u>с</u>	harges for	O Gı	am Revenue perating rants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	rimary Governme Business-type		Indianola Tourism
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Commission
Primary Government:											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	1,131,636	\$	40,709	\$	53,396	\$ -	\$ (1,037,531)	\$ -	\$ (1,037,531)	\$ -
Public safety		2,878,757		175,043		39,985	47,240	(2,616,489)	-	(2,616,489)	-
Public works		1,660,687		-		3,000	-	(1,657,687)	-	(1,657,687)	-
Health and welfare		273,751		24,315		-	-	(249,436)	-	(249,436)	-
Culture and recreation		392,382		16,017		31,453	83,000	(261,912)	-	(261,912)	-
Municipal airport		114,868		-		-	179,571	64,703	-	64,703	-
Interest/fees on long-term debt		19,155		-				(19,155)		(19,155)	
Total governmental activities	_	6,471,236		256,084		127,834	309,811	(5,777,507)		(5,777,507)	
Business-type activities:											
Water and sewer		1,617,684		2,056,155		-	-	-	438,471	438,471	-
Solid waste (garbage)		563,875		563,966		-	-	-	91	91	-
Mosquito		47,476		78,999		-	-	-	31,523	31,523	-
Interest/fees on long-term debt		198,956				-			(198,956)	(198,956)	-
Total business-type activities		2,427,991		2,699,120			_	-	271,129	271,129	
Total primary government	\$	8,899,227	\$	2,955,204	\$	127,834	\$ 309,811	(5,777,507)	271,129	(5,506,378)	-
Component Unit:											
Indianola Tourism Commission	\$	394,339	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	:			(394,339)
	Ge	neral revenue	٥٠								
		Property taxes						2,436,502	-	2,436,502	-
		Homestead ex		ion reimburse	ment			152,544	-	152,544	-
		Franchise taxe	•					316,309	-	316,309	-
		Sales and tour		axes				1.962,546	-	1,962,546	402,309
		Other intergov			s			337,478	_	337,478	-

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

			Program Revenue	s	Ch	Expense) Revenue anges in Net Posit rimary Governme	ion	Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Indianola Tourism Commission
	General revenue							
		nterest income			17,915	-	17,915	-
	Other income				23,444	-	23,444	-
	Gain (loss) on	disposal of assets			(3.007)	-	(3.007)	-
	Transfers				297,246	(297,246)		
	Total general rev	venues and transfer	rs .		5,540,977	(297,246)	5,243,731	402,309
er en	Change in net po	osition			(236,530)	(26,117)	(262,647)	7.970
	Net position, beg	ginning			12,641,840	4,323,062	16,964,902	99,701
· <u>.</u>	Prior period adju	istment-reclassify	net position		(5,288,874)	(581,137)	(5,870,011)	-
- 2	Net position, beg	ginning-as restated	-		7,352,966	3,741,925	11,094,891	99,701
MAY (III (Net position, end	ding			\$ 7,116,436	\$ 3,715,808	\$ 10,832,244	\$ 107,671

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CITY OF INDIANOLA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2015

	Major Fund	Non-major	Total Governmental	
	General	Governmental		
	Fund	Funds	Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,098,236	\$ 717,385	\$ 2,815,621	
Receivables:				
Auto ad valorem taxes	25,596	-	25,596	
Franchise taxes	87,579	-	87,579	
Intergovernmental	413,046	63,843	476,889	
Delta Health Alliance	102,211	-	102,211	
Other receivables	3,135	1,402	4,537	
Property taxes	2,103,480	45,246	2,148,726	
Advances to (from) other funds	9,761	-	9,761	
Inventory	13,847		13,847	
Total assets	\$ 4,856,891	\$ 827,876	\$ 5,684,767	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 127,018	\$ -	\$ 127,018	
Accrued wages and benefits	97,790	_	97,790	
Due to Indianola Tourism Commission	, -	63,843	63,843	
Due to vendors	9,879	, <u>-</u>	9,879	
Judicial assessments payable	3,275	-	3,275	
Advance from grantor	7,919	-	7,919	
Other payables	218	-	218	
Due to agency fund	110	-	110	
Advance from other funds	375	175	550	
Total liabilities	246,584	64,018	310,602	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred property taxes	2,103,480	45,246	2,148,726	
Deferred revenues/grants	100,756		100,756	
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,204,236	45,246	2,249,482	

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CITY OF INDIANOLA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2015

	Major Fund General Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
FUND BALANCE		Tullus	Tunas
Nonspendable:			
Advances	9,761	_	9,761
Inventory	13,847	_	13,847
Restricted:	- 4-		
Fire protection rebate funds	282,105	_	282,105
Debt service	,	302,957	302,957
Unemployment benefits	-	15,000	15,000
Committed:		,	,
None	-	-	-
Assigned:			
Capital projects and parks	-	400,655	400,655
Unassigned:		,	
General fund	2,100,358	-	2,100,358
Total fund balances	2,406,071	718,612	3,124,683
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			
and fund balances	\$ 4,856,891	\$ 827,876	\$ 5,684,767

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CITY OF INDIANOLA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of September 30, 2015

Total fund balance per balance sheet			\$ 3,124,683
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net			
position are different because:			
1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and			
therefore are not reported in the funds:			
	•	(07.712	
Land	\$	697,712	
Construction in progress		116,036	
Buildings		1,327,344	
Improvements other than buildings		122,912	
Mobile equipment		2,639,606	
Computer equipment and software		233,363	
Furniture and equipment		659,193	
Infrastructure		10,314,278	
Accumulated depreciation		(5,834,946)	10,275,498
 Federal and state grants and reimbursements and property taxes are reported in the statement of net position at the time they are earned, without regard to the timeliness of remittance by the payer. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: 	,		100,756
General obligation refunding bonds		(235,000)	
Notes payable		(154,083)	
Capital lease obligations payable		(243,505)	
Compensated absences payable		(180,847)	
Unamortized premiums		(417)	
Accrued interest payable		(1,253)	
Net pension liability		(6,461,535)	(7,276,640)
 Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 			
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,135,815	
Deferred inflows related to pensions		(243,676)	 892,139
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 7,116,436

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Major Fund	Non-major	Total	
	General	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	Funds	Funds	
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 2,372,910	\$ 3.809	\$ 2,376,719	
Penalties and interest	82,767	-	82.767	
Franchise taxes	316.309	-	316.309	
Licenses and permits	43.039	•	43.039	
Intergovernmental:				
Sales taxes	1,962.546	-	1,962,546	
Homestead reimbursement	152.544	-	152.544	
Payments in lieu of taxes - Grand Gulf	89,899	-	89.899	
Road district taxes	157,115	-	157.115	
Federal, state & county grants & shared revenues	256,530	179,571	436.101	
Fines and forfeitures	138,142	-	138.142	
Interest	12.106	5.809	17.915	
Other	111,982	29.972	141.954	
Total revenues	5,695,889	219,161	5.915.050	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	1.110.562		1.110.562	
Public safety	2,617,046	•	2.617.046	
Public works	1.327,644	-	1.327.644	
Public health	258,521	-	258.521	
Culture and recreation	648,171	•	648.171	
Debt service:				
Principal	64.618	225,000	289.618	
Interest	7.636	8,406	16,042	
Paying agent's fees	-	5,200	5.200	
Construction-streets and storm drainage projects	-	130,435	130,435	
Construction-airport improvements		189,022	189.022	
Total expenditures	6,034,198	558,063	6.592,261	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(338,309)	(338,902)	(677,211)	

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Major Fund General Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	297,246	9,451	306.697
Transfers out	(9.451)	-	(9.451)
Capital lease obligation incurred	102,762	-	102.762
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,070		1.070
Total other financing sources (uses)	391,627	9,451	401.078
Net change in fund balances	53.318	(329,451)	(276.133)
FUND BALANCES			
Beginning	2,352,753	1.048.063	3.400.816
End of year	\$ 2,406,071	\$ 718,612	\$ 3,124,683

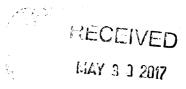
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CITY OF INDIANOLA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL

FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (276.133)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
1. Some revenues reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide current	
financial resources and are, therefore, not reported as revenues in governmental	
funds - increase in deferred revenues:	40.149
2. Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental	
activities report capital outlays as assets and allocate the cost of those assets over	
their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense:	
Capital outlay 763.346	
Depreciation expense (768.420)	(5.074)
3. Other transactions involving capital assets that increase or decrease net position	
in the Statement of Activities include the book value of assets disposed of:	(4,077)
4. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes	
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,	
has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of	
premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt	
and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts	
are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:	
Capital lease obligation incurred (102.762)	
Accretion of premium on refunding bond 1.359	
Payments of debt principal 406,897	
Accrued interest payable 762	306.256
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or	
require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not	
reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These	
activities include the change in compensated absences:	(17,129)
6. The Statement of Activities reports an expense equal to the City's proportionate	
share of the collective net pension expense for the cost-sharing pension plan.	
However, in the governmental funds, the cost-sharing expenses are measured by the	
amount of current contributions made to the plan. The amount by which the	
expenditures exceeded current contributions is:	 (280,522)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (236,530)



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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2015

	Major	Funds	Non-Major	Total
	Water & Sewer	Refuse	Other	Enterprise
	Fund	Collection	Fund	Funds
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,014,493	\$ 28,525	\$ 27,738	\$ 1,070,756
Investment (182- day CD)	1,206,498	-	-	1,206,498
Accounts receivable:				
Utility billings, net of doubtful accounts	193,113	48,434	7,879	249,426
Other receivables	3,496_	<u>-</u> _		3,496
Total current assets	2,417,600	76,959	35,617	2,530,176
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Debt reserve funds	361,630	-	-	361,630
Cash - customer deposits	172,564	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	172,564
Total restricted assets	534,194	-	_	534,194
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets, net of accum. depreciation	6,423,401		15,087	6,438,488
Total noncurrent assets	6,423,401	-	15,087	6,438,488
Total assets	9,375,195	76,959	50,704	9,502,858
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8			
Deferred outflows - pensions	120,636	-	5,168	125,804
Deferred amount on refunding	273,324	-	-	273,324
Total deferred outflows of resources	393,960		5,168	399,128
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	25,736	48,142	-	73,878
Accrued wages and benefits	10,088	-	1,023	11,111
Accrued interest	39,747	-	-,	39,747
Current portion of long-term debt	390,000	-	-	390,000
Bond premium (discount) - current portion	(2,445)	-	-	(2,445)
Total current liabilities	463,126	48,142	1,023	512,291

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2015

	Major Funds		Non-Major	Total
	Water & Sewer Fund	Refuse Collection	Other Fund	Enterprise Funds
LIABILITIES (continued)				
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:				
Customer deposits	172,564			172,564
Total liab. payable from restricted assets	172,564		-	172,564
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Bonds payable	4,775,000	-	-	4,775,000
Bond premium (discount) - noncurrent portion	(24,446)	-	-	(24,446)
Net pension liability	685,039	-	25,951	710,990
Compensated absences payable	13,004			13,004
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,448,597		25,951	5,474,548
Total liabilities	6,084,287	48,142	26,974	6,159,403
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows - pensions	25,824		951	26,775
Total deferred inflows of resources	25,824	-	951	26,775
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	1,558,616	-	15,087	1,573,703
Restricted for retirement of bonds	321,883	-	-	321,883
Restricted for unemployment benefits	1,630	-	-	1,630
Unrestricted	1,776,915	28,817	12,860	1,818,592
Total net position	\$ 3,659,044	\$ 28,817	\$ 27,947	3,715,808

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Major Funds			Non-Major		Total Enterprise		
	Water & Sewer		Refuse		Other			
		Fund	Col	lection		<u>Fund</u>		Funds
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for sales and services:								
Water	\$	1,153,171	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,153,171
Sewer		773,785		-		-		773,785
Refuse collection fees		-		563,966		-		563,966
Mosquito service fees		-		-		78,999		78,999
Late charges, penalties, taps, etc.		98,863		-		-		98,863
Rent income		26,400		-				26,400
Total operating revenues		2,052,219		563,966		78,999		2,695,184
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personnel		420,488		-		15,347		435,835
Supplies		114,103		-		29,128		143,231
Contractual and other services		297,003		-		373		297,376
Solid waste disposal		-		563,875		-		563,875
Depreciation		786,090		-		2,628		788,718
Total operating expenses		1,617,684		563,875		47,476		2,229,035
Operating income (loss)		434,535		91		31,523		466,149
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest income		3,936		-		-		3,936
Interest expense		(192,056)		-		-		(192,056)
Paying agent and other fees		(6,900)		-		-		(6,900)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(195,020)		-		-		(195,020)
Income (loss) before contributions and								
transfers		239,515		91		31,523		271,129
Transfers out		(297,246)		<u> </u>				(297,246)
Change in net position		(57,731)		91		31,523		(26,117)
NET POSITION								
Beginning of year		4,277,273		28,726		17,063		4,323,062
Prior period adjustment		(560,498)		,		(20,639)		(581,137)
Beginning of year, as restated		3,716,775		28,726		(3,576)		3,741,925
NET POSITION, end of year	_\$	3,659,044	\$	28,817	\$	27,947	\$	3,715,808

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Major	r Fund		Total Enterprise	
	Water	Refuse	Non-Major		
	Fund	Collection	Fund	Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,040,922	\$ 560,555	\$ 77.860	2.679.337	
Payments to suppliers	(449,894)	(541.516)	(37.605)	(1.029.015)	
Payments to employees	(390,249)		(13,770)	(404.019)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating					
activities	1,200.779	19.039	26.485	1,246,303	
Cash flows from noncapital financing					
activities:					
Interfund loans received/(repaid)	-	-	-	-	
Transfers (to)/from other funds	(297.246)		-	(297,246)	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital					
financing activities	(297.246)	-	-	(297.246)	
Cash flows from capital and related					
financing activities:					
Principal payments on capital debt	(385,000)	-	-	(385,000)	
Interest paid on capital debt	(166.689)	-	-	(166.689)	
Fees paid on capital debt	(6,600)	-	-	(6.600)	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(58,963)		(14.600)	(73.563)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and					
related financing activities	(617,252)		(14.600)	(631.852)	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchase of time deposits	2,410,294	-	-	2,410,294	
Proceeds from matured time deposits	(2,412,096)	-	-	(2.412.096)	
Interest received	4.076	-		4.076	
Net cash provided (used) by investing					
activities	2,274			2.274	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash					
equivalents	288,555	19.039	11,885	319,479	
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Beginning of year	1,260,132	9,486	15,853	1.285,471	
End of year	\$ 1,548,687	\$ 28.525	\$ 27.738	\$ 1,604,950	

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Major Fund					Total			
		Water		Refuse		Non-Major		Enterprise	
	Fund		Collection			Fund	Funds		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	434.535	\$	91	_\$	31.523	\$	466.149	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Depreciation Changes in assets/liabilities:		786.090		-		2,628		788.718	
Accounts receivable		(11.512)		(3,411)		(1,139)		(16,062)	
Accounts payable		(38.528)		22,359		(8.104)		(24,273)	
Accrued wages and benefits		421		-		482		903	
Customer deposits		(44)		-		-		(44)	
Pension liability and related deferrals		29,729				1.095		30,824	
Compensated absences		88		-				88	
Total adjustments		766,244		18.948		(5,038)		780,154	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,200,779	\$	19,039	\$	26,485	\$	1.246.303	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents: Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,014,493	\$	28,525	\$	27,738	\$	1.070,756	
Restricted assets:									
Debt reserve funds		361.630		-		-		361.630	
Cash-customer deposits	_	172,564		-		<u>-</u>		172.564	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,548,687	\$	28,525	\$	27,738	\$	1.604.950	
Schedule of noncash investing, capital and financing activities: Amortization of premiums, discounts, and									
deferred amount on refunding	\$	27,292	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27.292	

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CITY OF INDIANOLA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES September 30, 2015

	Agency Funds		Police Escrow		
ASSETS		Agency Tunus			
Cash and deposits	\$	117,276	\$	84	
Due from General Fund		· -		110	
Advance to General Fund	-	_		375	
Total assets	\$	117,276	\$	569	
LIABILITIES					
Payroll withholdings and benefits payable	\$	107,690	\$	-	
Restitution and cash bonds payable		-		569	
Advance from General Fund		9,586			
Total liabilities	\$	117,276	\$	569	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF INDIANOLA Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity.

The City of Indianola operates under a Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government and provides services authorized by its charter. The City was formed in 1886 and presently operates under a special charter issued by the State Legislature in 1890. The City of Indianola's major operations include public welfare and social services, civil and criminal justice systems, road and bridge maintenance and general administrative services. In addition, a water and sewer system is operated by the City.

The financial statements presented here include those of the primary government of the City of Indianola and all significant component units. Included is the:

- Indianola Tourism Commission-The City's mayor and board of aldermen appoint 5 of the 7 board members of the Commission and have the authority to approve budgets for the commission. The City petitioned the state legislature to levy a 2% sales tax on restaurant and bar sales and hotel and motel room charges. The City receives the tourism tax from the State Tax Commission and remits the tax to the tourism commission. The tourism taxes are used primarily to support the B.B. King Museum in attracting and serving visitors in the Indianola area. The financial statements of the Commission are audited annually (and may be obtained by contacting them at P.O. Box 1132, Indianola, MS 38751).
- B. Basic Financial Statements.

Basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities and report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated, with the exception of those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and are eliminated in the total government column. In the statement of activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety (police and fire), public improvements, culture and recreation (including library), health and welfare, and general administrative support services. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer services, solid waste management, and a vector control program.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given

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CITY OF INDIANOLA Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Indirect expenses are allocated based on the annual cost allocation plan. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity and 2) grants and contributions, including special assessments, which are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned or, for property tax revenues, in the period for which levied. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City in general considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for debt-service expenditures which are recognized when due, and certain uncompensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when payment is due.

For the governmental funds financial statements, the City considers all revenues susceptible to accrual and recognizes revenue if the accrual criteria are met. Specifically, sales taxes, franchise taxes, ad valorem taxes, charges for services and other miscellaneous revenue are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met and are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier, if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. All other revenue items (including police fines) are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the city's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources and the legally authorized activities of the City except those required to be accounted for in other specialized funds.

Other governmental funds is a summarization of all of the nonmajor governmental funds and includes:

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Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specific expenditure purposes.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The proprietary fund recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system as operating revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of providing water and wastewater services to the citizens of the City.
- The Refuse Collection (or Garbage) Fund accounts for providing garbage pick-up services to residential customers within the City limits. The City contracts with a commercial vendor to collect and dispose of the solid waste.

The City has one non-major proprietary fund, the Mosquito Fund. The Mosquito Fund is used to account for fees collected and expenses incurred in the City's mosquito and vector control program.

In addition, the City has two fiduciary funds, the Agency Fund and the Police Escrow Account, which are used to account for assets held by the City in an agency capacity for others.

GASB 34 eliminates the presentation of Account Groups (General Fixed Assets Account Group and Longterm Debt Account Group) but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental Activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

D. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the classifications prescribed in the *Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* issued by the Office of the State Auditor.

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E. Cash and Other Deposits and Cash Equivalents.

The City of Indianola deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the Board of Aldermen. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Cash consists of amounts on deposit in demand accounts. Other deposits consist of certificates of deposit. Cash and other deposits are valued at cost.

Various restrictions on these deposits are imposed by state statutes. These restrictions are summarized as follows:

All deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized in an amount at least equal to 105% of the amount not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC), or any successors to such insurance corporations. For purposes of the combined statement of cash flows, the City considers the following to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when acquired: all highly liquid investments and certificates of deposit.

F. Investments.

Municipalities are allowed, by Section 21-33-323, MS Code Ann. (1972), to invest excess funds in any bonds or other direct obligations of the United States of America or the State of Mississippi, or of any county or municipality of this state, or of any school district, which such county or municipality or school district bonds have been properly approved; or in obligations issued or guaranteed in full as to principal and interest by the United States of America which are subject to a repurchase agreement with a qualified depository; or in interest bearing time certificates of deposit with municipal depositories serving in accordance with Section 27-105-353.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit and interest bearing accounts are classified as cash and investments.

G. Inventories and Prepaid Items.

Because the City does not accumulate large quantities of supplies, inventories are generally not recorded. (However, the City did record at cost gasoline inventory of \$13,847 at year end. This inventory is expensed to various departments/funds based on logs maintained of usage on a first in-first out basis.)

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

H. Restricted Assets – Proprietary Fund.

Restricted assets include customer meter deposits since they can only be used to apply against the customer's account balance or refunded when the customer terminates service. Also included are amounts held in bond reserve and debt service funds, as required by loan covenants in the City's water and sewer funds. When both restricted and non-restricted assets are available for use, the policy is to use restricted assets first.

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Capital Assets.

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that all capital assets, whether owned by governmental activities or business-type activities, be recorded and depreciated in the government-wide financial statements. No long-term assets or depreciation are shown in the governmental funds financial statements.

For financial reporting, the City defines capital assets as those with an initial individual cost exceeding the following amounts and which have a useful life exceeding one year. Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

	Threshold
Land	N/A
Infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.)	N/A
Buildings	50,000
Improvements other than buildings	25,000
Furniture, equipment, vehicles	5,000

All land and infrastructure, regardless of its value, is to be reported. The City is considered a "Phase 3" government under GASB 34 and is required to include infrastructure acquired beginning with the date of adoption of GASB 34 (FY 2004). For Phase 3 governments, GASB 34 encourages, but does not require, that major infrastructure acquired in years after June 30, 1980, be capitalized and depreciated. Prior to GASB 34, governments were not required to report general infrastructure assets and the City does not have a record of general infrastructure acquired prior to the adoption of GASB 34.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of projects is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed for proprietary funds.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

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	<u>Life</u>	Salvage Value
Computer equipment and peripherals	3 years	1%
Vehicles and equipment	5 years	10%
Heavy equipment	10 years	10%
Furniture and fixtures	7 years	10%
Improvements other than buildings	20 years	20%
Buildings	40 years	20%
Infrastructure:		
Roads	20 years	30%
Concrete bridges	50 years	0%
Timber bridges	30 years	0%

The threshold amount for leased property under capital leases will correspond with the asset classifications, as listed.

J. Fund Balances/Net Position.

Government-wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Funds:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

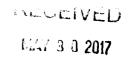
- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are description of fund classifications used by the City.

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.



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Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the Board of Aldermen, the City's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure or expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures or expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

K. Compensated Absences.

Employees of the City of Indianola accumulate sick leave in accordance with the City's personnel policies and procedures. In addition, employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with City policy.

L. Property Taxes.

The City generally sets the levies for real and personal property in September for the ensuing fiscal year beginning October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on real and personal property are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase. All unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent February 1 of the following year. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

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M. Encumbrances.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in any of the funds.

N. Estimates.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Interfund Loans and Transfers.

Short-term (due within one year) interfund loan receivables are reported as "due from other funds" and are considered available spendable resources. Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

Transfers represent amounts paid by one fund to another to provide cash matches for federal and/or state grants or the means by which one fund reimburses another fund for costs or services provided.

P. Long-Term Obligations.

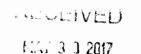
In the fund financial statements of governmental funds, long-term debt is recognized as a liability when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. In the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities, all long-term debt is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position.

Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for as liabilities of the proprietary funds.

Q. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. As of September 30, 2015, the City had deferred outflows of resources associated with bond refunding in the amount of \$273,324 and deferred amounts on pensions in the amount of \$1,261,619 which are reflected in the Statement of Net Position.



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Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. As of September 30, 2015, the City had deferred inflows of resources for property taxes in the amount of \$2,148,726 and deferred amounts on pensions in the amount of \$270,451 which are reflected in the Statement of Net Position.

R. Uncollectible Accounts Receivable.

The City's allowance for estimated uncollectible receivables at September 30, 2015, is as follows:

Enterprise Funds:

Accounts receivable - utility billings \$380,000

S. Implementation of New Accounting Standards.

The current year's financial statements reflect the adoption of two new accounting standards:

- GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27,
- GASB Statement No. 69, Governmental Combinations and Disposal of Government Operations and
- GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

The adoption of these new standards resulted in reporting net pension liabilities on the Statement of Net Position (balance sheet) along with reporting deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions and resulted in substantial prior period adjustments required to record the beginning net pension liability at 10/1/14. On the Statement of Activities, pension expense calculated under the new standards replaces "retirement expense" previously shown which represented the city's funding requirement (15.75% of gross retirement wages). See Note 6 for additional information.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments.

The City follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds (except for certain funds for which a separate depository account is required) to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. Pursuant to state law, the City advertises and accepts bids for depositories no less than once every two years as required by Sections 27-105-353 and 27-105-363, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

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Investments. State law permits municipal governing authorities to invest surplus funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 21-33-323, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) bonds or other direct obligations of the United States of America or the State of Mississippi; (b) bonds of any county or municipality of the State of Mississippi or of any school district; (c) obligations issued or guaranteed in full as to principal and interest by the United States of America which are subject to a repurchase agreement with a qualified depository; or (4) time certificates of deposit in or through state depositories located within the municipality to the same extent such depositories are eligible for invested state funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents.

The carrying value of the City's cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2015, was:

Primary Government:	
Governmental activities:	
Cash on hand (change fund)	\$ 775
Cash in demand deposit accounts	508,001
Total	 508,776
Business-type activities:	
Cash equivalents:	
Cash in demand deposit accounts	995,467
30-day time deposit	 609,483
Total cash equivalents	 1,604,950
Fiduciary funds:	
Cash in demand deposit accounts	 117,360
Total cash and cash equivalents - primary government	\$ 2,231,086
Component Unit:	
Indianola Tourism Commission	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,411

Cash and investments are reported as:

	 overnmental Activities	isiness-type Activities	F	iduciary Funds	Coı	mponent Unit
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 508,776	\$ 1,070,756	\$	117,360	\$	7,411
Restricted assets (cash equivalents):						
Debt reserve funds	-	361,630		-		-
Customer deposits	-	172,564		-		-
Certificates of deposit (182 days)	 2,306,845	 1,206,498				-
Totals	\$ 2,815,621	\$ 2,811,448	\$	117,360	\$	7,411

The carrying amount of the City's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2015, was \$5,743,654 (primary government) and \$7,411 (component unit) and the bank balance was \$5,904,303 (primary government) and \$7,411 (component unit). The bank balance differs from the carrying value in that it does not reflect deposits in transit or outstanding checks.

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Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the City. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City.

Investments.

The City's only "investments" were non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are included above under cash.

(3) Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of interfund transactions and balances:

Due from/to other funds			
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
Fiduciary Fund	Fund General Fund		110
Advances to/from other funds			
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General fund	Other governmental funds	\$	175
	Fiduciary fund		9,586
Fiduciary fund	General fund		375
Total			10,136
Transfers in/out			
Transfer In	Transfer Out	Tra	ns fer Out
General fund	Water fund	\$	297,246
Other governmental funds	General fund		9,451
Total		\$	306,697

Interfund loans are made to cover cash deficits until the receiving fund receives revenues to reimburse the paying fund. Transfers are made to close out accounts, provide matching requirements on grants or to reimburse the receiving fund for overhead or other expenses.

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(4) General Fixed Assets.

The following is a summary of capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015:

Governmental Activities:								
	Balan	e				Balance		
	10/1/1	4	Additions		Deletions			9/30/15
Non-depreciable capital assets:								
Land	\$ 69	7,712	\$	-	\$	-	\$	697,712
Construction in progress	1.89	,663		129.278	2,212,9	905		116.036
Total non-depreciable capital assets	2.59	7.375		129.278	2,212,9	905		813.748
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings	1,03	1,055	2	296,289		-		1,327,344
Improvements other than buildings	12:	2,912		-		-		122.912
Mobile equipment - vehicles	2,00),753		102,762	40,7	761		2,062,754
Mobile equipment - other	57	5.852		-		-		576,852
Computer equipment and software	23	3,363		-		-		233,363
Furniture and equipment	61	5,909		42,284		-		659,193
Infrastructure - roads & bridges	5,44),185	1,9	910,919		-		7.351.104
Infrastructure - airport	2,11),274		189,021		-		2,299,295
Infrastructure - other	65	3,181		5,698				663.879
Total depreciable capital assets	12,79),484		546,973	40,	761		15.296.696
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	33.	3,265		26,555		-		359,820
Improvements other than buildings	4	9.538		4,918		-		54,456
Mobile equipment - vehicles	1.16	3,060	2	224,576	36.0	584		1,355,952
Mobile equipment - other	32	3.310		37,490		-		365.800
Computer equipment and software	20	1,699		24,119		_		228,818
Furniture and equipment	46	1,845		47,588		-		512.433
Infrastructure - roads & bridges	1.69	9.164		256,519		-		1,955.683
Infrastructure - airport	72	2,064		113,829		-		835.893
Infrastructure - other	13	3.265		32,826				166.091
Total accumulated depreciation	5,10	3,210		768,420	36,0	684	_	5,834.946
Total depreciable capital assets, net	7.68	7,274	1,	778,553	4,0	077		9,461,750
Governmental activities,								
capital assets	\$ 10,28	1,649	\$ 2,	207.831	\$ 2,216.	982	\$	10,275,498

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		lance 0/1/14	Add	ditions	Disp	osals		Balance 30/2015
Non-depreciable capital assets:	•		•		•			
Land	\$	55,665	\$	-	\$	·	\$	55.665
Construction in progress		99,996				99,996		
Total non-depreciable capital assets		155,661				99,996		55.665
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings (lagoon treatment center)		70,000		-		-		70.000
Mobile equipment - vehicles		173,060		21.757		-		194.817
Mobile equipment - heavy equip.		172,264		-		-		172.264
Computer equipment and software		7,604		-		-		7.604
Furniture and equipment		408.911		42,520		-		451.431
Infrastructure	2	.336,335		-		-		2,336.335
Infrastructure-water & sewer system	11	,901,227		99,996			1	2,001.223
Total depreciable capital assets	15	,069,401		164,273			1	5,233,674
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings (lagoon treatment center)		56,000		-		-		56.000
Mobile equipment - vehicles		122,870		25,435		-		148.305
Mobile equipment - heavy equip.		90,954		11.231		-		102,185
Computer equipment and software		7,528		-		-		7.528
Furniture and equipment		297,263		42,323		-		339,586
Infrastructure	1	,864,697		115.652		-		1,980,349
Infrastructure-water & sewer system	5	5,622,821		594,077				6,216.898
Total accumulated depreciation	8	3,062,133		788,718				8,850,851
Total depreciable capital assets, net	7	,007,268	(624.445)		-		6.382.823

\$ 7,162,929

Included in the caption for mobile equipment-vehicles and mobile equipment-other on the Governmental Activities presentation above are various items of equipment acquired in the current and prior years under capital lease agreements with a total cost basis of \$489,053 and current depreciation expense of \$88,039.

\$ (624,445) \$

99,996

Construction Commitments:

capital assets

At September 30, 2015, the City had various construction projects underway which will be financed with grants, local funds, or a combination of both, as follows:

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Construction Projects:

	I	Costs ncurred To Date	Projected Total Cost		
Governmental funds:					
102 Front Street	\$	21,489	\$	654,674	
Fire station (construction not started)*		10,000		-	
Safer Routes to School sidewalk project*		31.151		-	
MDOT Enhancement Project*		40,731		-	
Ellis Road Project*		12,665		-	
-	\$	116,036	\$	654,674	

All of the above projects were in preliminary stages at 9/30/15.

Depreciation Expense by Fund-type and Department:

	Governmental			oprietary
General government	\$	34.641	\$	-
Public safety		221,739		-
Public works		360.160		-
Health and welfare		10.839		-
Parks and recreation		26.173		-
Airport		114.868		-
Water and sewer fund		-		786,090
Mosquito (non-major) fund		-		2,628
•	\$	768,420	\$	788,718

^{*}No contracts have been let and construction has not started.

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(5) General Long-term Debt.

The following is a summary of changes in general long-term debt:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within	
	Beginning	Additions	Reductions	End of Year	One Year	
Governmental activities:	_					
A. General obligation bonds payable	\$ 460,000	\$ -	\$ 225,000	\$ 235.000	\$ 235,000	
B. Certificates of indebtedness	58.407	-	19,024	39.383	19.466	
C. Other loan payable-State of MS	160,294	-	45.594	114,700	47.689	
D. Obligations under capital leases	258,022	102,762	117.279	243.505	127.949	
E. Compensated absences payable	163,718	17,129	-	180,847	-	
	1,100,441	119,891	406,897	813,435	430,104	
Plus deferred premium on refunding	1,776	-	1.359	417	417	
Total governmental activities	1,102,217	119,891	408,256	813,852	430.521	
Business-type activities:			,			
E. Compensated absences payable	12,916	88	-	13.004	-	
F. Revenue bonds payable	1,920,000	-	120,000	1,800,000	120.000	
G. General obligation bonds payable	3,630,000	-	265,000	3,365,000	270,000	
Total business-type activities	5,562,916	88	385,000	5.178.004	390,000	
Less discount on bonds	(29,335)	-	(2,444)	(26.891)	(2.445)	
Total business-type activities	5,533,581	88	382,556	5,151,113	387.555	
Total	\$ 6,635,798	\$ 119.979	\$ 790,812	\$ 5.964,965	\$ 818.076	

A. General obligation bonds payable.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligations bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	E	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	_Ou	tstanding
General Obligation Refunding						
Bonds - Series 2011	2 - 2.5%	6/6/2011	03/01/16	\$ 1.095.000	\$	235.000

This debt is serviced by the Debt Service Fund from property tax collections.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

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Year Ending			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 235,000	\$ 2,937	\$ 237,937
Total	\$ 235,000	\$ 2,937	\$ 237,937

In June of 2011, the City issued \$1,095,000 for the purpose of currently refunding the balance owed of

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CITY OF INDIANOLA

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

\$1,060,000 on general obligation bonds issued in 2001. The 2001 bonds were issued to make improvements to streets and storm drains.

B. Certificates of indebtedness.

The City borrowed \$77,000 from Trustmark Bank to finance the purchase of a biometric time clock for use by all City departments and to upgrade computer hardware and software, principally at City Hall. Terms of this loan are described below:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	 Amount Issued	 mount standing
Certificate of Indebtedness	2%	7/5/1905	6/10/2017	\$ 77,000	\$ 39.383

This debt is serviced by the General Fund.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 19,466	\$ 914	\$ 20,380
2017	19,917	462	20,379
Total	\$ 39,383	\$ 1,376	\$ 40,759

C. Other loans payable - State of Mississippi.

Other loans payable consists of a State Revolving Fund Loan secured by sales tax reimbursements due the City. This loan was made to finance the City's treatment plant. Terms of this loan are described below:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	 Amount Issued	 Amount itstanding
State Revolving Fund Loan	5%	1998	12/31/17	\$ 676.218	\$ 114,700

This debt is serviced by the General Fund through Sales Tax reductions (reimbursed by the Water Fund).

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
September 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 47,689	\$ 4,186	\$ 51,875
2017	49,880	1,995	51,875
2018	17,131	161	17,292
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Total	\$ 114,700	\$ 6,342	\$ 121,042

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CITY OF INDIANOLA

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

D. Obligations under capital leases.

The City has acquired machinery and equipment under the provisions of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option (generally \$1) or a transfer of ownership at the end of the lease term.

Assets acquired through outstanding capital leases are as follows:

Governmental activities	Cost	Accumulated	Carrying Value
	Cost	Depreciation	value
Mobile equipment - vehicles:			
2014 International with Knuckle boom loader	\$ 113,891	\$ 61,503	\$ 52,388
(5) 2013 Chevrolet Tahoes	185,428	100,140	85,288
(2) 2014 Chevrolet Tahoes	69,406	24,990	44,416
2014 Ford F150	17,566	6,326	11,240
2015 Chevrolet Traverse	24,231	4,363	19,868
2015 Chevrolet Tahoe	33,024	5,945	27,079
2014 Ford F150	25,485	4,588	20,897
2015 Ford F150	20,022	3,604	16,418
	\$ 489,053	\$ 211,459	\$ 277,594

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for capital leases payable:

			Net
			Present
	Annual	Less	Value of
Year Ending	Lease	Interest	Minimum
September 30	Payments	Included	Lease Pmts
2016	\$ 131,358	\$ 3,409	\$ 127,949
2017	87,773	1,348	86,425
2018	29,384	253	29,131
Total	\$ 248,515	\$ 5,010	\$ 243,505

Interest rates range from 1.7% to 1.93%.

Debt service for capital leases is recorded in the following departments, as applicable: Executive/General, Police, Public Works, and Public Health.

E. Compensated absences payable (See Note 1(K)).

Compensated absences payable (vacation and holiday pay) are adjusted annually and are paid out of the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. Specific years for payment of compensated absences are not determinable.

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F. Water & sewer revenue bonds payable.

Revenue bonds are direct obligations of the City and are payable from revenues generated by the system. Revenue bonds outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	IssueDate_	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	О	Amount Outstanding
Combined Water & Sewer						
Revenue Refunding Bonds -						
Series 2011 Refunding Series						
2001B	2 - 3.8%	12/20/2011	07/01/26	\$ 2.285.000	\$	1.800.000

This debt is serviced by revenues generated by the City's Water and Sewer Fund.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending						
September 30	Prin	cipal	Interest		To	tal
2016	\$	120,000	\$	59,364	\$	179,364
2017		125,000		56,664		181,664
2018		125,000		53,539		178,539
2019		130,000		50,101		180,101
2020		135,000		46,201		181,201
2021-2025		760,000		160,562		920,562
2026		405,000		15,390		420,390
Total	\$	1,800,000	\$	441,821	\$	2,241,821

G. General obligation bonds payable (Water & Sewer Fund)

General obligation bonds payable are secured by property taxes to the extent that the City has not set aside revenues from the Water and Sewer Fund into a Bond fund for the payment of the principal and interest due on the bonds. It is the City's intention to service this debt from revenues of the water and sewer system along with the revenue bonds discussed in item F above. The terms of this loan are described below:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	_	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General Obligation Water & Sewer System Refunding Bonds - Series 2011 Refunding Series						
2001B	2 - 3.625%	12/20/2011	7/1/2026	\$	4,525.000	\$ 3,365,000

This debt is currently being serviced by revenues from the water and sewer system.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:



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Year Ending						
September 30	Prir	ıcipal	Int	erest	To	tal
2016	\$	270,000	\$	99,625	\$	369,625
2017		275,000		94,225		369,225
2018		280,000		88,725		368,725
2019		290,000		81,725		371,725
2020		295,000		73,025		368,025
2021-2025		1,605,000		225,238		1,830,238
2026		350,000	_	12,687		362,687
Total	\$	3,365,000	\$	675,250	\$	4,040,250

Loan Covenants

In connection with the Water and Sewer Fund's outstanding bonds, the City is required to maintain certain funds, including debt reserve funds. The City deposits on a monthly basis out of water and sewer fund revenues one-sixth of the next interest installment due and one-twelfth of the next principal installment due into a Debt Service Fund to provide for debt service installments on the two series 2011 bond issues. The balance in this fund at September 30, 2015, was \$133,130. In addition, proceeds of \$228,500 from the prior year refunding were set aside in a Debt Service Reserve Fund.

Bond documents also require the City to adjust water and sewer rates, as needed, to insure that the revenues from operating the system exceed operating expenses (excluding depreciation) by at least 110%. Current rates (in effect since October 2012) appear to be sufficient to provide the required coverage of operating expenses.

Amortization and Accretion of Amounts Associated with Enterprise Fund Debt

In connection with the issuance of its Series 2011 refunding bonds, there were related net bond discounts and other costs that the City is amortizing/accreting over the term of the related bond issues (using weighted average interest ratios and effective interest rates). Amortization of net bond discounts and other refunding costs are adjusted annually as a component of interest expense. Unamortized net bond discounts are netted against the principal amount of debt outstanding and the net unamortized balance in deferred amount on refunding is shown as a deferred outflow of resources on the Water and Sewer Fund's Statement of Net Position in accordance with GASB 63.

<u>Limitation on Debt</u>

The City of Indianola is subject to a general statutory debt limitation under which no city in the State of Mississippi may incur general obligation bonded indebtedness in an amount which will exceed 15 percent of the assessed value of the taxable property within such a city according to the last completed assessment for taxation.

In computing general obligation bonded indebtedness for purposes of such 15 percent limitation, there may be deducted all bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued for schools, water and sewer systems, gas and light and power purposes and for construction of special improvements primarily chargeable to the property benefitted or for the purpose of paying a city's proportion of any betterment program, a portion of which is primarily

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chargeable to the property benefitted. However, in no case may a city contract any indebtedness payable in whole or in part from proceeds of ad valorem taxes which, when added to all of its outstanding general obligation indebtedness, both bonded and floating, exceeds 20 percent of the assessed value of the taxable property within such a city.

In arriving at the limitations set forth above, bonds issued for school purposes, bonds payable exclusively from the revenues of any municipally-owned utility, general obligation industrial bonds issued under the provisions of Section 57-1-1 to Section 57-1-51, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and special assessment improvement bonds issued under provisions of Section 21-41-1 to Section 21-41-53, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), are not included. Also excluded from both limitations are contract obligations subject to annual appropriations.

The margin for additional debt under the above debt limits for the City of Indianola as of September 30, 2015, is approximately:

	15% Limit	20% Limit
Assessed valuation at 9/30/2015	\$ 59,523,227	\$ 59,523,227
Limitations	15%	20%
Maximum debt allowable	8,928,484	11,904,645
General obligation debt	3,600,000	3,600,000
Margin of additional debt allowable	\$ 5,328,484	\$ 8,304,645

(6) Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City of Indianola contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq. (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, Mississippi 39201, or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS's Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the

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average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who become members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. A COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary and the City of Indianola is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The City's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, were \$444,065; \$473,136; and \$444,991, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year (employer's share only).

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2015, the City reported a liability of \$7,172,525 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was .0464 percent.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$755,411. At September 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	110,381	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions		617,889		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
plan investments		419,669		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions					
and the proportionate share of contributions		-		270,451	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		113,680		_	
Total	\$	1,261,619	\$	270,451	

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$113,680 will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

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Year ended September 30:	
2016	\$ 273,234
2017	273,234
2018	226,104
2019	104,916
Total	\$ 877,488

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.75 - 19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

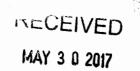
Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2016 with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	34.00%	5.20%
International Equity	19.00%	5.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	8.00%	5.45%
Fixed Income	20.00%	0.25%
Real Assets	10.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.15%
Cash	1.00%	-0.50%
Total	100.00%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected



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to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.75 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

				Current		
		6 Decrease (6.75%)	Dis	(7.75%)	19	% Increase (8.75%)
City's proportionate share of the net	-					
pension liability	\$	9,454,045	\$	7,172,525	\$	5,279,290

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

(7) Contingent Liabilities.

As of September 30, 2015, the City of Indianola is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the government's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

The City receives Federal and State grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by grantor agencies. Entitlement to these resources are dependent upon compliance with terms of grant agreements and applicable federal or state laws, including the use of the resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the City.

(8) Legal Compliance.

At September 30, 2015, the following water and sewer user fees were in effect:

Insid		nside	O	utside
	City Limits		City Limits	
Monthly Water Rates:				
First 2000 gallons (small meter)	\$	16.40	\$	31.40
First 2000 gallons (large meter)		21.40		41.40
Next 98,000 gallons-rate per 1000 gallons		0.90		1.80
Over 100,000 gallons-rate per 1000 gallons	0.35			0.70
Monthly Sewer Rates:				
First 2000 gallons		13.58		26.38
Next 98,000 gallons-rate per 1000 gallons		0.70		1.40
Over 100,000 gallons-rate per 1000 gallons		0.10		0.20

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(9) Tax Millage Rates.

The City's board of aldermen approved the following millage rates in amounts necessary to generate taxes needed for general operations and debt service of the City. Comparative rates for the prior year are also included.

Fiscal years ended September 30:	2015	2014
City:		
General operations	42.27	40.61
Debt service	-	3.92
	42.27	44.53

(10) Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool.

The City is a member of the Mississippi Municipal Workers' Compensation Group (MMWCG). The group is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. MMWCG covers risk of loss arising from injuries to the City's employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of the MMWCG contributes periodically to a fund held in trust. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$500,000. For a claim exceeding \$500,000, MMWCG has insurance which will pay the excess up to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the pool members would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The City has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

(11) Risk Management.

The City is exposed to various other risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described above, the City carries commercial insurance for some of these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial coverage (excluding deductibles, where applicable) in any of the past three fiscal years.

(12) Prior Period Adjustment.

A summary of significant fund balance adjustments follows:

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Statement of Activities	nent of Activities Governmental Activities Activities		Business-type Activities	
Implementation of GASB 68 and 71 related to pensions: Deferred outflows related to pensions	¢	113.079	¢.	12 165
Beginning net pension liability	\$	(5,401,953)	\$	13,165 (594,302)
	\$	(5,288,874)	\$	(581,137)

(13) Transactions between City and Component Unit.

The City collects a 2% tourism tax from the State Tax Commission and remits the payments to the Indianola Tourism Commission (the Commission) as they are received. The tourism revenue is reported by the Commission and is not reflected in the City's revenues or expenses/expenditures. During the current fiscal year, the City received \$399,344 (cash basis) in tourism taxes which was in turn remitted to the Commission. The Commission reports its revenues on the accrual basis and, as such, included in its revenues amounts due for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, reported as \$402,309. The Commission appropriated \$390,000 to the B.B. King Museum to promote tourism.

(14) Subsequent Events.

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the City of Indianola evaluated the activity through April 20, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that the following matter requires disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

The City's property tax collections are based on assessed values determined by the County Tax Assessor. In a prior year, the City became aware of a potential claim by a taxpayer in how the County arrived at its assessed values. Subsequent to the close of this fiscal year, the City was contacted about the matter and the City's Board offered to settle the tax dispute by paying \$142,000. The taxpayer agreed and the amount was settled in September 2016. (No adjustment was made in these financial statements.)

(15) Commitments.

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 4.

The City leases a color copier for the Police Department for approximately \$155 per month plus overages on mono copies in excess of 5000 pages per month at \$.008 per page and \$.05 each for color copies. The old lease expired August 31, 2015 but was continued on a month by month basis until December 2015 (subsequent to current year end) when a new lease was signed. The new lease provides for a monthly rental of \$186 plus overages on mono copies at \$.008 per page in excess of 5000 pages per month and \$.05 for color copies and expires in December 2019. There is no bargain purchase option.

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(16) Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified by specific purposes as follows:

	General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable						
Advances	\$	9,761	\$	-	\$	9,761
Inventory		13,847		_		13,847
Restricted						
Fire protection rebate funds		282,105		-		282,105
Debt service		-		302,957		302,957
Unemployment benefits		-		15,000		15,000
Committed						
General government		-		-		-
Assigned						
Capital projects and parks		-		400,655		400,655
Unassigned						
General fund		2,100,358				2,100,358
Total fund balances	_\$_	2,406,071	\$	718,612	\$	3,124,683

(17) Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position/Fund Balance

The net investment in capital assets component of net position for business-type activities, shown as \$1,573,703 in the Statement of Net Position includes the effects of prior year refunding of debt for the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, shown as *deferred amount on refunding* in the amount of \$273,324 at September 30, 2015. These amounts will be amortized over the remaining years of debt service. Current year amortization of the deferred amount on refunding was \$24,848.

See also Notes 6 and 18 for the effects of other deferred outflows and inflows on fund balance/net position.

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(18) Accounts Receivable

The Statement of Net Position includes the following receivables at September 30, 2015:

	vernmental Activities	iness-type ctivities
Property taxes	\$ 2,148,726	\$
Intergovernmental, grants and other:		
Auto ad valorem taxes	\$ 25,596	\$ -
Franchise taxes	87,579	-
Delta Health Alliance	102,211	-
Sales taxes	321,040	-
Tourism taxes	63,843	
Federal grants	81,545	-
State grants and shared revenues	1,144	-
County revenues	9,318	-
Other local sources	4,536	3,496
	\$ 696,812	\$ 3,496
Customer accounts:	-	
Utility billings	\$ -	\$ 629,426
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	-	(380,000)
	\$ 	\$ 249,426

Governmental funds reported deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At September 30, 2015, deferred inflows of resources were reported for property taxes levied for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, in the amount of \$2,148,726 and for grant reimbursements received outside the period of availability (more than 60 days after year end) in the amount of \$100,756. These amounts will be recognized as revenues, and thereby increase fund balance in the subsequent year. The City also reported unearned revenue (advance from grantor) in the amount of \$7,919 for grant funds received but not yet spent for program activities.

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CITY OF INDIANOLA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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	Budgeted	Amounts		Actual Amounts	Actual Amounts		
	Original	Amended	Actual (Modified Accrual)	Budgetary Adjustments Convert to Cash Basis	Budgetary- Cash Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2.358,126	\$ 2,358,126	\$ 2,372,910	\$ 1.492	\$ 2.374,402	\$ 16.276	
Penalties and interest	42,500	42,500	82.767	743	83,510	41,010	
Special assessments	10,000	10,000	9.896	-	9,896	(104)	
Licenses and permits	357,500	357,500	359,348	8,253	367.601	10,101	
Federal grants	105,758	116,258	60,707	10,816	71.523	(44.735)	
Private grant-DHA (pool)	83,000	83,000	83.000	(83,000)	-	(83,000)	
State sources	2,232,900	2,232,900	2,294.189	1,963	2,296,152	63.252	
Grants from local units	181,890	181,890	180,738	(631)	180,107	(1,783)	
Fines and forfeitures	167,500	167,500	138,142	(317)	137,825	(29,675)	
Interest earnings	7,700	7.700	12,106	-	12.106	4.406	
Cemetery fees and lot sales	25,500	25,500	27,385	-	27,385	1,885	
Rent income	27,600	27,600	12.800	-	12,800	(14,800)	
Miscellaneous	41,500	41,828	61,901	(14,386)	47,515	5,687	
Total revenues	5,641,474	5,652,302	5,695,889	(75,067)	5,620,822	(31,480)	
EXPENDITURES							
Legislative:							
Salaries and fringes	49,360	49.360	49.550	(190)	49,360	-	
Other services and charges	8,800	8,800	10,264		10,264	(1,464)	
Total	58,160	58,160	59,814	(190)	59.624	(1,464)	
Judicial:							
Salaries and fringes	155,298	155,298	141,282	(415)	140,867	14,431	
Supplies	3,750	3,750	3.094	(205)	2,889	861	
Other services and charges	46,163	46,163	50,160	(3,720)	46,440	(277)	
Total	205,211	205,211	194,536	(4,340)	190,196	15,015	
Executive:							
Salaries and fringes	96,512	96,512	112,997	(348)	112,649	(16,137)	
Supplies	3,200	3,200	7.837	(114)	7.723	(4,523)	
Other services and charges	8,975	8.975	7.427	(64)	7,363	1.612	
Capital outlay	4,361	4.361	24,231	-	24,231	(19.870)	
Debt service-capital lease pmt			1,386		1,386	(1,386)	
Total	113,048	113,048	153,878	(526)	153,352	(40,304)	
Financial administration:							
Salaries and fringes	152,301	152,301	134.110	1,149	135,259	17.042	
Supplies	7,600	7,600	8.201	(888)	7.313	287	
Other services and charges	43,890	43,890	54,627	(11,106)	43,521	369	
Total	203,791	203,791	196,938	(10,845)	186,093	17,698	

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

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	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts			
	Original	Amended	Actual (Modified Accrual)	Budgetary Adjustments Convert to Cash Basis	Budgetary- Cash Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other general government:				(420)		24.001
Salaries and fringes	143,458	143,458	117,815	(438)	117.377	26.081
Supplies	6,200	6,200	5,657	(4.025)	5.657	543
Other services and charges	362,918	481,841	366,924	(4,037)	362,887	118,954
Capital outlay		19,491	15,000	(15,000)	-	19,491
Total	512,576	650,990	505,396	(19.475)	485,921	165,069
Police:						
Salaries and fringes	1,513,647	1,513,647	1,377,505	(2,412)	1.375,093	138,554
Supplies	137,184	137,184	84,513	(1.170)	83.343	53,841
Other services and charges	245,006	245,006	159,588	(1.202)	158.386	86,620
Capital outlay	92,085	107.344	70,623	_	70,623	36.721
Debt service-capital lease	-		72,195	-	72,195	(72,195)
Total	1,987,922	2,003,181	1,764,424	(4,784)	1.759.640	243,541
Fire:						
Salaries and fringes	707,679	707,679	594,605	(1,334)	593,271	114,408
Supplies	38.042	37.207	24,547	(130)	24,417	12,790
Other services and charges	109,308	109,308	79,431	(4.295)	75,136	34,172
Capital outlay	78,660	78,660	50,114	-	50,114	28,546
Total	933,689	932,854	748,697	(5,759)	742,938	189,916
Inspection:						
Salaries and fringes	89,669	89,669	87,883	(288)	87,595	2.074
Supplies	5,675	5,675	2,301	(67)	2.234	3,441
Other services and charges	26,935	26,935	13,741	(256)	13,485	13.450
Total	122,279	122,279	103,925	(611)	103,314	18.965
Public works:						
	791.664	791,664	747.656	(3,766)	743,890	47,774
Salaries and fringes	195.403	195,403	213,552	(18,662)	194,890	513
Supplies Other services and charges	252,990	261.240	279,360	(868)	278.492	(17.252)
Capital outlay	46,708	46,708	45,507	(808)	45,507	1,201
Debt service-capital lease	40.708	40,700	41,569	_	41,569	(41,569)
Total	1,286,765	1,295,015	1,327,644	(23,296)	1,304,348	(9.333)

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

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	Budgeted	Amounts		Actual Amounts		
	Original	Amended	Actual (Modified Accrual)	Budgetary Adjustments Convert to Cash Basis	Budgetary - Cash Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
Health and welfare:						
Salaries and fringes	91,314	91,314	87.614	(880)	86,734	4.580
Supplies	17.133	17,133	14.818	(434)	14.384	2,749
Other services and charges	19,400	19,400	27.198	(1.634)	25.564	(6,164)
Capital outlay	7,705	7,705	-	-	-	7.705
Debt service-capital lease			6,307		6.307	(6,307)
Total	135,552	135,552	135,937	(2.948)	132,989	2,563
Cemetery:						
Salaries and fringes	97,668	97,668	99,750	(265)	99,485	(1.817)
Supplies	10,000	11,460	7,497	(158)	7,339	4,121
Other services and charges	11,150	11,150	8.938	(71)	8,867	2,283
Capital outlay	6,425	9,043	6,399	-	6.399	2.644
Total	125,243	129,321	122,584	(494)	122,090	7.231
Parks and recreation:						
Salaries and fringes	172,662	172,662	163,340	411	163,751	8,911
Supplies	33,300	33,300	31,438	(252)	31,186	2.114
Other services and charges	39,075	39,075	51,406	(1,387)	50,019	(10,944)
Capital outlay	219,664	219,664	292,086	-	292,086	(72,422)
Total	464,701	464,701	538,270	(1,228)	537,042	(72.341)
Library	119,892	119,892	109,901		109,901	9.991
Debt service:						
Computer	20,379	20,379	20,379	-	20.379	-
Lagoon	51,875	51,875	51,875	-	51,875	-
Debt service (lagoon)	72,254	72,254	72,254	•	72,254	
Total expenditures	6,341,083	6,506,249	6,034.198	(74,496)	5.959.702	546.547
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(699,609)	(853,947)	(338,309)	(571)	(338,880)	515,067

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

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	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts			
	Original	Amended	Actual (Modified Accrual)	Budgetary Adjustments Convert to Cash Basis	Budgetary- Cash Basis	Variance Positive (Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE	ES (USES)					
Transfers in	334,664	334,664	297,246	-	297,246	(37.418)
Transfers out	(177,725)	(177,725)	(9,451)	-	(9.451)	168.274
Refund-prior years taxes	(153,035)	(153.035)	-	-	-	153.035
Proceeds-capital lease	-	-	102,762	-	102,762	102,762
Proceeds-sale of assets	-	-	1,070		1.070	1,070
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,904	3,904	391,627		391,627	387.723
Net change in fund balance	(695,705)	(850,043)	53.318	(571)	52,747	902.790
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year			2,352,753		2,352,753	
End of year			\$ 2,406,071		2.405.500	
Budget to GAAP adjustments: Increase (decrease) in:						
Accounts receivable					60.139	
(Increase) decrease in:					14.207	
Unearned reveneue (Commonhe	ealth Action)				14,386	
Accounts payable					(65,177)	
Accrued wages and benefits					(8.777)	
Fund balance, end of year (GA/	AP basis)				\$ 2.406.071	

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

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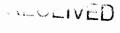
CITY OF INDIANOLA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – PERS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	.0464%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,172,525
City's covered employee payroll	\$ 2,896,892
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	247.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.70%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/15, and until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which the information is available.



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CITY OF INDIANOLA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS PERS LAST 10 YEARS

	 2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 444,065
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	 444,065
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _
City's covered-employee payroll	 2,819,460
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	 15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/15, and until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which the information is available.

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CITY OF INDIANOLA Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Budgetary comparison schedule:

1. Basis of presentation.

The budgetary comparison schedule presents the legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the modified cash (budgetary) basis, and the variance between the final budget and the actual data of the City's General Fund.

The Office of the State Auditor, State of Mississippi, prescribes the format of the budget. State law requires that all funds which require expenditure authorization from the municipality's governing authorities must be budgeted individually and amended by fund. Using guidance found in the *Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, state law further requires that revenues "legally receipted (cash basis) from October 1 through September 30 may be credited to the budget. Expenditures that may be charged to the budget are those that were legally budgeted, incurred prior to the end of the fiscal year, and disbursed during the fiscal year or within 30 days thereafter.... Expenditures for uncompleted improvements in progress of construction may be charged to the budget at any time."

The City of Indianola follows these procedures in establishing its annual budget:

- Prior to September 1, the City Clerk submits to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- As required by law, a public hearing is held by the governing authorities to obtain taxpayer comments about the proposed budget.
- No sooner than one week after the public hearing, the budget is legally adopted by the governing authorities and tax levies are set to support the adopted budget.
- The adopted budget is published in the local newspaper prior to September 30.
- State law requires that the budget be formally revised during July of each year or anytime a deficit is indicated.
- Budgetary comparisons are employed by management as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- Encumbrance accounting is not used in the budgetary process.

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Mississippi laws require that municipalities prepare their budgets on a modified-cash basis. All revenue is accounted for under the cash basis. Capital project funds, however, are budgeted per project and do not lapse at year end. The required budgetary basis is therefore not considered an accounting principle generally accepted in the United States of America.

[The City prepares budgets for other funds, including the water and sewer fund, garbage fund, debt service fund, and others. Generally accepted accounting principles require that budgetary comparison schedules be prepared for the general fund and each major special revenue fund. The City's General Fund is the only fund required to present a budgetary comparison schedule.]

2. Budget amendments and revisions.

The budget is adopted by the City's Board of Aldermen by September 15 for the ensuing year beginning October 1. Generally, the budget can be amended at any time on approval by the Board of Aldermen. However, only one revision is allowed during the first three months of the Board's term of office.

3. Individual fund disclosures.

Per the *Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, liability for exceeding the budget occurs at the lowest level of the adopted budget, which for the City is the "purpose" level.

Some of the purpose level items in the general fund budget on pages 61 through 64 reflect actual expenditures (budgetary basis) exceeding the budget amounts adopted by the Board. Some of these variances were caused by auditor adjustments (such as reclassifying capital lease obligation payments as debt service rather than as capital outlay) and/or rounding differences.

Pension Schedules

1. Changes of benefit terms.

None.

2. Changes of assumptions.

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

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CITY OF INDIANOLA

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

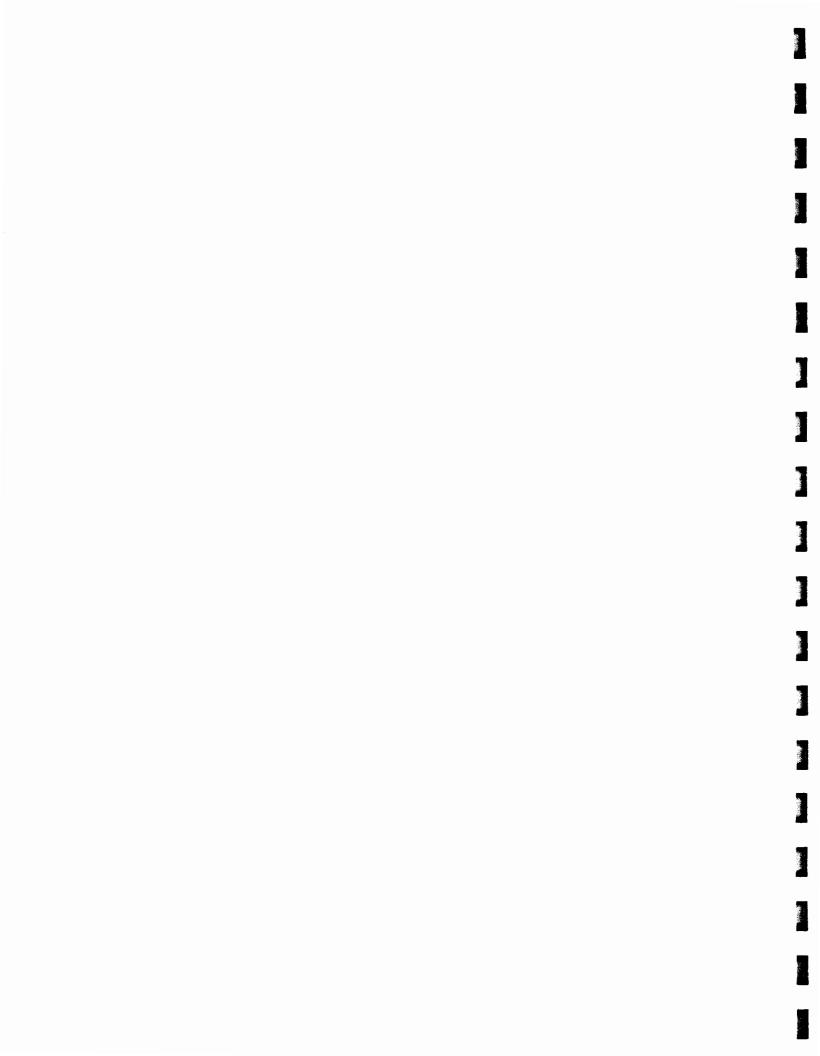
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CITY OF INDIANOLA

Schedule of Surety Bonds of Municipal Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Position and Name	Surety	Bond	
Mayor:			
Steve Rosenthal	Western Surety	\$	100,000
Aldermen:			
Larry Brown	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland	\$	100,000
Gary Fratesi	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland	\$	100,000
Dana Myrick	Western Surety	\$	100,000
Carver A. Randle, Jr.	Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Maryland	\$	100,000
Ruben Woods	Western Surety	\$	100,000
Interim City Clerk:			
Charlotte Kilgore	FCCI Insurance	\$	100,000
Deputy City Clerks:			
Tumekia Beamon	Western Surety	\$	50,000
Olivia Draine	Travelers	\$	50,000
Shumekia Harvey	FCCI Insurance	\$	50,000
Cheryl D. Thomas	Western Surety	\$	50,000
Police Chief:			
Richard T. O'Bannon	FCCI Insurance	\$	50,000
Assistant Chief:			
Johnny Lee Spand, Sr.	FCCI Insurance	\$	50,000
Court Clerk:			
Teresa Nolden	Western Surety	\$	50,000
Deputy Court Clerks:			
Andranette Bland	Travelers	\$	50,000
Carolyn J. Shelwood	Western Surety	\$	50,000

MAY 3 J 2017



CITY OF INDIANOLA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

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CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 202 CHURCH STREET BELZONI, MISSISSIPPI 39038

> MAIL: P. O. BOX 675 (662) 247-2416

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Indianola, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Indianola, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Indianola's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 20, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Indianola's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Indianola's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Indianola's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any

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deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as 2015-01 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Indianola's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the City of Indianola in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Mississippi State Auditor's Requirements and State Laws and Regulations dated April 20, 2017, included within this document.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CUNNINGHAM CPÁs, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Belzoni, Mississippi

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April 20, 2017

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CITY OF INDIANOLA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH MISSISSIPPI STATE AUDITOR'S REQUIREMENTS AND STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

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CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH MISSISSIPPI STATE AUDITOR'S REQUIREMENTS AND STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Indianola, Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Indianola as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, which collectively comprise the City of Indianola's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 20, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of those procedures and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are as follows:

1 Finding

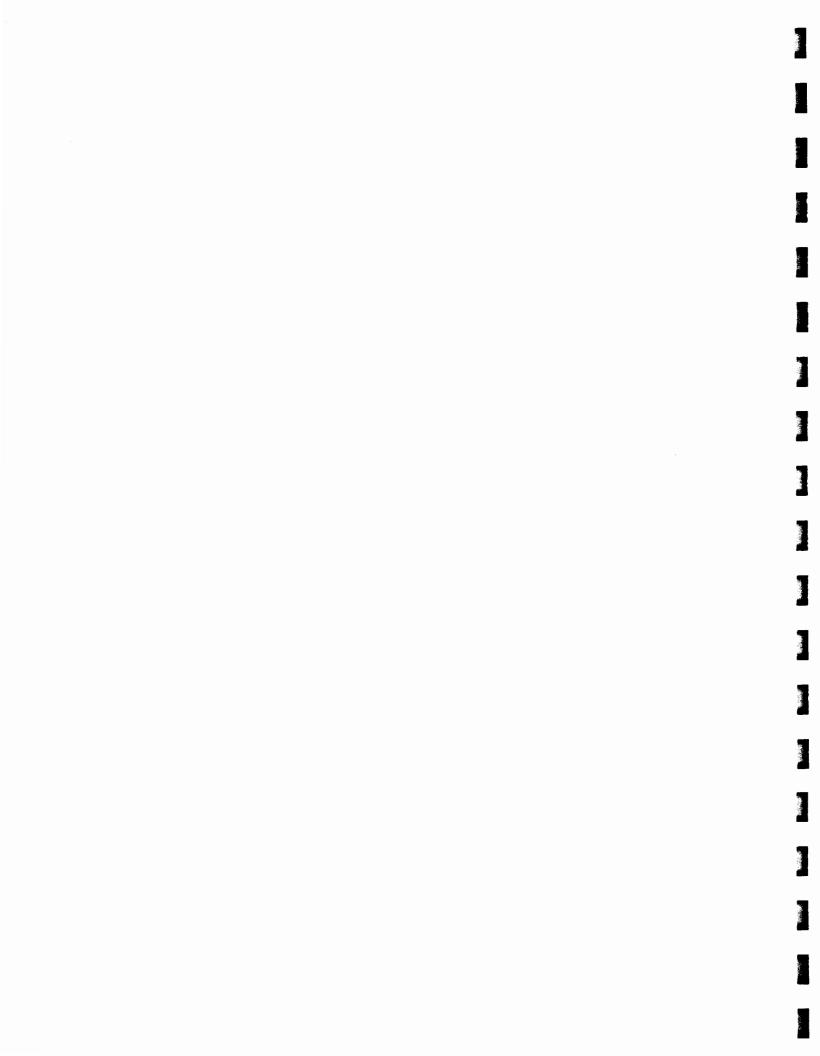
Answers to the Municipal Compliance Questionnaire indicate that minutes were not prepared and signed within 30 days.

Recommendation

We recommend that minutes be prepared timely and signed by the Mayor and Clerk within the prescribed 30 days.

Response

Now that we are caught up with our minutes, we are preparing minutes timely and submitting to the Board for approval after which the Mayor and Clerk sign the minutes within the required 30 day period.



Answers to the Municipal Compliance Questionnaire indicate that monthly reports of expenditures with budgetary comparisons were not submitted to the Board.

Recommendation

We recommend that monthly reports of revenues and expenditures with budgetary comparisons be submitted to the Board particularly when claims dockets are submitted so the Board will know if budget revisions are required.

Response

The City is now contracting with an outside firm to assist us in preparing monthly reports of revenues and expenditures, with budgetary comparisons, to be submitted to the Board each month.

3 Finding

Answers to the Municipal Compliance Questionnaire indicate that an annual inventory of fixed assets was not performed for comparison to internal property records.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City perform annual inventories of fixed assets for comparison to property records to insure that all assets are accounted for.

Response

We are currently working on scheduling a physical inventory of all of the City's assets for comparison to our fixed asset records.

4 Finding

Answers to the Municipal Compliance Questionnaire indicate that the annual solid waste report of collections and disbursements was not published as required by law.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City publish the required solid waste reports as required by law.

Response

We will publish the annual report of solid waste collections and expenditures as required.

5 Finding

Due to the resignation of the City Clerk and the failure to fill the position before year end, the lack of adequate in-house personnel and time constraints in compiling and adopting its

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FY16 budget prevented the City from waiting one week between the public hearing and the adoption of the budget.

Recommendation

We recommend that the city endeavor to hold public hearings, set tax levies, and adopt its annual budget in accordance with state budget laws and the City's past practices, including waiting one week after the public hearing before adopting the budget and publishing the budget by the end of September.

Response

We will wait one week after the public hearing before we adopt the budget. The instance sighted was an anomaly for the City because our usual practice is to observe the one week waiting period.

6 Finding

The minutes do not expressly report that the Board by resolution adopted the FY16 millage rates, although the budget attached to the minutes included the millage rates adopted for the general and debt service funds.

Recommendation

We recommend that the formal minutes reflect the adoption of the millage rates by the Board.

Response

We will include this resolution in our minutes as we have done in the past.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

This report is intended solely for the information of the City of Indianola's Mayor, Board of Aldermen, others within the entity and the Office of the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Belzoni, Mississippi

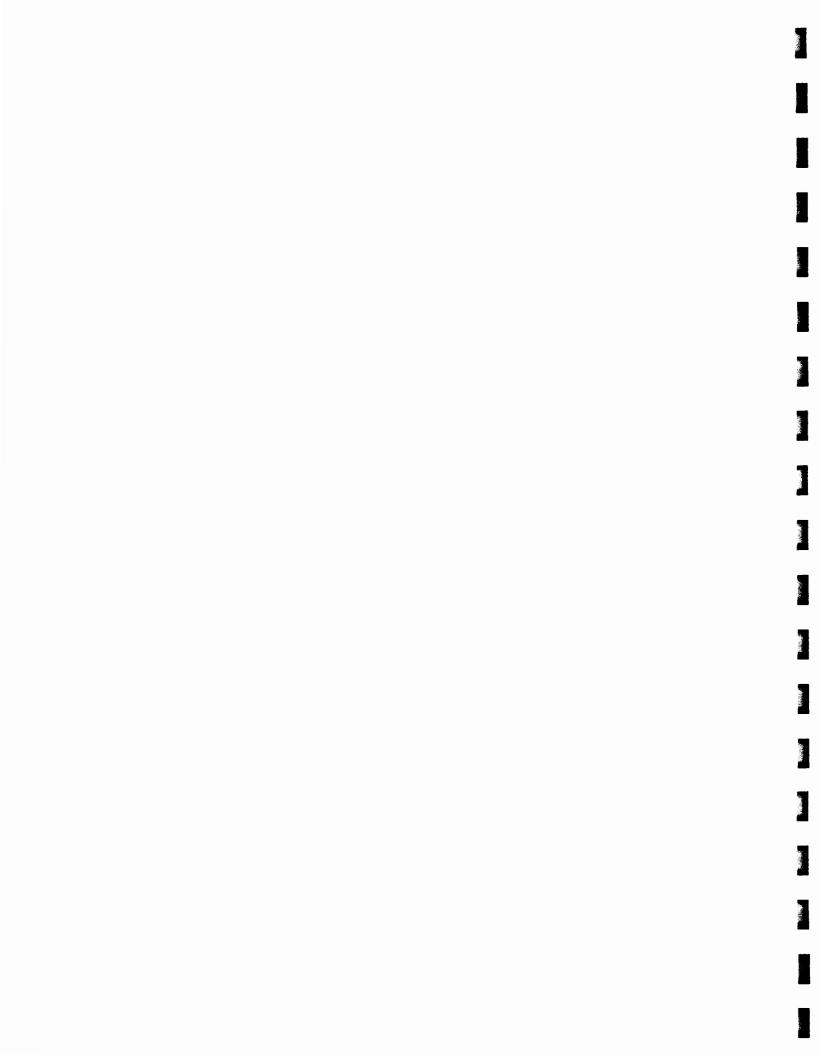
April 20, 2017

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CITY OF INDIANOLA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2015-01 FINDING

Due to the resignation of the City Clerk and the City's inability to fill that position in a timely fashion, the City became delinquent in posting receipts and routine adjustments to the general ledger and in reconciling bank and other accounts. As a result, the financial records were incomplete, reports were not issued to the Board or department heads timely, and the audit process was delayed.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the general ledger be maintained currently by posting all transactions (receipts, adjustments, manual checks, etc.) the day of or shortly after they occur and that bank and other reconciliations are performed shortly after month end so that the City can generate timely and accurate financial data and reports from its accounting software for distribution to management, including the Board and department heads.

RESPONSE

Until we hire a permanent City Clerk, the City has contracted with an outside accounting firm to perform the aforementioned tasks and generate reports for dissemination to the Board and department heads.

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

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