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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Calhoun County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Calhoun County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 6-14, 40-43, 44 and 45, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Calhoun County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2016, on our consideration of the Calhoun County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Calhoun County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

November 1, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Calhoun County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2016 decreased \$436,325, which represents a 4% decrease from fiscal year 2015. Total net position for 2015 decreased \$22,588,663, including a prior period adjustment of (\$23,195,274), which represents a 197% decrease from fiscal year 2014.
- General revenues amounted to \$17,476,937 and \$16,530,152, or 78% and 78% of all revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,835,564, or 22% of total revenues for 2016, and \$4,658,977, or 22% of total revenues for 2015.
- The District had \$22,748,826 and \$20,582,518 in expenses for fiscal years 2016 and 2015; only \$4,835,564 for 2016 and \$4,658,977 for 2015 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$17,476,937 for 2016 were not adequate to provide for these programs and \$16,530,152 for 2015 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$17,737,622 in revenues and \$17,647,091 in expenditures for 2016, and \$16,962,175 in revenues and \$17,175,510 in expenditures in 2015. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$95,376 from 2015 to 2016, and increased by \$155,962 from 2014 to 2015.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$67,389 for 2016 and decreased by \$103,257 for 2015. The increase for 2016 was due primarily to current year additions coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$515,027 for 2016 and decreased by \$504,618 for 2015. This
 decrease for 2016 was due primarily to payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for
 compensated absences decreased by \$5,027 for 2016 and decreased by \$9,618 for 2015.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial

statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$11,577,224 as of June 30, 2016.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

Danaantana

			Percentag	ge
	June 30, 2016	 June 30, 2015	Change	
Current assets	\$ 3,197,334	\$ 3,023,963	5.73	%
Restricted assets	748,304	676,676	10.59	%
Capital assets, net	 11,938,720	 11,871,331	0.57	%
Total assets	15,884,358	15,571,970	2.01	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 6,042,614	 2,178,341	177.40	%
Current liabilities	90,547	105,790	-14.41	%
Long-term debt outstanding	3,254,558	3,769,585	-13.66	%
Net pension liability	 29,370,253	 21,848,705	34.43	%
Total liabilities	32,715,358	25,724,080	27.18	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 788,838	 3,167,130	-75.09	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	10,890,720	10,483,331	3.89	%
Restricted	1,766,676	1,597,188	10.61	%
Unrestricted	(24,234,620)	(23,221,418)	-4.36	%
Total net position	\$ (11,577,224)	\$ (11,140,899)	-3.92	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (2	24,234,620)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from		
recognition of the net pension liability, including the deferred		
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions	2	24,116,477
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the		
net pension liability effect	\$	(118,143)

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$67,389.
- The principal retirement of \$510,000 of long-term debt.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$22,312,501 and \$21,189,129, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$22,748,826 for 2016 and \$20,582,518 for 2015.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2016		Year Ended June 30, 2015		Percentage Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	733,832	\$	681,926	7.61	%
Operating grants and contributions		4,101,732		3,977,051	3.14	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		3,327,253		3,137,470	6.05	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		13,631,181		13,046,209	4.48	%
Investment earnings		1,342		1,823	(26.39)	%
Sixteenth section sources		22,014		28,989	(24.06)	%
Other		495,147		315,661	56.86	%
Total revenues		22,312,501		21,189,129	5.30	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		11,478,814		10,754,116	6.74	%
Support services		6,451,413		6,615,986	(2.49)	%
Non-instructional		1,541,907		1,585,703	(2.76)	%
Sixteenth section sources		8,880		8,600	3.26	%
Pension expense		3,147,573		1,479,728	112.71	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		120,239		138,385	(13.11)	%
Total expenses		22,748,826		20,582,518	10.52	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(436,325)		606,611	(171.93)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(11,140,899)		11,447,764	(197.32)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		-		(23,195,274)	100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(11,140,899)		(11,747,510)	5.16	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(11,577,224)	\$	(11,140,899)	(3.92)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Expenses Percentage				
		2016		2015	Change
Instruction	\$	11,478,814	\$	10,754,116	6.74 %
Support services		6,451,413		6,615,986	(2.49) %
Non-instructional		1,541,907		1,585,703	(2.76) %
Sixteenth section		8,880		8,600	3.26 %
Pension Expense		3,147,573		1,479,728	112.71 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		120,239		138,385	(13.11) %
Total expenses	\$	22,748,826	\$	20,582,518	10.52 %
	-	Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		Net (Exper 2016	nse)	Revenue 2015	Percentage Change
Instruction	<u> </u>	-	nse) 		_
Instruction Support services	\$	2016		2015	Change
	\$	2016 (9,543,577)		2015 (8,924,388)	Change 6.94 %
Support services	\$	2016 (9,543,577) (5,187,602)		2015 (8,924,388) (5,361,107)	Change 6.94 % (3.24) %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2016 (9,543,577) (5,187,602) 94,609		2015 (8,924,388) (5,361,107) (11,333)	Change 6.94 % (3.24) % (934.81) %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$	2016 (9,543,577) (5,187,602) 94,609 (8,880)		2015 (8,924,388) (5,361,107) (11,333) (8,600)	Change 6.94 % (3.24) % (934.81) % 3.26 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$17,913,262 for 2016 and \$15,923,541 for 2015) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,327,253 for 2016 and \$3,137,470 for 2015) and state and federal revenues (\$13,631,181 for 2016 and \$13,046,209 for 2015). In addition, there was \$22,014 and \$28,989 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$1,342 for 2016 and \$1,823 for 2015.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,943,988, an increase of \$249,232, which includes an increase in inventory of \$4,501. \$2,070,141 or 52% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$1,873,847 or 48% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except

only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$95,376. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$33,932, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)			
Child Nutrition Fund	\$ 55,184			
Title I Fund	No increase or decrease			
IDEA Part B Fund	No increase or decrease			
Three Mill Debt Service Fund	\$ 64,740			

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2016, the District's total capital assets were \$23,230,093, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$516,295 from 2015. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016, was \$11,291,373, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$653,523, resulting in total net capital assets of \$11,938,720.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2016	 June 30, 2015	Percentage Change	_
Land	\$ 86,020	\$ 86,020	0.00 %	
Buildings	9,722,526	9,802,265	(0.81) %	
Improvements other than buildings	144,721	148,479	(2.53) %	
Mobile equipment	1,558,226	1,547,873	0.67 %	
Furniture and equipment	427,227	286,694	49.02 %	
Total	\$ 11,938,720	\$ 11,871,331	0.57 %	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2016, the District had \$3,254,558 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$535,000 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$5,027 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2016	Jı	une 30, 2015	Percenta Change	_
Limited obligation bonds payable	\$	1,048,000	\$	1,388,000	(24.50)	%
Three mill notes payable		2,030,000		2,200,000	(7.73)	%
Compensated absences payable		176,558		181,585	(2.77)	%
Total	\$	3,254,558	\$	3,769,585	(13.66)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Calhoun County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Calhoun County School District, 119 West Main Street, Pittsboro, MS 38951.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2016	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,464,962
Due from other governments	666,342
Inventories	47,756
Prepaid items	18,274
Restricted assets	748,304
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	22.22
Land	86,020
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	0.700.500
Buildings	9,722,526
Improvements other than buildings	144,721
Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment	1,558,226 427,227
Total Assets	
	15,884,358
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	6,042,614
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,042,614
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,650
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	88,897
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	355,000
Non-capital related liabilities	180,000
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	693,000
Non-capital related liabilities	2,026,558
Net pension liability	29,370,253
Total Liabilities	32,715,358
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	788,838
Total deferred inflows of resources	788,838
Net Position	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	10,890,720
Restricted for:	10,000,120
Expendable:	
School-based activities	749,572
Debt service	862,941
Forestry improvements	52,077
Unemployment benefits	102,086
Unrestricted	(24,234,620
Total Net Position	\$ (11,577,224
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Statement of Activities					Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating	Capital	Countramental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction \$ Support services	11,478,814 6,451,413	\$ 426,345	\$ 1,508,892 \$ 1,263,811	- -	\$ (9,543,577) (5,187,602)
Non-instructional	1,541,907	307,487	1,329,029	-	94,609
Sixteenth section	8,880	-	-	-	(8,880)
Pension expense	3,147,573	-	-	-	(3,147,573)
Interest on long-term liabilities	120,239	-	-	-	(120,239)
Total Governmental Activities \$	22,748,826	\$ 733,832	\$ 4,101,732	-	\$ (17,913,262)
		General Revenue	es:		
		General pur	pose levies		3,081,060
		Debt purpos Unrestricted	se levies grants and contribu	tions:	246,193
		State			13,053,227
		Federal			577,954
			investment earnings	5	1,342
		Sixteenth se	ction		22,014
		Other	neral Revenues		495,147 17,476,937
		Total Gel	leiai Neveriues		17,470,937
		Change in Net P	osition		(436,325)
		Net Position - B	eginning		(11,140,899)
		Net Position - E	nding		\$ (11,577,224)

			Governme	ental Funds				
Balance Sheet								Exhibit C
June 30, 2016				Asian Francis				
	_		r Child	Major Funds	IDEA	3 Mill	Other	Total
		General	Nutrition	Title I	Part B	Debt Service	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,801,795 \$	507,316 \$	- \$	- \$	564,657 \$	155,851 \$	3,029,619
Cash with fiscal agents		-	-	-	-	-	183,647	183,647
Due from other governments		235,544	-	106,005	59,536	6,787	258,470	666,342
Due from other funds		227,340	-	-	-	-	-	227,340
Inventories		-	47,756	-	-	-	-	47,756
Prepaid items		18,274	-	-	-	-	-	18,274
Total assets		2,282,953	555,072	106,005	59,536	571,444	597,968	4,172,978
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,591 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	59 \$	1,650
Due to other funds		-	-	106,005	59,536	-	61,799	227,340
Total Liabilities		1,591	-	106,005	59,536	-	61,858	228,990
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		-	47,756	-	-	-	-	47,756
Prepaid items		18,274	-	-	-	-	-	18,274
Restricted:								
Debt service		-	-	-	-	571,444	380,394	951,838
Grant activities		-	507,316	-	-	-	1,553	508,869
Forestry improvements		-	-	-	-	-	52,077	52,077
Unemployment benefits		-	-	-	-	-	102,086	102,086
Assigned:								
Activity funds		192,947	-	-	-	-	-	192,947
Unassigned	_	2,070,141	-	-	-	-		2,070,141
Total Fund Balances	_	2,281,362	555,072	-	-	571,444	536,110	3,943,988
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,282,953 \$	555,072 \$	106,005 \$	59,536	571,444 \$	597,968 \$	4,172,978

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of N June 30, 2016	let Position	Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	3,943,988
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Land	\$ 86,020	
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment	17,487,562 402,507 3,654,320 1,599,684	
Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability	(11,291,373)	11,938,720
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(, , , ,	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	6,042,614 (788,838)	(24,116,477)
3. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Limited obligation bonds	(1,048,000)	
Three mill notes payable Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(1,048,000) (2,030,000) (176,558) (88,897)	(3,343,455)
Net position of governmental activities	<u> </u>	(11,577,224)

CALHOUN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances **Exhibit D** For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 Major Funds Child **IDEA** 3 Mill Other Total Part B General Nutrition Title I Debt Service Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Revenues: 264,478 \$ 246,295 \$ 4,218,672 Local sources 3,706,919 \$ 100 \$ 19 \$ 861 \$ State sources 13,395,098 16,213 507,220 13,918,531 345,384 Federal sources 613,502 1,447,881 811,322 596,294 3,814,383 Sixteenth section sources 22,103 1,393 23,496 **Total Revenues** 17,737,622 1,728,572 811,422 596,313 246,295 854,858 21,975,082 **Expenditures:** Instruction 11,573,827 711,575 165,527 113,284 12,564,213 Support services 5,969,355 163,402 188,595 430,786 187,104 6,939,242 Noninstructional services 103,909 1,474,487 12,371 1,590,767 Sixteenth section 8,880 8,880 Debt service: Principal 93,555 416,445 510,000 Interest 88,000 41,899 129,899 Other 1,350 1,350 912,541 Total Expenditures 17,647,091 1,637,889 596,313 181,555 768,962 21,744,351 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 90,531 90,683 (101,119)64,740 85,896 230,731 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of transportation equipment 14,000 14,000 Operating transfers in 44,246 101.119 53,401 198,766 Operating transfers out (53,401)(40,000)(105, 365)(198,766)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 4,845 (40,000)101,119 (51,964)14,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 95,376 50,683 64,740 33,932 244,731 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015 2,185,986 499,888 506,704 502,178 3,694,756 Increase in reserve for inventory 4,501 4,501 2,281,362 \$ 555,072 \$ - \$ - \$ 571,444 \$ 536,110 \$ June 30, 2016 3,943,988

CALHOUN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 244,731
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 745,513 (653,523)	91,990
 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. 		(24,601)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal	510,000	504.040
Accrued interest payable	11,010	521,010
 The statement of activities reports pension expense and other activity related to net pension liability: 		
Pension expense Contributions made after the measurement date	(3,147,573) 1,868,590	(1,278,983)
Contributions made after the measurement date	1,000,090	(1,270,903)
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in investory recent	5,027	0.500
Change in inventory reserve	4,501	9,528
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (436,325)

Fiduciary Funds				
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E		
June 30, 2016				
		Agency Funds		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	911,273		
Total Assets	\$	911,273		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	837,468		
Due to student clubs		73,805		
Total Liabilities	\$	911,273		

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Calhoun County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources
 imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Child Nutrition Fund – This fund accounts for the federal and state revenue received and expenditures incurred related to the food service operation.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund accounts for the resources from the grants to states to assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities.

Three Mill Debt Service Fund – This is a debt service fund that accounts for the payment of three mill notes.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Permanent Funds - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2003,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

		pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
	•		_
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

^(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$6,042,614 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$788,838 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan.

See Note 10 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization by the policy adopted by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$3,029,619 and \$911,273, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$183,647.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 106,005
	IDEA Part B Fund	59,536
	Other governmental funds	 61,799
Total		\$ 227,340

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 53,401
Child nutrition fund	General Fund	40,000
Other governmental funds	General Fund	4,246
	Title I fund	 101,119
Total		\$ 198,766

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the general fund and into the other governmental funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

In addition, the restricted assets represents the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$183,647, of the MAEP limited obligation bonds debt service fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$564,657, of the three mill notes retirement fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

3 1 3 3 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 1 3 1 1	Balance	3				Balance
	7/1/2015	Increases	Decreases	1	Adjustments	6/30/2016
Governmental Activities:						_
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 86,020 \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	86,020
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 86,020	-	-		-	86,020
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	17,267,445	220,117	-		-	17,487,562
Improvements other than buildings	402,507	-	-		-	402,507
Mobile equipment	3,571,618	273,686	(190,984)		-	3,654,320
Furniture and equipment	1,386,208	251,710	(38,234)		-	1,599,684
Total depreciable capital assets	 22,627,778	745,513	(229,218)		-	23,144,073
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	7,465,180	299,856	-		-	7,765,036
Improvements other than buildings	254,028	4,940	-		(1,182)	257,786
Mobile equipment	2,023,745	227,562	(171,885)		16,672	2,096,094
Furniture and equipment	 1,099,514	121,165	(32,732)		(15,490)	1,172,457
Total accumulated depreciation	10,842,467	653,523	(204,617)		-	11,291,373
Total depreciable capital assets, net	11,785,311	91,990	(24,601)		-	11,852,700
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,871,331 \$	91,990 \$	(24,601)	\$	- \$	11,938,720

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	318,818	
Support services		314,465	
Non-instructional		20,240	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	653,523	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts due
	7/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2016	within one year
A. Limited obligation bonds payable	\$ 1,388,000 \$	- \$	(340,000) \$	1,048,000 \$	355,000
B. Three mill notes payable	2,200,000	-	(170,000)	2,030,000	180,000
C. Compensated absences payable	 181,585	-	(5,027)	176,558	
Total	\$ 3,769,585 \$	- \$	(515,027) \$	3,254,558 \$	535,000

A. Limited obligation bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	(Outstanding_
MAEP Refunding Bonds	3.44%	7/31/2008	5/1/2018	\$ 3,083,000	\$_	1,048,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
00110 00	i illioipai	intoroot	Total
2017	\$ 355,000 \$	29,946 \$	384,946
2018	 693,000	29,482	722,482
Total	\$ 1,048,000 \$	59,428 \$	1,107,428

This debt will be retired from the MAEP Bond Retirement Fund.

The state aid capital improvement bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Mississippi Accountability and Adequate Education Program Act, Sections 37-151-1 through 37-151-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The state aid capital improvement bonds are not included in the computation of the debt limit percentage.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity			Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Am	ount Issued	Outstanding
						_
Three mill note	4.00%	8/13/2008	8/1/2025	\$	3,100,000	\$ 2,030,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 180,000 \$	81,200 \$	261,200
2018	185,000	74,000	259,000
2019	195,000	66,600	261,600
2020	200,000	58,800	258,800
2021	210,000	50,800	260,800
2022-2026	 1,060,000	123,600	1,183,600
Total	\$ 2,030,000 \$	455,000 \$	2,485,000

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$1,868,590, \$1,837,508 and \$1,744,518, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school district reported a liability of \$29,370,253 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability was .19 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015. This was .01 percent increase from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2015 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,147,573. At June 30, 2016 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$	\$	
experience		682,349	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		-	788,838
Changes of assumptions		2,530,146	-
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions		961,529	-
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		1,868,590	-
Total	\$	6,042,614 \$	788,838
	-		

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

\$1,868,590 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 1,173,140
2018	1,144,669
2019	637,761
2020	429,616
Total	\$ 3,385,186

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent, a decrease of 0.25 percentage points since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share	_	 	
of the net pension liability	\$ 38,712,684	\$ 29,370,253	\$ 21,617,782

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 71 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 10 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(24,234,620) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$6,042,614 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(24,234,620) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$788,838 balance of the deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

Note 11 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Amount
\$ 13,041
11,691
6,438
5,438
5,063
25,315
 32,861
\$ 99,847
\$

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Calhoun County School District evaluated the activity of the district through November 1, 2016, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

July 1, 2015

June 30, 2016

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original (GAAP Basis) to Final Final to Actual Revenues: 296,674 \$ Local sources 3,709,201 \$ 4,005,875 \$ 3,706,919 \$ (298,956)13,293,608 13,436,916 143.308 State sources 13,395,098 (41,818)639,631 613,502 395,712 Federal sources 243,919 (26, 129)Sixteenth section sources 32,401 22,103 32,401 (10,298)Total Revenues 17,246,728 18,114,823 17,737,622 868,095 (377,201) **Expenditures:** Instruction 11,352,080 11,987,356 11,573,827 (635, 276)413,529 6,906,971 5,969,355 846,054 Support services 6,815,409 91,562 103,909 Noninstructional services 118,383 152,485 (34,102)48,576 Sixteenth section 2,000 (2,000)2,000 18,377,434 17,647,091 Total Expenditures 18,957,250 (579,816)1,310,159 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (1,130,706)(842, 427)90,531 288,279 932,958 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of transportation equipment 15,000 15,000 14,000 (1,000)Operating transfers in 315,230 244,792 44,246 (70,438)(200,546)Operating transfers out (383,796)(53,401)330,395 (357, 839)(25,957)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (27,609)(124,004)4,845 (96,395)128,849 Net Change in Fund Balances (1,158,315)(966, 431)95,376 191,884 1,061,807 Fund Balances:

1,707,952

549,637 \$

2,185,986

1,219,555 \$

2,185,986

2,281,362 \$

478,034

669,918 \$

1,061,807

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Child Nutrition Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

*		_			Variances Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Original	Final	
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	304,450 \$	304,450 \$	264,478 \$	- \$	(39,972)	
State sources		16,125	16,125	16,213	-	88	
Federal sources		1,342,000	1,342,000	1,447,881	-	105,881	
Total Revenues		1,662,575	1,662,575	1,728,572	-	65,997	
Expenditures:							
Support services		205,664	205,664	163,402	-	42,262	
Non instructional		1,823,375	1,823,375	1,474,487	-	348,888	
Total Expenditures	_	2,029,039	2,029,039	1,637,889	-	391,150	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		(366,464)	(366,464)	90,683	-	457,147	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out		(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(406,464)	(406,464)	50,683	-	457,147	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2015		510,543	499,888	499,888	(10,655)	-	
Increase in reserve for inventory		-	4,501	4,501	4,501		
June 30, 2016	\$	104,079 \$	97,925 \$	555,072 \$	(6,154)\$	457,147	

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources - \$ 100 \$ 100 Federal sources 745,857 211,035 956,892 811,322 (145,570)**Total Revenues** 745,857 956,892 811,422 211,035 (145,470)**Expenditures:** Instruction 542,215 823,807 711,575 (281,592)112,232 Support services 54,138 67,892 188,595 (13,754)(120,703)7,653 19,534 7,163 Noninstructional services 12,371 (11,881)Total Expenditures 604,006 911,233 912,541 (307, 227)(1,308)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 141,851 45,659 (101, 119)(96, 192)(146,778)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in 115,100 200,382 101,119 85,282 (99, 263)Operating transfers out (153,066)(195, 397)(42, 331)195,397 101,119 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (37,966)4,985 42,951 96,134 Net Change in Fund Balances 103,885 50,644 (53, 241)(50,644)Fund Balances: July 1, 2015 (50,644) June 30, 2016 103,885 \$ 50,644 \$ (53,241)\$ - \$

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

					Varian Positive (N		
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final	
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:	<u></u>					_	
Local sources	\$	- \$	-	\$ 19	\$ - \$	19	
Federal sources		710,858	635,262	596,294	(75,596)	(38,968)	
Total Revenues		710,858	635,262	596,313	(75,596)	(38,949)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		191,695	169,630	165,527	22,065	4,103	
Support services		431,172	465,632	430,786	(34,460)	34,846	
Total Expenditures		622,867	635,262	596,313	(12,395)	38,949	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		87,991	-	-	(87,991)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out		-	-	-	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-	-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		87,991	-	-	(87,991)	-	
Fund Balances: July 1, 2015						<u>-</u> _	
June 30, 2016	\$	87,991 \$	-	\$ -	\$ (87,991) \$		

CALHOUN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	\$ 29,370,253	\$ 21,848,705
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.19%	0.18%
District's covered-employee payroll	11,666,717	11,076,305
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	251.74%	197.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,868,590 \$	1,837,508
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,868,590	1,837,508
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u> </u>	
District's covered-employee payroll	11,864,063	11,666,717
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of benefit terms

None.

(2) Changes of assumptions

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016		
Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance	Federal
Program Title	No.	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program National school lunch program Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.553 10.555	\$ 382,443 1,065,437 1,447,880 1,447,880 1,447,880
U.S. Department of Defense Passed-through Grenada County, Mississippi Flood control projects Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.106	44,403 44,403
U.S. Department of Interior Direct program: Payment in lieu of taxes Total U.S. Department of Interior	15.226	28,217 28,217
Federal Communications Commission Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund Total Federal Communications Commission	32.xxx	485,500 485,500
 U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Rehabilitation Services: Rehabilitation services - vocational rehabilitation grants to states Total 	84.126	19,834 19,834
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies Migrant education Career and technical education - basic grants to states Rural education English language acquisition grants Improving teacher quality-State Grants Teacher incentive fund	84.010 84.011 84.048 84.358 84.365 84.367 84.374	811,422 1,168 33,044 55,449 29,947 129,199 113,371
Subtotal Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster Total for All Federal Awards	84.027 84.173	1,173,600 597,649 17,418 615,067 \$ 3,814,501

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.
- 3. The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.
- 4. Donated commodities of \$92,541 are included in the National School Lunch Program.
- 5. The district does not use a 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 16,337,235 5,407,116	12,352,637 1,653,808	912,392 225,071	1,071,827 42,271	2,000,379 3,485,966
Total	\$ 21,744,351	14,006,445	1,137,463	1,114,098	5,486,345
Total number of students *	 2,539				
Cost per student	\$ 8,565	5,517	448	439	2,161

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 3,706,919	\$ 3,518,522 \$	3,421,624 \$	3,309,176
Intermediate sources	-	-	25,715	9,050
State sources	13,395,098	13,163,538	12,220,499	12,005,026
Federal sources	613,502	250,933	217,842	230,767
Sixteenth section sources	 22,103	29,182	-	
Total Revenues	17,737,622	16,962,175	15,885,680	15,554,019
Expenditures:				
Instruction	11,573,827	11,009,180	10,356,619	9,948,404
Support services	5,969,355	6,069,388	6,396,705	5,904,931
Noninstructional services	 103,909	96,942	98,930	92,604
Total Expenditures	17,647,091	17,175,510	16,852,254	15,945,939
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 90,531	(213,335)	(966,574)	(391,920)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	-	430	-	-
Sale of land	-	-	8,352	-
Sale of transportation equipment	14,000	17,627	5,000	19,868
Operating transfers in	44,246	42,994	191,017	30,060
Other financing sources	-	-	35,704	25,937
Operating transfers out	(53,401)	(8,715)	(54,660)	(7,950)
Other financing uses	 -	-	(35,704)	(25,937)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,845	52,336	149,709	41,978
Net Change in Fund Balances	 95,376	(160,999)	(816,865)	(349,942)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	2,185,986	2,030,024	2,846,889	3,233,552
Prior period adjustments	-	-	-	(36,721)
Fund reclassification	-	316,961	-	-
Beginning of period, as restated	 2,185,986	2,346,985	2,846,889	3,196,831
End of Period	\$ 2,281,362	\$ 2,185,986 \$	2,030,024 \$	2,846,889

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,218,672 \$	4,054,256 \$	4,016,874 \$	3,906,945
Intermediate sources	-	-	25,715	9,050
State sources	13,918,531	13,690,696	12,737,996	12,511,267
Federal sources	3,814,383	3,332,562	3,556,537	3,504,420
Sixteenth section sources	23,496	31,185	51,082	15,247
Total Revenues	 21,975,082	21,108,699	20,388,204	19,946,929
Expenditures:				
Instruction	12,564,213	11,839,931	11,301,447	11,000,980
Support services	6,939,242	7,162,147	7,561,274	6,993,529
Noninstructional services	1,590,767	1,642,344	1,657,581	1,665,675
Sixteenth section	8,880	8,600	16,600	17,553
Debt service:				
Principal	510,000	495,000	480,000	498,886
Interest	129,899	148,023	165,603	183,913
Other	 1,350	1,250	1,250	1,000
Total Expenditures	 21,744,351	21,297,295	21,183,755	20,361,536
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 230,731	(188,596)	(795,551)	(414,607)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	=	430	-	=
Sale of land	=	=	8,352	-
Sale of transportation equipment	14,000	17,627	5,000	19,868
Operating transfers in	198,766	310,507	550,883	220,887
Other financing sources	=	=	35,704	25,937
Operating transfers out	(198,766)	(310,507)	(550,883)	(220,887)
Other financing uses	-	-	(35,704)	(25,937)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	14,000	18,057	13,352	19,868
Net Change in Fund Balances	 244,731	(170,539)	(782,199)	(394,739)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	3,694,756	3,858,174	4,633,032	5,036,221
Prior period adjustments	, , -	· · ·	· · ·	(2,016)
Beginning of period, as restated	 3,694,756	3,858,174	4,633,032	5,034,205
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 4,501	7,121	7,341	(6,434)
End of Period	\$ 3,943,988 \$	3,694,756 \$	3,858,174 \$	4,633,032

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Calhoun County School District Pittsboro, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Calhoun County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Calhoun County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Calhoun County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not

express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 1, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Calhoun County School District Pittsboro, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Calhoun County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Calhoun County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Calhoun County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Calhoun County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Calhoun County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Calhoun County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Calhoun County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Calhoun County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Calhoun County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 1, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITO	R'S REPORT ON COMP	LIANCE WITH STATE I	LAWS AND REGULATIONS

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Calhoun County School District Pittsboro, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise Calhoun County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2016. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance. The district reported no classroom supply funds carried over from previous years.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 1, 2016 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

9.

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Financial Statements:						
1.	Type o	f auditor's report issued:		Unmodified		
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:					
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	?	No		
	b.	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?				
3.	Noncor	No				
Fed	eral Awa	ards:				
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:				
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	?	No		
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None reported		
5.	Type o	Unmodified				
6.	Any au with 2 (No				
7.	Identific	cation of major programs:				
	CFDA Numbers Name of Federal Program or Clust		Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>er</u>		
	Child N	lutrition Cluster:				
	10.553		School breakfast program			
	10.555		National school lunch program			
	32.xxx		The school and libraries program of service fund.	the universal		
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$750,000			
_						

Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.