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Hinds County, Mississippi Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016



HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

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HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

FINANCIAL SECTION



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Supervisors Hinds County, Mississippi Jackson, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hinds County, Mississippi (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Hinds County Economic Development Authority (the Authority), a discretely presented component unit, which represents 44%, 40% and 7%, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units column. We also did not audit the financial statements of Hinds County Mental Health Commission (the Commission), a discretely presented component unit, which represents 56%, 60% and 93%, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units column. The financial statements of these entities were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for these entities, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hinds County, Mississippi as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in its financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the General Fund's budgetary comparison schedule, retiree health plan information and pension information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Surety Bonds, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2017, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BKD,LIP

Jackson, Mississippi June 30, 2017

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS SECTION

The Management's Discussion and Analysis by Hinds County, Mississippi (the County) is designed to do the following (a) give a summary of the County's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2016, (b) indicate any major financial issues, (c) show changes in the County's financial position, and (d) identify any significant variations from the County's financial plan (the original budget). This discussion and analysis by management is structured to highlight the fiscal year being audited. The financial statements and the notes to these statements give a more precise understanding of the County's financial picture.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is a requirement from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which issues the standards for accounting for state and local governments. As a part of the many changes brought about by GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, management is required to write a discussion and analysis for the purposes of making county government financial statements more like business statements which outline economic gain and loss.

Using the Annual Report

The following discussion is intended to describe the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

• **Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to give you a business like overview of the County's financial activities.

The focus of the Statement of Net Position is intended to be similar to the bottom line for the County and its governmental activities. It presents financial information on all the County's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources, with the difference being reported as net position. From year to year, you can use the increases and decreases in net position as a possible indicator of the financial health of the County. You will be able to tell if it is improving, staying the same or weakening.

Component units are other governmental units over which the County (the Board of Supervisors as a group) can exercise influence and/or be obligated to provide financial assistance. These units are presented as separate columns in the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities is based on the gross and net cost of various activities. These are comprised of activities of government and component units, which are provided by the government's general tax and other revenues. The intent of this statement is to provide a summary of the cost analysis of the various government services.

Governmental activities of the County are comprised of general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, economic development and assistance, and interest on long-term debt. General government includes the basic services for operating the government, collecting taxes, appraising property, building inspections, supervisors, chancery and circuit clerks, and operation of the courts. Public safety includes the Sheriff, emergency management, and fire services, while Public Works include the maintenance and construction of roads and bridges.

• **Fund Financial Statements**. The focus is on major funds rather than fund types. A fund is used to group related accounts for financial purposes or legal compliance. The funds of the County are divided into governmental and fiduciary funds.

Government funds account for basically the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental

funds financial statements focus on current financial sources and uses. This is the manner in which the County's financial plan or budget is typically developed. Governmental funds include general, special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds.

- Fiduciary Funds. These funds are used to account for trust responsibilities of the government.
- Agency Funds. These funds account for various taxes, deposits, and other monies collected or held by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

Hinds County follows the *Mississippi County Financial Accounting Manual* to set up and maintain funds. The County adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. As required supplementary information, this report includes a budgetary comparison statement for the general fund.

Effective October 1, 2014, the County adopted the new accounting and financial reporting guidance included in GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB No. 27*, and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. This adoption required the County revise and establish new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. The County provides its employees with pension benefits through the Mississippi Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), a multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit retirement program administered by PERS. GASB 68 requires employers participating in multiple-employer cost-sharing plans, such as PERS, to record their proportionate share, as defined in GASB 68, of PERS' unfunded pension liability. The County has no legal obligation to fund this shortfall nor does it have any ability to affect funding, benefit, or annual required contribution decisions made by PERS.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statements of Net Position

The following statements reflect the condensed Statements of Net Position at September 30, 2016 and 2015.

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Current assets	\$ 103,492,824	\$ 93,687,551
Noncurrent assets	136,519,081	129,703,320
Total assets	240,011,905	223,390,871
Deferred outflows of resources	16,121,074	11,337,409
Current liabilities	31,728,606	23,253,550
Long-term liabilities	146,730,528	127,047,514
Total liabilities	178,459,134	150,301,064
Deferred inflows of resources	48,910,923	48,883,542
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	95,668,079	94,882,067
Restricted	7,897,987	8,844,091
Unrestricted	(74,803,144)	(68,182,484)
Total net position	\$ 28,762,922	\$ 35,543,674

There are normal financial transactions that affect the Statements of Net Position.

- Net Results of Activities This will either increase/decrease current assets and unrestricted assets. During FY 2016, net position decreased by \$6.8 million from FY 2015.
- Borrowing for Capital This will increase financial assets and long-term liabilities. During FY 2016, the County paid down \$11.9 million for capital projects. Capital related long-term debt increased overall by \$7.2 million.
- Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital This will reduce financial assets and increase capital assets. This will also increase the net investment in capital assets, which will not change total net position. In 2016, the County spent approximately \$9.2 million of debt proceeds on capital projects.
- Spending of Nonborrowed Current Assets on New Capital This will reduce current assets, increase capital assets, reduce unrestricted assets, and increase net investment in capital assets. The County spent \$7.1 million of nonborrowed cash on new capital assets during 2016.
- Principal Payment on Debt This will reduce current assets, reduce long-term debt, reduce unrestricted net position, and increase net investment in capital assets. The County reduced principal on long-term debt by \$11.9 million through scheduled repayments and a refunding bond issuance.
- Reduction of Capital Assets Through Depreciation This will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets. This is a noncash expense. The County recorded depreciation of \$6.3 million in FY 2016.

Changes in Net Position

Hinds County's total revenue for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 was \$83.4 million, as compared to \$84.7 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The total cost of services provided by the County was \$90.2 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, as compared to \$85.2 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, as compared to \$85.2 million for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, as compared to \$85.2 million for the fiscal year ended september 30, 2018. The County had a decrease in net position of \$6.8 million related to a 1.5% decrease in revenue, while expenditures increased by 5.8%.

The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015.

Statement of Activities

		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Revenues:			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$	10,470,733	\$ 9,148,411
Operating grants and contributions		6,278,233	5,767,332
Capital grants and contributions		3,065,222	1,787,579
General revenues			
Property taxes	:	56,884,322	56,553,998
Road and bridge privilege tax		2,763,859	2,687,846
Grants and contributions not restricted		2,761,588	2,931,379
Unrestricted interest income		111,671	110,864
Gain related to derivative instrument		-	5,294,147
Miscellaneous		1,099,977	 424,903
Total revenues		83,435,605	 84,706,459
Expenses: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation of natural resources Economic development and assistance Interest on long-term debt Total expenses		34,079,627 36,072,087 11,708,530 2,463,739 1,881,214 271,575 1,622,518 2,117,067 90,216,357	 30,763,880 33,164,410 12,317,695 2,824,080 1,888,125 289,111 2,143,152 1,847,037 85,237,490
Change in net position		(6,780,752)	 (531,031)
Net position, beginning		35,543,674	 100,922,849
Adjustment for adoption of new accounting standard			 (64,848,144)
Net position, beginning as restated		35,543,674	 36,074,705
Net position, ending	\$ 2	28,762,922	\$ 35,543,674

Governmental Activities

The following table presents the cost of eight major services provided by the County. These are general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, economic development and assistance, and interest on long-term debt.

Cost of Major Services for the Taxpayers

	2016							
Program		Total Costs		Revenues		Net Costs		
General government	\$	34,079,627	\$	5,456,776	\$	28,622,851		
Public safety		36,072,087		8,237,550		27,834,537		
Public works		11,708,530		5,687,959		6,020,571		
Health and welfare		2,463,739		344,288		2,119,451		
Culture and recreation		1,881,214		61,028		1,820,186		
Conservation of natural resources		271,575		-		271,575		
Economic development and assistance		1,622,518		26,587		1,595,931		
Interest on long-term debt		2,117,067		-		2,117,067		

	2015							
Program		Total Costs	-	Revenues	Net Costs			
General government	\$	30,763,880	\$	5,512,431	\$ 25,251,449			
Public safety		33,164,410		6,658,705	26,505,705			
Public works		12,317,695		3,881,185	8,436,510			
Health and welfare		2,824,080		589,219	2,234,861			
Culture and recreation		1,888,125		61,782	1,826,343			
Conservation of natural resources		289,111		-	289,111			
Economic development and assistance		2,143,152		-	2,143,152			
Interest on long-term debt		1,847,037		-	1,847,037			

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As of year-end, the governmental funds reported, as audited, a fund balance of \$33.0 million. This is a decrease of \$30.0 million from the prior year's fund balance of \$36.0 million, which is due to the decrease in general government revenue.

The General Fund, the County's primary operating fund, had an ending fund balance of \$11.6 million, a decrease of \$0.3 million from the prior year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2016, the County had a total of \$213 million invested in a variety of depreciable capital assets. The largest investments in depreciable capital assets are in roads and bridges (infrastructure) with a total of \$92.0 million (43%). Roads and bridges and other infrastructure are included, as required by GASB 34, in the County's financial records. GASB also requires depreciation, a noncash expense, to be recorded. Accumulated depreciation was \$114 million at September 30, 2016.

The County's total capital assets, net of depreciation, total \$127 million, compared to a prior year net balance of \$117 million.

Debt

At September 30, 2016, the County had \$50.9 million in outstanding long-term debt, exclusive of premiums. This includes general obligation bonds, limited obligation bonds, grant obligations, capital leases and other loans. This is \$6.1 million more than the prior year of \$44.8 million.

The State of Mississippi limits the amount of debt counties can issue to 20% of total assessed value. During FY 2016, Hinds County was at 2.1%, well below its current limit.

Long-term Debt As of September 30, 2016

	Balance 10/1/2015		_	Additions		Reductions		Balance 09/30/16
Governmental Activities:								
General obligation bonds	\$	36,185,000	\$	8,190,000	\$	(4,415,000)	\$	39,960,000
Limited obligation bonds		305,000		-		(113,000)		192,000
Capital leases		1,707,523		9,151,900		(656,183)		10,203,240
Other loans		6,642,970		645,133		(6,741,854)		546,249
Total	\$	44,840,493	\$	17,987,033	\$	(11,926,037)	\$	50,901,489

Budget - Original vs. Final

The following is a review of the significant changes from the original budget to the final for the major governmental funds. The County's budget is a financial plan for the various departments and their management to follow during the year. This plan is made in the summer before the fiscal year starts in October. These estimates and projections change as the year progresses. Some changes to the budget are made by budget amendments, and the remainder is amended at the end of the year to reflect actual revenue received and expenditures made.

Budget Analysis Summary

	Ori	iginal Budget	F	inal Budget	Variance Between Original and Final Budgets		(Actual Budgetary Basis)	Be	Variance tween Final udget and Actual
General Fund										
Revenues	\$	54,672,519	\$	55,167,006	\$	494,487	\$	57,671,156	\$	2,504,150
Expenditures		59,151,816		62,233,907		3,082,091		58,272,961		3,960,946
Other financing sources										
(uses)		(370,989)		(712,435)		(341,446)		(421,908)		290,527

The general fund revenue was running about 4.5% ahead of budget. This was primarily due to increased collections in taxes, the County's major source of revenue, and an increase in fines and forfeitures. On the expenditure side, the County was able to hold expenditures below budget by approximately 6.4%. Restructuring in various departments resulted in the savings.

Financial Contact

The County's financial statements are designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability and fiduciary responsibilities for the funds it receives and the services it provides. If you have any questions or need any additional information, please contact County Administrator Carmen Y. Davis, 316 South President Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or (601) 968-6501.

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position September 30, 2016

Governmental Activities Economic Authority Mental Health Authority ASSETS Cash 5 27,499,339 5 33,2277 5 3,143,323 5 3,475,600 Property tax receivable 5 27,499,339 5 33,2277 5 3,143,323 5 3,475,600 Property tax receivable 5 22,622,366 800,200 35,742 835,942 Intergovernmental receivables 22,622,366 800,200 35,742 835,942 Prepadi toms 53,811,133 35,962,137 11,210,470 11,262,966 - Total Assets 240,011,005 7,861,914 10,131,370 11,209,470 Total Assets 240,011,005 7,861,914 10,131,370 11,209,470 Total Assets 243,510 53,165 521,251 574,416 Champs public 2,553,758 5,670,366 - - Accrued interst payable 35,794 - - - Accrued interst payable 35,794,814 - - -		Primary Government			
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Cash S 27,99,39 S 332,277 S 3,143,323 S 3,475,600 Fines receivable (nd followance for uncollectibles of \$15,048,817) 552,565 - - - Intergovernmental receivables 3,611,133 207,611 844,792 1,052,403 Other receivables 22,622,396 800,200 35,742 83,542 Capital assets, net 126,504,481 1,014,600 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 Deferred charge - boand refunding 230,324 - - - - Total Deferred Outflows related to pension 15,190,750 - - - - Deferred outflows related to pension 15,190,750 - - - - Camounts heid in custody for others 3,075,102 - - - - Camounts heid in custody for others 3,075,102 - - - - Camounts heid in custody for others 3,075,102 - - - - Camounts heid in custody for others <					
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Fines receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$15.048.17) 552.565 - - - Intergovernmental receivables 3.611.133 207.611 844.792 1.052.403 Other receivables 22,622.396 800.200 35.742 835.942 Prepaid items 533.851 1.797 145.376 147.173 Restricted cash 10.014.600 1.262.696 - 1.262.696 Capital assets, net 1.262.694 5.267.333 5.962.137 1.219.470 Total Assets 240.011.905 7.861.914 10.131.370 17.993.284 DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 240.011.905 - - - Total Deferred Outflows related to pension 15.190.750 - - - Total Deferred Outflows related to pension 15.190.750 - - - Capital assets 2.543.196 53.165 521.251 574.416 Amounts held in custody for others 3.075.102 - - - Accrued interest payable 18.75.948 - 3.735 <td></td> <td>. , , ,</td> <td>\$ 332,277</td> <td>\$ 3,143,323 \$</td> <td>3,475,600</td>		. , , ,	\$ 332,277	\$ 3,143,323 \$	3,475,600
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Intergovernmental receivables 3.611,133 207,611 844,792 1.052,003 Other receivables 22.622,306 800,200 35,742 835,942 Prepaid items 533,851 1,797 145,376 147,173 Restricted cash 10,014,600 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 Capital assets 240,011,905 7,861,914 10,131,370 17,993,284 DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pension 930,324 - - Total Deferred outflows of Resources 16,121,074 - - - Claims payable 2,543,196 53,165 521,251 574,416 Amounts held in custody for others 3,075,102 - - - Intergovernmental payable 18,459 - - - Capital debt 2,963,934 494,100 494,100 A94,100 Noncapital debt 76,615 226,786 26,6786 - - Capital debt 762,615 226,786 26,786 - - <td></td> <td>552,565</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		552,565	_	-	-
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Prepaid items 533,851 1,797 145,376 147,173 Restricted cash 10014.600 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 - 1,262,696 -			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	
Capital assets, net Total Assets 126,504,481 5,257,333 5,962,137 11,219,470 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 240,011,905 7,861,914 10,131,370 17,993,284 Deferred outflows related to pension 930,324 - - - Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 16,121,074 - - - LIABILITIES Claims payable 25,533,758 5,670,366 - 5,670,366 - 5,670,366 - 5,670,366 -	Prepaid items		1,797	145,376	
Total Assets 240,011,905 7,861,914 10,131,370 17,993,284 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 15,190,750 -	-	10,014,600		-	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pension 15,190,750 -	Capital assets, net				
Deferred outflows related to pension 15,190,750 - </td <td>Total Assets</td> <td>240,011,905</td> <td>7,861,914</td> <td>10,131,370</td> <td>17,993,284</td>	Total Assets	240,011,905	7,861,914	10,131,370	17,993,284
Deferred outflows related to pension 15,190,750 - </td <td>DEFERRED OUTELOWS OF RESOURCES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	DEFERRED OUTELOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred charge - bond refunding 930,324 -		15 190 750	-	-	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 16,121,074 - - - LLABILITIES 2,543,196 53,165 521,251 574,416 Amounts held in custody for others 3,075,102 - - - Intergovernmental payables 25,553,758 5,670,366 - 5,670,366 Matured bonds and interest payable 18,459 - - - Accrued interest payable 35,75,948 - 33,735 33,735 Unearned revenue 180,143 - - - Due within one year: 2,963,934 - 494,100 494,100 Noncapital debt 762,615 - 226,786 226,786 Claims and judgments payable 375,000 - - - Due in more than one year: - - - - Capital debt 38,989,067 - 5,593,004 5,593,004 Postemployment benefit obligation 2,163,917 - - - Noncapital debt 12,143,501 90,37			-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
Amounts held in custody for others $3,075,102$ - - <th< td=""><td></td><td>2 5 4 2 10 6</td><td>52 1/5</td><td>521.251</td><td>574 416</td></th<>		2 5 4 2 10 6	52 1/5	521.251	574 416
Intergovernmental payables 25,553,758 5,670,366 - 5,670,366 Matured bonds and interest payable 18,459 - <			53,105	521,251	5/4,416
Matured bonds and interest payable $18,459$ - -			5 670 266	-	-
Accrued interest payable $357,948$ - $33,735$ $33,735$ Unearned revenue $180,143$ - - - Long-term liabilities - - - - Due within one year: - 2,963,934 - 494,100 494,100 Noncapital debt 762,615 - 226,786 226,786 Claims and judgments payable 375,000 - - - Due in more than one year: - - - - - Capital debt 38,989,067 - 5,593,004 5,593,004 Postemployment benefit obligation 2,163,917 - - - - Noncapital debt 12,143,501 - 90,375 90,375 90,375 Net pension liability $89,332,494$ - - - - - Total Liabilities 178,459,134 $5,723,531$ $6,959,251$ 12,682,782 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - - - - - - - Net investment in capital assets 95,668,079		· · ·	5,070,500	-	3,070,300
Unearned revenue 180,143 -		· · · · · ·	-	33 735	33 735
Long-term liabilities Due within one year: Capital debt 2,963,934 - 494,100 494,100 Noncapital debt 762,615 - 226,786 226,786 Claims and judgments payable 375,000 - - - Due in more than one year: - - - - - Capital debt 38,989,067 - 5,593,004 5,593,004 - - - Capital debt 38,989,067 - 5,593,004 5,593,004 - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>			-		
Due within one year: Capital debt2,963,934-494,100494,100Noncapital debt762,615-226,786226,786Claims and judgments payable375,000Due in more than one year: Capital debt38,989,067-5,593,0045,593,004Postemployment benefit obligation2,163,917Norcapital debt12,143,50190,37590,375Net pension liability89,332,494Total Liabilities178,459,1345,723,5316,959,25112,682,782DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions237,383Total Deferred Inflows of Resources48,673,540Total Deferred Inflows of Resources48,910,923NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets95,668,079978,347(124,967)853,380Restricted:Expendable:Public safety4,570,012Public works2,105,344Health and welfare126,018390,753390,753390,753Culture and recreation478,845Debt service525,050Debt service525,050Unrestricted(74,803,144)1,160,0362,906,3334,066,369 <td></td> <td>100,145</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		100,145			
Capital debt2,963,934-494,100494,100Noncapital debt762,615-226,786226,786Claims and judgments payable375,000Due in more than one year:Capital debt38,989,067-5,593,0045,593,004Postemployment benefit obligation2,163,917Noncapital debt12,143,501-90,37590,375Net pension liability89,332,494Total Liabilities178,459,1345,723,5316,959,25112,682,782DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred inflows related to pensions237,383Total Deferred Inflows of Resources48,910,923NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets95,668,079978,347(124,967)853,380Restricted:Expendable:Public works2,105,344Health and welfare126,018-390,753390,753Culture and recreation478,845Debt service525,050Debt service525,050Unrestricted(74,803,144)1,160,0362,906,3334,066,369 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2,963,934	-	494,100	494,100
Claims and judgments payable $375,000$ - - - Due in more than one year: $38,989,067$ - $5,593,004$ $5,593,004$ Capital debt $2,163,917$ - $-$ - Noncapital debt $12,143,501$ - $90,375$ $90,375$ Net pension liability $89,332,494$ - - - Total Liabilities $178,459,134$ $5,723,531$ $6,959,251$ $12,682,782$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES $178,459,134$ $5,723,531$ $6,959,251$ $12,682,782$ DEFERRED INFLOWS of RESOURCES $237,383$ - - - Property taxes $48,673,540$ - - - Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $48,910,923$ - - - NET POSITION Restricted: Expendable: - - - - Public safety $4,570,012$ - - - - - - Health and welfare $126,018$ - 390,753 390,753 390,753 - - -		· · ·	-	· · · · ·	,
Capital debt $38,989,067$ - $5,593,004$ $5,593,004$ Postemployment benefit obligation $2,163,917$ Noncapital debt $12,143,501$ - $90,375$ $90,375$ Net pension liability $89,332,494$ Total Liabilities $178,459,134$ $5,723,531$ $6,959,251$ $12,682,782$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred inflows related to pensions $237,383$ Property taxes $48,673,540$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $48,910,923$ NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets $95,668,079$ $978,347$ $(124,967)$ $853,380$ Restricted:Expendable:Public safety $4,570,012$ Public works $2,105,344$ Health and welfare $126,018$ -390,753390,753Culture and recreation $478,845$ Debt service $525,050$ Unrestricted $(74,803,144)$ $1,160,036$ $2,906,333$ $4,066,369$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-
Postemployment benefit obligation $2,163,917$ - -	Due in more than one year:				
Noncapital debt $12,143,501$ - $90,375$ $90,375$ Net pension liability $89,332,494$ Total Liabilities $178,459,134$ $5,723,531$ $6,959,251$ $12,682,782$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred inflows related to pensions $237,383$ Property taxes $48,673,540$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $48,910,923$ NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets $95,668,079$ $978,347$ $(124,967)$ $853,380$ Restricted:Public safety $4,570,012$ Public works $2,105,344$ Health and welfare $126,018$ - $390,753$ $390,753$ Culture and recreation $478,845$ Economic development $92,718$ Debt service $525,050$ Unrestricted $(74,803,144)$ $1,160,036$ $2,906,333$ $4,066,369$	Capital debt	38,989,067	-	5,593,004	5,593,004
Net pension liability Total Liabilities $89,332,494$ $178,459,134$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions $237,383$ $48,673,540$ Property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $48,673,540$ $48,910,923$ NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets $95,668,079$ $2,105,344$ $978,347$ $2,105,344$ $(124,967)$ $390,753$ $853,380$ $853,380$ $853,380$ 753 Restricted: Expendable: Public works $2,105,344$ $2,105,344$ Health and welfare Economic development Debt service $126,018$ $22,718$ $390,753$ $2525,050$ -Unrestricted $(74,803,144)$ $1,160,036$ $2,906,333$ $4,066,369$		2,163,917	-	-	-
Total Liabilities $178,459,134$ $5,723,531$ $6,959,251$ $12,682,782$ DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions $237,383$ $48,673,540$ Property taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $48,673,540$ $48,910,923$ NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets $95,668,079$ $978,347$ $978,347$ $(124,967)$ $853,380$ $853,380$ Restricted: Expendable: Public safety $4,570,012$ $126,018$ Health and welfare Economic development Debt service $92,718$ $922,718$ Unrestricted $(74,803,144)$ $1,160,036$ $2,906,333$ $4,066,369$			-	90,375	90,375
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions237,383-Property taxes $48,673,540$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $48,910,923$ NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets $95,668,079$ $978,347$ $(124,967)$ $853,380$ Restricted: Expendable: Public safety $4,570,012$ Public safety $4,570,012$ Health and welfare $126,018$ -390,753390,753Culture and recreation $478,845$ Debt service $525,050$ Unrestricted $(74,803,144)$ $1,160,036$ $2,906,333$ $4,066,369$				-	-
Deferred inflows related to pensions $237,383$ Property taxes $48,673,540$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $48,910,923$ NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets $95,668,079$ $978,347$ $(124,967)$ $853,380$ Restricted:Expendable:Public safety $4,570,012$ Public works $2,105,344$ Health and welfare $126,018$ - $390,753$ $390,753$ Culture and recreation $478,845$ Debt service $525,050$ Unrestricted $(74,803,144)$ $1,160,036$ $2,906,333$ $4,066,369$	Total Liabilities	178,459,134	5,723,531	6,959,251	12,682,782
Deferred inflows related to pensions $237,383$ Property taxes $48,673,540$ Total Deferred Inflows of Resources $48,910,923$ NET POSITIONNet investment in capital assets $95,668,079$ $978,347$ $(124,967)$ $853,380$ Restricted:Expendable:Public safety $4,570,012$ Public works $2,105,344$ Health and welfare $126,018$ - $390,753$ $390,753$ Culture and recreation $478,845$ Debt service $525,050$ Unrestricted $(74,803,144)$ $1,160,036$ $2,906,333$ $4,066,369$	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		237,383	-	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 48,910,923 - <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	-		-	-	-
Net investment in capital assets 95,668,079 978,347 (124,967) 853,380 Restricted: Expendable: - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>			-	-	-
Net investment in capital assets 95,668,079 978,347 (124,967) 853,380 Restricted: Expendable: - <td>NET DOGITION</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	NET DOGITION				
Restricted: Expendable: Public safety 4,570,012 - - - Public safety 2,105,344 - - - - Health and welfare 126,018 - 390,753 390,753 Culture and recreation 478,845 - - - Economic development 92,718 - - - Debt service 525,050 - - - Unrestricted (74,803,144) 1,160,036 2,906,333 4,066,369		05 ((0.070	079 247	(124.0(7))	952 200
Expendable: 4,570,012 -	*	95,008,079	9/8,54/	(124,907)	855,580
Public safety 4,570,012 -					
Public works 2,105,344 -	1	4 570 012	_		
Health and welfare 126,018 - 390,753 390,753 Culture and recreation 478,845 - - - Economic development 92,718 - - - Debt service 525,050 - - - Unrestricted (74,803,144) 1,160,036 2,906,333 4,066,369		· · ·	-	-	-
Culture and recreation 478,845 - - - Economic development 92,718 - - - Debt service 525,050 - - - Unrestricted (74,803,144) 1,160,036 2,906,333 4,066,369			-	390 753	390 753
Economic development 92,718 - <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>		,	-	-	
Debt service 525,050 -			-	-	-
Unrestricted (74,803,144) 1,160,036 2,906,333 4,066,369	1		-	-	-
	Unrestricted	· · · · · ·	1,160,036	2,906,333	4,066,369
	Total Net Position	\$ 28,762,922	\$ 2,138,383	\$ 3,172,119 \$	5,310,502

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Program Revenues			Net (Ex	penses) Revenues a	and Changes in Net Po	osition
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities	Economic Development Authority	Component Units Mental Health Commission	Total
Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Culture and recreation Conservation of natural resources Economic development and assistance Interest on long-term debt Total Governmental Activities	\$ 34,079,627 36,072,087 11,708,530 2,463,739 1,881,214 271,575 1,622,518 2,117,067 90,216,357	\$ 4,785,418 5,614,888 9,399 61,028 - - - - - - - -	\$ 671,358 2,577,069 2,658,931 344,288 - 26,587 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 45,593 3,019,629 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ (28,622,851) (27,834,537) (6,020,571) (2,119,451) (1,820,186) (271,575) (1,595,931) (2,117,067) (70,402,169)			
Total Primary Government Component unit: Hinds County Economic Development Authority Hinds County Mental Health Commission Total Component Units	\$ 90,216,357 \$ 1,247,856 11,286,022 \$ 12,533,878	\$ 10,470,733 \$ - 10,421,693 \$ 10,421,693	\$ 6,278,233 \$ 1,251,859 \$ 1,251,859	\$ 3,065,222 \$ - <u>-</u> \$ -	(70,402,169)	\$ 4,003 	\$ (864,329) (864,329)	\$ 4,003 (864,329) (860,326)
	Property taxes Road and bridge Grants and contr	Road and bridge privilege taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted interest income				6,675 14,400	1,279,985 - 164 13,404	1,279,985 - - 6,839 27,804
	Total General	Revenues			63,621,417	21,075	1,293,553	1,314,628
	Change in net pos	sition			(6,780,752)	25,078	429,224	454,302
	Net position - beg	inning of year, as	previously reporte	d	35,543,674	2,113,305	2,735,432	4,848,737
	Prior period adjus	stment					7,463	7,463
	Net position - beg	inning of year, as	restated		35,543,674	2,113,305	2,742,895	4,856,200
	Net position - end	l of year			\$ 28,762,922	\$ 2,138,383	\$ 3,172,119	\$ 5,310,502

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2016

	Major Fund General Fund				
			Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	<u> </u>		â		
Cash	\$	16,545,934	\$	20,968,005	\$ 37,513,939
Property tax receivable Fines receivable (net of allowance for		38,477,899		10,195,641	48,673,540
uncollectibles of \$15,048,817)		552,565			552,565
Intergovernmental receivables		1,349,620		2,261,513	3,611,133
Other receivables		20,311,859		2,201,513	22,622,396
Due from other funds		20,311,639		385,592	385,592
Advances to other funds		479,793		2,140,000	2,619,793
Prepaid items		418,127		115,724	533,851
Total Assets	\$	78,135,797	\$	38,377,012	\$ 116,512,809
1011115505	Ψ	70,155,171	ψ	56,577,012	\$ 110,512,007
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALAN Liabilities:	ICES				
Claims payable	\$	853,815	\$	1,689,381	\$ 2,543,196
Amounts held in custody for others		3,075,102		-	3,075,102
Intergovernmental payables		23,249,466		2,304,292	25,553,758
Due to other funds		385,592		-	385,592
Advances from other funds		-		2,619,793	2,619,793
Matured bonds and interest payable		-		18,459	18,459
Unearned revenue		-	_	180,143	180,143
Total Liabilities		27,563,975		6,812,068	34,376,043
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		38,477,899		10,195,641	48,673,540
Unavailable revenue - fines		463,646		-	463,646
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		38,941,545	_	10,195,641	49,137,186
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Advances to other funds		479,793		2,140,000	2,619,793
Prepaid items		418,127		115,724	533,851
Restricted for:		,		,	,
General government		-		62,549	62,549
Public safety		-		2,447,378	2,447,378
Public works		-		2,099,112	2,099,112
Health and welfare		-		126,018	126,018
Culture and recreation		-		478,845	478,845
Economic development		-		98,950	98,950
Capital projects		-		8,897,936	8,897,936
Debt service		-		989,979	989,979
Committed to:					
General government		-		2,270,812	2,270,812
Public safety		-		1,210,121	1,210,121
Economic development		-		45,109	45,109
Capital projects		-		497,651	497,651
Unassigned		10,732,357		(110,881)	10,621,476
Total Fund Balances		11,630,277		21,369,303	32,999,580
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	78,135,797	\$	38,377,012	\$ 116,512,809

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2016	Exhibit 3-1
	Amount
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 32,999,580
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$113,796,514.	126,504,481
Other long-term assets, such as fines receivable, are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are unearned in the funds.	463,646
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension reported in governmental activities are not a financial resource and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	15,190,750
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(144,566,611)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(357,948)
Postemployment benefits are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(2,163,917)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(237,383)
Deferred charges on bond refinancing are not recognized in the funds and amortized in government-wide statements.	930,324
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 28,762,922

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Major Fund		
		Other	Total
	General	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 44,346,591	\$ 12,536,718	\$ 56,883,309
Road and bridge privilege taxes	-	2,763,859	2,763,859
Licenses, commissions and other	3,533,770	82,942	3,616,712
Fines and forfeitures	1,447,674	1,653,615	3,101,289
Intergovernmental	4,957,054	7,147,047	12,104,101
Charges for services	899,634	2,834,590	3,734,224
Interest income	56,203	55,585	111,788
Miscellaneous	486,952	337,807	824,759
Total Revenues	55,727,878	27,412,163	83,140,041
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	34,371,120	1,356,639	35,727,759
Public safety	27,752,006	14,518,482	42,270,488
Public works	106,355	14,620,220	14,726,575
Health and welfare	921,441	1,404,237	2,325,678
Culture and recreation	175,424	1,689,509	1,864,933
Conservation of natural resources	270,524	-	270,524
Economic development and assistance	67,603	2,218,518	2,286,121
Debt service:			
Principal	324,562	3,131,475	3,456,037
Interest	162,786	1,656,210	1,818,996
Bond issuance costs	-	261,139	261,139
Total Expenditures	64,151,821	40,856,429	105,008,250
Excess of Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	(8,423,943)	(13,444,266)	(21,868,209)

Exhibit 4

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	 Major Fund	_			
		-	Other		Total
	General	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
	 Fund		Funds		Funds
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Long-term capital debt issued	\$ -	\$	9,797,033	\$	9,797,033
Other debt issued	8,437,142		-		8,437,142
Refunding bonds issued	-		8,190,000		8,190,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	20,864		2,302		23,166
Premium on bond issuance	-		721,305		721,305
Proceeds of insurance recoveries	109,617		274,285		383,902
Transfers in	357,438		2,746,046		3,103,484
Transfers out	(754,203)		(2,349,281)		(3,103,484)
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent	-		(8,650,165)		(8,650,165)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,170,858		10,731,525		18,902,383
Net Change in Fund Balances	(253,085)		(2,712,741)		(2,965,826)
Fund Balances - Beginning	11,883,362		24,082,044		35,965,406
	<i>, ,</i> ,		<i>, , ,</i>		<i>, ,</i> ,
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 11,630,277	\$	21,369,303	\$	32,999,580

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2016		<u>Exhibit 4-1</u>
		Amount
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(2,965,826)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that capital outlays of \$16,257,576 exceeded depreciation of \$6,255,923 and net adjustments/transfers of \$343,589 in the current period.		9,658,064
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of proceeds from sale of assets of \$23,166 and the net loss from the sale or disposal of capital assets in the amount of \$107,741 in the current period.		(130,907)
Fines revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition was required on the Statement of Activities using the full accrual basis of accounting.		18,508
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that short and long-term debt proceeds of \$17,987,033 (net of flow through debt) exceeded repayments and bond refundings of \$11,926,037.		(6,060,996)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items:		
The amount of current year pension expense The amount of decrease in claims and judgments payable The amount of decrease in compensated absences The deferred charge on bond refunding The amortization of deferred charge on bond refunding The deferred bond premium The amortization of deferred bond premium		(6,789,395) 580,000 63,881 141,866 (42,504) (721,305) 49,269
The amount of increase in postemployment benefit obligation The amount of increase in accrued interest payable	_	(314,872) (266,535)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(6,780,752)

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities September 30, 2016

	 Agency Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 1,242,235	
Other receivables	 130,652	
Total Assets	\$ 1,372,887	
LIABILITIES		
Other liabilities	\$ 1,095,439	
Intergovernmental payables	277,448	
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,372,887	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 5

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

A. Financial Reporting Entity.

Hinds County (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Hinds County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its two component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the following component units of the County. They are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

Hinds County Economic Development Authority - In accordance with House Bill No. 1687 of the laws of the State of Mississippi, the Hinds County Board of Supervisors established the Hinds County Economic Development Authority (the Authority). The Board of Supervisors appoints board members to the Authority and provides the Authority with operating funds. The Board of Supervisors set the tax millage rates for the Authority, which creates a fiscal accountability relationship. The County provided \$1,007,802 of funds to the Authority for operations during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, pursuant to the related property tax millage assessed and collected. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from 909 North President Street, Jackson, Mississippi 39202.

Hinds County Mental Health Commission - Pursuant to Miss. Code Sections 41-19-31 and 41-19-33 and a resolution adopted by the Hinds County Board of Supervisors, the Hinds County Mental Health Commission (the Commission) was formed. The Commission is governed by a seven-member Board appointed by the Hinds County Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors set the tax millage rates for the Commission, which creates a fiscal accountability relationship. The County provided \$1,423,618 of funds to the Commission for operations during the County's fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, pursuant to the related property tax millage assessed and collected. The Commission operates on a calendar year reporting cycle, and the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, are included in the government-wide financial statements. Financial statements for the Commission can be obtained from 3450 Highway 80 West, Jackson, Mississippi 39209.

State law pertaining to county governments provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County's legal entity and, therefore, are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- · Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- · Circuit Court Clerk
- · Justice Court Clerk
- · Purchase Clerk
- · Tax Assessor
- · Tax Collector
- Sheriff

B. Basis of Presentation.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and fund financial statements, which provide a detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. The primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the County and its component units at year-end. The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities and its component units. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. Internal service charges have been eliminated against the expenses and program revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Funds are organized into governmental and fiduciary types. Major individual Governmental Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency Funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to

liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year-end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues and deferred inflows of resources, where applicable, in the current fiscal period.

The County reports the following major Governmental Fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for all activities of the general government for which a separate fund has not been established.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Its revenues are primarily derived from property and other local taxes, charges for services and interest income. Its expenditures primarily relate to the operation and maintenance of the County.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for major capital projects) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Revenue Funds account for, among others, certain federal grant programs, taxes levied with statutorily defined distributions and other resources restricted as to purpose.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of general obligation bond issues and federal grants.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

D. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting,* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

E. Use of Estimates.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions

that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and other changes in net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest-bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements. The County did not make any investments during the fiscal year.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. The County did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

G. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

H. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Noncurrent portions of interfund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are reported as nonspendable fund balance. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

I. Prepaid Items.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method.

J. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental fund statements, and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital asset, other than infrastructure, costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets for governmental activities.

General infrastructure assets acquired after September 30, 1980, are reported on the governmentwide financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. Depreciation expense includes amortization of capital leases. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

		Capitalization Thresholds	Estimated
	-	Thresholds	Useful Life
Land	\$	-	N/A
Infrastructure		-	20-50 years
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

*Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of leased property will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions - This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 16 for additional details.

Deferred Amount on Refunding - For current refundings and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt reported by governmental activities, business type activities, and proprietary funds, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Property Tax for Future Reporting Period/Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes - Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions - This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 16 for additional details.

L. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities within the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Fund Types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs incurred during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position for the primary government and its discretely presented component units and is displayed in the following components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The County first applies restricted net position when an expenditure or outlay is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is classified as one of the five components below:

Nonspendable - Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed - Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the Board of Supervisors.

Assigned - Amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund. The County has no fund balance classified as assigned at September 30, 2016.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The County considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available. The County applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Property Tax Revenues.

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year, which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next

succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes receivable to be recognized at the levy date. Because property taxes are levied in a period other than in the period for which they are to be used in accordance with state law, they are deferred and recorded as deferred inflows of resources and recognized as revenue in the year after the levy. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition, because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

O. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made, because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

P. Compensated Absences.

The County has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured; for example, an employee resigns or retires.

Q. Future Effective Accounting Pronouncements.

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This statement requires governments granting tax abatements to individuals and businesses to disclose program information in the financial statements' notes through the agreement's duration. In addition, it requires disclosures about tax abatements initiated by other governments on reducing the reporting government's tax revenue.

GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* (GASB 80) is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 80 amends Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, to add an additional criterion for reporting a component unit through the blending method. If a component unit is a not-for-profit corporation and the primary government is the sole corporate member, the component unit should be blended.

R. Operating Leases.

The County is party to a number of immaterial operating leases for real estate.

S. Prior Period Adjustment - Component Unit

The Hinds County Mental Health Commission had a prior period adjustment for a correction of cash. This adjustment affected Exhibit 2 - Statement of Activities as an increase to net position in the amount of \$7,463.

(2) Deposits and Investments.

Deposits:

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2016, was \$38,736,969 (including Agency Funds and excluding petty cash of \$19,205), and the bank balance was \$47,292,523, of which all was insured or collateralized. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

At September 30, 2016, the County held cash restricted for debt service of \$1,004,531 and restricted for capital projects of \$9,010,069.

The carrying amount of the discretely presented component unit's, Hinds County Economic Development Authority, total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2016, was \$1,594,973, and the bank balance was \$1,826,954, of which all was insured or collateralized. These funds are collateralized under the same program as the County's funds above.

The carrying amount of the other discretely presented component unit's, Hinds County Mental Health Commission, total deposits with financial institutions at December 31, 2015, was \$3,143,323, and the bank balance was \$3,174,199, of which all was insured or collateralized. These funds are collateralized under the same program as the County's funds above.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk, because the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the County. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

Investments:

The County nor its discretely presented component units had no investments at the fiscal year-end.

(3) Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2016.

A. Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$ 385,592

The receivables represent the tax revenue collected in September 2016, but not settled until October 2016. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

B. Advances From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Other Governmental Funds General Fund	Other Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds	\$ 2,140,000 479,793
Total		\$ 2,619,793

The principal purpose of advances to Other Governmental Funds was to provide operating capital for federal, state and local grants in order to pay for operations of the funds until reimbursed.

C. Transfers In/Out:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$ 357,438 754,203
Other Governmental Funds Total	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,991,843 3,103,484

The principal purposes of interfund transfers were to provide funds for grant matches, to provide funds as budgeted for operations, to provide funds to pay for capital outlays or to provide funds to pay for debt service. All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

(4) Intergovernmental Receivables.

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Description	Amo	unt
Governmental Activities:		
Legislative tax credit	\$ 1,227,40	01
Public safety grants	155,82	23
Public works grants	1,976,90	09
Other	251,00	00
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,611,12	33

(5) Loan Receivable.

The County's loan receivable balance, which is recorded as other receivables in the accompanying Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet at September 30, 2016, is as follows:

Description	Date of Loan	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	 Receivable Balance
King Edward Revitalization Company - CDBG Loan (A) Westin Hotel (B)	05/05/09 04/21/14	1.00% 3.25%	11/01/30 08/01/33	\$ 2,304,292 20,000,000
				\$ 22,304,292

- (A) This loan originated as a grant from the Mississippi Development Authority (MDA). The County loaned the grant funds to the King Edward Revitalization Company (KERC). The County is responsible for monitoring the loan, collecting principal and interest payments from KERC and remitting all principal and interest received to MDA. The related payable to MDA is recorded as an intergovernmental payable.
- (B) This loan originated as a loan from MDA pursuant to HB No. 1049. The County loaned the funds to Capital Hotel Associates (CHA) to develop a 200-bed Westin Hotel. The County is responsible for monitoring the loan, approving interim payments, collecting principal and interest payments from CHA, and remitting all principal and interest to MDA. The related payable to MDA is recorded as an intergovernmental payable. The receivable is backed by a personal guarantee of CHA's investors.
- (6) Development of Industrial Parks.

Component Unit - Hinds County Economic Development Authority:

J. C. "Sonny" McDonald Industrial Center

In 1994, the County issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$6,100,000 to provide funds principally for the purchase of land and the payment of development costs associated with two industrial parks (\$5,539,000), with the remaining funds to be used for improvements to existing parks located in the County.

The Hinds County Board of Supervisors granted ownership of the new industrial park properties to the Hinds County Economic Development Authority (the Authority) with the right and responsibility of developing and marketing such properties. All proceeds received by the Authority from the sale of the properties are to be immediately disbursed to the County for use in retiring the bond indebtedness.

The Authority has been in the process of developing the J. C. "Sonny" McDonald Industrial Center, and the following expenditures, net of cost of sales, impairments and nonsalable portion, have been incurred for the purchase of land and development costs as of September 30, 2016.

Land	\$ 792,015
Land development costs	3,343,173
	\$ 4,135,188

Hinds County AeroTech Park (formerly West Hinds County Industrial Park)

In June 2007, the Hinds County Board of Supervisors donated 343.81 acres of the John Bell Williams Airport land to the Authority so that it could be developed into an Industrial Park. The land was recorded at the book value recorded by the County. The Authority has begun to develop this property as Hinds County AeroTech Park. The land and development costs to date on this park are as follows:

Land, transferred from Hinds County		223,532
Land development costs		286,973
	\$	510,505

(7) Capital Assets.

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Nondepreciable capital assets:	Balance 10/01/15		Additions		Deletions	A	Transfers/ djustments*		Balance 09/30/16
Land	\$ 931,282	\$		\$		\$		\$	931,282
Construction in progress	\$ 951,282 21,996,810	Ф	4,907,791	Ф	-	Ф	(881,622)	Ф	26,022,979
Total nondepreciable	21,770,010		4,707,771			-	(001,022)		20,022,777
capital assets	22,928,092		4,907,791		-		(881,622)		26,954,261
	<u> </u>		, ,				()		- , , -
Depreciable capital assets:									
Infrastructure	91,317,172		674,835		-		-		91,992,007
Buildings	55,806,313		-		-		-		55,806,313
Improvements other									
than buildings	13,805,142		84,041		(104,481)		538,033		14,322,735
Mobile equipment	21,317,973		1,263,028		(553,087)		-		22,027,914
Furniture and equipment	17,248,058		175,981		(589,712)		-		16,834,327
Leased property under									
capital leases	3,211,538		9,151,900		-		-		12,363,438
Total depreciable capital assets	202,706,196		11,349,785		(1,247,280)		538,033		213,346,734
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Infrastructure	(51,730,200)		(1,240,105)		-		-		(52,970,305)
Buildings	(20,668,707)		(1,022,844)		-		-		(21,691,551)
Improvements other									
than buildings	(6,731,303)		(477,167)		83,585		-		(7,124,885)
Mobile equipment	(16,141,680)		(1,099,101)		463,233		-		(16,777,548)
Furniture and equipment	(11,721,154)		(816,898)		569,555		-		(11,968,497)
Leased property under									
capital leases	(1,663,920)		(1,599,808)		-		-		(3,263,728)
Total accumulated depreciation	(108,656,964)		(6,255,923)		1,116,373		-		(113,796,514)
Total depreciable capital									
assets, net	94,049,232		5,093,862		(130,907)		538,033		99,550,220
Governmental activities capital									
assets, net	\$ 116,977,324	\$	10,001,653	\$	(130,907)	\$	(343,589)	\$	126,504,481

* Transfers represent construction-in-progress costs of \$343,589 transferred to other governments or private industries and \$538,038 placed in service due to project completion during the year ended September 30, 2016.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

	 Amount
Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 408,025
Public safety	3,961,712
Public works	1,730,422
Health and welfare	139,483
Culture and recreation	 16,281
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 6,255,923

Commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects at September 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Description of Commitment	Remaining Financial Commitment	Expected Date
Byram-Clinton Corridor (Wastewater)	\$ 114,267	05/31/2017
Byram-Clinton Corridor (ROW)	139,399	12/31/2018
Byram-Clinton Corridor (Design Engineering)	149,614	09/30/2017
Byram Swinging Bridge	5,250	05/01/2017
Carol Johns Bridge	19,402	12/01/2016
Gore Road Bridge II	16,933	12/01/2017
John Bell Williams Airport	89,425	09/30/2018
Kickapoo Road	41,320	09/30/2017
Kimbell Road Bridge	7,006	09/30/2017
Learned Oakly Road Bridge	75,005	12/01/2017
Tank Road	59,263	09/30/2017
Willowood Community Center (IMS)	34,728	12/31/2017
Willowood Community Center (Richard Womack Construction)	420,000	12/31/2017
McGuffee Road Bridge	15,544	12/31/2017
Farr Road Bridge	14,710	12/31/2016
Sonny McDonald Pond (Waggoner Engineers, Inc.)	54,162	12/31/2017
Sonny McDonald Wastewater (IMS)	2,346	12/31/2017
Sonny McDonald Wastewater (Delta Constructors)	60,420	12/31/2017
Hinds County Courthouse Elevator Modernization		
(Waggoner Engineers, Inc.)	13,900	12/31/2017
Jail Cooling Tower Replacmement	18,200	12/31/2017
Courthouse Restoration	14,250	09/30/2017
MPO Road Resurfacing	36,491	02/18/2017
	\$ 1,401,635	:

Component Units:

The component units' capital asset balances are as follows:

	 ז	12/31/15 Mental Health	09/30/16 Economic Development	
		Commission	Authority	Total
Property and equipment:				
Building	\$	5,803,500	\$ 398,158	\$ 6,201,658
Land		1,019,322	65,000	1,084,322
Construction in progress		29,200	4,789,491	4,818,691
Automobiles		194,378	-	194,378
Furniture and equipment		958,159	196,483	1,154,642
Leasehold improvements		147,909	-	147,909
Software		100,000	-	100,000
		8,252,468	5,449,132	13,701,600
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,290,331)	(191,799)	(2,482,130)
Component unit capital assets, net	\$	5,962,137	\$ 5,257,333	\$ 11,219,470

(8) Claims and Judgments.

Risk Financing:

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective January 1, 2016 through January 1, 2017. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund, depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

The County is exposed to risk of loss relating to public official liability, law enforcement liability, automobile liability, personal property damage and employment practices. The County protects itself against loss in these areas with commercial insurance coverage of \$500,000 to \$2,000,000 and retention deductibles ranging from \$0 to \$100,000.

Settled claims did not exceed insurance coverage for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2014, September 30, 2015 or September 30, 2016. The Government-wide Statement of Net Position as of September 30, 2016, presents a liability of \$375,000, representing unpaid judgments and estimated future settlements. Several legal suits are outstanding against the County at any given time during a fiscal year. While the County believes it has meritorious defenses against each suit, the ultimate resolution of each matter, each of which is expected to occur within one year, could result in losses of up to approximately \$2,490,000 in excess of the amount accrued.

(9) Capital Leases.

The County is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2016.

	Governmental			
Classes of Property	_	Activities		
Mobile equipment	\$	2,599,205		
Nonmobile equipment		9,764,233		
Less accumulated depreciation		12,363,438 (3,263,728)		
Leased property under capital leases	\$	9,099,710		

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2016.

Year Ending September 30	Principal	 Interest
2017 2018	\$ 1,338,420 1,223,871	\$ 278,944 302,520
2019 2020	1,040,599 875,025	241,434 236,918
2020 2021 2022-2026	881,731 4,843,594	206,076 536,304
Total	\$ 10,203,240	\$ 1,802,196

(10) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

A. Plan Description.

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit health care plan (the Plan). The Plan provides lifetime health care insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the County's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefits are established by the Board of Supervisors. The Plan does not issue a public available financial report.

B. Funding Policy.

Benefits of the Plan are provided through a fully-insured program with Aetna. Contributions by participating retired employees at rates determined by the Board of Supervisors are required for continued participation. The employer has not contributed any amounts to finance future benefits under the Plan to either current or future retirees.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation.

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a 30-year period. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the Plan.

Annual required contribution	\$ 361,465
Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual requirement contribution	83,207 (93,587)
Annual OPEB cost	351,085
Contributions made Increase in net OPEB obligation	 <u>36,213</u> 314,872
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 1,849,045
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 2,163,917

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal years 2014, 2015 and 2016 are as follows:

Fiscal		Percentage of	Net
Year	Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB
Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
09/30/14	\$ 411,802	6.6%	\$ 1,556,728
09/30/15	325,388	10.2%	1,849,045
09/30/16	351,085	10.3%	2,163,917

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress.

As of September 30, 2016, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,955,028, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$29,241,366, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 6.69%.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the ARCs of the employer are subject to continual revision, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Methods and Assumptions.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive Plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The following simplifying assumptions were made:

<u>Retirement age for active employees</u> - Based on the historical average retirement age for the covered group, active plan members were assumed to retire at age 65, or at the first subsequent year in which the member would qualify for benefits.

<u>Marital status</u> - Marital status of members at the calculation date was assumed to continue throughout retirement.

<u>Mortality</u> - Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the National Center for Health Statistics. The RP 2014 Total Dataset Mortality Table was used.

<u>Turnover</u> - Nongroup-specific, age-based turnover data from GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions,* was used as the basis for assigning active members a probability of remaining employed until the assumed retirement age and for developing an expected future working lifetime assumption for purposes of allocating to periods the present value of total benefits to be paid.

<u>Health care cost trend rate</u> - The expected rate of increase in health care insurance premiums was based on projections from health economists. A rate of 9% initially, reduced to an ultimate rate of 5% over 8 years, was used.

<u>Health insurance premiums</u> - 2014 health insurance premiums for retirees were used as the basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid.

Inflation rate - The expected long-term inflation assumption used was 2%.

<u>Payroll growth rate</u> - The expected long-term payroll growth rate was assumed to equal the rate of inflation.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the County's short-term investment portfolio, a discount rate of 4.5% was used. In addition, a simplified version of the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at September 30, 2016 was 22 years.

(11) Long-term Debt.

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date
¢	6 000 000	2.000/ to $4.000/$	10/01/36
Э	6,000,000	2.00% to 4.00%	10/01/36
	2,190,000	1.2% to 1.65%	10/01/36
	8,290,000	4.00% to 5.00%	10/01/36
	11 690 000	5 46%	10/01/36
	11,090,000	5.4070	10/01/30
	1,915,000	3.00% to 4.25%	06/01/30
	9,875,000	2.00% to 4.00%	10/01/36
\$	39,960,000		
\$	45,000	5.68%	09/01/17
	93,000	5.34%	04/01/18
	54 000	1 96%	04/01/18
	54,000	ч.9070	04/01/10
\$	192,000		
		Outstanding \$ 6,000,000 2,190,000 2,190,000 8,290,000 11,690,000 11,690,000 1,915,000 9,875,000 39,960,000 \$ 39,960,000 \$ 45,000 93,000 54,000	Outstanding Rate \$ 6,000,000 2.00% to 4.00% 2,190,000 1.2% to 1.65% 2,190,000 4.00% to 5.00% 8,290,000 4.00% to 5.00% 11,690,000 5.46% 1,915,000 3.00% to 4.25% 9,875,000 2.00% to 4.00% \$ 39,960,000 \$ 39,960,000 \$ 45,000 \$ 5.68% 93,000 5.34% 54,000 4.96%

			Final
	Amount	Interest	Maturity
Description and Purpose	Outstanding	Rate	Date
C. Capital Leases:			
Road Equipment 2014	\$ 575,520	1.94%	12/13/18
Road Equipment 2011	50,474	2.89%	11/01/16
2013 BancorpSouth Vehicles	50	1.78%	05/24/16
2015 Equipment	98,403	1.95%	03/24/18
2015 Volunteer Fire Department Vehicle	21,161	1.96%	04/23/18
2015 Sheriff Office Vehicles	160,296	2.07%	08/26/18
2015 Public Works Lease Purchase	130,208	2.29%	12/18/20
2015 E-911 MSWin Radio System	9,000,000	3.59%	10/15/25
2015 Vehicles	167,128	1.95%	09/30/18
Total Capital Leases	\$ 10,203,240		
D. Other Loans:			
Unisys Computer Loan	\$ 231,116	1.63%	05/01/17
2015 Trustmark Bank Note	315,133	2.53%	09/01/19
Total Other Loans	\$ 546,249		

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds					Limited	Obliga	ation Bonds
Year Ending September 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2017	\$	1,665,000	\$	1,766,154	\$	117,000	\$	8,362
2018		1,040,000		1,723,010		75,000		1,952
2019		1,770,000		1,641,757		-		-
2020		1,565,000		1,555,798		-		-
2021		2,460,000		1,474,732		-		-
2022-2026		10,035,000		6,279,963		-		-
2027-2031		10,075,000		4,309,893		-		-
2032-2036		11,150,000		1,937,672		-		-
2037-2041		200,000		48,677		-		-
Total	\$	39,960,000	\$	20,737,656	\$	192,000	\$	10,314

		Other Loans
Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 351,116	\$ 9,898
2018	110,000	4,937
2019	 85,133	2,154
Total	\$ 546,249	\$ 16,989

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt, that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a county issues bonds to repair or

replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2016, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 2.13% of the latest property assessments.

<u>Advance Refunding of Debt</u> - On April 28, 2016, the County issued \$6,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds, with an average interest rate of 2.51%, and \$2,190,000 in Taxable General Obligation Bonds, with an average interest rate of 1.79%. The proceeds were used to advance refund the following outstanding debt issues with an average interest rate of 3.19%:

Issue	 Outstanding Amount Refunded
Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A (Hinds County, Mississippi General Obligation Public Improvements and Refunding Bond Project)	\$ 2,655,000
Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2005 (Hinds County, Mississippi General Obligation Public Improvements and Refunding Bond Project)	215,000
Hinds County, Mississippi General Obligation Note, Series 2013	1,600,000
Hinds County, Taxable Mississippi General Obligation Note, Series 2015	 4,000,000
	\$ 8,470,000

The net proceeds of \$8,650,165 (with a par of \$8,190,000 and including premium of \$721,305 and payment of \$261,140 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. As a result, \$2,655,000 of outstanding bonds are considered to be defeased and \$5,815,000 of outstanding bonds are retired. The liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position.

The Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A (Hinds County, Mississippi General Obligation Public Improvements and Refunding Bond Project) had an outstanding balance of \$12,010,000 at the time of refunding, but only \$2,655,000 of the bonds were defeased, leaving a remaining principal balance of \$9,355,000.

The Mississippi Development Bank Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2005 (Hinds County, Mississippi General Obligation Public Improvements and Refunding Bond Project) had an outstanding balance of \$215,000 at the time of refunding; all of the remaining bonds were refunded.

The Hinds County, Mississippi General Obligation Note, Series 2013 had an outstanding balance of \$2,133,334 at the time of refunding. \$1,600,000 of the bonds were retired, leaving a remaining principal balance of \$533,334.

The Hinds County, Mississippi General Obligation Note, Series 2015 had an outstanding balance of \$4,000,000 at the time of refunding. All of the remaining bonds were retired.

The County refunded these bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 20 years by \$361,056 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$310,073.

<u>Prior Year Defeasance of Debt</u> - In prior years, the County defeased portions of certain bonds by placing the proceeds of refunding issues in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included on the County's financial statements. On September 30, 2016, \$15,100,000 of bonds outstanding were considered defeased.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2016.

	 Balance 10/1/2015	 Additions	 Reductions	Balance 09/30/16	 Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 2,630,646	\$ -	\$ (63,881)	\$ 2,566,765	\$ 255,013
Other post employment benefits	1,849,045	314,872	-	2,163,917	-
Claims and judgments payable	955,000	-	(580,000)	375,000	375,000
General obligation bonds	36,185,000	8,190,000	(4,415,000)	39,960,000	1,665,000
Premium on bonds	718,827	721,305	(49,269)	1,390,863	-
Limited obligation bonds	305,000	-	(113,000)	192,000	117,000
Capital leases	1,707,523	9,151,900	(656,183)	10,203,240	1,338,420
Other loans	6,642,970	645,133	(6,741,854)	546,249	351,116
Net pension liability	 76,053,503	 13,278,991	 -	 89,332,494	 -
Total	\$ 127,047,514	\$ 32,302,201	\$ (12,619,187)	\$ 146,730,528	\$ 4,101,549

Compensated absences and claims and judgments payable typically are liquidated through the General Fund.

Component Unit:

The debt outstanding at December 31, 2015 for the Hinds County Mental Health Commission (the Commission) is as follows:

Description and Purpose	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date
Governmental Activities:			
A. Other Loans:			
Real estate loan payable Loan payable	\$ 5,324,757 762,347	4.25% 2.30%	05/01/27 08/01/32
Total other loans	\$ 6,087,104		

	Other Loans
Principal	Interest
\$ 494,100	\$ 125,961
393,945	226,115
410,152	209,909
427,039	193,021
444,193	175,868
2,513,788	586,515
1,309,863	95,171
94,024	2,175
\$ 6,087,104	\$ 1,614,735
	\$ 494,100 393,945 410,152 427,039 444,193 2,513,788 1,309,863 94,024

Annual debt service requirements to maturity at December 31, 2015 for the following debt reported in the Commission's Statement of Net Position are as follows:

0/1 T

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended December 31, 2015 for the Commission.

	Balance 01/01/15	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/15	Amount Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds Other loans Compensated absences	\$ 5,765,000 799,252 333,509	\$ - 5,324,757 68,901	\$(5,765,000) (36,905) (85,249)	\$ - 6,087,104 317,161	\$ - 494,100 226,786
Total	\$ 6,897,761	\$ 5,393,658	\$(5,887,154)	\$ 6,404,265	\$ 720,886

(12) Contingencies.

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not exceed the County's estimate of claims and judgments payable as reflected in Note 8.

(13) Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The governmental activities' unrestricted net deficit amount of \$74,803,144 includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,194,950, resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2016. The \$15,190,750 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2016, will be recognized in pension expense over the next five years. The \$237,383 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pension at September 30, 2016, will be recognized in pension expense over the next five years.

The governmental activities' unrestricted net deficit amount of \$74,803,144 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from an advance refunding of County debt. \$930,324 of the \$16,121,074 balance of deferred outflows of resources at September 30, 2016, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease in the unrestricted net position over the next 20 years.

(14) Related Organization.

The Hinds County Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of the Board of the Hinds County Livestock Commission, but the County's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. During the year, the County appropriated \$25,000 to this organization.

(15) Joint Ventures.

The County participates in the following joint venture:

The County is a participant with the City of Jackson in a joint venture authorized by Section 39-3-8, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) to operate the Jackson-Hinds Library System. The joint venture was created to provide a library system for city and county residents and is governed by 14 members, with each entity appointing 7 members. By contractual agreement, the County's appropriation to the joint venture was \$1,834,986 in 2016. Complete financial statements for the Jackson-Hinds Library System can be obtained from 400 North State Street, Jackson, Mississippi 39201.

(16) Jointly Governed Organizations.

The County participates in the following jointly governed organizations.

Central Mississippi Planning and Development District, Inc. (CMPDD) operates in a district composed of the counties of Copiah, Hinds, Madison, Rankin, Simpson, Warren and Yazoo. The Hinds County Board of Supervisors appoints 3 of the 33 members of the board of directors. The County contributes a small percentage of CMPDD's total revenues. The County appropriated \$45,088 for support of CMPDD in fiscal year 2016.

Hinds Community College District (the College) operates in a district composed of the counties of Claiborne, Copiah, Hinds, Rankin and Warren. The Hinds County Board of Supervisors appoints 5 of the 15 members of the College's board of trustees. The County levies an annual tax pursuant to Section 37-29-141, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) to support the College. The tax provided \$9,878,129 for maintenance and support of the College in fiscal year 2016.

Hinds County Human Resource Agency, Inc. (the Agency) operates in a district composed of Hinds County, private citizens and local organizations. The Hinds County Board of Supervisors appoints 5 of the

15 members of the Agency. The County appropriated \$77,164 for support of the Agency in fiscal year 2016.

(17) Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

<u>Plan Description</u> - The County is a member of PERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment and is granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the County. Code Section 25-11-15, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) grants the authority for general administration and proper operation of PERS to the PERS Board of Trustees (PERS Board). PERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits Provided - Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who become members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.00% of their average compensation for each vear of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.50% for each additional year of credited service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits yest upon completion of 8 years of membership service (4 years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary. Benefit provisions are established by Section 25-11-1 et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

A Cost-of Living Adjustment (COLA) is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3% of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3% compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

<u>Contributions</u> - Per Chapter 11 of Title 25, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), contribution requirements of plan members and their employers are established and may be amended only by the PERS Board. The adequacy of these rates is assessed annually by actuarial valuation. For the year ended September 30, 2016, member employees were required to contribute 9.00% of their annual pay, while the County's required contribution rate was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The County's employer contributions to PERS for the years ended September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$4,919,376, \$4,922,141, and \$4,744,612, respectively. The contributions for each year met the required contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources Related to Pensions</u> - At September 30, 2016, the County reported a liability of \$89,332,494 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's employer contributions to the pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the County's proportion was 0.50%, which was an increase of .01% in its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$6,789,395. At September 30, 2016, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 erred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,491,724	\$ -	
Changes of assumptions	4,211,323	237,383	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments	6,051,835	-	
Changes in the County's proportion	1,240,918	-	
County contributions subsequent to the measurement			
date	1,194,950	 -	
	\$ 15,190,750	\$ 237,383	

The amount of \$1,194,950 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30	
2017	\$ 5,075,811
2018	3,624,516
2019	3,293,310
2020	 1,764,780
	\$ 13,758,417

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75% - 19.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2016 with male rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	34.00 %	5.20 %
International Equity	19.00	5.00
Emerging Markets Equity	8.00	5.45
Fixed Income	20.00	0.25
Real Assets	10.00	4.00
Private Equity	8.00	6.15
Cash	1.00	(0.50)
Total	100.00 %	

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%), and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount</u> <u>Rate</u> - The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
County's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 114,544,282	\$ 89,332,494	\$ 68,414,877

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS CAFR, publicly available at www.pers.ms.gov.

<u>Payable to the Pension Plan</u> - At September 30, 2016, the County has no amounts payable for outstanding contributions to the pension plan required for the year then ended.

(18) Subsequent Event.

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the County evaluated the activity of the County through the date the financial statements were available to be issued and determined that no subsequent events have occurred that require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes	\$ 44,029,199	\$ 44,400,250	\$ 45,880,951	\$	1,480,701
Licenses, commissions and other	3,120,129	3,200,184	3,528,472		328,288
Fines and forfeitures	1,250,000	1,251,100	1,444,014		192,914
Intergovernmental	3,635,125	3,636,067	4,968,395		1,332,328
Charges for services Interest income	2,302,566 78,000	2,341,465 78,000	1,403,833 58,489		(937,632) (19,511)
Miscellaneous	257,500	259,940	387,002		(19,311) 127,062
Total Revenues	 54,672,519	 55,167,006	 57,671,156		2,504,150
	 54,072,517	55,107,000	 57,071,150		2,504,150
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	29.014.050	20.065.602	27.017.05(2 0 47 (4 (
General government Public safety	28,914,950	30,965,602	27,917,956		3,047,646
Public works	27,914,217 475,000	28,790,896 622,065	27,882,969 622,066		907,927 (1)
Health and welfare	976,950	983.099	942,551		40,548
Culture and recreation	178,226	178,246	175,537		2,709
Conservation of natural resources	281,947	283,474	283,476		(2)
Economic development and assistance	20,425	20,425	67,603		(47,178)
Debt service:	- , -	- , -	,		(, , , , , ,
Principal	300,087	333,417	324,574		8,843
Interest	90,014	 56,683	56,229		454
Total Expenditures	59,151,816	62,233,907	 58,272,961		3,960,946
Excess of Expenditures					
Over Revenues	(4,479,297)	(7,066,901)	(601,805)		6,465,096
	 (1,17),277)	 (7,000,901)	 (001,000)		0,100,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	25,000	25,000	-		(25,000)
Premiums on bonds issued	-	-	23,166		23,166
Compensation for loss of capital assets	50,000	50,738	111,634		60,896
Transfers in	2,090,062	2,532,127	1,024,427		(1,507,700)
Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (2,536,051) (370,989)	 (3,320,300) (712,435)	 (1,581,135) (421,908)		1,739,165 290,527
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (370,989)	 (712,455)	 (421,908)		290,327
Excess of Expenditures and Other					
Financing Sources (Uses) Over Revenue					
and Other Financing Sources	\$ (4,850,286)	\$ (7,779,336)	(1,023,713)	\$	6,755,623
_	 · _ /	 			· · · · ·
FUND BALANCES			10 100 575		
Beginning of year End of year			\$ 12,189,565 11,165,852		
End Of year			\$ 11,103,832		

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Note A - Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff, Tax Assessor and Tax Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the governmental funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When, during the fiscal year, it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year-end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

Note B - Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (non-GAAP basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

Note C - Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary), as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary), as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund:

	Governmental Fund Type Genera Fund		
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	(1,023,713)	
Increase (Decrease) Net adjustments for			
revenue accruals		(1,943,278)	
Net adjustments for		(5.070.0(0))	
expenditure accruals Net adjustment for other financing sources		(5,878,860)	
and uses accruals		8,592,766	
GAAP Basis	\$	(253,085)	

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Plan Year	Val As	uarial ue of sets a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Simplified Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c}
2013-2014 2014-2015 2015-2016	\$	- -	\$ 2,327,420 1,667,934 1,955,028	\$ 2,327,420 1,667,934 1,955,028	0% 0% 0%	\$ 27,925,527 28,668,006 29,241,366	8.33% 5.82% 6.69%

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.50%	0.49%	0.49%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 89,332,494	\$ 76,053,502	\$ 59,622,689
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 31,598,220	\$ 30,228,877	\$ 29,669,707
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	282.71%	251.59%	200.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

Notes to Schedule:

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees) at the beginning of the measurement period decreased from 3.72 for 2015 to 3.48 for 2016.

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available. The information presented in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date in accordance with GASB 68.

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of the County's Contributions

	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,919,376	\$ 4,922,141	\$ 4,744,612
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	4,919,376	4,922,141	4,744,612
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 31,239,897	\$ 31,251,689	\$ 30,124,521
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to show a 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available. The information presented in this schedule has been determined as of the employer's fiscal year-end in accordance with GASB 68.

Changes of Assumptions: 2015

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate-of-return assumptions were changed from 3.5% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-through Entity	Passed Through	Total Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number	to Subrecipients	Expenditures
MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed through Mississippi Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	LSTP-0025-00(074)/106799701	\$ -	\$ 845,690
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-0025-00(32) LPA/105560-	-	6,771
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BR-NBIS(083)B, BRIS-25(83)	-	84,390
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	MS 024 125 MS 024 125	-	30,953
Fighway Planning and Consuluction	20.203	MIS 024 125		1,136,843
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				2,104,647
Total Expenditures of Major Federal Awards				2,104,647
OTHER FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through the Mississippi Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	5MS300326		10,244
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				10,244
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed through Mississippi Development Authority				
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	1129-12-025-PF-02		26,587
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Developme	ent			26,587
U.S. Department of Justice				
Direct				
Federal Equitable Sharing	16.922	MS0250000	-	29,557
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	2015UMWX0101	-	26,793
Passed through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2014-MU-BX-0984	-	13,140
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2015-MU-BX-0874	-	36,798
				49,938
Passed through the City of Jackson, Mississippi Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2015-H3548-MS-DJ		10,207
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2013-H3548-MS-DJ 2014-H1786-MS-DJ	-	4,988
Edward Dynie Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	10.758	2014-111/80-143-DJ		15,195
Passed through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety				
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants	16.523	11JB1251	-	41,699
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants	16.523	12JB125-2	-	70,757
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants	16.523	13JB1251		55,798
				168,254
Stop Violence Against Women	16.588	15SL1251	-	8,920
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	14VA1251	-	33,914
Pagod through Mississinni Department of Uselth				
Passed through Mississippi Department of Health Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	VA-15-036		20 220
CITILE VICILII ASSISTANCE	10.373	v A-13-030		28,229
Total U. S. Department of Justice				360,800

The accompany notes are an integral part of this statement.

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
OTHER FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)				
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety Highway Safety Cluster				
State and Community Highway Safety Grant Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.600 20.607	PT-2016-PT-12-51 154AL-2016-ST-12-51	\$ -	\$ 5,351 130,512
	20.007	134/1L-2010-51-12-51		
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				135,863
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through the Mississippi Department of Human Services/ Central Mississippi Planning and Development District, Inc. Aging Cluster Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	1036-21	-	26,821
Passed through the Mississippi Department of Human Services				
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	93.UN	-	40,711
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	6006202, 6006203		36,894
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u> </u>	104,426
Executive Office of the President Passed through the Gulf Coast HIDTA High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area Program High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area Program	95.001 95.001	G15GC0003A G16GC0003A	-	70,175 27,574
Then mensity Drug Tranicking Area Program	95.001	GIOGCOUSA		
Total Executive Office of the President				97,749
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety, Office	of Homeland Se	curity		
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	15HS025	-	20,781
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	S14HS025		4,999
Passed through the Mississippi Emergency Management Agency Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	97.UN		4,982
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	EMW-2015-EP-0031-S01		154,854
				159,836
Total U. S. Department of Homeland Security				185,616
Total Expenditures of Other Federal Awards			<u> </u>	921,285
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 3,025,932

The accompany notes are an integral part of this statement.

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Note A - Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Hinds County, Mississippi (the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position for the County.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments* or the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The County has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note B - Outstanding Loans

At September 30, 2016, there were \$2,304,292 of loans outstanding in the Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii, CFDA No. 14.228. There were no continuing compliance requirements related to this loan for the year ended September 30, 2016.

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

OTHER INFORMATION

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2016 Unaudited

Name	Position	Company	Bond
Robert Graham	Supervisor District 1	Western Surety	\$100,000
Darrell McQuirter	Supervisor District 2	Western Surety	100,000
Peggy Calhoun	Supervisor District 3	Western Surety	100,000
Michael Morgan	Supervisor District 4	Western Surety	100,000
Bobby McGowan	Supervisor District 5	Western Surety	100,000
Carmen Davis,	County Administrator	Western Surety	100,000
Eddie Carr	Chancery Clerk	Western Surety	100,000
Arthur Matlock	Purchasing Clerk	Travelers	75,000
Chantey Broome	Purchasing Asst. Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Latasha House	Purchasing Asst. Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Beverly Hughes	Equipment Receiving Clerk	Travelers	75,000
Lillie Woods	Receiving Clerk	Travelers	75,000
Linda Anderson	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Linda Armon	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Heiden Garland	50,000
Paula Cable	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Lakisha Clay-Jones	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Heiden Garland	50,000
Angela Cook	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Shondra Dotson	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Nikia Felton	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Tracy Funchess	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Anthony Gaines	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Larry Grant	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Joann Gray	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Carmelita Johnson	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Shelva King	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Carolyn Leflore	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Valerie Moton	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Don Neal	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Joseph Perkins	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Deborah Pierce	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Earline Samuel	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Latonya Sturgis	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Angela Thomason	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Audrey Thrasher	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Mary Tory	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Pennie Walters	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Tabetha Ward	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Persephone Washington	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Gloria Wilson	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers	50,000
James Ingram	Inventory Control Clerk	Travelers	75,000
Michael Johnson	Inventory Admin Asst	Travelers	50,000
Charles Sims,	Road Manager	Travelers	50,000
John Brown	Constable	Western Surety	50,000
Bennie Buckner	Constable	Western Surety	50,000
Lawrence Funchess	Constable	Travelers	50,000
Jerry Moore	Constable	Travelers	50,000
Leon Seals	Constable	Western Surety	50,000
Zack Wallace	Circuit Clerk	FCCI	100,000
Karla Bailey	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Tambia R Coleman	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Melinda Green	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Rona Haley	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Sharon Haley	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Lakisha Jones-Clay	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Lakisha junes-Clay	Deputy Circuit Clerk	r menty and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2016 Unaudited

Name	Position	Company	Bond
Cathy H Lickett	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	\$150,000
Legecha S McKinley	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Robin Phillips	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Fredrick Redd	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Wanda Van Etten	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Shirley Williams	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Loretta Well	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Navarro Camille Williams	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	150,000
Victor Mason	Sheriff	Western Surety	100,000
James Morton	Justice Court Judge	Travelers	50,000
Pearlie Owens	Justice Court Judge	Western Surety	50,000
Donald Palmer	Justice Court Judge	Travelers	50,000
Tabitha Britton Porter	Justice Court Judge	EMC Insurance	50,000
Frank Sutton	Justice Court Judge	Western Surety	50,000
Patricia Woods	Justice Court Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Jephthah Amos	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Robert Amos	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Kayla Chase	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Dolise Clowers	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Shirley Harper	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Aujua Hudson	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Candance Hunley	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Rochell Jones	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Patrice Jones	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Cynthia Smith Amber Crawford	Justice Court Deputy Clerk	Travelers	50,000
Joyce Williams	Justice Court Exec Asst	Travelers	,
5			50,000
Eddie Fair Charles Stokes	Tax Collector	Western Surety	100,000
Kiauna Brown	Tax Assessor	Old Republic Wastern Surgety	100,000 50,000
	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	· · ·
Dwan Mason	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Sylvia McClellan	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Shirron Wash	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Shawondra Washington	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Michelle Wright	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Cynthia Aguirre	Deputy Tax Collector	Travelers	50,000
Doris Boston	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Quintina Calender	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Larry Camper	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Kathy Chesnut	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Sophie Coats	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Patricia Collins	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Tiana Edwards	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Morgan Ellis	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Peggy Ervin	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Kristie Fields	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Joseph Francis	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Iristeen Gatlin	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Stephanie Green	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Keisha Jackson	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Matrice Kent	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Lucille Love	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Teresa Mack	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Sandra Mattix	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2016 Unaudited

Name	Position	Company	Bond
Lora McInnis	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	\$50,000
Karen McNeill	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Etta McPhaul	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Alexis Nelson	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Sharonda Nichols	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Deneka Roilton	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Judy Smith	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Marie Strong	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Ebony Teague	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Cheryl Warren	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Lakonita Washington	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Terrell Wilson	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Darwin Wooten	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Ashlee Young	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Lenora Young	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	50,000
Warren Pinter	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
April Jefferson	Deputy Tax Assessor	Statewide	10,000
Thomas Ballenger	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Daryl Berry	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Angela Blaylock	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Laura Burse	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Richard Caston	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Stephen Draper	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Darryl Ervin	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Marlon Forbes	Deputy Tax Assessor	Perry Paige	10,000
Edna Gipson	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Tamara Graves	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Debra Griffis	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Clifton Hackler	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Porschea Harper	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Debbie Hennington	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Marlon Kidd	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Jonetha Lewis	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Dajae Lindsay	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Alexandra Lovell	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Bobby Merritt	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Cedrek Mozee	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Bonnye Owens	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Sandra` Phillips	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Katherine Riley	Deputy Tax Assessor	Old Republic	10,000
Joseph Thompson	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Lee Ward	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Nicholas Ward	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Arthur Williams	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000
Marcus Williams	Deputy Tax Assessor	Western Surety	10,000

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

SPECIAL REPORTS



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Supervisors Hinds County, Mississippi Jackson, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hinds County, Mississippi (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2017, which contained a reference to the reports of other auditors. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Hinds County Economic Development Authority and the Hinds County Mental Health Commission, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting (internal control). In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2016-001 and 2016-002 to be material weaknesses.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted certain matters that we reported to the County's management in a separate letter dated June 30, 2017.

The County's Response to Findings

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BKD,LIP

Jackson, Mississippi June 30, 2017



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Supervisors Hinds County, Mississippi Jackson, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of Hinds County, Mississippi (the County) with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2016. The County's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, contracts and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could



have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BKD,LIP

Jackson, Mississippi June 30, 2017



Independent Accountant's Report on Central Purchasing System, Inventory Control System and Purchase Clerk Schedules [Required By Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972)]

Board of Supervisors Hinds County, Mississippi Jackson, Mississippi

We have examined management's assertions that Hinds County, Mississippi complied with the requirements of Section 31-7-115 Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and the following Mississippi statutes during the year ended September 30, 2016:

- Implementation of Central Purchasing by Counties, Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972)
- 2. Bid requirements and exceptions; public auctions, Section 31-7-13, Miss. Code Ann. (1972)

Management is responsible for its assertion. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assertion about the County's compliance with the aforementioned requirements above based upon our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether management's assertion about compliance with the specified requirements is fairly stated, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether management's assertion is fairly stated, in all material respects. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of management's assertion, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Hinds County, Mississippi has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the County and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitation in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assertion that Hinds County, Mississippi complied with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2016, is fairly stated, in all material respects.

The accompanying Schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination of the purchasing system and, in our opinion, is fairly presented when considered in relation to that examination.



This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors and management of Hinds County, Mississippi, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

BKD,LLP

Jackson, Mississippi June 30, 2017

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

					Reason
					for Accepting
	Item	Bid		Lowest	Other than the
Date	Purchased	Accepted	Vendor	Bid	Lowest Bid

None noted.

Schedule 1

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Emergency Purchases For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Schedule 2

Date	Item Purchased	Amount Paid	Vendor	Reason for Emergency Purchase
05/16/16	Installation of metal plates for 24 pods	\$24,200	Nelson Electric	Repair of cells and other items needed

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Date	Item Purchased	Amount Paid	Vendor
11/02/15	Replacement batteries for uninterruptable power supply	\$5,221	Eaton Corporation
05/26/16	Renewal of maintenance contract 9355 20-30	4,358	Eaton Corporation
06/20/16	National Night Out event items	7,763	National Night Out
07/22/16	Report Manager on Demand Project Phases I and II	25,000	Data Watch Corporation
09/06/16	18 Lucas Chest Compression Systems	285,700	Physio Control
09/19/16	COPsync Inc. Software and System	6,499	Cesco
09/19/16	3 4RE in-car DVR Cameras and 1 LED Fiberscope Kit	14,460	Watchguard

Schedule 3

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

1. The type of reports the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) were:

	Government-wide Activities General Fund Aggregate Remaining Fund Information Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units	Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified
2.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting	g disclosed:
	a. Significant deficiencies?	None Reported
	b. Material weaknesses?	Yes
3.	Noncompliance considered material to the financial statements was disclose audit?	ed by the No
Federa	al Awards	
4.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over compliance for maprograms disclosed:	ajor federal awards
	a. Significant deficiencies?	None Reported
	b. Material weaknesses?	No
5.	The opinion expressed in the independent auditor's report on compliance for award program was:	or the major federal Unmodified
6.	The audit disclosed findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a)	No
7.	The County's major program was:	
	a. Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Highway Planning and Construction	20.205
8.	The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs wa	as \$750,000.
9.	The County qualified as a low-risk auditee?	No

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

2016-001	Design Deficiency – Monitoring (Material Weakness)		
	<i>Criteria or Specific Requirement</i> - The Circuit Court Clerk of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting over the Circuit Clerk's office.		
	<i>Condition</i> - As reported in the prior year audit report, the Circuit Court Clerk's record keeping system and accounting processes/procedures do not allow for reconciliation between the daily deposits as posted in the system and the deposit slip or bank statement or between the bank statement to the distribution of cash in order to properly maintain records for amounts held in custody of others. Additionally, there is a lack of segregation of duties associated with cash receipts and the associated record keeping.		
	<i>Cause</i> - There are no procedures in place such as a monthly review and reconciliation of the bank statement to the distribution of cash and the daily cash receipts with amounts deposited to the bank.		
	<i>Effect</i> - The financial statements might be materially misstated, and the errors would not be detected by management. An unexplained difference, which does not remain constant, exists between the bank balance and detail supporting ledgers, which could allow misappropriations to go undetected.		
	Recommendation - The Circuit Court Clerk should regularly reconcile the bank statement to the distribution of cash and the daily cash receipts with amounts deposited to the bank. Additionally, the Circuit Court Clerk should segregate the cash receipts and record keeping functions.		
	<i>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</i> - The Circuit Court Clerk will evaluate any and all findings and take corrective actions as considered necessary.		

Section 2: Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Reference Number	Finding
2016-002	Design Deficiency – Monitoring (Material Weakness)
	<i>Criteria or Specific Requirement</i> - The County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting.
	Condition - The County's current record keeping system and accounting processes/procedures for capital assets do not allow for reconciliation of fixed asset additions to construction in process and recognition of assets in the proper period.
	<i>Cause</i> - There are no procedures in place to reconcile the additions to construction in process to ensure additions were not previously included in the construction in progress. Additionally, there is no process to ensure certain engineer costs and payments on behalf of the County by the Mississippi Office of State Aid Road Construction (OSAR) are capitalized in the proper period.
	<i>Effect</i> - The financial statements could be materially misstated, and the errors would not be detected by management. Further, certain audit adjustments were proposed and made to correct current year misstatements related to capital assets.
	Recommendation - The County should regularly track, record and reconcile costs intended to be capitalized. Additionally, information obtained by the County for OSAR payments made on behalf of the county should be adjusted to include the proper information needed to capitalize assets or construction in progress in the correct period. We further recommend capital assets should be updated and prepared timely to facilitate a review and approval process.
	<i>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</i> - The County will evaluate any and all findings and take corrective actions as considered necessary.

Section 3: Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

No matters are reportable.

HINDS COUNTY

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

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Reference Number	Summary of Finding	Status
	Design Deficiency – Monitoring (Material Weakness)	
2015-001	<i>Criteria or Specific Requirement</i> - The Circuit Court Clerk of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting over the Circuit Court. As reported in the prior year audit report, the Circuit Court Clerk's record keeping system and accounting processes/procedures do not allow for reconciliation between the daily deposits as posted in the system and the deposit slip or bank statement or between the bank statement to the distribution of cash in order to properly maintain records for amounts held in custody of others. Additionally, there is a lack of segregation of duties associated with cash receipts and the associated record keeping.	Not corrected.

HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

CORRECTIVE ACTIONS PLANS



MIKE MORGAN District 4

BOBBY "BOBCAT" McGOWAN District 5

CARMEN Y. DAVIS County Administrator

ROBERT GRAHAM District 1 Vice President

DARREL D. McQUIRTER District 2 President

PEGGY HOBSON CALHOUN District 3

FINANCIAL AUDIT FINDING

June 27, 2017

Ms. Jessica S. Sumrall, CPA BKD LLP 190 E. Capital Street, Suite 500 Jackson, MS 39201-2190

Dear Ms. Sumrall:

We are responding to the Audit Finding for FY 2016. It is as follows:

Reference Number 2016-002 **Finding and Recommendation**

Criteria of Specific Requirement – The County is responsible for establishing and maintain effective internal control over financial reporting.

Condition – The County's current record keeping system and accounting processes/procedures for capital assets do not allow for reconciliation of fixed asset additions to construction in process and recognition of assets in the proper period.

Cause – There are no procedures in place to reconcile the additions to construction in process to ensure additions were not previously included in the construction in progress. Additionally, there is no process to ensure certain engineer costs and payments on behalf of the County by the Mississippi Office of State Aid Road (OSAR) are capitalized in the proper period.

Effect – The financial statements might be materially misstated, and the errors would not be detected by management. Further, certain audit adjustments were proposed and made to correct current year misstatements related to capital assets.

Page 2 Financial Audit Finding

Recommendation – The County should regularly track, record, and reconcile cost intended to be capitalized. Additionally, information obtained by the County for OSAR payments made on behalf of the county should be adjusted to include the proper information needed to capitalize assets or construction in progress in the correct period. We further recommend capital assets should be updated and prepared timely to facilitate a review and approval process.

Corrective Action Plan – The County will require the Public Work's Director and or the Engineering Firm to send the State Aid report regularly detailing the reimbursement request for every project to the Budget and Finance Department and Chancery Clerk's office. Additionally, the Budget and Chancery offices will record and reconcile the cost intended to be capitalized. The fixed assets will be prepared timely for review and approval. The action plan will be placed into effect immediately.

Sincerely,

Nevis nen Y. Davis ounty Administrator

COURT TERMS CIRCUIT COURT 1ST MONDAY JANUARY 1ST MONDAY MARCH 1ST MONDAY MAY 1ST MONDAY JUNE 1ST MONDAY SEPTEMBER 1ST MONDAY NOVEMBER

SECOND DISTRICT CIRCUIT 4TH MONDAY JANUARY 2ND MONDAY JULY 4TH MONDAY SEPTEMBER



Zack Wallace Circuit Clerk www.hindscountyms.com COURT TERMS COUNTY COURT 2ND MONDAY EACH MONTH

SECOND DISTRICT COUNTY

2ND MONDAY MARCH 2ND MONDAY JUNE 2ND MONDAY SEPTEMBER 2ND MONDAY DECEMBER

Date: June 20, 2017

Reference Number: 2016-001

Finding Response

As of January 2016, the internal control over financial reporting has been changed due to the recommendations from the 2015 audit report. The Circuit Clerk has segregated the cash receipts and record keeping functions. Also, the Circuit Clerk with help from its CPA firm, Matthew, Cutrer & Lindsay, will regularly reconcile the bank statements to the distribution of cash and daily cash receipts with amounts deposited to the bank.

An internal control document should be on file with name of clerks and their responsibilities with maintaining records of daily transactions.

Zack Wallace Hinds County Circuit Clerk