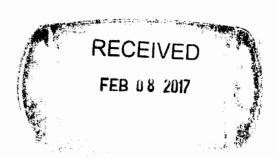


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Audited Financial Statements And Special Reports

September 30, 2015



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Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2708 Old Brandon Road Pearl, MS 39208 (601)939-8676 Members American Institute of CPAs Mississippi Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Lucedale, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lucedale, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lucedale as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of the City's Contributions - PERS, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - PERS, and corresponding notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Omission of Required Supplementary Information

The City of Lucedale, Mississippi, has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for the City of Lucedale has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Requirements Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 22, 2016, on our consideration of the City of Lucedale's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Lucedale's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

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April 22, 2016

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements included integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

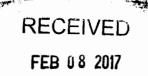
Government-wide financial statements

Fund financial statements

Governmental funds

Proprietary (enterprise) fund

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to user's understanding of the basic financial statements



CITY OF LUCEDALE Statement of Net Position September 30, 2015

		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$	3,722,071	711,186	4,433,257
Property tax receivable		324,312		324,312
Fines receivable, net		163,822		163,822
Accounts receivable, net		60,021	121,899	181,920
Grants receivable		4,550		4,550
Sales tax receivable		346,781		346,781
Total current assets		4,621,557	833,085	5,454,642
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted cash		8,870	232,960	241,830
Capital assets, net		4,756,955	3,603,023	8,359,978
Total noncurrent assets		4,765,825	3,835,983	8,601,808
Total Assets	\$	9,387,382	4,669,068	14,056,450
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows - pension	\$.	696,336	65,353	761,689
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Claims payable		100,491	54,783	155,274
Current portion of long-term debt			63,985	63,985
Total current liabilities		100,491	118,768	219,259
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Net pension liability		3,303,293	310,021	3,613,314
Long-term liabilities			586,655	586,655
Customer meter deposits payable			13,600	13,600
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,303,293	910,276	4,213,569
Total Liabilities		3,403,784	1,029,044	4,432,828
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property tax for future periods		318,040	0	318,040
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		4,756,955	2,952,383	7,709,338
Restricted for:				
Public safety		32,320		32,320
Unemployment compensation		8,424		8,424
Unrestricted		1,564,195	752,994	2,317,189
Total Net Position	\$.	6,361,894	3,705,377	10,067,271

CITY OF LUCEDALE Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Exhibit 2

			Program Davanua	r.		Net (Expense) Reve in Net Position	enue and Changes	
		Expenses	Fees, Fines & Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	1,007,581				(1,007,581)		(1,007,581)
Public safety		1,545,100	235,201	15,905	44,823	(1,249,171)		(1,249,171)
Public works		934,443	186,041			(748,402)		(748,402)
Health and welfare		3,200	22,814			19,614		19,614
Culture and recreation		227,384			71,614	(155,770)		(155,770)
Urban and economic development		63,168				(63,168)		(63,168)
Total Governmental Activities		3,780,876	444,056	15,905	116,437	(3,204,478)	0	(3,204,478)
Business-type Activities:								
Water/Sewer		862,235	755,096				(107,139)	(107,139)
Total Business-type Activities		862,235	755,096	0	0	0	(107,139)	(107,139)
Total	\$	4,643,111	1,199,152	15,905	116,437	(3,204,478)	(107,139)	(3,311,617)
	Ge	neral Revenues						
	T	axes:						
		Property taxes				\$ 422,323		422,323
		Road & bridge	privilege taxes			188,097		188,097
		Sales tax				2,211,363		2,211,363
		Franchise taxes				200,469		200,469
				l to specific programs		20,789		20,789
	_	Inrestricted inve				14,780	3,702	18,482
		oss on sale of a	ssets			(3,600)		(3,600)
	N	Aiscellaneous				177,193		177,193
		Total General l	Revenues			3,231,414	3,702	3,235,116
		Change in net	position			26,936	(103,437)	(76,501)
	N	let Position - Be	eginning			8,551,770	4,016,867	12,568,637
		rior Period Adj				(2,216,812)	(208,053)	(2,424,865)
	N	let Position - Be	eginning, Restated			6,334,958	3,808,814	10,143,772
	N	let Position - Er	nding			\$ 6,361,894	3,705,377	10,067,271

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2015

		General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	3,703,976	26,965	3,730,941
Property tax receivable		324,312		324,312
Fines receivable		163,822		163,822
Sales tax receivable		346,781		346,781
Grants receivable			4,550	4,550
Due from other funds			2,950	2,950
Other receivables	_	60,021		60,021
Total Assets	\$	4,598,912	34,465	4,633,377
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RECOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Claims payable	\$	100,491		100,491
Due to other funds		2,950		2,950
Total Liabilities		103,441	0	103,441
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Property tax for future periods		318,040		318,040
Unavailable revenue - fines		163,822		163,822
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		481,862	0	481,862
Fund Balances:				
Unassigned		4,004,739		4,004,739
Restricted: Public Safety		8,870	23,450	32,320
Restricted: Culture and Recreation			2,591	2,591
Restricted: Unemployment			8,424	8,424
Total Fund Balances		4,013,609	34,465	4,048,074
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and				
Fund Balances	\$	4,598,912	34,465	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial therefore, are not reported in the funds (Note 1): Capital assets net of depreciation as of Oct. 1, 2014 Plus capital outlay expenditures made during the year Less depreciation expense recorded during the year			4,613,566 414,902 (267,913)	:
Less loss of disposal of capital assets			(3,600)	4,756,955
Deferred outflows of resources - deferred outflows - pension				696,336
Long-term debt are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds:				42.222.202
Net pension liability Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:	od			(3,303,293)
Fines receivable				163,822
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$	6,361,894

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Exhibit 4

CITY OF LUCEDALE Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

		General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$	422,323		422,323
Licenses and permits		223,283		223,283
Fines and forfeitures		142,382	5,727	148,109
Intergovernmental revenues		2,507,768	44,823	2,552,591
Charges for services		186,041		186,041
Interest income		14,679	101	14,780
Miscellaneous		177,193		177,193
Total Revenues		3,673,669	50,651	3,724,320
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government		577,416		577,416
Public safety		1,745,922	50,945	1,796,867
Public works		914,526		914,526
Health and welfare		3,200		3,200
Culture and recreation		181,979	564	182,543
Urban and economic development		63,168		63,168
Total Expenditures		3,486,211	51,509	3,537,720
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures		187,458	(858)	186,600
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)		(6,553)	6,553	0
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		(6,553)	6,553	0
Net Change in Fund Balances		180,905	5,695	186,600
Fund Balances - Beginning		3,832,704	28,770	3,861,474
		3,032,704	20,770	3,001,474
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ <u></u>	4,013,609	34,465	4,048,074

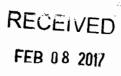
CITY OF LUCEDALE Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Exhibit 5

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

	_	Amount
Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4)	\$	186,600
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that depreciation (\$267,913) exceeded capital outlays (\$414,902) in the current period.		146,989
In the Statement of Activities, gains and losses from the disposal of capital assets are recorded. In governmental funds, these disposals are not recorded. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by the amount the cost of the assets exceeds the accumulated depreciation.		(3,600)
Governmental funds do not report expenditures not recognized for transactions that are normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the following item: Pension expense		(390,145)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Fine revenue		87,092
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	26,936

CITY OF LUCEDALE Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund September 30, 2015

	Business-type Activity Water/Sewer
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 711,186
Accounts receivable, net	121,899
Total current assets	833,085
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	232,960
Capital assets, net	3,603,023
Total noncurrent assets	3,835,983
Total Assets	\$ 4,669,068
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows - pension	\$65,353
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Claims payable	54,783
Current portion of long-term debt	63,985
Total current liabilities	118,768
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Net pension liability	310,021
Long-term liabilities	586,655
Customer meter deposits payable	13,600
Total noncurrent liabilities	910,276
Total Liabilities	1,029,044
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	2,952,383
Unrestricted	752,994
Total Net Position	\$ 3,705,377



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CITY OF LUCEDALE Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Exhibit 7

	Business-type
	Activity
	Water/Sewer
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 755,096
Total Operating Revenues	755,096
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal services	232,745
Contractual services	380,969
Materials and supplies	66,636
Depreciation expense	162,313
Total Operating Expenses	842,663
Operating Income (Loss)	(87,567)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Grants	
Interest income	3,702
Interest expense	(19,572)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	(15,870)
Change in Net Position	(103,437)
Total Net Position - Beginning	4,016,867
Prior period adjustment	(208,053)
Total Net Position - Beginning, restated	3,808,814
Total Net Position - Ending	\$3,705,377

CITY OF LUCEDALE <u>Exhibit 8</u>

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended Septe

For the Year Ended	September 30, 2015
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	Business-type Activity
	Water/Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$ 746,486
Payments to suppliers	(441,654)
Payments to employees	(196,130)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	108,702
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(21,271)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(39,994)
Interest expense paid	(19,572)
Receipts from grants	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital Financing Activities	(80,837)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	3,702
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	31,567
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	912,579
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 944,146
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to	
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (87,567)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	
to cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	162,313
Pension expense	36,615
Change in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	11,790
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	5,952
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	(20,400)
Increase (decrease) in internal balances	(1)
Total adjustments	196,269
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$108,702

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Financial Reporting Entity.

The City of Lucedale (City) is a code-charter municipality governed by an elected mayor and five aldermen. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP.

There are no component units required to be included in these financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Net Position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The general fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The water and sewer fund accounts for the activities of the water and sewer system.

The city's proprietary fund applies all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and only the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity.

Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the city to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of 14 days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any city, municipality or school of this state. Further, the city may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the city did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Receivables and Payables.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Restricted Assets.

Governmental activities - Cash that is restricted by law to certain activities is shown as restricted cash on the Statement of Net Position.

Business-type activities - Certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

4. Capital Assets.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Land	N/A
Infrastructure	20-50
Buildings	40
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery & equipment	5-10

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Compensated Absences.

There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave or vacation since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City.

6. Long-term Obligations.

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, if any, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bond issuance costs, if any, are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

7. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds or employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

8. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted Net Position - Consists of Net Position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position - All other Net Position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Fund Financial Statements:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable - Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. The City has no fund balance reported in this category.

Restricted - Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City has \$43,335 reported as restricted fund balances.

Committed - Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end. The City has no fund balance reported in this category.

Assigned - Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund balance may be assigned by management other than the highest decision making authority of the City. The City has no fund balance reported in this category.

Unassigned - Includes positive fund balance with the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The City has a deferred outflow which is presented as a deferred outflow of resources related to pension obligations.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Property Tax for Future Periods.

Statutes exist under which the Board of Aldermen may levy property taxes. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

The Board of Aldermen, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicles and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectibility criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

Unavailable Revenue - Fines.

When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

10. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

11. Estimates.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis prescribed by state law (cash basis).

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to September 1, the Mayor submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing these proposed expenditures.
- b. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an order.
- c. The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Aldermen.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

- d. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the various funds, except for Debt Service Funds, because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.
- e. Budgets for the various funds are adopted on a cash basis as required by state law. It is the City's policy to prepare the budget on the cash basis for revenues and expenditures to the extent that they are paid within 30 days following year-end.

Property Tax Revenues

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Aldermen may levy property taxes. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Aldermen, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

George County collects the City's property taxes.

(2) Detailed Notes on All Funds.

A. Cash.

At year-end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$4,675,087 and the bank balance was \$4,679,495. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the City. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

B. Receivables.

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

			Water and	
			Sewer	
		General	Fund	Total
Receivables:	_			
Grants receivable	\$	4,550		4,550
Sales tax		346,781		346,781
Property taxes		324,312		324,312
Accounts			193,755	193,755
Garbage charges		7,735		7,735
Returned checks		171		171
Franchise fees		52,115		52,115
Fines		1,234,923		1,234,923
Gross receivables		1,970,587	193,755	2,164,342
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	_(1,071,101)	(71,856)	(1,142,957)
Net total receivables	\$	899,486	121,899	1,021,385

C. Capital Assets.

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, is as follows:

			Transfers	
	Beginning		and	Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 342,419	10,000		352,419
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	342,419	10,000	0	352,419
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	2,832,793			2,832,793
Improvements other than buildings	1,482,205	64,315		1,546,520
Streets	1,916,463			1,916,463
Bridges	9,920			9,920
Machinery and equipment	2,205,222	340,587	(36,000)	2,509,809
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,446,603	404,902	(36,000)	8,815,505
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(561,437)	(82,900)		(644,337)
Improvements other than buildings	(447,329)	(58,994)		(506,323)
Streets	(1,187,701)	(17,511)		(1,205,212)
Bridges	(9,920)			(9,920)
Machinery and equipment	(1,969,069)	(108,508)	32,400	(2,045,177)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,175,456)	(267,913)	32,400	(4,410,969)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,271,147	136,989	(3,600)	4,404,536
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,613,566	146,989	(3,600)	4,756,955

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

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Business-type	activi	ties:

Danies Ope dearties.		ginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Water system	\$ 2,	285,543	21,271		2,306,814
Sewer system	4,	139,658			4,139,658
Total capital assets, being depreciated	6,	425,201	21,271	0	6,446,472
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,6	81,136)	(162,313)	0	(2,843,449)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$3,	744,065	(141,042)	0	3,603,023

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation	\$ 11,184 85,738 47,311 123,680
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 267,913
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	\$ 162,313
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 162,313

D. Interfund Transactions.

The following schedule as of September 30, 2015, represents interfund receivables and payables:

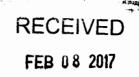
Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Nonmajor governmental fund	General	\$ 2,950
Total		\$ 2,950

E. Long-term Debt.

Revenue Bonds

The City issued water and sewer revenue bonds in 2002 to provide funds for the construction of water and sewer infrastructure. These bonds will be repaid from revenues generated from operations of the water and sewer systems.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Loans Payable

The City has received a Capital Improvements Revolving Loan (CAP) loan from the Mississippi Development Authority to finance a project for water/sewer improvements.

Revenue bonds and loans payable currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	 Amount
Business-type activities:		
2002 water system rural development bond	4.5%	\$ 34,515
State of Mississippi CAP loan	2%	 616,125
Total		\$ 650,640

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds and loans are as follows:

	_	Business-type A	Activities
Year Ending September 30		Principal	Interest
Revenue Bonds: 2016	\$	34,515	851
2010	Ψ.	34,313	051
Total	\$_	34,515	851
CAP Loan:			
2016	\$	29,470	11,952
2017		30,065	11,357
2018		30,672	10,751
2019		31,291	10,131
2020		31,923	9,500
Thereafter	-	462,704	59,940
Total	\$ <u>_</u>	616,125	113,631

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, is as follows:

	-	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities: CAP loan	\$	640,155		(24,030)	616,125	29,470
Bonds payable: Revenue bonds	-	50,479		(15,964)	34,515	34,515
Business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$_	690,634	0	(39,994)	650,640	63,985

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

(3) Prior Period Adjustments.

Statement of Activities

Explanation			Amount
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Implementation of GASB 68 and 71: Net pension liability (9-30-2014) Deferred outflows - contributions made during fiscal year 2014	\$ (2,410,761) 193,949	
Total prior year adjustments related to GASB 68 and 71	_		\$_(2,216,812)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES			
Implementation of GASB 68 and 71: Net pension liability (9-30-2014)	\$	(226,256)	

18,203

(208,053)

(4) Other Information.

A. Contingent Liabilities.

Deferred outflows - contributions made during fiscal year 2014

Total prior year adjustments related to GASB 68 and 71

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the City with respect to the various proceedings; however, the City's legal counsel believes that any ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

General Information about the Pension Plan.

<u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

<u>Plan Description.</u> The City of Lucedale contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi ("PERS"), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, local schools, cities, counties and municipalities. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PER's Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.00% of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.50% for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years of the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary.

<u>Contributions</u>. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary and the City of Lucedale is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS' members are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

The City of Lucedale's contributions to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$224,860, \$212,151, and \$198,043, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At September 30, 2105, the City reported a liability of \$3,613,314 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the entity's proportion was 0.023375 percent, which was an increase of 0.00165 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$478,899.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

At September 30, 2015, the City reported as components of pension expense and deferred outflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$ 55,607	
on pension plan investments	211,418	
Changes in assumptions	311,275	
Changes in proportion and differences between entity contributions and proportionate share of contributions	121 251	
	131,251	
Entity contributions subsequent to the measurement date	52,138	
Total	\$ 761,689	0
Year ended June/September, 30:		
2016		\$ 235,991
2017		235,991
2018		184,713
2019		52,855
Total		\$ 709,550

\$52,139 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from entity contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2016.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.75 - 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, set forward one year for males.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

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Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	34.00 %	5.20 %
International Equity	19.00	5.00
Emerging Markets Equity	8.00	5.45
Fixed Income	20.00	0.25
Real Assets	10.00	4.00
Private Equity	8.00	6.15
Cash	1.00	(0.50)
Total	100.00 %	

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Entity's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost-sharing plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the entity's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	1	% Decrease (6.750%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,762,679	\$ 3,613,314 \$	2,659,556

C. Risk Management.

The City classifies risks of loss in the following categories: torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Risk of loss resulting from any of the above is mitigated through the purchase of commercial insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

D. Changes in Accounting Standards.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statements No. 68 and 71, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. These statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and expenses. For defined benefit pensions, note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions also are addressed. These statements are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

E. Subsequent Events.

The City of Lucedale has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through April 22, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

As of April 22, 2016, the City of Lucedale had not issued any new debt.

F. Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$2,317,189 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$761,689 balance of deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2015 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next three years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

City's Contributions

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

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CITY OF LUCEDALE
Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
General Fund
For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	366,000	422,954	422,954	
Licenses and permits		211,700	223,283	223,283	
Fines and forfeitures		120,000	142,382	142,382	
Intergovernmental revenues		2,236,800	2,527,300	2,527,300	
Charges for services		187,000	186,041	186,041	
Interest earned		13,150	14,679	14,679	
Miscellaneous revenues		41,500	177,195	177,195	
Total Revenues	_	3,176,150	3,693,834	3,693,834	0
EXPENDITURES					
General government		727,725	577,949	577,949	
Public safety		1,921,915	1,745,922	1,745,922	
Public works		1,092,705	914,001	914,001	
Health and welfare		3,200	3,200	3,200	
Culture and recreation		285,575	181,979	181,979	
Urban and economic development		85,500	63,168	63,168	
Total Expenditures	_	4,116,620	3,486,219	3,486,219	0
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	(940,470)	207,615	207,615	0
Net Change in Fund Balance		(940,470)	207,615	207,615	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	940,470	3,496,361	3,496,361	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ _	0	3,703,976	3,703,976	0

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF LUCEDALE Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	_	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,613,314
City's proportionate share of the new pension liability (asset)		0.023375 %
City's covered employee payroll	\$	1,427,526
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		253.1172112 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.703983 %

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the entity has only presented information for the years in which information was available.



CITY OF LUCEDALE Schedule of the City's Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 224,860 224,860
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0
District's employee covered payroll	\$ 1,427,526
Contributions as a percentage of employee covered payroll	15.75%

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

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Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 1. Budget.

A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the city's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Aldermen of the City, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the various department managers for their respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Aldermen that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The City's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year-end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund.

C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund:

	 vernmental nd Type
	 General Fund
Net Change in Fund Balance - Budget (Cash Basis) Increase (decrease):	\$ 207,615
Net adjustments for revenue accruals	(20,165)
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals	 (6,545)
Net Change in Fund Balance GAAP Basis	\$ 180,905



Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Note 2. Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of the City's Contributions.

Changes of Assumptions.

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

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SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS



CITY OF LUCEDALE Surety Bonds for City Officials-UNAUDITED September 30, 2015

Name	Covered Position	Company	 Amount
Douglas Lee	Mayor	Travelers Casualty & Surety	\$ 50,000
Payton Dudley	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Carrie Moulds	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Jason Martin	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Louis Valentine	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Lloyd Welford	Alderman	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Kathy Johnson	City clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety	50,000
Kathy Johnson	City Clerk	FCCI Insurance	160,000
Barry Lambert	Police Chief	Old Republic Surety	50,000
Various	Dispatchers, each	Old Republic Surety	10,000
Tracy Green	Deputy Court Clerk	Old Republic Surety	50,000
Miranda Weaver	Bus Driver	Old Republic Surety	50,000
Doris Cook	Deputy Court Clerk	Old Republic Surety	50,000
Tammy Oldenquist	Deputy City Clerk	Old Republic Surety	50,000
Brandy Havard	Inventory Clerk	Old Republic Surety	50,000
Lorie Breland	Water Clerk	Old Republic Surety	50,000
Miranda Dickey	Purchase Clerk	Old Republic Surety	25,000

CITY OF LUCEDALE

SPECIAL REPORTS

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Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2708 Old Brandon Road Pearl, MS 39208 (601)939-8676 Members: American Institute of CPAs Mississippi Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Lucedale, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lucedale, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015 which collectively comprise City of Lucedale, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Lucedale, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal controls over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Lucedale, Mississippi's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

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April 22, 2016

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Lucedale, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Lucedale, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2016. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the procedures prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, and accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the county's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

With respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures and our audit of the basic financial statements disclosed no instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Aldermen, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Worth and Jacy Kee

April 22, 2016

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CITY OF LUCEDALE

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

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CITY OF LUCEDALE

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2015

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the primary government financial statements: Unmodified
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weaknesses identified?
 - b. Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None Reported
- 3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements?

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.