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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 5-13, 43-45, 46 and 47, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations (Circular A-133), the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations (Circular A-133) and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report August 25, 2015, on our consideration of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

August 25, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Ocean Springs School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2015 decreased \$53,501,112, including a prior period adjustment of (\$55,760,931), which represents a 108% decrease from fiscal year 2014. Total net position for 2014 decreased \$1,312,417, including a prior period adjustment of (\$15,000), which represents a 3% decrease from fiscal year 2013.
- General revenues amounted to \$42,651,155 and \$40,061,013, or 87% and 86% of all revenues for fiscal years 2015 and 2014, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$6,487,941, or 13% of total revenues for 2015, and \$6,646,202, or 14% of total revenues for 2014.
- The District had \$46,879,277 and \$48,004,632 in expenses for fiscal years 2015 and 2014; only \$6,487,941 for 2015 and \$6,646,202 for 2014 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$42,651,155 for 2015 were adequate to provide for these programs and \$40,061,013 for 2014 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$40,481,728 in revenues and \$38,747,175 in expenditures for 2015, and \$38,356,397 in revenues and \$38,648,807 in expenditures in 2014. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$719,441, including a fund reclassification of the Sixteenth Section Interest Funds of \$153,685, from 2014 to 2015, and decreased by \$1,352,628 from 2013 to 2014.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$1,598,930, including a prior period adjustment of (\$350,000) for 2015 and decreased by \$1,630,592 for 2014. The decrease for 2015 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$1,776,097 for 2015 and decreased by \$1,028,439 for 2014. This decrease for 2015 was due primarily to the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$2,524 for 2015 and decreased by \$14,973 for 2014.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities,

with the differences between the two reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial

statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Additionally, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of the District's Contributions are presented in this section.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by OMB Circular A-133 and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$4,030,306 as of June 30, 2015.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Prior year amounts were not restated to reflect the implementation of GASB 68.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

					Percentag	е
	_	June 30, 2015	_	June 30, 2014	Change	
Current assets	\$	10,002,064	\$	9,451,848	5.82	%
Restricted assets		3,711,744		3,039,410	22.12	%
Capital assets, net		67,654,643		69,253,573	-2.31	%
Total assets		81,368,451	_	81,744,831	-0.46	%
Deferred outflows of resources	_	5,077,889	_		N/A	%
Current liabilities		458,523		239,854	91.17	%
Long-term debt outstanding		30,258,074		32,034,171	-5.54	%
Net pension liability		52,194,127			N/A	%
Total liabilities	_	82,910,724	_	32,274,025	156.90	%
Deferred inflows of resources		7,565,922	_	-	N/A	%
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		37,751,156		37,571,465	0.48	%
Restricted		7,529,147		7,304,321	3.08	%
Unrestricted		(49,310,609)		4,595,020	-1173.13	%
Total net position	\$	(4,030,306)	\$	49,470,806	-108.15	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the implantation of new standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (49,310,609)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting	
from implementation of GASB No. 68 and 71.	 54,682,160
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension liability effect	\$ 5,371,551

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,598,930.
- The principal retirement of \$2,303,621 of long-term debt.
- Implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 which required the recording of a liability for the proportionate share of the school district as well as the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 were \$49,139,096 and \$46,707,215, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$46,879,277 for 2015 and \$48,004,632 for 2014.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Prior year amounts were not restated to reflect the implementation of GASB 68.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended lune 30, 2015		Year Ended lune 30, 2014	Percentage Change	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,634,539	\$	1,636,222	(0.10)	%
Operating grants and contributions	4,853,402		5,009,980	(3.13)	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes	16,662,872		15,823,690	5.30	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	25,711,270		23,949,408	7.36	%
Investment earnings	52,443		32,075	63.50	%
Sixteenth section sources	2,842		3,160	(10.06)	%
Other	 221,728		252,680	(12.25)	%
Total revenues	49,139,096		46,707,215	5.21	%
Expenses:		_			
Instruction	24,169,419		26,945,930	(10.30)	%
Support services	16,312,953		17,912,130	(8.93)	%
Non-instructional	1,900,200		2,095,814	(9.33)	%
Pension expense	3,534,905		-	N/A	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 961,800		1,050,758	(8.47)	%
Total expenses	 46,879,277		48,004,632	(2.34)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 2,259,819		(1,297,417)	274.18	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	49,470,806		50,783,223	(2.58)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 (55,760,931)		(15,000)	(371,639.54)	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(6,290,125)		50,768,223	(112.39)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (4,030,306)	\$	49,470,806	(108.15)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of five major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Prior year amounts do not reflect the implementation of GASB 68.

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total	Expe	enses	Percentage
	2015		2014	Change
Instruction	\$ 24,169,419	\$	26,945,930	(10.30) %
Support services	16,312,953		17,912,130	(8.93) %
Non-instructional	1,900,200		2,095,814	(9.33) %
Pension Expense	3,534,905		-	N/A %
Interest on long-term liabilities	961,800		1,050,758	(8.47) %
Total expenses	\$ 46,879,277	\$	48,004,632	(2.34) %
	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	2015		2014	Change
Instruction	\$ (21,027,554)	\$	(23,711,610)	(11.32) %
Support services	(15,400,184)		(16,933,104)	(9.05) %
Non-instructional	533,107		337,042	58.17 %
Pension Expense	(3,534,905)		-	N/A %
Interest on long-term liabilities	(961,800)		(1,050,758)	(8.47) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (40,391,336)	\$	(41,358,430)	(2.34) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$40,391,336 for 2015 and \$41,358,430 for 2014) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$16,662,872 for 2015 and \$15,823,690 for 2014) and state and federal revenues (\$25,711,270 for 2015 and \$23,949,408 for 2014). In addition, there was \$2,842 and \$3,160 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2015 and 2014, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$52,443 for 2015 and \$32,075 for 2014.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,418,533, an increase of \$973,890, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$3,421. \$3,339,763 or 25% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$10,078,770 or 75% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$719,441, including a fund reclassification of \$153,685. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$52,281, which includes a fund reclassification of (\$153,685) and a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$3,421, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	no increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	no increase or decrease
Three Mill Construction Fund	\$ (13,872)
QSCB Debt Service Fund	\$ 320.602

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2015, the District's total capital assets were \$99,856,952, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$13,390 from 2014. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2015, was \$32,202,309, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,720,797, resulting in total net capital assets of \$67,654,643.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2015	 June 30, 2014	Percenta Change	•
Land	\$ 2,056,228	\$ 2,406,228	(14.55)	%
Construction in Progress	310,328	-	N/A	%
Buildings	57,263,937	58,474,646	(2.07)	%
Building improvements	5,918,837	6,093,022	(2.86)	%
Improvements other than buildings	716,267	753,911	(4.99)	%
Mobile equipment	1,183,749	1,276,479	(7.26)	%
Furniture and equipment	198,555	240,889	(17.57)	%
Leased property under capital leases	6,742	8,398	(19.72)	%
Total	\$ 67,654,643	\$ 69,253,573	(2.31)	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2015, the District had \$30,258,074 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$2,328,487 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$2,524 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	 lune 30, 2015	<u>J</u>	une 30 <u>,</u> 2014	Percenta Change	_
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 26,375,000	\$	28,150,000	(6.31)	%
Three mill notes payable	525,000		525,000	0.00	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000		3,000,000	0.00	%
Obligations under capital leases	3,487		7,108	(50.94)	%
Compensated absences payable	354,587		352,063	0.72	%
Total	\$ 30,258,074	\$	32,034,171	(5.54)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Ocean Springs School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Ocean Springs School District, 2300 Governmental Street, Ocean Springs, MS 39564.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position		Exhibit A
June 30, 2015		Commonstatel
		Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,911,403
Due from other governments		1,042,923
Inventories		47,738
Restricted assets		3,711,744
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		
Land		2,056,228
Construction in progress		310,328
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings		57,263,937
Building improvements		5,918,837
Improvements other than buildings		716,267
Mobile equipment		1,183,749
Fumiture and equipment		198,555
Leased property under capital leases		6,742
Total Assets		81,368,451
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - pensions		5,077,889
Total deferred outflows of resources		5,077,889
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		295,275
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		163,248
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		
Capital related liabilities		2,328,487
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities		27,575,000
Non-capital related liabilities		354,587
Net pension liability		52,194,127
Total Liabilities		82,910,724
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions		7,565,922
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	7,565,922
Net Position		07.754.450
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		37,751,156
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		3,998,695
Debt service		3,192,408
Capital improvements		186,285
Unemployment benefits		95,915
Non-expendable:		, ·-
Other		55,844
Unrestricted		(49,310,609)
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	(4,030,306)

Statement of Activities										Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20)15			ŗ	oro:	gram Revenue	c			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			_		10,	Operating		Capital	_	1 00111011
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	24,169,419	\$	601,941	\$	2,539,924	\$	-	\$	(21,027,554
Support services		16,312,953		-		912,769		-		(15,400,184
Non-instructional		1,900,200		1,032,598		1,400,709		-		533,107
Pension expense Interest on long-term liabilities		3,534,905		-		-		-		(3,534,905
and other debt service costs		961,800								(961,800
Total Governmental Activities	\$	46,879,277	\$	1,634,539	\$	4,853,402	\$		\$	(40,391,336
			(General Revenue Taxes:	es:					
				General pur	pos	e levies				13,390,546
				Debt purpos Unrestricted of		evies its and contrib	utio	ons:		3,272,326
				State						25,512,184
				Federal						199,086
				Unrestricted i	nve	stment eaming	gs			52,443
				Sixteenth sec	tior	n sources				2,842
				Other						221,728
				Total Gen	eral	I Revenues				42,651,155
			(Change in Net P	osit	ion				2,259,819
			1	Net Position - Be	gin	ning, as previo	ous	ly reported		49,470,806
				Prior Period Ad	jus	tments				(55,760,931)
			1	Net Position - Be	egin	ning, as resta	ted			(6,290,125)
			1	Net Position - Er	ndin	g			\$	(4,030,306)

			Gove	Governmental Funds	Funds					
Balance Sheet June 30, 2015										Exhibit C
				Majo	Major Funds					
				IDEA	4	Three Mill		QSCB	Other	Total
		General	Title I	Part B		Construction	Deb	vice	Governmental	Governmental
Assets		2	2 5		,	2		2	Spin	Spin
Cash and cash equivalents	↔	7,920,314 \$,	€9	⇔ ₁	426,431	₩	340,508 \$	2,452,395 \$	11,139,648
Cash with fiscal agents		,	1		1	1		668'6	•	668'6
Investments		1	1		,	1	Ψ.	1,473,600	1	1,473,600
Due from other governments		558,698	88,032	237,696	969	1		3,217	155,280	1,042,923
Due from other funds		438,571	•		,	1		1	65,555	504,126
Inventories		1	1		-	-		1	47,738	47,738
Total assets		8,917,583	88,032	237,696	969	426,431	-	1,827,224	2,720,968	14,217,934
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:	¥	40 616 B	,	ψ.	2 820 \$	240 146	¥	<i>\tau</i>	11 693 &	295 275
Due to other funds	•	555	88,032	23) - - -)			504,126
Total Liabilities		106,171	88,032	237,696	969	240,146		 	127,356	799,401
Nonspendable:										
Inventory		1	1		,	•		ı	47,738	47,738
Permanent fund principal		1	1		,	•		1	55,844	55,844
Restricted:										
Debt service		•	1		ı	1	←	1,827,224	1,528,432	3,355,656
Capital projects		1	ı		ı	186,285		1	1	186,285
Grant activities		1	1		1	1		,	663,693	663,693
Unemployment benefits		1	1		ı	1		1	95,915	95,915
Committed:										
Working capital		2,184,385	1		,	1		1	•	2,184,385
Capital projects		,	1		,	1		,	177,554	177,554
Scholarship awards		4	'		,	1		,	20,008	20,008
Vocational		1	1		,	1		1	4,428	4,428
Assigned:										
Activity funds		554,352	1		1	•		ı	1	554,352
School based activities		2,732,912	1		,	1		1	1	2,732,912
Unassigned		3,339,763	1		ι	'		'	'	3,339,763
Total Fund Balances		8,811,412	1		,	186,285		1,827,224	2,593,612	13,418,533
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	ь	8,917,583 \$	88,032	\$ 237,696	\$ 969	426,431	₩ -	1,827,224 \$	2,720,968 \$	14,217,934

Net Po	sition		Exhibit C-1
		\$	13,418,533
\$	2,056,228 310,328 82,799,882 7,243,510 981,057 3,652,078 2,802,159 11,710 (32,202,309)		67,654,643
	(52,194,127)		
	5,077,889 (7,565,922)		(54,682,160)
	(26,375,000) (525,000) (3,487) (3,000,000) (354,587)		
		\$ 2,056,228 310,328 82,799,882 7,243,510 981,057 3,652,078 2,802,159 11,710 (32,202,309) (52,194,127) 5,077,889 (7,565,922) (26,375,000) (525,000) (3,487)	\$ 2,056,228 310,328 82,799,882 7,243,510 981,057 3,652,078 2,802,159 11,710 (32,202,309) (52,194,127) 5,077,889 (7,565,922) (26,375,000) (525,000) (3,487)

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	Changes		Balances	İ							Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015					Major Funds						
					IDEA	Three Mill	QSCB	l	Other		Total
		General		Title I	Part B	Construction	Debt Service	m	Governmental	Ü	Governmental
		Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		Funds		Funds
Revenues:											
Local sources	ь	14,259,889	ь	⇔ '	⇔	θ,	150,850	\$	4,155,431	€9	18,566,170
State sources		25,942,813						,	805,399		26,748,212
Federal sources		276,184	v	656,145	1,080,021			1	1,804,110		3,816,460
Sixteenth section sources		2,842		'							2,842
Total Revenues		40,481,728	9	656,145	1,080,021		150,850	0	6,764,940		49,133,684
Expenditures:											
Instruction		23,800,938	4)	548,791	656,482	•			2,027,810		27,034,021
Support services		14,942,334		37,473	413,198	222,919			444,502		16,060,426
Noninstructional services		•		6,755	1	,		,	1,979,843		1,986,598
Facilities acquisition and construction		ı		1	,	310,328		1	•		310,328
Debt service:											
Principal		3,621		,	•	,			2,300,000		2,303,621
Interest		282		,	,			,	979,649		979,931
Other		•			'	5,625	2,500	٥	3,735		11,860
Total Expenditures		38,747,175	47	593,019	1,069,680	538,872	2,500	0	7,735,539		48,686,785
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		1,734,553		63,126	10,341	(538,872)	148,350	0	(970,599)		446,899
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		,		,		525,000		ı	1		525.000
Insurance recovery		7,563		,	,	'		1	•		7,563
Transfer from OSCB debt service agent		•		,	,	•	298,319	6	•		298,319
Transfer to OSCB escrow agent		,		1	,	,	(298,319)	6	•		(298,319)
Operating transfers in		38,488		,		•	172,252	22	1,272,689		1,483,429
Operating transfers out		(1,214,848)		(63, 126)	(10,341)	•		,	(195,114)		(1,483,429)
Other financing uses		•		-	,			,	(2,151)		(2,151)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,168,797)		(63,126)	(10,341)	525,000	172,252	25	1,075,424		530,412
Net Change in Fund Balances		565,756		,		(13,872)	320,602	2	104,825		977,311
Fund Balances: July 1, 2014, as previously reported Fund reclassification		8,091,971				200,157	1,506,622	g '	2,645,893 (153,685)		12,444,643
July 1, 2014, as restated		8,245,656		,	 	200,157	1,506,622	22	2,492,208		12,444,643
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		•				1		,	(3,421)		(3,421)
June 30, 2015	Ф	8,811,412	ь	6	₽	186,285 \$	\$ 1,827,224	\$ \$	2,593,612	ь	13,418,533

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015		
Not shange in fixed balances, total governmental fixeds	\$	077 211
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	Ψ	977,311
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 477,556 (1,720,797)	(1,243,241)
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(5,689)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Bonds and notes issued Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	(525,000) 2,303,621 	1,808,612
The statement of activities reports pension expense and other activity related to net pension liability: Pension expense Contributions made after the measurement date	(3,534,905) 4,263,676	728,771
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in inventory reserve	(2,524)	(5,945)
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	2,259,819

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	 Exhibit E
June 30, 2015	
	 Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,590,143
Due from other governments	 1,500
Total Assets	\$ 2,591,643
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,468,556
Due to student clubs	 123,087
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,591,643

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

In June 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions also are addressed. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Ocean Springs since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Ocean Springs School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

C. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources
imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund provides revenues for children with disabilities with a free and appropriate education.

Three Mill Construction Fund – This fund accounts for capital projects funded by three mill notes payable.

QSCB Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts the sinking fund activities of the qualified school construction bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2003,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

E. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

F. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$5,077,889 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$7,565,922 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan.

See Note 9 for further details.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide, financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the result of the school board approving the commitment of funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization by the policy adopted by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$11,139,648 and \$2,590,143, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the district. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$9,899.

Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)		Fair Value
United States Treasuries	AA+	1 to 5	\$_	1,473,600
Total			\$	1,473,600

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2015, the district had the following investments:

		Fair	% of Total
Issuer		Value	Investments
United States Treasuries	\$_	1,473,600	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General fund	Title I fund	\$ 88,032
	IDEA Part B fund	234,876
	Other governmental funds	115,663
Other governmental funds	General fund	 65,555
Total		\$ 504,126

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 1,214,848
Title I fund	General fund	5,425
	Other governmental funds	57,701
IDEA Part B fund	General fund	10,341
Other governmental funds	General fund	22,722
	QSCB Debt Service fund	172,252
	Other governmental funds	 140
Total		\$ 1,483,429

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the general fund and into the other governmental funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash, cash with fiscal agents balance and investments balance, totaling \$340,508, \$9,899, and \$1,473,600, respectively, of the QSCB debt service fund.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$980,409 and \$480,897, of the General Obligation Bonds Series 2009 and General Obligations Bond Series 2010 debt service funds, respectively.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$426,431, of unspent loan proceeds of the Three Mill Construction Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2014		Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2015
Governmental Activities:							
Non-depreciable capital assets:							
Land	\$	2,406,228	\$	-	\$ - \$	(350,000) \$	2,056,228
Construction-in-progress		-		310,328	_	-	310,328
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	2,406,228	_	310,328		(350,000)	2,366,556
Depreciable capital assets:							
Buildings		82,799,882		-	-	-	82,799,882
Building improvements		7,243,510		-	-	-	7,243,510
Improvements other than buildings		981,057		-	-	-	981,057
Mobile equipment		3,554,683		112,243	(14,848)	-	3,652,078
Fumiture and equipment		2,846,492		54,985	(99,318)	-	2,802,159
Leased property under capital leases		11,710		-	_		11,710
Total depreciable capital assets		97,437,334		167,228	(114,166)	-	97,490,396
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		24,325,236		1,210,709	-	-	25,535,945
Building improvements		1,150,488		174,185	-	-	1,324,673
Improvements other than buildings		227,146		37,644	-	-	264,790
Mobile equipment		2,278,204		203,488	(13,363)	-	2,468,329
Furniture and equipment		2,605,603		93,115	(95,114)	-	2,603,604
Leased property under capital leases		3,312		1,656			4,968
Total accumulated depreciation		30,589,989		1,720,797	(108,477)		32,202,309
Total depreciable capital assets, net		66,847,345		(1,553,569)	(5,689)	-	65,288,087
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	69,253,573	<u> </u>	(1,243,241)	\$ (5,689) \$	(350,000) \$	67,654,643

Adjustments were made in order to account for dispositions not accounted for in a prior period.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	112,801	
Support services		1,599,909	
Non-instructional	_	8,087	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	1,720,797	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Construction in progress is composed of:

		Spent to		Remaining
	Ju	June 30, 2015 C		
Governmental Activities:				
Track project	\$	310,328	\$	184,135
Total governmental activities		310,328		184,135

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with three mill note proceeds and will be accounted for in the Three Mill Construction Fund.

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2015	Amounts due within one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 28,150,000 \$	- \$	(1,775,000) \$	26,375,000 \$	1,800,000
B.	Three mill notes payable	525,000	525,000	(525,000)	525,000	525,000
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	-
D.	Obligations under capital leases	7,108	-	(3,621)	3,487	3,487
E.	Compensated absences payable	352,063	2,524		354,587	
	Total	\$ 32,034,171 \$	527,524 \$	(2,303,621) \$	30,258,074 \$	2,328,487

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General obligation bonds, series 2009 General obligation bonds, series 2010	3.0%-4.0% 4.0%	05-01-2009 09-01-2010	05-01-2026 09-01-2021	\$30,000,000 4,000,000	\$23,300,000 3,075,000
Total				\$34,000,000	\$26,375,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

General obligation bond issue of 2009:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest_	_Total
	-			
2016	\$	1,550,000 \$	841,425 \$	2,391,425
2017		1,500,000	779,425	2,279,425
2018		1,800,000	734,425	2,534,425
2019		1,900,000	678,625	2,578,625
2020		2,000,000	614,500	2,614,500
2021-2025		12,050,000	1,845,750	13,895,750
2026		2,500,000	93,750	2,593,750
Total	\$	23,300,000 \$	5,587,900 \$	28,887,900

This debt will be retired from the 2009 bond debt service fund.

2. General obligation bond issue of 2010:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 250,000 \$	68,563 \$	318,563
2017	325,000	62,813	387,813
2018	500,000	54,250	554,250
2019	400,000	44,438	444,438
2020	750,000	34,594	784,594
2021-2022	850,000	25,125	875,125
Total	\$ 3,075,000 \$	289,783 \$	3,364,783

This debt will be retired from the 2010 bond debt service fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 1,800,000	909,988	\$ 2,709,988
2017	1,825,000	842,238	2,667,238
2018	2,300,000	788,675	3,088,675
2019	2,300,000	723,063	3,023,063
2020	2,450,000	649,094	3,099,094
2021-2025	13,200,000	1,683,375	14,883,375
2026	2,500,000	281,250	 2,781,250
Total	\$ 26,375,000 \$	5,877,683	\$ 32,252,683

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2015, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 12% of property assessments as of October 1, 2014.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount issued	Amount Outstanding
Limited tax notes payable, Series 2015	1.00%	3/26/2015	3/26/2016	\$ 525,000	\$ 525,000
Total				\$ 525,000	\$ 525,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 525,000	\$ 5,250 \$	530,250
Total	\$ 525,000	\$ 5,250 \$	530,250

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 8, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	MaturityDate	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds payable Total	n 0.00%	01-15-2010	09-15-2019	\$3,000,000 \$3,000,000	\$3,000,000 \$3,000,000

D. Obligations under capital leases

The district has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a copier at a cost of \$10,854. The lease qualifies as a capital lease accounting purposes.

<u>Description</u>	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Copier purchase Total	5.71%	6/11/2013	5/31/2016	\$ 10,854 \$ 10,854	\$ 3,487 \$ 3,487

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 3,487	\$ 91	\$ 3,578
Total	\$ 3,487	\$ 91	\$ 3,578

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(F)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7- Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 8- Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit in the sinking fund at June 30, 2015 was \$1,483,499. In addition, at June 30, 2015, the QSCB debt service fund had \$340,508 in cash that will be used for future sinking funds deposits. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2016	\$ 301,376
2017	304,388
2018	307,433
2019	310,507
2020	313,594
Total	\$ 1,537,298

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2015 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$4,263,676, \$4,156,297 and \$3,761,864, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the school district reported a liability of \$52,194,127 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the school district's proportion was .43 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,534,905. At June 30, 2015 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	814,213	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	7,565,922
Changes of assumptions	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	-	-
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 4,263,676	
Total	\$ 5,077,889 \$	7,565,922

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

\$4,263,676 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2016	\$ (1,598,598)
2017	(1,598,598)
2018	(1,663,032)
2019	 (1,891,481)
Total	\$ (6,751,709)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.5 percent
Salary increases	4.25 – 19.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2025, set forward two years for males.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2012. The experience report is dated June 12, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges ae combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class Allocation Rate of Return U.S. Broad 34 % 5.20 International Equity 19 5.00	
International Equity 19 5.00	%
international Equity 10	
Emerging Markets Equity 8 5.45	
Fixed Income 20 0.25	
Real Assets 10 4.00	
Private Equity 8 6.15	
Cash (0.50)	
Total 100 %	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(7.00%)	Rate (8.00%)	(9.00%)
District's proportionate share		,	
of the net pension liability	\$ 71,156,159	\$ 52,194,127	\$ 36,376,972

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanation	Amount
1.	Implementation of GASB 68 and 71:	
	Net pension liability (measurement date)	\$ (59,567,228)
	Deferred outflows - contributions made during fiscal year 2014	4,156,297
	Total prior period adjustment related to GASB 68 and 71	(55,410,931)
2.	To account for capital asset dispositions in a prior period	(350,000)
	Total	\$ (55,760,931)

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 77 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 12 - Fund Reclassification

The Sixteenth Section Interest Fund's beginning fund balance of \$153,685 was reclassified from Special Revenue Funds to the General Fund, effective July 1, 2014. This change was necessary to meet the requirements of GASB 54 and to stay in compliance with the reporting requirements based on Sections 29-3-115 and 29-3-117, Miss. Code of 1972.

Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(49,310,609) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$5,077,889 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2015 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(49,310,609) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$7,565,922 balance of the deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2015 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Ocean Springs School District evaluated the activity of the district through August 25, 2015, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

					Vanar Positive (i	
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	14,386,582 \$	14,258,803 \$	14,259,889 \$	(127,779)\$	1,086
State sources		25,802,478	25,942,814	25,942,813	140,336	(1)
Federal sources		244,000	276,184	276,184	32,184	-
Sixteenth section sources			2,842	2,842	2,842	
Total Revenues		40,433,060	40,480,643	40,481,728	47,583	1,085
Expenditures:						
Instruction		24,504,455	23,800,937	23,800,938	703,518	(1)
Support services		15,745,180	14,942,336	14,942,334	802,844	2
Debt service:						
Principal		3,621	3,621	3,621	-	-
Interest		282	282	282		-
Total Expenditures		40,253,538	38,747,176	38,747,175	1,506,362	1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		179,522	1,733,467	1,734,553	1,553,945	1,086
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance recovery		-	-	7,563	-	7,563
Operating transfers in		5,355,822	6,053,009	38,488	697,187	(6,014,521)
Operating transfers out		(6,755,699)	(7,221,807)	(1,214,848)	(466, 108)	6,006,959
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(1,399,877)	(1,168,798)	(1,168,797)	231,079	1
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,220,355)	564,669	565,756	1,785,024	1,087
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2014, as previously reported		8,091,971	8,091,971	8,091,971	-	-
Fund reclassification		-,,	153,685	153,685	153,685	_
July 1, 2014, as restated		8,091,971	8,245,656	8,245,656	153,685	
June 30, 2015	\$	6,871,616 \$	8,810,325 \$	8,811,412 \$	1,938,709_\$	1,087

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Varia Positive (I	
	 Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 413,631 \$	656,145 \$	656,145 \$	242,514 \$	
Total Revenues	413,631	656,145	656,145	242,514	
Expenditures:					
Instruction	331,131	548,791	548,791	(217,660)	-
Support services	18,000	37,473	37,473	(19,473)	-
Non instructional	 2,500	6,755	6,755	(4,255)	
Total Expenditures	351,631	593,019	593,019	(241,388)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 62,000	63,126	63,126	1,126	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	 (62,000)	(63, 126)	(63,126)	(1,126)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (62,000)	(63,126)	(63,126)	(1,126)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	 				
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2014	 			<u> </u>	
June 30, 2015	\$ - \$	\$		- \$	

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

					Varia Positive (I	
		Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Federal sources	\$	1,324,442 \$	1,080,021 \$	1,080,021 \$	(244,421)\$	
Total Revenues		1,324,442	1,080,021	1,080,021	(244,421)	
Expenditures:						
Instruction		872,110	656,482	656,482	215,628	-
Support services		442,304	413,198	413,198	29,106	
Total Expenditures	_	1,314,414	_1,069,680	1,069,680	244,734	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	_	10,028	10,341	10,341	313	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out		(10,028)	(10,341)	(10,341)	(313)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(10,028)	(10,341)	(10,341)	(313)	
Net Change in Fund Balances						
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2014						
June 30, 2015	\$	\$			- \$	

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	\$ 52,194,127
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.43%
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 26,389,187
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	197.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,263,676
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		4,263,676
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	•
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	27,070,959
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.75%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of benefit terms

None.

(2) Changes of assumptions

None.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015		
Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Barratar And An Institute		
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program National school lunch program Total child nutrition cluster	10.553 10.555	\$ 318,022 1,212,239 1,530,261
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Defense Direct Program:		1,530,261 1,530,261
Reserve Officers' Training Corps Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.xxx	76,131 76,131
Federal Communications Commission Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund Total Federal Communications Commission	32.xxx	110,776 110,776
U.S. Department of Education		
Direct program: Impact Aid Total	84.041	54,262 54,262
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services: Rehabilitation services - vocational rehabilitation grants to states Total	84.126	13,013 13,013
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.010 84.048	656,145 42,906
English language acquisition grants Improving teacher quality-State Grants Subtotal	84.365 84.367	2,135 170,401 871,587
Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education	84.027 84.173	1,080,021 38,038 1,118,059 1,989,646 2,056,921
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Total for All Federal Awards	93.778	22,001 22,001 22,001 \$ 3,796,090

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.
- 3. The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.
- 4. Donated commodities of \$149,888 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	<u>Other</u>
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 36,033,782 12,653,003	29,165,099 3,112,333	1,109,587 192,039	2,275,397 241,441	3,483,699 9,107,190
Total	\$ 48,686,785	32,277,432	1,301,626	2,516,838	12,590,889
Total number of students *	_5,685				
Cost per student	\$ 8,564	5,678	229_	443	2,215

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2015	2014*	2013*	2012*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	14,259,889	\$ 13,959,432	\$ 13,684,293	\$ 13,507,499
State sources		25,942,813	24,157,401	22,244,657	22,034,619
Federal sources		276,184	239,564	280,264	364,267
Sixteenth section sources		2,842			
Total Revenues		40,481,728	38,356,397	36,209,214	35,906,385
Expenditures:					
Instruction		23,800,938	23,538,956	23,400,244	22,189,965
Support services		14,942,334	15,105,948	15,117,099	13,385,687
Noninstructional services		-	-	351	224
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	10,660	-
Debt service:					
Principal		3,621	3,439	325	-
Interest		282	 464		
Total Expenditures		38,747,175	 38,648,807	 38,528,679	35,575 <u>,</u> 876
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		1,734,553	 (292,410)	 (2,319,465)	330,509
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued		-	_	11,710	-
Insurance recovery		7,563	4,274	4,444	-
Operating transfers in		38,488	45,538	83,067	29,716
Operating transfers out		(1,214,848)	(1,110,030)	(2,121,697)	(965,887)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,168,797)	(1,060,218)	(2,022,476)	(936,171)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	565,756	(1,352,628)	(4,341,941)	(605,662)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		8,091,971	9,444,599	13,791,540	14,397,202
Prior period adjustment		_	-	(5,000)	-
Fund reclassification		153,685	-	-	-
Beginning of period, as restated		8,245,656	9,444,599	13,786,540	14,397,202
End of Period	\$	8,811,412	\$ 8,091,971	\$ 9,444,599	\$ 13,791,540

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2015	2014*	2013*	2012*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 18,566,170	\$ 17,759,101 \$	17,334,620 \$	17,302,341
State sources	26,748,212	25,343,563	23,070,872	22,929,165
Federal sources	3,816,460	3,597,117	3,680,020	4,559,062
Sixteenth section sources	2,842	3,160	3,495	3,701
Total Revenues	49,133,684	46,702,941	44,089,007	44,794,269
Expenditures:				
Instruction	27,034,021	26,836,410	26,676,922	26,486,153
Support services	16,060,426	16,430,326	17,167,168	20,934,519
Noninstructional services	1,986,598	2,074,723	2,145,798	1,968,136
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	310,328	-	832,374	21,373,227
Principal	2,303,621	1,553,439	1,425,325	1,275,000
Interest	979,931	1,033,264	1,086,425	1,181,956
Other	11,860	11,393	6,170	4,435
Total Expenditures	48,686,785	47,939,555	49,340,182	73,223,426
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	446,899	(1,236,614)	(5,251,175)	(28,429,157)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	525,000	525,000	11,710	-
Insurance recovery	7,563	4,274	16,403	-
Transfer from QSCB debt service agent	298,319	295,436	292,171	289,615
Payment to QSCB bond escrow agent	(298,319)	(295,436)	(292, 171)	(289,615)
Operating transfers in	1,483,429	1,379,384	2,450,215	4,226,981
Operating transfers out	(1,483,429)	(1,379,384)	(2,450,215)	(4,226,981)
Other financing uses	(2,151)	_	-	(3,275)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	530,412	529,274	28,113	(3,275)
		(=====:	(= 	(22 122 122)
Net Change in Fund Balances	977,311	(707,340)	(5,223,062)	(28,432,432)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported Prior period adjustments	12,444,643	13, 163, 778 -	18,369,032 (5,000)	47,487,859 (660,879)
Beginning of period, as restated	12,444,643	13,163,778	18,364,032	46,826,980
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(3,421)	(1,795)	22,808	(25,516)
End of Period	\$ 13,418,533	12,444,643 \$	13,163,778 \$	18,369,032

*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District Ocean Springs, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 25, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Ocean Springs School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

August 25, 2015

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District Ocean Springs, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Ocean Springs School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Ocean Springs School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Ocean Springs School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Ocean Springs School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Oceán Springs School District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

August 25, 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District Ocean Springs, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprise Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 25, 2015. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance. The district reported no classroom supply funds carried over from previous years.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

August 25, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Section 1:	Summary	of Auditor's	Results

Fin	ancial	State	mente.
rın	anciai	States	nenis:

Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: 1. Unmodified 2. Internal control over financial reporting: a. Material weakness(es) identified? No b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported 3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No Federal Awards:

5.

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

No None reported

Unmodified

6. Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-

No

- 7. Identification of major programs:
 - Child Nutrition Cluster:

School Breakfast Program CFDA# 10.553 National School Lunch Program CFDA# 10.555

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$ 300,000

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.