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PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Financial Statements and Special Reports For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

## PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

## Table of Contents

3

41

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	8
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	· 9
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	- 11
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	12
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	13
Notes to the Financial Statements	14

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - General Fund	34
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) - Countywide Road Fund	35
Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	36
Schedule of the County's Contributions	37
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information-Unaudited	38

## OTHER INFORMATION

Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials-Unaudited

## SPECIAL REPORTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
And Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	43
Independent Accountants' Report on Central Purchasing System, Inventory Control System, and	
Purchase Clerk Schedules (Required by Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	45
Limited Internal Control and Compliance Review Management Report	49
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES	51
AUDITEE'S SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS	53

## HERZOG CPA COMPANY, PLLC

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

February 8, 2019

Members of the Board of Supervisors Pearl River County, Mississippi

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pearl River County, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the County's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units

The financial statements do not include financial data for the County's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The County has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units is not reasonably determinable.

### Adverse Opinion

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Pearl River County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2016, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding sections, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pearl River County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules and corresponding notes, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of the County's Contributions, and corresponding notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## **Omission of Required Supplementary Information**

Pearl River County, Mississippi, has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 8, 2019, on our consideration of Pearl River County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pearl River County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Herzog CPA Company, PLLC

Herzog CPA Company, PLLC

Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

## PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Primary Government
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 13,991,961
Cash with fiscal agents	225,092
Property tax receivable	16,285,000
Fines receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$2,833,118)	684,068
Intergovernmental receivables	330,800
Other receivables	338,939
Capital assets:	
Land	1,677,921
Other capital assets, net	80,424,849
Total Assets	113,958,630
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of RESOURCES	4,942,146
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,942,146
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 118,900,776
LIABILITIES	
Claims payable	\$ 609,063
Intergovernmental payables	703,032
Accrued interest payable	31,728
Other payables	234,366
Long-term liabilities:	
Net pension liabilities	23,606,896
Due within one year:	
Capital debt	1,558,680
Due in more than one year:	-,,
Capital debt	8,412,321
Non-capital debt	921,779
Total Liabilities	36,077,865
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
	614,975
Deferred inflows related to pensions	16,285,000
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	16,899,975
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,000,010
NET POSITION	72,131,769
Net investment in capital assets	72,151,709
Restricted	
Expendable:	563,425
Debt Service	453,442
Public Safety	455,442 3,362,281
Public Works	455,951
Health and Welfare	
Economic Development	74,739
Unrestricted	(11,118,671
Total Net Position	65,922,936

The notes to the financial notes are an integral part of this statement.

					,				Exhibit 2
				Prc	Program Revenues			Net (Ex and Ch Net ]	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Ŭ	Onerating	Ũ	Capital	Primar	Primary Government
	 	σ,	Charges for		Grants and	55	Grants and	0	Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	3	Contributions	10	IN LOTATIONS		CONTAINS.
Primary government:									
Governmenta Acuviucs. General covernment	\$ (7.841.449)	69	1.812.189	69	14.698	\$	1	\$	(6,014,562)
Public safety	-	,	1,664,560	ł	380,726		47		(6,232,695)
Public works	(4,799,234)		284,794		1,006,857		61,389		(3,446,194)
Health and welfare	(410,699)		ŀ		169,877		I		(240,822)
Culture and recreation	(427,839)	•	I		•		I		(427, 839)
Education	(185,585)		•		ı		1		(185,585)
Conservation of natural resources	(265,910)				130,806		ı		(135,104)
Economic development and assistance	(128,863)		•				ı		(128, 863)
Interest on long-term debt	(260,372)		•		ı		ı		(260,372)
Pension expense	(3,235,856)		•		۲		ľ	-	(3,235,856)
Total Governmental Activities	(25,833,835)		3,761,543		1,702,964		61,436		(20, 307, 892)
	General revenues:								
	Property taxes							\$	15,838,315
	Road & bridge privilege taxes	rivilege ta	txes						759,468
	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ibutions r	tot restricted to	specific p	rograms				911,874
	Unrestricted investment income	estment in	come		-				35,142
	Miscellaneous								1,017,198
	Total General	Revenues	General Revenues and extraordinary item	nary item					18,561,997
	Change in Net Position	Net Posit	ion						(1,745,895)
	Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	ginning ,	as previously n	eported					67,692,406
	Prior Period Adjustment	ustment	I				·		(23,575)
	Net Position - Beginning, as restated	Beginning	, as restated	-					67,668,831
	Net Position - Ending	- Ending						÷	65,922,936
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	1 integral part of this stat	ement.							

PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

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## PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI BALANCE SHEET- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Major F	ands					
			unus	;	Other			Total
	6	ieneral	C	ountywide	Go	overnmental	Go	vernmental
	-	Fund		oad Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	8,381,731	\$	2,473,982	\$	3,136,248	\$	13,991,961
Cash with fiscal agents		-		۲		225,092		225,092
Property tax receivable		12,421,000		1,535,000		2,329,000		16,285,000
Fines receivable, (net of allowance		,,					-	
for uncollectibles of \$2,833,118)		684,068		-		-		684,068
Intergovernmental receivables		318,858		-		11,942		330,800
Due from other funds				89,316		41,389		130,705
Advances to other funds		-		97,330		· <b>-</b>		97,330
Other receivables		338,939		-				338,939
Total Assets	\$	22,144,596	\$	4,195,628	\$	5,743,671	\$	32,083,895
					7			
LIABILITIES Claims payable	\$	462,653	\$	98,672	\$	47,738	\$	609,063
Intergovernmental payables	ψ.	703,032	Ψ	, c,c	•	-		703,032
Due to other funds		130,705		-		-		130,705
Advances from other funds		97,330		-		-		97,330
		234,366						234,366
Other payables Total Liabilities		1,628,086		98,672	<b></b>	47,738		1,774,496
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	1,028,080		20,072				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		10 101 000		1 525 000		2,329,000		16,285 <u>,</u> 000
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		12,421,000		1,535,000		2,329,000		684,068
Unavailable revenue-fines		684,068		-		11,942		11,942
Unavailable revenue-accounts receivable Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		13,105,068		1,535,000	- -	2,340,942		16,981,010
Total Deferred liniows of Resources				1,000,000			***	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Advances		-		97,330		. =	· .	97,330
Restricted for:								
Debt service		-		-		595,153		595,153
Assigned to:								
Public Safety		-		-		442,900		442,900
Public Works		-		2,464,626		800,325		3,264,951
Health and Welfare		-		-		455,951		455,951
Economic Development		( <u> </u>		<b>.</b>		74,739		74,739
Unassigned		7,411,442		-		985,923	<u></u>	8,397,365
Total Fund Balances		7,411,442		2,561,956	-	3,354,991		13,328,389
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,					*	E 845 /81	¢	23 003 005
and Fund Balances	\$	22,144,596	\$	4,195,628	\$	5,743,671	\$	32,083,895

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 3

## PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Exhibit 3-1
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		Amount \$ 13,328,389
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of are different because:	of Net Position	
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not fin therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated de	ancial resources and, epreciation of \$101,533,368.	82,102,770
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period	d expenditures and,	
therefore, are deferred in the funds.		684,068
Fines receivable		11,942
Accounts receivable		11,742
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current-peri therefore, are not reported in the funds.	od and,	(10,892,780)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current potent therefore are not reported in the funds.	eriod and,	(23,606,896)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current pa therefore, is not reported in the funds.	eriod and,	(31,728)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions a	are applicable to future	
periods and, therefore are not reported in the funds:		4,942,146
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(614,975)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(014,975)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 65,922,936

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Exhibit 4
	Major	Funds		
	General Fund	Countywide Road Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			····	<del></del>
Property taxes	\$ 11,964,704	\$ 1,584,632	\$ 2,288,978	\$ 15,838,314
Road and bridge privilege taxes	<b>-</b>	759,467	-	759,467
Licenses, commissions and other revenue	928,559	-	173,537	1,102,096
Fines and forfeitures	989,235	-	26,679	1,015,914
Intergovernmental revenues	1,152,953	711,112	829,741	2,693,806
Charges for services	989,835	116,829	592,130	1,698,794
Interest income	27,344	3,026	4,772	35,142
Miscellaneous revenues	884,957	15,283	116,959	1,017,199
Total Revenues	16,937,587	3,190,349	4,032,796	24,160,732
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	7,533,391	-	628,564	8,161,955
Public safety	6,937,934		1,341,785	8,279,719
Public works	197,887	2,193,262	2,318,509	4,709,658
Health and welfare	410,700	-	-	410,700
Culture and recreation	418,047	-	18,573	436,620
Education	185,585	-	•	185,585
Conservation of natural resources	222,520	•	39,564	262,084
Economic development and assistance	130,293	-	-	130,293
Debt service:				
Principal	238,174	560,000	1,100,582	1,898,756
Interest and other fiscal charges	6,238	10,360	268,593	285,191
Total Expenditures	16,280,769	2,763,622	5,716,170	24,760,561
Excess of Revenues over				
(under) Expenditures	656,818	426,727	(1,683,374)	(599,829)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	45,000	979,982	1,024,982
Transfers out	(979,982)	-	(45,000)	(1,024,982)
Proceeds from issuance of debt	186,249	-	649,998	836,247
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	17,402	-	-	17,402
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(776,331)	45,000	1,584,980	853,649
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(119,513)	471,727	(98,394)	253,820
Fund Balances - Beginning	7,530,955	2,090,229	3,453,385	13,074,569
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 7,411,442	\$ 2,561,956	\$ 3,354,991	\$ 13,328,389

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BLANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

		Exhibit 4-1
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	253,820
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities		
re different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position		•
differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of depreciation expense of		
\$1,978,094 was exceeded by capital outlays of \$1,088,301 in the current period.		(889,793)
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets		
are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital		
assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the		
change in fund balances by the amount of the net loss of \$123,322 and the proceeds		
from the sale of \$17,402 in the current period.		(140,724
Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the	•	
current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required		
on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting.		(55,261
Other revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is		
increased prior year recognition would be required on the Statement of Activities using the		
full-accrual basis of accounting.		(17,532
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing		
debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt		
principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces		
long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs		
from the changes in fund balances by the amount that debt repayments of \$1,898,756		
and exceeded debt proceeds of \$836,247.		1,062,509
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds,		
expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with		
expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities,		
which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported		
regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-		
term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due,		
rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change		
in fund balances by a combination of the following items:		o o <b>-</b>
The amount of increase in accrued interest payable		9,877
The amount of decrease in compensated absences		(127,186
The amortization of:		19.052
Premiums on refunding bonds		18,953 (4,011
Discount on refunding bonds		(4,011
Some items reported on the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68		
are not reported in the government funds. These activities include:		(3,235,856
Recording of pension expense for the current period		1,379,309
Recording of contributions made during the year Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		(1,745,895
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		12

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

	Exhibit 5
	Agency
	Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 969,684
Total Assets	\$ 969,684
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held in custody for others	\$ 969,684
Total Liabilities	\$ 969,684

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity.

I,

Pearl River County is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Pearl River County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component units, which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County.

Management has chosen to omit from these financial statements the following component units, which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include the data of all the County's component units necessary for reporting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

- Pearl River County Hospital
- Carriere Fire District
- Crossroads Fire District
- Henleyfield Fire District
- McNeil Fire District
- Southeast Fire District
- Amackertown Fire District
- Northeast Fire District
- Pine Grove Fire District
- Nicholson Fire District
- Derby/Whitesand Fire District
- North Central Fire District
- Steephollow Fire District

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Člerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor-Collector
- Sheriff

Β.

Individual Component Unit Disclosures.

#### Blended Component Units

Certain component units, although legally separate from the primary government, are nevertheless so intertwined with the primary government that they are, in substance, the same as the primary government. Therefore, these component units are reported as if they are part of the primary government. The following component unit's balances and transactions are blended with the balances and transactions of the primary government:

Mississippi Corrections PRC, LLC

Mississippi Corrections PRC, LLC was formed for the purpose of the construction of a new jail facility.

#### C. Basis of Presentation.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Funds are organized into governmental and fiduciary. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The government-wide and fiduciary funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within sixty days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

## D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting. (Continued)

The County reports the following major Governmental Funds:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Countywide Road Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for monies from specific revenue sources that are restricted for road maintenance.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Revenue Funds account for, among others, certain federal grant programs, taxes levied with statutorily defined distributions and other resources restricted as to purpose.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

#### E. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

#### F. Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality, or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit, and cash equivalents, which are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value.

### G. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

## H. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Noncurrent portions of interfund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable Governmental Funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

## I. Restricted Assets.

Assets required to be held and/or used as specified in bond indentures, bond resolutions, trustee agreements, board resolutions and donor specifications have been reported as restricted assets. Certain resources and revenues associated with the County's revenue bonds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "administrative expense" fund is used to provide for, to the extent of moneys available, all expenses of the developer or the County (not otherwise paid or provided for out of the proceeds of the sale of certificates) incidental to the certificates and required to be paid by either of them in order to comply with the terms of the certificates or the trust indenture. The "base rental fund" fund is used to accumulate base rental payments until transfer of funds to the interest account and the principal account in amounts of interest and principal then due. The "debt service reserve" fund is used to report resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from the County's operation that could adversely affect debt service payments. When both restricted and nonrestricted assets are available for use, the policy is to use restricted assets first.

#### Capital Assets.

J.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure costs, have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements. Depreciation is calculated on the straightline basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives.

#### Capital Assets. (Continued)

J.

	Capitalization Thresholds	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ -	n/a
Infrastructure	-	20-50 years
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Improvements other than building	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

\* Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

## K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

In additions to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources expenses/expenditures) until then.

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> - This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note XIII for additional details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Property tax for future reporting period/unavailable revenue-property taxes</u> - Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

<u>Unavailable revenue – fines</u> – When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenues becomes available.

<u>Unavailable revenue –accounts receivable</u> – When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u> - This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note XIII for additional details.

L. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefits payments (included refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### M. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Fund Types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

### Equity Classifications. (Continued)

N.

Government fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are either not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties are restricted, committed or assigned) or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a principal balance of a permanent fund.

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not classified as nonspendable and is neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Board of Supervisors pursuant to authorization established by the policy adopted by the County.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### O. Property Tax Revenues.

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

## Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements, and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

#### Compensated Absences.

Ρ.

Q.

The County has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absences liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example an employee resigns or retires.

#### II. Prior Period Adjustments.

A summary of significant fund equity adjustments are as follows:

Explanation	Amount
To adjust beginning balances of capital assets, to correct errors	
in capital asset records	\$ (23,575)

## III. Deposits and Cash with Fiscal Agent.

#### Deposits;

0The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2016, was \$14,961,645 and the bank balance was \$15,464,388. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions are held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the FDIC. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

### Cash with Fiscal Agents:

The carrying amount of the County's cash with fiscal agents held by a financial institution at September 30, 2016 was \$225,092.

## IV. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2016:

A. Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund:	Payable Fund	Payable Fund		
Countywide Road Fund	General Fund	:	\$	89,316
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund			41,389
Total		:	. \$	130,705

The receivables represent the tax revenue collected but not settled until October 2016. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

B. Advances from/to Other Funds:

Receivable Fund:	Payable Fund	-	Amount
Countywide Road Fund	General Fund	\$	97,330

The purpose of the advance was to reclassify road and bridge privilege tax that was improperly recorded in General Fund.

C. Transfers In/Out:

Transfer Out		Amount
General Fund	\$	979,982
Other Governmental Funds		45,000
	\$	1,024,982
	General Fund	General Fund \$ Other Governmental Funds

The principal purpose of interfund transfers was to provide funds for grant matches or to provide funds to pay for capital outlay. All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

V. Intergovernmental Receivables.

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Amount
\$ 318,858
1,400
10,542
\$ 330,800
\$

## VI. Capital Assets.

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2016:

Governmental Activities:

		Balance Oct 1, 2015	Additions Deletions Adjustmer		ustments*	Balance * Sept 30, 2016				
Non-depreciable capital assets:	_									
Land	\$	1,677,921	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,677,921
Total non-depreciable capital assets		1,677,921			<del></del>	- <u> </u>				1,677,921
Depreciable capital assets:										
Infrastructure		141,578,421		-		-		-	]	141,578,421
Buildings		28,386,632		-		(124,104)		-		28,262,528
Improvements other										
than buildings		1,413,096		-		-		-		1,413,096
Mobile equipment		4,936,275		222,932		(110,200)		-		5,049,007
Furniture and equipment		4,037,878		25,769		(331,828)		(69,353)		3,662,466
Leased property under										
capital leases		1,153,099		839,600		-		-		1,992,699
Total depreciable capital assets	-	181,505,401	1	,088,301		(566,132)		(69,353)	1	81,958,217
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Infrastructure		87,448,086		803,937				-		88,252,023
Buildings		4,739,379		548,221		(27,324)		ч		5,260,276
Improvements other										
than buildings		188,963	,	56,527		-		· -		245,490
Mobile equipment		4,035,126		144,846		(95,580)		-		4,084,392
Furniture and equipment		3,361,568		126,532		(302,504)	-0	(45,778)		3,139,818
Leased property under										
capital leases		253,338		298,031		-		-		551,369
Total accumulated depreciation		100,026,460	1	,978,094		(425,408)		(45,778)	1	01,533,368
Total depreciable capital assets, net		81,478,941	(	(889,793)		(140,724)		(23,575)		80,424,849
Governmental activities capital						·				·
assets, net	\$	83,156,862	\$ (	(889,793)	\$ .	(140,724)	\$	(23,575)	\$	82,102,770

\* The adjustments are to correct errors in capital asset records.

## VI. Capital Assets. (Continued)

Depreciation expense was changed to the following functions:

 Amount
\$ 318,630
522,427
1,128,774
2,452
 5,811
\$ 1,978,094

VII. Claims and Judgments.

Risk Financing.

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2016, to January 1, 2017. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

## VIII. Capital Leases.

As Lessee:

The County is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2016:

Classes of Property	Governmental Activities
Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment	\$       1,827,189 165,510
Total	1,992,699
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(551,369)
Leased Property under Capital Leases	\$ 1,441,330

## VIII. Capital Leases. (Continued)

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2016:

Year Ending September 30:	Governme	Governmental Activities					
	Principal	Interest					
2017	\$ 657,680	\$ 28,132					
2018	465,682	15,810					
2019	249,181	9,123					
2020	205,290	4,387					
2021	112,858	901					
Total	\$ 1,690,691	\$ 58,353					

## IX. Long-Term Debt.

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

De	Description and Purpose		Amount Dutstanding	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	
Go	vernmental Activities:					
A.	General Obligation Bonds:					
	Katrina Loan Refunding Bonds, Series 2010	\$	532,000	3.35%	03/2020	
	General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2011		3,728,205	3.625 - 4.625%	02/2023	
	Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	4,260,205			
В.	Limited Obligation Bonds:					
	Hospital Improvements, Series 2012	\$	3,970,000	2.00-3.75%	07/2032	
	Total Limited Obligation Bonds	\$	3,970,000			
C.	Capital Leases				Ţ	
	Computer System	\$	84,900	2.24%	04/2019	
	1 2016 Ford Explorer		21,515	1.99%	03/2021	
	5 2016 Ford F-150 Trucks		121,418	1.99%	03/2021	
	1 2016 Ford F-150 Truck		27,076	1.86%	07/2020	
	2 F-350 Crew Cab Trucks		8,551	1.77%	06/2017	
	4 John Deere Excavators		297,552	2.14%	02/2017	
	3 Caterpillar Backhoes		191,310	1.85%	01/2018	
	130 Motorola Radios		137,031	2.19%	04/2020	
	2 Kubota Tractors & 2 Diamond Mowers		100,095	1.89%	06/2018	
	Road Hog		75,545	2.09%	06/2020	
	1 2016 Ford F-150 Truck		24,284	1.99%	03/2021	
	1 2016 Dodge Durango		22,773	1.81%	05/2019	
	5 2017 Western Star Dump Trucks		578,641	2.02%	06/2021	
	Total Capital Leases	\$	1,690,691			

#### IX. Long-Term Debt. (Continued)

. . . . . ..

Governmental Activities	General Obligation Bonds				Limited Obligation Bonds			
Year Ending September 30	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2017	\$ 716,000	\$	64,362	\$	185,000	\$	120,973	
2018	731,000		96,907		195,000		117,272	
2019	750,000		78,951		200,000		113,373	
2020	770,000		58,970		200,000		109,372	
2021	645,000		39,300		210,000		104,623	
2022-2026	648,205		19,950		1,125,000		433,462	
2027-2031			-		1,335,000		240,625	
2032-2036	-				520,000		19,500	
Total	\$ 4,260,205	\$	358,440	\$	3,970,000	\$	1,259,200	

Legal Debt Margin - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt, which can be incurred by the County, is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever the County issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2016, the amount of outstanding debt was 2.31% of the latest property assessments.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for year ended September 30, 2016:

	Balance Oct. 1, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance Sept. 30, 2016	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 794,593	\$ 127,186	\$ -	\$ 921,779	\$ -
General Obligation bonds	5,523,205	-	(1,263,000)	4,260,205	716,000
Less:					
Discount	(10,858)	-	2,715	(8,143)	-
Discount	(4,813)	-	791	. (4,022)	-
Add;					
Premium	49,927	-	(12,483)	37,444	-
Premium	39,408	. <b></b>	(6,470)	32,938	•
Limited Obligation bonds	4,150,000	-	(180,000)	3,970,000	185,000
Less:					
Discount	(8,617)		505	(8,112)	-
Capital leases	1,119,835	836,247	(265,391)	1,690,691	657,680
Other loans	190,365	-	(190,365)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total	\$ 11,843,045	\$ 963,433	\$ (1,913,698)	\$ 10,892,780	\$ 1,558,680

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid, which are generally the General Fund and Countywide Road Fund.

#### X. Contingencies.

<u>Federal Grants</u> – The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance from a grantor agency may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> – The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

#### XI. Joint Ventures.

The County participates in the following joint ventures:

Pearl River County is a participant with the Cities of Picayune and Poplarville in a joint venture, authorized by Section 39-3-8, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the Pearl River County Library System. The library system was created to provide free library service to all the people in the County. The library system is governed by a board of trustees consisting of ten members. Pearl River County appoints five members, Picayune appoints four and Poplarville appoints one. The library system is funded by each governmental entity on a previously agreed to proportional basis. The County's appropriation to the joint venture was \$222,000 in fiscal year 2016. Complete financial statements for the Pearl River County Library System can be obtained from the Margaret Reed Crosby Memorial Library located at 900 Goodyear Blvd., Picayune, MS 39466.

Pearl River County is a participant with the City of Poplarville in a joint venture, authorized by Section 61-3-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the Poplarville/Pearl River County Airport. The joint venture was created to provide airport service to the area. The airport is governed by a five-member board of commissioners appointed as follows: Pearl River County, two; Poplarville, two; and jointly, one. The County's appropriation to the joint venture was \$14,387 in fiscal year 2016. Complete financial statements can be obtained from Highway 53 South, Poplarville, MS 39470.

XII. Jointly Governed Organizations.

The County participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

Mississippi Regional Housing Authority VIII operates in a district composed of the Counties of Covington, Forrest, George, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jones, Lamar, Marion, Pearl River, Perry, Stone and Wayne. The governing body is a 15-member board of commissioners, one appointed by the Board of Supervisors of each of the member counties and one appointed at large. The counties generally provide no financial support to the organization.

Region XIII Commission for Mental Health and Mental Retardation operates in a district composed of the counties of Hancock, Harrison, Pearl River, and Stone. The governing body is a four-member board of commissioners, one appointed by the Board of Supervisors of each of the member counties. The County appropriated \$98,000 for support of the agency in fiscal year 2016.

Pearl River Valley Opportunity, Inc., operates in a district composed of the Counties of Covington, Forrest, Jefferson Davis, Jones, Lamar, Marion, Pearl River and Perry. The entity was created to administer programs conducted by community action agencies, limited purpose agencies and related programs authorized by federal law. The Pearl River County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the 24 members of the board of directors. The primary source of funding for the entity is derived from federal funds. Each county provides a modest amount of financial support when matching funds are required for federal grants. The County appropriated \$21,000 for support of the agency is fiscal year 2016.

## XII. Jointly Governed Organizations. (Continued)

Southeast Mississippi Air Ambulance District provides air ambulance service to the Counties of Covington, Forrest, Greene, Jefferson Davis, Lamar, Marion, Pearl River, Perry and Walthall. The Pearl River County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the nine members of the board of directors. The County appropriated \$150,000 for support of the district in fiscal year 2016.

Pearl River Community College operates in a district composed of the Counties of Forrest, Hancock, Jefferson Davis, Lamar, Marion and Pearl River. The Pearl River County Board of Supervisors appoints two of the 16 members of the college board of trustees. The County appropriated \$1,547,576 for maintenance and support of the college in fiscal year 2016.

Southern Mississippi Planning and Development District operates in a district composed of the Counties of Covington, Forrest, George, Greene, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jefferson Davis, Jones, Lamar, Marion, Pearl River, Perry, Stone and Wayne. The Pearl River County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the 27 members of the board of directors. The County appropriated \$68,000 for support of the district in fiscal year 2016.

## XIII. Pension Plan Obligations.

## General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description.</u> Pearl River County, Mississippi, is a member of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan as defined in GASB Statement Number 68, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions</u>. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment and is granted upon hiring for qualifying employees of the County. Code Section 25-11-15, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) grants the authority for general administration and proper operation of PERS to the PERS Board of Trustees (PERS Board). PERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at <u>www.pers.ms.gov</u>.

Benefits Provided. For the cost-sharing plan, participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled upon application, to annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.00% of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.50% for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary. Benefits are established by Section 25-11-1 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

### XIII. Pension Plan Obligations. (Continued)

A Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.00% of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.00% compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

<u>Contributions.</u> Per Chapter 11 of Title 25, Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), contribution requirements of plan members and their employers are established and may be amended only by the PERS Board. The adequacy of the rates is assessed annually by actuarial valuation. For the year ended September 30, 2016, member employees were required to contribute 9.00 percent of their annual pay, while the County's required contribution rate was 15.75 percent of annual covered payroll. The County's employer contributions to PERS for the year ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$1,379,309, \$1,355,373, and \$1,319,695, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to <u>Pensions</u>. At September 30, 2016, Pearl River County reported a liability of \$23,606,896 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Pearl River County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on employer contributions to PERS for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, relative to the total employer contributions of participating employers to PERS. At June 30, 2016, the Pearl River County's proportion was .132159 percent which was a decrease of .0048 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended September 30, 2016, Pearl River County recognized pension expense of \$3,235,856. At September 30, 2016, Pearl River County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Ir	Deferred Iflows of Lesources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	595,611	\$	· •
Net difference between projected and actual		•		
earnings on pension plan investments		2,795,144		-
Changes in assumptions		1,154,109		62,730
Changes in the proportion and differences between				
the County's contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		38,712		552,245
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		358,570		
	\$	4,942,146	\$	614,975

### XIII. Pension Plan Obligations. (Continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2016, reported \$358,570 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30		
2017	\$ 1,498,69	90
2018	1,270,94	45
2019	732,6	06
2020	466,3	60
	\$ 3,968,6	01

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> The total pension liability used in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75%-19.50%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of position of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

## XIII. Pension Plan Obligations. (Continued)

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return		
U.S. Broad	34.00 %	5.20 %		
International equity	19.00	5.00		
Emerging markets equity	8.00	5.45		
Fixed income	20.00	.25		
Real assets	10.00	4.00		
Private equity	8.00	6.15		
Cash	1.00	(.50)		
	100.00 %			

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that participating employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Pearl River County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability has been calculated using a discount rate of 7.75%. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1% higher and 1% lower than the current rate.

	· .	1% Decrease (6.75%)	]	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	 1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	30,269,335	\$	23,606,896	\$ 18,079,234

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

XIV. Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position.

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$11,118,671) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$358,570 resulting form County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017. The \$4,583,576 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2016, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 4 years. The \$614,975 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pension at September 30, 2016, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 3 years.

#### XIV. Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position. (Continued)

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position (deficit) of (\$11,118,671) includes the effect of recognition of deferring the recognition of revenue from property taxes. The \$16,285,000 balance of deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2016 will be recognized in revenue over the next year.

#### XV. Subsequent Events.

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Pearl River County, Mississippi evaluated the activity of the County through February 8, 2019, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

The County approved the purchase and financing of several pieces of equipment and vehicles included in the following list. Also included in the listing below are the principal purchase price and the issue date.

٠	One new Avaya telephone system	11/10/2016	\$ 286,222	
•	Four new John Deere 75G excavators	12/13/2016	\$ 444,800	
٠	Five Ford Taurus police vehicles	12/15/2016	\$ 134,435	
٠	One new 2017 Dodge Grand Caravan	2/10/2017	\$ 22,545	
٠	Three new 2017 Ford Taurus Enforcer sedans	3/15/2017	\$ 80,661	
•	One Live Scan system	3/15/2017	\$ 19,960	
٠	One new 2017 Ford transit van	4/10/2017	\$ 31,802	
٠	One new 2017 Ford F-150 truck	6/21/2017	\$ 25,816	
•	One new 2018 310L backhoe loader	4/2/2018	\$ 92,804	
•	Three new 2018 310L backhoe loaders	4/2/2018	\$ 287,653	
•	Excavator	10/1/2018	\$ 16 <b>9</b> ,900	

On May 7, 2018, the County approved two paving projects in the amounts of \$336,000 and \$484,068.

On June 4, 2018, the County had approved the issuance of \$12,000,000 in general obligation bonds to fund various construction and renovation projects, with an interest rate of 3.95% with a financing term of 22 years.

On July 18, 2018, the County approved the purchase of two 2017 Ford Police Interceptors.

#### XVI. Other Matters.

The County guaranteed a \$1,500,000 line of credit for the Pearl River County Hospital and Nursing Home and approved a \$300,000 temporary loan to the Pearl River County Hospital and Nursing Home. The County guaranteed a \$111,000 loan for the Derby/Whitesand Fire District.

## **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

## PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund-UNAUDITED For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			Dasis)	(Inegative)
Property taxes	\$ 11,278,000	\$ 11,957,832	\$ 11,957,832	<b>\$</b>
Licenses, commissions and other revenue	854,000	931,642	931,642	
Fines and forfeitures	914,000	780,641	780,641	
Special assessments	-	55,404	55,404	<u>.</u>
Intergovernmental revenues	1,881,000	1,243,363	1,243,363	
Charges for services	840,000	989,835	989,835	-
Interest income	15,200	26,962	26,962	•
Miscellaneous revenues	887,000	894,484	894,484	_
Total Revenues	16,669,200	16,880,163	16,880,163	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:		6 - C C C C C C C C		
General government	8,185,540	7,331,691	7,331,635	56
Public safety	6,805,780	6,833,762	6,833,762	-
Public works	213,000	198,191	198,191	 
Health and welfare	392,000	410,527	410,527	-
Culture and recreation	345,000	368,755	368,755	-
Education	, 160,000	172,086	172,086	
Conservation of natural resources	210,298	211,501	211,501	· -
Economic development and assistance	256,000	155,293	155,293	-
Debt service:				
Principal	68,800	232,964	232,964	· ••
Interest	-	11,449	11,449	
Total Expenditures	16,636,418	15,926,219	15,926,163	56
Excess of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	32,782	953,944	954,000	56
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				·
Transfers in	500,000		-	-
Transfers out	(1,700,000)	(979,982)	(979,982)	-
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	(1,200,000)	(979,982)	(979,982)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,167,218)	(26,038)	(25,982)	56
Fund Balances - Beginning	4,587,857	8,102,500	6,499,296	(1,603,204)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 3,420,639	\$ 8,076,462	\$ 6,473,314	\$ (1,603,148)
		<u> </u>		

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.
# PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) Countywide Road Fund-UNAUDITED For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Origir Budg		Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				· ·
Property taxes	\$ 1,390,0		\$ 1,521,923	\$ -
Road and bridge privilege taxes	750,0		815,878	-
Intergovernmental revenues	945,0		711,112	-
Charges for services	75,0	•	116,829	-
Interest income	2,0		3,026	-
Miscellaneous revenues	15,0		15,282	-
Total Revenues	3,177,0	00 3,184,050	3,184,050	-
EXPENDITURES		·		·
Current:				
Public works	2,607,3	00 2,135,527	2,135,457	70
Debt Service:	_,,_			
Principal	560,0	00 560,000	560,000	-
Interest	11,0		10,360	-
Total Expenditures	3,178,3		2,705,817	70
Excess of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(1,3	00) 478,163	478,233	70
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		- 45,000	45,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	· · · ·	- 45,000	45,000	
Total Onlor T manoing Sources and Oses	•	- +5,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,30	00) 523,163	523,233	70
Fund Balances - Beginning	(1,607,8		1,950,749	(254,130)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ (1,609,18		\$ 2,473,982	\$ (254,130)
-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

# PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share Of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years\* For the Years Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

	2016		2015	
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.132159%		0.137055%
County's proportionate share of the net pension				
liability (asset)	\$	23,606,896	\$	21,186,000
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	8,757,515	\$	8,605,542
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability				
(asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		269.56%	i	246.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
pension liability		57.47%		61.70%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 prior to the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

36

See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.

# PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of the County's Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years\* For the Years Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015

		2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,379,309	\$	1,355,373	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		(1,379,309)		(1,355,373)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<b>.</b> .	\$		
County's covered-employee payroll		8,757,515		8,605,542	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.75%		15.75%	

\* The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.

#### PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Notes to Required Supplementary Information-UNAUDITED For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

#### A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff and the Tax Assessor-Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

#### Basis of Presentation.

Β.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP) basis and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and the Countywide Road Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

#### C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund:

· · ·	Ge	eneral Fund	Countywide Road Fund		
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	(25,982)	\$	523,233	
Increase (Decrease)					
Net adjustments for revenue accruals		261,075		6,299	
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals		(354,606)		(57,805)	
GAAP Basis	\$	(119,513)	\$	471,727	

#### PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Notes to Required Supplementary Information- UNAUDITED For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

D. Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of the County's Contributions.

Changes in Benefit Provisions.

2016

• Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Changes of Assumptions.

2015

• The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

• The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

• Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

• Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

• The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016

• The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

# OTHER INFORMATION

# PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials-Unaudited For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Anthony HalesSupervisor DiMalcolm PerrySupervisor DiHudson HollidaySupervisor DiFarron MoellerSupervisor DiSandy Kane SmithSupervisor Di	istrict 2 100, istrict 3 100, istrict 4 100, istrict 5 100, nistrator 100, rk 100,	000 000 000 000 000
Hudson HollidaySupervisor DiFarron MoellerSupervisor DiSandy Kane SmithSupervisor Di	istrict 3 100, istrict 4 100, istrict 5 100, nistrator 100, rk 100, 100,	000 000 000 000 000
Farron MoellerSupervisor DiSandy Kane SmithSupervisor Di	istrict 4 100,4 istrict 5 100,4 nistrator 100, rk 100,4 100,4	000 000 000 000
Sandy Kane Smith Supervisor D	istrict 5 100, nistrator 100, rk 100, 100,	000 000 000
•	nistrator 100, rk 100, 100,	000 000
	rk 100, 100,	000
Adrian Lumpkin, Jr. County Admi	100,	
Melinda Bowman Chancery Cle		
Nance Fitzpatrick Stokes Circuit Clerk	1. OL 1. CO.	000
Beth Keeling Deputy Circu	it Clerk 50,0	000
Jennifer Mason Deputy Circu	it Clerk 50,	000
Melissa Holliday Deputy Circu	it Clerk 50,0	000
Donna Dubose Deputy Circu	it Clerk 50,0	000
Janson Owens Deputy Circu	it Clerk 50,0	000
Elena Shaw Deputy Circu	it Clerk 50,0	000
Abby Smith Deputy Circu	it Clerk 50,0	000
Jessica Chapoton Deputy Circu	it Clerk 50,6	000
Elizabeth Smith Deputy Circu	it Clerk 50,0	000
Lisa Fowler Purchase Cler	·k 75,0	)00
Lindsey Pender Assistant Pure	chase Clerk 75,0	000
Pam Bowers Receiving Cle	erk 75,0	)00
John Sherman Inventory Con	ntrol Clerk 75,6	)00
Ray Bennett Constable	50,0	)00
Danny Slade Constable	50,0	)00
Charles Stockstill Constable	50,0	)00
David Allison Sheriff	100,0	)00
Deputy Sheriffs Deputy Sherif	fs 50,0	)00
Kathy Mason Justice Court	Clerk 50,0	)00
John Mark Mitchell Justice Court	Judge 50,0	)00
Donald Fail Justice Court	Judge 50,0	)00
James H. Breland Justice Court	Judge 50,0	000
Erin Peterson Deputy Justice	e Court Clerk 50,0	)00
Tricia Richmond Deputy Justice	e Court Clerk 50,0	000
Brittany Smith Deputy Justice	e Court Clerk 50,0	000
Anna Allen Deputy Justic	e Court Clerk 50,0	)00
Gary Beech Tax Collector	100,0	)00
Charlie Schielder Road Manage	r 100,0	)00

# PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI SPECIAL REPORTS

# HERZOG CPA COMPANY, PLLC

Angela T. Herzog, CPA

12 98 Place Boulevard • P.O. Box 17986 • Hattiesburg, Mississippi 39404 Phone 601-271-8860 • Fax 601-271-8921 145 Republic Street • Suite 211 • Madison, Mississippi 39110

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Pearl River County, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pearl River County, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2019. Our report includes an adverse opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units due to the omission of the discretely presented units which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The report is qualified on the governmental activities because the County has not maintained adequate subsidiary records documenting the County's infrastructure and construction in progress and has not maintained adequate records documenting depreciation on the County's infrastructure as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pearl River County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as 2016-001 to be a material weakness.

Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pearl River County, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Pearl River County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit Pearl River County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

#### Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Herzog CPA Company, PLLC

Herzog CPA Company, PLLC February 8, 2019

Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

# HERZOG CPA COMPANY, PLLC

# Angela T. Herzog, CPA

12 98 Place Boulevard • P.O. Box 17986 • Hattiesburg, Mississippi 39404 Phone 601-271-8860 • Fax 601-271-8921 145 Republic Street • Suite 211 • Madison, Mississippi 39110

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISS. CODE ANN. (1972))

Members of the Board of Supervisors Pearl River County, Mississippi

We have examined Pearl River County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with the bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) during the year ended September 30, 2016. The Board of Supervisors of Pearl River County, Mississippi is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Pearl River County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the County and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Pearl River County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2016.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination of the purchasing system and, in our opinion, is fairly presented when considered in relation to that examination.

This report is intended for use in evaluating the central purchasing system and inventory control system of Pearl River County, Mississippi, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Herzog CPA Company, PLLC

Herzog CPA Company, PLLC February 8, 2019

Member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

# PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Purchases Not Made From the Lowest Bidder For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Our test results did not identify any purchases not made from the lowest bidder.

# PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Emergency Purchases For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Our test results did not identify any emergency purchases.

47 ·

# Schedule 3

PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively From a Sole Source For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Date	Item Purchased		Amount Paid	Vendor	
3/7/2016	Information System	n Software	\$20,958	ERSI	
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			•	•	
•					
			· · ·		•
	· · · ·				
		* * *			49
					48

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#### LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Pearl River County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Pearl River County, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2016, we considered Pearl River County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Pearl River County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the County's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated February 8, 2019, on the financial statements of Pearl River County, Mississippi.

Although no findings came to our attention as a result of these review procedures and compliance tests, these procedures and tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Herzog CPA Company, PLLC

Herzog CPA Company, PLLC February 8, 2019

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

# PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

# Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements:

3.

1.	Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Governmental activities	
	Aggregate discretely presented component units General Fund	
	Countywide Road Fund Aggregate remaining fund information	

# 2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant deficiencies identified?

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

Unmodified Adverse Unmodified Unmodified

Yes

None Reported

No

# PEARL RIVER COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

# Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Board of Supervisors

Material Weakness

# 2016-001. Financial data of the County's component units should be included in the financial statements.

#### Finding

As reported in prior year, generally accepted accounting principles require the financial data for the County's component units to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. As reported in the prior four years' audit reports, the financial statements do not include the financial data for its component units. The failure to properly follow generally accepted accounting principles resulted in an adverse opinion on the discretely presented component units.

#### Recommendation

The Board of Supervisors should provide the financial data for its discretely presented component units for the inclusion in the County's financial statements.

#### Board of Supervisors' Response

The Board of Supervisors has financial reports on all component units. In the future, financial reports will be compiled together.

SANDY KANE SMITH President, District Five HUDSON HOLLIDAY Vice-President, District Three DONALD HART District One



MALCOLM PERRY District Two FARRON MOELLER District Four MELINDA BOWMAN Clerk of Board

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS PEARL RIVER COUNTY P.O. BOX 569 POPLARVILLE, MS 39470 (601) 403-2300 (601) 403-2309 Fax ADRAIN LUMPKIN, JR. County Administrator

# AUDITEE'S SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS September 30, 2016

February 8, 2019

Pearl River County Board of Supervisors 200 South Main Street Poplarville, MS 39470

Honorable Board Members:

The monthly activity and financial reports for every Sheriff's department grant have been submitted to the Board of Supervisor's Office each month.

Sincerely,

Sheriff David Allison