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ALCORN COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SPECIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

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FINANCIAL SECTION

J. E. VANCE & COMPANY, P.A.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Alcorn County, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alcorn County, Mississippi, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the County's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that our audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements do not include financial data for the County's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The county has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units is not reasonably determinable.

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Alcorn County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2016, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities and the Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility Fund

As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, the county has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits in the governmental activities, business-type activities and the Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility Fund and, accordingly, has not recorded expense for the current period change in those liabilities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that other postemployment benefits attributable to employee services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee be accrued as liabilities and expenses as employees earn the rights to the benefits, which would increase the liabilities, reduce the net position and change the expenses of the governmental activities, business-type activities and the Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility Fund. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net position and expenses of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and the Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility Fund is not reasonably determinable.

Qualified Opinions

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities and the Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility Fund" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and the Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility Fund of Alcorn County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2016, and the changes in the financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General Fund, Avectus Grant Fund, Regional Park Fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alcorn County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and corresponding notes, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the County's Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Omission of Required Supplementary Information

Alcorn County, Mississippi, has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedule of Funding Progress-Other Postemployment Benefits that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Alcorn County, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

J. & Vance & Company

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 2, 2018, on our consideration of Alcorn County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Alcorn County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

J. E. Vance & Company, P.A.

February 2, 2018

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Alcorn County		Exhibit 1
Statement of Net Position		
September 30, 2016	Primary Government	

September 30, 2016	Prin	nary Government		
		Governmental	Business-type	
		Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	1,068,136		1,068,136
Property tax receivable		6,995,085		6,995,085
Fines receivable (net of allowance for				
uncollectibles of \$954,080)		292,944		292,944
Capital leases receivable		428,772		428,772
Loans receivable		6,609,890		6,609,890
Intergovernmental receivables		924,526	521,823	1,446,349
Other receivables		245,905	9,436	255,341
Prepaid items		122,920		122,920
Internal balances		1,948,003	(1,948,003)	
Restricted assets - cash			975,122	975,122
Restricted assets - investments			1,725,178	1,725,178
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress		2,106,403	35,000	2,141,403
Other capital assets, net		57,432,813	17,898,357	75,331,170
Total Assets		78,175,397	19,216,913	97,392,310
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		2,151,961	752,739	2,904,700
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,151,961	752,739	2,904,700
Total Describe O darrows of Resources		2,131,701	732,737	2,701,700
LIABILITIES				
Claims payable		471,694	71,492	543,186
Intergovernmental payables		382,241		382,241
Accrued interest payable		165,791	201,957	367,748
Amounts held in custody for others		80,742		80,742
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year:				
Capital debt		161,479	1,003,679	1,165,158
Non-capital debt		1,101,058		1,101,058
Due in more than one year:				
Capital debt		513,945	17,393,884	17,907,829
Non-capital debt		8,031,457		8,031,457
Net pension liability		10,568,814	3,094,924	13,663,738
Total Liabilities		21,477,221	21,765,936	43,243,157
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		390,802	79,888	470,690
Property tax for future reporting period		6,995,085		6,995,085
Unavailable revenue - interest on capital leases		30,585		30,585
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,416,472	79,888	7,496,360
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		58,863,792	-0-	58,863,792
Restricted:		20,002,772	v	20,000,72
Expendable:				
Public safety		92,560	954,818	1,047,378
Public works		2,278,255	,,,,,,,	2,278,255
Debt service		116,007	1,745,482	1,861,489
Culture and recreation		237,264	.,,	237,264
Economic development		4,310		4,310
Capital projects		11,814		11,814
Nonexpendable		41,888		41,888
Unrestricted		(10,212,225)	(4,576,472)	(14,788,697)
Total Net Position	\$	51,433,665	(1,876,172)	49,557,493
	<i>-</i>	,,	(-,-,-,-,-,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

For the Teal Placed September 30, 2010		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Rev	enue and Changes in	Net Position
			Operating	Capital	Primary Governmen	nt	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 3,757,076	731,103	7,274		(3,018,699)		(3,018,699)
Public safety	2,986,909	744,252	252,661		(1,989,996)		(1,989,996)
Public works	4,129,265		993,859	1,321,837	(1,813,569)		(1,813,569)
Health and welfare	477,409		57,549		(419,860)		(419,860)
Culture and recreation	4,999,611		5,213,295		213,684		213,684
Conservation of natural resources	128,011				(128,011)		(128,011)
Economic development and assistance	2,269,817		1,938,682		(331,135)		(331,135)
Interest on long-term debt	386,040				(386,040)		(386,040)
Pension expense	1,324,653				(1,324,653)		(1,324,653)
Total Governmental Activities	20,458,791	1,475,355	8,463,320	1,321,837	(9,198,279)	_	(9,198,279)
Business-type activities:							
Regional Correctional Facility	4,533,313	3,885,729				(647,584)	(647,584)
Total Business-type Activities	4,533,313	3,885,729	-0-	-0-		(647,584)	(647,584)
Total Primary Government	\$ 24,992,104	5,361,084	8,463,320	1,321,837	(9,198,279)	(647,584)	(9,845,863)
	C						
	General revenues: Property taxes			:	\$ 8,420,021		8,420,021
	Road & bridge pri	vilege taxes			425,630		425,630
			ed to specific progr	rams	952,928		952,928
	Unrestricted intere				23,331	13,036	36,367
	Miscellaneous				368,861	-,	368,861
	Total General Re	venues and Transi	fers		10,190,771	13,036	10,203,807
	Changes in Net Pos	ition			992,492	(634,548)	357,944
	Net Position - Begin	nning, as originally	reported		46,591,688	(1,241,624)	45,350,064
	Prior period adjusts				3,849,485	-0-	3,849,485
	Net Position - Begin	nning, as restated			50,441,173	(1,241,624)	49,199,549
	Net Position - Endi	ıg		:	\$51,433,665_	(1,876,172)	49,557,493

Alcorn County						Exhibit 3
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	M aj	or Funds				
September 30, 2016			Avectus	Regional	Other	Total
		General	Grant	Park	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	418,147	13,715	230,110	406,164	1,068,136
Property tax receivable		4,512,542			2,482,543	6,995,085
Fines receivable (net of allowance for						
uncollectibles of \$954,080)		292,944				292,944
Capital lease receivable			428,772			428,772
Intergovernmental receivables		260,435	256,061		67,638	584,134
Other receivables		160,742			62,747	223,489
Loans receivable				6,609,890		6,609,890
Due from other funds		1,967,804			2,135,755	4,103,559
Advances to other funds		41,888	5,000		210,876	257,764
Total Assets	\$	7,654,502	703,548	6,840,000	5,365,723	20,563,773
AND WELLS DEFENDED THE OWN OF DECOMPOSES AND	·					
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND						
FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:	Ф	101.000	250 525		00.055	451 504
Claims payable	\$	101,283	279,536		90,875	471,694
Intergovernmental payables		350,250				350,250
Due to other funds		105,211			2,066,801	2,172,012
Advances from other funds		9,376			242,721	252,097
Amounts held in custody for others	.—	80,742				80,742
Total Liabilities	\$	646,862	279,536	-0-	2,400,397	3,326,795
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,512,542			2,482,543	6,995,085
Unavailable revenue - fines		292,944				292,944
Unavailable revenue - principal and						
interest on capital leases			428,772			428,772
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,805,486	428,772	-0-	2,482,543	7,716,801
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Advances		41,888				41,888
Loans receivable		41,000		6,609,890		6,609,890
Restricted for:				0,009,890		0,009,890
Public safety					92,560	92,560
Public works					2,278,255	2,278,255
Culture and recreation				230,110	7,154	237,264
				230,110	4,310	4,310
Economic development and assistance						
Debt service					281,798	281,798
Capital projects		2.160.266	(4.760)		11,814	11,814
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	•	2,160,266 2,202,154	(4,760) (4,760)	6,840,000	(2,193,108) 482,783	(37,602)
	۰	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		9,520,177
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	7,654,502	703,548	6,840,000	5,365,723	20,563,773

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Alcorn County
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds
Exhibit 3-1

Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2016

	 Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 9,520,177
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds,	
net of accumulated depreciation of \$81,620,444.	59,539,216
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current	
period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	
Fines receivable	292,944
Prepaid insurance	122,920
Intergovernmental receivables	340,392
Other receivables	1,214
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(9,807,939)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(10,568,814)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current	
period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(165,791)
Capital leases are not available to pay for current period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	398,187
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to	
future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	2,151,961
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	 (390,802)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 51,433,665

Alcorn County
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Major Funds				
	Avectus	Regional	Other	Total
General	Grant	Park	Governmental	Governmental
Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
5,221,702			3,198,319	8,420,021
			425,630	425,630
350,779			10,331	361,110
412,428			25,207	437,635
1,064,962	1,938,682	4,918,271	2,414,590	10,336,505
285,696			377,518	663,214
5,520	13,155	299,680	1	318,356
231,893			127,851	359,744
7,572,980	1,951,837	5,217,951	6,579,447	21,322,215
3,593,744			280,963	3,874,707
2,307,261			889,471	3,196,732
110,000			4,695,994	4,805,994
456,501				456,501
172,647		4,393,263	289,121	4,855,031
132,303				132,303
33,194	1,941,015		295,608	2,269,817
350,590	74,053	260,000	647,896	1,332,539
	13,155	296,765	15,228	346,472
7,177,564	2,028,223	4,950,028	7,114,281	21,270,096
395,416	(76,386)	267,923	(534,834)	52,119
55,662			704,898	760,560
54,446			203,885	258,331
(147,385)			(110,946)	(258,331)
	74,053			74,053
(37,277)	74,053	0	797,837	834,613
358,139	(2,333)	267,923	263,003	886,732
1,844,015	(2,427)	4,620,458	219,780	6,681,826
		1,951,619		1,951,619
1,844,015	(2,427)	6,572,077	219,780	8,633,445
2,202,154	(4,760)	6,840,000	482,783	9,520,177
	Fund 5,221,702 350,779 412,428 1,064,962 285,696 5,520 231,893 7,572,980 3,593,744 2,307,261 110,000 456,501 172,647 132,303 33,194 350,590 21,324 7,177,564 395,416 55,662 54,446 (147,385) (37,277) 358,139 1,844,015	General Fund Fund 5,221,702 350,779 412,428 1,064,962 285,696 5,520 231,893 7,572,980 1,951,837 3,593,744 2,307,261 110,000 456,501 172,647 132,303 33,194 1,941,015 350,590 74,053 21,324 13,155 7,177,564 2,028,223 395,416 (76,386) 55,662 54,446 (147,385) 74,053 (37,277) 74,053 358,139 (2,333) 1,844,015 (2,427)	General Fund Avectus Grant Fund Regional Park Fund 5,221,702 350,779 412,428 1,064,962 1,938,682 4,918,271 285,696 5,520 13,155 299,680 231,893 7,572,980 1,951,837 5,217,951 299,680 3,593,744 2,307,261 110,000 456,501 172,647 4,393,263 132,303 33,194 1,941,015 350,590 74,053 260,000 21,324 13,155 296,765 7,177,564 2,028,223 4,950,028 395,416 (76,386) 267,923 267,923 4,950,028 267,923 1,844,015 (2,427) 4,620,458 1,951,619 1,844,015 (2,427) 4,620,458 1,951,619 1,844,015 (2,427) 4,620,458 1,951,619 1,844,015 (2,427) 6,572,077 1,221,24 1,233 (2,333) 2,267,923 (2,333)	General Fund Avectus Grant Fund Regional Fund Other Governmental Funds 5,221,702 3,198,319 425,630 350,779 10,331 425,630 412,428 25,207 1,064,962 1,938,682 4,918,271 2,414,590 285,696 377,518 377,518 377,518 5,520 1 231,893 127,851 6,579,447 127,851 6,579,447 3,593,744 280,963 889,471 4,695,994 456,501 4,695,994 4,695,994 456,501 172,647 4,393,263 289,121 132,303 33,194 1,941,015 295,608 350,590 74,053 260,000 647,896 21,324 13,155 296,765 15,228 7,177,564 2,028,223 4,950,028 7,114,281 395,416 (76,386) 267,923 (534,834) 55,662 704,898 74,053 0 797,837 (37,277) 74,053 0 797,837

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities		Exhibit 4-1
For the Year Ended September 30, 2016		Amount
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	886,732
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that capital outlays of \$1,576,533 exceeded depreciation of \$1,214,247.		362,286
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of the net loss.		(3,733)
Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting.		13,396
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that debt repayments of \$1,332,539 and amortization of \$13,023 exceeded debt proceeds of \$760,560.		585,002
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues / expenditures in the funds. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items:		
Increase in long-term receivables: Intergovernmental revenues Miscellaneous revenues Decrease in prepaid insurance Increase in accrued interest payable		115,180 1,214 (127,077) (52,591)
In the Statement of Activities, only interest income from payments received on capital leases are reported whereas in the governmental funds, both principal and interest payments received increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by principal collections on capital leases.	,	(74,053)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:		

Exhibit 4-1

(1,324,653)

610,789 992,492

Recording of pension expense for the current period

Recording of contributions made to retirement plan

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Alcorn County

Alcorn County Exhibit 5

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund September 30, 2016

September 30, 2010	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund
	Alcorn County Regional
	Correctional Facility
ASSETS	<u>correctional racinty</u>
Current assets:	
Intergovernmental receivables	\$ 521,823
Other receivables	9,436
Restricted assets - cash	975,122
Restricted assets - investments	1,725,178
Total Current Assets	3,231,559
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Other capital assets, net	17,933,357
Total Noncurrent Assets	17,933,357
Total Assets	21,164,916
10tti / 1550tis	21,104,210
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	752,739
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	752,739
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Claims payable	71,492
Due to other funds	1,948,003
Accrued interest payable	201,957
Capital debt:	
Limited obligation bonds	910,278
Other loans	93,401
Total Current Liabilities	3,225,131
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Capital debt:	
•	17,393,884
Limited obligation bonds Net pension liability	
•	3,094,924
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	20,488,808
Total Liabilities	23,713,939
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	79,888
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	79,888
	
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	-0-
Restricted for:	
Public Safety	954,818
Debt service	1,745,482
Unrestricted	(4,576,472)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,876,172)

Alcorn County Exhibit 6

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	Algoria County Posional		
	Alcorn County Regional		
Out and the Programme	Correctional Facility		
Operating Revenues	ф. 2.00 <i>г.</i> 720		
Charges for services	\$ 3,885,729		
Total Operating Revenues	3,885,729		
Operating Expenses			
Personal services	1,621,807		
Pension expense	449,418		
Contractual services	548,321		
Materials and supplies	669,106		
Depreciation expense	410,355		
Total Operating Expenses	3,699,007		
Operating Income (Loss)	186,722		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest income	13,036		
Interest expense	(834,306)		
Net Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	(821,270)		
Changes in Net Position	(634,548)		
Net Position - Beginning	(1,241,624)		
Net Position - Ending	\$ (1,876,172)		

Exhibit 7

<u>-</u>	Business-type Activities -	Enterprise Fund
	Alcorn	County Regional
	Cor	rectional Facility
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	3,054,551 (1,236,470) (1,799,131) 18,950
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on debt Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	- -	(981,669) (831,272) (1,812,941)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Noncapital financing increase in interfund payables Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	- -	1,501,874 1,501,874
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest on deposits	_	12,585
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	12,585
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(279,532)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,254,654
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ <u></u>	975,122
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	\$	186,722
provided by operating activities: Depreciation expense		410,355
Changes in assets and liabilities:		710,333
Decrease in intergovernmental receivables Decrease in interfund payables Non-operating increase in interfund payables	(793,204) (1,501,874)	1,473,225
Operating decrease in interfund payables	(2,295,078)	(2,295,078)
Increase in other receivables		(9,436)
Decrease in claims payable		(17,396)
Increase in net pension liability		606,917
Increase in deferred outflows of resources		(315,787)
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources	_	(20,572)
Total Adjustments	_	(167,772)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ ₌	18,950

Alcorn County Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities September 30, 2016

nı	nit.	

	Agency
	 Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 159,666
Due from other funds	19,456
Advances to other funds	 12,535
Total Assets	\$ 191,657
	 _
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held in custody for others	\$ 165,569
Intergovernmental payables	4,886
Due to other funds	3,000
Advances from other funds	 18,202
Total Liabilities	\$ 191,657

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Alcorn County is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The county is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Alcorn County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the county.

Management has chosen to omit from the financial statements the following component units which has significant operational or financial relationships with the County. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include the data of these component units necessary for reporting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

- Alcorn County Human Resource Agency
- Alcorn County Volunteer Fire Districts

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the county legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor
- Tax Collector
- Sheriff

B. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the county as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues and are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely mainly on fees and charges for support.

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business-type activity or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Government-wide, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic assets used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Avectus Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for monies from specific revenue sources that are established for the renovation and expansion of Avectus Healthcare Solutions, a local company.

Regional Park Fund - This fund is used to account for monies from specific revenue sources that are established for the expansion of Crossroads Regional Park.

The county reports the following major Enterprise Fund:

Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility Fund – This fund is used to account for the County's activities in operating a regional correctional facility.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary Fund Type

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the County has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Fiduciary Fund Type

<u>Agency Funds</u> – These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

D. Account Classifications

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

E. Deposits and Investments

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any County, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value.

F. Receivables

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

G. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements, and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Noncurrent portions of interfund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the General Fund, if applicable to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. However, this is not applicable to advances reported in other governmental funds, which are reported, by definition, as restricted, committed, or assigned. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for Governmental Fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

I. Restricted Assets

Proprietary Fund assets required to be held and/or used as specified in bond indentures, bond resolutions, trustee agreements, board resolutions and donor specifications have been reported as restricted assets. Certain proceeds of the county's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "debt service reserve" account is used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from the county's operation that could adversely affect debt service payments. The "project fund" account is used to report those proceeds of revenue bonds issuances that are restricted for use in construction. The "revenue" fund is used to account for all revenues of the correctional facility and to provide payment for operating and maintenance expenses as well as required monthly deposits to other accounts to meet minimum requirements of trust agreements. The "depreciation and operating reserve" fund is used to pay the costs of major repairs and replacements to the correctional facility the costs of which are such that they should be spread over a number of years rather than charged as a current expense in a single year. The "insurance payment" fund is used to pay the annual insurance premium for insurance for the correctional facility. The "general" fund is used to pay the principal and interest payments due to the county's enterprise fund revenue bonds. When both restricted and nonrestricted assets are available for use, the policy is to use restricted assets first.

J. Capital Assets

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the (applicable) governmental activities and business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available.

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Capital assets acquired or constructed for Proprietary Fund operations are capitalized at cost in the respective funds in which they are utilized. No interest is capitalized on self-constructed assets because noncapitalization of interest does not have a material effect on the County's financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the time of donation.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year.

J. Capital Assets (Continued)

The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	Capitalization Thresholds	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	N/A
Infrastructure	0	20-50 years
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

^{*} Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Notes 14 and 19 for additional details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Property tax for future reporting period/unavailable revenue – property taxes – Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.</u>

<u>Unavailable revenue</u> – When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

Fines

Principal and interest on capital leases

<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Notes 14 and 19 for additional details.

L. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the Proprietary Fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

N. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

N. Equity Classifications (Continued)

Government fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are either not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties are restricted or assigned) or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a principal balance of a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

O. Property Tax Revenues

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

P. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

Q. Compensated Absences

The County has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave or unused personal leave. For the year ended September 30, 2016, Alcorn County recognized no liability.

(2) Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant net position adjustments is as follows:

Explanation	_			Amount
Governmental Activities				
1. To record additional construction-in-progress on state-				
aid road and bridge infrastructure projects			\$	2,500,053
2. To correct valuation of allowance for uncollectible				
fines receivable				(637,551)
3. To record loan receivable for the Corinth-Alcorn				
Crossroads Parks & Recreation Project, net of cash		7,100,000		
held in the regional park project fund	_	(5,148,381)	_	1,951,619
4. To correct long-term receivable for emergency				
management performance grant program				35,364
Total governmental activities			\$_	3,849,485
Governmental Funds - Regional Park Bond Fund				
3. To record loan receivable for the Corinth-Alcorn				
Crossroads Parks & Recreation Project, net of cash	\$	7,100,000		
held in the regional park project fund	_	(5,148,381)	_	1,951,619
Total governmental funds			\$	1,951,619

(3) Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2016, was \$2,202,924, and the bank balance was \$2,351,179. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of a failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above the FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

(3) Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

As provided in Section 91-13-8, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the following investments of the county are handled through a trust indenture between the county and the trustee related to the operations of the Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility.

Investments balances at September 30, 2016, are as follows:

Investment Type	Maturities	 Fair Value	Rating
United States Treasury Bill	3 Months	\$ 1,725,178	AAA

Interest rate risk. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, Section 19-9-29, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) limits the maturity period of any investment to no more than one year.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those authorized by Sections 19-9-29 and 91-13-8, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The county does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investments choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the county will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The county does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. Of the County's investment, \$1,725,178 of underlying securities were held by the investment's counterparty on behalf of the county, not in the name of the county.

(4) Loans Receivable

At September 30, 2016, the Corinth-Alcorn County Recreational Commission had \$6,609,890 in loans payable for previous and current loans the County made to the expansion project of Crossroads Regional Park using funds from the \$7,100,000 Taxable Special Obligation Bonds Issue, Series 2015. During June 2015, the Commission entered into an agreement to finance the County's scheduled debt payments totaling \$7,100,000 principal, with interest ranging from 4.5% - 5.75%. over the remaining life of the bonds.

(4) Loans Receivable (Continued)

The following is a summary of loan repayments, equal to the annual debt service requirements of the County:

Year Ending September 30,		Amount
2017	\$	180,000
2018		190,000
2019		200,000
2020		210,000
2021		215,000
2022-2026		1,250,000
2027-2031		1,595,000
2032-2036		2,050,000
2037-2038		950,000
Total payments		6,840,000
Less: Cash held in project fund	_	(230,110)
Loan receivable	\$_	6,609,890

(5) Interfund Transactions and Balances

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2016:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	16,801
General Fund	Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility Fund		1,948,003
General Fund	Agency Funds		3,000
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		85,755
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds		2,050,000
Agency Funds	General Fund		19,456
Total		\$	4,123,015

The payables from the General Fund represent the tax revenue collected but not settled until October 2016. The payable from the Agency Fund represents an advance to cover anticipated cash flows, which is expected to be repaid within one year. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

(5) Interfund Transactions and Balances (Continued)

B. Advances From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	An	nount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	23,686
General Fund	Agency Funds		18,202
Avectus Grant Fund	General Fund		5,000
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		4,376
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds		206,500
Agency Funds	Other Governmental Funds	_	12,535
Total		\$	270,299

The payables to the General Fund represent loans to establish opening balances in other funds. The payables from Garbage & Solid Waste Fund represent advances to cover operating deficits.

C. Transfers In/Out

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Am	ount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	54,446
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		147,385
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds		56,500
Total		\$	258,331

The principal purpose of interfund transfers was to provide funds for grant matches or to provide funds to pay for capital outlay. All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

(6) Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Description	_	Amount
Governmental Funds / Governmental Activities:		
Legislative Tag Credit	\$	160,901
Help MS Vote Fund / Election Support Fund		7,902
MDHS Welfare/Food Stamp Reimbursement		4,235
Motor Vehicle Fuel Tax		56,262
Motor Vehicle Licenses		21,600
Solid Waste DEQ Grant		33,683
Emergency Management Grant		26,572
Federal Infrastructure Improvement Grant		256,061
Overweight Fines		10,092
Other	_	6,826
Total Governmental Funds	_	584,134
Payment in-lieu of tax Distribution		331,600
Emergency Management Grant	_	8,792
Total Long-term Receivables	_	340,392
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	924,526
Enterprise Funds / Business-type Activities:	_	
Reimbursement for housing prisoners	\$_	521,823
Total Enterprise Funds / Business-type Activities	\$_	521,823

(7) Operating Leases

As Lessor:

The county receives income from property it leases under non-cancellable operating leases. Total income from such leases was \$63,600 for the year ended September 30, 2016. The future minimum lease receivables for this lease is as follows:

Year Ending September 30,		Amount
2017	\$	63,600
2018		63,600
2019		63,600
2020		63,600
2021		63,600
Thereafter	_	-0-
Total	\$	318,000

(8) Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2016:

t:
t:

Primary Government:						
	Balance			Completed		Balance
	10/1/2015	Increases	Decreases	Construction	Adjustments	9/30/2016
Governmental Activities:						
N 1 211 21						
Non-depreciable capital assets:					_	
Land	\$ 721,783				\$	
Construction-in-progress	1,194,737	1,288,854		(3,599,024)	2,500,053	1,384,620
Total non-depreciable capital assets	1,916,520	1,288,854	-0-	(3,599,024)	2,500,053	2,106,403
Depreciable capital assets:						
Infrastructure	115,384,800			3,599,024		118,983,824
Buildings	14,172,450			3,377,024		14,172,450
Improvements other than buildings	461,273					461,273
-		27.110	5 110		224 427	,
Mobile equipment	2,982,845	27,119	5,119		234,437	3,239,282
Furniture and equipment	1,303,315				157,905	1,461,220
Leased property under capital leases	866,990	260,560			(392,342)	735,208
Total depreciable capital assets	135,171,673	287,679	5,119	3,599,024	-0-	139,053,257
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure	69,721,263	754,176				70,475,439
Buildings	6,306,937	225,930				6,532,867
· ·	154,081	18,456				172,537
Improvements other than buildings					172 (20	
Mobile equipment	2,505,770	99,867			173,629	2,779,266
Furniture and equipment	1,157,289	34,090			156,325	1,347,704
Leased property under capital leases	562,243	81,728	1,386		(329,954)	312,631
Total accumulated depreciation	80,407,583	1,214,247	1,386	-0-	-0-	81,620,444
Total depreciable capital assets, net	54,764,090	(926,568)	3,733	3,599,024	-0-	57,432,813
Governmental activities capital						
assets, net	56,680,610	362,286	3,733	-0-	2,500,053	59,539,216
abbets, net	30,000,010	302,200	3,733	-0-	2,300,033	37,337,210
Business-type Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	35,000					35,000
Land	33,000					33,000
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	20,302,639					20,302,639
Mobile equipment	20,500					20,500
Furniture and equipment	161,544					161,544
Total depreciable capital assets	20,484,683	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	20,484,683
-						
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	2,030,270	406,054				2,436,324
Mobile equipment	3,690	3,690				7,380
Furniture and equipment	142,011	611				142,622
Total accumulated depreciation	2,175,971	410,355	-0-	-0-	-0-	2,586,326
Total depreciable capital assets, net	18,308,712	(410,355)	-0-	-0-	-0-	17,898,357
Business-type activities capital		<u> </u>				
assets, net	10 242 712	(410.255)	0	0	^	17 022 257
assets, net	18,343,712	(410,355)	-()-	-()-	-0-	17,933,357
A 11		, •		1		. 1.

Adjustments were made to record construction on state-aid bridge infrastructure projects and to reclassify assets no longer under capital lease obligation.

(8) Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities
General government	\$	61,916	\$	-0-
Public safety		61,902		410,355
Public works		922,289		-0-
Health and welfare		23,560		-0-
Culture and recreation	_	144,580		-0-
Total depreciation expense	\$_	1,214,247	\$	410,355

Commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects at September 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

	Remaining	
Governmental Activities:	Financial	Expected Date of
Description of Commitment	 Commitment	Completion
APL-0943(14)B (Kendrick Rd Intersect)	\$ Unknown	Unknown
LSBP-02(22) (County Rd 711)	17,296	Nov-16
SAP-02(64) (County Rd 600)	33,201	Jul-17
SAP-02(66) (County Rd 300)	33,730	Nov-16
SAP-02(67) (County Rd 200)	Unknown	Unknown
SAP-02(68) (County Rd 510)	 Unknown	Unknown
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 84,227	

(9) Claims and Judgments

Risk Financing

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2016, to January 1, 2017. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

(10) Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

The Alcorn County Board of Supervisors administers the county's health insurance plan which is authorized by Sections 25-15-101 et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The county's health insurance plan may be amended by the Alcorn County Board of Supervisors. The county purchases health insurance coverage from a commercial insurance company and offers health insurance benefit coverage through the county's health insurance plan (the Plan). Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the county has a postemployment health care benefit reportable under GASB Statement 45 as a single employer defined benefit health care plan. However, the county has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits nor has the county reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The county does not issue a publicly available financial report for the Plan. The county believes that any liability associated with the Plan would be immaterial to the financial statements.

(11) Capital Leases

As Lessor:

The County leases the following property with varying terms and options as of September 30, 2016:

Classes of Property	_	Amount
Industrial facilities:		
Buildings	\$_	550,000
Total	\$	550,000

(11) Capital Leases (Continued)

The future minimum lease receivables and the present value of the net minimum lease receivables as of September 30, 2016, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Principal	
2017	\$ 76,306	10,902
2018	78,627	8,581
2019	81,018	6,190
2020	83,482	3,725
2021	 78,754	1,187
Total	\$ 398,187	30,585

As Lessee:

The county is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2016:

Classes of Property		Governmental Activities
Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment	\$	596,798 138,410
Total		735,208
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	_	312,631
Leased Property Under Capital Lease	\$_	422,577

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2016:

		Governmental Activities				
Year Ending September 30,		Principal	Interest			
2017	\$	139,052	4,826			
2018		81,343	3,020			
2019		49,934	2,137			
2020		38,025	1,403			
2021		37,107	650			
2022-2026	_	12,817	101			
Total	\$_	358,278	12,137			

(12) Long-term Debt

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

				Final
		Amount	Interest	Maturity
Description and Purpose	_	Outstanding	Rates	Date
Governmental Activities	_			
Limited Obligation Bonds:				
Taxable Special Obligation Bonds - Series 2015	\$_	6,840,000	4.50-5.75	11/01/2037
Capital Leases:				
IBM Power 720 System	\$	1,248	2.27	11/01/2016
IBM Servers		9,200	1.85	07/05/2018
(2) 2016 Ford F-150 Trucks		49,647	1.86	06/01/2019
John Deere CX-15 Mower		373	1.65	10/08/2016
2006 John Deere Backhoe		9,144	1.62	06/25/2017
John Deere 310-SK Backhoe		26,394	1.55	04/23/2018
Alamo Side Ditcher		4,579	1.65	08/06/2017
John Deere Tractor & Mower		17,700	1.65	08/19/2017
2012 John Deere 6100 Tractor		14,982	1.77	04/25/2018
2014 John Deere Tractor & Mower		16,142	1.70	05/27/2018
2006 Dump Truck		7,852	1.55	05/20/2017
2008 John Deere 310 Backhoe		1,821	1.74	11/15/2016
2017 Mack GU432 Dump Truck		95,765	1.82	05/04/2022
John Deere 6125M Tractor & Loader	_	103,431	2.10	05/04/2022
Total Capital Leases	\$	358,278		
Other Loans:				
Negotiable Promissory Note	\$	540,000	1.45	12/04/2019
Negotiable Promissory Note		540,000	1.55	10/07/2018
Road Construction & Repair		500,000	1.71	04/20/2018
Road Construction & Repair		251,996	1.61	09/23/2017
MDA/Final Touch		317,146	3.00	08/01/2028
MDA/Avectus	_	398,187	3.00	08/01/2021
Total Other Loans	\$_	2,547,329		
Business-type Activities	_			
Limited Obligation Bonds:				
Urban Renewal Revenue Bonds - Series 2009	\$_	18,450,000	2.00-5.00	07/01/2031
Other Loans:				
Negotiable Promissory Note	\$_	93,401	1.89	10/17/2016

(12) Long-term Debt (Continued)

Pledge of Future Revenues - The County has pledged future revenues for housing inmates, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$22,700,000 in limited obligation urban renewal revenue bonds issued in October, 2009. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction of the Alcorn County Regional Correction Facility. The bonds are not a general obligation of the county and, therefore, are not secured by the full faith and credit of the county. The bonds are payable solely from income derived from an inmate housing agreement with the Mississippi Department of Corrections for housing state prisoners and income received from any other governments for housing and holding prisoners and are payable through 2031. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 37 percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$25,776,694. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total inmate housing net revenues were \$1,717,775 and \$3,885,729 respectively.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Year Ending	Limited Oblig	ation Bonds	Other L	oans
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 180,000	344,100	913,580	49,144
2018	190,000	335,775	668,884	32,990
2019	200,000	327,000	419,830	20,749
2020	210,000	317,775	243,018	12,786
2021	215,000	308,213	104,036	7,516
2022-2026	1,250,000	1,381,425	138,425	19,635
2027-2031	1,595,000	1,043,750	59,556	1,781
2032-2036	2,050,000	567,100	-0-	-0-
2037-2038	 950,000	55,487	-0-	-0-
Total	\$ 6,840,000	4,680,625	2,547,329	144,601

Business-type Activities:

Year Ending		Limited Obligation Bonds				
September 30,		Principal	Interest			
2017	\$	920,000	801,075			
2018		945,000	771,175			
2019		980,000	739,281			
2020		1,015,000	704,981			
2021		1,050,000	668,188			
2022-2026		6,025,000	2,566,925			
2027-2031	_	7,515,000	1,075,069			
Total	\$	18,450,000	7,326,694			

(12) Long-term Debt (Continued)

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt, that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a county issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2016, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 2.85% of the latest property assessments.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2016:

	Balance				Balance	Amount due
	Oct. 1, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2016	within one year
Governmental Activities:						
Limited obligation bonds	7,100,000		260,000		6,840,000	180,000
Unamortized premium	75,355		13,672	73,018	134,701	31,873
Unamortized discount			(649)	(73,018)	(72,369)	(1,968)
Capital leases	259,574	260,560	161,856		358,278	139,052
Other loans	2,958,012	500,000	910,683		2,547,329	913,580
Totals \$	10,392,941	760,560	1,345,562	-0-	9,807,939	1,262,537
Business-type Activities:						
Limited obligation bonds\$	19,340,000		890,000		18,450,000	920,000
Unamortized premium	26,040		1,628		24,412	1,628
Unamortized discount	(181,600)		(11,350)		(170,250)	(11,350)
Other loans	185,070		91,669		93,401	93,401
Totals \$	19,369,510	-0-	971,947	-0-	18,397,563	1,003,679

(13) No Commitment Debt (Not Included in Financial Statements)

No commitment debt is repaid only by the entities for whom the debt was issued and includes debt that either bears the county's name or for which a moral responsibility may exist that is not an enforceable promise to pay. No commitment debt explicitly states the absence of obligation by the county other than possibly an agreement to assist creditors in exercising their rights in the event of default. Alcorn County and the City of Corinth issued this debt on a basis of 55% county and 45% city. Because a default may adversely affect the county's own ability to borrow, the principal amount of such debt outstanding at year end is disclosed as follows:

		Balance at		County
	_	Sept. 30, 2016		Share
Hospital revenue refunding bonds 2011A	\$_	77,775,000	\$.	42,776,250

(14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. Alcorn County, Mississippi contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring.

Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

<u>Contributions</u>. At September 30, 2016, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate at September 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

The County's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$789,649, \$748,568, and \$775,501, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2016, the County reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of \$10,568,814 for governmental activities and \$3,094,924 for business-type activities. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the County's proportion was 0.076494 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00015 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

Internally, the County allocates its proportionate share of the net pension liability to governmental activities and business-type activities. As of September 30, 2016, the internal proportionate share allocated to governmental activities and business-type activities was 77.35% and 22.65%, respectively, a change from the previous year of 79% and 21%, respectively.

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,324,653 for governmental activities and \$449,418 for business-type activities.

At September 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(Business-type	
	-	Activities	Activities	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	263,358	77,121	340,479
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		1,236,517	362,096	1,598,613
Changes of assumptions		498,236	145,901	644,137
Changes in internal proportionate allocation to				
governmental activities and business-type activities			117,997	117,997
Contribututions subsequent to the measurement date	_	153,850	49,624	203,474
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,151,961	752,739	2,904,700
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Changes of assumptions	\$	28,084	8,225	36,309
Changes in internal proportionate allocation to				
governmental activities and business-type activities		117,997		117,997
Changes in the proportion and differences between the	;			
County's contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions	-	244,721	71,663	316,384
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	390,802	79,888	470,690

(14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date and consisting of \$153,850 for governmental activities and \$49,624 for business-type activities will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
2017	\$ 754,299	268,466	1,022,765
2018	658,702	240,471	899,173
2019	376,321	133,037	509,358
2020	208,789	61,141	269,930
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,998,111	703,115	2,701,226
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
2017	\$ 199,271	44,421	243,692
2018	161,181	33,266	194,447
2019	30,350	2,201	32,551
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 390,802	79,888	470,690

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.75 – 19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

(14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges ae combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation_	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	34.00 %	5.20 %
International Equity	19.00	5.00
Emerging Markets Equity	8.00	5.45
Fixed Income	20.00	0.25
Real Assets	10.00	4.00
Private Equity	8.00	6.15
Cash	1.00	(0.50)
Total	100.00 %	

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1- percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
County's proportionate share of	_		
the net pension liability	\$ 17,519,976	13,663,738	10,464,311

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

(15) Contingencies

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

(16) Joint Ventures

The county participates in the following joint venture:

Alcorn County is a participant with the Counties of Prentiss, Tippah and Tishomingo in a joint venture, authorized by Section 39-3-9, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate Northeast Regional Library. The joint venture was created to provide a regional public library for the area and is governed by a four-member board appointed by the four Boards of Supervisors. By contractual agreement, the county's appropriation from the General Fund this year to the joint venture amounted to \$136,269. Complete financial statements for the Northeast Regional Library can be obtained from Northeast Regional Library, 1023 North Fillmore Street, Corinth, Mississippi 38834.

Alcorn County is a participant with the City of Corinth in a joint venture, authorized by HB #1183, 1972 Session, to operate the Corinth-Alcorn Area Chamber of Commerce, The Alliance. The joint venture was created to foster, encourage and facilitate economic development in the county. The Alcorn County Board of Supervisors appoints four of the 32 members of the board of directors. The county levied taxes of \$284,697 for the operation of the entity during the 2016 fiscal year. Complete financial statements for the Corinth-Alcorn Area Chamber of Commerce can be obtained from The Alliance, 810 Tate Street, Corinth, Mississippi 38834.

Alcorn County is a participant with the City of Corinth in a joint venture, authorized by Section 61-3-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the Corinth-Alcorn County Airport. The joint venture was created to provide an airport for the area and is governed by a five-member board of commissioners appointed as follows: Alcorn County, two; City of Corinth, two; jointly, one. Alcorn County provided \$110,000 for the operation of the entity during the 2016 fiscal year. Complete financial statements for the Corinth-Alcorn County Airport can be obtained from Corinth-Alcorn County Airport, 56 CR 613, Corinth, Mississippi 38834.

(16) Joint Ventures (Continued)

Alcorn County is a participant with the City of Corinth in a joint venture to operate the Siege and Battle of Corinth Commission. The joint venture was created to promote tourism and is governed by five commissioners. The Alcorn County Board of Supervisors and the City of Corinth Board of Aldermen each appoint two commissioners, and jointly appoint the fifth commissioner. Complete financial statements for the Siege and Battle of Corinth Commission can be obtained from P.O. Box 45, Corinth, Mississippi 38835-0045.

Alcorn County is a participant with the City of Corinth in a joint venture, authorized by Section 41-13-15, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate Magnolia Hospital. The joint venture was created to provide a community hospital for the area and is governed by a five-member board of trustees; two appointed by the county Board of Supervisors, two appointed by the city and one jointly appointed. Alcorn County provided \$27,479 for the 2016 fiscal year. Complete financial statements for the Magnolia Hospital can be obtained from Magnolia Hospital, 611 Alcorn Drive, Corinth, Mississippi 38834.

Alcorn County is a participant with the City of Corinth in a joint venture, authorized by Section 55-9-1, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the Corinth-Alcorn County Recreational Commission. The joint venture was created to provide recreational opportunities for the area and is governed by a five-member board. Each entity appoints two of the five board members and the fifth is jointly appointed. Alcorn County provided \$279,121 for the 2016 fiscal year. Complete financial statements for the Corinth-Alcorn Recreation Commission can be obtained from Corinth-Alcorn Recreation Commission, P.O. Box 699, Corinth, Mississippi 38835.

Alcorn County is a participant with the City of Corinth in a joint venture, established by local and private legislation (Senate Bill 3219), 1997 Session, to operate the Corinth Area Tourism Promotion Council. The joint venture was created to promote tourism and is governed by a seven-member board of directors. Each entity appoints one board member, the Corinth Area Restaurant Association appoints three board members and the Corinth Area Hotel-Motel-Inn-Bed and Breakfast Association appoints two board members. The joint venture is funded by a 2 percent sales tax on motel and food and beverage sales within the City of Corinth. Complete financial statements for the Corinth Area Tourism Promotion Council can be obtained from the Corinth Area Tourism Promotion Council, P.O. Box 69, Corinth, Mississippi 38835.

(17) **Jointly Governed Organizations**

The county participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

The Region IV Mental Health Services District operates in a district composed of the Counties of Alcorn, DeSoto, Prentiss, Tippah and Tishomingo. The Alcorn County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the five members of the board of commissioners. The county appropriated \$50,088 for the maintenance and support of the commission in the fiscal year 2016.

Northeast Mississippi Planning and Development District operates in a district composed of the Counties of Alcorn, Benton, Marshall, Prentiss, Tippah and Tishomingo. The Alcorn County Board of Supervisors appoints four of the 24 members of the board of directors. The county appropriated \$121,045, including tuition assistance of \$102,551, for support of the district in fiscal year 2016.

The Northeast Mississippi Community College operates in a district composed of the Counties of Alcorn, Prentiss, Tippah, Tishomingo and Union. The Alcorn County Board of Supervisors appoints two of the 15 members of the college board of trustees. The county levied \$1,006,220 in taxes for maintenance and support of the college in fiscal year 2016.

TAP Alliance (TAP) is an alliance among Tishomingo, Alcorn and Prentiss Counties and the City of Corinth, City of Booneville and City of Iuka. The county appoints two of the nine members of the board of directors, which is to be appointed by and from that county's Board of Supervisors. The county appropriated \$2,500 for the support of the alliance in fiscal year 2016.

(18) Deficit Fund Balance

The following funds reported deficits in fund balances at September 30, 2016.

Governmental Funds:

dovernmentar r unus.	
Kimberly-Clark ROW Fund	110,178
Ayrshire Grant Fund	12,140
Youth Court Grant Fund	1,565
CAP Loan Final Touch	136,649
Avectus Grant Fund	4,760
Reappraisal Fund	88,297
Emergency 911 Fund	503,177
Garbage and Solid Waste Fund	1,283,474
Caterpillar Project Fund	57,628
\$	2,197,868

Enterprise Fund:

Alcom County Regional	
Correctional Facility Fund	\$ 1,876,172

(19) Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

Governmental Activities

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$10,212,225) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the net difference between expected and actual experience relating to the defined benefit pension plan. The \$263,358 balance of the net deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as expense and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on defined benefit pension plan investments. The \$1,236,517 balance of the net deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as expense and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the changes in actuarial assumptions utilized in developing the net pension liability. The \$470,152 balance of the net deferred outflow of resources (consisting of deferred outflows of \$498,236 and deferred inflows of 28,084) at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as expense and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the changes in internal proportionate allocation to governmental activities and business-type activities. The \$117,997 balance of the net deferred inflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the changes in proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions. The \$244,721 balance of the net deferred inflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

Business-type Activities

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$4,576,472) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the net difference between expected and actual experience relating to the defined benefit pension plan. The \$77,121 balance of the net deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as expense and decrease restricted net position over the next 3 years.

(19) Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position (Continued)

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on defined benefit pension plan investments. The \$362,096 balance of the net deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as expense and decrease restricted net position over the next 4 years.

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the changes in actuarial assumptions utilized in developing the net pension liability. The \$145,901 balance of the net deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as expense and decrease restricted net position over the next 3 years.

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the changes in internal proportionate allocation to governmental activities and business-type activities. The \$117,997 balance of the net deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as expense and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

Unrestricted net position also includes the effect of deferring the recognition of the changes in proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions. The \$71,663 balance of the net deferred inflow of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

(20) Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Alcorn County evaluated the activity of the County through February 2, 2018, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred that require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

Subsequent to September 30, 2016, the County issued the following debt obligations:

Issue	Interest	Issue	Type of	Source of
Date	Rate	Amount	Financing	Financing
10/24/16	1.25%	\$ 600,000	Other Loan	Ad valorem taxes
11/07/16	2.56%	29,249	Capital Lease	Ad valorem taxes
12/15/16	3.00-4.00%	8,760,000	G.O. Refunding Bond	Ad valorem taxes
02/06/17	4.45%	101,384	Capital Lease	Ad valorem taxes
02/16/17	1.20-4.00%	10,055,000	Urban Renewal	User Fees
03/20/17	1.87%	500,000	Other Loan	Ad valorem taxes
04/03/17	2.00%	56,920	Capital Lease	Ad valorem taxes
04/03/17	2.00%	28,460	Capital Lease	Ad valorem taxes
05/23/17	2.32%	540,500	Capital Lease	Ad valorem taxes
06/28/17	2.33%	60,000	Capital Lease	Ad valorem taxes
10/05/17	2.05%	600,000	Other Loan	Ad valorem taxes

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Alcorn County Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_		8		(= 118)
Property taxes	\$	5,319,430	4,991,122	5,206,416	215,294
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		352,633	328,537	338,960	10,423
Fines and forfeitures		410,000	399,545	399,276	(269)
Intergovernmental revenues		1,227,737	937,408	949,804	12,396
Charges for services		280,730	279,097	279,097	-0-
Interest income		6,000	5,284	5,513	229
Miscellaneous revenues		68,000	237,530	230,805	(6,725)
Total Revenues		7,664,530	7,178,523	7,409,871	231,348
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		4,029,729	3,541,713	3,556,385	(14,672)
Public safety		2,216,283	1,610,773	1,675,115	(64,342)
Public works		110,000	110,000	110,000	-0-
Health and welfare		478,658	458,268	458,268	-0-
Culture and recreation		282,897	172,647	172,647	-0-
Conservation of natural resources		147,485	133,829	133,829	-0-
Economic Development		33,200	33,194	33,194	-0-
Debt service:					
Principal		340,086	350,590	350,590	-0-
Interest		26,192	22,143	21,324	819
Total Expenditures	_	7,664,530	6,433,157	6,511,352	(78,195)
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		-0-	745,366	898,519	153,153
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		-0-	-0-	55,662	55,662
Transfers in		213,165	219,177	54,446	(164,731)
Transfers out	_	(213,165)	(151)	(147,385)	(147,234)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	-0-	219,026	(37,277)	(256,303)
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	-0-	964,392	861,242	(103,150)
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	(378,515)	3,428,858	3,897,416	468,558
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	(378,515)	4,393,250	4,758,658	365,408

Alcorn County Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Avectus Grant Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with
	Budget	Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ -0-	21,142	1,682,621	1,661,479
Interest income	-0-	-0-	13,155	13,155
Miscellaneous revenues	-0-	174,416	-0-	(174,416)
Total Revenues	-0-	195,558	1,695,776	1,500,218
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Economic development	-0-	-0-	1,661,479	(1,661,479)
Debt service:				
Principal	-0-	-0-	74,053	(74,053)
Interest	-0-	-0-	13,155	(13,155)
Total Expenditures	-0-	-0-	1,748,687	(1,748,687)
Excess of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	-0-	195,558	(52,911)	(248,469)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Lease principal payments	-0-	-0-	74,053	74,053
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-0-	-0-	74,053	74,053
Net Change in Fund Balance	-0-	195,558	21,142	(174,416)
Fund Balances - Beginning	(7,427)	(7,427)	(7,427)	-0-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ (7,427)	188,131	13,715	(174,416)

Alcorn County Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Regional Park Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with
	 Budget	Budget	(Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 555,025	555,025	260,000	(295,025)
Interest income	 -0-	-0-	299,680	299,680
Total Revenues	 555,025	555,025	559,680	4,655
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Culture and recreation	-0-	-0-	4,393,263	(4,393,263)
Debt service:				
Principal	260,000	260,000	260,000	-0-
Interest	295,025	295,025	296,765	(1,740)
Total Expenditures	555,025	555,025	4,950,028	(4,395,003)
Excess of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 -0-	-0-	(4,390,348)	(4,390,348)
Net Change in Fund Balance	 -0-	-0-	(4,390,348)	(4,390,348)
Fund Balances - Beginning	 -0-	-0-	4,620,458	4,620,458
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ -0-	-0-	230,110	230,110

ALCORN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2016	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability		0.076494%	0.076644%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	13,663,738	11,847,651
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,893,480	4,788,273
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		279.22%	247.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.47%	61.70%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*} The amount presented for each fiscal year was determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

ALCORN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	789,649	748,568
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	l	(789,649)	(748,568)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	-0-	-0-
County's covered-employee payroll		5,013,627	4,752,786
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 9/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

ALCORN COUNTY NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

UNAUDITED

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

A. Budgetary Information

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff and the Tax Assessor and the Tax Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (non GAAP) basis and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

ALCORN COUNTY NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

UNAUDITED

C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation (Continued)

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund:

		Governmental Fund Types				
		Avectus Regi			Regional	
		General		Grant		Park
	,	Fund		Fund		Fund
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	861,242	\$	21,142	\$	(4,390,348)
Increase (Decrease)						
Net adjustments for revenue accruals		163,110		256,061		4,658,271
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals	•	(666,213)		(279,536)		-0-
GAAP Basis	\$	358,139	\$	(2,333)	\$	267,923

Pension Schedules

A. Changes of Assumptions

<u>2015</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

ALCORN COUNTY NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

UNAUDITED

B. Changes in benefit provisions

2016

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (2016 Employer contributions are developed from 2014 valuation). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 29.2 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.50 percent

Salary increase 4.25 percent to 19.50 percent, including

inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00 percent, net of pension plan

investment expense, including inflation

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

ALCORN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through	CFDA	Pass-Through	Federal
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed through the Mississippi Development Authority:			
Community Development Block Grants/State's			
Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	1130-13-002-PF-01	\$ 8,350
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Developm	ent		8,350
U.S. Department of Transportation - Federal Highway Administrati	on		
Passed through the Mississippi Department of Transportation:			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	N/A	27,780
Total U.S. Department of Transportation - Federal Highway Administration			27,780
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agenc	cy:		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	2016 EMPG	35,364
Passed through the Mississippi Office of Homeland Security:			
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	15HS002	48,514
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			83,878
Appalachian Regional Commission			
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	N/A	450,000
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	N/A	200,000
Total Appalachian Area Development			650,000 *
Total Appalachian Regional Commission			650,000
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			770,008

^{* -} Denotes major federal program

The accompanying notes are in integral part of this statement.

ALCORN COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

(1) Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Alcorn County, MS (the "County") under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements/or Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, results of operations, changes in net assets or cash flows of the County.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The County has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

OTHER INFORMATION

Alcorn County Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2016 UNAUDITED

Name	Position	Insurance Company	Bond
Lowell Hinton	Supervisors	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	5 100,000
James Voyles	Supervisors	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	100,000
Tim Mitchell	Supervisors	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	100,000
Stephen Glidewell	Supervisors	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	100,000
Jimmy Waldon	Supervisors	RLI Insurance Company	100,000
Greg Younger	Chancery Clerk	RLI Insurance Company	100,000
Greg Younger	Purchase Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	75,000
Jill Goodwin	Assistant Purchase Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Carolyn James	Receiving Clerk	FCCI Insurance Group	75,000
Eddie Clark	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Shelly Hopkins	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Keven Moss	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Anecia Miles	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Anthony Hutcheson	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Laura Lawson	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Tracy Bullard	Assistant Receiving Clerk	FCCI Insurance Group	50,000
Jerry Gifford	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Willie Justice	Inventory Control Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	75,000
Lisa Ligon	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Larry Settlemires	Assistant Receiving Clerk	FCCI Insurance Group	50,000
John C Butler	Constable	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Harry Duncan	Constable	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Joe Caldwell	Circuit Clerk	RLI Insurance Company	100,000
Ben Caldwell	Sheriff	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	100,000
Adam Rencher	Investigator	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Steven Little	Justice Court Judge	RLI Insurance Company	50,000
Jimmy McGee	Justice Court Judge	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Jone Dixon	Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Carol Derrick	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	FCCI Insurance Group	50,000
Donna Taylor	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety Co.	50,000
Cindy Davis	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	FCCI Insurance Group	50,000
Larry Ross	Tax Collector	RLI Insurance Company	100,000
Kenneth Brawner	Tax Assessor	RLI Insurance Company	50,000
Crystal Starling	Deputy Circuit Clerk	RLI Insurance Company	100,000
Heather Boyer	Deputy Circuit Clerk	RLI Insurance Company	100,000
Sherra Green	Deputy Circuit Clerk	RLI Insurance Company	100,000
Kalee Smith	Deputy Circuit Clerk	RLI Insurance Company	100,000
Leigh Stevens	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Jennifer Edwards Melissa Gaines	Deputy Tax Collector Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety Western Surety	50,000 50,000
Caroline Lancaster	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety Western Surety	50,000
Tammy Mask	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Heather Crabb	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000

SPECIAL REPORTS

J. E. VANCE & COMPANY, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Alcorn County, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Alcorn County, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the county's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 2, 2018. Our report includes an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units due to the omission of the discretely presented component units which is required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The report is qualified on the governmental activities, business-type activities, and the Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility Fund because the County did not record a liability or current year expense for other postemployment benefits as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Alcorn County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Alcorn County, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as 2016-001, 2016-002, 2016-003, 2016-004, 2016-005, 2016-006, 2016-007 and 2016-008 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Alcorn County, Mississippi's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Alcorn County's Responses to Findings

J & Vance & Company

Alcorn County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Alcorn County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion of them.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing* Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Tupelo, Mississippi February 2, 2018

J. E. VANCE & COMPANY, P.A.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Supervisors Alcorn County, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Alcorn County, Mississippi's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Alcorn County, Mississippi complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tupelo, Mississippi February 2, 2018

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISS. CODE ANN. (1972))

Members of the Board of Supervisors Alcorn County, Mississippi

We have examined Alcorn County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with the bid requirements of Section 31-7-13. Miss. Code Ann. (1972) during the year ended September 30, 2016. The Board of Supervisors of Alcorn County, Mississippi, is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Alcorn County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the county and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed certain instances of noncompliance with the aforementioned code sections. These instances of noncompliance were considered in forming our opinion on compliance. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are disclosed below:

Inventory Control Clerk.

1. Finding - The County failed to capitalize multiple state-aid road and bridge project additions. As a result, audit adjustments were necessary to correct the balance of the County's capital asset records. Adjustments to correct these errors were proposed and made to the financial statements with management's approval.

Recommendation:

The Inventory Control Clerk should implement procedures to ensure that all state aid road and bridge projects which meet the capitalization criteria are included in capital asset records.

Response:

The Inventory Control Department has developed a plan to make sure that all infrastructure improvements are capitalized as required and has set the plan in motion.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance referred to in the preceding paragraph, Alcorn County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2016.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases, and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination of the purchasing system and, in our opinion, is fairly presented when considered in relation to that examination.

Alcorn County's response to the finding included in this report was not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended for use in evaluating Alcorn County, Mississippi's compliance with the aforementioned requirements, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Tupelo, Mississippi February 2, 2018

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Alcorn County Schedule of Purchases Not Made From the Lowest Bidder For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Schedule 1

		Bid		Lowest	Reason for Accepting other than
Date	Item Purchased	Accepted	Vendor	Bid	the Lowest Bid
April 2016	Washed Gravel #57	\$ 10.35	Hoover	\$ 10.25	Not available from lowest bidder in
	Washed Gravel #7	\$ 11.35	Hoover	\$ 11.25	quantity necessary to complete
					projects on time (3-wk delay)

Alcorn County Schedule of Emergency Purchases For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Schedule 2

Our test results did not identify any emergency purchases.

Alcorn County Schedule 3 Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source For the Year Ended September 30, 2016 Schedule 3

Date	Item Purchased	Amount Paid		Vendor
FY 2016	Asphalt Emulsion	\$	210,686	Ergon Asphalt and Emulsions, Inc.

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Limited Internal Control and Compliance Review Management Report

Members of the Board of Supervisors Alcorn County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Alcorn County, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2016, we considered Alcorn County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Alcorn County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the county's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated February 2, 2018, on the financial statements of Alcorn County, Mississippi.

Due to the reduced scope, these review procedures and compliance tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

The results of our review procedures and compliance tests identified certain immaterial instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations and other matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are disclosed below:

Board of Supervisors.

1. Finding - Ten funds had deficit fund balances at year end (see Note 18).

<u>Recommendation</u> – All funds should be examined on a regular basis to see if sufficient funds are available before incurring costs. Transfers should be made to funds to keep from having deficit fund balances.

<u>Response</u> – We will monitor the funds more closely to insure when budgets are required to be amended, that amendments are made in the correct amount and avoid deficit fund balances.

Alcorn County's response to the finding included in this report was not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Tupelo, Mississippi February 2, 2018

J. & Vance & Company

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

ALCORN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:

Governmental Activities	Qualified
Business-type Activities	Qualified
Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	Adverse
General Fund	Unmodified
Avectus Grant Fund	Unmodified
Regional Park Fund	Unmodified
Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility Fund	Qualified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements?

Federal Awards

4. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

6. Any audit findings(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

7. Identification of major federal programs:

(a). CFDA # 23.002, Appalachian Area Development

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Board of Supervisors

Material Weakness

2016-001 Finding - Financial data for Crossroads Park Project not included in the general ledger.

Criteria:

Internal controls over financial reporting requires all financial data be included in the financial records.

Condition:

The financial data for the Crossroads Park Project was not properly recorded in the financial records.

Effect:

Failure to properly include financial data could result in the financial statements of the County to be misleading.

Cause:

Unknown

Recommendation:

We recommend that all financial data be properly recorded in the County's financial records.

Response:

This project will be concluded during the 2017 fiscal year. We will take steps to ensure that this does not occur again in the future.

Material Weakness

2016-002 Finding - The County should implement controls to ensure preparation of its financial statements.

Criteria:

A critical aspect of effective financial management is the preparation of accurate financial statements.

Condition:

The County's accounting records are maintained on a cash basis and the auditors assisted in the preparation of accrual entries and the financial statements. However, the County has made all management decisions including approving the accrual entries, designating an individual with a basic understanding of the financial statements and related note disclosures to oversee the financial statement preparation, evaluating the adequacy and results of the services performed, and accepting responsibility for the results of the services.

Effect:

The Board of Supervisors chose not to prepare the financial statements and related notes.

Cause:

The Board of Supervisors did not assign the preparation of the financial statements to the accounting personnel.

Recommendation:

The Board of Supervisors should establish adequate controls and procedures to ensure that the financial statements and note disclosures are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Response

Like many small to medium sized counties, Alcorn County must rely heavily for assistance on our contract auditors. We will continue our efforts to achieve a goal of excellence in our accounting procedures, with the ultimate goal of preparing our own financial statements.

Material Weakness

2016-003 Finding - Financial data for component units not included in the financial statements.

Criteria:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for the County's component units to be included in the financial data of the County unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that includes the financial data for its component units. The County has not issued such reporting entity financial statements.

Condition:

The financial statements of the County do not include the financial data of the County's legally separate component units.

Effect:

The failure to include the financial statements of the component units could result in the financial statements of the County to be misleading.

Cause:

The County chose not to include the financial statements of its component units.

Recommendation:

In order for the County to comply with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the County should include the County's component units.

Response:

Alcorn County Human Resources Agency issues a separate audited financial statement. The County did not choose to include the component units in the County financial statements. The Board does not believe the financial statements are misleading without the component units included.

Material Weakness

2016-004 Finding – The County should implement controls to ensure that infrastructure improvements are capitalized.

Criteria:

An effective system of internal controls should include adequate subsidiary records documenting amounts to be capitalized for state aid road and bridge projects.

Condition:

The County failed to capitalize multiple state-aid road and bridge project additions. As a result, audit adjustments were necessary to correct the balance of the County's capital asset records. Adjustments to correct these errors were proposed and made to the financial statements with management's approval.

Effect:

The failure to implement a proper inventory control system over state aid road and bridge projects resulted in the reporting of inaccurate amounts on the capital asset reports which increases the possibility of the loss or misappropriation of assets.

Cause:

The lack of adequate controls over state aid road and bridge projects in the inventory control system.

Recommendation:

The Inventory Control Clerk should implement procedures to ensure that all state aid road and bridge projects which meet the capitalization criteria are included in capital asset records.

Response:

The Inventory Control Department has developed a plan to make sure that all infrastructure improvements are capitalized as required and has set the plan in motion.

Material Weakness

2016-005 Finding -The County failed to pay the Alcorn County Regional Jail for housing the County inmates.

Criteria:

Alcorn County is required to pay the Alcorn County Regional Jail monthly for the housing of county inmates.

Condition:

Alcorn County did not pay to the Alcorn County Regional Jail the amount billed for housing the County inmates in the amount of \$2,294,005 thru September 30, 2016.

Effect:

Failure to properly pay for the housing of inmates could result in a lack of funds to cover the cost of operations.

Cause:

The County has not been making these payments due to serious cash flow problems in recent years, which continue at this time.

Recommendation:

We recommend that Alcorn County make the monthly payments for the housing of inmates and pay the past due amounts as soon as possible.

Response:

We have begun making these payments during the 2018 fiscal year and plan to continue doing so.

Material Weakness

2016-006 Finding - Controls surrounding cash maintenance should be strengthened.

Criteria:

Section 19-13-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), prohibits the signing of warrants or the delivery of warrants until there is sufficient money in the fund upon which it is drawn to pay the same. Warrants were issued on funds which did not have sufficient money to pay the warrants.

Condition:

The Garbage and Solid Waste Fund, Kimberly Clark ROW Fund, Final Touch Cap Loan Fund, Emergency-911 Fund, Caterpillar DIP Fund, Ayrshire Grant Fund, Reappraisal Fund and the Alcorn County Regional Correctional Faculty Fund had deficit cash balances for the period ended September 30, 2016. This causes money from other funds to be used to pay the warrants. Expenditures have exceeded revenues collected.

Recommendation:

The Board of Supervisors should ensure that no warrants are written on funds when cash is not available to pay the same.

Response:

The County has made progress in correcting this issue and will continue to do so moving forward.

Material Weakness

<u>2016-007 Finding - Liability for postemployment benefits not recorded and note disclosures for postemployment benefits not reported.</u>

Criteria:

GASB Statement 45 requires the County to report on an accrual basis the liability associated with other postemployment benefits.

Condition:

The County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits nor reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The failure to include the accrual of the other postemployment benefits liability could result in the financial statements of the County to be misleading. The County did not have an annual actuarial valuation.

Recommendation:

The Board of Supervisors should have an actuarial valuation performed annually so that the liability for the other postemployment benefits can be recorded and appropriate note disclosures can be made.

Response:

The Board believes the liability associated with the Plan would be immaterial to the financial statements.

Material Weakness

<u>2016-008 Finding – The County failed to maintain sufficient records regarding ad valorem tax exemptions resulting in continued exemptions beyond the allowable period.</u>

Criteria:

Section 27-31-107, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) *Applications for exemptions* require the board of supervisors, by resolution, to enter on its minutes declaring whether an application for ad valorem tax exemption is approved, and upon approval, to submit such application to the Mississippi Department of Revenue for final certification. After receipt of the final certification, Section 27-31-109, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) *Granting of exemptions* require the board of supervisors to enter an order on its minutes declaring that such property is exempted, and the date when such exemption begins and expires, and the chancery clerk shall record such application in his office for that purpose.

Condition:

The County did not maintain complete and accurate records of ad valorem tax exemptions which allowed certain exemptions to continue beyond the allowable period before discovery.

Recommendation:

The Board of Supervisors should ensure that complete and accurate records of ad valorem tax exemptions are maintained and should also ensure that no such exemption is allowed to continue beyond the allowable period.

Response:

We have taken steps to collect remedies for the ad valorem tax exemptions which were allowed to continue beyond the allowable period and will ensure that all ad valorem tax exemptions are maintained in accordance with recordkeeping requirements moving forward.

Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to federal awards.