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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 6-14, 43, 44 and 45, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 3, 2016, on our consideration of the South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

November 3, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of South Panola School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2016 increased \$4,411,621, which represents a 24% increase from fiscal year 2015. Total net position for 2015 decreased \$41,104,809, including a prior period adjustment of (\$42,011,964), which represents a 179% decrease from fiscal year 2014.
- General revenues amounted to \$33,118,631 and \$32,001,933, or 81% and 79% of all revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$7,933,998, or 19% of total revenues for 2016, and \$8,339,451, or 21% of total revenues for 2015.
- The District had \$42,417,873 and \$39,434,229 in expenses for fiscal years 2016 and 2015; only \$7,933,998 for 2016 and \$8,339,451 for 2015 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$33,118,631 for 2016 were not adequate to provide for these programs and \$32,001,933 for 2015 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$32,390,898 in revenues and \$37,468,257 in expenditures for 2016, and \$31,051,867 in revenues and \$30,502,830 in expenditures in 2015. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$252,609 from 2015 to 2016, and increased by \$912,748 from 2014 to 2015.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$7,234,772 for 2016 and decreased by \$853,277 for 2015. The increase for 2016 was due primarily to construction in progress coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt increased by \$2,566,202 for 2016 and decreased by \$2,475,042 for 2015. This increase for 2016 was due primarily to the issuance of three mill notes payable net of principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$4,173 for 2016 and increased by \$15,930 for 2015.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position."

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$13,784,864 as of June 30, 2016.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

Davaantana

			Percentag	ge
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	Change	
Current assets	\$ 13,781,924	\$ 12,071,945	14.16	%
Restricted assets	2,741,876	984,108	178.62	%
Capital assets, net	25,723,951	18,489,179	39.13	%
Total assets	42,247,751	31,545,232	33.93	%
Deferred outflows of resources	9,515,557	 4,773,123	99.36	%
Current liabilities	3,354,544	476,247	604.37	%
Long-term debt outstanding	9,352,663	6,786,461	37.81	%
Net pension liability	49,465,689	41,269,775	19.86	%
Total liabilities	 62,172,896	 48,532,483	28.11	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 3,375,276	 5,982,357	(43.58)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	18,296,915	12,649,179	44.65	%
Restricted	3,255,507	2,885,536	12.82	%
Unrestricted	(35, 337, 286)	(33,731,200)	(4.76)	%
Total net position	\$ (13,784,864)	\$ (18,196,485)	24.24	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ ((35,337,286)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from		
recognition of the net pension liability, including the deferred		
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions		43,325,408
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the		
net pension liability effect	\$	7,988,122

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$7,234,772.
- The principal retirement of \$2,029,625 of long-term debt.
- Issuance of \$4,600,000 in three mill notes payable.
- Insurance proceeds of \$5,776,865 in relation to the school destroyed by fire.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$41,052,629 and \$40,341,384, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$42,417,873 for 2016 and \$39,434,229 for 2015.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2016	 Year Ended June 30, 2015	Percentaç Change	ge
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 675,404	\$ 736,139	(8.25)	%
Operating grants and contributions	7,258,594	7,603,312	(4.53)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	10,751,810	10,513,216	2.27	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	21,509,547	21,122,697	1.83	%
Investment earnings	52,874	36,353	45.45	%
Sixteenth section sources	35,189	35,189	0.00	%
Other	 769,211	 294,478	161.21	%
Total revenues	 41,052,629	 40,341,384	1.76	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	21,234,149	20,453,311	3.82	%
Support services	13,967,446	13,175,932	6.01	%
Non-instructional	2,647,232	2,389,662	10.78	%
Sixteenth section sources	2,600	800	225.00	%
Pension expense	4,312,366	3,154,071	36.72	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 254,080	 260,453	(2.45)	%
Total expenses	42,417,873	39,434,229	7.57	%
Special items:				
Insurance proceeds	5,776,865		N/A	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 4,411,621	 907,155	386.31	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(18,196,485)	22,908,324	(179.43)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(42,011,964)	100.00	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (18,196,485)	 (19,103,640)	4.75	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (13,784,864)	\$ (18,196,485)	24.24	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Total Expenses							
		2016		2015	Percentag Change	•				
Instruction	\$	21,234,149	\$	20,453,311	3.82	%				
Support services		13,967,446		13,175,932	6.01	%				
Non-instructional		2,647,232		2,389,662	10.78	%				
Sixteenth section		2,600		800	225.00	%				
Pension Expense		4,312,366		3,154,071	36.72	%				
Interest on long-term liabilities		254,080		260,453	(2.45)	%				
Total expenses		42,417,873	\$	39,434,229	7.57	%				
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentag	је				
		Net (Expe 2016	nse)	Revenue 2015	Percentag Change	je 				
Instruction	<u> </u>	•	nse) 		_	je 				
Instruction Support services	\$	2016		2015	Change					
	\$	2016 (17,594,306)		2015 (16,757,835)	Change 4.99	% %				
Support services	\$	2016 (17,594,306) (12,528,259)		2015 (16,757,835) (11,316,776)	4.99 10.71	% %				
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2016 (17,594,306) (12,528,259) 207,736		2015 (16,757,835) (11,316,776) 395,157	Change 4.99 10.71 (47.43)	% % %				
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$	2016 (17,594,306) (12,528,259) 207,736 (2,600)		2015 (16,757,835) (11,316,776) 395,157 (800)	4.99 10.71 (47.43) 225.00	% % % %				

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$34,483,875 for 2016 and \$31,094,778 for 2015) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$10,751,810 for 2016 and \$10,513,216 for 2015) and state and federal revenues (\$21,509,547 for 2016 and \$21,122,697 for 2015). In addition, there was \$35,189 and \$35,189 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$52,874 for 2016 and \$36,353 for 2015.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,320,041, an increase of \$682,361, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$15,866. \$4,499,887 or 34% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$8,820,154 or 66% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the

General Fund for the fiscal year was \$252,609. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$58,864, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$15,866, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 13,860
Three Mill Construction Fund	\$ 979,974

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2016, the District's total capital assets were \$40,283,172, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$7,594,714 from 2015. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016, was \$14,559,221, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$881,315, resulting in total net capital assets of \$25,723,951.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

					Percenta	ge
	June 30, 2016			June 30, 2015	Change	<u> </u>
Land	\$	723,090	\$	723,090	0.00	%
Construction in Progress		7,435,067		-	N/A	%
Buildings		14,793,721		15,276,631	(3.16)	%
Building improvements		116,444		328,024	(64.50)	%
Improvements other than buildings		362,004		98,834	266.27	%
Mobile equipment		2,059,818		1,942,372	6.05	%
Furniture and equipment		233,807		120,228	94.47	%
Total	\$	25,723,951	\$	18,489,179	39.13	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2016, the District had \$9,352,663 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$2,069,271 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$4,173 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2016	Jı	une 30, 2015	Percenta Change	% % % %
General obligation refunding bonds payable	\$	1,305,000	\$	1,935,000	(32.56)	%
Limited obligation refunding bonds payable		1,275,000		1,900,000	(32.89)	%
Three mill notes payable		5,995,000		2,005,000	199.00	%
Shortfall notes payable		343,375		508,000	(32.41)	%
Compensated absences payable		434,288		438,461	(0.95)	%
Total	\$	9,352,663	\$	6,786,461	37.81	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The South Panola School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the South Panola School District, 209 Boothe Street, Batesville, MS 38606.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2016	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,956,473
Due from other governments	1,540,677
Inventories	60,816
Prepaid items	223,958
Restricted assets	2,741,876
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	722 000
Land Construction in progress	723,090
Construction in progress Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	7,435,067
Buildings	14,793,721
Building improvements	116,444
Improvements other than buildings	362,004
Mobile equipment	2,059,818
Furniture and equipment	233,807
Total Assets	42,247,751
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	9,515,557
Total deferred outflows of resources	9,515,557
Liabilities	2 202 750
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Interest payable on long-term liabilities	3,203,759 150,785
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	150,765
Capital related liabilities	1,900,000
Non-capital related liabilities	169,271
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	,
Capital related liabilities	6,675,000
Non-capital related liabilities	608,392
Net pension liability	49,465,689
Total Liabilities	62,172,896
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions	3,375,276
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,375,276
Net Position	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	18,296,915
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	4.450.204
School-based activities	1,156,381
Debt service	1,235,373
Capital improvements	690,707
Forestry improvements	16,831
Unemployment benefits	122,600
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section principal	33,615
Unrestricted	(35,337,286)
Total Net Position	\$ (13,784,864)

Statement of Activities								Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 201	16							Net (Expense) Revenue and
								Changes in
				Pi	rogram Revenue	es		Net Position
					Operating		Capital	
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:								
	\$	21,234,149	\$ 385,821	\$	3,254,022	\$	-	\$ (17,594,306)
Support services		13,967,446	-		1,439,187		-	(12,528,259)
Non-instructional		2,647,232	289,583		2,565,385		-	207,736
Sixteenth section		2,600	-		-		-	(2,600)
Pension expense		4,312,366	-		-		-	(4,312,366)
Interest on long-term liabilities _		254,080	 				-	 (254,080)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	42,417,873	\$ 675,404	\$	7,258,594	\$		\$ (34,483,875)
			General Revenu Taxes: General pu Debt purpo	rpc	ose levies			9,512,845 1,238,965
					ants and contril	outi	ons:	1,200,000
			State	9				21,312,814
			Federal					196,733
			Unrestricted	in۱	vestment earnin	ıgs		52,874
			Sixteenth se	cti	on	•		35,189
			Other					 769,211
			Total Ge	nei	ral Revenues			33,118,631
			Special Items:					
			Insurance los	ss	recoveries			 5,776,865
			Total Gen	era	al Revenues an	d S	pecial Items	 38,895,496
			Change in Net F	os	sition			4,411,621
			Net Position - B	eg	jinning			 (18,196,485)
			Net Position - E	nd	ling			\$ (13,784,864)

Governmental Funds											
Balance Sheet										Exhibit C	
June 30, 2016											
				Major Funds		0.14:11	-	0.1		.	
		General		Capital		3 Mill		Other		Total	
		Fund		Projects Fund		Construction Fund		Governmental Funds		Governmental Funds	
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,189,503	\$	4,542,744	\$	1,683,779	\$	2,278,104	\$	14,694,130	
Cash with fiscal agents		-		-		-		4,219		4,219	
Due from other governments		528,706		-		-		1,011,971		1,540,677	
Due from other funds		377,464		-		-		500		377,964	
Inventories		-		-		-		60,816		60,816	
Prepaid items		223,958		-		-		-		223,958	
Total assets		7,319,631		4,542,744		1,683,779		3,355,610		16,901,764	
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,245,139	\$	-	\$	535,815	\$	422,805	\$	3,203,759	
Due to other funds		500		-		-		377,464		377,964	
Total Liabilities		2,245,639		-		535,815		800,269		3,581,723	
Nonspendable:											
Inventory		-		-		-		60,816		60,816	
Prepaid items		223,958		-		-		-		223,958	
Permanent fund principal		-		-		-		33,615		33,615	
Restricted:											
Debt service		-		-		-		1,386,158		1,386,158	
Capital projects		189,903		500,804		1,147,964		-		1,838,671	
Grant activities		-		-		-		935,321		935,321	
Forestry improvements		-		-		-		16,831		16,831	
Unemployment benefits		-		-		-		122,600		122,600	
Assigned:											
Activity funds		160,244		-		-		-		160,244	
Facility improvements		-		4,041,940		-		-		4,041,940	
Unassigned		4,499,887		-		-		-		4,499,887	
Total Fund Balances		5,073,992		4,542,744		1,147,964		2,555,341		13,320,041	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	7,319,631	\$	4,542,744	\$	1,683,779	\$	3,355,610	\$	16,901,764	

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT							
Governmental Funds							
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of	Net Position	Exhibit C-1					
June 30, 2016							
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	13,320,041					
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:							
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 							
Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 723,090 7,435,067 25,402,670 251,504 520,040 4,711,528 1,239,273 (14,559,221)	25,723,951					
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability 	(49,465,689)						
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(, , ,						
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	9,515,557 (3,375,276)	(43,325,408)					
3. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:							
General obligation bonds Limited obligation bonds Three mill notes payable Shortfall notes payable Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(1,305,000) (1,275,000) (5,995,000) (343,375) (434,288) (150,785)	(9,503,448)					
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(13,784,864)					

		Governme	ental Funds			
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures a	and (Changes in Fund	d Balances			Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016						
			Major Funds		0.1	
		0	Capital	3 Mill	Other	Total
		General Fund	Projects Fund	Construction Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	10,929,132 \$	13,860 \$	9,084 \$	1,528,695 \$	12,480,771
State sources		21,225,060	-	-	1,311,098	22,536,158
Federal sources		201,517	-	-	6,030,468	6,231,985
Sixteenth section sources		35,189	-	-	84	35,273
Total Revenues		32,390,898	13,860	9,084	8,870,345	41,284,187
Expenditures:						
Instruction		19,545,727	-	65,000	3,641,482	23,252,209
Support services		13,673,126	-	82,294	1,293,706	15,049,126
Noninstructional services		93,311	-	-	2,736,557	2,829,868
Sixteenth section sources		-	_	_	2,600	2,600
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,156,093	_	3,449,054	_,000	7,605,147
Debt service:		.,		0, 1.10,00		.,000,
Principal		-	_	_	2,029,625	2,029,625
Interest		_	_	_	125,207	125,207
Other		_	_	32,762	3,200	35,962
Total Expenditures		37,468,257	-	3,629,110	9,832,377	50,929,744
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		(5,077,359)	13,860	(3,620,026)	(962,032)	(9,645,557)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Bonds and notes issued		-	-	4,600,000	-	4,600,000
Insurance recovery		5,776,865	-	-	-	5,776,865
Sale of other property		-	-	-	300	300
Sale of transportation equipment		518	-	-	-	518
Operating transfers in		332,574	-	-	1,281,053	1,613,627
Operating transfers out		(1,281,053)	-	-	(332,574)	(1,613,627)
Other financing uses		(4,154)	_	-	(29,745)	(33,899)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		4,824,750	-	4,600,000	919,034	10,343,784
Net Change in Fund Balances		(252,609)	13,860	979,974	(42,998)	698,227
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2015		5,326,601	4,528,884	167,990	2,614,205	12,637,680
Increase in reserve for inventory		-	-	-	(15,866)	(15,866)
June 30, 2016	\$	5,073,992 \$	4,542,744 \$	1,147,964 \$	2,555,341 \$	13,320,041

Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016	S		Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	698,227
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	8,314,564 (881,315)	7,433,249
 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. 	e		(198,477)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental fund report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
Bonds and notes issued Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable		(4,600,000) 2,029,625 (92,911)	(2,663,286)
The statement of activities reports pension expense and other activity related to net pension liability: Pension expense Contributions made after the measurement date	_	(4,312,366) 3,465,967	(846,399)
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	Э		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve	_	4,173 (15,866)	(11,693)
Change in net position of governmental activities			4,411,621

Fiduciary Funds					
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E			
June 30, 2016					
		Agency Funds			
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	146,008			
Total Assets	\$	146,008			
Liabilities					
Due to student clubs	\$	146,008			
Total Liabilities	\$	146,008			

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, South Panola School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources
 imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund – This capital projects fund is financed with local funds and management has assigned its use for repairs and renovations of school buildings and related facilities.

Three Mill Construction Fund - This capital projects fund is financed with proceeds of three mill notes for the construction and renovations of school buildings and related facilities.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2003,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

		apitalization olicy	Estimated Useful Life
	_		_
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

^(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$9,515,557 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$3,375,276 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan.

See Note 11 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization by the policy adopted by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$14,694,130 and \$116,577, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$4,219.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds General Fund	\$ 377,464 500
Total		\$ 377,964

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 1,281,053
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 332,574
Total		\$ 1,613,627

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the general fund and into the other governmental funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represents the cash balance, totaling \$33,615, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

In addition, restricted assets represent the cash and cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$4,617 and \$4,219, respectively, of the MAEP limited obligation bonds debt service fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$1,015,646, of debt service funds whose cash balances are restricted for future debt service requirements.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$1,683,779, of unspent loan proceeds of the Three Mill Construction Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Completed		Balance
	7/1/2015	Increases	Decreases	Construction	Adjustments	6/30/2016
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 723,090 \$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ - \$	723,090
Construction-in-progress	 -	7,605,147	-	(170,080)	-	7,435,067
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 723,090	7,605,147	-	(170,080)	-	8,158,157
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	25,561,783	-	(159,113)	-	-	25,402,670
Building improvements	682,504	-	(431,000)	-	-	251,504
Improvements other than buildings	239,266	110,694	_	170,080	-	520,040
Mobile equipment	4,269,983	417,756	(22,341)	-	46,130	4,711,528
Furniture and equipment	1,211,832	180,967	(107,396)	-	(46, 130)	1,239,273
Total depreciable capital assets	31,965,368	709,417	(719,850)	170,080	-	32,125,015
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	10,285,152	451,087	(127,290)	-	-	10,608,949
Building improvements	354,480	10,060	(229,480)	-	-	135,060
Improvements other than buildings	140,432	17,604	-	-	-	158,036
Mobile equipment	2,327,611	338,808	(20, 107)	-	5,398	2,651,710
Furniture and equipment	 1,091,604	63,756	(144,496)	-	(5,398)	1,005,466
Total accumulated depreciation	14,199,279	881,315	(521,373)	-	-	14,559,221
Total depreciable capital assets, net	17,766,089	(171,898)	(198,477)	170,080	-	17,565,794
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,489,179 \$	7,433,249 \$	(198,477)	\$ -	\$ - \$	25,723,951

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:		_	
Instruction	\$	485,472	
Support services		375,549	
Non-instructional		20,294	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	881,315	

Construction in progress is composed of:

,	 Spent to June 30, 2016	_	Remaining Commitment
9th grade wing addition New elementary building P.E. building	\$ 3,261,695 4,156,092 17,280	\$ _	370,997 1,467,674 -
Total construction in progress	\$ 7,435,067	\$_	1,838,671

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by the local building fund, capital projects fund and the three mill construction fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts due
	 7/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2016	within one year
A. General obligation refunding bonds payable	\$ 1,935,000 \$	- \$	(630,000) \$	1,305,000 \$	645,000
B. Limited obligation refunding bonds payable	1,900,000	-	(625,000)	1,275,000	630,000
C. Three mill notes payable	2,005,000	4,600,000	(610,000)	5,995,000	625,000
D. Shortfall notes payable	508,000	-	(164,625)	343,375	169,271
E. Compensated absences payable	 438,461	-	(4,173)	434,288	
Total	\$ 6,786,461 \$	4,600,000 \$	(2,033,798) \$	9,352,663 \$	2,069,271

A. General obligation refunding bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
General obligation refunding bonds, series 2012	2.00%	4/17/2012	5/1/2018	\$ 3,745,000	\$ 1,305,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 645,000 \$	26,100 \$	671,100
2018	 660,000	13,200	673,200
Total	\$ 1,305,000 \$	39,300 \$	1,344,300

This debt will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2016, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 1% of property assessments as of October 1, 2015.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

B. Limited obligation refunding bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
State aid improvement					
refunding bonds, series 2012	2.00%	4/30/2012	3/1/2018	3,475,000	\$ 1,275,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
Julie 30	ТППСТРАТ	IIILEIESI	Total
2017 2018	\$ 630,000 \$ 645,000	25,500 \$ 12,900	655,500 657,900
2010	 ,	12,000	001,000
Total	\$ 1,275,000 \$	38,400 \$	1,313,400

This debt will be retired from the MAEP Bond Retirement Fund.

The state aid capital improvement bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Mississippi Accountability and Adequate Education Program Act, Sections 37-151-1 through 37-151-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The state aid capital improvement bonds are not included in the computation of the debt limit percentage.

C. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
Three mill note, series 2013	1.70%	7/23/2013	7/23/2018	\$ 2,580,000	\$ 1,395,000
Three mill note, series 2015	2.80%	9/1/2015	9/1/2028	4,600,000	4,600,000
Total				\$ 7,180,000	\$ 5,995,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Three mill note, series 2013:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 625,000 \$	23,715 \$	648,715
2018	385,000	13,090	398,090
2019	 385,000	6,545	391,545
Total	\$ 1,395,000 \$	43,350 \$	1,438,350

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

Three mill note, series 2015:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ - \$	128,800 \$	128,800
2018	75,000	128,800	203,800
2019	80,000	126,700	206,700
2020	410,000	124,460	534,460
2021	430,000	112,980	542,980
2022	440,000	100,940	540,940
2023	460,000	88,620	548,620
2024	470,000	75,740	545,740
2025	490,000	62,580	552,580
2026	420,000	48,860	468,860
2027	425,000	37,100	462,100
2028	440,000	25,200	465,200
2029	 460,000	12,880	472,880
Total	\$ 4,600,000 \$	1,073,660 \$	5,673,660

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

Total on all three mill note issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
			_
2017	\$ 625,000 \$	152,515 \$	777,515
2018	460,000	141,890	601,890
2019	465,000	133,245	598,245
2020	410,000	124,460	534,460
2021	430,000	112,980	542,980
2022	440,000	100,940	540,940
2023	460,000	88,620	548,620
2024	470,000	75,740	545,740
2025	490,000	62,580	552,580
2026	420,000	48,860	468,860
2027	425,000	37,100	462,100
2028	440,000	25,200	465,200
2029	 460,000	12,880	472,880
Total	\$ 5,995,000 \$	1,117,010 \$	7,112,010

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

D. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Maturity Date Date		Amount Issued		Amount Outstanding	
Shortfall notes, Series 2014	2.80%	7/30/2014	7/29/2017	\$	508,000	\$	343,375

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 169,271 \$	9,775 \$	179,046
2018	 174,104	4,943	179,047
Total	\$ 343,375 \$	14,718 \$	358,093

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Notes Payable Fund.

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7– Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

The district has an operating lease for copy machines. The terms are \$16,029 per month for 48 months. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016, amounted to \$201,601. Future lease payments for this lease are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2017	\$ 192,348
2018	192,348
2019	 102,950
Total	\$ 487,646

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$3,465,967, \$3,131,184 and \$3,268,429, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school district reported a liability of \$49,465,689 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability was .32 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015. This was a .02 percent decrease from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2015 net

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,312,366. At June 30, 2016 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	1,149,219	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,328,570
Changes of assumptions	4,261,299	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	639,072	2,046,706
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	3,465,967	-
Total	\$ 9,515,557 \$	3,375,276

\$3,465,967 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 987,004
2018	860,067
2019	103,678
2020	 723,565
Total	\$ 2,674,314

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent, a decrease of 0.25 percentage points since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share	 		
of the net pension liability	\$ 65.200.310	\$ 49.465.689	\$ 36.408.896

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 10 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 71 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 11 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(35,337,286) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$9,515,557 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(35,337,286) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$3,375,276 balance of the deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

Note 12 - Insurance loss recoveries

The South Panola School District received \$5,776,865 in insurance loss recoveries related to a school building be destroyed by fire on July 10, 2015. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as a special item.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Note 13 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2017	\$ 35,189
Total	\$ 35,189

Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the South Panola School District evaluated the activity of the district through November 3, 2016, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final (GAAP Basis) Original to Final Final to Actual Revenues: 245,229 \$ 873 Local sources 10,683,030 \$ 10,928,259 \$ 10,929,132 \$ 21,388,425 21,269,291 21,225,060 State sources (119, 134)(44,231)730,000 201,516 201,517 (528,484)Federal sources 1 Sixteenth section sources 35,189 35,189 35,189 Total Revenues (43,357) 32,801,455 32,434,255 32,390,898 (367,200)**Expenditures:** Instruction 19,019,732 19,602,872 19,545,727 (583,140)57,145 13,325,232 13,684,651 13,673,126 (359,419)11,525 Support services Noninstructional services 93,311 93,311 (93,311)5,916,386 Facilities acquisition and construction 4,156,093 (5,916,386)1,760,293 32,344,964 37,468,257 1,828,963 Total Expenditures 39,297,220 (6,952,256)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 456,491 (6,862,965)(5,077,359)(7,319,456)1,785,606 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery 1,000 7,301,865 5,776,865 7,300,865 (1,525,000)Sale of transportation equipment 2,000 518 518 (1,482)Operating transfers in 3,731,027 3,634,434 332,574 (96,593)(3,301,860)Operating transfers out (4,190,518)(4,353,024)(1,281,053)(162,506)3,071,971 Other financing uses (4,154)(4,154)(4,154)(1,754,889) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (456, 491)6,579,639 4,824,750 7,036,130 Net Change in Fund Balances (283, 326)(283, 326)(252,609)30,717 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015 5,326,601 5,326,601 5,326,601 June 30, 2016 5,326,601 \$ 5,043,275 \$ 5,073,992 \$ (283,326) \$ 30,717

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	\$ 49,465,689	\$ 41,269,775
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.32%	0.34%
District's covered-employee payroll	19,880,794	20,751,930
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	248.81%	198.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,465,967 \$	3,131,225
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,465,967	3,131,225
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	
District's covered-employee payroll	22,006,140	19,880,794
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of benefit terms

None.

(2) Changes of assumptions

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/	Catalog of Federal Domestic	Federal
Program Title	Assistance No.	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:		
School breakfast program	10.553	\$ 664,644
National school lunch program	10.555	1,851,023
Summer food service program for children Total child nutrition cluster	10.559	6,319 2,521,986
Fresh fruit and vegetable program	10.582	71,442
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education	10.302	2,593,428
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		2,593,428
Federal Communications Commission		
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:		
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	100,666
Total Federal Communications Commission		100,666
U.S. Department of Defense		
Direct program:	40	07.700
Reserve officers' training corps	12.xxx	87,799
Total U.S. Department of Defense		87,799
U.S. Department of Interior		
Direct program:	45.000	10.110
Payment in lieu of taxes Total U.S. Department of Interior	15.226	<u>49,116</u> 49,116
		49,110
U.S. Department of Labor		
Passed through Mississippi Development Authority	17.259	70.164
Workforce Investment Act - Youth Activities	17.259	79,164
Total U.S. Department of Labor		79,164
U.S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:	0.4.040	4 470 004
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010 84.048	1,472,081
Career and technical education - basic grants to states Twenty-first century community learning centers	84.287	65,448 389,107
Rural education	84.358	58,696
Improving teacher quality-State Grants	84.367	246,815
Subtotal		2,232,147
Special education cluster:		
Special education - grants to states	84.027	990,189
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	52,526
Total special education cluster		1,042,715
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		3,274,862
Total U.S. Department of Education		3,274,862
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:		
Medical assistance program	93.778	46,950
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		46,950
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		46,950
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 6,231,985

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.
- 3. The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.
- 4. Donated commodities of \$160,431 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 30,736,826 20,192,918	23,340,302 3,096,500	998,075 283,823	2,334,038 72,812	4,064,411 16,739,783
Total	\$ 50,929,744	26,436,802	1,281,898	2,406,850	20,804,194
Total number of students *	 4,387				
Cost per student	\$ 11,609	6,026	292	549	4,742

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 10,929,132 \$	10,372,274 \$	10,987,883 \$	10,370,980
State sources	21,225,060	20,447,095	19,844,901	19,603,814
Federal sources	201,517	197,119	225,310	230,197
Sixteenth section sources	 35,189	35,379	-	
Total Revenues	 32,390,898	31,051,867	31,058,094	30,204,991
Expenditures:				
Instruction	19,545,727	18,750,511	18,879,346	18,592,686
Support services	13,673,126	11,752,002	11,387,535	10,829,840
Noninstructional services	93,311	317	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	4,156,093	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	37,468,257	30,502,830	30,266,881	29,422,526
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (5,077,359)	549,037	791,213	782,465
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds of loans	_	508,000	_	_
Insurance recovery	5,776,865	205,816	_	37,909
Sale of other property	-	200,010	_	-
Sale of transportation equipment	518	2,024	_	4,525
Operating transfers in	332,574	251,489	177,229	223,811
Other financing sources	-	201,100	21,706	
Operating transfers out	(1,281,053)	(1,149,676)	(865,050)	(841,663)
Other financing uses	(4,154)	(28)	(000,000)	(340)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,824,750	(182,375)	(666,115)	(575,758)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(252,609)	366,662	125,098	206,707
	(===,==)	,	.==,	
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	5,326,601	4,413,853	4,288,755	4,082,048
Prior period adjustments	-	38,086	-	-
Fund reclassification	-	508,000	-	
Beginning of period, as restated	 5,326,601	4,959,939	4,288,755	4,082,048
End of Period	\$ 5,073,992 \$	5,326,601 \$	4,413,853 \$	4,288,755

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 12,480,771 \$	11,891,378 \$	12,529,145 \$	13,728,146
State sources	22,536,158	21,763,835	21,222,725	20,976,096
Federal sources	6,231,985	6,446,338	6,003,990	6,001,776
Sixteenth section sources	 35,273	35,379	35,189	35,244
Total Revenues	 41,284,187	40,136,930	39,791,049	40,741,262
Expenditures:				
Instruction	23,252,209	22,200,887	22,067,658	21,977,478
Support services	15,049,126	13,620,386	14,524,193	12,647,237
Noninstructional services	2,829,868	2,549,030	2,597,654	2,658,137
Sixteenth section	2,600	800	2,935	2,850
Facilities acquisition and construction	7,605,147	-	=	70,000
Debt service:				
Principal	2,029,625	2,998,972	2,033,320	1,289,558
Interest	125,207	946,088	132,156	186,490
Other	35,962	2,850	25,500	2,300
Total Expenditures	 50,929,744	42,319,013	41,383,416	38,834,050
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (9,645,557)	(2,182,083)	(1,592,367)	1,907,212
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds of loans	4,600,000	508,000	2,580,000	-
Insurance loss recoveries	5,776,865	205,816	-	37,909
Sale of other property	300	-	-	-
Sale of transportation equipment	518	2,024	-	4,525
Operating transfer in	1,613,627	1,401,165	1,042,624	1,306,930
Other financing sources	-	-	21,706	-
Operating transfers out	(1,613,627)	(1,401,165)	(1,042,624)	(1,306,930)
Other financing uses	(33,899)	(1,362)	(17,745)	(6,380)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 10,343,784	714,478	2,583,961	36,054
Net Change in Fund Balances	 698,227	(1,467,605)	991,594	1,943,266
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	12,637,680	13,573,730	12,556,372	10,627,420
Prior period adjustments	-	508,000	(1,602)	-
Beginning of period, as restated	 12,637,680	14,081,730	12,554,770	10,627,420
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (15,866)	23,555	27,366	(14,314)
End of Period	\$ 13,320,041 \$	12,637,680 \$	13,573,730 \$	12,556,372

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District Batesville, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the South Panola School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not

express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 3, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District Batesville, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the South Panola School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the South Panola School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. South Panola School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the South Panola School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the South Panola School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the South Panola School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the South Panola School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the South Panola School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the South Panola School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 3, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITO	R'S REPORT ON COMP	LIANCE WITH STATE L	AWS AND REGULATIONS

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District Batesville, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise South Panola School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 3, 2016. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance. The district reported no classroom supply funds carried over from previous years.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 3, 2016 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fin	ancial St	atements:				
1.	Туре	Unmodified				
2.	Interna	al control over financial reporting:				
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	1?	No		
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identi	fied?	None reported		
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?					
Fed	deral Aw	ards:				
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:				
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	?	No		
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identi	fied?	None reported		
5.	Type o	of auditor's report issued on comp	liance for major programs:	Unmodified		
6.	 Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? 					
7.	Identif	cation of major programs:				
	<u>CFDA</u>	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>er</u>		
	84.010)	Title I grants to local educational en	tities		
8.	Dollar	threshold used to distinguish betv	veen type A and type B programs:	\$750,000		
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.