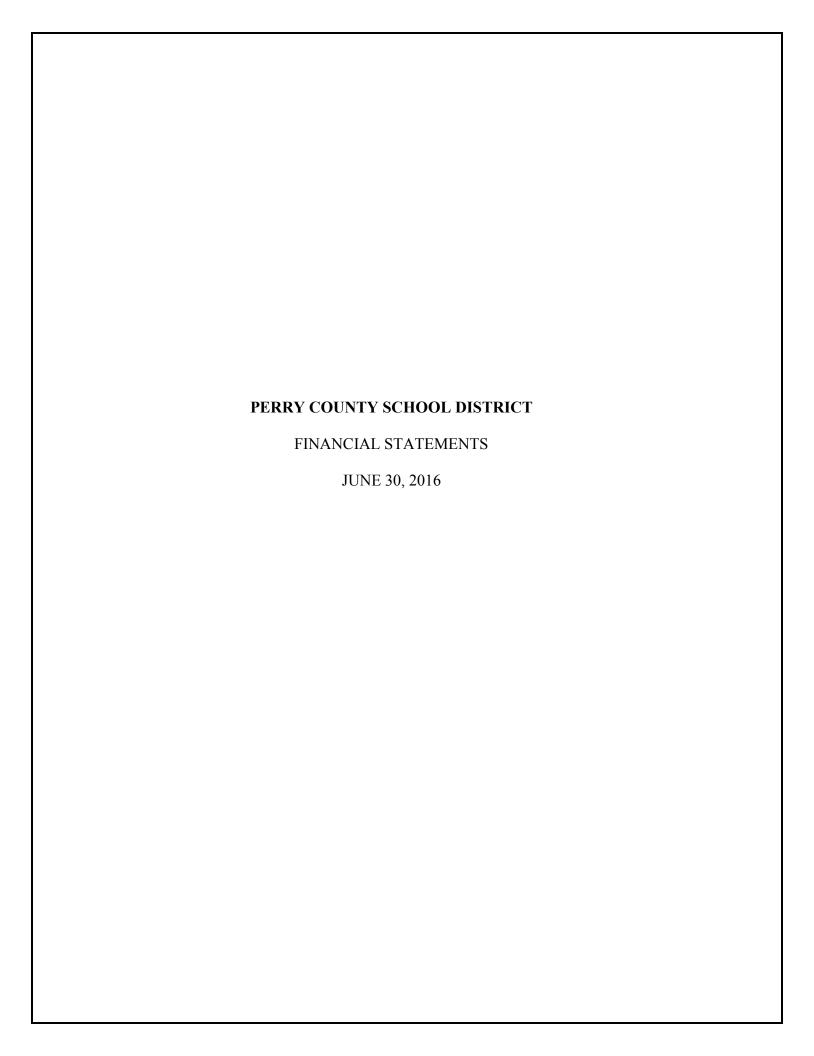


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American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

King CPA, PLLC

206 E Central Ave P.O. Box 1182 Petal, MS 39465 Telephone 601-544-9795....Fax 601-544-9793 Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Perry County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Perry County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry County School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 6-16, 51-52, 53 and 54, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Perry County School District's financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the

basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

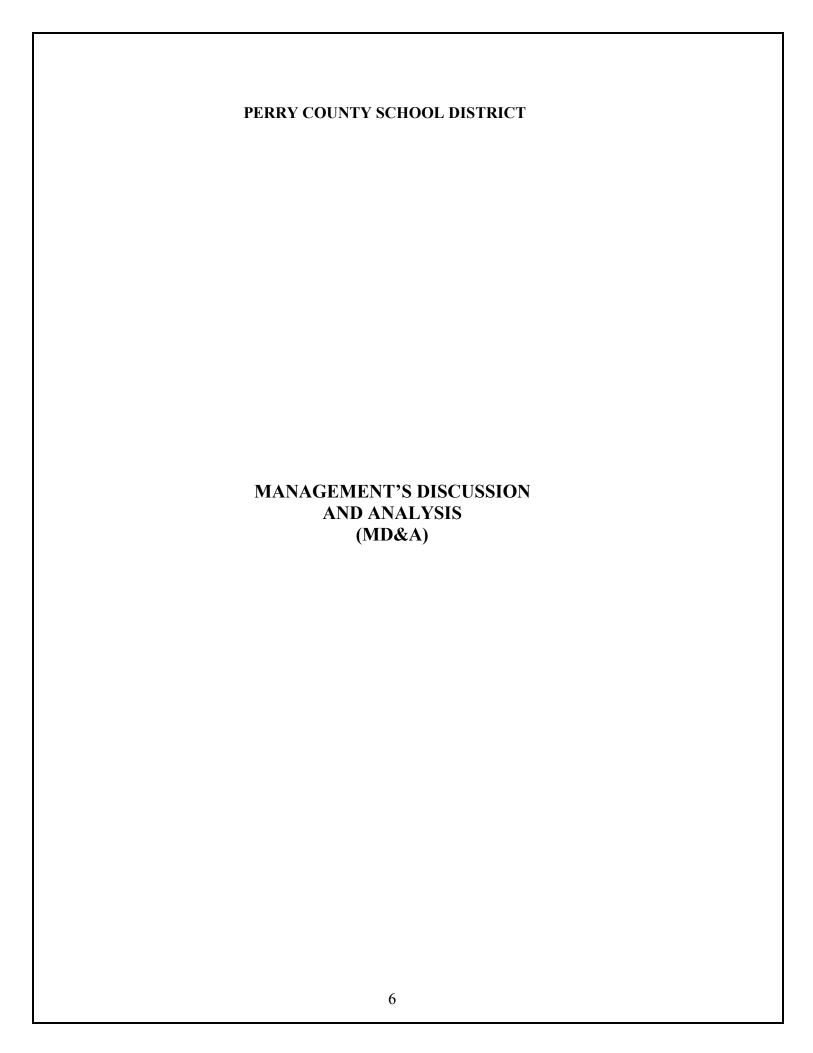
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2016, on our consideration of the Perry County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Perry County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KING CPA, PLLC

King CPA, PLKC

Petal, Mississippi November 22, 2016



The following discussion and analysis of Perry County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2016 decreased \$189,102, including a prior period adjustment of \$237,073, which represents a 2% decrease from fiscal year 2015. Total net position for 2015 decreased \$13,709,479, including a prior period adjustment of (\$13,500,226) due primarily to the net pension liability, which represents a 293% decrease from fiscal year 2014.
- General revenues amounted to \$10,264,428 and \$9,006,898, or 77% and 77% of all revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,060,147, or 23% of total revenues for 2016, and \$2,633,906, or 23% of total revenues for 2015.
- The District had \$13,750,750 and \$11,850,057 in expenses for fiscal years 2016 and 2015; only \$3,060,147 for 2016 and \$2,633,906 for 2015 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$10,264,428 for 2016 and \$9,006,898 for 2015 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$9,983,351 in revenues and \$9,973,945 in expenditures for 2016, and \$8,763,425 in revenues and \$8,911,767 in expenditures in 2015. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$351,708 from 2015 to 2016, and decreased by \$97,553 from 2014 to 2015, including a fund reclassification of \$801,904 and a prior period adjustment of (\$28,795).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$428,193 for 2016 and decreased by \$80,854 for 2015. The increase for 2016 was due to the current year addition of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment as well as the adjustment needed to increase land for parcels owned by the district but not previously included on the capital assets schedule.
- Long-term debt increased by \$500,197 for 2016 and decreased by \$409,976 for 2015. The increase for 2016 was due primarily to the issuance of three mill notes and obligations under energy efficiency leases during the fiscal year. The District made principal payments totaling \$443,406 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$15,103 for 2016 and increased by \$542 for 2015.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this

comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental

Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$9,213,916 as of June 30, 2016.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

					Percentage	
	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2016 June 30, 2015			
Current assets	\$	2,386,567	\$	2,071,829	15.19	%
Restricted assets		539,100		428,782	25.73	%
Capital assets, net		4,995,713		4,567,520	9.37	%
Total Assets		7,921,380		7,068,131	12.07	%
Deferred outflows of resources		4,129,266		1,276,281	223.54	! %
Current liabilities		86,920		63,209	37.51	%
Long-term debt outstanding		3,381,933		2,881,736	17.36	%
Net pension liability		16,303,891		12,402,417	31.46	
Total liabilities		19,772,744	1	15,347,362	28.83	%
Deferred inflows of resources		1,491,818		2,021,864	(26.22)) %
Net position:						
Net investment in cpaital assets		2,777,575		2,255,770	23.13	%
Restricted		2,227,838		2,178,201	2.28	%
Unrestricted		(14,219,329)		(13,458,785)	(5.65)) %
Total net position	\$	(9,213,916)	\$	(9,024,814)	(2.10)) %

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (14,219,329)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability, including the deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to	
pensions	13,741,701
Unrestricted net position (deficit), exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ (477,628)

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$428,193.
- The issuance of limited tax notes in the amount of \$275,000, limited tax refunding notes in the amount of \$1,700,000, and obligations under energy efficiency leases in the amount of \$620,500.
- The principal retirement of \$443,406 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$16,303,891.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$13,324,575 and \$11,640,804, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$13,750,750 for 2016 and \$11,850,057 for 2015.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	June 30, 2016		Ju	me 30, 2015	Percentage Change
Revenues:				<u> </u>	
Progran revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	411,631	\$	381,169	7.99 %
Operating grants and contributions		2,648,516		2,252,737	17.57 %
General revenues:					
Property taxes		2,965,544		2,964,416	0.04 %
Grants and contributions not restricted		6,761,554		5,807,707	16.42 %
Investment earnings		44,421		48,192	(7.82) %
Sixteenth section sources		280,037		132,084	112.01 %
Other		212,872		54,499	290.60 %
Total revenues		13,324,575		11,640,804	14.46 %
Expenses:					
Instruction		6,356,527		6,091,830	4.35 %
Suppport services		4,917,044		4,057,302	21.19 %
Non-instructional		746,090		760,263	(1.86) %
Sixteenth section		21,271		44,009	(51.67) %
Pension expense		1,586,659		759,376	108.94
Interest on long-term liabilities		123,159		137,277	(10.28) %
Total expenses		13,750,750		11,850,057	16.04 %
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(426,175)		(209,253)	(103.66) %
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(9,024,814)		4,684,665	292.65 %
Prior Period Adjustment		237,073	(13,500,226)	101.76 %
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(8,787,741)		(8,815,561)	0.32 %
Net Position, June 30	\$	(9,213,916)	\$	(9,024,814)	(2.10) %

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total E	Percentage				
		2016		2015	Change		
Instruction	\$	6,356,527	\$	6,091,830	4.35 %		
Support services		4,917,044		4,057,302	21.19 %		
Non-instructional		746,090		760,263	(1.86) %		
Sixteenth section		21,271		44,009	(51.67) %		
Pension Expense		1,586,659		759,376	108.94 %		
Interest on long-term liabilities		123,159		137,277	(10.28) %		
Total expenses	\$	13,750,750	\$	11,850,057	16.04 %		
		Net (Exper	ıse) l	Revenue	Percentage		
		Net (Expen	ıse) l	Revenue 2015	Percentage Change		
Instruction	<u> </u>	· · · ·	se) 		_		
Instruction Support services	\$	2016		2015	Change		
	\$	2016 (4,781,139)		2015 (4,803,139)	Change (0.46) %		
Support services	\$	2016 (4,781,139) (4,253,963)		2015 (4,803,139) (3,499,603)	Change (0.46) % 21.56 %		
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2016 (4,781,139) (4,253,963) 42,699		2015 (4,803,139) (3,499,603) 27,253	Change (0.46) % 21.56 % 56.68 %		
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$	2016 (4,781,139) (4,253,963) 42,699 11,618		2015 (4,803,139) (3,499,603) 27,253 (44,009)	Change (0.46) % 21.56 % 56.68 % (126.40) %		

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$10,690,603 for 2016 and \$9,216,151 for 2015) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$2,965,544 for 2016 and \$2,964,416 for 2015) and state and federal revenues (\$6,761,554 for 2016 and \$5,807,707 for 2015). In addition, there was \$280,037 and \$132,084 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$44,421 for 2016 and \$48,192 for 2015.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,874,989, an increase of \$405,833, which includes an increase in inventory of \$1,711. \$413,293, or 14% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance

that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,461,696, or 86% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$351,708. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$13,358, which includes an increase in inventory of \$1,711. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>
21st Century Learning Grant Fund
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund

Increase (Decrease)
no increase or decrease
40.767

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2016, the District's total capital assets were \$10,169,464, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and leased property under capital leases. This amount represents a gross increase of \$642,043 from 2015, due primarily to the purchase of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment and the adjustment needed to increase land for parcels owned by the district but not previously included on the capital assets schedule. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016, was \$5,173,751, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$255,061, resulting in total net capital assets of \$4,995,713.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	J	une 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	Percentage Change			
Land	\$	318,650	\$ 58,108	448.38 %			
Buildings		3,583,502	3,698,337	(3.11) %			
Building improvements		172,328	185,903	(7.30) %			
Mobile equipment		805,285	606,118	32.86 %			
Furniture and equipment		111,894	14,004	699.01 %			
Leased property under capital leases		4,054	5,050	(19.72) %			
Total	\$	4,995,713	\$ 4,567,520	9.37 %			

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2016, the District had \$3,381,933 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$453,759 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District issued limited tax notes in the amount of \$275,000, limited tax refunding notes in the amount of \$1,700,000, and obligations under energy efficiency leases in the amount of \$620,500. The District used the proceeds from the issuance of limited tax refunding notes to refund outstanding limited tax notes of \$1,667,000. The District made principal payments totaling \$443,406 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$15,103 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	 June 30, 2016	 June 30, 2015	Percentage Change				
Limited obligation bonds payable	\$ 495,000	\$ 685,000	(27.74)	%			
Three mill notes payable	1,796,000	1,667,000	7.74	%			
Obligations under capital leases	48,499	95,905	(49.43)	%			
Obligations under energy efficiency leases	620,500	-	N/A	%			
Qualified school construction bonds payable	281,000	308,000	(8.77)	%			
Compensated absences payable	140,934	125,831	12.00	%			
Total	\$ 3,381,933	\$ 2,881,736	17.36	%			

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

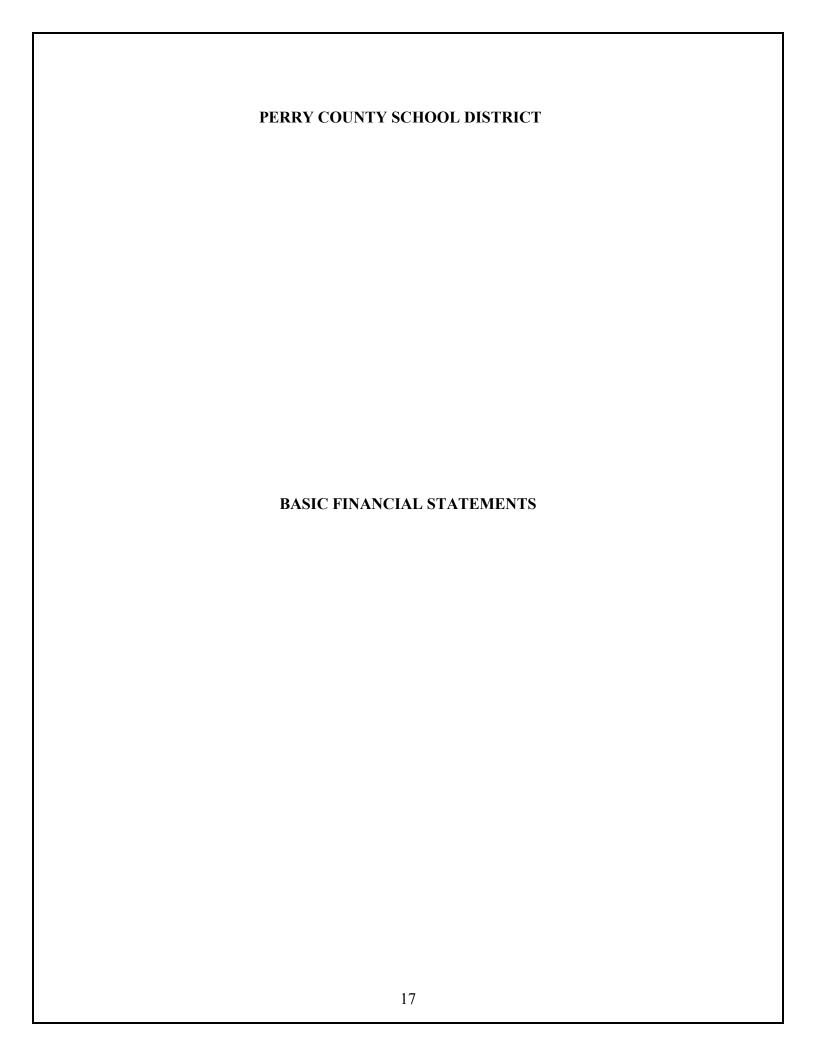
The Perry County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Perry County School District, P.O. Box 137, New Augusta, MS 39462.



Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2016	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,728,805
Investments	83,125
Due from other governments	550,838
Inventories	23,799
Restricted assets	539,100
Capital assets, not being depreciated	210.650
Land	318,650
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Buildings	3,583,502
Building improvements	172,328
Mobile equipment	805,285
Furniture and equipment	111,894
Leased property under capital assets	4,054
Total Assets	7.921,380
Total Assets	/,721,360
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Outflow from advance refunding of debt	75,258
Deferred Outflow related to pensions	4,054,008
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,129,266
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	49,484
Due to other governments	835
Unearned revenue	359
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	36,242
Long-term liabilities, due within one year	
Capital-related liabilities	341,396
Non-capital related liabilities	112,363
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year	
Capital-related liabilities	1,952,000
Non-capital related liabilities	976,174
Net pension liability	16,303,891
Total Liabilities	19,772,744
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflow related to pensions	1,491,818
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,491,818
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	2,777,575
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	429,617
Debt service	219,359
Forestry improvements	180,771
Unemployment benefits	31,759
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section	1,366,332
Unrestricted	(14,219,329)
Total Net Position	\$ (9,213,916)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit B

				Pro	gram Revenu	es		Rev Cha	(Expense) venue and anges in Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions			overnmental Activities		
Governmental Activities:											
Instruction	\$ 6,356,527	\$	252,679	\$	1,322,709	\$	-	\$	(4,781,139)		
Support services	4,917,044		8,560		654,521		-		(4,253,963)		
Non-instructional services	746,090		117,503		671,286		-		42,699		
Sixteenth section	21,271		32,889		-		-		11,618		
Pension expense	1,586,659		-		=		-		(1,586,659)		
Interest on long-term liabilities	123,159		-		-		=	_	(123,159)		
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 13,750,750</u>	\$	411,631	\$	2,648,516	\$		_	(10,690,603)		
	General Revenues Taxes: General purpos								2,755,755		
	Debt purpose l								209,789		
	Unrestricted gra		contribution	s·					200,700		
	State	arto urra	••••••	٥.					5,988,090		
	Federal								773,464		
	Unrestricted inv	estment	earnings						44,421		
	Sixteenth section		•						280,037		
	Other										
	Total General	Revenue	es					_	10,264,428		
	Change in Net Po	sition						_	(426,175)		
	Net Position - Be	ginning,	as previous!	ly stat	ed				(9,024,814)		
	Prior Period A	djustmer	nts						237,073		
	Net Position - Be	ginning,	as restated					_	(8,787,741)		
	Net Position - End	ding						\$	(9,213,916)		

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2016 Exhibit C

		Aajor Funds						
	General Fund	Lear	t Century ning Grant Fund	Sixteenth ion Principal Fund	Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total evernmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agent	\$ 1,061,050 -	\$		\$ 435,958	\$	667,755 103,060	\$	2,164,763 103,060
Investments	83,125		-	82		-		83,207
Due from other governments	110,137		136,764	-		267,641		514,542
Due from other funds	297,800		-	_		-		297,800
Advances to other funds	-		-	930,526		_		930,526
Inventories			<u> </u>	 -		23,799	_	23,799
Total Assets	\$ 1,552,112	\$	136,764	\$ 1,366,566	\$	1,062,255	\$	4,117,697
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 9,842	\$	407	\$ -	\$	39,235	\$	49,484
Due to other funds	835		136,357	-		125,147		262,339
Advances from other funds	930,526		-	-		-		930,526
Unearned revenue			<u>-</u>	 -		359	_	359
Total Liabilities	941,203		136,764	 <u>-</u>		164,741	_	1,242,708
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	-		-	-		23,799		23,799
Permanent fund principal	-		-	435,806		-		435,806
Advances	-		-	930,526		-		930,526
Restricted:								
Debt service	-		-	-		255,601		255,601
Forestry improvement purposes	-		-	-		180,771		180,771
Grant activities	-		-	-		126,534		126,534
Unemployment benefits	-		-	-		31,759		31,759
Food service	-		-	-		279,050		279,050
Other purposes	-		-	234		-		234
Assigned:								
Activity funds	197,616		-	-		-		197,616
Unassigned	413,293		-	 		-	_	413,293
Total Fund Balances	610,909			 1,366,566		897,514	_	2,874,989
Total Liabilities & Fund Balances	\$ 1,552,112	\$	136,764	\$ 1,366,566	\$	1,062,255	\$	4,117,697

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Exhibit C-1 June 30, 2016

	\$	2,874,989
t Position are different because:		
nancial		
\$	318,650 6,611,114 339,372 2,224,705 668,581 7,042 (5,173,751)	4,995,713
unds:	(16,303,891)	
	4,054,008 (1,491,818)	(13,741,701)
and payable in the	(495,000) (281,000) (1,796,000) (620,500) (48,499) (140,934) 75,258	
ו ו	lue and payable unds:	\$ 318,650 6,611,114 339,372 2,224,705 668,581 7,042 (5,173,751) due and payable funds: (16,303,891) ons are applicable dis: 4,054,008 (1,491,818) e and payable in the (495,000) (281,000) (1,796,000) (620,500) (48,499) (140,934)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Accrued interest payable

Net position of governmental activities

(36,242)

(3,342,917)

\$ (9,213,916)

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit D

	Major Funds					
	21st Century		Sixteenth	Other	Total	
	General	Learning Grant	-		Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 3,179,306	\$ -	S -	\$ 339.095	\$ 3,518,401	
State sources	5,851,529	_	· -	760,174	6,611,703	
Federal sources	716,743	428,895	_	1,652,728	2,798,366	
Sixteenth section sources	235,773	-	40,767 40,767	77,279 2,829,276	353,819 13,282,289	
Total Revenues	9,983,351	428,895				
Expenditures:						
Instruction	5,148,531	239,241	-	1,549,828	6,937,600	
Support services	4,691,401	160,692	-	639,301	5,491,394	
Non-instructional services	-	-	-	839,120	839,120	
Sixteenth section	19,429	-	-	1,842	21,271	
Debt Service:						
Principal	47,406	_	_	396,000	443,406	
Interest	42,178	-	-	42,484	84,662	
Other	25,000	-	_	1,350	26,350	
Total Expenditures	9,973,945	399,933		3,469,925	13,843,803	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	9,406	28,962	40,767	(640,649)	(561,514)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Bonds and notes issued	895,500	-	-	-	895,500	
Insurance recovery	8,560	-	-	-	8,560	
Refunding notes issued	-	-	-	1,700,000	1,700,000	
Payment to refunded notes escrow agent	-	-	-	(1,704,924)	(1,704,924)	
Sale of transportation equipment	1,500	-	-	-	1,500	
Sale of other property	65,000	-	-	-	65,000	
Operating transfers in	137,330	-	-	765,588	902,918	
Operating transfers out	(765,588)	(28,962)	-	(108,368)	(902,918)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	342,302	(28,962)	-	652,296	965,636	
Net change in fund balances	351,708	-	40,767	11,647	404,122	
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2015	259,201	-	1,325,799	884,156	2,469,156	
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory				1,711	1,711	
June 30, 2016	\$ 610,909	\$ -	\$ 1,366,566	\$ 897,514	\$ 2,874,989	

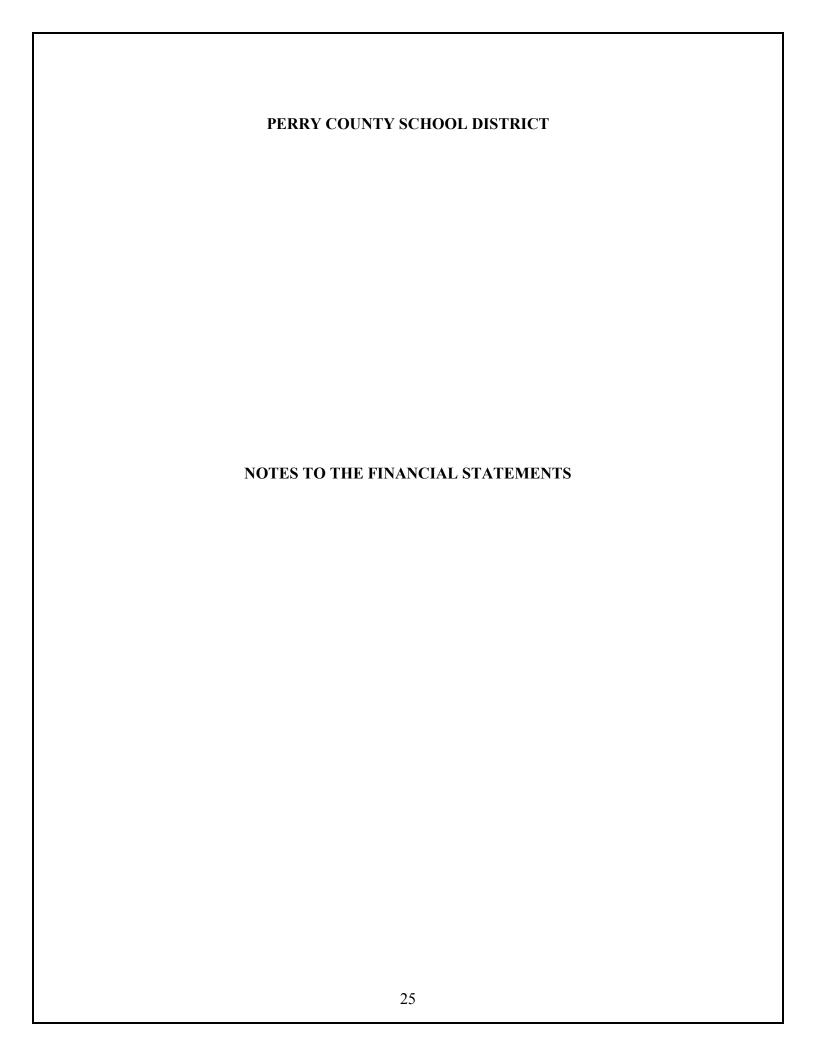
PERRY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds Reconcilation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016				Exhibit D-1	
Net o	change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	404,122	
	unts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are erent because:				
1 .	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:				
	Capital outlay Depreciation Expense	\$ 478,955 (255,061))	223,894	
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.			(32,774)	
3.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, government funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquistion cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	ital			
	Bonds and notes issued Refunding bonds issued Payments of debt principal Bonds refunded Accrued interest payable Deferred charges on refunding	(895,500) (1,700,000) 443,406 1,667,000 (4,488) 37,924)	(451,658)	
4.	Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:				
	Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(1,586,659) 1,037,951)	(548,708)	
4.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:				
	Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	(15,103) 1,711 (7,659)		(21,051)	
Char	nge in net position of governmental activities		\$	(426,175)	

PERRY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2016

Exhibit E

	Agency Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	594,971 835
Total Assets	\$	595,806
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	545,806
Due to other funds		36,296
Due to student clubs		13,704
Total Liabilities	\$	595,806



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member was elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Perry County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (I) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either

externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

21st Century Learning Grant Fund – This is a special revenue fund that accounts for the District's revenues and expenditures related to the 21st Century Learning Grant.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund – This is a permanent fund that accounts for the District's earnings from sixteenth section property and investments which are not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statue for loans from this account.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund – This agency fund is used to report resources held by the District on behalf of other funds for payroll related liabilities.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This agency fund is used to report resources held by the District on behalf of other funds for related liabilities.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded

as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2003* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The districts' cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statue for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details those thresholds:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	 Policy	Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has a deferred outflow which is presented as deferred outflows for refunding of debt and pension.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has a deferred inflow which is presented as deferred inflow for pension.

See Note 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions for PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Director of Finance pursuant to authorization established by the School Board of Trustees as approved by the fund balance reporting policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every threyears as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$2,247,970 (which includes \$83,207 of certificates of deposit with original maturities beyond three months and reported on the Balance Sheet as investments) and \$594,971, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the district. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2016, none of the district's bank balance of \$3,165,522 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agent held by financial institutions was \$103,060.

Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the district had the following investments:

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fa	air Value
Government National Mortgage Association II	AAA	Various	\$	82
Certificates of deposit		Less than 1 year		83,125
Total			\$	83,207

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investment to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2016, the district had no qualifying investments comprising more than 5 percent of the district's total investments.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	21st Century Learning Grant Fund	136,357
	Other Government Funds	125,147
	Fiduciary Funds	36,296
Fiduciary Fund	General Fund	835
Total		\$ 298,635

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal funds not received prior to year-end and to show the interest that was due from the district's fiduciary funds.

B. Advances to/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
16th Section Principal	General Fund	\$ 930,526
		\$ 930,526

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

Note: The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year	

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	69,472	37,221	106,693
2018	72,251	36,828	109,079
2019	75,141	34,034	109,175
2020	78,496	23,779	102,275
2021	79,526	21,199	100,725
2022-2026	408,738	88,998	497,736
2027-2031	103,601	41,034	144,635
2032	43,301	4,138	47,439
	\$ 930,526	\$ 287,231	\$ 1,217,757

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfer Out	Transfer In	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 765,588
21st Century Learning Grant Fund	General Fund	28,962
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	108,368
Total		\$ 902,918

The transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and special educational expenditure transfers, debt service transfers, unemployment transfers and the transfer of expendable resources from the sixteenth section interest fund.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance and investment balance, totaling \$435,958, and \$82, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$103,060 of the MAEP Limited Obligation Bond Fund.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2015	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2016
Governmental Activities:				-	
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 58,108	\$ -	\$ 32,000	\$ 292,542	\$ 318,650
Total non-depreciable capital assets	58,108		32,000	292,542	318,650
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	6,611,114	-	-	-	6,611,114
Building improvements	339,372	-	-	-	339,372
Mobile equipment	1,945,690	361,222	6,222	(75,985)	2,224,705
Furniture and equipment	566,095	117,733	15,247	-	668,581
Leased property under capital leases	7,042	-	-	-	7,042
Total depreciable capital assets	9,469,313	478,955	21,469	(75,985)	9,850,814
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	2,912,777	114,835	-	-	3,027,612
Building improvements	153,469	13,575	-	-	167,044
Mobile equipment	1,339,572	105,964	5,600	(20,516)	1,419,420
Furniture and equipment	552,091	19,691	15,095	-	556,687
Leased property under capital leases	1,992	996	-	-	2,988
Total accumulated depreciation	4,959,901	255,061	20,695	(20,516)	5,173,751
Total depreciable capital assets, net	4,509,412	223,894	774	(55,469)	4,677,063
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,567,520	\$ 223,894	\$ 32,774	\$ 237,073	\$4,995,713

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$ 129,406
Support Services	115,962
Noninstructional services	 9,693
	\$ 255,061

Adjustments made to include land and remove bus that was entered twice.

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance <u>7/1/2015</u>	Additions	Retirements	Refunding Adjustments	Balance 6/30/201		mount Due hin One Year
A.	Limited obligation bonds payable	685,000	-	190,000	-	495	,000	190,000
B.	Three mill notes payable	1,667,000	1,975,000	179,000	(1,667,000)	1,796	,000	149,000
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	308,000	-	27,000	-	281	,000	28,000
D.	Obligations under capital lease	95,905	-	47,406	-	48	,499	48,499
E.	Obligations under energy efficiency leases	-	620,500	-	-	620	,500	31,213
F.	Compensated absences payable	125,831	15,103		-	140	,934	7,047
	Total	\$2,881,736	\$ 2,610,603	\$ 443,406	\$(1,667,000)	\$ 3,381	,933	\$ 453,759

A. Limited obligation bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
State aid capital improvement bonds, Series 2009	3.0-4.0%	7/28/2009	2/1/2018	1,495,000	495,000
Total				\$ 1,495,000	\$ 495,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

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June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	190,000	17,900	207,900
2018	305,000	14,300	319,300
	\$ 495,000	\$ 32,200	\$ 527,200

This debt will be retired from the MAEP Retirement Fund.

The state aid capital improvement bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Mississippi Accountability and Adequate Education Program Act, Sections 37-151-1 through 37-151-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The state aid capital improvement bonds are not included in the computation of the debt limit percentage.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Three mill note, Series 2016	2.49%	2/16/2016	4/1/2027	\$ 1,975,000	\$1,796,000
Total				\$ 1,975,000	\$1,796,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total debt payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	149,000	42,960	191,960
2018	152,000	39,691	191,691
2019	155,000	36,346	191,346
2020	155,000	32,927	187,927
2021	163,000	29,507	192,507
2022-2026	822,000	91,359	913,359
2027	200,000	4,980	204,980
	\$ 1,796,000	\$ 277,770	\$ 2,073,770

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund.

The three-mill note payable, Series 2013 is secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi Education Enhancement Fund ("EEF Funds"), Section 37-61-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The EEF funds pledge is to pay debt service on the notes to the extent the EEF funds are not required to pay debt service on the District's Series 2004 General Obligation Bonds.

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds, Series 2011	5.15%	9/16/2011	12/1/2023	400,000	281,000
Total				\$ 400,000	\$ 281,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total debt payments due on this debt:

Year Ending

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	28,000	14,472	42,472
2018	24,000	13,030	37,030
2019	25,000	11,794	36,794
2020	27,000	10,506	37,506
2021	30,000	9,116	39,116
2022-2024	147,000	16,944	163,944
	\$ 281,000	\$ 75,862	\$ 356,862

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund.

The Qualified School Construction bond payable, Series 2011 is secured by the full faith and credit of the school district.

D. Obligations under capital lease

The school district has entered into 4 lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of Band Uniforms and Band Equipment at a cost of \$56,018, football uniforms at a cost of \$16,030, a copier at a cost of \$7,042, and 110 computers at a cost of \$91,740. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes.

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Lease purchase agreement	2.80%	2/10/2012	7/10/2016	56,018	11,643
Lease purchase agreement	2.63%	7/10/2012	7/10/2016	16,030	3,302
Lease purchase agreement	2.10%	1/15/2014	1/15/2017	7,042	2,418
Lease purchase agreement	2.10%	8/15/2013	7/1/2016	91,740	31,136
Total				\$ 170,830	\$ 48,499

The following is a schedule by years of the total debt payments due on this debt:

Year Ending		Interest and		
June 30	Principal	Maintenance Charges	Total	
2017	48,499	1,117		49,616
	\$ 48,499	\$ 1,117	\$	49,616

This debt will be retired from District Maintenance Fund.

E. Obligations under energy efficiency leases

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Energy Conservation	2.04%	10/21/2015	10/21/2030	620,500	620,500
Total				\$ 620,500	\$ 620,500

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending				
June 30]	Principal	Interest	Total
2017		31,213	18,955	50,168
2018		38,323	11,845	50,168
2019		39,110	11,058	50,168
2020		39,913	10,255	50,168
2021		40,733	9,435	50,168
2022-2026		216,560	34,280	250,840
2027-2031		214,648	 11,113	 225,761
	\$	620,500	\$ 106,941	\$ 727,441

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Other Commitments

Operating leases:

The School district has several operating leases for the following:

- 1. 2 IM 4512 Digital Copiers
- 2. LD 245 Digital Copier
- 3. LD090 AG Copier
- 4. Canon 3035 Copier
- 5. Canon 3035/DADF/Duplexer

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016, amounted to \$17,348. Future lease payments for this lease are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	A1	nount
2017		1,497
Total	\$	1,497

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees for the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$1,037,951, \$1,037,814 and \$983,360, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school district reported a liability of \$16,303,891 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability was 0.105472 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015. This was an increase of 0.003295 from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2015 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,586,659. At June 30, 2015 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and acutal		
experience	\$ 657,580	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	953,952	1,267,775
Changes of assumptions	1,404,525	
Changes to proportionate share	-	224,043
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,037,951	
Total	\$ 4,054,008	\$ 1,491,818

\$1,037,951 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 490,620
2018	493,039
2018	302,092
2019	238,488

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.75 – 19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with male rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent, a decrease of 0.25 percentage points since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

			Current	
	1% Decrease		Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)		Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share		,	_	 _
of the net pension liability	\$ 21,490,022	\$	16,303,891	\$ 12,000,372

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2017	88,514
2018	50,385
2019	32,424
2020	31,621
2021	1,471
Total	\$ 204,415

Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustment

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B – Statement of Activities

Explanation	 Amount		
1. Correcting fixed assets to include land and remove bus that was entered twice on the depreciation schedule	\$ 237,073		
Total	\$ 237,073		

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. The school received \$13,061 subsidy payment for June 30, 2016.

Payments of the principal amount of this Note shall be made to the Registered Owner. The District further promises to pay interest on such principal amount from the date of this note or from the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid at the per annum rate of interest. The district is, however, eligible for a refundable credit payment of the interest paid. The district must file a form

8038-CP with the Internal Revenue Service at least 45 days, but no more than 90 days, prior to each interest payment in order to receive the reimbursement.

Note 14 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

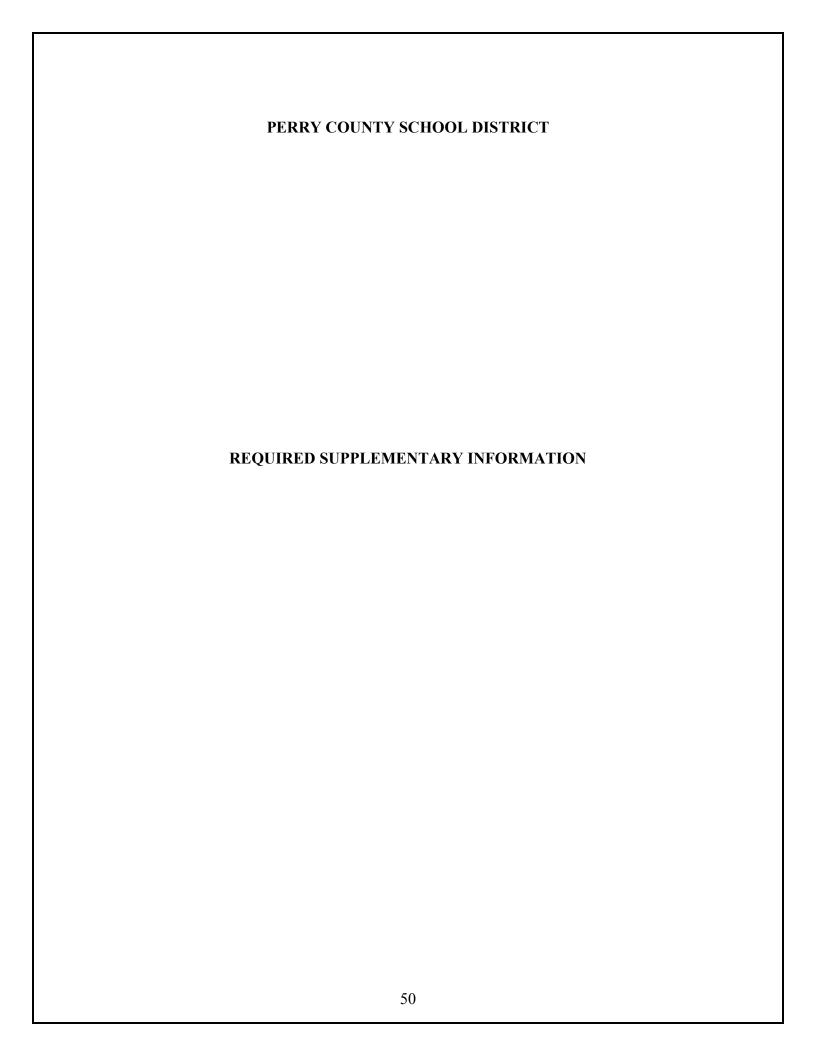
The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$2,777,575 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt. The \$75,258 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as an expense and decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 10 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$14,219,329) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,037,951 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. The \$3,016,057 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense over the next 3 years and the \$1,491,818 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2016 will be recognized in pension expense over the next 4 years.

Note 15 – Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes.

Management of the Perry County School District evaluated the activity of the district through November 22, 2016, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.



Required Supplementary Information

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Actual Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: \$ 2,883,031 \$ 3,179,306 \$ 3,179,306 \$ 296,275 \$ Local sources State sources 5,032,936 5,851,529 5,851,529 818,593 716,743 108,743 Federal sources 608,000 716,743 Sixteenth section sources 235,773 235,773 235,773 Total Revenues 8,523,967 9,983,351 1,459,384 9,983,351 Expenditures: Instruction 4,677,983 5,148,531 5,148,531 (470,548)Support services 3,213,026 4,691,401 4,691,401 (1,478,375)Sixteenth section 19,429 19,429 (19,429)Debt service: Principal 61,761 72,406 47,406 (10,645)25,000 Interest 44,933 42,178 42,178 2,755 Other 25,000 (25,000)7,997,703 9,973,945 **Total Expenditures** 9,973,945 (1,976,242)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 526,264 9,406 9,406 (516,858)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bonds and notes issued 895,500 895,500 895,500 Insurance recovery 8,560 8,560 8,560 1,500 Sale of transportation equipment 1,500 1,500 Sale of other property 65,000 65,000 65,000 (132,753) Operating transfers in 1,511,264 137,330 (1,241,181)1,378,511 (765,588)Operating transfers out (1,924,162)(2,006,769)(82,607)1,241,181 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (412,898)342,302 342,302 755,200 Net Change in Fund Balances 113,366 351,708 351,708 238,342 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015 259,201 259,201 259,201 June 30, 2016 610,909 \$ 610,909 \$ 497,543 \$ 113,366 \$

Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule 21st Century Learning Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

,					Variances Positive (Negative)				
	Budgeted	Amo	nints	Actual	Original	(Negative) Final			
	 riginal	Final		(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual			
Revenues:	 - ISHIAI		1 11(41	(Griff Busis)	to 1 mai	to rictair			
Federal sources	\$ _	\$	428,895	\$ 428,895	\$ 428,895	\$ -			
Total Revenues	-	-	428,895	428,895	428,895	-			
Expenditures:									
Instruction	-		239,241	239,241	(239,241)	_			
Support services	-		160,692	160,692	(160,692)	-			
Total Expenditures	 -		399,933	399,933	(399,933)	-			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			29.072	28.072	20.072				
over (under) Expenditures	 -		28,962	28,962	28,962				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers out	 -		(28,962)	(28,962)	(28,962)	-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		(28,962)	(28,962)	(28,962)	-			
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -		-	-	-	_			
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2015	 -		_	-	-	-			
June 30, 2016	\$ - \$		_	\$ - \$	- \$	-			

Required Supplemental Information

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 16,303,891	\$ 12,402,417
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.105472%	0.102177%
District's covered-employee payroll	6,589,295	6,243,556
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	247.429971%	198.643495%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.703983%	67.207687%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available

Required Supplemental Information

Schedule of the District's Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1	,037,951	\$ 1,037,814
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1	,037,951	1,037,814
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
District's covered - employee payroll	6	5,590,165	6,589,295
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		15.75%	15.75%

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget amendments and revision

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

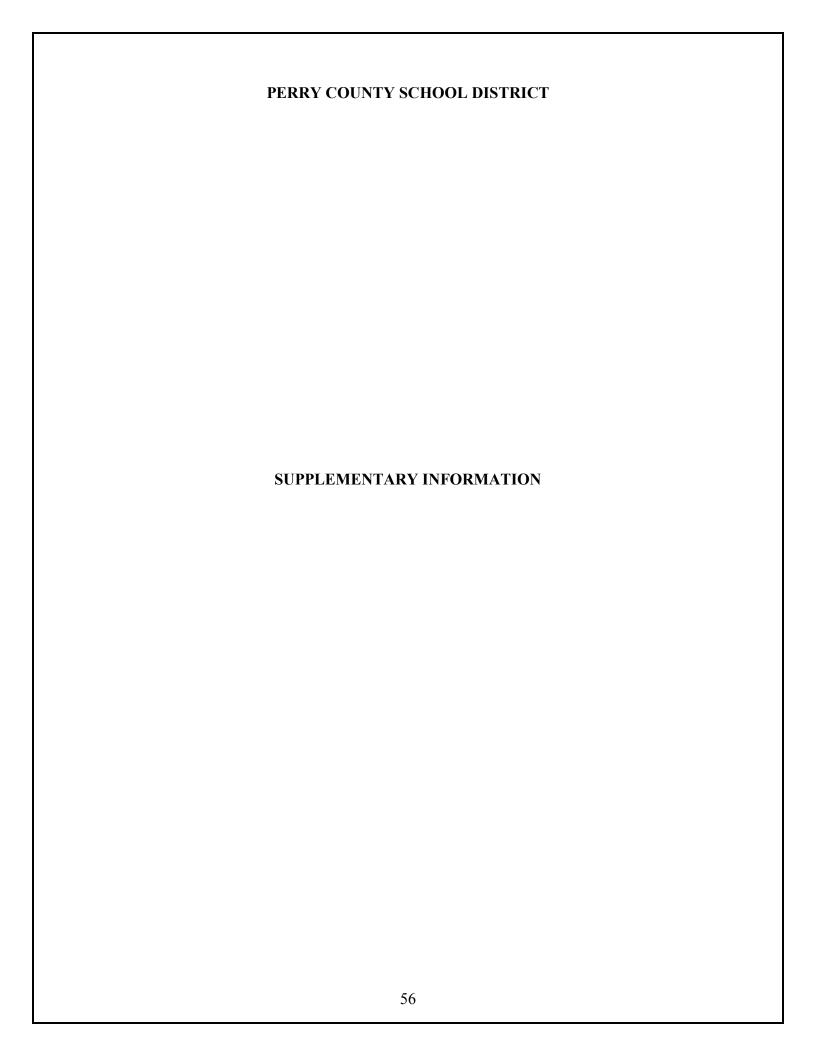
Pension Schedules

(1) Changes in benefit terms

None.

(2) Changes in assumptions

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.



Supplementary Infromation

 $Schedule\ of\ Expenditures\ of\ Federal\ Awards$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/	Catalog of	F 1 1
Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Federal Expenditures
r togram ruc	Assistance Number	Experiences
U. S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Child nutrition cluster	10.552	e 200 (20
School breakfast program	10.553	\$ 208,639
National school lunch program	10.555	520,643
Total child nutrition cluster		729,282
Passed through Perry County:		
Schools and roads cluster:		
Schools and roads - grants to states	10.665	696,523
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		1,425,805
•		
Federal Communications Commission		
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The Schools and Libraries Program of the universal service fund	32.XXX	14,850
Total Federal Communications Commission	32.AAA	14,850
Total Pederal Communications Commission		14,630
U. S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I grants to local education agencies	84.010	512,640
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	15,212
Rehabilitation Services - Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	84.126	364
Safe and drug-free schools and communities - national programs	84.184	667
Twenty-first century community learning centers	84.287	428,895
Rural education	84.358	22,456
Improving teacher quality - state grants	84.367	36,903
Subtotal		1,017,137
Special education cluster:		
Special education - grants to states	84.027	273,348
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	5,499
Total special education cluster		278,847
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		1,295,984
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,295,984
I. C. Danartmant of Hoalth and Human Carriage		
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:		
Medical assistance program	93.778	5,006
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		5,006
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 2,741,645

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.
- 3. The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30,2016

Expenditures	Tot	al	 etion and Other at Instructional ditures	Gene Adm	eral inistration	Scho Adm	ol inistration	Oth	er
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$	9,398,802 4,445,001	\$ 6,979,402 712,264	\$	448,013 245,241	\$	795,641 50,302	\$	1,175,746 3,437,194
Total	\$	13,843,803	\$ 7,691,666	\$	693,254	\$	845,943	\$	4,612,940
Total number of students *		1,134							
Cost per student	\$	12,208	\$ 6,783	\$	611	\$	746	\$	4,068

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

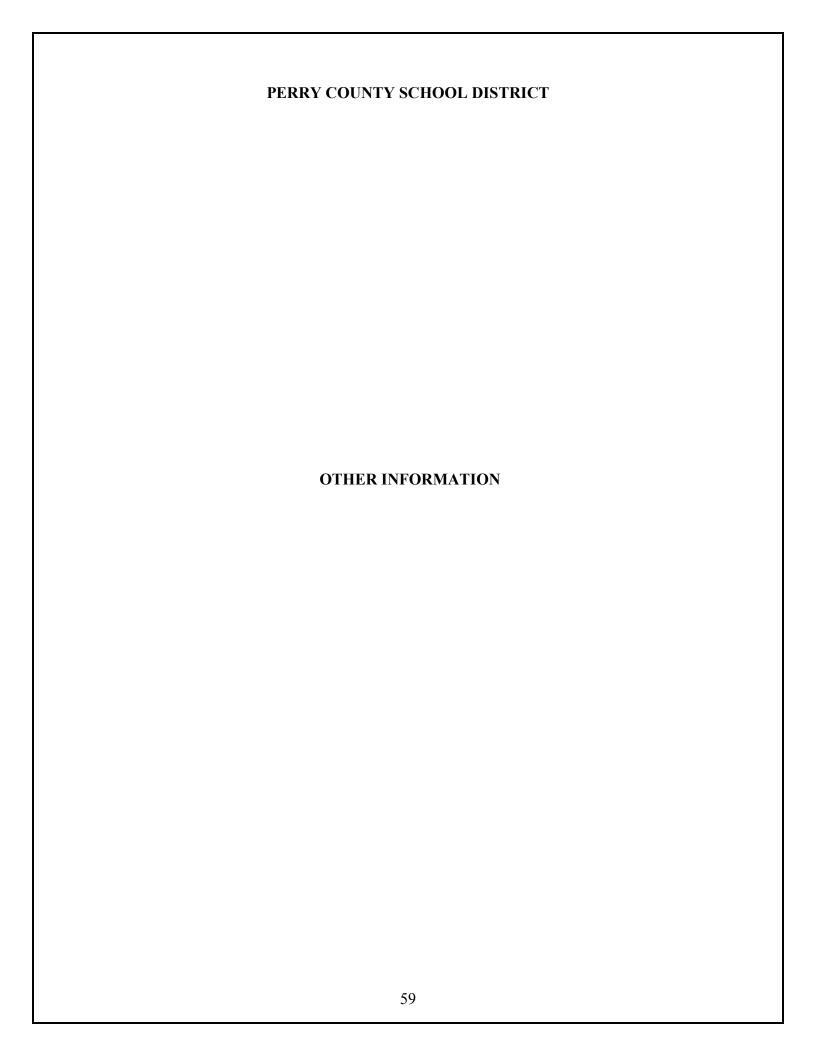
Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type. (all the 1000, 2100, & 2200 functional codes)

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration (2300s); and Support Services - Business (2500s)

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration (2400s)

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} include the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year



Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years Unaudited

		2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	3,179,306	3,053,595	2,974,413	3,015,611
State sources		5,851,529	5,409,250	5,061,691	5,236,214
Federal sources		716,743	218,403	624,645	711,689
Sixteenth section sources		235,773	82,177	<u> </u>	
Total Revenues	_	9,983,351	8,763,425	8,660,749	8,963,514
Expenditures:					
Instruction		5,148,531	5,110,212	4,934,113	5,029,722
Support services		4,691,401	3,698,253	3,810,744	3,664,456
Sixteenth section		19,429			
Debt service:					
Principal		47,406	46,518	13,772	14,635
Interest		42,178	56,784	46,518	47,971
Other		25,000	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	_	9,973,945	8,911,767	8,805,147	8,756,784
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures		9,406	(148,342)	(144,398)	206,730
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued		895,500	-	98,782	-
Insurance loss recoveries		8,560	-	20,727	-
Capital leases issued		-	-	-	16,030
Sale of transportation equipment		1,500	-	-	5,909
Sale of other property		65,000	-	-	2,419
Operating transfers in		137,330	45,305	342,495	274,218
Operating transfers out		(765,588)	(767,625)	(679,704)	(891,631)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	342,302	(722,320)	(217,700)	(593,055)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	351,708	(870,662)	(362,098)	(386,325)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously stated		259,201	356,754	718,852	1,101,784
Fund Reclassification		-	801,904		
Prior period adjustments		-	(28,795)	-	3,393
Beginning of period, as restated		259,201	1,129,863	718,852	1,105,177
End of period	\$	610,909	259,201	356,754	718,852
		=	=		

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years Unaudited

	_	2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	3,518,401	3,404,233	3,324,339	3,365,048
State sources		6,611,703	6,096,395	5,680,963	5,843,602
Federal sources		2,798,366	1,964,050	2,232,672	2,329,338
Sixteenth section sources	_	353,819	176,126	425,498	358,150
Total Revenues	-	13,282,289	11,640,804	11,663,472	11,896,138
Expenditures:					
Instruction		6,937,600	6,655,187	6,270,753	6,421,571
Support services		5,491,394	4,429,007	4,399,330	4,425,741
Noninstructional services		839,120	786,191	753,205	737,843
Sixteenth section		21,271	44,009	40,529	30,118
Facilities acquisition and construction					236,831
Debt service:					
Principal		443,406	410,518	450,772	347,635
Interest		84,662	136,453	99,378	174,123
Other		26,350	1,250	32,250	1,000
Total Expenditures	-	13,843,803	12,462,615	12,046,217	12,374,862
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	_	(561,514)	(821,811)	(382,745)	(478,724)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bond and notes issues		895,500	-	98,782	_
Capital leases issued		-	-	-	16,030
Insurance loss recoveries		8,560	-	20,727	_
Refunding bond issued		1,700,000	-	2,027,000	
Sale of transportation equipment		1,500	-	-	5,909
Sale of other equipment		65,000	-	-	2,419
Operating transfers in		902,918	812,930	1,228,079	1,165,849
Operating transfers out		(902,918)	(812,930)	(1,228,079)	(1,165,849)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(1,704,924)	-	(1,995,405)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	965,636	-	151,104	24,358
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	404,122	(821,811)	(231,641)	(454,366)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		2,469,156	3,315,190	3,547,717	3,998,637
Prior period adjustments		-	(28,795)	-	3,393
Beginning of period, as restated	-	2,469,156	3,286,395	3,547,717	4,002,030
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	_	1,711	4,572	(886)	53
End of period	\$_	2,874,989	2,469,156	3,315,190	3,547,717

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

PERRY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	
62.	

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Perry County School District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Perry County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the school district's financial statements are_free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the

Page 2

determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KING CPA, PLLC

King CPA, PLKC

Petal, Mississippi November 22, 2016

	PERRY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
F	INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL ROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE
	65

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Perry County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Perry County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Perry County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Perry County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Perry County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the school district's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the school district's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Perry County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Perry County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the school district's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency* in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KING CPA, PLLC

Petal, Mississippi November 22, 2016



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Perry County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise Perry County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2016. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3) (a) (iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds". As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3) (a) (iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance. The district reported **\$0** of classroom supply funds carried over from previous years.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

Page 2

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KING CPA, PLLC

King CPA, PLK

Petal, Mississippi November 22, 2016

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

	nancial Statements:		
1.	Type of auditor's report issued on the general purpose financial statements:	UNM	<u>ODIFIED</u>
2.	Material noncompliance relating to the general purpose financial statements?	NO	
3.	Internal control over financial reporting:a. Material weakness (es) identified?b. Significant Deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness?	NO NONE RE	PORTED
	not constanted to be material weakings.		TOTTLE
Federal Awards:			
4.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	UNMODIFIED	
5.	Internal control over major programs:a. Material weakness (es) identified?b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	NO	
		NONE REPORTED	
6.	Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	NO	
7.	Federal programs identified as major programs:		
	Schools and roads – grants to states	CFDA#	10.665
	Twenty First Century Community Learning Centers	CFDA #	84.287
8.	The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000)
9.	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	YES	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Cost

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.