

The following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor, but was prepared by and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor by a private CPA firm. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	5
Management's Discussion and Analysis	9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Exhibit A - Statement of Net Position	19
Exhibit B - Statement of Activities	20
Governmental Funds Financial Statements:	
Exhibit C - Balance Sheet	21
Exhibit C-1 - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	22
Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	23
Exhibit D-1 - Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	24
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statement:	
Exhibit E - Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	25
Notes to the Financial Statements	27
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	47
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Title I-A Basic Fund	48
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - EHA, Part B Fund	49
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - QSCB Debt Retirement Fund	50
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	51
Schedule of District Contributions	52
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	53
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	55
Schedule of Instructional, Administrative, and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds	56

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

Other Information:	<u>Page</u>
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years	58
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years	59
Reports on Internal Control and Compliance:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	61
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	63
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations	66
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	69

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Eaton, Babb & Smith

Business Advisors and CPAs

Ripley

F.O. Box 498 101 S. Commerce Street Ripley, MS 38663

Phone: 662-837-3245 Fax: 662-837-3241 New Albany

P.O. Box 1001 115 W. Bankhead St New Alberty, MS 33552

Phone 662-534-2688 Fax 662-538-0318 Tupelo

P.O. Box 2421 Tupelo, MS 38803 301 W. Main Street Tupelo, MS 38804

Phone 662-520-1892 Fax: 662-269-2745

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Superintendent and School Board South Tippah School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Tippah School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Tippah School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Tippah School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 9-17 and 47-53, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the South Tippah School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative, and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative, and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2016, on our consideration of the South Tippah School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering South Tippah School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ripley, Mississippi December 14, 2016

Eaton, Babl & Smith

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of South Tippah School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2016 decreased \$1,306,162, which represents a 23.73% decrease from fiscal year 2015. Total net position for 2015 decreased \$25,393,478, including a prior period adjustment of (\$25,599,128), which represents a 127.67% decrease from fiscal year 2014.
- General revenues amounted to \$19,901,720 and \$19,185,679, or 78.96% and 79.59% of all revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$5,303,901, or 21.04% of total revenues for 2016, and \$4,919,113, or 20.41% of total revenues for 2015.
- The District had \$26,511,783 and \$23,899,142 in expenses for fiscal years 2016 and 2015; only \$5,303,901 for 2016 and \$4,919,113 for 2015 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$19,901,720 for 2016 were not adequate to provide for these programs, and general revenues of \$19,185,679 for 2015 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$20,016,584 in revenues and \$19,743,490 in expenditures for 2016, and \$19,208,338 in revenues and \$18,852,833 in expenditures in 2015. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$238,816 from 2015 to 2016, and increased by \$303,529 from 2014 to 2015.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$532,592 for 2016 and decreased by \$444,421 for 2015. The decrease for 2016 was due to the addition of one bus in the amount of \$96,225 coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$311,786 for 2016 and increased by \$140,399 for 2015. This decrease for 2016 was due primarily to the issuance of shortfall notes payable in the amount of \$50,000 and principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$1,173 for 2016 and decreased by \$5,846 for 2015.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$6,809,793 as of June 30, 2016.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentage
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	Change
Current assets	\$ 3,979,612	\$ 4,053,760	-1.83 %
Restricted assets	851,555	705,527	20.70 %
Capital assets, net	17,635,394_	18,167,986	-2.93 %
Total assets	22,466,561	22,927,273	-2.01 %
Deferred outflows of resources	6,370,628	2,882,625	121.00 %
Current liabilities	443,754	660,013	-32.77 %
Long-term debt outstanding	2,243,630	2,384,511	-5.91 %
Net pension liability	32,156,872_	24,690,007_	30.24 %
Total liabilities	34,844,256	27,734,531	25.63 %
Deferred inflows of resources	802,726	3,578,998	-77.57 %
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	15,486,439	15,727,031	-1.53 %
Restricted	1,392,337	1,513,919	-8.03 %
Unrestricted	(23,688,569)	(22,744,581)	-4.15 %
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (6,809,793)	\$ (5,503,631)	-23.73 %

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (23,688,569)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension	
liability, including the deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions	26,588,970
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ 2,900,401

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$532,592.
- The principal retirement of \$362,959 of long-term debt.

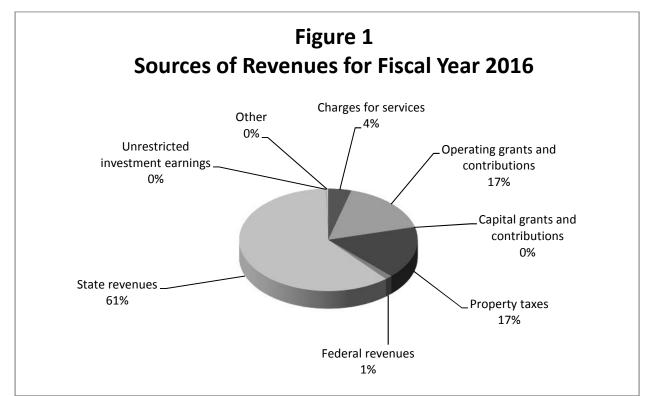
Changes in Net Position

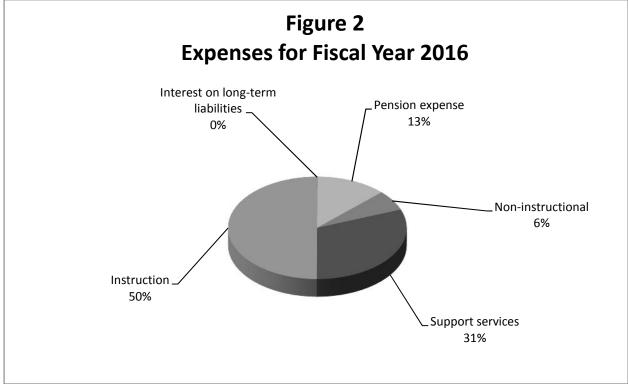
The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$25,205,621 and \$24,104,792, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$26,511,783 for 2016 and \$23,899,142 for 2015.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

					Percentage
	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015	Change
Revenues:		<u>. </u>		<u> </u>	
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	1,055,288	\$	938,184	12.48 %
Operating grants and contributions		4,207,799		3,973,542	5.90 %
Capital grants and contributions		40,814		7,387	452.51 %
General revenues:					
Property taxes		4,159,358		3,966,581	4.86 %
Grants and contributions not restricted		15,621,180		14,995,236	4.17 %
Investment earnings		35,998		34,114	5.52 %
Other		85,184		189,748	-55.11 %
Total Revenues		25,205,621		24,104,792	4.57 %
Expenses:					
Instruction		13,219,721		12,603,649	4.89 %
Support services		8,201,553		7,777,470	5.45 %
Non-instructional		1,700,960		1,676,138	1.48 %
Pension expense		3,382,126		1,834,224	84.39 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		7,423		7,661	-3.11 %
Total Expenses		26,511,783		23,899,142	10.93 %
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		(1,306,162)		205,650	-735.14 %
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(5,503,631)		19,889,847	-127.67 %
Prior Period Adjustments				(25,599,128)	100.00 %
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as restated		(5,503,631)		(5,709,281)	3.60 %
Net Position (Deficit), June 30	\$	(6,809,793)	\$	(5,503,631)	-23.73 %





Governmental Activities

The following table presents the cost of five major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Percentage				
		2016 2015				
Instruction	\$	13,219,721	\$	12,603,649	4.89 %	
Support services		8,201,553		7,777,470	5.45 %	
Non-instructional		1,700,960		1,676,138	1.48 %	
Pension expense		3,382,126		1,834,224	84.39 %	
Interest on long-term liabilities		7,423		7,661	-3.11 %	
Total expenses	\$	26,511,783	\$	23,899,142	10.93 %	
		Percentage				
		2016		2015	Change	
Instruction	\$	(10,230,963)	\$	(9,926,262)	3.07 %	
Support services		(7,336,259)		(6,948,044)	5.59 %	
Non-instructional		(251,111)		(263,838)	-4.82 %	
Pension expense		(3,382,126)		(1,834,224)	84.39 %	
Interest on long-term liabilities		(7,423)		(7,661)	-3.11 %	
Total net (expense) revenue	\$	(21,207,882)	\$	(18,980,029)	11.74 %	

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$21,207,882 for 2016 and \$18,980,029 for 2015) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,159,358 for 2016 and \$3,966,581 for 2015) and state and federal revenues (\$15,621,180 for 2016 and \$14,995,236 for 2015).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$35,998 for 2016 and \$34,114 for 2015.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,581,881, an increase of \$112,525, which includes an increase in inventory of \$1,491. \$1,636,659 or 35.72% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,945,222 or 64.28% is either nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$238,816. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$273,326, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$1,491. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increas	se (Decrease)
Title I-A Basic	no incre	ease or decrease
EHA, Part B	no incre	ease or decrease
QSCB Debt Retirement	\$	147,035

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2016, the District's total capital assets were \$28,662,644, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$128,973 from 2015. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016, was \$11,027,250, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$708,216, resulting in total net capital assets of \$17,635,394.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

					Percentage
	_ Ju	ne 30, 2016	me 30, 2015	Change	
Land	\$	238,944	\$	238,944	0.00 %
Buildings		14,587,541		14,978,226	-2.61 %
Building improvements		365,745		396,911	-7.85 %
Improvements other than buildings		1,208,427		1,267,793	-4.68 %
Mobile equipment		976,492		999,361	-2.29 %
Furniture and equipment		258,245		286,751	-9.94 %
Total	\$	17,635,394	\$	18,167,986	-2.93 %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2016, the District had \$2,435,684 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$192,054 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$1,173 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

				Percentage
	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Change	
Three mill notes payable	\$	148,955	\$ 440,955	-66.22 %
Shortfall notes payable		104,062	125,021	-16.76 %
Qualified school construction bonds payable		2,000,000	2,000,000	0.00 %
Compensated absences payable		182,667	 181,494	0.65 %
Total	\$	2,435,684	\$ 2,747,470	-11.35 %

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The South Tippah School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and an internal financial control is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

Enrollment for the 2015-2016 year was 2,839 students.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the South Tippah School District, 402 Greenlee Avenue, Ripley, MS 38663.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Exhibit A

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,911,331
Due from other governments	1,033,046
Accrued interest receivable	7,771
Inventories	27,464
Restricted assets	851,555
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	238,944
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	14,587,541
Building improvements	365,745
Improvements other than buildings	1,208,427
Mobile equipment	976,492
Furniture and equipment	258,245
Total Assets	22,466,561
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pensions	6,370,628
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	249,286
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	2,414
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	148,955
Non-capital related liabilities	43,099
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	2,000,000
Non-capital related liabilities	243,630
Net pension liability	32,156,872
Total Liabilities	34,844,256
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pensions	802,726
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	15,486,439
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	382,127
Debt service	943,913
Capital improvements	10,418
Unemployment benefits	55,879
Unrestricted	(23,688,569)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (6,809,793)

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Exhibit B

			Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
						Operating		Capital			
F		E	(Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental	
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities:	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities		
Instruction	\$	13,219,721	\$	828,252	\$	2,154,506	\$	6,000	\$	(10,230,963)	
Support services		8,201,553	·	-	·	859,355	·	5,939	·	(7,336,259)	
Non-instructional		1,700,960		227,036		1,193,938		28,875		(251,111)	
Pension expense		3,382,126		_		-		-		(3,382,126)	
Interest on long-term liabilities		7,423		-	. <u></u>			-		(7,423)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	26,511,783	\$	1,055,288	\$	4,207,799	\$	40,814	\$	(21,207,882)	
	C	General Revenu	es:								
		Taxes:									
		General pu	ırpos	e levies						3,865,628	
		Debt purpo	ose le	evies						293,730	
	Unrestricted grants and contributions:										
		State								15,294,810	
		Federal								326,370	
		Unrestricted	inve	stment earnin	ıgs					35,998	
		Other								85,184	
		Total Go	enera	al Revenues						19,901,720	
	(Change in Net	Posit	tion						(1,306,162)	
	Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning							(5,503,631)			
	N	let Position (D	efici	t) - Ending					\$	(6,809,793)	

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

Exhibit C

	Major Funds										
			7	Γitle I-A	ЕНА	Q	SCB Debt		Other		Total
		General		Basic	Part B	R	etirement	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,373,623	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	537,708	\$	2,911,331
Investments		-		-	-		851,555		-		851,555
Due from other governments		478,566		295,695	82,935		-		175,850		1,033,046
Accrued interest receivable		1,472		-	-		6,095		204		7,771
Due from other funds		542,568		-	-		-		-		542,568
Inventories		-		-	-		-		27,464		27,464
Total Assets	\$	3,396,229	\$	295,695	\$ 82,935	\$	857,650	\$	741,226	\$	5,373,735
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	209,100	\$	-	\$ 3,069	\$	-	\$	37,117	\$	249,286
Due to other funds		-		295,695	79,866		-		167,007		542,568
Unearned revenue		-		-	-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		209,100		295,695	 82,935		-		204,124		791,854
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Inventory		-		-	-		-		27,464		27,464
Restricted:											
Debt service		-		-	-		857,650		88,677		946,327
Capital projects		-		-	-		-		10,418		10,418
Grant activities		-		-	-		-		42,848		42,848
Unemployment benefits		-		-	-		-		55,879		55,879
Food services		-		-	-		-		234,105		234,105
Assigned:											
Capital improvements		1,318,331		-	-		-		-		1,318,331
Activity funds		232,139		-	-		-		-		232,139
Vocational center maintenance		-		-	-		-		77,711		77,711
Unassigned		1,636,659		-	-		-		-		1,636,659
Total Fund Balances		3,187,129		-	 -		857,650		537,102		4,581,881
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,396,229	\$	295,695	\$ 82,935	\$	857,650	\$	741,226	\$	5,373,735

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Exhibit C-1

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$ 4,581,881
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement	
of Net Position are different because:	
1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Land \$ 238,94	
Buildings 20,979,18	
Building improvements 878,55	
Improvements other than buildings 1,664,08	
Mobile equipment 3,483,46	5
Furniture and equipment 1,418,41	4
Accumulated depreciation (11,027,25)	0) 17,635,394
2. Some liabilities, including net position obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Net pension liability (32,156,87)	2)
Net pension hability (32,130,87	2)
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions are applicable to future periods	
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	n
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions 6,370,62	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (802,72)	<u>(26,588,970)</u>
3. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the	
current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Limited obligation bonds (2,000,00	0)
Notes payable (253,01	7)
Compensated absences (182,66	7)
Accrued interest payable (2,41	4) (2,438,098)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$ (6,809,793)

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Exhibit D

	Major Funds						
		Title I-A	ЕНА	QSCB Debt	Other	Total	
	General	Basic	Part B	Retirement	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
REVENUES:							
Local sources	\$ 4,492,588	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,279	\$ 795,225	\$ 5,306,092	
State sources	15,208,571	-	-	-	927,397	16,135,968	
Federal sources	315,425	768,111	616,119	-	2,022,232	3,721,887	
Total Revenues	20,016,584	768,111	616,119	18,279	3,744,854	25,163,947	
EXPENDITURES:							
Instruction	12,050,360	718,098	325,899	-	1,417,107	14,511,464	
Support services	7,356,742	35,110	286,023	-	772,950	8,450,825	
Non-instructional	336,388	10,278	352	-	1,425,194	1,772,212	
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	362,959	362,959	
Interest	-	-	-	-	12,132	12,132	
Other			-	1,763	-	1,763	
Total Expenditures	19,743,490	763,486	612,274	1,763	3,990,342	25,111,355	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	273,094	4,625	3,845	16,516	(245,488)	52,592	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Bonds and notes issued	50,000	-	-	-	-	50,000	
Insurance recovery	6,974	-	-	-	-	6,974	
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	-	-	-	130,519	-	130,519	
Payment to QSCB escrow agent	-	-	-	-	(130,519)	(130,519)	
Sale of transportation equipment	1,027	-	-	-	-	1,027	
Sale of other property	441	-	-	-	-	441	
Operating transfers in	57,698	-	-	-	150,418	208,116	
Operating transfers out	(150,418)	(4,625)	(3,845)	-	(49,228)	(208,116)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(34,278)	(4,625)	(3,845)	130,519	(29,329)	58,442	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	238,816	-	-	147,035	(274,817)	111,034	
FUND BALANCES:							
July 1, 2015	2,948,313	-	-	710,615	810,428	4,469,356	
Increase in Reserve for Inventory					1,491	1,491	
June 30, 2016	\$ 3,187,129	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 857,650	\$ 537,102	\$ 4,581,881	

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Exhibit D-1

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	111,034
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 			
Capital outlay \$ Depreciation expense	179,067 (708,216)		(529,149)
2. In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the govenmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.	(,)		(3,443)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:			
Notes issued	(50,000)		
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	362,959 4,709		317,668
4. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
Change in compensated absences	(1,173)		
Change in inventory reserve	1,491		
District pension contributions	2,179,536		
Pension expense (3,382,126)	(1,202,272)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (1,306,162)

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2016

Exhibit E

	Agency Funds	
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	835,229
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	835,229
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	791,375
Due to student clubs		43,854
Total Liabilities	\$	835,229

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, South Tippah School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I-A Basic Fund – This fund accounts for a federal grant which is used to supplement educational services for disadvantaged children.

EHA, Part B Fund – This fund accounts for a federal grant which is used to provide for requirements of special needs students.

QSCB Debt Retirement Fund – This fund is used to account for the investment and payment to escrow accounts held for the principal repayment of the QSCB bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund – This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Funds – These funds are used to account for the transactions of student clubs.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency funds are used to report resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting*, issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association, and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems*, 2003, issued by the U. S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders, and contracts.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows and Net Position/Fund Balances

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the District are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	Policy	_Useful Life_
Land	\$0	0
Buildings	\$50,000	40 years
Building improvements	\$25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	\$25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	\$5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	\$5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

^(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The District's deferred outflows of resources are related to pensions and are described in Note 7.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The District's deferred inflows of resources are related to pensions. See Note 7 for further details.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The District pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-Term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the District:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the school board pursuant to authorization established by state law.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Estimates are used when accounting for realizability of receivables, depreciation, pension expense, pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by the statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), and bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$2,911,331 and \$835,229, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the District.

Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	_Fair Value_
U.S. Government securities	AAA	8	\$ 851,555

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

• U.S. Government Securities of \$851,555 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The District does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, the District did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	\$ 295,695
General Fund	EHA, Part B Fund	79,866
General Fund	Other governmental funds	167,007
Total		\$ 542,568

Inter-fund receivables and payables consist primarily of loans from the General Fund to various special revenue funds to cover cash deficits in pooled bank accounts.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 150,418
Title I-A Basic Fund	General Fund	4,625
EHA, Part B Fund	General Fund	3,845
Other governmental funds	General Fund	49,228
Total		\$ 208,116

Inter-fund transfers were made for budgetary purposes and for the payment of indirect costs.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the investment balance of \$851,555 in the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund described in Note 10.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities:	July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2016
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 238,944	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 238,944
Total non-depreciable capital assets	238,944			238,944
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	20,979,186	-	-	20,979,186
Building improvements	878,552	-	-	878,552
Improvements other than buildings	1,664,083	-	-	1,664,083
Mobile equipment	3,391,232	124,927	32,694	3,483,465
Furniture and equipment	1,381,674	54,140	17,400	1,418,414
Total depreciable capital assets	28,294,727	179,067	50,094	28,423,700
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	6,000,960	390,685	-	6,391,645
Building improvements	481,641	31,166	-	512,807
Improvements other than buildings	396,290	59,366	-	455,656
Mobile equipment	2,391,871	144,527	29,425	2,506,973
Furniture and equipment	1,094,923	82,472	17,226	1,160,169
Total accumulated depreciation	10,365,685	708,216	46,651	11,027,250
Total depreciable capital assets, net	17,929,042	(529,149)	3,443	17,396,450
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,167,986	\$ (529,149)	\$ 3,443	\$ 17,635,394

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental Activities:	
Instruction	\$ 256,549
Support services	425,963
Non-instructional	25,704
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 708,216

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance	A 1100	5 1 2	Balance	Amounts Due Within One
	_	July 1, 2015	 Additions	 Reductions	June 30, 2016	Year
A. Three mill notes payable	\$	440,955	\$ -	\$ 292,000 \$	148,955 \$	148,955
B. Shortfall notes payable		125,021	50,000	70,959	104,062	43,099
C. Qualified school construction						
bonds payable		2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	-
D. Compensated absences payable	_	181,494	 1,173	 -	182,667	
Total	\$_	2,747,470	\$ 51,173	\$ 362,959 \$	52,435,684_\$	192,054

A. Three Mill Notes Payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
1. Limited Tax Note, Series 2015	2.00%	4/1/15	4/1/17	\$ 294,955	\$148,955_

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending				
June 30,	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$	148,955 \$	2,979 \$	151,934

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Notes Debt Service Fund.

B. Shortfall Notes Payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
1. Revenue Shortfall Note, Series 2014	2.00%	9/23/14	9/23/17	\$	80,300 \$	54,062
2. Revenue Shortfall Note, Series 2015	2.00%	8/25/15	8/25/18	_	50,000	50,000
Total				\$	130,300 \$	104,062

The amount outstanding is included in due from other governments on the Statement of Net Position.

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Shortfall notes payable issue of 2014:

Year Ending June 30,	Year Ending June 30,		 Interest	 Total	
2017	\$	26,763	\$ 1,081	\$ 27,844	
2018	_	27,299	 545	 27,844	
Total	\$	54,062	\$ 1,626	\$ 55,688	

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Note Debt Service Fund.

2. Shortfall notes payable issue of 2015:

Year Ending June 30,	g	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$	16,336 \$	1,003 \$	17,339
2018		16,665	674	17,339
2019	_	16,999	340	17,339
Total	\$	50,000 \$	2,017 \$	52,017

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Note Debt Service Fund.

Total shortfall notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending

June 30,		Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2017	\$	43,099	\$	2,084	\$	45,183
2018		43,964		1,219		45,183
2019	_	16,999	_	340	_	17,339
Total	\$	104,062	\$_	3,643	\$_	107,705

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

C. Qualified School Construction Bonds Payable

As more fully explained in Note 10, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
1. Limited Tax Note, Series 2009	0.00%	9/15/09	9/15/23 \$	2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The School District contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended), and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$2,179,536, \$2,046,924, and \$1,957,608, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the School District reported a liability of \$32,156,872 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net position liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability was 0.208027 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015. This was an increase of 0.004619 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2015 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,382,126. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Def	erred Outflows	Deferred Inflows			
		of Resources	of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$	741,490	\$	-		
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan						
investments		-		802,726		
Changes of assumptions		2,770,205		-		
Changes in proportion and differences						
between District contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions		679,397		-		
District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		2,179,536				
Total	\$	6,370,628	\$	802,726		

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

\$2,179,536 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 1,220,361
2018	1,154,227
2019	543,397
2020	 470,380
	\$ 3,388,365

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75 – 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	34 %	5.20 %
International Equity	19	5.00 %
Emerging Markets Equity	8	5.45 %
Fixed Income	20	0.25 %
Real Assets	10	4.00 %
Private Equity	8	6.15 %
Cash	1	(0.50) %
Total	100 %	

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent, a decrease of 0.25 percentage points since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase					
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)					
District's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$ 42,385,703	\$ 32,156,872	\$ 23,668,854					

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Contingencies

Federal Grants - The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation - The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that the ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 9 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 71 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member.

Note 9 – Risk Management (Continued)

Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The District has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 10 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. The District has not received any interest subsidy payments.

The School District makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U.S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit in the school district's sinking fund at June 30, 2016, was \$851,555. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30,	Amount
2017	\$ 145,000
2018	145,000
2019	145,000
2020	145,000
2021	145,000
2022-2024	435,000
Total	\$ 1,160,000

The EEF Buildings and Buses revenue has been pledged for this debt. On November 9, 2009, the South Tippah School Board pledged its EEF Buildings and Buses revenue of \$73,774 annually for payment on the Qualified School Construction Bonds, subject to any prior pledge for the benefit of any obligation that is currently outstanding. The debt issued was for the purpose of construction, repairs, and equipment for the school district. The commitment began with fiscal year 2011 and ends with fiscal year 2025. The revenue from the state varies from year to year. For fiscal year 2016, the EEF revenue was \$81,709 and \$68,110 of these funds were applied to the required sinking fund payment. The remainder of the sinking fund payment of \$62,409 was paid with ad valorem taxes levied for the repayment of debt and with interest earnings in the sinking fund.

Note 11 - Alternative School Consortium

The school district entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated March 20, 1996 and revised October 1999, creating the New Albany, South Tippah, Union County Behavioral Management School. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the New Albany School District, the South Tippah School District and the Union County School District.

Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), allows two or more adjacent school districts to enter into a contract to operate an alternative school program. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. Transportation for students attending the alternative school program will be the responsibility of the individual school district sending the students.

The New Albany School District has been designated as the lead school district for the New Albany, South Tippah, Union County Behavioral Management School, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

Note 12 - Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated August 24, 1981, creating the North and South Tippah County Vocational-Technical Center. This center was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and was approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The center includes the North Tippah School District and the South Tippah School District. The name of the center has been changed to the Tippah Career and Technology Center.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed, and detailed procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The South Tippah School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Tippah Career and Technology Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance is presented to detail the financial activity of the Tippah Career and Technology Center.

Note 12 – Vocational School Consortium (Continued)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues	
Local sources:	
Taxes	\$ 270,897
Interest	668
Total local sources	271,565
State sources	490,440
Total Revenues	762,005
Expenditures	
Salaries	479,640
Employee benefits	159,688
Purchased property services	44,575
Other purchased services	51,600
Supplies	23,593
Total Expenditures	759,096
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,909
Other Financing Sources/Uses:	
Operating transfers in	6,222
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses	6,222
Net Change in Fund Balance	9,131
Fund Balance:	
July 1, 2015	68,580
June 30, 2016	\$ 77,711

Note 13 – Insurance Loss Recoveries

The South Tippah School District received \$6,974 in an insurance loss recovery related to damage to a bus during the 2015-2016 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recovery was reported as other general revenues.

Note 14 – Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the South Tippah School District evaluated the activity of the District through December 14, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Variances

				Positive (Negative)					
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final				
	Original Final		(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual				
REVENUES:									
Local sources	\$ 4,338,860	\$ 4,492,588	\$ 4,492,588	\$ 153,728	\$ -				
State sources	15,115,883	15,216,746	15,208,571	100,863	(8,175)				
Federal sources	110,000	315,425	315,425	205,425					
Total Revenues	19,564,743	20,024,759	20,016,584	460,016	(8,175)				
EXPENDITURES:									
Instruction	12,360,827	12,050,360	12,050,360	310,467	-				
Support services	7,213,499	7,356,742	7,356,742	(143,243)	-				
Non-instructional	236,500	336,388	336,388	(99,888)					
Total Expenditures	19,810,826	19,743,490	19,743,490	67,336					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	(246,083)	281,269	273,094	527,352	(8,175)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Bonds and notes issued	55,000	50,000	50,000	(5,000)	-				
Insurance recovery	-	6,974	6,974	6,974	-				
Sale of transportation equipment	-	1,027	1,027	1,027	-				
Sale of other property	-	441	441	441	-				
Operating transfers in	183,922	57,698	57,698	(126,224)	-				
Operating transfers out	(193,922)	(150,418)	(150,418)	43,504					
Total Other Financing Uses	45,000	(34,278)	(34,278)	(79,278)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(201,083)	246,991	238,816	448,074	(8,175)				
FUND BALANCE:									
July 1, 2015	2,948,313	2,948,313	2,948,313						
June 30, 2016	\$ 2,747,230	\$ 3,195,304	\$ 3,187,129	\$ 448,074	\$ (8,175)				

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - TITLE I-A BASIC FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

						Variances Positive (Negative)				
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual)riginal		inal
	(Original		Final	(GA	AP Basis)	t	o Final	to A	Actual
REVENUES:										
Federal sources	\$	689,351	\$	768,111	\$	768,111	\$	78,760	\$	-
Total Revenues		689,351		768,111		768,111		78,760		-
EXPENDITURES:										
Instruction		636,719		718,098		718,098		(81,379)		-
Support services		38,876		35,110		35,110		3,766		-
Non-instructional		9,434		10,278		10,278		(844)		
Total Expenditures		685,029		763,486		763,486		(78,457)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures		4,322		4,625		4,625		303		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Operating transfers out		(4,322)		(4,625)		(4,625)		(303)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,322)		(4,625)		(4,625)		(303)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE:										
July 1, 2015		-		-		-		-		-
June 30, 2016	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - EHA, PART B FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Variances

								Positive (Negat	ive)
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Original		Final		
)riginal		Final	(GA	AP Basis)	to Final		to Actual	
REVENUES:										
Federal sources	\$	627,676	\$	616,119	\$	616,119	\$	(11,557)	\$	-
Total Revenues		627,676		616,119		616,119		(11,557)		-
EXPENDITURES:										
Instruction		395,628		325,899		325,899		69,729		-
Support services		226,903		286,023		286,023		(59,120)		-
Non-instructional		1,000		352		352		648		-
Total Expenditures		623,531		612,274		612,274		11,257		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures		4,145		3,845		3,845		(300)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Operating transfers out		(4,145)		(3,845)		(3,845)		300		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,145)		(3,845)		(3,845)		300		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE:										
July 1, 2015		-		-						-
June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - QSCB DEBT RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Variances

							Positive (Negative)				
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Original	I	inal		
		Original		Final	(GA	AP Basis)	to Final		to .	Actual	
REVENUES:											
Local sources	\$	-	\$	18,279	\$	18,279	\$	18,279	\$	_	
Total Revenues		-		18,279		18,279		18,279	,	-	
EXPENDITURES:											
Debt service:											
Other		-		1,763		1,763		(1,763)		-	
Total Expenditures		-		1,763		1,763		(1,763)			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over (under) Expenditures		-		16,516		16,516		16,516			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent		-		130,519		130,519		130,519		-	
Total Other Financing Sources		-		130,519		130,519		130,519		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		147,035		147,035		147,035		-	
FUND BALANCE:											
July 1, 2015		710,615		710,615		710,615		-		-	
June 30, 2016	\$	710,615	\$	857,650	\$	857,650	\$	147,035	\$		

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - PERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.208027%	0.203408%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 32,156,872	\$ 24,690,007
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,996,343	\$ 12,429,257
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability	61.70%	67.21%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,179,536	\$ 2,046,924
Contributions in relation to the contractually		
required contribution	2,179,536	2,046,924
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$13,838,339	\$12,996,343
Contributions as a percentage of covered-		
employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

1. Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budgets, the final legally adopted budgets, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

2. Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and is filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

PENSION SCHEDULES

1. Changes of Assumptions

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:		
School breakfast program	10.553	\$ 354,851
National school lunch program	10.555	1,056,233
Summer food service program for children	10.559	12,678
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		1,423,762
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		1,423,762
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		1,423,762
Federal Communications Commission		
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:	22 37377	220.156
The schools and libraries program of the Universal Service Fund	32.XXX	229,156
Total Federal Communications Commission		229,156
U.S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	768,111
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	45,150
Twenty-first century community learning centers	84.287	365,408
Rural education	84.358	75,970
English language acquisition grants	84.365	28,737
Improving teacher quality - state grants	84.367	105,113
Subtotal		1,388,489
Special education cluster:		
Special education - grants to states	84.027	617,727
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	16,329
Total special education cluster		634,056
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		2,022,545
Total U.S. Department of Education		2,022,545
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Medical assistance program	93.778	21,566
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		21,566
U.S. Department of Transportation		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Transportation:	20.205	7.010
Highway planning and construction	20.205	5,810
Total U.S. Transportation		5,810
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 3,702,839

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.
- 3. The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND OTHER EXPENDITURES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 19,189,958	\$ 15,158,692	\$ 761,501	\$ 1,198,860	\$ 2,070,905
Other	5,921,397	1,566,505	262,935	87,108	4,004,849
Total	\$ 25,111,355	\$ 16,725,197	\$ 1,024,436	\$ 1,285,968	\$ 6,075,754
Total number of students*	2,539				
Cost per student	\$ 9,890	\$ 6,587	\$ 403	\$ 507	\$ 2,393

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*}Includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

OTHER INFORMATION

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND LAST FOUR YEARS UNAUDITED

	2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
REVENUES:				
Local sources	\$ 4,492,588	\$ 4,290,518	\$ 3,829,211	\$ 3,603,905
State sources	15,208,571	14,757,425	13,945,068	13,736,732
Federal sources	315,425	160,395	131,271	134,936
Total Revenues	20,016,584	19,208,338	17,905,550	17,475,573
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction	12,050,360	11,635,477	11,456,183	10,885,199
Support services	7,356,742	6,878,694	6,797,430	6,284,087
Non-instructional	336,388	338,662	275,365	276,412
Facilities acquisition and construction			345,955	717,389
Total Expenditures	19,743,490	18,852,833	18,874,933	18,163,087
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	273,094	355,505	(969,383)	(687,514)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Bonds and notes issued	50,000	80,300	290,000	130,293
Insurance recovery	6,974	-	-	13,827
Sale of transportation equipment	1,027	-	3,349	985
Sale of other property	441	-	-	200
Operating transfers in	57,698	10,958	110,365	66,281
Operating transfers out	(150,418)	(143,186)	(110,099)	(46,611)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(34,278)	(51,928)	293,615	164,975
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	238,816	303,577	(675,768)	(522,539)
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of Period, as previously reported	2,948,313	2,644,784	3,320,552	3,843,091
Prior Period Adjustments		(48)		
Beginning of Period, as restated	2,948,313	2,644,736	3,320,552	3,843,091
End of Period	\$ 3,187,129	\$ 2,948,313	\$ 2,644,784	\$ 3,320,552

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST FOUR YEARS UNAUDITED

	2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
REVENUES:				
Local sources	\$ 5,306,092	\$ 5,100,316	\$ 4,645,829	\$ 4,383,113
Intermediate sources	-	-	18,000	19,405
State sources	16,135,968	15,671,271	14,759,284	14,532,017
Federal sources	3,721,887	3,304,894	3,320,845	3,351,632
Total Revenues	25,163,947	24,076,481	22,743,958	22,286,167
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction	14,511,464	13,841,693	13,665,448	13,119,330
Support services	8,450,825	8,076,931	7,774,652	7,191,828
Non-instructional	1,772,212	1,717,555	1,753,815	1,710,090
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	345,955	717,389
Debt service:				
Principal	362,959	229,010	126,909	139,499
Interest	12,132	10,417	7,699	6,644
Other	1,763	4,315	1,030	668
Total Expenditures	25,111,355	23,879,921	23,675,508	22,885,448
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	52,592	196,560	(931,550)	(599,281)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Bonds and notes issued	50,000	375,255	290,000	130,293
Insurance recovery	6,974	-	-	13,827
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	130,519	134,186	135,977	-
Payment to QSCB escrow agent	(130,519)	(134,186)	(135,977)	-
Sale of transportation equipment	1,027	-	3,349	985
Sale of other property	441	-	345	360
Operating transfers in	208,116	154,144	220,464	112,892
Other financing uses	(208,116)	(154,144)	(220,464)	(112,892)
Total Other Financing Sources	58,442	375,255	293,694	145,465
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	111,034	571,815	(637,856)	(453,816)
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of Period, as previously reported	4,469,356	3,894,390	4,535,745	4,996,502
Prior Period Adjustments		(48)		
Beginning of Period, as restated	4,469,356	3,894,342	4,535,745	4,996,502
Increase (Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	1,491	3,199	(3,499)	(6,941)
End of Period	\$ 4,581,881	\$ 4,469,356	\$ 3,894,390	\$ 4,535,745

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

Eaton, Babb & Smith

Business Advisors and CPAs

Ripley
F O. Box 498
101 S. Commerce Street

Ripley MS 38663

Phone: 662-837-3245 Fax: 662-837-3241 New Albany
P G Box 1861
115 W Banxhead St
New Albany, MS 38652

Phone 662-534-2638 Fax 662-538-0318 Tupelo F.O. Box 2421 Tupelo, MS 38803 301 VV Main Street Tupelo, MS 38804

Phone 662-620-1892 Fax: 662-269-2745

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board South Tippah School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of South Tippah School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise South Tippah School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered South Tippah School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of South Tippah School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of South Tippah School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether South Tippah School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of South Tippah School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering South Tippah School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ripley, Mississippi

December 14, 2016

Eaton, Babb & Smith

Eaton, Babb & Smith

Business Advisors and CPAs

Ripley

F O Box 498 101 S. Commerce Street Ripley MS 38663

Phone: 662-837-3245 Fax 682-837-3241

New Albany

P.O. Box 1001 115 W. Bankhead St. New Albany, MS 33652

Phone: 662-534-2688 Fax 662-538-0318

F.O. Box 2421

Tupelo, MS 38803 301 W. Main Street Tupelo, MS 38804

Phone: 662-520-1892 Fax: 662-269-2745

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board South Tippah School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited South Tippah School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of South Tippah School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. South Tippah School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, contracts, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of South Tippah School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about South Tippah School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of South Tippah School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, South Tippah School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of South Tippah School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered South Tippah School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of South Tippah School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ripley, Mississippi December 14, 2016

Eaton, Babb + Smith

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Eaton, Babb & Smith

Business Advisors and CPAs

Ripley
F.O. Box 498
101 S. Commerce Street
Ripley, MS 38663

Phone: 662-837-3245 Fax: 662-837-3241 New Albany
P.O. Box 1991
115 W. Bankhead St.
New Albany, MS 33652

Phone 662-534-2688 Fax 662-538-0318 Tupelo P.O. Box 2421 Tupelo, MS 38803 301 W. Main Street Tupelo, MS 38804

Phone: 662-320-1892 Fax: 662-269-2745

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board South Tippah School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Tippah School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise South Tippah School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2016. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance. The district reported no classroom supply funds carried over from previous years.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Ripley, Mississippi

Eaton, Babb + Smith

December 14, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SOUTH TIPPAH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Section 1: Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness identified?

b. Significant deficiency identified? <u>None reported</u>

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards:

4. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness identified? No

b. Significant deficiency identified?

None reported

No

5. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: <u>Unmodified</u>

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

7. Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluster

Child Nutrition Cluster:

10.553 School breakfast program 10.555 National school lunch program

10.559 Summer food service program for children

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.