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CITY OF LONG BEACH, MISSISSIPPI AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

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LISTING OF CITY OFFICIALS September 30, 2016

CITY OFFICIALS

Mayor

Alderman at Large

Alderman Ward #1

Alderman Ward #2

Alderman Ward #3

Alderman Ward #4

Alderman Ward #5

Alderman Ward #6

City Clerk

Comptroller

William Skellie, Jr.

Leonard G. Carruba

Gary J. Ponthieux

Bernie Parker

Kelly Griffin

Ronald Hammons

Mark Lishen

Alan Young (deceased)

Rebecca E. Schruff

Kini Gonsoulin

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Kyriaki Jessica Martin, CPA Julia Whitley Johnson, CPA Jesse J. Wolfe, CPA (1927-2009) Grover B. McDuff, CPA (1923-2016) Jack A. Oppie, CPA (1960-2014)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Long Beach, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Beach, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Long Beach, Mississippi's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Beach, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Membership in:

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants • Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center • AICPA Center for Audit Quality • AICPA Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center



Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension schedules on pages 18, 75 - 77, and 78 - 79 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Long Beach, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The introductory section and Schedule of Surety Bonds for City Officials are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory section and Schedule of Surety Bonds for City Officials have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 13, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Long Beach, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Long Beach, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wolfe, M. Doff + Opsie

Pascagoula, Mississippi June 13, 2017 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
September 30, 2016

This Discussion and Analysis of the City of Long Beach, Mississippi's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and its deferred inflows of resources at the close of the current year by approximately \$85,824,733 (net position). Of this amount, approximately \$36,626,638 and \$49,198,095 were related to the City's governmental and business-type activities, respectively. In addition, the City's unrestricted net position (which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors) was approximately \$(5,971,686) (a deficit) for its governmental activities and approximately \$7,301,568 for its business-type activities.
- ♦ The government's total net position decreased by approximately \$2,254,312 for governmental activities and increased by approximately \$134,623 for business-type activities compared to the prior restated net position.
- ♦ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of approximately \$5,796,739, a decrease of approximately \$946,581 from the prior year's fund balance.
- ♦ The City's General Fund reported total fund balance of approximately 5,161,183. Approximately \$3,678,045 of this total amount, or approximately 71%, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was approximately 39% of total General Fund expenditures for the year ended September 30, 2016.
- ♦ The City's governmental activities capital assets decreased by approximately 3% (\$1,237,231) during the current fiscal year due to depreciation expense of \$1,384,293 and disposals of approximately \$15,000, partially offset by capital asset additions of approximately \$267,715. The City's business-type activities capital assets decreased by approximately 1% (\$535,264) during the current year primarily due to capital asset additions of approximately \$5,704,501, partially offset by disposals of \$4,664,723 and depreciation expense of approximately \$1,585,790.
- ♦ The governments's total debt (including general and special obligations) decreased approximately \$592,438 (22%) during the current year primarily due principle payments..

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and include all assets and liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

The statement of net position presents information on all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years.

Both of the government-wide financial statements outline functions of the City that are principally supported by intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government operations, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and debt service interest. The City's proprietary funds include Water/Sewer Fund and Port and Harbor Fund.

The City has no component units.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

The fund financial statements can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same activities reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may be able to better understand the long-term impact of near-term financing decisions. Reconciliations from the governmental fund statements to the government-wide statements are provided to aid in the comparison.

The City maintains one major governmental funds. Information is presented separately on the governmental fund balance sheet and on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund. Information for the other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated column.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for its general fund. Budgetary comparison schedules are provided to demonstrate compliance with budgetary requirements. These schedules can be found in the required supplementary information section of this report as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains one type of proprietary funds. They are the enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are included in business-type activities since they serve the entire community. Enterprise funds are used to report the functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City has two enterprise funds. All the enterprise funds, the Water/Sewer Fund and Port and Harbor Fund are considered major funds and are reported individually throughout the report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City has one fiduciary fund, which is maintained as an agency fund, with no attempt to create ongoing fund balances.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages through 72 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget process and net pension liability information. This required supplementary information can be found on pages 75 through 80 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table provides a summary of the City's net position for September 30, 2016 as compared to September 30, 2015:

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 6,210,857 42,165,455	7,233,808 43,402,686	8,551,147 42,452,674	8,326,901 42,987,938	14,762,004 84,618,129	15,560,709 86,390,624
Total assets	48,376,312	50,636,494	51,003,821	51,314,839	99,380,133	101,951,333
Deferred outflow of resources	1,879,455	1,301,654	92,730	61,562	1,972,185	1,363,216
Long-term liabilities	13,344,877	12,137,217	1,429,272	1,611,496	14,774,149	13,748,713
Other liabilities	252,588	642,481	467,622	688,309	720,210	1,330,790
Total liabilities	13,597,465	12,779,698	1,896,894	2,299,805	15,494,359	15,079,503
Deferred inflow of resources	31,664	277,500	1,562	13,124	33,226	290,624
Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	40,960,019	41,886,306	41,615,258	41,869,028	82,575,277	83,755,334
Restricted	1,638,305	1,667,780	281,269	281,269	1,919,574	1,949,049
Unrestricted	(5,971,686)	(4,673,136)	7,301,568	6,913,175	1,329,882	_2,240,039
Total net position	\$36,626,638	38,880,950	49,198,095	49,063,472	85,824,733	87,944,422

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (96%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves are not likely to be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position (2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position \$1,329,882 (2%) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances for all of the three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate business-type activities. Governmental activities reported a negative net position for one of the three categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Net investment in capital assets decreased by \$1,180,057 during the year. Restricted net position decreased by \$29,475. Unrestricted net position decreased by \$910,157 during the year with the unrestricted net position of business-type activities decreasing by \$(388,393) and the unrestricted net position of governmental activities increasing by \$1,298,550.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

The following table shows the changes in the City's net position for 2016 compared to 2015.

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,078,586	1,389,612	6,341,688	6,230,882	7,420,274	7,620,494
Operating grants and						
contributions	67,560	453,321	-	-	67,560	453,321
Capital grants and contributions	231,769	675,219	612,090	-	843,859	675,219
General revenues:						
Property taxes	5,188,142	4,754,197	-	-	5,188,142	4,754,197
Franchise taxes	583,951	703,641	-	-	583,951	703,641
Sales tax	1,379,480	1,372,989	-	-	1,379,480	1,372,989
Other taxes	402,979	387,528	-	-	402,979	387,528
Other general revenues	112,535	115,423	212,156	197,532	324,691	312,955
Total revenues	9,045,002	9,851,930	7,165,934	6,428,414	16,210,936	16,280,344
Program expenses						
General government	4,233,422	4,303,033	~	-	4,233,422	4,303,033
Public safety	5,338,551	5,157,780	-	-	5,338,551	5,157,780
Public works	798,328	783,076	-	-	798,328	783,076
Culture and recreation	686,933	709,307	-	-	686,933	709,307
Debt service - interest	45,295	64,700	-	-	45,295	64,700
Water and Sewer	-	-	6,601,746	6,009,831	6,601,746	6,009,831
Port and Harbor			626,350	764,971	626,350	764,971
Total expenses	11,102,529	11,017,896	7,228,096	6,774,802	18,330,625	17,792,698
Excess(deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(2,057,527)	(1,165,966)	(62,162)	(346,388)	(2,119,689)	(1,512,354)
Transfers in (out)	(196,785)	(268,442)	196,785	268,442		_
Change in net position	(2,254,312)	(1,434,408)	134,623	(77,946)	(2,119,689)	(1,512,354)
Net position - beginning of year	38,880,950	40,315,358	49,063,472	49,141,418	87,944,422	89,456,776
Net position - end of year	\$36,626,638	38,880,950	49,198,095	49,063,472	85,824,733	87,944,422

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$2,254,312. The overall decrease reflects expenses exceeding revenues for the year by \$2,057,527. This amount was partially due to \$196,785 in transfers out, of which is for various administrative activities.

Revenues for the year experienced a decrease of \$272,702 in fine and forfeitures as well as a decrease of \$829,211 in grant funds from the previous year, which resulted in a substantial portion of the decrease in net position in the governmental funds.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City's total net position by \$134,623 during the year. Revenues for the business-type activities increased by \$737,520 (11%). Expenses for the business-type activities increased \$453,294 (7%). Expenses decreased by \$138,621 in the Port and Harbor fund. Expenses increased by \$603,196 in the Water and Sewer fund.

The overall increase in revenues in the Port and Harbor fund is due to an increase in grant funds received. Charges for services increased slightly due to new accounts added during the year.

Water and Sewer fund experienced an increase in expenditures of \$324,725 related to an increase in the cost of solid waste disposal and wastewater debt service.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing City's financing requirements.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,796,739, a decrease of \$946,581 in comparison with the prior year. This overall decrease was primarily due to the \$892,727 decrease in the General fund. The balance in this fund decreased primarily due to less grant funds being received by the City, as well as the City receiving \$272,702 less in fines and forfeitures.

Of the combined \$5,796,739 governmental fund balances at year end \$1,638,305 (28%) is classified as restricted by grantors, state or federal laws, or enabling legislation; \$168,389 is classified as committed; and \$312,000 is classified as assigned. The remaining \$3,678,045 is classified as unassigned (63%). By definition unassigned balances include all deficit balances. There were no unassigned fund balance deficits at year-end.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,678,045, while the total fund balance was \$5,161,183. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned and total general fund balances at the end of the fiscal year represent 39% and 55%, respectively, of total general fund expenditures. These percentages decreased from the prior year computation of unassigned and total fund balances of 46% and 64%, respectively. The City's general fund balance decreased by \$892,727 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail.

Total net position for the City's enterprise funds as of September 30, 2016 was \$49,198,095, an increase of \$134,623 from the previous fiscal year's restated net position. Of the net position of the enterprise funds, \$41,615,258 is the net investment in capital assets of the enterprise funds. Unrestricted net position totaled \$7,301,568, an increase of \$388,393 compared to the previous year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

Unrestricted net position of the Enterprise Funds at the end of the fiscal year were \$5,220,435 for the Water and Sewer Fund and \$2,081,133 for the Port and Harbor Fund. Port and Harbor Fund showed an increase in fund balance while the Water and Sewer Fund showed a decrease. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds are addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Mississippi Law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the City's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report on pages 75 through 77 as required supplemental information.

During the year there was a \$480,840 increase in appropriations between the original budget and the final amended budget. Budgeted revenues increased by \$44,010 from the original to the amended budget.

Following is the main component of the overall budget appropriations increase during the year:

♦ There was an \$324,725 increase in the Hurricane Isaac appropriation from the original budget to the amended budget. The overall increase was due to budget for Hurricane Isaac related expenses and reimbursements to be received.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2016, amounts to \$84,618,129 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, vehicle, equipment, and library materials. The City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year decreased by \$1,116,578 and \$535,265 for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively, compared to the prior year.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Additions to capital assets (net of asset retirements) totaled \$1,292,493.
- Major asset additions included \$692,385 in construction in progress for various community projects.

Depreciation expense totaled \$2,970,083 for the year with \$1,384,293 in the governmental activities and \$1,585,790 in the business-type activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2016

The following table presents a summary of the City's capital assets (net of depreciation) for the current and prior fiscal year.

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Land	\$ 6,414,122	6,414,122	387,425	387,425	6,801,547	6,801,547
Construction in progress	372,121	337,855	282,560	4,244,150	654,681	4,582,005
Buildings	17,078,699	17,457,038	21,696,360	21,705,650	38,775,059	39,162,688
Improvements - other	416,087	429,899	-		416,087	429,899
Infrastructure	16,391,346	17,074,856	19,752,053	16,480,829	36,143,399	33,555,685
Equipment	488,009	487,345	220,137	116,534	708,146	603,879
Vehicles	929,076	1,003,704	114,139	53,351	1,043,215	1,057,055
Library materials	75,995	77,214			75,995	77,214
Total	\$42,165,455	43,282,033	42,452,674	42,987,939	84,618,129	86,269,972

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Debt Administration

At September 30, 2016 and 2015, the City had \$2,042,852 and \$2,635,290, respectively, in long-term debt outstanding. As of September 30, 2016, principal payments in the amount of \$395,338 were due within one year.

The following table summarizes debt outstanding as of September 30, 2016 and 2015.

	G	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	oe Activities	Total	
		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
General obligation bonds							
(backed by the City)	\$	838,000	1,092,000	-	-	838,000	1,092,000
Notes payable		-	-	837,416	1,118,910	837,416	1,118,910
Capital leases	_	367,436	424,380		_	367,436	424,380
Total	\$_	1,205,436	1,516,380	837,416	1,118,910	2,042,852	2,635,290

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's fiscal year 2017 budget is very similar to the one passed for fiscal year 2016. The only major change was using approximately one million dollars from fund balance (donated funds) to pave streets that were in dire need of attention. Our local economy is seeing some growth. The City has experienced small increases in building permits and sales tax revenues over what was received in 2016. The City has plans in the works for an Economic Development Coordinator and Public Relations position that will hopefully draw even more business to Long Beach.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Comptroller's Office at 201 Jeff Davis Avenue, Long Beach, Mississippi.

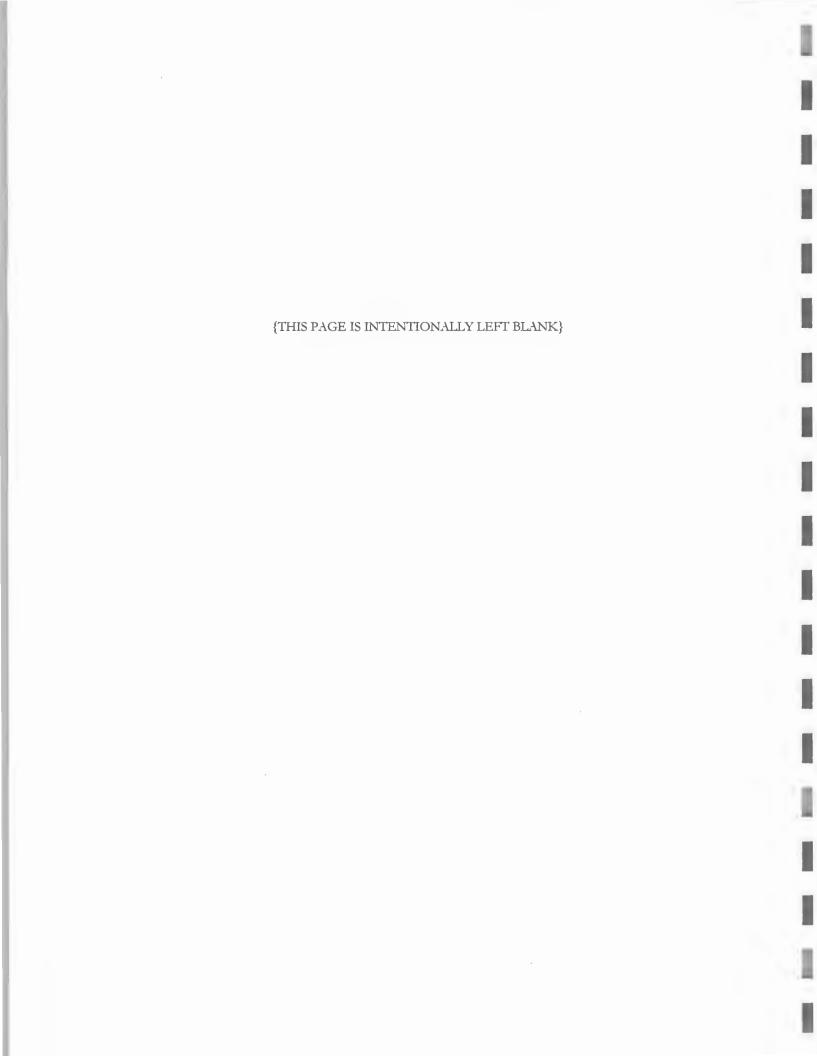
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The sets of statements include:

- ♦ Government-wide financial statements
 - Statement of Net Position
 - Statement of Activities
- Fund financial statements:
 - Governmental funds
 - Proprietary (enterprise) funds
 - Fiduciary funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2016

		vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,101,218	6,297,808	9,399,026
Receivables, net		1,006,853	1,126,101	2,132,954
Due from other governments		320,726	443,191	763,917
Prepaid expenses		165,326	-	165,326
Other assets		-	958	958
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,448,345	401,820	1,850,165
Noncurrent assets:				
Certificates of deposit - restricted		168,389	281,269	449,658
Capital assets:				
Land, improvements, and construction in progress		6,786,243	669,985	7,456,228
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		35,379,212	41,782,689	77,161,901
Total capital assets, net		42,165,455	42,452,674	84,618,129
Total assets		48,376,312	51,003,821	99,380,133
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		1,879,455	92,730	1,972,185
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,879,455	92,730	1,972,185
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		234,661	64,003	298,664
Due to other governments		-	1,799	1,799
Customer deposits		-	401,820	401,820
Unearned revenues		17,927	_	17,927
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year				
Bonds and notes payable		119,000	217,897	336,897
Capital lease payable		58,441	-	58,441
Compensated absences		53,742	3,933	57,675
Due in more than one year		,	,	,
Bonds and notes payable		719,000	619,519	1,338,519
Capital lease payable		308,995	-	308,995
Compensated absences		169,874	-	169,874
Net pension liability .		11,915,825	587,923	12,503,748
Total liabilities		13,597,465	1,896,894	15,494,359
DEFENDED INTO OWIG OF BECOMBOEC				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		31,664	1,562	33,226
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Total deferred inflows of resources		31,664	1,562	33,226
Total deferred limows of resources	-	51,004	1,502	33,220
NET POSITION				
Investment in capital assets (net of related debt)		40,960,019	41,615,258	82,575,277
Restricted for:				
Debt Service		467,167	-	467,167
Hurricane Katrina repairs		1,009,570	-	1,009,570
Unemployment compensation		36,935	-	36,935
Grants		2,749	-	2,749
Other purposes		121,884	281,269	403,153
Unrestricted net position		(5,971,686)	7,301,568	1,329,882
Total net position	\$	36,626,638	49,198,095	85,824,733

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended September 30, 2016

Net (expense) revenue and changes in Program revenue net position Business-Operating **Capital Grants** Charges for type Grants and and Governmental Expenses service activities Total Contributions Contributions activities Governmental activities: 223,900 (2,930,936)General government \$ 4,233,422 1,078,586 (2,930,936)(5,266,960)Public safety 5,338,551 63,722 7,869 (5,266,960)(794,490)Public works 798,328 3,838 (794,490)Culture and recreation 686,933 (686,933)(686,933)Debt service - interest 45,295 (45,295)(45, 295)Total governmental 231,769 (9,724,614)activities 11,102,529 1,078,586 67,560 (9,724,614)Business-type activities: 6,022,639 Water, sewer and gas fund 6,601,746 (579,107)(579,107)Port and Harbor 612,090 304,789 626,350 319,049 304,789 Total business-type activities 7,228,096 6,341,688 612,090 (274,318)(274,318)67,560 \$18,330,625 7,420,274 843,859 Total primary (9,724,614)(274,318)(9,998,932)General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes 5,188,142 5,188,142 Franchise taxes 583,951 583,951 Sales tax 1,379,480 1,379,480 Other taxes 402,979 402,979 Unrestricted investment earnings 24,273 24,298 Insurance proceeds 30,147 30,147 Gain (loss) on the sale of capital assets 4,500 1.170 5,670 Miscellaneous 53,615 210,961 264,576 Total general revenues 7,879,243 7,667,087 212,156 Change in net position before transfers (2,057,527)(62, 162)(2,119,689)Transfers in (out) (196,785)196,785 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (2,254,312)134,623 (2,119,689 Net position - beginning as previously reported 48,692,495 87,375,578 38,683,083 Prior period adjustments, Note 13 197,867 370,977 568,844 Net position - beginning as restated 38,880,950 49,063,472 87,944,422

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net position - ending

\$ 36,626,638

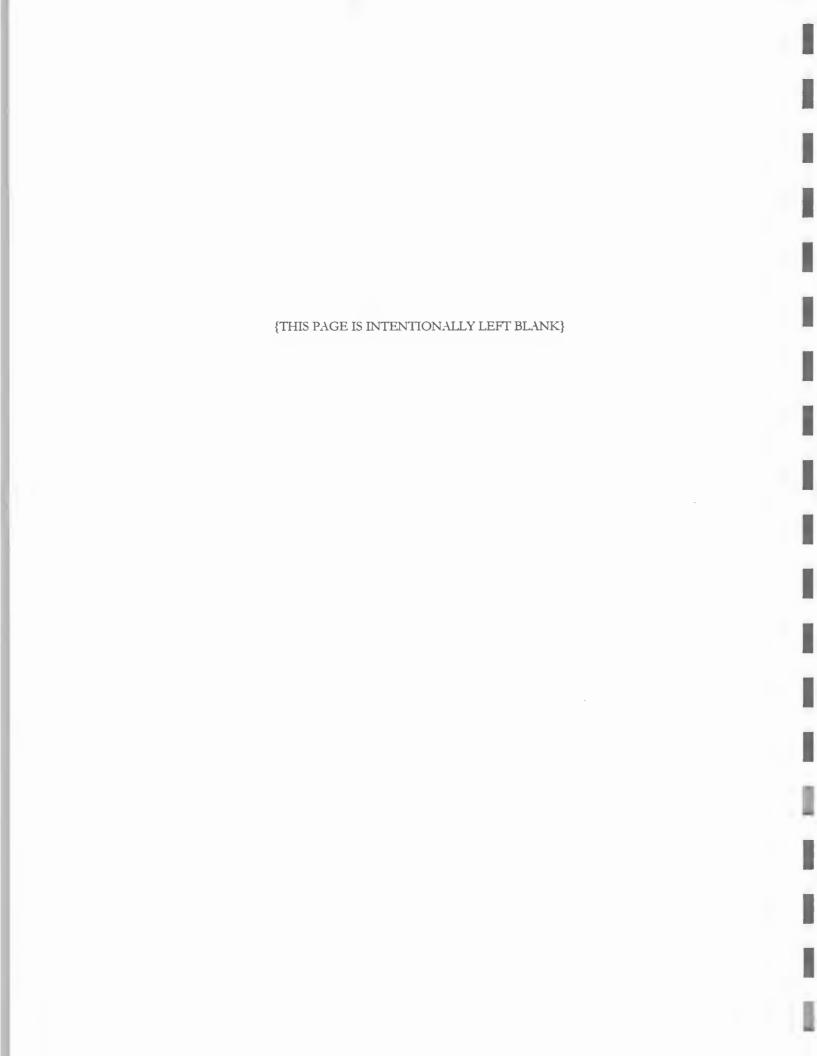
85,824,733

49,198,095

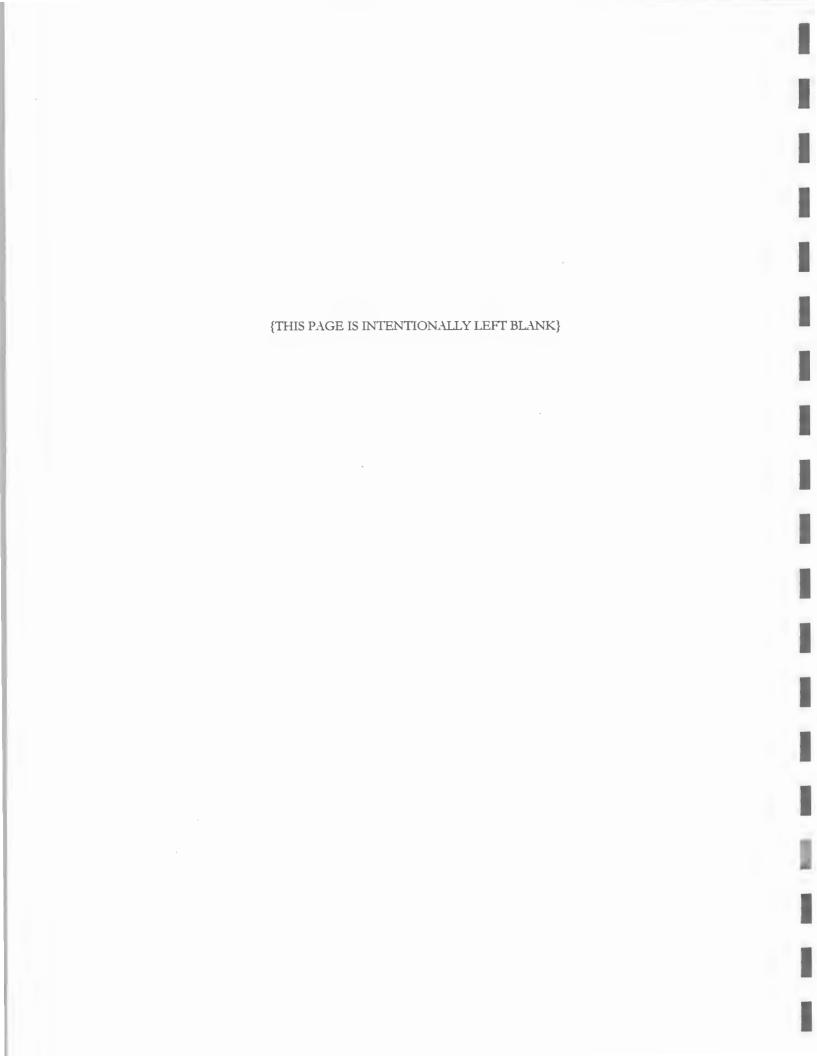
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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2016

	Ge	neral Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS		1014114114	2 01100	
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,637,838	463,380	3,101,218
Receivables, net	**	1,006,853	-	1,006,853
Due from other governments		316,939	3,787	320,726
Restricted assets:		,	-,	,
Cash and cash equivalents		1,448,345	~	1,448,345
Certificates of deposit		-	168,389	168,389
Total assets		5,409,975	635,556	6,045,531
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		192,976	-	192,976
Other accrued liabilities		18,759	-	18,759
Unearned revenue		37,057	-	37,057
Total liabilities		248,792		248,792
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Restricted for:				
Debt service		-	467,167	467,167
Hurricane Katrina repairs		1,009,570	-	1,009,570
Unemployment compensation		36,935	~	36,935
Other purposes		124,633	-	124,633
Committed for:				
Capital outlay		-	168,389	168,389
Assigned for:				
Hurricane recovery		299,984	-	299,984
Unemployment compensation		12,016	-	12,016
Unassigned		3,678,045	-	3,678,045
Total fund balances	_	5,161,183	635,556	5,796,739
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,409,975	635,556	6,045,531

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2016

Total governmental funds balance		\$ 5,796,739
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position than those reported in the fund financial statements because of the following		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Governmental capital assets less: accumulated depreciation	61,895,414 (19,729,959)	42,165,455
A portion of the City's receivables are collected after year-end; but they are not collected soon enough to be available as financial resources for the current year. The revenues related to these receivables are deferred and not reported in the governmental funds.		19,130
Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		165,326
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,879,455 (31,664)	1,847,791
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Accrued interest payable Bonds and notes payable Capital lease payable Compensated absences Net pension liability	(22,926) (838,000) (367,436) (223,616) (11,915,825)	(13,367,803)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net position of governmental activities

36,626,638

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Ge	neral Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$	4,930,733	257,409	5,188,142
Sales taxes		1,379,480	-	1,379,480
Franchise fees		583,951	-	583,951
Fees and fines		674,575	-	674,575
Intergovernmental		402,979	-	402,979
Charges for services		404,011	-	404,011
Investment earnings		23,063	1,210	24,273
Grants		299,329	-	299,329
Miscellaneous		53,615		53,615
Total revenues		8,751,736	258,619	9,010,355
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government		2,347,032	-	2,347,032
Public safety		5,338,551		5,338,551
Public works		798,328	-	798,328
Culture and recreation		686,933	-	686,933
Debt service:				,
Principal payments		-	310,944	310,944
Interest and fiscal charges		_	45,295	45,295
Capital outlay		267,715		267,715
Total expenditures		9,438,559	356,239	9,794,798
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures		(686,823)	(97,620)	(784,443)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		4,500	-	4,500
Insurance recoveries		30,147	-	30,147
Transfers in (out)		(240,551)	43,766_	(196,785)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(205,904)	43,766	(162,138)
Net changes in fund balances		(892,727)	(53,854)	(946,581)
Fund balance - beginning of year		5,933,257	689,410	6,622,667
Prior period adjustments, Note 13		120,653		120,653
Fund balance - end of year	\$	5,161,183	635,556	5,796,739

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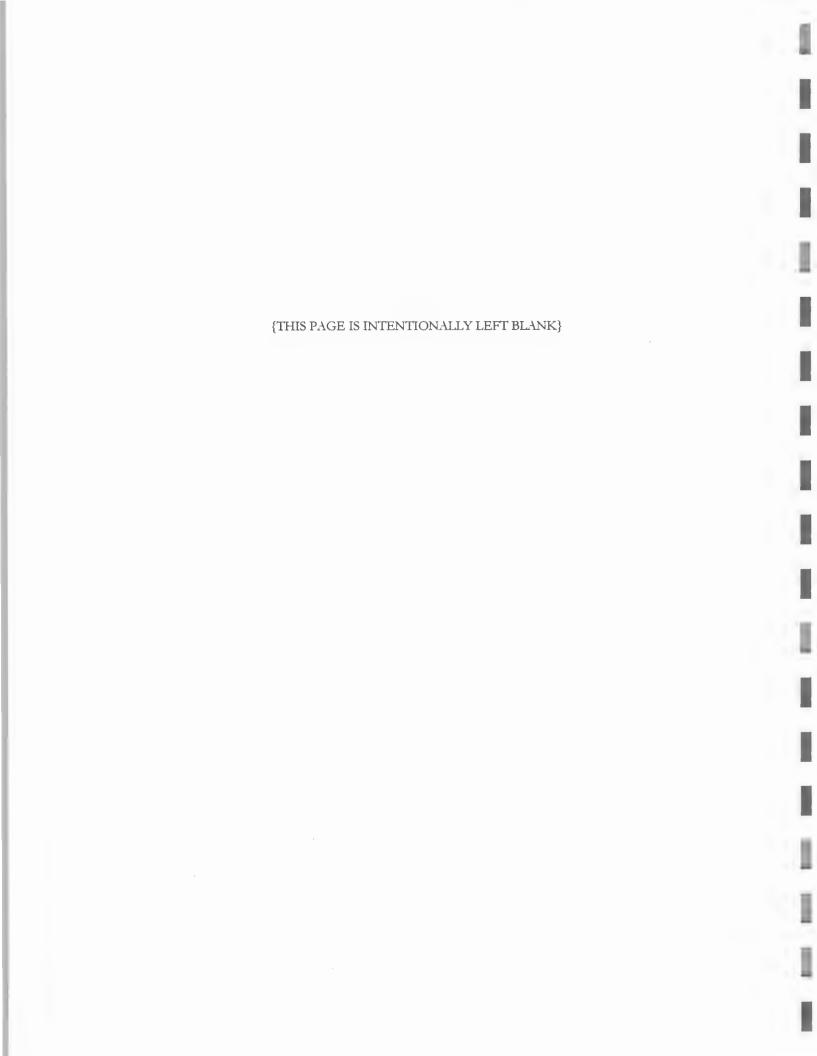
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RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (946,581)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities than those reported in the fund financial statements because of the follow		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period:		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	267,715 (1,384,293)	(1,116,578)
Receivables that do not meet the "measurable and available" criteria are not recognized as revenue in the current year in the governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities they are recognized as revenue when levied or earned.		5,611
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		310,944
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, the Statement of Activities reports pension expense and other activity related to pension liability:		
Pension contributions	(44,799)	
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions (pension expense from the pension schedule)	(715,422)	(760,221)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the funds:		
Accrued compensated absences	65,254	
Prepaid expenses Other expenses	165,326 21,933	 252,513
Changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ (2,254,312)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2016

	Enterprise Funds				
	Major	Major Funds			
	Water and Sewer Fund	Port and Harbor	Total Enterprise Funds		
ASSETS	rund	Fund	runds		
Current assets:	¢ 2 001 756	2 406 052	6 207 909		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,891,756	2,406,052 9,709	6,297,808		
Accounts receivable, net	1,116,392	,	1,126,101		
Due from other governments	417,801	25,390 958	443,191 958		
Other assets	401.920	936			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	401,820	2 442 100	401,820		
Total current assets	5,827,769	2,442,109	8,269,878		
Noncurrent assets:	201 260		201 2/0		
Certificates of deposit	281,269	-	281,269		
Capital assets:	127 125	520 540	((0.005		
Land and construction in progress	137,425	532,560	669,985		
Other capital assets, net of accumulated	22.040.245	0.742.240	14 700 (00		
depreciation	33,069,347	8,713,342	41,782,689		
Total noncurrent assets	33,488,041	9,245,902	42,733,943		
Total assets	39,315,810	11,688,011	51,003,821		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	28,812	63,918	92,730		
Total deferred outflows of resources	28,812	63,918	92,730		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
	. 50,095	13,908	64,003		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	670	1,129	1,799		
Due to other governments	401,820	1,129			
Customer deposits		-	401,820 217,897		
Bonds and notes payable	217,897	3,531	3,933		
Compensated absences Total current liabilities			689,452		
	670,884	18,568	009,432		
Noncurrent liabilities:	610.510		610 510		
Bonds and notes payable	619,519	405 240	619,519		
Net pension liability	182,674	405,249	587,923		
Total noncurrent liabilities:	802,193	405,249	1,207,442		
Total liabilities	1,473,077	423,817	1,896,894		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	485	1,077	1,562		
Total deferred inflows of resources	485	1,077	1,562		
NET POSITION					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	32,369,356	9,245,902	41,615,258		
Restricted for:	52,509,550	9,243,902	41,013,230		
	281,269		281,269		
Other purposes		2,081,133			
Unrestricted	5,220,435		7,301,568		
Total net position	\$ 37,871,060	11,327,035	49,198,09		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Enterprise Funds		
	Major	Major Funds		
	Water and Sewer	Port and Harbor	Total Enterprise	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 6,022,639	319,049	6,341,688	
Miscellaneous	190,859	20,102	210,961	
Total operating revenues	6,213,498	339,151	6,552,649	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel services	97,396	255,343	352,739	
Administrative expenses	300,000	32,802	332,802	
Contractual fees	1,654,626	37,483	1,692,109	
Wastewater treatment	1,012,851	-	1,012,851	
Wastewater debt	822,619	-	822,619	
Waste disposal	807,161	-	807,161	
Utilities	261,135	47,374	308,509	
Supplies	168,550	16,595	185,145	
Depreciation	1,374,842	210,948	1,585,790	
Other services and charges	64,425	25,805	90,230	
Total operating expenses	6,563,605	626,350	7,189,955	
Operating income (loss)	(350,107)	(287,199)	(637,306)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Gain (loss) of sale of assets	-	1,170	1,170	
Interest earnings	25	-	25	
Interest expense	(38,141)	- '	(38,141)	
Grants and contributions in aid	-	612,090	612,090	
Transfers in (out)		196,785	196,785	
Total nonoperating revenues	(38,116)	810,045	771,929	
Change in net position	(388,223)	522,846	134,623	
Total net position - beginning as previously stated	38,361,695	10,330,800	48,692,495	
Prior period adjustments, Note 13	(102,412)	473,389	370,977	
Total net position - beginning as restated	38,259,283	10,804,189	49,063,472	
Total net position - end of year	\$37,871,060	11,327,035	49,198,095	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

			Enterprise Funds	
		Major		
	Wat	er and Sewer	Port and Harbor	Total Enterprise
		Fund	Fund	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$	5,985,163	412,786	6,397,949
Payments for goods and services		(4,673,439)	(210,604)	(4,884,043)
Payments to employees for services		(86,787)	(209,412)	(296,199)
Other receipts (payments)		190,859	20,102	210,961
Net cash provided (used) by operating				
activities		1,415,796	12,872	1,428,668
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCIN	IG AC	TIVITIES		
Proceeds from grants and contributions in aid		(417,801)	1,306,647	888,846
Transfers to / from other funds			196,785	196,785
Net cash provided in noncapital financing				
activities		(417,801)	1,503,432	1,085,631
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	FINA	NCING ACT	IVITIES	
Purchase and construction of capital assets		(358,141)	(692,385)	(1,050,526)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	1,170	1,170
Principal paid on capital debt		(281,494)	_	(281,494)
Interest paid on capital debt		(38,141)	400	(38,141)
Net cash (used) in capital and related		,		,
financing activities		(677,776)	(691,215)	(1,368,991)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Restricted customer deposits		12,735	-	12,735
Interest received		25	_	25
Net cash provided by investing activities		12,760	- Salar	12,760
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash				
equivalents		332,979	825,089	1,158,068
Beginning of the year		3,960,597	1,580,963	5,541,560
End of the year	\$	4,293,576	2,406,052	6,699,628

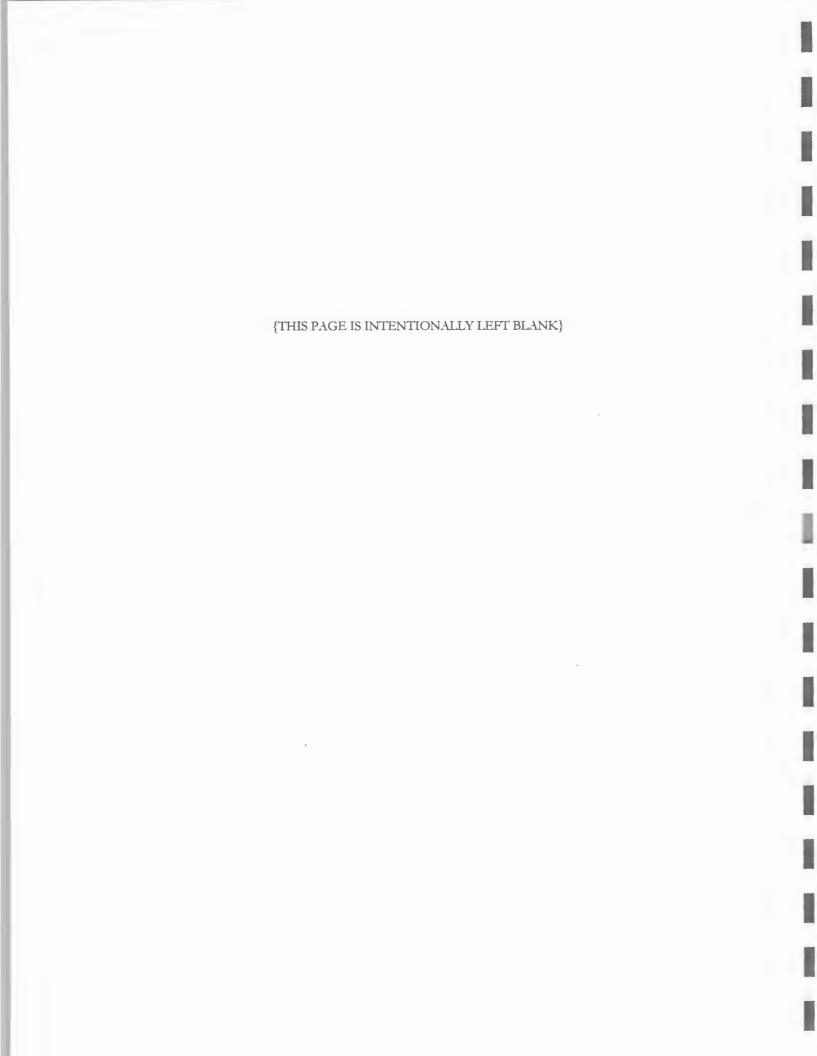
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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Enterprise Funds				
		Major	Funds		
	Wat	er and Sewer	Port and Harbor	Total Enterprise	
		Fund	Fund	Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided (used) by operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(350,107)	(287,199)	(637,306)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net					
cash					
Depreciation expense		1,374,842	210,948	1,585,790	
(Increase) decrease in current assets:					
Accounts receivable		(37,476)	93,737	56,261	
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		(80,465)	(50,545)	(131,010)	
Due to other governments		498,393	-	498,393	
Other liabilities		10,609	45,931	56,540	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,415,796	12,872	1,428,668	

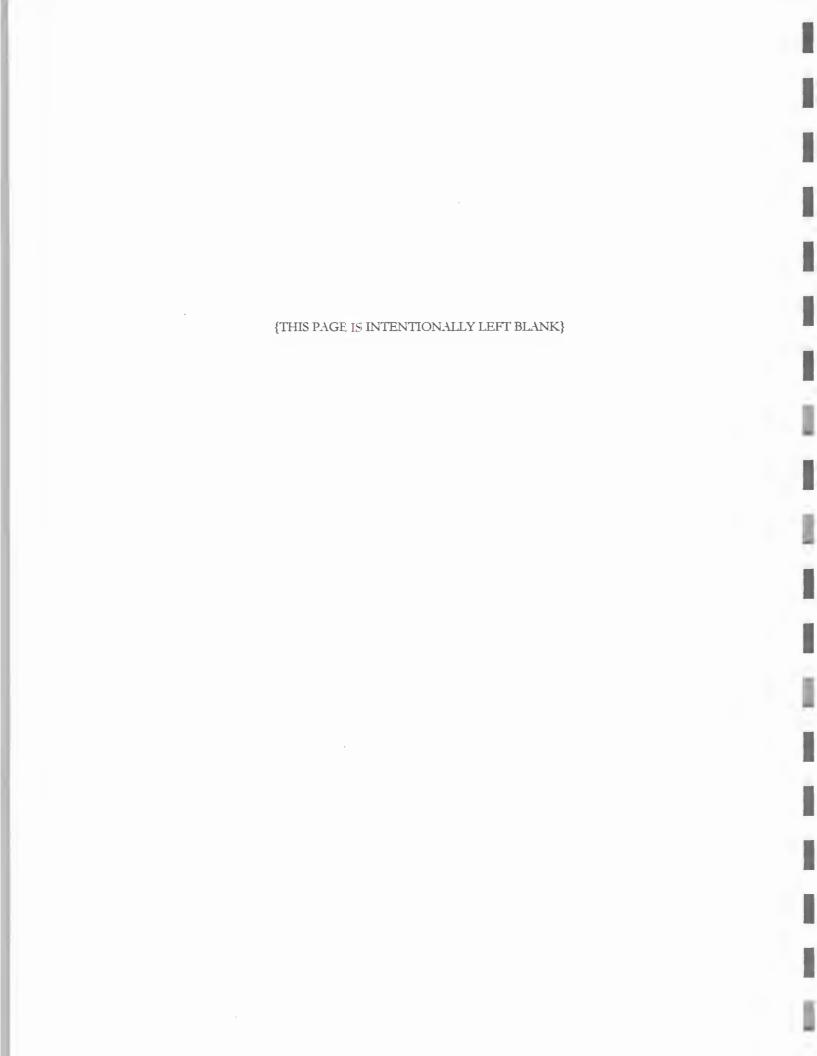
FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND September 30, 2016

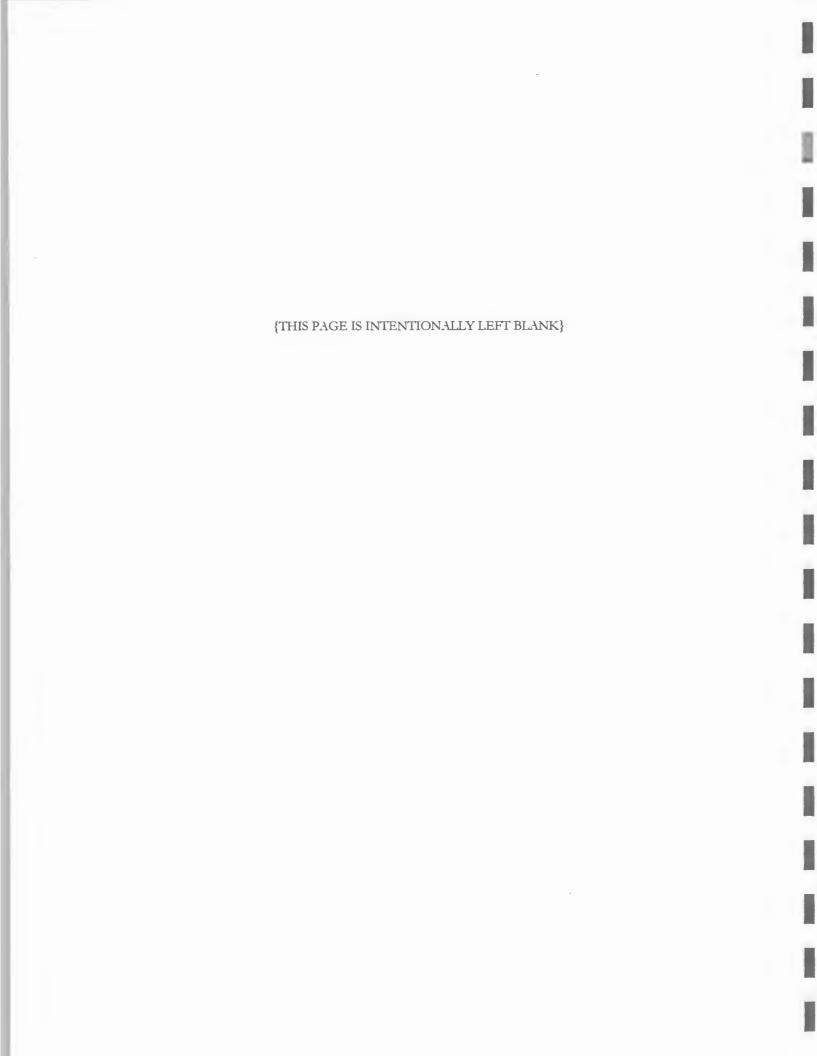
ASSETS	Tax Collector Clearing Fund
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,864
Property tax receivable	101,564
Total assets	103,428
LIABILITIES	
Due to other governments	103,428
Total liabilities	\$ 103,428

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on August 10, 1905. The City operates under a Mayor-Board form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, public health and welfare, culture, recreation and water and sewer system.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units, hereinafter referred to as GAAP (generally accepted accounting principles). The accepted standard-setting body of establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is GASB (the Governmental Accounting Standards Board).

The City does not have any component units as defined by GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to function in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows/inflows, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The City reports the difference between its governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as fund balance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds.

Fiduciary funds are those used to account for funds held by the City in trust for others that cannot be used to support the City's programs.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are a least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is a least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- 3. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

The City reports the following major funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources
except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Major Enterprise Funds

- Water and Sewer fund accounts for operations of the City's water, sewer, gas, and garbage system.
- Port and Harbor fund accounts for operations of the harbor operated by the City.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

- Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes, (other than debt service or capital projects) as follows:
 - Forestry Commission Grant Fund
 - Contribution Agreement Fund
- Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs, other than enterprise debt. Currently, there is one debt service fund, the Municipal Debt Service fund.
- Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds). There are currently no capital projects funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fiduciary Funds

♦ The Tax Collector Clearing fund is used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other governmental units.

The City complies with all state and local laws and regulations requiring the use of separate funds. The legally required funds used by the City include the following:

Fund:	Required By:
Gas, Water and Sewer Fund	Trust Indenture

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unearned revenues. Amounts received prior to the entitlement period are also recorded as unearned revenues.

The City reports unearned revenues on its governmental funds balance sheet. Unearned revenues arise from taxes levied in the current year which are for subsequent year's operations. For governmental fund financial statements, unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received before the City has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements (other than agency funds) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The enterprise funds follow all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balances Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agents. Additionally, each fund's equity in the City's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. All cash and cash equivalents are reported at their carrying amounts, which reasonably approximates fair value.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, short-term investments held in proprietary funds with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City, if any, are considered to be cash equivalents.

Receivables

All trade receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, where applicable. Unbilled charges are accrued as receivables and revenue at September 30, 2016.

Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

An allowance for uncollectible amounts relates to the estimated uncollectible balance of the revenues earned or accrued that have been included in accounts receivable at year end. An allowance is recorded on receivable balances based on historical bad debt experience related to the nature of each receivable balance.

Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/interfund payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for Governmental Fund Types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those capital assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The City reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital position utilized by enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the enterprise funds' statement of net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016 JUN 3 0 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other cost incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20-50 years
Water and sewer system	30-35 years
Machinery and equipment	3-15 years
Improvements	20 years
Other infrastructures	10-50 years
Vehicles	5 years

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits and sick leave are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. All compensated absences liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation leave at the end of the fiscal year. The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated absence liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only "when due". The non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used beyond the next fiscal year) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

The City's policy allows employees to accumulate unused sick leave on an unlimited basis; however, vacation leave must be used before the employee's next anniversary unless they have prior approval from their department head. Upon termination, any accumulated vacation will be paid to the employee. Any earned vacation hours in excess of 240 hours is certified and sent to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). Sick leave is not paid upon termination, however, any unused sick time is also certified and sent to PERS.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the these funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs

On the governmental-wide and proprietary fund type statement of activities, unamortized debt premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs are expenses as incurred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

At the governmental fund reporting level, debt fund reporting level, debt premiums and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses, separately from the face amount of the debt issued. Debt issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Mississippi Public Employees' Retirement System and additions to/deductions from the Systems' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The City has a deferred outflow which is presented as a deferred outflow of resources related to pension obligations.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The City has a deferred inflow which is presented as a deferred inflow of resources related to pension obligations.

Net Position/Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

In the Government-Wide financial statements, the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources, total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources represents net position. Net position displays three components:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, constructions or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt." Unrestricted net position represents the net position available for future operations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Generally, governmental fund balances represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Includes amounts that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are either not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties are restricted, committed or assigned) or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a principal balance of a permanent fund.
- Restricted Includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Committed Includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the Board of Aldermen as approved in the board minutes.
- Assigned Includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the City's Board of Aldermen or by an official or body to which the City's Board of Aldermen delegates the authority. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not classified as nonspendable and is neither restricted nor committed.
- Unassigned Is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

The City has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from federal, state or local requirements. The primary restricted revenue sources include:

Revenue Source:
Gasoline Excise & Commercial Vehicle Tax
Water, Sewer and Gas Revenue
Grant Program Expenditures

Ad Valorem Tax

Street and Road purposes
Debt Service and Utility Operations
Grant agreements
Debt Service

Legal Restrictions in Use:

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City complied, in all material respects, with these revenue restrictions.

Net position restricted through enabling legislation consists of \$36,935 for MS State Unemployment Revolving Fund (employee benefits); \$30,308 for State Seizure funds; \$38,967 for Drug Seizure funds; and \$52,609 for Fire Rebate by the State Insurance Commission.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

The City does not have a minimum fund balance policy.

Revenues

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied. Subsidies and grants to proprietary funds, which finance either capital or current operations, are reported as non-operating revenue based on GASB Statement No. 33. In applying GASB Statement No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and unearned revenue by the recipient.

Expenditures

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

Internal Activity

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues or expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund from which expenditures were initially made that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. Outstanding reimbursements are recorded as due to or from other funds. Net receivables or payables from other funds are reported as internal balances in the government-wide statement of net position.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

New GASB Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued several new pronouncements that the City has reviewed for application to their accounting and reporting.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, is effective for the periods beginning after June 15, 2015. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The City has implemented this reporting requirement for the year ended September 30, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB 68, and Amendments to certain Provisions of GASB 67 and 68, is effective for the periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. The City has implemented this reporting requirement for the year ended September 30, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, is effective for the periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and non-authoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The City has implemented this reporting requirement for the year ended September 30, 2016.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State law requires that all deposits in excess of FDIC insurance limits be 105% collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or by state municipal obligations that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions are held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5 Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the FDIC.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$11,697,811, and the respective bank balances totaled \$11,802,933.

The City's deposits were fully insured or collateralized as required by statute at September 30, 2016.

The City's policies regarding deposits of cash are discussed in Note 1 D. The City deposits funds in financial institutions selected by the Board of Aldermen in accordance with Mississippi statutes. The approved city depositories for the 2015-2016 calendar years is Hancock Bank.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Deposits at September 30, 2016, (including restricted deposits) are as follows:

Deposits	Ba	nk Balances	То	tal Carrying Value
Pooled deposits:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,342,804		10,238,583
Non-pooled deposits:				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
General fund		1,010,471		1,009,570
Petty cash				1,038
	\$	11,353,275		11,249,191
Reconciliation to government-wide statement of net assets:				
Restricted cash			\$	1,850,165
Unrestricted cash				9,399,026
			\$	11,249,191

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the City. Depositories must be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized in an amount equal to 105% of the uninsured deposit. The City's policies regarding legal requirements of deposits are discussed above.

At September 30, 2016, the City held the following certificates of deposit with maturity dates of longer than three months:

Certificates of Deposit	Total Carrying Value
Governmental activities:	
Hancock Bank, 0.15% interest, matures September, 2017	\$ 55,851
Hancock Bank, 0.15% interest, matures October, 2017	112,538
Total governmental activities	\$ 168,389
Business-type activities:	
Hancock Bank, 0.45% interest, matures February, 2018	\$ 281,269
Total business-type activities	\$ 281,269

A. Restricted Cash and Investments

The amounts reported as restricted assets are cash and accrued interest held by the trustee bank on behalf of the various public trusts (authorities) and amounts held in trust for customer utility meter deposits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

The restricted assets as of September 30, 2016, are as follows:

Restricted Assets	Cash Including Time Deposits
Governmental activities:	
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Drug seizures	\$ 30,308
Fire rebate	52,609
Hurricane Katrina repairs	1,009,570
Hurricane recovery	299,984
Grants	2,749
State seizures	38,967
Unemployment compensation	14,158
Certificates of deposit:	
Capital assets purchases	168,389
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,616,734
Business-type activities:	
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Customer deposits	\$ 401,820
Certificates of deposit:	
Condominium escrow	281,269
Total business-type activities	\$ 683,089

From January 2006 through September 30, 2016, Mittal Steel USA has donated a total of \$1,750,000 in financial support to assist the City in its efforts to restore and rebuild the City's public buildings and infrastructure damaged or destroyed by Hurricane Katrina. The funds are held in an escrow account and are disbursed as costs are incurred.

Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, since the City only invests in certificates of deposit with maturities of one year or less from qualified depositories, the City does not believe it is exposed to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk - Investments

Credit risk is generally the risk that issuers of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The City has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk. However, Mississippi State statute authorizes and limits investment of surplus funds to (1) direct obligations of the United States government, the payment of which the full faith and credit of the United States government is pledged, (2) certificates of deposit when insured or secured by acceptable collateral and (3) obligations of the State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of the State of Mississippi which have been approved by a reputable bond attorney or have been validated by the decree of the chancery court. The City invests its surplus funds in certificates of deposit and does not believe that it is exposed to credit risk.



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at September 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Functions/Programs	Accounts Receivable	Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	Net Accounts Receivable
Governmental activities:			
Franchise taxes	\$ 164,077	-	164,077
Police court fines	7,854,476	7,012,457	842,019
Other	 757	-	757
Total governmental activities	\$ 8,019,310	7,012,457	1,006,853
Business-type activities:			
Water, sewer and gas services	\$ 1,924,645	808,253	1,116,392
Port and harbor activities	 124,515	114,806	9,709
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,049,160	923,059	1,126,101

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, was as follows:

Capital Assets	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 6,414,122	-	-	6,414,122
Construction in progress	337,855	34,266		372,121
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,751,977	34,266	_	6,786,243
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	19,063,335	-	-	19,063,335
Improvements - other	570,189	-	-	570,189
Infrastructure	29,554,476	-	-	29,554,476
Equipment	2,600,995	151,371	(15,000)	2,737,360
Vehicles	2,998,870	62,726	-	3,061,590
Library materials	102,857	19,352	_	122,209
Total capital assets being depreciated	54,890,722	233,449	(15,000)	55,109,171
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,606,297	378,339	_	1,984,636
Improvements - other	140,291	13,811	-	154,102
Infrastructure	12,479,619	683,511	_	13,163,130
Equipment	2,113,650	150,707	(15,000)	2,249,357
Vehicles	1,995,166	137,354	-	2,132,520
Library materials	25,643	20,571	_	46,214
Total accumulated depreciation	18,360,666	1,384,293	(15,000)	19,729,959
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	36,530,056	(1,150,844)	- (10,000)	35,379,212
Total governmental activities	\$ 43,282,033	(1,116,578)	-	42,165,455
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 387,425	_	-	387,425
Construction in progress	4,244,150	692,385	(4,653,975)	282,560
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,631,575	692,385	(4,653,975)	669,98
Capital assets being depreciated:			(1)	
Buildings	21,784,909	_	_	21,784,909
Harbor Infrastructure and improvements	5,248,914	4,653,975	_	9,902,889
Water/Sewer Infrastructure and improvements	26,943,236	130,025	_	27,073,26
Equipment	414,659	142,279	(10,748)	546,190
Vehicles	156,806	85,837	-	242,643
Total capital assets being depreciated	54,548,524	5,012,116	(10,748)	59,549,892
Less accumulated depreciation for:		5,012,110	(203710)	
Buildings	79,259	9,290	_	88,549
Harbor Infrastructure and improvements - other	982,970	209,984	_	1,192,954
Water/sewer Infrastructure and improvements	14,728,351	1,302,792	_	16,031,143
Equipment	298,125	38,676	(10,748)	326,053
Vehicles	103,455	25,049	-	128,504
Total accumulated depreciation	16,192,160	1,585,791	(10,748)	17,767,203
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	38,356,364	3,426,325	-	41,782,689
	\$ 42,987,939	4,118,710		42,452,674

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

A summary of construction-in-progress transactions for the year ended September 30, 2016, follows:

Construction In-Progress		Expended through ptember 30, 2016		emaining mmitment
Governmental Activities:				
Commission Road - Safe Routes to School	\$	345,612		31,400
Pineville Road Study - Safe Routes to School		26,509		48,491
Pineville Road Study - Safe Routes to School		-		373,863
Total governmental activities	\$	372,121		453,754
Business-type Activities:				
Southeast Bulkhead Shore Protection	\$	2,755		1,987,005
Rip Rap, Channel Markers, Dredging		279,805		8,541
Total business-type activities	\$	282,560	_	1,995,546
Depreciation expense was charged to programs for the year ended	September 30, 201	6 as follows:		
			De	preciation
Functions/Programs			I	Expense
Governmental activities:				
General government			\$	1,384,293
Business-type activities:				
Water, sewer and gas fund			\$	1,374,842
Port and Harbor fund				210,948
Total business-type activities depreciation expense			\$	1,585,790

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The City's long-term liabilities are segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities. Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, is shown below:

Long-Term Liabilities		Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:						
General obligation debt	\$	1,092,000	-	254,000	838,000	119,000
Capital leases		424,380	-	56,944	367,436	58,441
Compensated absences		288,870	-	65,254	223,616	53,742
Net pension liability	_	10,331,967	1,583,858	-	11,915,825	-
Total governmental activities	\$	12,137,217	1,583,858	376,198	13,344,877	231,183
Business-type activities:						
Notes payable	\$	1,118,910	-	281,494	837,416	217,897
Compensated absences		3,933	-	-	3,933	3,933
Net pension liability		488,653	99,270	_	587,923	-
Total business-type activities	\$_	1,611,496	99,270	281,494	1,429,272	221,830

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. Bonds Payable

At September 30, 2016, the City's outstanding bonds payable are described as follows:

Bonds Payable	Date of Issue	Final Maturity Date	Rates	Original Issue	Se	Balance eptember 30, 2016
Governmental activities:						
General obligation bonds:						
Refunding Bonds 2010	7/30/2010	8/1/2022	3.5%	921,000	\$	508,000
Series 2013 Bonds	7/24/2013	7/24/2023	1.8%	459,000	_	330,000
Total governmental activities					\$	838,000

General obligation bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with certain amounts of principal maturing each year. The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	 General Obliga	ation Bonds
Year Ending September 30,	 Principal	Interest
Governmental activities:		
2017	\$ 123,000	23,720
2018	125,000	20,180
2019	129,000	16,570
2020	133,000	12,837
2021	137,000	8,981
2022-2026	 191,000	5,902
Total governmental activities	\$ 838,000	88,190

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation debt represents direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power of the City for the payment of its debt obligations

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The governmental activities bonds are generally repaid from ad valorem taxes through the debt service funds. The water and sewer general obligation bonds are repaid from resources generated by the water and sewer enterprise fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

B. Notes Payable

At September 30, 2016, the City's outstanding notes payable are described as follows:

Notes Payable	Date of Issue	Final Maturity Date	Rates	Original Issue	Balance September 30, 2016
e of Mississippi, Drinking Water					
ems Emergency Loan Fund	5/9/2012	2/10/2017	2.00%	\$. 203,880	18,989
e of Mississippi, State Revolving					
d Loan	4/1/1999	1/1/2019	4.50%	816,809	161,094
e of Mississippi, Drinking Water					
provement (Main) Revolving					
d Loan	10/24/1997	1/1/2021	4.50%	686,124	269,327
e of Mississippi, Drinking Water					
provement (Well) Revolving					
d Loan	9/1/2007	1/1/2021	4.50%	358,123	108,264
e of Mississippi, State Revolving					
d Loan	5/23/2001	3/1/2021	3.00%	524,694	169,669
e of Mississippi, Drinking Water					
nprovement (Main) Revolving					
and Loan	9/1/2007	3/1/2023	3.00%	229,295	110,073
Total business-type activities					\$ 837,416
	Notes Payable ness-type activities: ne of Mississippi, Drinking Water tems Emergency Loan Fund ne of Mississippi, State Revolving and Loan ne of Mississippi, Drinking Water provement (Main) Revolving and Loan ne of Mississippi, Drinking Water provement (Well) Revolving and Loan ne of Mississippi, State Revolving and Loan ne of Mississippi, State Revolving and Loan ne of Mississippi, Drinking Water provement (Main) Revolving and Loan Total business-type activities	Notes Payable ness-type activities: the of Mississippi, Drinking Water terms Emergency Loan Fund the of Mississippi, State Revolving and Loan the of Mississippi, Drinking Water torovement (Main) Revolving and Loan the of Mississippi, Drinking Water torovement (Well) Revolving and Loan the of Mississippi, State Revolving and Loan the of Mississippi, State Revolving and Loan the of Mississippi, Drinking Water torovement (Main) Revolving and Loan the of Mississippi, Drinking Water the of Mississippi, State Revolving the of Mississippi, Drinking Water the of Mississippi, D	Notes Payable Notes	Notes Payable Notes	Notes Payable Notes

Principal and interest maturities will be as follows:

	Note	es
Year Ending September 30,	 Principal	Interest
Business-type activities:		
2017	\$ 217,897	29,190
2018	207,256	20,543
2019	166,746	12,506
2020	148,395	6,546
2021	69,146	1,570
2022-2026	 27,976	649
Total business-type activities	\$ 837,416	71,004

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

C. Capital Leases

At September 30, 2016, the City's outstanding capital leases are described as follows:

Capital Leases	Date of Issue	Final Maturity Date	Rates	(Original Issue	Annual Installment	Balance September 30, 2016
Governmental activities:							
Capital lease payable to bank, secured by SCBA							
air packs	7/23/2015	7/23/2020	2.35%	\$	114,810	24,360	92,903
Capital lease payable to							
bank, secured by a fire							
truck	4/16/2013	5/1/2023	2.82%		376,785	43,766	274,533
Total governmental	l activities						\$ 367,436

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Capital Leases		
Year Ending September 30,	P	rincipal	Interest
Governmental activities:			
2017	\$	58,441	9,685
2018		59,989	8,136
2019		61,579	6,547
2020		63,211	4,915
2021		40,263	3,503
2022-2026		83,953	3,568
Total governmental activities	\$	367,436	36,354

As of September 30, 2016, the cost of the vehicles and equipment under capital leases for governmental activities was \$491,595 and accumulated depreciation for those assets was \$79,539. Annual amortization expense is included in depreciation expense.

D. Legal Debt Margin

Per Section 21-33-303 Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the City cannot issue bonds in an amount which, when added to the the then outstanding bonded indebtedness of the City shall exceed fifteen percent of the assessed value of taxable property according to the last competed assessment for taxation. In computing bonded indebtedness, there may be deducted all bonds issued for school, water, sewage systems, gas light and power purposes. However, in no case shall the total indebtedness exceed twenty percent of all assessed value of the property.

The City's legal debt limit for general obligation bonds is \$16,360,309. At September 30, 2016, the City's legal debt margin, after reduction for outstanding general obligation notes of \$838,000, was \$15,522,309.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2016 are as follows:

11011151	LIKO III.
ctivities	Business-type Activities
Other	

TDANICEEDS IN.

	OOT CITITICAL LICELY TEACH		Daoine Go ty		
TRANSFERS OUT:	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Water and Sewer Fund	Port and Harbor Fund	Total
Governmental activities:					
General fund	\$	43,766		196,785	240,551
Total	\$	43,766		196,785	240,551

Governmental Ac

Transfers are used to (a) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires collecting to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to (b) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

NOTE 7. MANAGEMENT FEES

The City's Water and Sewer Fund and Port and Harbor Fund (proprietary fund types) pay a management fee to the general fund to cover various costs such as administrative salaries, occupancy costs, etc. Such fees totaled \$332,802 for the year ended September 30, 2016. The fees were included in "charges for services" general government program revenue in the Statement of Activities and in the general fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds. The corresponding expenditure was included in "expenses" in the water and sewer (\$300,000) and port and harbor (\$32,802) funds in the Statement of Activities and "contractual services" expenditures in the water and sewer and port and harbor funds in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds.

NOTE 8. PROPERTY TAX

Property tax is levied on the assessed (appraised) value as compiled by the Harrison County Tax Assessor for all real and business personal property located in the City. The assessment roll is approved and the levy is set before September 30 following a series of public hearings to receive citizen objections. Resulting taxes are due on or before February 1. State law requires the municipality to exercise its taxing authority for the benefit of other governing authorities, which are not a part of the reporting entity. Accordingly, taxes for the Long Beach School District are also billed and collected by Harrison County and remitted to the City for disbursement to the School District.

Included in revenues are taxes for automobile tags, which are assessed and collected by Harrison County. Such taxes, less a collection fee, are remitted to the City monthly.

Property tax revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been recognized as revenue.

Increases in taxes are generally limited by State law to 10% of the taxes collected for the prior assessment year, excluding taxes from property added to the tax assessment rolls in the current year.

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 8. PROPERTY TAX (continued)

The City is required by law to assess and collect taxes necessary for operation of the Long Beach School District (LBSD) and for service of certain related debt. LBSD provides services to residents of inside and outside the geographic boundaries of the City and has a separate appointed and/or elected board. The School District is not included as a component unit of the City's financial reporting entity because the City does not have the ability to exercise control over school operations or approve budgets.

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City's 2016 tax rate was as follows:

Ad Valorem Tax Levy	MILLS
For the Municipality:	
General Fund	46.48
City Bonds and Interest	2.50
Total levy of taxes for municipal purposes	48.98
For the Long Beach Public School District:	
District maintenance funds	55.67
School building program	3.00
Total levy of taxes for school purposes	58.67
Total levy of ad valorem taxes for municipal and school district purposes	107.65

NOTE 9. PENSIONS

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City of Long Beach, Mississippi contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 9. PENSIONS (continued)

Benefits Provided

Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions

PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary and the City of Long Beach, Mississippi is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of September 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

The City of Long Beach, Mississippi's contribution to PERS for the year ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 was \$715,422, \$698,259, and \$709,220 respectively, which equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$12,503,748 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the City's proportion was 0.07 percent, which did not change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 9. PENSIONS (continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,532,184. At September 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Annual Changes		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experiences	\$	348,762	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan			
investments		847,068	-
Changes of assumptions		589,454	33,226
Changes is proportion and differences between the City contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions		5,896	-
The City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	181,005	-
Total	\$_	1,972,185	33,226

\$181,005 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30,	Pension Expense
2017	\$ 611,196
2018	460,426
2019	439,319
2020	247,013
2021	_
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 1,757,954

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75-19.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of pension plan investments expense,
	including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table with Scale BB to 2016, set forward one year for males.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 9. PENSIONS (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return
U.S. Broad	34.00 %	5.20
International equity	19.00	5.00
Emerging markets equity	8.00	5.45
Fixed income	20.00	0.25
Real assets	10.00	4.00
Private equity	8.00	6.15
Cash	1.00	(0.50)
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	16,032,608	12,503,748	9,575,938

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 9. PENSIONS (continued)

B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City, through PERS, offers its employees a voluntary deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

The assets of the plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The requirements of Internal Revenue Code Section 457(g) prescribes that the City does not own the amounts deferred by employees, including the related income on those amounts. Additionally, the City does not have fiduciary accountability for the plan. Accordingly, the assets and the liability for compensation deferred by plan participants, including earnings on plan assets, are not included in the City's financial statements.

C. Unemployment Insurance

In lieu of making payments to the Mississippi Department of Employment Security (MDES), the City makes deposits into a bank account designated for unemployment compensation of an amount equal to 2% of the first \$14,000 of covered employee wages paid in the preceding calendar year. The total funds designated were \$48,951 and exceeded the requirement of \$36,935. The amount of contingent liability, if any, the City could be obligated for cannot be determined.

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Contract Commitments

Construction Contracts

The City has entered into various construction contracts for infrastructure improvements with an estimated remaining commitment of \$49,198,095. The majority of these commitments are being funded by various state and federal grants. See Note 4 for more detailed information on these commitments.

Service Contracts

The City contracts with private contractors for various services. The following represents a significant service commitment as of September 30, 2016:

On January 17, 2007, the City entered into a service contract with Utility Partners, LLC dba UP Group, LLC, to provide professional utility management, operations, and maintenance services for the City's Public Works operations, consisting of the following departments: Utility Billing, Water & Sewer Operations, Street and Drainage, Vehicle Maintenance, and Parks & Recreation. The contract has been renewed several times with the latest renewal being on November 19, 2013. The new agreement extended the term for four years dating through November 30, 2017, with the following base fees remaining as of September 30, 2016:

Year Ending September 30,	Base Fee
2017	\$ 1,921,403
2018	-
2019	_
2020	_
2021	
Total	\$ 1,921,403

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Payment terms are 1/12th of the base fee due by the 15th of each month. Payments under the service contract totaled \$1,880,791 for the year ended September 30, 2016, and are included in water and sewer operating expenses, contractual services in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position proprietary funds.

B. Grants and Awards

The City participates in certain federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed by management to be material.

C. Lease Commitments

Operating Leases

The City is committed under various operating leases at September 30, 2016. Lease expenditures for operating leases for the year ended September 30, 2016 amounted to approximately \$14,694.

Non-cancelable operating leases at September 30, 2016 are as follows:

- In September 2013, the City entered into a lease agreement for a postal meter located in the mail room of City Hall. The lease agreement is for 60 months with payments of \$408 per month.
- In December 2013, the City entered into a lease agreement for a copier located at City Hall. The lease agreement is for 36 months with payments of \$249 per month.
- ♦ In December 2013, the City entered into a lease agreement for a copier at City Court office. The lease agreement is for 36 months with payments of \$244 per month.
- In December 2013, the City entered into a lease agreement for a copier at Water Billing Department. The lease agreement is for 36 months with payments of \$114 per month.
- In May 2014, the City entered into a lease agreement for a copier located at the Police Department. The lease agreement is for 48 months with payments of \$97 per month.
- In April 2016, the City entered into a lease agreement for a copier located at the Building Official office. The lease agreement is for 36 months with payments of \$225 per month.

The future noncancelable lease obligations of these leases at September 30, 2016 is as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	0	Lease bligation
2017	\$	10,581
2018		8,372
2019		1,575
2020		-
2021		_
Total	\$	20,528

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

D. Litigation

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. In the opinion of City management, after consultation with legal counsel, the potential loss on all claims and lawsuits will not materially affect the City's financial position.

E. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is covered for significant losses through commercial insurance carriers except for the following self-insurance funds as noted below, which are covered through self-insurance risk pools.

Self-Insurance - Workers Compensation Fund

The City is a member of the Mississippi Municipal Workers' Compensation Group, Inc. This non-profit corporation is a self-insurance worker's compensation fund organized under the non-profit laws of the State of Mississippi. The group is self-insured under statutory workers compensation protection up to \$1,000,000. Members are jointly and severally liable for the obligations of the group. The possibility of additional liability exists, but that amount, if any, cannot be determined.

Self-Insurance - Liability Fund

The City is a member of the Mississippi Municipal Liability Plan. The Plan is a private non-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Mississippi. The plan provides liability and tort claims insurance for its members according to limits established by the Mississippi Tort Claims Act. The plan is totally self-insured with claims and expenses paid out of the premiums and the members are jointly and severally liable for any claims and expenditures beyond the premium base. The possibility of additional liability exists, but that amount, if any cannot be determined.

NOTE 11. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

No known transactions requiring disclosure occurred between the City and its employees or elected officials.

NOTE 12. JOINT VENTURE

The City is a member of the Harrison County Utility Authority (Authority), which was established by an act of the Mississippi Legislature to provide for adequate wastewater treatment and solid waste disposal services to the citizens of Harrison County, Mississippi. The governing board is comprised of one member from each of the cities and county who are members of the Authority. Through a fifty-year contract, the City is obligated to pay monthly, its pro-rata share of all operating, administrative, and capital costs of the Authority. Additionally, the City is jointly and severally liable for all of the liabilities of the Authority. The Authority is classified as a joint venture between the City and the other members.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 12. JOINT VENTURE (continued)

ACCETC

The following is a synopsis of the Authority's financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, a complete copy of which is on file at the administrative offices of the Authority which are located at 10271 Express Drive, Gulfport, Mississippi 39503, or may be obtained by calling (228) 868-8752.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

ASSETS	
Current assets	\$ 12,048,823
Restricted investments	21,590,333
Capital assets, net	275,358,374
Deferred outflow of resources	25,870,209
Total assets	\$334,867,739
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	\$ 21,864,051
Noncurrent liabilities	123,574,105
Deferred inflow of resources	4,747
Total liabilities	145,442,903
NET POSITION	189,424,836
Total liabilities and net position	\$334,867,739

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Operating revenues	\$ 20,244,159
Operating expenses	(20,194,266)
Depreciation expense	(12,703,491)
Non-operating revenue (expenses)	4,738,637
Capital contributions	 10,027,453
Change in net position	\$ 2,112,492

NOTE 13. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

A prior period adjustment of \$568,844 was made to correct September 30, 2015 net position related to the understatement of fixed assets and grant revenues.

Net position, September 30, 2015 as originally presented	\$	87,375,578
To correct understatement of net position	_	568,844
Net position as restated, September 30, 2015	\$	87,944,422



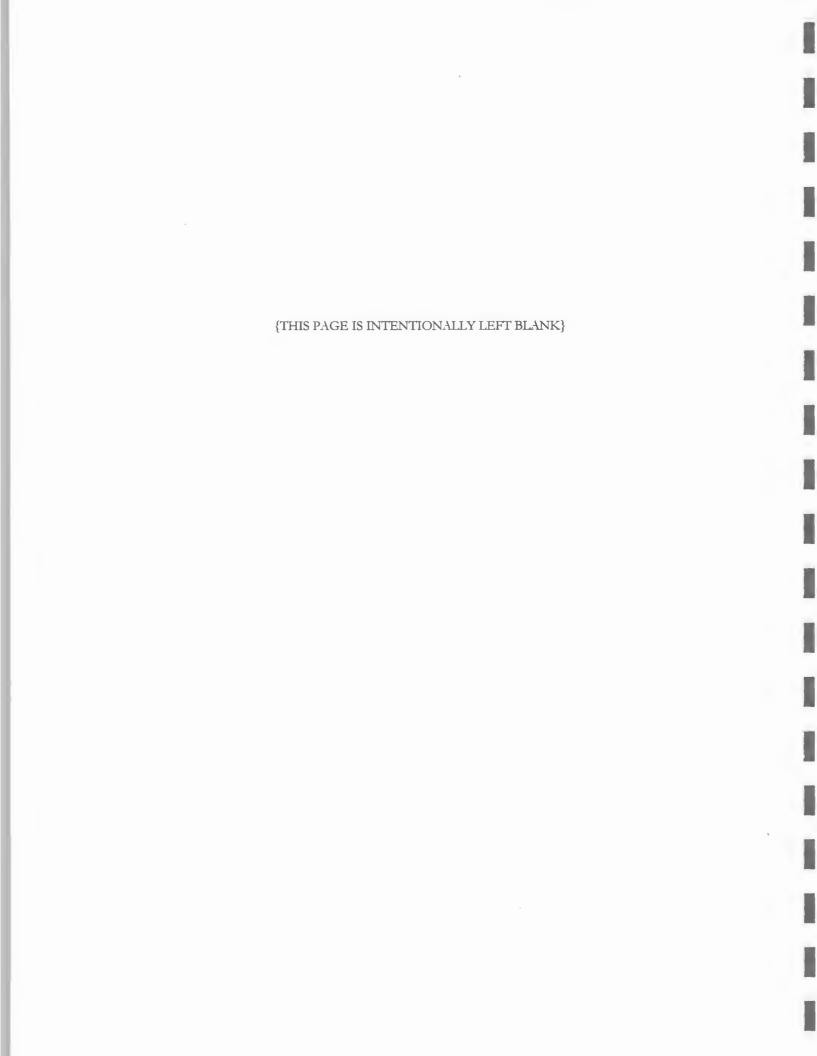
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the statement of net assets date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the statement of net assets date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed after the statement of net assets date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the City evaluated the activity of the City through June 13, 2017, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and the following item was noted:

• In November 2016, the City liquidated the Mittal Steel funds in its entirety in the amount of \$1,010,619. These funds are being used for a city-wide paving project which constitutes its restricted purpose. As of the date of this report, the City has not expended all funds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (Budgetary Basis) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

]	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Resources (inflows):					
Taxes	\$	6,776,793	6,776,793	5,515,095	(1,261,698)
Licenses and permits		784,000	784,000	689,598	(94,402)
Grants		204,565	248,128	299,329	51,201
Inter-governmental revenues		377,750	377,750	402,980	25,230
Charges for services		413,402	413,402	404,011	(9,391)
Fines and forfeitures		1,023,850	1,023,850	568,927	(454,923)
Interest		8,000	8,000	23,063	15,063
Miscellaneous		20,000	20,447	53,615	33,168
Amounts available for appropriations	\$_	9,608,360	9,652,370	7,956,618	(1,695,752)



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (Budgetary Basis) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Charges to appropriations (outflows):					
General Government					
Personnel services	\$	420,001	420,001	395,543	24,458
Supplies		9,645	9,645	4,183	5,462
Other charges		993,138	993,138	245,884	747,254
Capital outlay		-	_	34,266	(34,266)
General Administration					, ,
Personnel services		233,719	233,719	225,332	8,387
Supplies		22,475	50,475	47,743	2,732
Other charges		1,097,750	1,079,750	1,196,080	(116,330)
Capital outlay		-	9,566	233,448	(223,882)
Police					
Personnel services		2,868,414	2,868,414	2,597,260	271,154
Supplies		369,680	289,680	265,736	23,944
Other charges		233,700	233,700	198,723	34,977
Capital outlay		100,000	194,270	-	194,270
Fire					
Personnel services		2,143,754	2,143,754	2,059,305	84,449
Supplies		117,796	173,455	162,044	11,411
Other charges		103,430	79,000	55,483	23,517
Capital outlay		30,000	93,789	-	93,789
Planning and Zoning					
Personnel services		120,694	120,694	108,752	11,942
Supplies		7,100	7,100	2,896	4,204
Other charges		20,600	20,600	10,399	10,201
Public works					
Supplies		171,725	172,172	132,146	40,026
Other charge		670,103	670,103	666,183	3,920
Capital outlay		- "	23,652	-	23,652
Culture & Recreation					
Personnel services		527,401	527,401	493,487	33,914
Supplies		122,819	140,980	108,211	32,769
Other charges		88,071	88,071	85,236	2,835
Capital projects		15,000	-	-	-
Grants & Economic Development					
Other charges	_	_	324,726	110,219	214,507
Total charges to appropriations	_	10,487,015	10,967,855	9,438,559	1,529,296
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(10,487,015)	(10,967,855)	(1,481,941)	(9,485,914)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Other financing sources		-	4,653	34,647	(29,994)
Transfers (out)		(43,766)	(68,372)	(240,551)	172,179
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(43,766)	(63,719)	(205,904)	142,185
Net change in fund balance	\$_	(10,530,781)	(11,031,574)	(1,687,845)	(9,343,729)
Fund balance - beginning				6,053,910	
Fund balance - end of year				\$ 4,366,065	

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (Budgetary Basis) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Differences between budgetary and GAAP fund balance:

Fund Balance, end of year (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 4,366,065
Accruals for expenses incurred but not paid	1,006,853
Accruals for revenues recognized but not year received	(211,735)
Fund Balance, end of year (GAAP)	\$5,161,183

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY*

Public Employees Retirement System of Mississippi Last 10 Fiscal Years (Only 3 Years Shown)**

	2016	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.07 %	0.07 %	0.07 %
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 12,503,748 \$	10,820,620	8,496,718
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,542,363 \$	4,433,393	4,502,978
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	275.27 %	244.07 %	188.69 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.47 %	67.21 %	61.02 %

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented.

^{**}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS*
Public Employees Retirement System of Mississippi
Last 10 Fiscal Years (Only 3 Years Shown)**

	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 715,422	\$ 698,259	709,220
contribution	 (715,422)	 (698,259)	(709,220)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,542,363	\$ 4,433,393	4,502,978
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.75 %	15.75 %	15.75 %

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented.

^{**}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the City's budget is to be prepared. Generally, during September, a budget is prepared by the City's management and submitted to the Board of Aldermen for approval. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for all funds every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and unencumbered cash and investment balances. On a periodic basis, as required by changing conditions, the budgeted amounts are amended.

The City's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year-end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP, Cash Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP, Cash Basis) and variance between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund of the City. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP, Cash Basis) is a part of required supplemental information.

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations (Budget)

There were no expenditures in excess of appropriations (budget) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

NOTE 2. PENSION SCHEDULES

A. Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

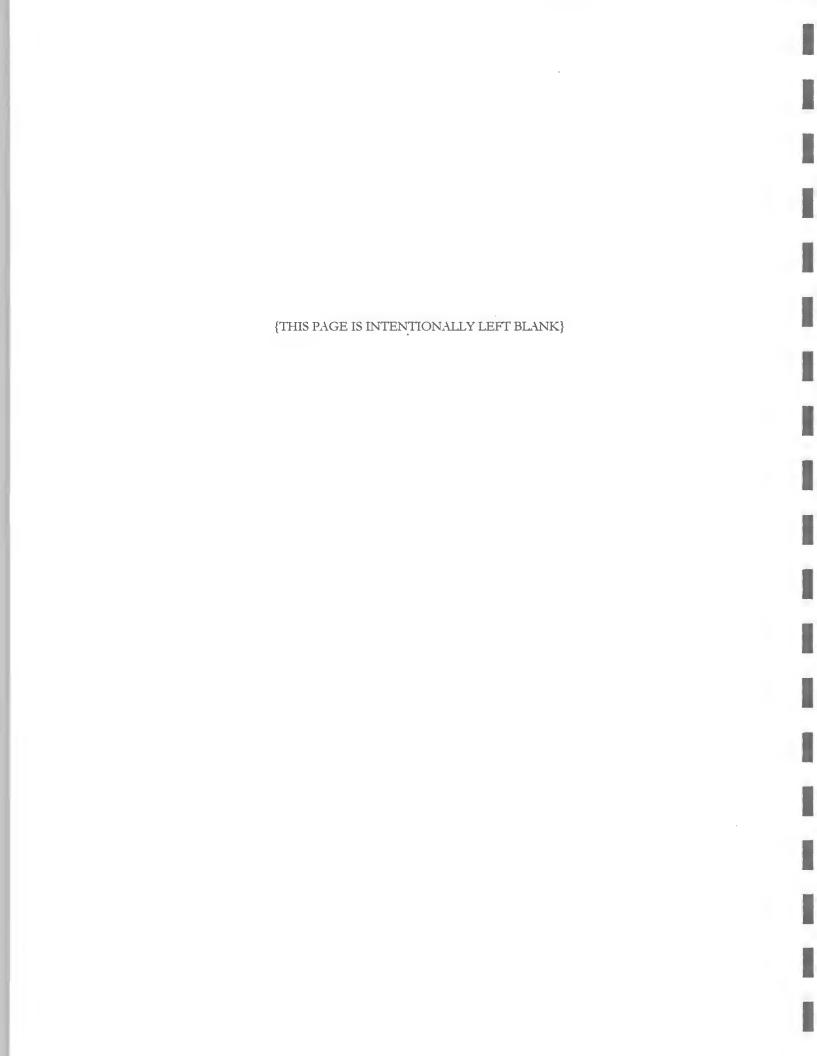
B. Changes of Assumptions

None.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

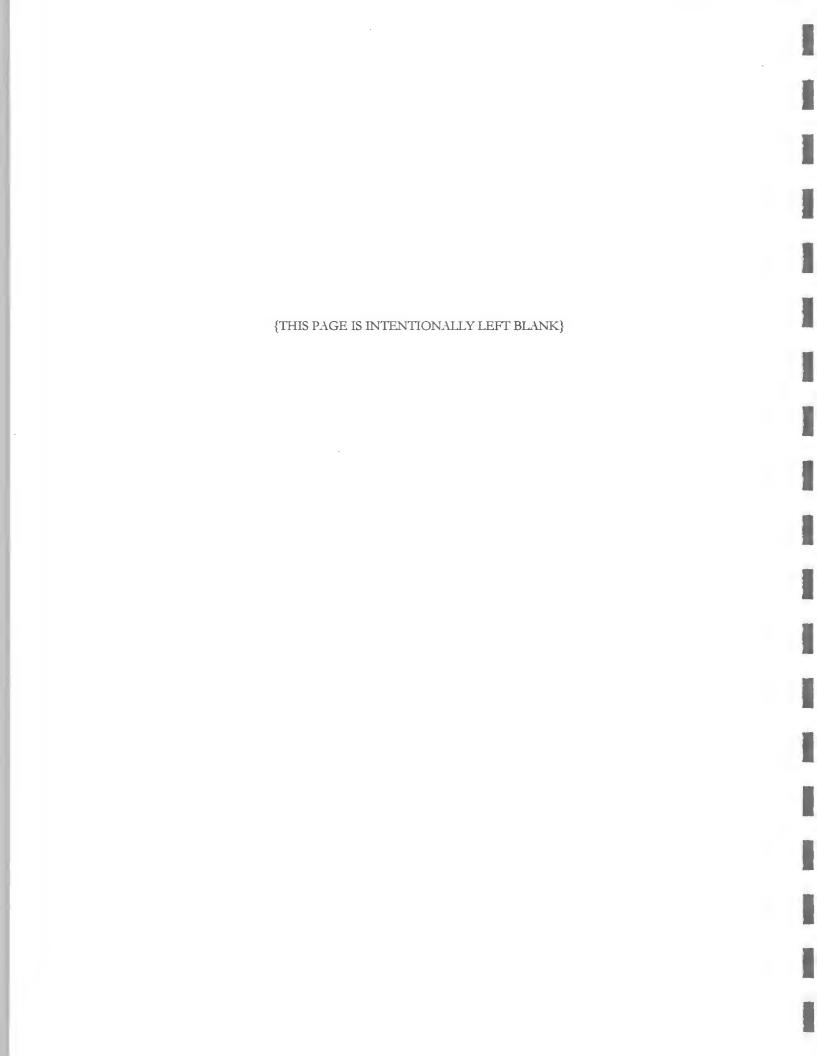
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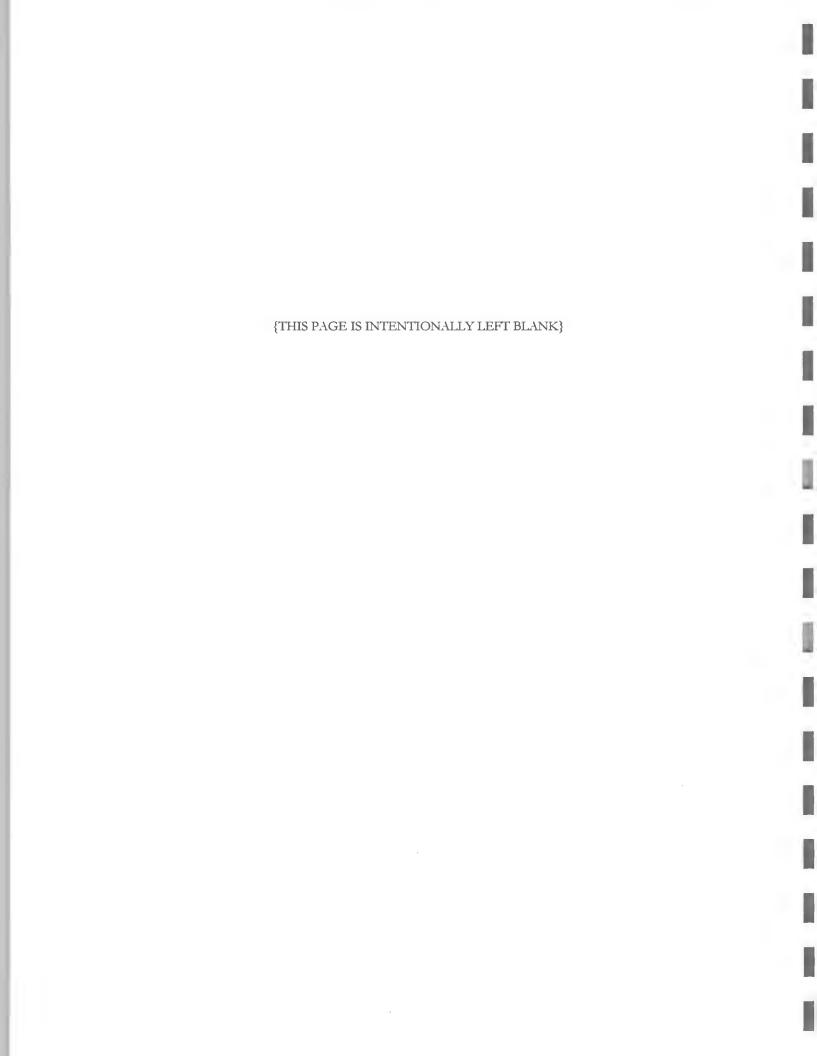
SCHEDULE OF SURETY BONDS FOR CITY OFFICIALS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Name	Position	Amount		Expires
William Skellie, Jr.	Mayor	\$	100,000	7/21/2017
Various/each	Aldermen		100,000	7/21/2017
Wayne McDowell	Chief of Police		50,000	7/1/2017
Rebecca E. Schruff	City Clerk		50,000	7/1/2017
Kini Gonsoulin	Comptroller		50,000	8/16/2017
Various/each	Police		25,000	7/1/2017
Various/each	Deputy Clerks	\$	50,000	8/16/2017



REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

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Kyriaki Jessica Martin, CPA Julia Whitley Johnson, CPA Jesse J. Wolfe, CPA (1927-2009) Grover B. McDuff, CPA (1923-2016) Jack A. Oppie, CPA (1960-2014)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Long Beach, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Long Beach, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Long Beach, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 13, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Long Beach, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Long Beach, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Long Beach, Mississippi's internal control.

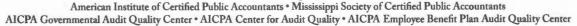
A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Long Beach, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests did not disclose instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Membership in:





Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pascagoula, Mississippi

Wolfe, McDuff & Opa

June 13, 2017



Kyriaki Jessica Martin, CPA Julia Whitley Johnson, CPA Jesse J. Wolfe, CPA (1927-2009) Grover B. McDuff, CPA (1923-2016) Jack A. Oppie, CPA (1960-2014)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH MISSISSIPPI STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Long Beach, Mississippi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Long Beach, Mississippi as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and have issued our report dated June 13, 2017. We have conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of those procedures and our audit of the basic financial statements disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations.

This report is intended for the information of the City's management and the Office of the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Wolfe, Mc Dolf & Oppa

Pascagoula, Mississippi June 13, 2017

