

The following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor, but was prepared by and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor by a private CPA firm. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

# ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

# ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Government-wide Financial Statements Exhibit A – Statement of Net Position Exhibit B – Statement of Activities	13 14 15
Governmental Funds Financial Statements Exhibit C – Balance Sheet	16
Exhibit C-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Exhibit D – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of	17 18
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	19
Exhibit E – Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Notes to the Financial Statements	20 21
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule – IDEA Part B Fund Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of the District Contributions Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	40 41 42 43 44 45
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds	46 47 48
OTHER INFORMATION	49
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund, Last Four Years Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All	50
Governmental Funds, Last Four Years	51
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	52
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	53
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniformed Guidance	55
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	57
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	59

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



521 Chuck Wagon Drive
Brandon, MS 39042
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Enterprise School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Enterprise School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Enterprise School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Enterprise School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 4-12 and 40-45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the West Tallahatchie School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2017, on our consideration of the Enterprise School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Enterprise School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi November 20, 2017 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Enterprise School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2016 increased \$132,076, including a prior period adjustment of \$136,523, which represents a 7% increase from fiscal year 2015. Total net position for 2015 decreased \$7,827,015, including a prior period adjustment of (\$8,840,060) due primarily to the recording of the net pension liability, which represents a 78% decrease from fiscal year 2014.
- General revenues amounted to \$7,770,688 and \$7,746,663, or 84% and 85% of all revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$1,530,674, or 16% of total revenues for 2016, and \$1,397,367, or 15% of total revenues for 2015.
- The District had \$9,305,809 and \$8,130,985 in expenses for fiscal years 2016 and 2015; only \$1,530,674 for 2016 and \$1,397,367 for 2015 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$7,770,688 for 2016 was not adequate to provide for these programs and \$7,746,663 for 2015 was adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$7,719,038 in revenues and \$6,930,258 in expenditures for 2016, and \$7,600,093 in revenues and \$6,522,597 in expenditures in 2015. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$525,504 from 2015 to 2016, including a prior period adjustment of \$12,841, and increased by \$2,621,318 from 2014 to 2015, including a fund reclassification of \$1,721,659 and a prior period adjustment of (\$968).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$805,564 for 2016 and increased by \$1,154,844 for 2015. The increase for 2016 was due primarily to construction in progress and the purchase of a bus.
- Long-term debt, including the liability for compensated absences, decreased by \$125,682 for 2016 and increased by \$2,310,960 for 2015. The decrease for 2016 was due to principal payments on long term debt. The increase for 2015 was due primarily to new debt that was used to finance the construction in progress. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$318 for 2016 and decreased by \$9,040 for 2015.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

#### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental

funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Additionally, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of District's Contributions are presented in this section.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by OMB Circular A-133 and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

### **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$1,960,413 as of June 30, 2016.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

Porcontago

		l 20 2046		luma 20 2045	Percentage	е
		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	Change	
Current assets	\$	6,863,993	\$	7,788,110	(11.87)	%
Restricted assets		2,296,170		2,167,435	5.94	%
Capital assets, net		8,111,611		7,306,047	11.03	%
Total assets		17,271,774		17,261,592	0.06	%
Deferred outflows of resources	_	2,144,474		1,153,211	85.96	%
Current liabilities		57,945		449,709	(87.12)	%
Long-term debt outstanding		5,936,225		6,061,907	(2.07)	%
Net pension liability		11,064,856		8,799,323	25.75	%
Total liabilities	_	17,059,026	_	15,310,939	11.42	%
Deferred inflows of resources		396,809		1,275,527	(68.89)	%
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		2,217,611		1,286,047	72.44	%
Restricted		2,905,427		3,948,203	(26.41)	%
Unrestricted		(3,162,625)		(3,405,913)	7.14	%
Total net position (deficit)	\$	1,960,413	\$	1,828,337	7.22	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the implementation of new standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (3,162,625)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension	
Liability	9,317,191
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ 6,154,566

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$805,564.
- The decrease of the principal balance of \$126,000 of long-term debt.

# Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$9,301,362 and \$9,144,030, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$9,305,809 for 2016 and \$8,130,985 for 2015.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2016		Year Ended June 30, 2015		Percentage Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	611,017	\$	633,504	(3.55)	%
Operating grants and contributions		919,657		763,863	20.40	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		2,617,306		2,738,997	(4.44)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		4,588,853		4,552,607	0.80	%
Investment earnings		40,070		71,045	(43.60)	%
Sixteenth section sources		412,891		352,729	17.06	%
Other		111,568		31,285	256.62	%
Total revenues	<u></u>	9,301,362		9,144,030	1.72	%
Expenses:	<u></u>			_		
Instruction		5,092,769		4,495,741	13.28	%
Support services		2,396,931		2,305,225	3.98	%
Non-instructional		466,041		441,667	5.52	%
Sixteenth section		41,638		37,065	12.34	%
Pension expense		1,129,130		708,037	59.47	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		179,300		143,250	25.17	%
Total expenses		9,305,809		8,130,985	14.45	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(4,447)		1,013,045	(100.44)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		1,828,337		9,655,352	(81.06)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		136,523		(8,840,060)	101.54	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		1,964,860		815,292	141.00	%
Net Position (deficit), June 30	\$	1,960,413	\$	1,828,337	7.22	%

#### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	-	Total	Percentage			
		2016		2015	Change	
Instruction	\$	5,092,769	\$	4,495,741	13.28	%
Support services		2,396,931		2,305,225	3.98	%
Non-instructional		466,041		441,667	5.52	%
Sixteenth section		41,638		37,065	12.34	%
Pension Expense		1,129,130		708,037	59.47	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		179,300		143,250	25.17	%
Total expenses	\$	9,305,809	\$	8,130,985	14.45	%
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage	е
		2016		2015	Change	
Instruction	\$	(3,807,983)	\$	(3,816,247)	0.22	%
Support services		(2,396,931)		(2,137,071)	(12.16)	%
Non-instructional		(284,289)		52,753	(638.91)	%
Sixteenth section		22,498		18,234	23.38	%
Pension Expense		(1,129,130)		(708,037)	(59.47)	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		(179,300)		(143,250)	(25.17)	%
Total net (expense) revenue						

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$7,775,135 for 2016 and \$6,733,618 for 2015) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$2,617,306 for 2016 and \$2,738,997 for 2015) and state and federal revenues (\$4,588,853 for 2016 and \$4,552,607 for 2015). In addition, there was \$412,891 and \$352,729 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$40,070 for 2016 and \$71,045 for 2015.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9,121,764, a decrease of \$421,397, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$135,690 and an increase in inventory of \$2,541. \$4,063,838, or 45% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$5,057,926, or 55% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$525,504, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$12,841. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$98,816, which includes an increase in inventory of \$2,541 and a prior period adjustment of \$122,849. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
IDEA Part B Fund	\$ No increase or decrease
Building fund 2015 Renovations Fund	\$ (1,115,015)
QZAB Fund	\$ 69,298

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2016, the District's total capital assets were \$11,106,833, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$1,088,868 from 2015. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016, was \$2,995,222, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$295,931, resulting in total net capital assets of \$8,111,611.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	Percentag Change	_
Land	\$	155,430	\$ 155,430	0.00	%
Construction in progress		-	1,223,244	(100.00)	%
Buildings		4,600,522	4,720,693	(2.55)	%
Building improvements		2,649,059	-	N/A	%
Improvements other than buildings		80,400	679,360	(88.17)	%
Mobile equipment		531,570	506,778	4.89	%
Furniture and equipment		94,630	 20,542	360.67	%
Total	\$	8,111,611	\$ 7,306,047	11.03	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2016, the District had \$5,936,225 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$130,111 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$126,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$318 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2016	 June 30, 2015	Percenta Change	_
Certificates of Participation payable	\$	2,194,000	\$ 2,320,000	(5.43)	%
Qualified zone academy bonds payable		1,700,000	1,700,000	0.00	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		2,000,000	2,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		42,225	 41,907	0.76	%
Total	\$	5,936,225	\$ 6,061,907	(2.07)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Enterprise School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Enterprise School District, 503 River Road, Enterprise, MS 39330.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT**

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Exhibit A

	(	Governmental
		Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,198,974
Investments		533,775
Due from other governments		115,952
Inventories		15,292
Restricted assets		2,296,170
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		
Land		155,430
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings		4,600,522
Building improvements		2,649,059
Improvements other than buildings		80,400
Mobile equipment		531,570
Furniture and equipment		94,630
Total Assets		17,271,774
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflow related to pensions		2,144,474
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	2,144,474
Liabilities		<u> </u>
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		37,436
Unearned revenue		963
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		19,546
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		-,-
Capital related liabilities		128,000
Non-capital related liabilities		2,111
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		,
Capital related liabilities		5,766,000
Non-capital related liabilities		40,114
Net pension liability		11,064,856
Total Liabilities		17,059,026
Deferred Inflows of Resources		000 000
Deferred inflow related to pensions  Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		396,809
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		396,809
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		2,217,611
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		126,297
Debt service		2,498,730
Forestry improvements		105,677
Unemployment benefits		69,826
Non-expendable:		
Sixteenth section		104,897
Unrestricted		(3,162,625)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$	1,960,413

# **ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT**

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Exhibit B

Net (Expense) Revenue and

			F	Program Reven	ues	5	Changes in Net Position
				Operating		Capital	
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 5,092,769	\$ 365,129	\$	919,657	\$	-	\$ (3,807,983)
Support services	2,396,931	-		-		-	(2,396,931)
Non-instructional	466,041	181,752		-		-	(284,289)
Sixteenth section	41,638	64,136		-		-	22,498
Pension expense	1,129,130	-		-		-	(1,129,130)
Interest on long-term liabilities	179,300	-		-		-	(179,300)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 9,305,809	\$ 611,017	\$	919,657	\$	-	\$ (7,775,135)

General Revenues:

Taxes:	
General purpose levies	2,472,255
Debt purpose levies	145,051
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	4,565,449
Federal	23,404
Unrestricted investment earnings	40,070
Sixteenth section sources	412,891
Other	111,568
Total General Revenues	7,770,688
Change in Net Position	(4,447)
Change in Net Position	 (4,447)
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported Prior Period Adjustments	1,828,337 136,523
•	,
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	1,964,860
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ 1,960,413

# ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet
June 30, 2016
Exhibit C

Jane 33, 2313		Major Funds					
-		major i ando	Bui	ilding Fund		Other	Total
	General	IDEA Part B		Renovations	QZAB	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,589,090	\$	\$	\$		\$ 714,781	\$ 6,303,871
Cash with fiscal agents					1,415	6,411	7,826
Investments	533,775				1,550,536	632,911	2,717,222
Due from other governments	79,886	24,539		-		11,288	115,713
Due from other funds	31,348					-	31,348
Inventories						15,292	15,292
Total assets	\$ 6,234,099	\$ 24,539		- \$	1,551,951	\$ 1,380,683	\$ 9,191,272
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 37,308	\$		\$		\$ 128	\$ 37,436
Due to other funds		24,539		-		6,570	31,109
Unavailable revenue - federal programs						963	963
Total Liabilities	37,308	24,539		-	-	7,661	69,508
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory						15,292	15,292
Permanent fund principal						104,897	104,897
Restricted:							
Debt service					1,551,951	966,325	2,518,276
Forestry improvement purposes						105,677	105,677
Grant activities						111,005	111,005
Unemployment benefits						69,826	69,826
Assigned:							
Transportation and Capital improvements	2,048,201					-	2,048,201
Activity Funds Unassigned	84,752 4,063,838					- - -	84,752 4,063,838
Total Fund Balances	6,196,791	-		-	1,551,951	1,373,022	9,121,764
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 6,234,099	\$ 24,539	\$	- \$	1,551,951	\$ 1,380,683	\$ 9,191,272

# ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement June 30, 2016		Exhibit C-1	
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	9,121,764
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Land	\$ 155,430		
Buildings	6,333,671		
Building improvements	2,840,159		
Improvements other than buildings	155,199		
Mobile equipment	1,366,729		
Furniture and equipment	255,645		
Accumulated depreciation	 (2,995,222)	•	8,111,611
<ol><li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li></ol>			
Net pension liability	(11,064,856)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	 2,144,474 (396,809)		(9,317,191)
<ol> <li>Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>			
Other bonds payable	(3,700,000)		
Certificates of participation	(2,194,000)		
Compensated absences	(42,225)		
Accrued interest payable	 (19,546)		(5,955,771)
Net Position of governmental activities		\$	1,960,413

# ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit D

		Major F	unds					
			Building Fu	nd		Other		Total
	General	IDEA Part B	2015 Renovat	ions	QZAB	Governmental	(	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$ 2,854,520	\$	\$	\$	69,298	\$ 390,464	\$	3,314,282
State sources	4,442,179					288,632		4,730,811
Federal sources	23,930	224,395				529,375		777,700
Sixteenth section sources	 398,409					78,618		477,027
Total Revenues	 7,719,038	224,395		-	69,298	1,287,089		9,299,820
Expenditures:								
Instruction	4,933,666	125,941				474,509		5,534,116
Support services	1,994,520	98,454	194,53	3		178,776		2,466,283
Noninstructional services						495,853		495,853
Sixteenth section	2,072					39,566		41,638
Facilities acquisition and construction			996,07	3		-		996,073
Debt service:								
Principal						126,000		126,000
Interest						191,226		191,226
Other					1,105	4,748		5,853
Total Expenditures	 6,930,258	224,395	1,190,60	6	1,105	1,510,678		9,857,042
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	 788,780	-	(1,190,60	6)	68,193	(223,589)		(557,222)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Payments held by escrow agent						130,947		130,947
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent						(130,947)		(130,947)
Sale of other property						1,661		1,661
Operating transfers in	98,639		75,59	1	1,105	293,993		469,328
Operating transfers out	(370,689)					(98,639)		(469,328)
Other financing uses	(4,067)					-		(4,067)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (276,117)	-	75,59	1	1,105	197,015		(2,406)
Net Change in Fund Balances	512,663	-	(1,115,01	5)	69,298	(26,574)		(559,628)
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2015, as previously reported	5,671,287		1,115,01	5	1,482,653	1,274,206		9,543,161
Prior period adjustments	12,841					122,849		135,690
July 1, 2015, as restated	 5,684,128	-	1,115,01	5	1,482,653	1,397,055		9,678,851
Increase (Decrease) in inventory						2,541		2,541
June 30, 2016	\$ 6,196,791	\$ -	\$	- \$	1,551,951	\$ 1,373,022	\$	9,121,764

# ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 Exhibit D-1

3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 117,779 143,779  4. Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:  Recording of pension expense for the current period (1,129,130)	Net chan	ge in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(559,628)
statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:  Capital outlay Depreciation expense  Capital outlay Depreciation expense  In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.  The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable  126,000 Accrued interest payable  17,779  143,779  4. Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:  Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date  Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences Change in inventory  2,541		•			
Depreciation expense (295,931) 804,850  2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.  3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  Payments of debt principal  Accrued interest payable  126,000  Accrued interest payable  17,779  143,779  4. Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:  Recording of pension expense for the current period  Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date  733,578  (395,552)  5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences  Change in inventory  2,541	1.	statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these			
reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.  (119)  3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  Payments of debt principal  Accrued interest payable  126,000  Accrued interest payable  17,779  143,779  4. Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:  Recording of pension expense for the current period  Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date  733,578  (395,552)  5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences  Change in inventory  2,541		·	\$		804,850
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:  Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 117,779 143,779  4. Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:  Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 733,578 (395,552)  5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences Change in inventory 2,541	2.	reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from			(119)
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 117,779 143,779  4. Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:  Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 733,578  5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences Change in inventory (318) Change in inventory	3.	governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the			
4. Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:  Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date  733,578  Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences Change in inventory  (318) Change in inventory		Payments of debt principal			440 770
of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:  Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date  733,578  Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences Change in inventory  (318) Change in inventory					143,779
Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 733,578 (395,552)  5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences (318) Change in inventory 2,541	4.	of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities			
Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date 733,578 (395,552)  5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences (318) Change in inventory 2,541		Recording of pension expense for the current period	(1,129,130)		
use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences Change in inventory  (318)			 ,	ī	(395,552)
Change in inventory 2,541	5.	use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as			
			, ,		
			 •	-	2,223
Change in Net Position of governmental activities \$ (4,447)	Change i	n Net Position of governmental activities		\$	(4,447)

# ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2016	Exhibit E
	Agency
	 Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,060
Cash with fiscal agents	 358,184
Total Assets	\$ 410,244
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 381,774
Due to other funds	239
Due to student clubs	28,231
Total Liabilities	\$ 410,244

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member was elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Enterprise School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund is used to account for federal special education revenues and expenditures within the district.

Building Fund 2015 Renovations Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds from Certificates of Participation that are received and the expenditures associated with the construction in progress.

QZAB Fund - This a debt service sinking fund that is used to account for the annual deposits to be paid to the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2003,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

# E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

#### 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### Due from Other Governments.

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

#### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are

recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

		pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Lond	¢	0	0
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

See Note 5 for details.

# 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred a deferred outflow which is presented as a deferred outflow related to pensions. See Note 16 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred a deferred inflow which is presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions. See Note 16 for further details.

# 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

# 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

# 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the business manager and Superintendent pursuant to authorization established by school board policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### F. New Pronouncements

In June 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions also are addressed. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to

invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$6,303,871 and \$52,060, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2015, none of the district's bank balance of \$6,529,334 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

# Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of the school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions in the governmental funds was \$7,826. This amount is reported as restricted assets in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
US Government Obligations US Treasury SLGS Deposit Certificate of Deposit	AAAm-G N/A N/A	1 year 10 years 1 year	\$ 1,550,536 632,911 533,775
Total			\$ 2,717,222

*Interest Rate Risk.* The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the

failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

# Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	IDEA Part B Fund	\$ 24,539
	Other governmental funds	6,570
	Fiduciary funds	 239
Total		\$ 31,348

The primary purpose of the inter-fund receivables and payables is to close out federal program funds at year end. Inter-fund balances also represent loan transactions between governmental funds and amounts due to and from the clearing funds and governmental funds. All inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Building Fund	\$ 75,591
Other governmental funds	QZAB Fund Other governmental funds General Fund	1,105 293,993 98,639
Total		\$ 469,328

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and special education expenditure transfers, and other routine operating transfers. These transfers are consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

#### Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$104,897 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. The Qualified School Construction Bond also had a cash with fiscal agent, and investment balance, respectively of \$6,411 and \$632,911. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent and investment balances of \$1,415 and \$1,550,536, respectively in the Qualified Zone Academy Bond Fund.

# Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Completed		Balance
	 7/1/2015	Increases	Decreases	Construction	Adjustments	6/30/2016
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 155,430 \$	\$	\$		\$ \$	155,430
Construction in progress	 1,223,244	996,073		(2,219,317)		_
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 1,378,674	996,073	-	(2,219,317)	-	155,430
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	6,333,670				1	6,333,671
Building Improvements	-			2,094,066	746,093	2,840,159
Improvements other than buildings	867,325			33,969	(746,095)	155,199
Mobile equipment	1,262,021	104,708				1,366,729
Furniture and equipment	176,275	-	11,912	91,282		255,645
Total depreciable capital assets	8,639,291	104,708	11,912	2,219,317	(1)	10,951,403
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	1,612,977	120,173			(1)	1,733,149
Building Improvements	-	71,725			119,375	191,100
Improvements other than buildings	187,965	6,208			(119,374)	74,799
Mobile equipment	755,243	80,751			(835)	835,159
Furniture and equipment	155,733	17,074	11,793		1	161,015
Total accumulated depreciation	2,711,918	295,931	11,793	-	(834)	2,995,222
Total depreciable capital assets, net	5,927,373	(191,223)	119	2,219,317	833	7,956,181
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 7,306,047 \$	804,850 \$	119 \$	-	\$ 833 \$	8,111,611

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 7,076
Support services	288,855
Non-instructional	 
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 295,931

The capital assets above include significant amounts of land, buildings, mobile equipment, and furniture and equipment which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition.

# Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due within
		 7/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2016	one year
A.	Certificates of Participation payable	\$ 2,320,000 \$	\$	126,000 \$	2,194,000 \$	128,000
В.	Qualified zone academy bonds payable	1,700,000		-	1,700,000	-
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	2,000,000			2,000,000	-
D.	Compensated absences payable	 41,907	318		42,225	2,111
	Total	\$ 6,061,907 \$	318 \$	126,000 \$	5,936,225 \$	130,111

# A. Certificates of participation payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, certificates of participation have been issued by the school district. Certificates of participation currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
\$1,760,000 Trust Certificates,						_
1. Series 2014	1.05 % - 3.4%	11/4/2014	11/1/2029	\$ 1,760,000	\$	1,665,000
\$560,000 Trust Certificates,						
2. Series 2015	1.1% - 3.45%	2/1/2015	11/1/2029	560,000		529,000
Total				\$ 2,320,000	\$	2,194,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Certificates of participation issue of 11/04/2014:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 96,000	42,687 \$	138,687
2018	100,000	41,224	141,224
2019	100,000	39,454	139,454
2020	105,000	37,406	142,406
2021 – 2025	561,000	148,211	709,211
2026 - 2030	 703,000	58,776	761,776
Total	\$ 1,665,000 \$	367,758 \$	2,032,758

This debt will be retired from the EEF Building or Buses Fund or District funds.

# 2. Certificates of participation issue of 02/01/2015:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 32,000 \$	13,666 \$	45,666
2018	32,000	13,180	45,180
2019	33,000	12,609	45,609
2020	34,000	11,967	45,967
2021 – 2025	182,000	47,880	229,880
2026 - 2030	 216,000	18,770	234,770
Total	\$ 529,000 \$	118,072 \$	647,072

This debt will be retired from the EEF Building and Buses Fund or District funds.

Total certificates of participation payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 128,000 \$	56,353 \$	184,353
2018	132,000	54,404	186,404
2019	133,000	52,063	185,063
2020	139,000	49,373	188,373
2021 – 2025	743,000	196,091	939,091
2026 - 2030	 919,000	77,546	996,546
Total	\$ 2,194,000 \$	485,830 \$	2,679,830

# B. Qualified zone academy bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified Zone Academy bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	(	Amount Outstanding
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, Series 2004	0%	8/12/2004	8/12/2018	\$ 1,700,000	\$	1,700,000
Total	0,0	o, . <u>2, 200</u> .	0, 12, 20 10	\$ 1,700,000	\$	

This debt will be retired from the QZAB Debt Retirement Fund.

# C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued		Outstanding
Qualified School Constru	ction						
Bonds, Series 2010	5.40%	8/27/2010	8/1/2025	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000
Total				\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ - \$	108,000 \$	108,000
2018	-	108,000	108,000
2019	-	108,000	108,000
2020	-	108,000	108,000
2021 - 2025	-	540,000	540,000
2026	 2,000,000	108,000	2,108,000
Total	\$ 2,000,000 \$	1,080,000 \$	3,080,000

The debt will be retired from the QSCB Debt Service Fund.

#### D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial

reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$733,577, \$704,327, and \$697,676, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school district reported a liability of \$11,064,856 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportion share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability was 0.07158 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015. This was a decrease of .000913 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2015 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,129,130. At June 30, 2016 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

g	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual Experience	\$ 258,173	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		396,809
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of employer contributions	1,152,724	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	733,577	
Total	\$ 2,144,474	\$ 396,809

\$733,577 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 385,289
2018	349,765
2019	117,181
2020	161,853

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.75 – 19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

chage point higher (0.70 pero	onit, t	nan inc ourront rate.		
	,		Current	
			Discount	1%
		1% Decrease	Rate	Increase
		(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension				
liability	\$	14,584,494	\$ 11,064,856	\$ 8,144,215
		35		

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 8 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2017	\$ 28,895
2018	28,895
2019	2,500
2020-2024	12,500
2025 - 2029	12,500
2030 – 2033	12,500
Total	\$ 97,790

#### Note 9 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To correct prior year revenue or expenditure	135,690
2. To correct Capital Asset from previous period	833
Total	\$ 136,523

#### Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To correct prior year revenue or expenditure	\$ 12,841
Other Governmental	To correct prior year revenue or expenditure	 122,849
Total		\$ 135,690

#### Note 10 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 71 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

#### Note 12 - Trust Certificates

A trust agreement dated November 4, 2014 and February 12, 2015, was executed by and between the school district and Enterprise School District Leasing Authority, Inc., as trustees.

The trust agreement authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$1,760,000 and \$560,000 that combined to a total of \$2,320,000. Approximately \$2,305,000 was used to provide financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings and related facilities and equipment (the "project"); the remainder of approximately \$15,000 was used to pay the cost of issuance.

The project is leased to the school district in accordance with the provisions of the Emergency School Leasing Authority Act as described in Section 37-7-351, et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The lease represents a capital lease under which ownership of the project will transfer to the school district upon complete retirement of the trust certificates. The school district is obligated to make lease payments to the trustee in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the trust certificates. The lease rental payments by the school district are used by the trustee to pay the principal and interest payments due on the trust certificates.

It is not anticipated the project will have sufficient value to satisfy the certificates in the event the school district defaults under the lease; therefore, the source of payment of the certificates is the responsibility of

the school district. See Note 6 for details regarding the debt service requirement on the trust certificates.

Using the guidance provided in Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards dealing with defining the reporting entity, the trust accounts created by this trust agreement were deemed to constitute an inseparable part of the school district. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by this trust agreement are part of the school district's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreement for financial reporting purposes.

#### Note 13 – Qualified Zone Academy Bonds

Section 226 of the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997 (Public Law 105-34) provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the establishment of special academic programs from kindergarten through secondary school, in partnership with the business community. The school district, in agreement with Bank of America, entered into such an arrangement dated August 12, 2004.

This agreement established a method of repayment for a qualified interest-free debt instrument. The agreement required the school district to deposit funds annually into a sinking fund account on or before August 11 of each year. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2016 was \$1,551,951. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the ten-year period was sufficient to retire the debt at its maturity on August 12, 2018.

#### Note 14 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the subsidy payments amounted to \$92,700.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to payoff the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2016 was \$639,322. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30		Amount
2017	\$	125,000
2018	•	125,000
2019		125,000
2020		125,000
2021 – 2023		375,000
Total	\$	875,000

#### Note 15 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$3,162,625) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$733,577 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. The \$396,809 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2016 will be recognized in pension expense over the next 3 years. The \$1,410,897 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2016 will be recognized in pension expense over the next 4 years.

#### Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Enterprise School District evaluated the activity of the district through November 20, 2017, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## **ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT**Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

						vai	ıaı ı	500
						Positive	(N	egative)
		Budgete	ed A	mounts	Actual	Original		Final
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final		to Actual
Revenues:	<u> </u>							
Local sources	\$	2,686,354	\$	2,844,716	\$ 2,854,520	\$ 158,362	\$	9,804
State sources		4,632,272		4,442,179	4,442,179	(190,093)		-
Federal sources		15,000		23,930	23,930	8,930		-
Sixteenth section sources		-		398,409	398,409	398,409		-
Total Revenues		7,333,626		7,709,234	7,719,038	375,608		9,804
Expenditures:								
Instruction		4,567,647		4,919,611	4,933,666	(351,964)		(14,055)
Support services		1,979,917		1,994,516	1,994,520	(14,599)		(4)
Sixteenth section				1,546	2,072	(1,546)		(526)
Facilities acquisition and construction		64,146				64,146		
Total Expenditures		6,611,710		6,915,673	6,930,258	(303,963)		(14,585)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		721,916		793,561	788,780	71,645		(4,781)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating transfers in		3,000		137,589	98,639	134,589		(38,950)
Operating transfers out		(46,294)		(284,461)	(370,689)	(238,167)		(86,228)
Other financing uses				(2,467)	(4,067)	(2,467)		(1,600)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(43,294)		(149,339)	(276,117)	(106,045)		(126,778)
Net Change in Fund Balances		678,622		644,222	512,663	(34,400)		(131,559)
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2015, as previously reported		5,671,287		5,671,287	5,671,287	-		-
Prior period adjustments					12,841	-		12,841
July 1, 2015, as restated		5,671,287		5,671,287	5,684,128	-		12,841
June 30, 2016	\$	6,349,909	\$	6,315,509	\$ 6,196,791	\$ (34,400)	\$	(118,718)

The notes to the required supplemental information are an integral part of this statement.

## **ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT**Required Supplementary Information

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Variances

							_	Positiv	e (N	egative)
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual			Original		Final	
	Orig	inal		Final		(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:										
Federal sources	\$ 18	3,043	\$	224,395	\$	224,395	\$	36,352	\$	
Total Revenues	188	3,043		224,395		224,395		36,352		
Expenditures:										
Instruction	14	7,819		125,941		125,941		21,878		-
Support services	3	5,154		98,454		98,454		(63,300)		-
Sixteenth section		-		-		-		-		-
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures	182	2,973		224,395		224,395		(41,422)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures		5,070		-		-		(5,070)		<u>-</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-		-
Operating transfers out	(	5,070)		-		-		5,070		-
Other financing uses		-		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(	5,070)		-		-		5,070		
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-				_		
Fund Balances:										
July 1, 2015, as previously reported		-		-		-		_		-
Prior period Adjustments		_		_		_		_		-
July 1, 2015, as restated		-		-		-		-		
June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### **Enterprise School District**

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

#### **PERS**

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	_	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	11,064,856 \$	8,799,323
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		0.071580%	0.072493%
District's covered - employee payroll		4,471,917	4,429,689
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered - employee			
payroll		247.429816%	198.644266%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability		61.704000%	67.207687%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

## Enterprise School District Required Supplementary Information

#### **Schedule of District Contributions**

#### **PERS**

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 733,577	\$ 704,327
Contributions in relation to the contractually		
required contribution	733,577	704,327
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered - employee payroll	4,657,632	4,471,917
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.		Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	\$	80,033
National school lunch program	10.555	•	303,136
Total child nutrition cluster			383,169
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			383,169
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			383,169
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx		23,404
Total Federal Communications Commission			23,404
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010		164,314
Rural education	84.358		17,725
Improving teacher quality state grants	84.367		35,311
Subtotal			217,350
Title I cluster:			
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027		224,395
Special education - preschool grants	84.173		11,788
Total special education cluster			236,183
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			453,533
Total U.S. Department of Education			453,533
Total for All Federal Awards		\$	860,106

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.
- 3. The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.

#### **ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT**

#### Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 6,369,187 3,487,855	5,018,389 809,116	361,486 296,043	227,778 18,844	761,534 2,363,852
Total	\$ 9,857,042	5,827,505	657,529	246,622	3,125,386
Total number of students *	 886				
Cost per student	\$ 11,125	6,577	742	278	3,528

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Rusiness

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

## ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	2,854,520	2,908,724	\$ 2,708,470 \$	2,419,962
State sources		4,442,179	4,320,822	4,283,056	4,333,768
Federal sources		23,930	24,066	18,308	14,600
Sixteenth Section sources		398,409	346,481		
Total Revenues	_	7,719,038	7,600,093	7,009,834	6,768,330
Expenditures:					
Instruction		4,933,666	4,478,215	4,439,547	4,093,365
Support services		1,994,520	2,022,023	2,031,910	1,888,344
Sixteenth Section		2,072	1,912		
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	20,447		
Debt Service:					
Principal					
Interest					
Total Expenditures		6,930,258	6,522,597	6,471,457	5,981,709
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	788,780	1,077,496	538,377	786,621
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sale of transportation equipment		-	-	2,462	1,542
Sale of other property					4,000
Operating transfers in		98,639	1,594	48,671	10,598
Operating transfers out		(370,689)	(176,463)	(76, 196)	(161,413)
Other financing uses		(4,067)	(2,000)	(2,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(276,117)	(176,869)	(27,063)	(145,273)
Net Change in Fund Balances		512,663	900,627	511,314	641,348
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as originally reported		5,671,287	3,049,969	2,497,038	1,855,690
Fund reclassification			1,721,659		
Prior Period Adjustments		12,841	(968)	41,617	
Beginning of period, restated		5,684,128	4,770,660	2,538,655	1,855,690
End of Period	\$	6,196,791	5,671,287	3,049,969 \$	2,497,038

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

## ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years
UNAUDITED

		2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	3,314,282 \$	3,419,533 \$	3,096,368 \$	2,784,736
State sources		4,730,811	4,598,404	4,564,638	4,600,204
Federal sources		777,700	718,065	733,711	716,233
Sixteenth section sources		477,027	408,028	372,459	60,828
Total Revenues		9,299,820	9,144,030	8,767,176	8,162,001
Expenditures:					
Instruction		5,534,116	5,021,463	4,954,636	4,631,710
Support services		2,466,283	2,327,036	2,274,966	2,053,576
Noninstructional services		495,853	457,072	460,429	453,058
Sixteenth section		41,638	37,065	45,017	39,996
Facilities acquisition and construction		996,073	1,223,244		
Debt service:					
Principal		126,000			
Interest		191,226	103,737	15,418	5,358
Other		5,853	2,188		
Total Expenditures		9,857,042	9,171,805	7,750,466	7,183,698
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		(557,222)	(27,775)	1,016,710	978,303
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of Loan		_	2,320,000		
Payments held by escrow agent		130,947	128,450	128,450	128,450
Payment to QSCB/QZAB debt escrow agent		(130,947)	(128,450)	(128,450)	(128,450)
Other financing sources		1,661	1,105	(120, 100)	1,775
Sale of transportation equipment		.,00.	.,	2,462	1,542
Sale of other property				_,	4,000
Operating transfers in		469,328	409,486	124,867	420,767
Operating transfers out		(469,328)	(409,486)	(124,867)	(420,767)
Other financing uses		(4,067)	(3,105)	(2,000)	(1,775)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,406)	2,318,000	462	5,542
Net Change in Fund Balances		(559,628)	2,290,225	1,017,172	983,845
•		(000,000)	_,,	.,,	
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as originally reported		9,543,161	7,255,096	6,241,604	5,175,608
Prior period adjustments		135,690	(759)	(3,075)	74,369
Beginning of period, restated		9,678,851	7,254,337	6,238,529	5,249,977
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		2,541	(1,401)	(605)	7,782
End of Period	<u>\$</u>	9,121,764 \$	9,543,161 \$	7,255,096 \$	6,241,604

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



521 Chuck Wagon Drive
Brandon, MS 39042
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Enterprise School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Enterprise School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Enterprise School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2017.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Enterprise School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Enterprise School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Enterprise School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Enterprise School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an

opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi November 20, 2017



521 Chuck Wagon Drive
Brandon, MS 39042
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by Uniformed Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Enterprise School District

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Enterprise School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Enterprise School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Enterprise School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Enterprise School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Enterprise School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Enterprise School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Enterprise School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Enterprise School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Enterprise School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Enterprise School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mc Kenzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi November 20, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH ST	TATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



521 Chuck Wagon Drive
Brandon, MS 39042
(Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Enterprise School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Enterprise School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise Enterprise School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi November 20, 2017 McKernzie CPA, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Unmodified 1. Type of auditor's report issued:

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

> Material weaknesses identified? No a.

b. Significant deficiencies identified? None reported

No 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

#### Federal Awards:

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness identified? No a.

b. Significant deficiency identified? None reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance 6. None reported with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA Numbers

10.553; 10.555 Child Nutrition Cluster

84.027; 84.173 **Special Education Cluster** 

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: 8. \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal 10. awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of Nο prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

No

#### ENTERPRISE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.