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CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

> Bridgers & Goodman, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI

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# **CITY OF CLEVELAND**

**FINANCIAL SECTION** 



DAVID I. BRIDGERS, JR., CPA L. KARL GOODMAN, CPA, MBA MEMBERS OF
MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CPA'S
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPA'S
GOVERNMENT AUDIT QUALITY CENTER

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Cleveland Cleveland, Mississippi

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cleveland, Mississippi, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the

appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cleveland, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of the City's Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purposes of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Cleveland, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules in the other supplemental information section on pages 61 through 65, as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information section as listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United

States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information section, as listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedules in the statistical section on pages 66 through 69 as listed in the table of contents, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2017, our consideration of the City of Cleveland, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Cleveland, Mississisppi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bridgers & Soodman, PLLC
Bridgers & Goodman, PLLC
Certified Public Accountants

Vicksburg, Mississippi

June 30, 2017

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS** 

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Cleveland's (the City) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and disclosures to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2016 by \$27,894,159 (net position), this amount represents a decrease of \$2,796,860, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$343,805) from fiscal year 2015. Of this amount the unrestricted net position showed a deficit balance of (\$6,477,718).
- Total assets decreased \$1,526,180 from 2015.
- Total liabilities increased \$1,973,962 from 2015.
- The City had \$17,147,598 in total revenues. Property tax revenues account for \$3,831,742 or 22 percent of total revenues. Sales and tourism taxes account for \$4,472,436 or 26 percent of total revenues. Charges for services account for \$5,730,375 or 34 percent of total revenues. The remainder of revenue is from federal and state grants, franchise taxes, and other sources and accounts for \$3,113,045 or 18 percent of total revenues.
- The City had \$19,600,653 in total expenses which represents an increase of \$883,208 or 4.72 percent over the prior fiscal year. Expenses of \$5,981,488 were offset by grants and charges for services. General revenues of \$10,427,109 were not adequate to provide for the remainder of the expenses.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Cleveland, Mississippi's basic financial statements which are comprised of four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements, and 4) required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Figure 1: Required Components of the City's Annual Report –** This figure shows how required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

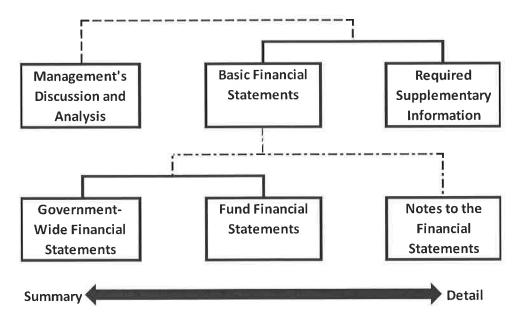


Figure 2: Major Features of the City's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements – This figure summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this section of Management's Discussion and Analysis explains the structure and content of each of the statements.

		Fund	d Financial Statement	S
	Government-Wide Financial Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds)	All activities of the City that are not business-type or fiduciary in nature	Activities of the City that operate similar to private businesses	The City is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required Financial Statements	<ul> <li>Statement of Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance Sheet</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Cash Flows</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities</li> </ul>
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus Type of Asset, Deferred Outflow, Liability,	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus  All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows;	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus Only assets and deferred outflows expected to be used	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus  All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and
and Deferred Inflow information	both financial and capital and short and long term	up and liabilities and deferred inflows that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	inflows both financial and capital, and short and long term	deferred inflows, both short and long term
Type of Inflow/ Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services are received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year regardless of when cash is received or paid

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements.</u> The government-wide financial statements, presented on pages 16 through 27 are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Cleveland, Mississippi is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information showing the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Cleveland, Mississippi that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The government activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, highways and streets, health and sanitation, culture and recreation, economic, and debt service.

<u>Fund financial statements.</u> A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Cleveland, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmentwide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Cleveland maintains 20 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Economic Development and Tourism Fund, General Bond and Interest Fund, Baxter Bond Fund, Public Improvement Bond Fund, Economic Development Revolving Fund and Special Industrial Project Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. All other funds are considered non-major and are presented in a single column. The governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 18 through 22.

The City of Cleveland adopts an annual budget. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided on pages 51 through 56 for the General Fund and the major special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

**Proprietary Funds.** The City maintains two types of proprietary funds – an enterprise fund and an internal service fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for water and sewer, and sanitation operations. These funds are financed primarily through user fees. The internal service fund accounts for the accumulation of amounts used to pay health insurance claims and life insurance premiums for City employees.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 24 through 26.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that used for proprietary funds. The City's only fiduciary fund consists of the payroll clearing fund. Its financial statement can be found on page 27.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes, presented on pages 28 through 49, provide additional narrative and tabular information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information concerning the City's budget process and pension standards, as well as the notes to the Required Supplementary Information, on pages 50 through 60.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of September 30, 2016, the assets and deferred outflows of the City of Cleveland exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$27,894,159.

By far the largest portion of the City of Cleveland's net position (\$26,725,186 or 95.81%) reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings, machinery and equipment, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources because the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table presents a summary of the City's net position for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

		Government	al Activities	Business-typ	oe Activities	Total		Increase	Percentage
	7.5	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	(Decrease)	Change
Assets	1/2								
Current and other assets	\$	15,548,472	16,848,202	1,317,568	186,508	16,866,040	17,034,710	(168,670)	-0.99%
Capital assets, net		30,657,316	31,132,924	11,010,533	11,392,435	41,667,849	42,525,359	(857,510)	-2.02%
Total Assets		46,205,788	47,981,126	12,328,101	11,578,943	58,533,889	59,560,069	(1,026,180)	-1.72%
Deferred Outflows		2,702,715	1,831,471	164,584	101,736	2,867,299	1,933,207	934,092	48.32%
Liabilities									
Current & other liabilities		102,586	403,720	848,497	38,278	951,083	441,998	509,085	115.18%
Net pension liability		12,240,637	10,295,106	745,399	571,888	12,986,036	10,866,994	2,119,042	19.50%
Long-term debt		8,592,077	7,848,247	6,700,984	7,598,979	15,293,061	15,447,226	(154,165)	-1.00%
Total Liabilities		20,935,300	18,547,073	8,294,880	8,209,145	29,230,180	26,756,218	2,473,962	9.25%
Deferred Inflows		4,263,999	4,046,039	12,850		4,276,849	4,046,039	230,810	5.70%
Net Position									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt		22,403,172	23,577,640	4,322,014	4,088,044	26,725,186	27,665,684	(940,498)	-3.40%
Restricted		7,426,857	7,705,517	219,834		7,646,691	7,705,517	(58,826)	-0.76%
Unrestricted		(6,120,825)	(4,063,672)	(356,893)	(616,510)	(6,477,718)	(4,680,182)	(1,797,536)	38.41%
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	23,709,204	27,219,485	4,184,955	3,471,534	27,894,159	30,691,019	(2,796,860)	-9.11%

The City's total assets decreased \$1,026,180 during 2016 with business-type activities showing an increase of \$749,158 and governmental activities showing a decrease of \$1,775,338.

The City's total liabilities increased \$2,473,962. Proceeds of \$1,900,000 were received from the issuance of public improvement bonds. Payments on long-term debt of \$1,201,140 were made from governmental funds and \$615,872 from business-type activities.

The City's net position decreased \$2,796,860 for the year ended September 30, 2016.

#### Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (6,477,718)
Less: unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of GASB $68\ \&\ 71$	10,342,598
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ 3,864,880

The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

	Governmental Activities		rities Bu	siness-typ	e Activities	Tot	als	Increase	Percentage	
	2016	201	15	2016	2015	2016	2015	(Decrease)	Change	
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 1,128,1	33 2,072	2,728 4,	602,242	3,312,155	5,730,375	5,384,883	345,492	6.42%	
Grants and contributions	251,1	13 849	,473			251,113	849,473	(598,360)	-70.44%	
General Revenues:										
Property taxes	3,831,7	42 4,214	1,032			3,831,742	4,214,032	(382,290)	-9.07%	
Sales and tourism taxes	4,472,4	36 4,324	1,199			4,472,436	4,324,199	148,237	3.43%	
Other taxes and other	2,503,8	62 1,974	1,658	358,070	(47,568)	2,861,932	1,927,090	934,842	48.51%	
Total Revenues	12,187,2	86 13,435	5,090 4,	960,312	3,264,587	17,147,598	16,699,677	447,921	2.68%	
Program Expenses:								400 500	24.670/	
General government	1,866,9		•			1,866,945	1,386,355	480,590	34.67%	
Public safety	3,873,1	78 4,636	5,473			3,873,178	4,636,473	(763,295)	-16.46%	
Public works	3,374,6	81 2,03	5,938			3,374,681	2,035,938	1,338,743	65.76%	
Highways and streets	1,336,4	00 2,017	2,466			1,336,400	2,012,466	(676,066)	-33.59%	
Health and sanitation	652,0	90 1,60	5,338			652,090	1,606,338	(954,248)		
Culture and recreation	890,2	.84 89	5,006			890,284	895,006	(4,722)	-0.53%	
Economic development	1,171,2	36 2,220	0,092			1,171,236	2,220,092	(1,048,856)	-47.24%	
Interest on long-term debt	203,3	57 20	4,165			203,357	204,165	(808)	-0.40%	
Pension expense	1,737,1	.66		105,785		1,842,951	-	1,842,951	N/A	
Water and sewer			3	,233,812	3,720,612	3,233,812	3,720,612	(486,800)	-13.08%	
Sanitation			1	,155,719		1,155,719	==_	1,155,719	N/A	
Total Expenses	15,105,3	14,99	6,833 4	,495,316	3,720,612	19,600,653	18,717,445	883,208	4.72%	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (2,918,0	)51) (1,56	1.743)	464,996	(456,025)	(2,453,055)	(2,017,768)	(435,287)	21.57%	

The City's governmental activities continue to be funded by sources other than property taxes, which comprise 22.35% of the total revenues. The other major revenue sources were sales and tourism taxes 26.08%, charges for services 33.42%, and grants and contributions 1.46%. The major expense activities were public safety, public works, highways and streets, economic development, and pension expense which comprise 25.64%, 22.34%, 8.85%, 7.75%, 11.50% of total expenses, respectively.

Business-type activities are accounted for similar to businesses and are primarily supported by user fees. The City makes every effort to keep these fees as low as possible.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>. The focus of governmental fund reporting is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the year ended, the City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9,616,269, a decrease of \$807,722, which includes a prior period adjustment and fund reclassification of (\$352,625).

Governmental funds meeting the requirements for being reported as major funds include the General Fund, Economic Development and Tourism Fund, General Bond and Interest Fund, Baxter Bond Fund, Public Improvement Bond Fund, Economic Development Revolving Fund and Special Industrial Project Fund. Remaining governmental funds were combined and reported as non-major governmental funds.

#### **Major Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The City's budget is prepared according to Mississippi law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. One of the most significant budgeted funds is the General Fund.

During the course of 2016, the City amended its general fund budget. All recommendations for budget changes come from the City Clerk and are presented to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for ordinance enactment on the change. The City does not allow budget changes that modify line items with departments without board approval. With the general fund supporting many of our major activities such as our police and fire departments, as well as most legislative and executive activities, the General Fund is monitored closely looking for possible revenue shortfalls or over spending by individual departments.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At September 30, 2016, the City had \$41,667,849 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including police and fire equipment, buildings, park and recreation facilities, streets, bridges, and water and sewer lines. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of approximately \$857,510 from 2015.

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets as of September 30, 2016

	Governmer	overnment Activities Business-type Activities		Tot	als	Increase	Percentage	
	 2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2016 2015		Change
Land	\$ 4,605,367	4,605,367	1,259,935	1,259,935	5,865,302	5,865,302	3	0.00%
Construction in progress	852,876	852,876			852,876	852,876		0.00%
Infrastructure	13,892,302	14,405,497	9,297,908	9,777,435	23,190,210	24,182,932	(992,722)	-4.11%
Buildings and improvements	8,503,800	8,839,038	106,371	112,410	8,610,171	8,951,448	(341,277)	-3.81%
Equipment and fixtures	2,802,971	2,430,146	346,319	242,655	3,149,290	2,672,801	476,489	17.83%
							-	
Totals	\$ 30,657,316	31,132,924	11,010,533	11,392,435	41,667,849	42,525,359	(857,510)	-2.02%

#### **Long-term Debt**

The following table illustrates the total Long-term Debt of the City as of September 30, 2016:

	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	Business-type Activities		Totals		Percentage
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	(Decrease)	Change
General obligation bonds	\$ 7,855,000	6,990,000			7,855,000	6,990,000	865,000	12.37%
Other loans	329,546	441,732	3,888,957	4,313,237	4,218,503	4,754,969	(536,466)	-11.28%
Capital leases	69,598	123,552	2,799,562	2,991,154	2,869,160	3,114,706	(245,546)	-7.88%
Compensated absences	337,933	292,963	12,465	9,490	350,398	302,453	47,945	15.85%
Totals	\$ 8,592,077	7,848,247	6,700,984	7,313,881	15,293,061	15,162,128	130,933	0.86%

New debt issued consisted of a \$1,900,000 public improvement. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 10 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2016 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. The total property tax millage rate of 40.0 mills is expected for the following year.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCE DEPARTMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Chief Administrative Officer or City Clerk, at 100 North Street or P. O. Box 1439, Cleveland, MS 38732.

City of Cleveland, Mississippi

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2016

**Primary** 

		Primary		
	0=	Government		
		Governmental	Business-type	
ASSETS		Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,833,441	131,165	3,964,606
Accounts receivable	Τ.	53,660	424,711	478,371
		18,301	12 1,1 22	18,301
Accrued interest receivable		3,905,208		3,905,208
Property tax receivable				1,252,949
Lease receivable		1,252,949	024	
Intergovernmental receivable		812,817	824	813,641
Internal balances		500,000	(500,000)	<b>:</b> €0
Inventory		72,922	168,758	241,680
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		5,099,174	592,110	5,691,284
Capital assets, net				323
Land and construction in progress		5,458,243	1,259,935	6,718,178
Other capital assets, net		25,199,073	9,750,598	34,949,671
Total Assets	-	46,205,788	11,828,101	58,033,889
	-			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2 702 715	164 594	2 967 200
Deferred outflows related to pensions	-	2,702,715	164,584	2,867,299
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	2,702,715	164,584	2,867,299
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		48,856	40,610	89,466
Claims and judgments payable		16,836	,	16,836
Accrued interest payable		36,894	12,426	49,320
		30,034	295,461	295,461
Liabilities payable from restricted assets-Customer deposits			255,401	255,401
Long-term liabilities:		12 240 627	745 200	12 006 026
Net pension liability		12,240,637	745,399	12,986,036
Due within one year:			507.430	4 040 000
Capital related debt		1,261,875	587,133	1,849,008
Due in more than one year:				
Capital related debt		6,992,269	6,101,386	13,093,655
Non-capital related debt		337,933	12,465	350,398
Total Liabilities		20,935,300	7,794,880	28,730,180
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		211,011	12,850	223,861
·		3,905,208	12,030	3,905,208
Deferred revenues-property tax				147,780
Unavailable revenue-interest on capital lease	2	147,780	12.050	<del></del>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7.5	4,263,999	12,850	4,276,849
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		22,403,172	4,322,014	26,725,186
Non-spendable				
Inventories		72,922		72,922
Internal balances		500,000		500,000
Restricted:		300,000		
		104,386		104,386
Home program				258,237
Public safety		258,237	210.024	
Public works		2,143,658	219,834	2,363,492
Health and sanitation		95,055		95,055
Culture and recreation		287,504		287,504
Economic development		2,840,209		2,840,209
Debt service		840,179		840,179
Capital projects		212,013		212,013
Unemployment		72,694		72,694
Unrestricted		(6,120,825)	(356,893)	(6,477,718)
Total Net Position	\$		4,184,955	27,894,159
, 454, 1747 , 43191411	Ψ	-,,		

### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

			Program	Revenues		Net (Expense) Rev	venue and Change in	Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses	Charges for Services	Capital Grants and Contributions		Primary Government Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Comment and a salinatal and	- 0		<del></del> x		0 -50			
Governmental activities:	\$	1,866,945	224,954			(1,641,991)		(1,641,991)
General government Public safety	Ş	3,873,178	141,268			(3,731,910)		(3,731,910)
Public works		3,374,681	199,400	148,588		(3,026,693)		(3,026,693)
Highways and streets		1,336,400	133,400	140,500		(1,336,400)		(1,336,400)
Health and sanitation		652,090	451,910			(200,180)		(200,180)
Culture and recreation		890,284	110,601			(779,683)		(779,683)
Economic development		1,171,236	110,001	102,525		(1,068,711)		(1,068,711)
Interest on long-term debt		203,357		102,323		(203,357)		(203,357)
Pension expense		1,737,166				(1,737,166)		(1,737,166)
Total governmental activities		15,105,337	1,128,133	251,113		(13,726,091)		(13,726,091)
Pusings type activities								
Business-type activities: Water and sewer		2,891,750	3,457,590				565,840	565,840
Sanitation		864,565	1,144,652				280,087	280,087
		3,756,315	4,602,242		-		845,927	845,927
Total business-type activities		3,756,315	4,002,242				643,327	043,327
Total primary government	\$ _	18,861,652	5,730,375	251,113	= =	(13,726,091)	845,927	(12,880,164)
	Gei	neral revenues:						
	P	roperty taxes			\$	3,831,742		3,831,742
	S	ales and tourism	tax			4,472,436		4,472,436
	F	ranchise taxes				401,254		401,254
	C	Other taxes				866,059		866,059
	A	Administrative ch	arges			639,000	(639,000)	Sie
	ι	<b>Inrestricted inter</b>	est income			108,800	4,373	113,173
		Other income				348,518	353,697	702,215
	- 1	nternal service fu	ınd			95,439		95,439
	(	Gain (Loss) on sal	e of capital asse	ets		(55,209)		(55,209)
	Ţ	ransfers				100,001	(100,001)	J.
		Total genera	I revenues and	transfers	-	10,808,040	(380,931)	10,427,109
		Change in net	position			(2,918,051)	464,996	(2,453,055)
	Ne	t Position-Beginn	ing, as previous	sly stated		27,219,485	3,471,534	30,691,019
		Prior Period Adju	-			(352,488)	8,683	(343,805)
		und reclassificat				(239,742)	239,742	-
		t Position - begin		d	3 <u>-</u>	26,627,255	3,719,959	30,347,214
		Net Position	, ending		\$_	23,709,204	4,184,955	27,894,159

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2016

33,			Major Funds Economic	General Bond
		General	Development	and Interest
		Fund	and Tourism Fund	Fund
ASSETS	_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,463,398		
Receivables:				
Accounts		37,623		
Property taxes		2,334,147		1,211,961
Franchise Fee		22,017		
Intergovernmental		640,912	131,375	13,735
Advances to other funds		500,000	117,561	
Lease receivable, current		,	,	
Inventory		72,922		
Restricted assets - cash		,	142,472	418,248
Lease receivable, non-current			<b>,</b>	,
Total Assets	<del>-</del>	6,071,019	391,408	1,643,944
Total Assets	=	0,0,1,013	====	=======================================
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		32,407	3,028	
Advances from other funds				
Due to bondholders	_			5,000
Total Liabilities		32,407	3,028	5,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		2,334,147		1,211,961
Unavailable revenue-lease payments		2,00 .,2		_,,
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,5	2,334,147		1,211,961
	=	2,00 .,2 .,		
FUND BALANCES				
Non-spendable:				
Inventories		72,922		
Advances		500,000	117,561	
Restricted for:				
Home program				
Economic development			270,819	
Culture and recreation				
Debt service				426,983
Health and sanitation				
Public safety				
Public works				
Unemployment				
Capital improvement				
Assigned:				
Public safety				
Unassigned		3,131,543		
Total Fund Balances	2=	3,704,465	388,380	426,983
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	; <del>-</del>		-	
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	6,071,019	391,408	1,643,944
or nesources, and rund balances	ې =	0,071,019	331,400	=======================================

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2016

**Major Funds** 

	Major	Funds			
Baxter	Public	Economic	Special	Non-Major	Total
Bond	Improvement	Development	Industrial	Governmental	Governmental
Fund	Bond Fund	Revolving Fund	Project Fund	Funds	Funds
				679,191	3,142,589
				0,3,202	0,2 .2,0 00
					37,623
				359,100	3,905,208
				333,100	22,017
				4,778	790,800
		246,441		4,770	864,002
90.019		240,441	225,650		315,568
89,918			223,030		72,922
1 115	2 142 650	1,912,866	126,144	354,341	5,099,174
1,445	2,143,658	1,912,800		334,341	
486,081 577,444	2,143,658	2,159,307	451,300 803,094	1,397,410	937,381 15,187,284
377,444	2,143,038	=======================================	=====	=======================================	15,107,201
				8,421	43,856
			364,002	,	364,002
			30.,002		5,000
		-	364,002	8,421	412,858
	,	·· <del>·························</del> ·			-
				359,100	3,905,208
575,999			676,950		1,252,949
575,999	*		676,950	359,100	5,158,157
					72,922
		246,441			864,002
				104,386	104,386
		1,912,866		104,300	2,183,685
		1,312,000		287,504	287,504
1 445				287,304	428,428
1,445				95,055	95,055
				122,010	122,010
	2 142 659			122,010	2,143,658
	2,143,658			72.604	
				72,694 212,013	72,694 212,013
				212,013	212,013
				136,227	136,227
	-	·	(237,858)	v <sub>a</sub>	2,893,685
1,445	2,143,658	2,159,307	(237,858)	1,029,889	9,616,269
577,444	2,143,658	2,159,307	803,094	1,397,410	15,187,284
-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	=======================================	= ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	W==-//

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2016

	-	Amount
Total fund balance - Governmental Funds	\$	9,616,269
Amounts reported for governmental services in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$.		30,657,316
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(8,592,077)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		(36,894)
Capital leases are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		1,105,169
Accrued interest receivable is not available in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		18,301
Pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(12,240,637)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		2,702,715
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(211,011)
Internal service fund is used by management to administer health care coverage for employees. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	9	690,053
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	23,709,204

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

			Major Funds	
	-	General Fund	Economic Development and Tourism Fund	General Bond and Interest Fund
REVENUES:	<u>۔</u> ت	2.257.260		1 002 064
Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental:	\$	2,357,269 68,249		1,093,964
Federal grants				
State of Mississippi: Grants				
General sales tax		3,669,692		
Tourism tax			802,744	
Liquor Licenses		15,225		
Gasoline tax		16,089		
Fire protection		446 270		E4 E76
Homestead reimbursement		116,270		54,576
Grand gulf		125,300		
Other state revenue		98,138		
Bolivar County: Road maintenance		387,295		
Privilege tax		53,217		
Animal shelter		33,217		
Charges for services		714,326		
Franchise tax		401,254		
Fines and forfeitures		140,971		
Interest income		21,879	1,480	3,370
Plant and airport rentals				
Miscellaneous		182,799	2,981	
Total revenues:		8,367,973	807,205	1,151,910
EXPENDITURES:			,	
General government		1,851,609		12,938
Public safety		3,907,635		
Public works		1,219,957		
Highways and streets		1,236,959		
Health and sanitation		491,503		
Culture and recreation				
Economic development			1,002,162	
Debt service:				
Principal paid		53,954		965,000
Interest & fees paid	8	2,765	9 <del>2</del>	139,914
Total expenditures		8,764,382	1,002,162	1,117,852
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(396,409)	(194,957)	34,058
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Adminstrative charge revenue Long-term capital debt issued		639,000		
Lease principal payments				
Transfers in		463,490		
Transfers out	9	(818,489)	(16,495)	
Net other financing sources (uses)	8	284,001	(16,495)	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances		(112,408)	(211,452)	34,058
Fund balances , beginning as previously reported		3,909,403	632,769	392,925
Prior period adjustment		(70,000)	(32,937)	
Fund reclassification		(23,153)		
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	8	3,816,250	599,832	392,925
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory		623		
Fund balance, ending	\$	3,704,465	388,380	426,983

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Majo	or Funds	,		
Baxter			Special	Non-Major	Total
Bond	Improvement	Development	Industrial	Governmental	Governmental
Fund	Bond Fund	Revolving Fund	Project Fund	Funds	Funds
				380,509	3,831,742
					68,249
				102,525	102,525
				148,588	148,588
					3,669,692
					802,744
					15,225
				70.104	16,089
				79,104	79,104
				18,983	189,829 125,300
					98,138
					387,295
					53,217
				50,000	50,000
				120,756	835,082
					401,254
				6,631	147,602
19,478	23,569	16,158	13,930	9,127	108,991
				77,200	77,200
				14,600	200,380
19,478	23,569	16,158	13,930	1,008,023	11,408,246
	51,995			17,188	1,933,730
	597,166			53,566	4,558,367
	1,604,077			190,961	3,014,995
	, ,				1,236,959
				158,605	650,108
				808,905	808,905
	150,000		34,915	1,400	1,188,477
70,000			112,186		1,201,140
35,540			12,118		190,337
105,540	2,403,238	#	159,219	1,230,625	14,783,018
(86,062)	(2,379,669)	16,158	(145,289)	(222,602)	(3,374,772)
					639,000
	1,900,000				1,900,000
67,846	, ,		212,205		280,051
16,495	300,000			455,000	1,234,985
		<u> </u>		(300,000)	(1,134,984)
84,341	2,200,000		212,205	155,000	2,919,052
(1,721)	(179,669)	16,158	66,916	(67,602)	(455,720)
3,166	2,323,327	2,211,558	(406,120)	1,356,963	10,423,991
		(68,409)	101,346	/250 472\	(70,000)
2.100	1 222 227	2 1 / 2 1 / 0	(204 774)	(259,472)	(282,625)
3,166	2,323,327	2,143,149	(304,774)	1,097,491	10,071,366
4 11	2.412.553	2.450.203	/227.050\	1 020 000	623
1,445	2,143,658	2,159,307	(237,858)	1,029,889	9,616,269

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Amount
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (455,720)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because	e:
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that depreciation of \$1,558,527 exceeded capital outlays of \$1,138,128 in the current period.	(420,399)
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.	(55,209)
Debt proceed provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that debt proceeds of \$1,900,000 exceeded debt repayments of \$1,201,140.	(698,860)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items:	
Principal payments received on capital leases receivable Change in compensated absences (44,970) Change in accrued interest payable Change in accrued interest receivable (13,020)	(338,232)
Items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:	
Recognition of pension expense for the current year Recognition of contributions made	(1,737,166) 691,473
An internal service fund is used by management to account for employee health insurance. The net expense is reported within governmental activities.	95,439
Change in inventory	623
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,918,051)

### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2016

		Business-Type Activities			Governmental
	E	nterprise Fund	Non-Major	Enterprise	Activity
		Water & Sewer	Sanitation	Funds	Internal Service
		Fund	Fund	Total	Fund
ASSETS	-				
Current assets:				Î	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		131,165	131,165	690,852
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for					
uncollectibles of \$173,744)		329,988	94,723	424,711	16,037
Intergovernmental receivables			824	824	
Inventory		125,991	42,767	168,758	
Total Current Assets		455,979	269,479	725,458	706,889
Non-current assets:	_	<del></del>			
Restricted assets - cash		592,110		592,110	
Capital assets:		332,110		332,223	
Land and construction in progress		1,259,935		1,259,935	
Other capital assets, net		9,750,598		9,750,598	
Total Non-Current Assets	-	11,602,643	ie.	11,602,643	
Total Assets	-	12,058,622	269,479	12,328,101	706,889
	-	12,030,022	205,475	12,320,101	700,005
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions	-	150,821	13,763	164,584	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	150,821	13,763	164,584	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					1
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		40,610		40,610	
Claims and judgements payable					16,836
Advances from other funds		500,000		500,000	l
Accrued interest payable		12,426		12,426	1
Current portion obligations under capital lease		197,328		197,328	
Current portion of long-term debt	_	389,805		389,805	
Total Current Liabilities	_	1,140,169		1,140,169	16,836
Non-current liabilities:					
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Customer deposits		295,461		295,461	
Net pension liability		683,066	62,333	745,399	
Capital debt:					l
Notes payable		3,499,152		3,499,152	
Capital leases payable		2,602,234		2,602,234	
Non-capital debt:					1
Compensated absences	_	12,465		12,465	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	-	7,092,378	62,333	7,154,711	
Total Liabilities	-	8,232,547	62,333	8,294,880	16,836
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions		11,775	1,075	12,850	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9	11,775	1,075	12,850	
NET DOCITION	3:-		±(		
NET POSITION		4,322,014		4,322,014	14
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted:		4,322,014		4,322,014	\$5E
Public works			219,834	219,834	
Unrestricted		(356,893)	213,034	(356,893)	690,053
			210 924		
Total Net Position	\$=	3,965,121	219,834	4,184,955	690,053

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Busines	Governmental		
	-	Enterprise Fund	Non-Major	Enterprise	Activity
		Water & Sewer	Sanitation	Funds	Internal
	-	Fund	Fund	Total	Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services:					
Water sales	\$	1,837,763		1,837,763	
Sewer sales		1,517,658		1,517,658	
Sanitation fees			1,114,629	1,114,629	
Premiums					757,916
Reinsurance reimbursement			=		104,492
Other Fees	3	102,169	30,023	132,192	
Total Operating Revenues		3,457,590	1,144,652	4,602,242	862,408
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personal services		285,516	26,748	312,264	
Contractual services		1,688,046	774,639	2,462,685	
Consumable supplies		81,364	54,332	135,696	
Depreciation expense		555,563		555,563	
Pension expense		96,939	8,846	105,785	
Administrative fees		439,000	200,000	639,000	39,206
Health claim payments					459,599
Reinsurance premiums					254,753
Life insurance premiums					18,157
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>		3,146,428	1,064,565	4,210,993	771,715
Operating Income (Loss)		311,162	80,087	391,249	90,693
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income		2,931	1,442	4,373	4,746
Energy savings income		353,697		353,697	
Interest expenses		(184,322)		(184,322)	
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	129	172,306	1,442	173,748	4,746
Net Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	- 22	483,468	81,529	564,997	95,439
OPERATING TRANSFERS:					
Operating Transfers in		463,489		463,489	
Operating Transfers out		(463,490)	(100,000)	(563,490)	
Net Operating Transfers		(1)	(100,000)	(100,001)	П_
Change in Net Position		483,467	(18,471)	464,996	95,439
Net Position - Beginning, as previously stated		3,471,534		3,471,534	594,614
Prior period adjustment		10,120	(1,437)	8,683	
Fund reclassification		_==,=	239,742	239,742	
Net Position - Beginning, as restated		3,481,654	238,305	3,719,959	594,614
Net Position - Ending	\$	3,965,121	219,834	4,184,955	690,053

### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental	
	-	Enterprise Fund	Non-Major	Activity	
		Water & Sewer Fund	Sanitation Fund	Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	9	Funa	Fund	Fund	
Cash received from customers and users	\$	3,409,443	1,132,805		
Receipts from internal services	Y	3, 103, 113	1,132,003	879,249	
Payments to employees for services		(321,128)	(30,268)	3,3,2,3	
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,715,019)	(848,585)		
Payments for administrative fees		(439,000)	(200,000)	(39,206)	
Payments for health claims		, , ,	, , , ,	(467,908)	
Payments for premiums				(272,910)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	-	934,296	53,952	99,225	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	-				
Operating transfers, net		(1)	(100,000)		
Other receipts		356,627	1,442	4,746	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	=	356,626	(98,558)	4,746	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Acquisition of property and equipment		(173,661)			
Capital grants received		, , ,			
Principal payments on long-term debt		(615,872)			
Interest paid on bonds, loans and capital leases		(184,322)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(973,855)			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		317,067	(44,606)	103,971	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, October 1		275,043	175,771	586,881	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, September 30	\$	592,110	131,165	690,852	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET					
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income (loss)	\$	311,162	80,087	90,693	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation		555,563			
Pension expense adjustment					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(48,147)	(11,846)	16,841	
(Increase) decrease in intergovernmental receivable					
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - pensions		(49,133)	(4,484)		
(Increase) decrease in other receivables					
(Increase) decrease in inventories		3,633	(19,614)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,332		(8,309)	
Increase (decrease) in interfund payables					
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable		12,426			
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		111,461	10,171		
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		36,000			
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		2,975	10.00		
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - pensions	11	(3,976)	(362)	8,532	
Total adjustments	.∺ .خ			-	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	934,296	53,952	99,225	

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI STATEMENT FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES September 30, 2016

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,459
Total Assets	<u>87,459</u>
LIABILITIES	
Intergovernmental payables	87,459
	2
Total Liabilities	\$ 87,459

#### **NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The financial statements of the City of Cleveland, Mississippi (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity – The City of Cleveland is located in Bolivar County, Mississippi, and operates under an elected Mayor-Board of Aldermen form of government. The City provides the following services to the citizenry: general administration; police and fire protection; street repair; economic and community development; water, sanitary sewer, and garbage disposal; parks and library services. The primary sources of revenues are property taxes, sales taxes, and utility billings. For financial reporting purposes, the reporting entity includes all funds that are covered by the oversight responsibility of the City's governing board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, various criteria are applied in order to determine any component units that should be reported as part of the City. Such criteria include management oversight responsibility by the elected officials such as decision-making authority, accountability to the City, legal and financial responsibility, and inter-agency relationships. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no component units required by GAAP to be reported as part of the reporting entity of the City. The following represents an entity to which the City has a combined interest in conjunction with another government:

<u>Robinson Carpenter Memorial Library</u> - The City has a joint interest with Bolivar County, which is the primary oversight agency of the library. The City currently levies a 1.50 mill tax to support the library. This tax levy is remitted to the library monthly as it is collected.

**B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements** – In March 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions. This Statement establishes fund balance classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the use of the resources reported in each governmental fund as well as establishes additional note disclosures regarding fund balance classification policies and procedures.

Government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation — The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally includes the reclassification or elimination of internal activity. However, internal eliminations do not include utility services provided to City departments. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements also report using this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing or related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report uses the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use taxes, tourism taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, and intergovernmental revenues. In general, revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classifications within the financial statements.

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 establishes criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a single column in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Economic Development and Tourism Fund</u> – The fund accounts for activities used for economic development within the area and the promotion of tourism.

<u>General Bond and Interest Fund</u> – This fund is a debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of general long-term debt.

<u>Baxter Bond Fund</u> – This fund is a debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of bonds issued to finance major capital improvements for Baxter Healthcare Corporation.

<u>Public Improvement Bond Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the proceeds and expenditures of public obligation debt issued by the City. Expenditures are primarily for public works projects.

<u>Economic Development Revolving Fund</u> – The fund accounts for resources in the construction of economic development projects.

Special Industrial Project Fund – The fund accounts for activities associated with a particular plant in the area.

The City reports the following proprietary funds:

<u>Water & Sewer Fund</u> – This fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to potable water and sanitary sewer services provided to residents of the City.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – The fund accounts for the accumulation of amounts used to pay health insurance claims and life insurance premiums for City employees.

The agency fund accounts for the assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special Revenue Funds account for, among others, certain federal grant programs, taxes levied with statutorily defined distributions and other resources restricted as to purpose.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of general obligation bond issues and federal grants.

#### PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Internal Service Fund – This fund accounts for risk financing activities for medical and life insurance benefits.

#### **FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES**

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the City, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents – Cash of all funds, including restricted cash, is pooled into common pooled accounts in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash accounts has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at month end. The City deposits excess funds in financial institutions selected by the board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Cash consists of amounts on deposit in demand accounts and savings accounts. Cash Equivalents consist of certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are valued at cost which approximates their fair value.

- E. Inventories Inventories in the governmental and enterprise funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. These inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. The costs of these governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.
- **F. Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization** The City's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. The City maintains infrastructure asset records consistent with all other capital assets. Proprietary capital assets are also reported in their respective financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The City generally capitalizes assets with a cost of \$1,000 or more as purchase and construction outlays occur. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.
- **G. Long-Term Debt** The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term debts to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes and bonds payable, and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt of governmental funds is not reported in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for long-term debt in the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred.

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow or resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### 1. Fund Equity

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> - Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation or other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - Consists of all other assets not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

**Fund Financial Statements:** 

In October 2010 the City of Cleveland, Mississippi adopted GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions.

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Non-spendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the Board of Alderman through approval of resolutions. Assigned fund balance is a limitation imposed by a designee of the Board of Alderman. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories. Negative unassigned fund balance in other governmental funds represents excess expenditures incurred over the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes. Propriety fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

- J. Compensated Employee Absences Employees can accumulate vacation days and sick days up to a maximum at which point any additional days are lost. Employees are completely vested in vacation days up to the maximum that they can take or be paid for upon termination. Sick days may be taken only for bona fide sickness and are lost upon termination of employment.
- K. Revenues Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

- L. Risk Management The City carries commercial insurance with respect to risks including, but not limited to, property damage and personal injury. Insurance coverage remains relatively constant, and settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the prior three years.
- M. Estimates and Assumptions A number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of revenues, expense, expenditures, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities were used to prepare these financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- N. Property Taxes Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are levied on October 1st and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied October 1st become delinquent February 1st of the following year. Delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible and therefore no allowance for uncollectible taxes is provided. The Bolivar County Tax Collector bills and collects taxes for the City. The millage rate for the City for the 2014 tax roll was 40.0 mills as: 24.50 mills for the general fund, 11.50 mills for the debt service fund, 2.00 mills for library maintenance, and 2.00 mills for park maintenance.

#### **NOTE 2: BUDGET POLICY**

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. Prior to August 1st, the City Clerk submits to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- B. Public notice is given of the City's budget meetings being open to the public, so that public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.
- C. Prior to September 15th, the budget is legally enacted through adoption by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- D. The budget is formally revised during the year and properly amended by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.
- E. Budgetary comparisons are employed by management as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- F. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Mississippi laws require that municipalities budget revenue and expenditures on a modified-cash basis. Claims that have been incurred prior to the end of the year and that are paid within 30 days are recorded under the accrual basis. Prior year claims that are paid after 30 days revert to the cash basis. All revenue is accounted for under the cash basis. The required budgetary basis is therefore not considered a generally accepted accounting principal. Governmental accounting requires that the "budget to actual" statements be prepared according to budgetary laws and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and fund balance be prepared according to the modified-accrual basis (GAAP). The major reconciling items between the budgetary and GAAP presentations are presented on the "budget to actual" statements.

#### **NOTE 3: FUND RECLASSIFICATION**

The Sanitation Fund was reclassified from the Special Revenue Funds to Enterprise Fund.

A summary of the related equity adjustments are as follows:

#### **Statement of Activities:**

**Governmental Activities** 

To reclass the beginning balance of inventory of trash bags. To reclass the beginning fund balance of the sanitation fund. To reclass the beginning balance of the net pension liability. Total Governmental Activities	\$ (23,153) (259,472) 42,883 (239,742)
Business-Type Activities  To reclass the beginning balance of inventory of trash bags.  To reclass the beginning fund balance of the sanitation fund.  To reclass the beginning balance of the net pension liability.  Total Business-Type Activities	23,153 259,472 (42,883) 239,742
Total Statement of Activities  Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances:	
General Fund  To reclass the beginning balance of inventory of trash bags.  Other Governmental Funds  To reclass the beginning fund balance of the sanitation fund.  Total Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	\$ (23,153) (259,472) \$ (282,625)
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position:	
Sanitation Fund To reclass the beginning balance of inventory of trash bags. To reclass the beginning fund balance of the sanitation fund. To reclass the beginning balance of the net pension liability. Total Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	\$ 23,153 259,472 (42,883) \$ 239,742

#### **NOTE 4: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT**

A summary of significant equity adjustments are as follows:

#### Statement of Activities:

Governmental Activities  To correct prior year accruals.  To correct prior year deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.  Total Governmental Activities	\$ (70,000) (282,488) (352,488)
Business-Type Activities  To correct customer deposits.  To correct prior year deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.  Total Business-Type Activities	25,636 (16,953) 8,683
Total Statement of Activities	\$ (343,805)
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances:	
General Fund To correct prior year accruals.	\$ (70,000)
Economic Development and Tourism  To correct advances.  Economic Development Revolving Fund	(32,937)
To correct advances.  Special Industrial Project Fund	(68,409)
To correct advances.  Total Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	101,346 \$ (70,000)
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position:	
Water and Sewer Fund  To correct prior year customer deposits.  To correct prior year deferred inflows of resources related to pensions  Total Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 25,636 (15,516) 10,120
Sanitation Fund  To correct prior year deferred inflows of resources related to pensions  Total Sanitation Fund	(1,437) (1,437)
Total Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	\$8,683_

#### **NOTE 5: DEPOSITS**

The carrying amount of the City's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2016 was \$9,743,349 and the bank balance was \$11,106,172. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions are held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected

through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Custodial Credit Risk — Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the City. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City.

#### **NOTE 6: INTER-FUND TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES**

The following is a summary of inter-fund balances at September 30, 2016:

#### A. Advances from/to Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 500,000
Economic Development and Tourism Fund	Special Industrial Project Fund	117,561
Economic Development Revolving Fund	Special Industrial Project Fund	246,441
Total		\$ 864,002

Advances represent amounts due to another fund not expected to be repaid within one year. The advances above occurred in previous years.

#### B. Transfers In/Out:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
General Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	\$	463,490
Baxter Bond Fund	<b>Economic Development and Tourism Fund</b>		16,495
Public Improvement Bond Fund	Other Governmental Funds		300,000
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		355,000
Other Governmental Funds	Sanitation Fund		100,000
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund		463,489
Total		\$_	1,698,474

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources. Transfers and payments within the City are substantially for the purpose of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. The governmental and business-type funds financial statements reflect such transactions as transfers.

#### NOTE 7: RECEIVABLES AND UN-COLLECTIBLES

#### **Governmental Activities**

In the government-wide financial statements, the receivables and related revenues include all amounts due to the City regardless of when cash is received. In the governmental fund financial statements, the revenues are offset and revenue recognition deferred by the amounts not received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Receivables at September 30, 2016 include the following:

Accounts receivable		
Mosquito fees	\$	37,623
Intergovernmental receivables		
Taxes		731,812
MEMA		50,985
Officer training reimbursement		8,003
Franchise fee		22,017
Property taxes	-	3,905,208
Total Governmental Receivables	\$_	4,718,025

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Significant receivables include amounts due from customers for utility services that are based on monthly cycle billings. The Water, Sewer, and Sanitation accounts receivables of \$424,711 are reported net of estimated uncollectibles of \$173,744.

Intergovernmental receivables of \$824 consisted of amounts due for franchise fees from sanitation services.

#### **NOTE 8: RESTRICTED ASSETS**

Certain assets are restricted for construction funded through long-term debt, federal grants, and debt service. In addition, certain assets are held as deposits and are only potentially available for City use. The bond resolutions have several requirements of the City concerning maintenance and segregations of accounts, as well as, the accumulation of certain funds for the protection of the bondholder.

The following is a summary of restricted assets as of September 30, 2016:

ment and Tourism Fund \$ 142,472	2
nterest Fund 418,248	8
1,445	5
nt Bond Fund 2,143,658	8
ment Revolving Fund 1,912,866	6
Project Fund 126,144	4
tal Funds 354,341	1
und592,110	.0_
\$_5,691,284	4
ment Revolving Fund 1,912,866 Project Fund 126,144 cal Funds 354,341 fund 592,110	66 4 1 .0

#### **NOTE 9: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2016:

	Balance				Balance
	Oct. 1, 2015	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2016
Governmental Activities					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land \$	4,605,367				4,605,367
Construction in progress	852,876				852,876
Total non-depreciable capital assets	5,458,243	/Fi	3.77		5,458,243
Depreciable capital assets:					
Infrastructure	21,206,080				21,206,080
Buildings & Improvements	12,853,246				12,853,246
Equipment & fixtures	7,538,605	1,138,128	226,392		8,450,341
Total depreciable capital assets	41,597,931	1,138,128	226,392	( <del>),</del>	42,509,667
				H ##	
Less accumulated depreciation for:	C 000 E02	E12 10E			7,313,778
Infrastructure	6,800,583 4,014,208	513,195 470,738		(135,500)	4,349,446
Buildings & Improvements	5,108,459		171,183	135,500	5,647,370
Equipment & fixtures	-	574,594	171,183		17,310,594
Total accumulated depreciation	15,923,250	1,558,527 (420,399)	55,209		25,199,073
Depreciable capital assets, net	25,674,681	(420,399)	33,203	= ====	
Capital assets, net	31,132,924	(420,399)	55,209	<del></del>	30,657,316
Business-Type Activities					
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	1,259,935				1,259,935
Total non-depreciable capital assets	1,259,935	<u> </u>		=	1,259,935
Depreciable capital assets:					
Infrastructure	32,784,276				32,784,276
Buildings & Improvements	301,983				301,983
Equipment & fixtures	1,190,692	173,661			1,364,353
Total depreciable capital assets	34,276,951	173,661	=======================================	4 <del>4</del> 4	34,450,612
	3 1,27 0,332	173,001			
Less accumulated depreciation for:					22 405 250
Infrastructure	23,006,841	479,527			23,486,368
Buildings & Improvements	189,573	6,039			195,612
Equipment & fixtures	948,037	69,997			1,018,034
Total accumulated depreciation	24,144,451	555,563	=	: <del></del> :	24,700,014
Depreciable capital assets, net	10,132,500	(381,902)	-	: : <del></del>	9,750,598
Capital assets, net	\$11,392,435	(381,902)	= =	· :	11,010,533

Depreciation expense was charged to City functions as follows:

Governmental Activities		Amount
General government	\$	6,291
Public safety		399,572
Public works		620,277
Highway and streets		377,096
Health and sanitation		10,471
Culture and recreation		125,357
Economic Development		19,463
Total governmental activities	\$	1,558,527
Business-Type Activities		
Water and sewer	\$_	555,563

#### NOTE 10: CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City of Cleveland is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City established an internal service fund, the health insurance trust fund, to account for and finance employee medical benefit claims. The plan is funded by transfers from the general fund to cover claims, administrative fees, reinsurance premiums and group life insurance premiums. Administrative fees and reinsurance premiums are billed to the City once a month by the plan administrator. Weekly claim amounts are billed to the City based upon the claims processed by the administrator. The City has purchased a reinsurance policy which pays claims in excess of \$25,000 for an individual participant. Based on current rates and enrollment the City is anticipated to have funds available to pay claims of approximately \$640,000 per year.

Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). An analysis of claims activities is presented below:

		Current Year		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal Year	<b>Changes</b> in	Claim	Fiscal Year
	Liability	Estimates	Payments	End
2014-2015	\$ 56,225	400,896	431,976	25,145
2015-2016	25,145	459,599	467,908	16,836

#### **NOTE 11: OPERATING LEASES**

#### As Lessor:

The City receives income from property it leases under non-cancellable operating leases. The leased property consists of newly constructed hangars at the airport. The leases began in 2013 and will continue for a period of twenty-five years. The City receives income from property it leases under non-cancellable operating leases. Total income from such leases was \$77,200 for the year ended September 30, 2016. The future minimum lease receivable for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
September 30:	_Amount_
2017	\$ 18,775
2018	18,900
2019	18,900
2020	19,200
2021	19,425
2022-2026	99,700
2027-2031	104,200
2032-2036	108,700
2037-2041	79,425
2042-2046	72,525
2047-2051	23,400
Total	\$ 583,150

#### **NOTE 12: CAPITAL LEASES**

#### As Lessor:

Faurecia Automotive Seating, Inc. – On June 4, 2004, the City entered into a capital lease-sale with Faurecia Automotive Seating, Inc. for land and building located in the industrial park. The City purchased this building for the purpose of leasing it to Faurecia Automotive Seating, Inc. The purchase of the building was financed as follows: City \$750,000 CAP Loan from Mississippi Development Authority, County \$750,000 CAP Loan from Mississippi Development Authority, Town of Renova \$250,000 grant, with the remainder of the approximately \$3,175,000 purchase price paid by the City. The City is responsible for the repayment of both of the \$750,000 CAP Loans (City and County) with the annual lease payments of \$225,650 payable from June 15, 2005 through June 15, 2019. The lessee has the option to purchase the land and building on or after the seventh anniversary date of the lease for the purchase price of \$3,000,000, plus interest at the rate of 1.548% per annum from the date of closing, less all sums paid as rent under the preceding lease. Minimum lease payments receivable at September 30, 2016 was:

e e <u>e</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
\$	215,489	10,161	225,650
	218,824	6,826	225,650
100	222,211	3,439_	225,650
\$	656,524	20,426	676,950
	\$	\$ 215,489 218,824 222,211	\$ 215,489 10,161 218,824 6,826 222,211 3,439

Baxter Healthcare Corporation -The City of Cleveland entered into an agreement with Baxter Healthcare Corporation (Baxter), the Mississippi Major Economic Impact Authority (MMEIA), and the Bolivar County Board of Supervisors. The agreement provides for major capital improvements to Baxter's manufacturing facilities located within the City of Cleveland. MMEIA was authorized by the Legislature of the State of Mississippi to issue Impact Bonds totaling twenty-four million dollars (\$24,000,000). Of this amount eighteen million dollars (\$18,000,000) was to be loaned directly to Baxter from MMEIA. The remainder of six million dollars (\$6,000,000) was provided in the form of a grant from MMEIA to the City of Cleveland for use in Baxter's improvements. In addition, the City of Cleveland issued bonds for one million thirty-five thousand dollars (\$1,035,000) and Bolivar County issued bonds for one million thirty-five thousand dollars (\$1,035,000) for the construction project. Baxter executed a lease agreement with the City and County to assist with the repayment of the bonds (\$1,035,000 each) issued by the City and County. The term of the lease is for fifteen years. The first lease payment was due November 1, 2007. The total lease payments are being remitted to the City of Cleveland. The City will pay to the County one-half of each lease payment received to assist with the repayment of the County's bonds. Lease payments are scheduled for November 1 and May 1 of each year. The payments are varied in amounts over the fifteen year term. The lessee has the option to purchase the improvements during the lease. Minimum lease payments receivable at September 30, 2016 was:

Year Ending				
September 30:	2 (2	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$	70,037	19,881	89,918
2018		72,102	20,467	92,569
2019		74,042	21,018	95,060
2020		75,849	21,531	97,380
2021		77,528	22,007	99,535
2022		79,087	22,450	101,537
Total	\$	448,645	127,354	575,999

#### As Lessee:

The City is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2016:

Classes of Property	Go	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Equipment and Fixtures (Street sweeper)	\$	239,595	Herivides
Infrastructure (Water meters)			3,357,802
Less: Accumulated depreciation	=	(107,818)	(322,349)
Leased Property Under Capital Leases	\$	347,413	3,680,151

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2016:

Year Ending	G	iovernment	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities
September 30:		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$	50,859	1,233	197,328	80,723
2018		18,739	65	203,237	74,815
2019				209,322	68,729
2020				215,590	62,462
2021				222,045	56,006
2022-2026				1,214,027	176,232
2027-2028				538,014	18,090
Total	\$	69,598	1,298	2,799,563	537,057

#### **NOTE 13: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The City of Cleveland contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit public employee retirement system. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employee's Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who become members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. A COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

<u>Contributions</u>. At September 30, 2016, PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary that the City of Cleveland is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current employer's rate is 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The City's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$733,580, \$701,340, and \$697,754, respectively, which equaled the required contribution for each year.

#### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$12,986,036 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net

pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2016 net pension liability was 0.0703 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016. This was an increase of 0.0024 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2015 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,842,951. At September 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
		of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	319,980	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on investments		1,503,045	
Changes of assumptions		591,981	34,508
Changes in the proportion and differences between Cit	У		
contributions and proportionate share contributions		257,432	189,353
City Contributions subsequent to the measurement dat	e.	194,861	
Total	\$	2,867,299	223,861

\$194,861 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending		
September 30:	Amour	nt
2017	\$ 887,3	41
2018	804,5	82
2019	500,1	.12
2020	256,5	42_
Total	\$ 2,448,5	77

<u>Actuarial assumptions.</u> The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75 – 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2016 with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	34.00%	5.20%
Fixed Income	20.00%	0.25%
International Equity	19.00%	5.00%
Real Assets	10.00%	4.00%
Emerging Markets Equity	8.00%	5.45%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.15%
Cash	1.00%	-0.50%
	100.00%	

<u>Discount rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 - percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	6.75%	7.75%	8.75%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 16.651.009	12,986,036	9,945,295

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> — Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

**NOTE 14: LONG-TERM DEBT** 

The City's long-term debt is made up of general obligation bonds, industrial revenue bonds, and notes payable. General obligation bonds are direct obligations, and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Industrial revenue bonds are payable solely from the revenues of the underlying facilities. The City also incurs debt in the form of various notes payable which are to be repaid through daily operations.

The City is subject to a general statutory debt limitation under which no City in the State may incur general obligation bonded indebtedness in the amount which will exceed 15 percent of the assessed value of the taxable property within the City according to the last completed assessment for taxation.

In computing general obligation bonded indebtedness for purposes of such 15 percent limitation, there may be deducted all bonds or other evidences of indebtedness issued for school, water, and sewerage systems, gas and light and power purposes and for construction of special improvements primarily chargeable to the property benefited, or for the purpose of paying a City's proportion of any betterment program, a portion of which is primarily chargeable to the property benefited. However, in no case may a City contract any indebtedness payable in whole or in part from proceeds of ad valorem taxes which, when added to all of its outstanding general obligation indebtedness, both bonded and floating, exceeds 20 percent of the assessed value of the taxable property within such City.

In arriving at the limitations set forth, bonds issued for school purposes, bonds payable exclusively from the revenues of any municipally-owned utility, general obligation industrial bonds issued under provisions of Sections 57-1-1 to 57-1-51, Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated, Revised 1989 and special assessment improvement bonds issued under the provisions of Sections 21-41-1 to 21-41-53, Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated, Revised 1990, are not included. Also excluded from both limitations are contract obligations subject to annual appropriations.

The margin for additional debt under the above debt limits as of September 30, 2016 is approximately:

15% Limit	20% Limit
\$ 7.088.053	12,069,071

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

			Final
	Amount	Interest	Maturity
Description and Purpose	Outstanding	Rate	Date
Governmental Activities:			
A. General Obligation Bonds:			
Public Improvement	\$ 115,000	4.25-5.25%	3/1/17
General Obligation	525,000	6.00-8.50%	3/1/17
Public Improvement	560,000	2.50-3.50%	3/1/20
Public Improvement	575,000	2.25-3.125%	3/1/21
Public Improvement	840,000	1.50-2.125%	3/1/22
Public Improvement	895,000	1.50-2.00%	3/1/23
Public Improvement	1,160,000	2.00-2.60%	3/1/24
Public Improvement	1,285,000	2.00-2.125%	8/1/25
Public Improvement	1,900,000		
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 7,855,000		
B. Other Loans			
State of Mississippi (MDA Faurecia - City)	\$ 164,773	3.00%	6/1/23
State of Mississippi (MDA Faurecia - County)	164,773	3.00%	6/1/23
Total Other Loans	\$ 329,546		
C. Capital Leases:			
Street Sweeper Lease	\$ 69,598	2.75%	12/10/17
Total Capital Leases	\$ 69,598		
Business-Type Activities:			
A. Other Loans			
State of Mississippi (MDEQ #1)	\$ 726,508	1.75%	6/1/23
State of Mississippi (MDEQ #2)	696,387	1.75%	9/1/24
State of Mississippi (MDEQ #3)	635,367	1.75%	1/1/26
State of Mississippi (MDEQ #4)	1,001,721	2.50%	4/1/27
State of Mississippi (MDEQ #5)	828,974	2.50%	8/25/32
Total Other Loans	\$ 3,888,957		
B. Capital Leases:			
Siemens Public, Inc.	\$ 2,799,563	2.96%	8/21/28
Total Capital Leases	\$ 2,799,563		

The annual debt service requirements of long-term debt as of September 30, 2016 are as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

Year Ending	(	General Oblig	ation Bonds	Other L	oans
September 30:		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$	1,095,000	187,800	116,016	8,288
2018		1,030,000	144,579	119,544	4,758
2019		1,050,000	116,198	93,986	1,192
2020		1,075,000	93,025		
2021		965,000	68,044		
2022-2026	_	2,640,000	108,366		
Totals	\$_	7,855,000	718,012	329,546	14,238

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

Year Ending	Other Loans		
September 30:	Principal	Interest	
2017	\$ 389,805	73,685	
2018	397,481	66,008	
2019	405,311	58,178	
2020	413,300	50,189	
2021	421,450	42,039	
2022-2026	1,613,856	95,986	
2027-2029	247,754	4,878	
Totals	\$ 3,888,957	390,963	

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2016:

				1.7		
		Balance			Balance	Amount due
	92	Oct. 1, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Sept. 30, 2016	within one year
Governmental Activities:						
General obligation bonds	\$	6,990,000	1,900,000	1,035,000	7,855,000	1,095,000
Other Loans		441,732		112,186	329,546	116,016
Capital leases		123,552		53,954	69,598	50,859
Compensated absences		292,963	44,970	25	337,933	
Total	\$	7,848,247	1,944,970	1,201,140	8,592,077	1,261,875
Business-Type Activities:						
Other Loans	\$	4,313,237		424,280	3,888,957	389,805
Capital leases		2,991,154		191,592	2,799,562	197,328
Compensated absences		9,490	2,975		12,465	
Total	\$	7,313,881	2,975	615,872	6,700,984	587,133

The City's General Bond and Interest Fund liquidates the debt on public improvement bonds. The Baxter Bond Fund pays the general obligation indebtedness for the Baxter bond issue. The Special Industrial Project Fund liquidates the notes to State of MS on the Faurecia project. The Water and Sewer Fund liquidates the business-type activities indebtedness. The compensated absences will be paid from the fund in which the employees' salaries were paid, which are generally the General Fund, Non-Major Governmental Funds, and the Water and Sewer Fund.

#### NOTE 15: DEFICIT FUND BALANCES OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

At September 30, 2016, the Special Industrial Project Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$237,858.

#### **NOTE 16: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The City has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the City. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the City's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> – The City is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the City with respect to the various proceedings. However, the City's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### NOTE 17: EFFECT OF DEFERRED AMOUNTS ON NET POSITION

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position amount of (\$6,120,825) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$183,676 resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017. The \$2,519,039 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2016, will be recognized in pension expense over the next four years. The \$211,011 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pension at September 30, 2016, will be recognized in pension expense over the next four years.

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position amount of (\$6,120,825) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from capital leases receivable. The \$147,780 balance of deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2016, will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next six years.

The business-type activities' unrestricted net position amount of (\$356,893) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$11,185 resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017. The \$153,399 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2016, will be recognized in pension at September 30, 2016, will be recognized in pension expense over the next four years.

#### NOTE 18: SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL

On October 1, 2014, the City contracted with RES Inc. to provide residential garbage collection and disposal. The rate is \$16.22 per month per residence. The agreement will continue until September 30, 2017. The City adopted the Solid Waste Management Plan on September 27, 1993.

#### **NOTE 19: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Events that occurred after the statement of assets, liabilities and net position, modified cash basis, date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the statement of net position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the statement of net position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the City of Cleveland evaluated the activity of the City through June 30, 2017 and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

Subsequent to September 30, 2016, the City of Cleveland, Mississippi, has acquired the following debt:

Issue	Interest	Issue	Type of	Source of
Date	Rate	Amount	Financing	Financing
3/2/17	1.75%	\$ 6,395,519	Revolving Loan	Sales Taxes
3/1/17	2.50%	2,000,000	General Obligation Public Improvement Bond	Ad Valorem Taxes

City of Cleveland, Mississippi

**Required Supplemental Information** 

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Amount	Actual Non-GAAP	Variance Favorable
		Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	390				-
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	2,646,279	2,609,606	2,609,606	=
Licenses, Permits & Franchise Fees		662,300	492,803	492,803	#3
Grants & Intergovernmental		3,607,000	3,844,157	3,844,157	¥
Fines and Forfeits		190,000	140,971	140,971	=
Charges for Services		513,000	563,401	563,401	5
Miscellaneous Revenues  Total Revenues	-	75,800 <b>7,694,379</b>	203,967 <b>7,854,905</b>	203,967 <b>7,854,905</b>	
Total Nevenues	-	7,054,375	7,034,303	7,034,303	
EXPENDITURES:					
General Government					
Supervision, Finance, and Other					
Personal services		404,682	409,641	409,641	¥
Other services and charges		873,150	910,662	910,662	5
Supplies		41,900	20,384	20,384	≅
Capital outlay		35,097	34,967	34,967	5
Grants and subsidies		137,753	134,227	134,227	*
Total Supervision, Finance, and Other	-	1,492,582	1,509,881	1,509,881	
Municipal Court					
Personal services		146,438	133,517	133,517	Ħ
Other services and charges		215,250	202,171	202,171	¥
Supplies	164	9,100	3,393	3,393	<u> </u>
Total Municipal Court		370,788	339,081	339,081	Ε.
Total General Government	_	1,863,370	1,848,962	1,848,962	
Public Safety					
Police Department					
Personal services		3,381,277	3,151,827	3,151,827	2
Other services and charges		125,925	113,830	113,830	ē
Supplies		177,600	128,903	128,903	H
Capital outlay	42	90,000	97,220	97,220	·
Total Police Department	1=	3,774,802	3,491,780_	3,491,780	S <del></del>
Fire Department					
Personal services		194,759	193,071	193,071	æ:
Other services and charges		133,450	111,354	111,354	941
Supplies		96,750	82,219	82,219	<b>4</b> )
Capital outlay	72	35,040	38,832	38,832	*
Total Fire Department	9	459,999	425,476	425,476	·
Total Public Safety	=	4,234,801	3,917,256	3,917,256	·
Public Works					
Code Compliance					
Personal services		424,983	411,079	411,079	(40)
Other services and charges		88,825	73,042	73,042	(24)
Supplies		29,300	20,045	20,045	(40)
Capital outlay	8=	25,000	26,957	26,957	(a)
Total Code Compliance	_	568,108	531,123	531,123	·——

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amount		Variance Favorable
	Original	Final	Non-GAAP Basis	(Unfavorable)
Cemetery	-			
Personal services	132,517	112,566	112,566	*
Other services and charges	3,250	297	297	2
Supplies	22,975	15,470	15,470	-
Capital outlay	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7,039	7,039	2
Total Cemetery	158,742	135,372	135,372	
Airport				
Personal services	148,424	135,890	135,890	=
Other services and charges	39,875	35,589	35,589	32
Supplies	48,650	47,992	47,992	<u></u>
Capital outlay	4,200	3,357	3,357	14
Total Airport	241,149	222,828	222,828	
Groundskeeper				
Personal services	132,567	167,211	167,211	
Other services and charges	26,100	115	115	
Supplies	24,500	42,292	42,292	<b>37.</b> (
Capital outlay	4,937	4,373	4,373	#0
Total Groundskeeper	188,104	213,991	213,991	5%
Shop Department				
Personal services	100,606	98,982	98,982	<u> </u>
Other services and charges	1,700	1,363	1,363	-
Supplies	10,140	6,022	6,022	1 <b>2</b> 7)
Capital outlay  Total Shop Department	4,050	4,049 110,416	4,049	
·			-	300
Total Public Works	1,272,599	1,213,730	1,213,730	-
Highways and Streets  Personal services	933,033	846,438	846,438	
Other services and charges	212,125	154,361	154,361	-
Supplies	325,514	250,143	250,143	12
Capital outlay	56,718	56,718	56,718	
Total Highways and Streets	1,527,390	1,307,660	1,307,660	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Health and Sanitation			·	
Other services and charges	425,660	491,503	491,503	<u> </u>
Total Health and Sanitation	425,660	491,503	491,503	
Total Expenditures	9,323,820	8,779,111	8,779,111	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(1,629,441)	(924,206)	(924,206)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Administrative fees	639,000	639,000	639,000	
Transfers in	463,490	463,490	463,490	3
Transfers out	(355,000)	(355,000)	(355,000)	:#:
Total other financing sources (uses)	747,490	747,490	747,490	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (881,951)	(176,716)	(176,716)	>201

### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BLGAAR BASIS) – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AN

#### BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Amount	Actual Non-GAAP	Variance Favorable
		Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:		,			
Tourism taxes	\$	750,000	802,597	802,597	2
Donations and gift shop sales		1,000	2,981	2,981	9
Miscellaneous revenues		13,000	1,480	1,480	
Total Revenues		764,000	807,058	807,058	7
EXPENDITURES:					
All departments					
Other services and charges		15,000	7,251	7,251	<b>17</b> 0
Appropriations		753,000	777,774	777,774	<b>3</b>
Capital outlay			40,920	40,920	220
Total all departments		768,000	825,945	825,945	-
Railroad Heritage Museum	-				
Personal services		69,455	68,639	68,639	<b>€</b> 20
Other services and charges		93,025	89,658	89,658	
Supplies		7,500	6,932	6,932	Se <sup>2</sup>
Capital outlay		11,600	10,581	10,581	(#E)
Total Railroad Heritage Museum		181,580	175,810	175,810	
Total Expenditures	,	949,580	1,001,755	1,001,755	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(185,580)	(194,697)	(194,697)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		32,937	32,937	32,937	97.
Transfers out		(16,495)	(16,495)	(16,495)	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	3	16,442	16,442	16,442	72
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(169,138)	(178,255)	(178,255)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT BOND FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Amount	Actual Non-GAAP	Variance Favorable
	-	Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	S#		•		· · · · ·
Miscellaneous revenues	\$	37,600	23,569	23,569	#
Total Revenues	1	37,600	23,569	23,569	=
EXPENDITURES:					
Other services and charges		3,641,729	1,370,610	1,370,610	9
Capital outlay		1,153,255	1,004,921	1,004,921	.=
				4	2
Total Expenditures	( <del>-</del>	4,794,984	2,375,531	2,375,531	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	:	(4,757,384)	(2,351,962)	(2,351,962)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bond proceeds		1,800,000	1,900,000	1,900,000	₩(
Transfers in		300,000	300,000	300,000	. <del></del>
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,100,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	- 20
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$_	(2,657,384)	(151,962)	(151,962)	<u> </u>

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT REVOLVING FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	ž		l Amount	Actual Non-GAAP	Variance Favorable
REVENUES:	-	Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Miscellaneous revenues	\$	15,950	16,158	16,158	8
Total Revenues	-	15,950	16,158	16,158	*
EXPENDITURES:					
Total Expenditures	=	:e:			
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		15,950	16,158	16,158	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in		68,409	68,409	68,409	*
Total other financing sources (uses)	2	68,409	68,409	68,409	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	84,359	84,567	84,567	

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) – SPECIAL INDUSTRIAL PROJECT FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	-	Budgeted A	Amount Final	Actual Non-GAAP Basis	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:			<del></del>	*	
Lease payment Miscellaneous revenues	\$	225,650 800	225,650 485	225,650 485	а ш
Total Revenues	-	226,450	226,135	226,135	
EXPENDITURES:					
Other services and charges Capital outlay		124,304 34,915	124,304 34,915	124,304 34,915	*
Total Expenditures	ر <u>د</u> م	159,219	159,219	159,219	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	·-	67,231	66,916	66,916	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out		(101,346)	(101,346)	(101,346)	<b>a</b>
Total other financing sources (uses)	=	(101,346)	(101,346)	(101,346)	- 4
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ _	(34,115)	(34,430)	(34,430)	22

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	2	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0727%	0.0703%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	12,986,035	10,866,994
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,657,646	4,390,822
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		278.81%	247.49%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.47%	61.70%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 prior to the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

#### For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	-	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	733,580	701,340
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	=	733,580	701,340
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	<u> </u>	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,657,646	4,452,949
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.75%	15.75%

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until, a full 10 year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**

#### A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the City's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the City Clerk or Chief Administrative Officer prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the City Council that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The City's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year-end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

#### C. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and the Parks & Recreation Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplemental information.

#### D. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund:

		Economic	Public	Economic	Special
	General	Development	Improvement	Development	Industrial
Governmental Fund Type	Fund	and Tourism	Bond Fund	Revolving Fund	Project Fund
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$ (176,716)	(178,255)	(151,962)	84,567	(34,430)
Increase (Decrease)					
Net adjustments for revenue accruals	113,020	134,030			101,346
Net adjustments for expense accruals	(48,712)	(167,227)	(27,707)	(68,409)	
Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$ (112,408)	(211,452)	(179,669)	16,158	66,916

#### E. Excess of Actual Expenditures over Budget in Individual Funds.

No funds with actual expenditures over budgeted amounts were identified.

#### F. Unbudgeted Funds.

There were no unbudgeted funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

#### **PENSION SCHEDULES**

#### A. Changes in benefit provisions.

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

#### B. Changes of assumptions.

The assumed rate of interest credited of employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR CITY OFFICIALS September 30, 2016

		Bond	Expiration	Surety
Name	Position	Amount	Date	Company
Billy Nowell	Mayor	100,000	Jul-17	Brierfield
Maurice Smith	Alderman Ward 1	100,000	Jul-17	Brierfield
Robert L. Sanders	Alderman Ward 2	100,000	Jul-17	Brierfield
Danny Abraham	Alderman Ward 3	100,000	Jul-17	Brierfield
Kirkham Povall	Alderman Ward 4	100,000	Jul-17	Brierfield
James Paul Janoush	Alderman Ward 5	100,000	Jul-17	Brierfield
Theodore R. Campbell	Alderman Ward 6	100,000	Jul-17	Brierfield
Gary Gainspoletti	Alderman-At-Large	100,000	Jul-17	Brierfield
Dominique Green	City Clerk	50,000	Sep-17	Brierfield
Linda Brown	Deputy City Clerk	65,000	Oct-16	St. Paul
Betha Watson	Payroll Clerk	50,000	Jul-17	St. Paul
Jamie Ferguson Jacks	City Attorney	50,000	Jul-17	St. Paul
Michele Lucas	Municipal Court Clerk	50,000	Mar-16	St. Paul
Jodie W. Felton	Deputy Court Clerk	50,000	Jul-17	Brierfield
Patsy Lawson	Deputy Court Clerk	50,000	Jul-17	St. Paul
Charles "Buster" Bingham	Chief of Police	50,000	Oct-16	St. Paul
Marilyn D. Adams Cox	Utility Manager	50,000	Aug-17	St. Paul
Rose M. Walters	Utility Clerk	50,000	Jun-17	Western
Secandrice Davis	Utility Clerk	50,000	Dec-16	Western
Jeffery Clint Johnson	Airport Director	50,000	Aug-17	Brierfield
Stephen Glorioso	Parks Director	50,000	Aug-17	Brierfield
Greg Jackson	Fire Inspector	50,000	Jun-17	Brierfield
Brett Moorman	Community Development Director	50,000	Oct-16	Brierfield
Kimberly Chisolm	Assistant Director	50,000	Jan-17	St. Paul
Hope Johnson	Office Clerk	50,000	Mar-17	St. Paul
Billy Trotter	Code Enforcement Officer	50,000	Mar-17	St. Paul
Danita Staples	Housing Inspector	50,000	Jan-17	Brierfield
Britonya Gort	Collections Clerk	50,000	Apr-17	Western
Brandy Murphy	Public Works Clerk	50,000	Jan-17	St. Paul

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT September 30, 2016

						Amon	Amount Due
	Issue	Balance			Balance		Remaining
Description	Date	09/30/15	Issued	Paid	09/30/16	2017	Years
General Obligation Bonds							
Public Improvement	05/01/06	\$ 115,000		115,000	Ķ.		10
General Obligation	12/28/06	230,000		115,000	115,000	115,000	э
Public Improvement	03/01/07	595,000		70,000	525,000	75,000	450,000
Public Improvement	05/01/10	000'569		135,000	260,000	140,000	420,000
Public Improvement	05/01/11	000'069		115,000	575,000	115,000	460,000
Public Improvement	01/26/12	000'086		140,000	840,000	140,000	700,000
Public Improvement	04/15/13	1,005,000		110,000	895,000	115,000	780,000
Public Improvement	04/15/14	1,280,000		120,000	1,160,000	125,000	1,035,000
Public Improvement	08/01/15	1,400,000		115,000	1,285,000	125,000	1,160,000
Public Improvement	02/01/16	1	1,900,000		1,900,000	145,000	1,755,000
Total General Obligation Bonds		000'066'9	1,900,000	1,035,000	7,855,000	1,095,000	6,760,000
Other Loans							
State of Mississippi (MDA Faurecia - City)	08/01/03	220,866		56,093	164,773	58,008	106,765
State of Mississippi (MDA Faurecia - County)	08/01/03	220,866		56,093	164,773	58,008	106,765
State of Mississippi (MDEQ #1)	08/01/03	827,030		100,522	726,508	102,295	624,213
State of Mississippi (MDEQ #2)	09/25/03	776,784		80,396	696,388	81,815	614,573
State of Mississippi (MDEQ #3)	04/21/06	929'969		61,309	635,367	62,547	572,820
State of Mississippi (MDEQ #4)	10/14/05	1,083,391		81,669	1,001,722	83,734	917,988
State of Mississippi (MDEQ #5)	08/22/06	887,359		58,384	828,975	59,414	769,561
Planters Bank	12/16/14	42,000		42,000			P.
Total Other Loans		4,754,972	r	536,466	4,218,506	505,821	3,712,685
Capital Leases							
Street Sweeper Lease	06/04/13	123,552		53,954	865'69	50,859	18,739
Siemens Public, Inc.	09/21/12	2,991,154		191,591	2,799,563	197,328	2,602,235
Total Capital Leases		3,114,706	* ]	245,545	2,869,161	248,187	2,620,974
Other					000		
Compensated Absences		302,453	47,945		350,398		
Total Long Term Debt		\$ 15,162,131	1,947,945	1,817,011	15,293,065	1,849,008	13,093,659

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI GENERAL BOND AND INTEREST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) September 30, 2016

			Actual	Variance
_	Budgeted	Amount	Non-GAAP	Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)
\$	1,163,236	1,147,633	1,147,633	
	3,000	3,370	3,370	*
:	1,166,236	1,151,003	1,151,003	<u> </u>
			888	35
	1,142,362	1,117,852	1,117,852	2
-	1,142,362	1,117,852	1,117,852	<u>~</u>
_	23,874	33,151	33,151	<u>=</u>
\$	23,874	33,151	33,151	Ē
		Original  1,163,236 3,000  1,166,236  1,142,362  1,142,362  23,874	1,163,236 1,147,633 3,370  1,166,236 1,151,003  1,142,362 1,117,852  1,142,362 1,117,852  23,874 33,151	Original         Final         Basis           5         1,163,236         1,147,633         1,147,633           3,000         3,370         3,370           1,166,236         1,151,003         1,151,003           1,142,362         1,117,852         1,117,852           1,142,362         1,117,852         1,117,852           23,874         33,151         33,151

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI BAXTER BOND FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS)

#### September 30, 2016

				Actual	Variance	
		Budgeted .	Amount	Non-GAAP	Favorable	
	-	Original	Final	Basis	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES:	_					
Lease payment	\$	174,209	174,209	174,209	25	
Miscellaneous revenues			219	219	7	
Total Revenues	=	174,209	174,428	174,428		
EXPENDITURES:						
				72	<b>a</b>	
Debt Service		192,705	192,645	192,645		
				14	-	
Total Expenditures	- S	192,705	192,645	192,645	- 3	
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	\$ _	(18,496)	(18,217)	(18,217)	<u> </u>	

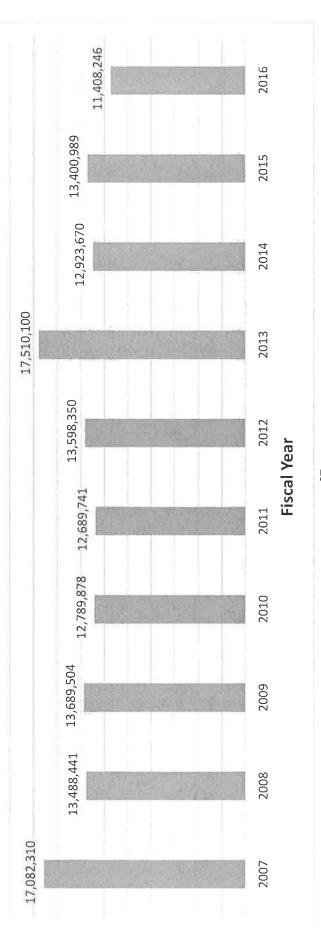
#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total Revenues	17,082,310	13,488,441	13,689,504	12,789,878	12,689,741	13,598,350	17,510,100	12,923,670	13,400,989	11,408,246	138,581,229
Miscellaneous Non-Operating	1,088,964	852,864	630,619	631,132	643,627	985,932	579,861	848,337	685,368	309,371	7,256,075
Miscellaneous Operating	454,349	428,186	216,569	29,030	30,857	45,755	63,957	65,761	71,447	77,200	1,483,111
Charges for Services	1,380,278	1,597,921	1,737,822	1,825,170	1,884,367	1,922,129	2,077,427	2,071,062	2,072,728	835,082	17,403,986
Intergovernmental	10,119,304	6,592,328	7,212,995	6,146,587	5,786,887	6,415,166	10,361,838	5,470,529	6,095,298	5,737,746	69,938,678
Fines, Fees, Licenses & Permits	690,266	944,163	755,380	989,414	891,512	753,102	787,222	851,674	608'669	617,105	8,283,944
Taxes	\$ 3,044,352	3,072,979	3,136,119	3,168,545	3,452,491	3,476,266	3,639,795	3,616,307	3,776,839	3,831,742	\$ 34,215,435
Fiscal	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total

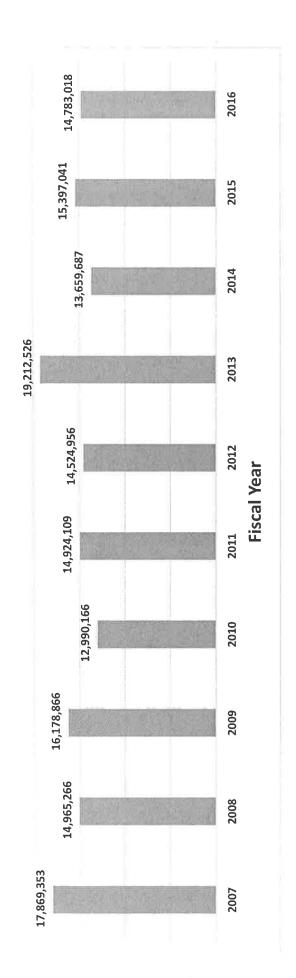
# **Total Revenues**



# CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total Expenditures	17,869,353	14,965,266	16,178,866	12,990,166	14,924,109	14,524,956	19,212,526	13,659,687	15,397,041	14,783,018	110,665,242
Debt Service	1,620,539	2,700,166	2,180,873	1,240,046	1,297,752	1,346,284	1,357,386	1,394,289	1,386,976	1,391,477	15,915,788
Capital Projects	6,585,219	1,953,008	1,784,719	1,038,348	902,879	1,259,822	5,922,445	797,409	817,882	34,915	21,096,646
Economic Development	393,205	452,682	1,937,488	815,055	604,798	789,551	578,485	735,750	2,345,934	1,153,562	9,806,510
Culture and Recreation	940,943	1,105,603	863,474	564,985	901,062	961,954	883,663	839,559	786,258	808,905	8,656,406
Health and Sanitation	1,151,741	1,292,494	1,418,983	1,429,977	1,463,742	1,551,409	1,580,199	1,570,646	1,580,391	650,108	13,689,690
Highways and Streets	1,816,697	1,690,601	1,969,169	1,232,154	2,492,573	1,675,949	2,242,434	1,186,603	1,603,993	1,236,959	17,147,132
Public Works	726,012	819,344	706,067	1,087,903	995,353	1,156,836	1,022,361	1,275,236	1,326,127	2,482,927	11,598,166
Public Safety	3,329,556	3,761,879	3,965,360	4,425,880	5,042,335	4,601,551	4,304,466	4,500,937	4,136,760	5,090,435	43,159,159
Government	1,305,441	1,189,489	1,352,733	1,155,818	1,223,615	1,181,600	1,321,087	1,359,258	1,412,720	1,933,730	13,435,491
Fiscal	2007 \$	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	Total \$

# **Total Expenditures**



#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN For the Year Ended September 30,2016

			Bonds/Notes	Bonds/Notes
		Total	Subject	Subject
		Outstanding	To 15%	To 20%
Description		G/O Debt	Limitation	Limitation
<b>OUTSTANDING GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT:</b>				
PublicImprovement		115,000	115,000	115,000
General Obligation		525,000	525,000	525,000
PublicImprovement		560,000	560,000	560,000
Public Improvement		575,000	575,000	575,000
Public Improvement		840,000	840,000	840,000
Public Improvement		895,000	895,000	895,000
Public Improvement		1,160,000	1,160,000	1,160,000
Public Improvement		1,285,000	1,285,000	1,285,000
PublicImprovement		1,900,000	1,900,000_	1,900,000
Total Outstanding General Obligation Debt		7,855,000	7,855,000	7,855,000
AUTHORIZED DEBT LIMIT:				
Assessed Value for the fiscal year ended				
September 30, 2016	99,620,354		14,943,053	19,924,071
Present Debt				
(Subject to 15% and 20% Limitation, respective	7,855,000	7,855,000		
Margin for Further Indebtedness				
(Under 15% and 20% Limitation, respectively)			7,088,053	12,069,071

#### **LIMITATION OF INDEBTEDNESS - SECTION 21-33-303 AS AMENDED**

No municipality shall hereafter issue bonds secured by a pledge of its full faith and credit for the purposes authorized by law in an amount which, when added to the then outstanding bonded indebtedness of such municipality, shall exceed either (a) fifteen percent (15%) of the assessed value of taxable property within such municipality, according to the last completed assessment for taxation, or (b) ten percent (10%) of the assessment upon which taxes were levied for its fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, whichever is greater. In computing such indebtedness, there may be deducted all bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, heretofore or hereafter issued, for school, water, sewerage systems, gas, and light and power purposes and for the construction of special improvements primarily chargeable to the property that benefited, or for the purpose of paying the municipality's proportion of any betterment program, a portion of which is primarily chargeable to the property benefited. However, in no case shall any municipality contract any indebtedness which, when added to all of the outstanding obligation indebtedness, both bonded and floating, shall exceed either (a) twenty percent (20%) of the assessed value of all taxable property within such municipality according to the last completed assessment for taxation or (b) fifteen percent (15%) of the assessment upon which taxes were levied for its fiscal year ending September 30, 1984, whichever is greater. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to contract obligations in any form heretofore issued by any municipality for school purposes, or to contract obligations in any form heretofore or hereafter incurred by any municipality which are payable exclusively from the revenues of any municipality-owned utility, or to bonds issued by any municipality under the provisions of Sections 57-1-1 through 57-1-51, or to any special assessment improvement bonds issued by any municipality under the provisions of Sections 21-41-1 through 21-41-5.

#### CITY OF CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI

**SPECIAL REPORTS** 

DAVID I. BRIDGERS, JR., CPA L. KARL GOODMAN, CPA, MBA MEMBERS OF
MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CPA'S
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPA'S
GOVERNMENT AUDIT QUALITY CENTER

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Cleveland Cleveland, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cleveland, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2017.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Cleveland, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement accounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers & Moodman, PLLC
Bridgers & Goodman, PLLC
Certified Public Accountants
Vicksburg, Mississippi

June 30, 2017



DAVID I. BRIDGERS, JR., CPA L. KARL GOODMAN, CPA, MBA MEMBERS OF
MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CPA'S
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPA'S
GOVERNMENT AUDIT QUALITY CENTER

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Cleveland Cleveland, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cleveland, Mississippi, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, which collectively comprise the City of Cleveland, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on the City's compliance with these requirements was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of those procedures and our audit of the general purpose financial statements disclosed no instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations. The prior year finding has been corrected.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, City Council, State Auditor's Office and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers & Goodman, PLLC
Bridgers & Goodman, PLLC
Certified Public Accountants

Vicksburg, Mississippi

June 30, 2017

DAVID I. BRIDGERS, JR., CPA L. KARL GOODMAN, CPA, MBA MEMBERS OF
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#### LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Cleveland Cleveland, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Cleveland, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2016, we considered the City of Cleveland, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to the City of Cleveland, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and compliance tests. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the City's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated June 30, 2017 on the financial statements of the City of Cleveland, Mississippi.

The results of our review procedures and compliance tests identified certain immaterial instances that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. Our findings, recommendations, and your responses are disclosed below:

#### 2016-001 Finding:

<u>Criteria</u>: City policy prohibits prepayments for goods or services.

<u>Condition</u>: Garbage bags consisting of 4,920 rolls were paid for on September 30, 2016. The bags were not received by the City until November 2016. The amount of the purchase was \$28,978.80.

#### Recommendation:

Comply with the City's purchasing policy.

#### Response:

The Company that the garbage bags are purchased from requires prepayment for goods.

The City of Cleveland, Mississippi's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Council, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers & Goodman, PLLC
Bridgers & Goodman, PLLC
Certified Public Accountants
Vicksburg, Mississippi

June 30, 2017

#### Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements.

Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness identified?

No

b. Significant deficiency identified?

None Reported

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

No

#### Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

#### SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY:

2016-001 Finding:

Criteria – City policy prohibits prepayments for goods or services.

Condition – Garbage bags consisting of 4,920 rolls were paid for on September 30, 2016. The bags were not received by the City until November 2016. The amount of the purchase was \$28,978.80.

#### Recommendation:

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#### Response:

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