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LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Laurel School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Laurel School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Laurel School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Laurel School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 4-12 and 41-45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Laurel School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 17, 2017, on our consideration of the Laurel School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Laurel School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi May 17, 2017 ME Kenzie CPA, PLCC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Laurel School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2016 decreased \$1,741,519, including a prior period adjustment of (\$424,868), which represents a 16% decrease from fiscal year 2015. Total net position for 2015 decreased \$37,255,057, including a prior period adjustment of (\$36,756,257) due primarily to the recording of the net pension liability, which represents a 141% decrease from fiscal year 2014.
- General revenues amounted to \$27,758,926 and \$26,593,896, or 80% and 79% of all revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$6,868,340, or 20% of total revenues for 2016, and \$7,098,073, or 21% of total revenues for 2015.
- The District had \$35,943,917 and \$34,190,769 in expenses for fiscal years 2016 and 2015; only \$6,868,340 for 2016 and \$7,098,073 for 2015 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$27,758,926 for 2016 and \$26,593,896 for 2015 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$25,369,766 in revenues and \$25,045,442 in expenditures for 2016, and \$24,004,534 in revenues and \$24,865,900 in expenditures in 2015. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$156,892 from 2015 to 2016, and decreased by \$2,210 from 2014 to 2015 including a fund reclassification of \$1,540,220 and a prior period adjustment of (\$149).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$1,258,417 for 2016 and decreased by \$889,810 for 2015. The decrease for 2016 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, excluding bond premium, decreased by \$1,194,204 for 2016 and decreased by \$248,129 for 2015. The decrease for 2016 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$15,796 for 2016 and decreased by \$53,129 for 2015.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether

its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$12,514,051 as of June 30, 2016.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	ge
	June 30, 2016	 June 30, 2015	Change	
Current assets	\$ 10,359,146	\$ 10,631,241	(2.56)	%
Restricted assets	6,030,662	5,400,788	11.66	%
Capital assets, net	36,468,832	37,727,249	(3.34)	%
Total assets	52,858,640	 53,759,278	(1.68)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 10,619,518	 6,519,525	62.89	%
Current liabilities	522,517	425,778	22.72	%
Long-term debt outstanding	28,045,492	29,356,657	(4.47)	%
Net pension liability	 46,209,301	36,044,050	28.20	%
Total liabilities	74,777,310	65,826,485	13.60	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,214,899	5,224,850	(76.75)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	10,391,546	10,498,606	(1.02)	%
Restricted	13,502,992	12,810,201	5.41	%
Unrestricted	(36,408,589)	(34,081,339)	(6.83)	%
Total net position	\$ (12,514,051)	\$ (10,772,532)	(16.17)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (36,408,589)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension	
liability, including the deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to	
pensions	38,509,838
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ 2,101,249

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,258,417.
- The principal retirement of \$1,210,000 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$46,209,301.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$34,627,266 and \$33,691,969, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$35,943,917 for 2016 and \$34,190,769 for 2015.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2016	 Year Ended June 30, 2015	Percentage Change	
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 458,964	\$ 419,681	9.36	%
Operating grants and contributions	6,409,376	6,678,392	(4.03)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	12,223,755	12,286,949	(0.51)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	14,378,318	13,045,745	10.21	%
Investment earnings	208,630	191,329	9.04	%
Sixteenth section sources	505,366	651,000	(22.37)	%
Other	442,857	418,873	5.73	%
Total revenues	34,627,266	33,691,969	2.78	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	16,788,849	16,645,199	0.86	%
Support services	10,961,385	11,055,089	(0.85)	%
Non-instructional	2,136,009	2,089,383	2.23	%
Pension expense	4,866,443	2,849,420	70.79	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,191,231	1,551,678	(23.23)	%
Total expenses	 35,943,917	 34,190,769	5.13	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (1,316,651)	 (498,800)	(163.96)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(10,772,532)	26,482,525	(140.68)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	(424,868)	(36,756,257)	98.84	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (11,197,400)	(10,273,732)	(8.99)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (12,514,051)	\$ (10,772,532)	(16.17)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of five major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Percentage		
		2016		2015	Change
Instruction	\$	16,788,849	\$	16,645,199	0.86 %
Support services		10,961,385		11,055,089	(0.85) %
Non-instructional		2,136,009		2,089,383	2.23 %
Pension Expense		4,866,443		2,849,420	70.79 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		1,191,231		1,551,678	(23.23) %
Total expenses		35,943,917	\$	34,190,769	5.13 %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		2016		2015	Change
Instruction	\$	(13,635,132)	\$	(13,375,954)	1.94 %
Support services		(9,605,657)		(9,557,654)	0.50 %
Non-instructional		222,886		242,010	(7.90) %
Pension Expense		(4,866,443)		(2,849,420)	70.79 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		(1,191,231)		(1,551,678)	(23.23) %
Total net (expense) revenue		(1,101,201)		(1,001,010)	(=0:=0) /0

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$29,075,577 for 2016 and \$27,092,696 for 2015) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$12,223,755 for 2016 and \$12,286,949 for 2015) and state and federal revenues (\$14,378,318 for 2016 and \$13,045,745 for 2015). In addition, there was \$505,366 and \$651,000 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$208,630 for 2016 and \$191,329 for 2015.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$16,270,193, an increase of \$262,654, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$424,868) and an increase in inventory of \$38,093. \$2,122,482, or 13% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$14,147,711, or 87% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$156,892. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$412,680, which includes an increase in inventory of \$38,093. The increase

(decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 6,866

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2016, the District's total capital assets were \$51,564,054, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$56,749 from 2015. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016, was \$15,095,222, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,315,166, resulting in total net capital assets of \$36,468,832.

Table 4

	 June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	Percentage Change	_
Land	\$ 895,163	\$ 895,163	0.00	%
Buildings	27,931,304	28,586,787	(2.29)	%
Building improvements	5,107,541	5,427,983	(5.90)	%
Improvements other than buildings	1,753,557	1,851,643	(5.30)	%
Mobile equipment	554,113	626,837	(11.60)	%
Furniture and equipment	 227,154	 338,836	(32.96)	%
Total	\$ 36,468,832	\$ 37,727,249	(3.34)	%

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2016, the District had \$26,878,050 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$1,288,153 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$1,210,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$15,796 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	 June 30, 2016	 June 30, 2015	Percenta Change	_
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 3,800,000	\$ 4,900,000	(22.45)	%
General obligation refunding bonds payable	16,815,000	16,925,000	(0.65)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	6,000,000	6,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable	 263,050	 247,254	6.39	%
Total	\$ 26,878,050	\$ 28,072,254	(4.25)	%
Bond premium	 1,167,442	1,284,403	(9.11)	%
Total	\$ 28,045,492	\$ 29,356,657	(4.47)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Laurel School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Laurel School District, P.O. Box 288, Laurel, MS 39441.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Exhibit A

	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,092,650
Due from other governments	1,158,601
Accrued interest receivable	10,072
Inventories	97,823
Restricted assets	6,030,662
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	895,163
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	27,931,304
Building improvements	5,107,541
Improvements other than buildings	1,753,557
Mobile equipment	554,113
Furniture and equipment	227,154
Total Assets	52,858,640
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow from advance refunding of debt	1,705,156
Deferred outflow related to pensions	8,914,362
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,619,518
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	110,426
Unearned revenue	9,189
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	402,902
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	1,275,000
Non-capital related liabilities	13,153
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	25,340,000
Capital related bond premiums	1,167,442
Non-capital related liabilities	249,897
Net pension liability	46,209,301
Total Liabilities	74,777,310
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflow related to pensions	1,214,899
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,214,899
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	10,391,546
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	3,098,597
Debt service	2,121,544
Unemployment benefits	114,672
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section	8,168,179
Unrestricted	(36,408,589)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (12,514,051)

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit B

Net (Expense)

					F	Program Rever	nues	8		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		•				Operating		Capital		
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	16,788,849	\$	403,469	\$	2,750,248	\$	_	\$	(13,635,132)
Support services	•	10,961,385	•	-	•	1,355,728	•	_	•	(9,605,657)
Non-instructional		2,136,009		55,495		2,303,400		_		222,886
Sixteenth section		_, ,		-		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-		,
Pension expense		4,866,443		-		-		_		(4,866,443)
Interest on long-term liabilities		1,191,231		-		-		-		(1,191,231)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	35,943,917	\$	458,964	\$	6,409,376	\$	-	\$	(29,075,577)
			General Revenues: Taxes: General purpose levies Debt purpose levies Unrestricted grants and contributions: State Federal Unrestricted investment earnings Sixteenth section sources Other							9,886,256 2,337,499 13,881,845 496,473 208,630 505,366 442,857
				Tota	l Ge	eneral Revenu	es			27,758,926
				Change in I	Net	Position				(1,316,651)
						Beginning, as Adjustments	pre	viously reported		(10,772,532) (424,868)
				Net Positio	n - l	Beginning, as	rest	tated		(11,197,400)
				Net Positio	n (d	leficit) - Endin)		\$	(12,514,051)

Balance Sheet
June 30, 2016

Exhibit C

	Major Funds						
				Sixteenth		Other	Total
		General	;	Section Principal		Governmental	Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds	Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,082,115	\$	4,295,828	\$	4,010,535	\$ 13,388,478
Cash with fiscal agents		-		-		10,592	10,592
Investments		-		-		1,724,242	1,724,242
Due from other governments		192,270		425,000		523,246	1,140,516
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		10,072	10,072
Due from other funds		512,751		196,903		83,299	792,953
Advance to other funds		720,161		3,250,448		-	3,970,609
Inventories		-		-		97,823	97,823
Total assets	\$	6,507,297	\$	8,168,179	\$	6,459,809	\$ 21,135,285
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	75,672	\$	-	\$	34,754	\$ 110,426
Due to other funds		235,511		-		539,357	774,868
Advances from other funds		3,250,448		-		720,161	3,970,609
Unavailable revenue - federal programs		-		-		9,189	9,189
Total Liabilities		3,561,631		-		1,303,461	4,865,092
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		_		-		97,823	97,823
Permanent fund principal		-		4,917,731		· -	4,917,731
Advances		720,161		3,250,448		-	3,970,609
Restricted:							
Debt service		-		-		2,524,446	2,524,446
Grant activities		-		-		799,422	799,422
Unemployment benefits		-		-		114,672	114,672
Child nutrition		-		-		1,481,191	1,481,191
Assigned:							
Activity funds		103,023		-		-	103,023
Improvements and renovations to facilities		-		-		138,794	138,794
Unassigned		2,122,482		-		-	2,122,482
Total Fund Balances		2,945,666		8,168,179		5,156,348	16,270,193
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	6,507,297	\$	8,168,179	\$	6,459,809	\$ 21,135,285

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statem June 30, 2016	Exhibit C-1	
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 16,270,193
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:		
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 		
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 895,163 36,212,851 8,011,051 2,452,157 2,393,836 1,598,996 (15,095,222)	36,468,832
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 		
Net pension liability	(46,209,301)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	 8,914,362 (1,214,899)	(38,509,838)
3. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds	(3,800,000)	
General obligation refunding bonds	(16,815,000)	
Other bonds payable	(6,000,000)	
Compensated absences	(263,050)	
Unamortized charges	1,705,156	
Unamortized premiums	(1,167,442)	
Accrued interest payable	(402,902)	(26,743,238)
Net Position of governmental activities	,	\$ (12,514,051)

Major Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit D

General General General Funds Sixteenth Frincipal Funds Other Overmment General Funds Total Overmment General Funds Revenues: Funds Funds Funds Funds Local sources \$10,765,087 \$6,368 \$2,424,684 \$13,196,080 State sources 290,216 6.68 \$9,565,284 46,525,454 Federal sources 229,216 425,366 \$9,565,284 46,252,424 Federal sources 229,216 425,366 \$9,565,284 46,252,424 Federal sources 229,216 425,366 \$9,565,238 46,252,424 Sixteenth section sources 229,216 425,366 \$1,252,602 36,262,726 Total Revenues 225,369,766 431,173 8,825,766 346,272,260 Support services 10,014,146 6 2,127,935 11,021,001 12,101,002 12,103,003 12,103,003 12,103,003 12,103,003 12,103,003 12,103,003 12,103,003 13,127,939 13,027,93 33,977,83 13,023,02 13,023,02 13,02,02 43,02 43,03 <		Majo	r F	unds		
Revenues: Fund Funds Funds Local sources \$10,765,087 \$6,368 \$2,424,854 \$13,196,309 State sources \$14,096,568 \$2,424,854 \$13,196,309 Federal sources \$290,216 \$5,965,238 \$6,256,454 Sixteenth section sources \$217,895 \$425,366 \$3,627,666 \$34,627,266 Total Revenues \$25,369,766 \$431,734 \$8,825,766 \$3,627,266 Expeditures: Instruction \$14,893,402 \$3,127,939 \$18,021,341 Support services \$10,014,146 \$2,193,579 \$2,193,579 Debt service: \$137,894 \$2,193,579 \$2,193,579 Debt services \$137,894 \$3,3035 \$1,120,929 Other \$2,5045,442 \$983,035 \$1,210,000 \$1,210,000 Intal Expenditures \$25,045,442 \$3,31,73 \$3,397,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures \$324,324 \$431,734 \$10,6629 \$649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses) <				Sixteenth	Other	Total
Name		General		Section Principal	Governmental	Governmental
Local sources		Fund		Fund	Funds	Funds
State sources 14,096,568 - 435,674 14,532,242 Federal sources 290,216 - 5,965,238 6,255,454 Sixteenth section sources 217,895 425,366 - 643,261 Total Revenues 25,369,766 431,734 8,825,766 34,627,266 Expenditures: Instruction 14,893,402 - 3,127,939 18,021,341 Support services 10,014,146 - 1,407,797 11,421,943 Noninstructional services - - 2,193,579 2,193,579 Debt service: - - - 2,193,579 2,193,579 Debt service: - - - 1,210,000 1,210,000 Interest 137,894 - 983,035 1,120,929 Other - - - 10,045 10,045 Total Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payment beld by escrow agent	Revenues:					
Federal sources 290,216 - 5,965,238 6,255,454 Sixteenth section sources 217,895 425,366 - 643,261 Total Revenues 25,369,766 431,734 8,825,766 34,627,266 Expenditures: Instruction 14,893,402 - 3,127,939 18,021,341 Support services 10,014,146 - 1,407,797 11,421,943 Noninstructional services - - 2,193,579 2,193,579 Debt service: Principal - - 1,210,000 1,210,000 Interest 137,894 - 983,035 1,120,929 Other 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent - - 375,978 375,978 Payments held by escrow agent - - (375,978) (375,978) Operating transfers out	Local sources	\$ 10,765,087	\$	6,368	\$ 2,424,854	\$ 13,196,309
Sixteenth section sources 217,895 425,366 - 643,261 Total Revenues 25,369,766 431,734 8,825,766 34,627,266 Expenditures: Instruction 14,893,402 - 3,127,939 18,021,341 Support services 10,014,146 - 1,407,797 11,421,943 Noninstructional services - - 2,193,579 2,193,579 Debt service: Principal - - 1,210,000 1,210,000 Interest 137,894 - 983,035 1,120,929 Other - - 10,045 10,045 Total Expenditures 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payment beld by escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Operating transfers in Secretary agent Payment (Secretary agent Payment): - 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,9	State sources	14,096,568		-	435,674	14,532,242
Total Revenues 25,369,766 431,734 8,825,766 34,627,266 Expenditures: Instruction 14,893,402 - 3,127,939 18,021,341 Support services 10,014,146 - 1,407,797 11,421,943 Noninstructional services - 2,193,579 2,193,579 2,193,579 Debt service: 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 Interest 137,894 - 98,303 1,120,929 Other 10,045 10,045 10,045 Total Expenditures 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 375,978 375,978 375,978 Payments held by escrow agent 375,978 (375,978) (375,978) (375,978) Operating transfers in 329,726 - 810,942 1,140,668 Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726) (1,140,668) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 -	Federal sources	290,216		-	5,965,238	6,255,454
Expenditures: Instruction 14,893,402 - 3,127,939 18,021,341 Support services 10,014,146 - 1,407,797 11,421,943 Noninstructional services - 2,193,579 2,193,579 Debt service: Principal - 1,210,000 1,210,000 Interest 137,894 - 983,035 1,120,929 Other - 1,0045 10,045 Total Expenditures 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payment to QSCB debt secrow agent - 375,978 375,978 Payment to QSCB debt secrow agent - 375,978 (375,978) Operating transfers in 329,726 - 810,942 1,140,668 Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726) (1,140,668) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 - Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - 38,093 38,093	Sixteenth section sources	217,895		425,366	-	643,261
Instruction 14,893,402 - 3,127,939 18,021,341 Support services 10,014,146 - 1,407,797 11,421,943 Noninstructional services - - 2,193,579 2,193,579 Debt service: - - - 2,193,579 2,193,579 Debt service: - - - 1,210,000 1,210,000 Interest 137,894 - 983,035 1,120,929 Other - - 10,045 10,045 Total Expenditures 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent - - 375,978 375,978 Payments beld by escrow agent - - 375,978 (375,978) Operating transfers in 329,726 - 810,942 1,140,668 Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726)	Total Revenues	25,369,766		431,734	8,825,766	34,627,266
Support services 10,014,146 - 1,407,797 11,421,943 Noninstructional services - - 2,193,579 2,193,579 Debt service: Principal - - 1,210,000 1,210,000 Interest 137,894 - 983,035 1,120,929 Other - - 10,045 10,045 Total Expenditures 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Payment (810,942) - 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,978 09crating transfers out Payment (810,942) - 810,942 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140,668 1,140	Expenditures:					
Noninstructional services - 2,193,579 2,193,579 Debt service: Principal - - 1,210,000 1,210,000 Interest 137,894 - 983,035 1,120,929 Other - - 10,045 10,045 Total Expenditures 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Payment (as a secretary agent Payment (bayes): - - 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,978 075,978	Instruction	14,893,402		-	3,127,939	18,021,341
Debt service: Principal - - 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,210,000 1,120,929 Other - - - 10,045 10,042 10,045 10,045 10,045 10,045 10,045 10,045 10,045 10,045 10,042 10,046 10,045	Support services	10,014,146		-	1,407,797	11,421,943
Principal - - 1,210,000 1,210,000 Interest 137,894 - 983,035 1,120,929 Other - - 10,045 10,045 Total Expenditures 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Payment gransfers in Repayment Payment (ST) Paymen	Noninstructional services	-		-	2,193,579	2,193,579
Interest Other 137,894 - 983,035 1,120,929 Other - - 10,045 10,045 Total Expenditures 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Payment in Score (Uses) - 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,978 375,978 1,140,668 1	Debt service:					
Other - - 10,045 10,045 Total Expenditures 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Operating transfers in Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent Operating transfers in Payment (810,942) - (375,978)	Principal	-		-	1,210,000	1,210,000
Total Expenditures 25,045,442 - 8,932,395 33,977,837 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent - - 375,978 375,978 Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent - - (375,978) (375,978) Operating transfers in 329,726 - 810,942 1,140,668 Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726) (1,140,668) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 - Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38	Interest	137,894		-	983,035	1,120,929
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent - - 375,978 375,978 Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent - - (375,978) (375,978) Operating transfers in 329,726 - 810,942 1,140,668 Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726) (1,140,668) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 - Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	Other	-		-	10,045	10,045
over (under) Expenditures 324,324 431,734 (106,629) 649,429 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent - - 375,978 375,978 Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent - - (375,978) (375,978) Operating transfers in 329,726 - 810,942 1,140,668 Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726) (1,140,668) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 - Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	Total Expenditures	25,045,442		-	8,932,395	33,977,837
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Payments held by escrow agent - - 375,978 375,978 Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent - - (375,978) (375,978) Operating transfers in 329,726 - 810,942 1,140,668 Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726) (1,140,668) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 - Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Payments held by escrow agent - - 375,978 375,978 Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent - - - (375,978) (375,978) Operating transfers in 329,726 - 810,942 1,140,668 Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726) (1,140,668) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 - Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	over (under) Expenditures	 324,324		431,734	(106,629)	649,429
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent - - (375,978) (375,978) Operating transfers in 329,726 - 810,942 1,140,668 Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726) (1,140,668) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 - Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in 329,726 - 810,942 1,140,668 Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726) (1,140,668) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 - Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	Payments held by escrow agent	-		-	375,978	375,978
Operating transfers out (810,942) - (329,726) (1,140,668) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 - Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - 38,093 38,093	Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	-		-	(375,978)	(375,978)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (481,216) - 481,216 - Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	Operating transfers in	329,726		-	810,942	1,140,668
Net Change in Fund Balances (156,892) 431,734 374,587 649,429 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	Operating transfers out	(810,942)		-	(329,726)	(1,140,668)
Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - 38,093 38,093	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(481,216)		-	481,216	-
July 1, 2015, as previously reported 3,102,558 8,161,313 4,743,668 16,007,539 Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	Net Change in Fund Balances	 (156,892)		431,734	374,587	649,429
Prior period adjustments - (424,868) - (424,868) July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2015, as restated 3,102,558 7,736,445 4,743,668 15,582,671 Increase (Decrease) in inventory - - 38,093 38,093	July 1, 2015, as previously reported	3,102,558		8,161,313	4,743,668	16,007,539
Increase (Decrease) in inventory 38,093 38,093	Prior period adjustments	-		(424,868)	-	(424,868)
	July 1, 2015, as restated	3,102,558		7,736,445	4,743,668	15,582,671
June 30, 2016 \$ 2,945,666 \$ 8,168,179 \$ 5,156,348 \$ 16,270,193	Increase (Decrease) in inventory	-		-	38,093	38,093
	June 30, 2016	\$ 2,945,666	\$	8,168,179	\$ 5,156,348	\$ 16,270,193

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 Exhibit D-1

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 649,429

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay	\$ 56,749	
Depreciation expense	(1,315,166)	(1,258,417)

2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:

Payments of debt principal	1,210,000	
Accrued interest payable	(1,614)	1,208,386

 Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:

Recording of pension expense for the current period	(4,866,443)	
Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	2.986.740	(1,879,703)

4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:

Change in compensated absences	(15,796)	
Change in inventory	38,093	
Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	(58,643)	(36,346)

Change in Net Position of governmental activities

\$ (1,316,651)

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2016

Exhibit E

	 Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,262,375
Total Assets	\$ 1,262,375
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,164,207
Due to other funds	18,085
Due to student clubs	 80,083
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,262,375

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Laurel since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Laurel School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources
 imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund - This is a permanent fund that accounts for the non-expendable revenues associated with earnings on sixteenth section lands and the investment earnings of these non-expendable resources.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2003,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

		pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land.	Φ.		
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as a deferred outflow from advance refunding of debt and a deferred outflow related to pensions. See Note 15 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element,

deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred a deferred inflow which is presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions. See Note 15 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the

resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty

days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$13,388,478 and \$1,262,375, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits in the government-wide financial statements was reported as cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$9,092,650 and a portion of restricted assets in the amount of \$4,295,828 (see Note 4).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2016, none of the district's bank balance of \$16,287,572 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$10,592.

Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
investment Type	Rating	(III years)	i ali value
QSCB Bonds Common Trust Funds	N/A	less than 1 year	\$ 733,340
US Treasury SLGS Deposit	N/A	5 to 10 years	990,902
Total			\$ 1,724,242

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

- QSCB Bonds Common Trust Funds of \$733,340 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- US Treasury SLGS Deposits of \$990,902 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 494,666
	Fiduciary funds	18,085
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	196,903
Other governmental funds	General Fund	38,608
	Other governmental funds	 44,691
Total		\$ 792,953

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows. All balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	Other governmental funds General Fund	\$ 720,161 3,250,448
Total		\$ 3,970,609

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. In accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) the district pays four percent interest on the balance.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 204,779	\$ 130,018	\$ 334,797
2018	212,970	121,827	334,797
2019	221,489	113,308	334,797
2020	230,349	104,448	334,797
2021	239,563	95,234	334,797
2022 - 2026	1,349,450	324,535	1,673,985
2027 - 2030	 791,848	61,700	853,548
Total	\$ 3,250,448	\$ 951,070	\$ 4,201,518

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds General Fund	\$ 810,942 329,726
Total		\$ 1,140,668

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and special education expenditure transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$4,295,828 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent and investment balance, totaling \$10,592 and \$1,724,242, respectively, of the QSCB Bond Retirement Funds.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2016
Governmental Activities:		7/1/2015	IIICIEases	Decreases	0/30/2010
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$	895,163 \$	\$	\$	895,163
Total non-depreciable capital assets	Ψ	895,163	-	-	895,163
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		36,212,851			36,212,851
Building improvements		8,011,051			8,011,051
Improvements other than buildings		2,452,157			2,452,157
Mobile equipment		2,374,026	19,810		2,393,836
Furniture and equipment		1,562,057	36,939		1,598,996
Total depreciable capital assets		50,612,142	56,749	-	50,668,891
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		7,626,064	655,483		8,281,547
Building improvements		2,583,068	320,442		2,903,510
Improvements other than buildings		600,514	98,086		698,600
Mobile equipment		1,747,189	92,534		1,839,723
Furniture and equipment		1,223,221	148,621		1,371,842
Total accumulated depreciation		13,780,056	1,315,166	-	15,095,222
Total depreciable capital assets, net		36,832,086	(1,258,417)	-	35,573,669
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	37,727,249 \$	(1,258,417) \$	- \$	36,468,832

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount	
Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$	671,239
Support services		512,293
Non-instructional		131,634
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	1,315,166

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2016	Amounts due within one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 4,900,000 \$	\$	1,100,000 \$	3,800,000 \$	1,175,000
	General obligation refunding bonds payable	 16,925,000		110,000	16,815,000	100,000
	Subtotal	\$ 21,825,000 \$	- \$	1,210,000 \$	20,615,000 \$	1,275,000
					-	
В.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	6,000,000			6,000,000	-
C.	Compensated absences payable	247,254	15,796		263,050	13,153
	Total	\$ 28,072,254 \$	15,796 \$	1,210,000 \$	26,878,050 \$	1,288,153
	Add: Bond premiums	1,284,403		116,961	1,167,442	
	Total	\$ 29,356,657 \$	15,796 \$	1,326,961 \$	28,045,492	

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued		Outstanding
3.5%-5.0%	4/1/2008	4/1/2019	\$	26,500,000	\$	3,800,000
3.5%-4.0%	11/19/2014	4/1/2028		8,100,000		8,100,000
2.0%-4.0%	5/7/2015	4/1/2024		8,825,000		8,715,000
			\$	43,425,000	\$	20,615,000
	Rate 3.5%-5.0% 3.5%-4.0%	Rate Issue Date 3.5%-5.0% 4/1/2008 3.5%-4.0% 11/19/2014	Rate Issue Date Date 3.5%-5.0% 4/1/2008 4/1/2019 3.5%-4.0% 11/19/2014 4/1/2028	Rate Issue Date Date 3.5%-5.0% 4/1/2008 4/1/2019 \$ 3.5%-4.0% 11/19/2014 4/1/2028 2.0%-4.0% 5/7/2015 4/1/2024	Rate Issue Date Date Issued 3.5%-5.0% 4/1/2008 4/1/2019 \$ 26,500,000 3.5%-4.0% 11/19/2014 4/1/2028 8,100,000 2.0%-4.0% 5/7/2015 4/1/2024 8,825,000	Rate Issue Date Date Issued 3.5%-5.0% 4/1/2008 4/1/2019 \$ 26,500,000 \$ 3.5%-4.0% 11/19/2014 4/1/2028 8,100,000 2.0%-4.0% 5/7/2015 4/1/2024 8,825,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation bonds issued on April 1, 2008:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 1,175,000 \$	178,250 \$	1,353,250
2018	1,275,000	131,250	1,406,250
2019	1,350,000	67,500	1,417,500
Total	\$ 3,800,000 \$	377,000 \$	4,177,000

This debt will be retired from the \$26.5M Debt Service Fund.

2. General obligation refunding bonds issued on November 19, 2014:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ - \$	304,475 \$	304,475
2018	-	304,475	304,475
2019	-	304,475	304,475
2020	-	304,475	304,475
2021	-	304,475	304,475
2022 - 2026	3,905,000	1,455,175	5,360,175
2027 – 2028	 4,195,000	253,400	4,448,400
Total	\$ 8,100,000 \$	3,230,950 \$	11,330,950

This debt will be retired from the \$26.5M Debt Service Fund.

3. General obligation refunding bonds issued on May 7, 2015:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 100,000 \$	261,075 \$	361,075
2018	100,000	259,075	359,075
2019	100,000	257,075	357,075
2020	1,540,000	255,075	1,795,075
2021	1,605,000	216,575	1,821,575
2022 - 2024	 5,270,000	376,200	5,646,200
Total	\$ 8,715,000 \$	1,625,075 \$	10,340,075
	 · ·	•	

This debt will be retired from the \$26.5M Debt Service Fund.

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 1,275,000 \$	743,800 \$	2,018,800
2018	1,375,000	694,800	2,069,800
2019	1,450,000	629,050	2,079,050
2020	1,540,000	559,550	2,099,550
2021	1,605,000	521,050	2,126,050
2022 - 2026	9,175,000	1,831,375	11,006,375
2027 – 2028	 4,195,000	253,400	4,448,400
Total	\$ 20,615,000 \$	5,233,025 \$	25,848,025

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2016, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 10% of property assessments as of October 1, 2015.

B. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

		Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
	Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	C	Outstanding
1.	Limited-Tax Note, Series 2010-A	5.50%	8/1/2010	8/1/2025	\$ 1,500,000	\$	1,500,000
2.	Limited-Tax Note, Series 2010-B	5.50%	8/1/2010	8/1/2025	1,500,000		1,500,000
3.	Limited-Tax Note, Series 2011	4.55%	8/1/2011	8/1/2026	1,600,000		1,600,000
4.	Limited-Tax Note, Series 2012	0.00%	9/15/2012	9/15/2027	 1,400,000		1,400,000
	Total				\$ 6,000,000	\$	6,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

 Limited-Tax Note, Series 2010-A issued on August 1, 2010: Year Ending

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ - \$	82,500 \$	82,500
2018	-	82,500	82,500
2019	-	82,500	82,500
2020	-	82,500	82,500
2021	-	82,500	82,500
2022 – 2026	1,500,000	412,500	1,912,500
Total	\$ 1,500,000 \$	825,000 \$	2,325,000

2. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2010-B issued on August 1, 2010:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ - \$	82,500 \$	82,500
2018	-	82,500	82,500
2019	-	82,500	82,500
2020	-	82,500	82,500
2021	-	82,500	82,500
2022 – 2026	1,500,000	412,500	1,912,500
Total	\$ 1,500,000 \$	825,000 \$	2,325,000

3. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2011 issued on August 1, 2011:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ - \$	72,800 \$	72,800
2018	-	72,800	72,800
2019	-	72,800	72,800
2020	-	72,800	72,800
2021	-	72,800	72,800
2022 - 2026	-	364,000	364,000
2027	 1,600,000	72,800	1,672,800
Total	\$ 1,600,000 \$	800,800 \$	2,400,800

4. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2012 issued on September 15, 2012:

Principal	Interest	Total
\$ - \$	- \$	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
-	-	-
 1,400,000	-	1,400,000
\$ 1,400,000 \$	- \$	1,400,000
	\$ - \$ - - - - 1,400,000	\$ -\$ -\$

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ - \$	237,800 \$	237,800
2018	-	237,800	237,800
2019	-	237,800	237,800
2020	-	237,800	237,800
2021	-	237,800	237,800
2022 - 2026	3,000,000	1,189,000	4,189,000
2027 – 2028	 3,000,000	72,800	3,072,800
Total	\$ 6,000,000 \$	2,450,800 \$	8,450,800

This debt will be retired from the Qualified School Construction Bond Sinking Fund.

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the Laurel School District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the district's financial statements. On June 30, 2016, \$16,050,000 of bonds outstanding are defeased.

Note 8 - Other Commitments

Operating leases:

The school district has several operating leases for 20 copiers. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016, amounted to \$62,423.

Future lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2017	\$ 63,463
2018	63,188
2019	34,562
2020	 6,537
Total	\$ 167,750

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$2,986,740, \$2,941,422 and \$2,859,148, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school district reported a liability of \$46,209,301 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability was 0.298934 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015. This was an increase of 0.001986 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2015 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,866,443. At June 30, 2016 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

· ·	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,071,155	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,214,899
Changes of assumptions	3,980,774	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	875,693	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,986,740	
Total	\$ 8,914,362	\$ 1,214,899

\$2,986,740 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 1,759,995
2018	1,625,673
2019	651,120
2020	675,935

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real
<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20 %
International Equity	19		5.00
	38		
	McKenzie CP	A, P	LLC

Emerging Markets Equity	8	5.45
Fixed Income	20	0.25
Real Assets	10	4.00
Private Equity	8	6.15
Cash	1	(0.50)
Total	100 %	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent, a decrease of 0.25 percentage points since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease (6.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share					<u></u>	
of the net pension liability	\$	60,908,092	\$	46,209,301	\$	34,012,053

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 10 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The Laurel School District does not have control or jurisdiction over any school trust lands but rather receives pro rata distributions of funds from sixteenth section lands administered by the Jones County School District.

Note 11 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanation	Amount
1.	To correct for overstatement of prior year receivable at the governmental fund level	\$ (424,868)
	Total	\$ (424,868)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	To correct for overstatement of prior year receivable	\$ (424,868)
Total		\$ (424,868)

Note 12 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-

insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 71 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 14 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the subsidy payments amounted to \$206,258.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2016 was \$1,744,906, which includes accrued interest of \$10,072. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
0047	•	
2017	\$	399,000
2018		400,000
2019		400,000
2020		400,000
2021		400,000
2022 - 2026		2,003,000
2027 – 2028		295,000
Total	\$	4,297,000

Note 15 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$10,391,546 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt and unamortized bond premiums. The \$1,705,156 balance of the deferred outflow from advance refunding of debt at June 30, 2016, will be recognized as an expense and decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 12 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$36,408,589) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$2,986,740 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. The \$5,927,622 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 3 years. The \$1,214,899 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Laurel School District evaluated the activity of the district through May 17, 2017, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

							Var	ianc	es
						_	Positive	(Ne	gative)
		Budgete	ed A	mounts	Actual		Original		Final
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:									
Local sources	\$	11,113,250	\$	10,823,067	\$ 10,765,087	\$	(290,183)	\$	(57,980)
State sources		14,140,815		14,096,571	14,096,568		(44,244)		(3)
Federal sources		113,958		290,217	290,216		176,259		(1)
Sixteenth section sources		-		80,000	217,895		80,000		137,895
Total Revenues		25,368,023		25,289,855	25,369,766		(78,168)		79,911
Expenditures:									
Instruction		14,934,862		14,888,948	14,893,402		45,914		(4,454)
Support services		9,655,257		9,911,412	10,014,146		(256, 155)		(102,734)
Facilities acquisition and construction	on	-		96,780	-		(96,780)		96,780
Debt service:									
Principal		197,000		51,072	-		145,928		51,072
Interest		137,900		40,906	137,894		96,994		(96,988)
Total Expenditures		24,925,019		24,989,118	25,045,442		(64,099)		(56,324)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures		443,004		300,737	324,324		(142,267)		23,587
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers in		1,677,706		4,641,371	329,726		2,963,665		(4,311,645)
Operating transfers out		(2,120,710)		(5,122,585)	(810,942)		(3,001,875)		4,311,643
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(443,004)		(481,214)	(481,216)		(38,210)		(2)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(180,477)	(156,892)		(180,477)		23,585
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2015		3,172,225		3,172,225	3,102,558		-		(69,667)
June 30, 2016	\$	3,172,225	\$	2,991,748	\$ 2,945,666	\$	(180,477)	\$	(46,082)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) \$	46,209,301	36,044,050
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.298934%	0.296948%
District's covered - employee payroll	18,675,695	18,153,321
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered - employee		
payroll	247.4302%	198.5535%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.703983%	67.207687%
•		

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,986,740	2,941,422
Contributions in relation to the contractually		
required contribution	2,986,740	2,941,422
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	
District's covered - employee payroll	18,963,429	18,675,695
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplemental Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program National school lunch program	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Ex	Federal spenditures 694,050 1,842,130
Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Defense Direct Program:			2,536,180 2,536,180 2,536,180
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	12.xxx		20,195
Total U.S. Department of Defense Federal Communications Commission Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx		20,195
Total Federal Communications Commission	02.777		265,613
U.S. Department of Education			<u> </u>
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010		2,094,877
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048		21,748
Rural Education	84.358		56,178
English Language acquisition grants Improving teacher quality state grants	84.365 84.367		20,225 202,200
Subtotal Special education cluster:			2,395,228
Special education - grants to states	84.027		888,556
Special education - preschool grants	84.173		15,675
Total special education cluster			904,231
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			3,299,459
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,299,459
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778		39,711
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	33.773		39,711
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			39,711
Total for All Federal Awards		\$	6,161,158

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 25,900,665 8,077,172	19,100,354 2,299,038	869,333 138,269	2,315,955 70,093	3,615,023 5,569,772
Total	\$ 33,977,837	21,399,392	1,007,602	2,386,048	9,184,795
Total number of students *	 3,235				
Cost per student	\$ 10,503	6,615	311	738	2,839

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 10,765,087 \$	10,735,509 \$	10,913,508 \$	11,273,591
State sources	14,096,568	12,807,517	12,438,166	12,052,918
Federal sources	290,216	295,041	26,321	134,848
Sixteenth Section sources	217,895	166,467		
Total Revenues	25,369,766	24,004,534	23,377,995	23,461,357
Expenditures:				
Instruction	14,893,402	14,600,475	14,752,673	14,010,849
Support services	10,014,146	9,964,236	9,899,767	9,030,096
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt Service:	-	155,722	48,859	503,756
Interest	137,894	145,467	152,749	162,001
	,	•	3,194	·
Total Expenditures	25,045,442	24,865,900	24,857,242	23,706,702
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	324,324	(861,366)	(1,479,247)	(245,345)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance loss recoveries			21,161	87,385
Payments to QSCB debt escrow agent	-	-	(93,000)	
Operating transfers in	329,726	313,943	354,509	111,611
Operating transfers out	(810,942)	(994,858)	(1,102,564)	(958,867)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(481,216)	(680,915)	(819,894)	(759,871)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(156,892)	(1,542,281)	(2,299,141)	(1,005,216)
Fund Balances:				
July 1, as previously reported	3,102,558	3,104,768	5,384,753	6,340,630
Fund reclassification	-,,	1,540,220	-,,	-,- :5,000
Prior Period Adjustments		(149)	19,156	49,339
July 1, as restated	 3,102,558	4,644,839	5,403,909	6,389,969
End of Period	\$ 2,945,666 \$	3,102,558 \$	3,104,768 \$	5,384,753

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

LAUREL SCHOOL DISCTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years
UNAUDITED

		2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	13,196,309 \$	13,171,365 \$	13,622,608 \$	13,744,014
State sources		14,532,242	13,245,606	12,791,176	12,411,928
Federal sources		6,255,454	6,478,531	5,352,947	5,602,396
Sixteenth section sources		643,261	796,467	952,090	585,000
Total Revenues		34,627,266	33,691,969	32,718,821	32,343,338
Expenditures:					
Instruction		18,021,341	17,887,899	17,930,556	17,226,190
Support services		11,421,943	11,494,539	11,189,525	10,769,713
Noninstructional services		2,193,579	2,078,140	1,965,250	1,966,736
Facilities acquisition and construction			479,183	1,778,260	889,453
Debt service:		1 010 000	4 070 000	4 075 000	050 000
Principal		1,210,000	1,070,000	1,075,000	850,000
Interest		1,120,929	1,342,661	1,472,205	1,288,707
Other		10,045	226,374	7,704	4,508
Total Expenditures		33,977,837	34,578,796	35,418,500	32,995,307
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		649,429	(886,827)	(2,699,679)	(651,969)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bond proceeds			16,925,000		1,400,000
Premium on bonds issued			1,401,364		
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent			(18, 106, 364)		
Insurance loss recoveries				21,161	87,385
Payment held by escrow agent		375,978	377,729	394,739	306,000
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		(375,978)	(377,729)	(394,739)	(306,000)
Operating transfers in		1,140,668	1,308,801	1,457,073	1,234,436
Operating transfers out		(1,140,668)	(1,308,801)	(1,457,073)	(1,234,436)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	220,000	21,161	1,487,385
Net Change in Fund Balances		649,429	(666,827)	(2,678,518)	835,416
Fund Balances:	_		,		_
July 1, as previously reported		16,007,539	16,663,137	19,338,122	18,396,589
Prior period adjustments		(424,868)	(7,800)	(2,299)	119,649
July 1, as restated		15,582,671	16,655,337	19,335,823	18,516,238
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		38,093	19,029	5,832	(13,532)
End of Period	\$	16,270,193 \$	16,007,539 \$	16,663,137 \$	19,338,122

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Laurel School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Laurel School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Laurel School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 17, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Laurel School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Laurel School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Laurel School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Laurel School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an

opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ME Kenzie CPA, PLCC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi May 17, 2017



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Laurel School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Laurel School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Laurel School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Laurel School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Laurel School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Laurel School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Laurel School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Laurel School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Laurel School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the

purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Laurel School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ME Kenzie CPA, PLCC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi May 17, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Laurel School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Laurel School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise Laurel School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 17, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance. The district reported \$0 of classroom supply funds carried over from previous years.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi May 17, 2017 ME Kenzie CPA, PLCC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:								
1.	Type of auditor's report issued:			Unmodified				
2.	Interna							
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?)	No				
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified	d?	None reported				
3.	Nonco	No						
Fed	leral Aw	ards:						
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:						
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No				
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		None reported				
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified							
6.	Any au with 2	No						
7.	. Identification of major programs:							
	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>				
	84 027	'; 84.173	Special Education Cluster					
	84.010		Title I grants to local educational ag	onoioo				
	04.010	,	Title I grants to local educational ag	encies				
8.	Dollar	threshold used to distinguish between	woon type A and type B programs:	\$750,000				
0.	Dollal	unesnoia asea to aistingaisti beti	veen type A and type B programs:	ψι 30,000				
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		No				
10.		fiscal year audit finding(s) and qu	estioned costs relative to federal					

No

awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of

prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.