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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# **CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC**

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Stone County School District

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stone County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Stone County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stone County School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 6-14, 42-44, 45 and 46, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Stone County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2016, on our consideration of the Stone County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Stone County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

# Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

December 22, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Stone County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2016 decreased \$494,143, including a prior period adjustment of \$250,235, which represents a 3% decrease from fiscal year 2015. Total net position for 2015 decreased \$26,428,285, including a prior period adjustment of (\$26,755,921), which represents a 256% decrease from fiscal year 2014.
- General revenues amounted to \$19,538,201 and \$18,327,734, or 82% and 80% of all revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,220,495, or 18% of total revenues for 2016, and \$4,625,262, or 20% of total revenues for 2015.
- The District had \$24,503,074 and \$22,625,360 in expenses for fiscal years 2016 and 2015; only \$4,220,495 for 2016 and \$4,625,262 for 2015 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$19,538,201 for 2016 were not adequate to provide for these programs and \$18,327,734 for 2015 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$18,958,092 in revenues and \$18,760,495 in expenditures for 2016, and \$18,041,612 in revenues and \$17,829,313 in expenditures in 2015. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$304,679, including a prior period adjustment of \$71,879, from 2015 to 2016, and increased by \$998,266 from 2014 to 2015.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$339,870 for 2016 and decreased by \$269,794 for 2015. The increase for 2016 was due to current year additions and a prior period adjustment of \$178,356 coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$590,183 for 2016 and decreased by \$140,842 for 2015. This decrease for 2016 was due primarily to the issuance of shortfall notes payable net of principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$5,665 for 2016 and increased by \$69,060 for 2015.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred

outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

## **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the

#### two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

## Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

# **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

## Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

# **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$16,591,093 as of June 30, 2016.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	Percentag Change	_
Current assets	\$ 4,628,610	\$	4,839,873	-4.37	%
Restricted assets	228,979		445,387	-48.59	%
Capital assets, net	6,886,654		6,546,784	5.19	%
Total assets	11,744,243	_	11,832,044	-0.74	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 5,975,481		2,512,639	137.82	%
Current liabilities	73,819		115,907	-36.31	%
Long-term debt outstanding	903,265		1,493,448	-39.52	%
Net pension liability	32,461,859		25,181,967	28.91	%
Total liabilities	33,438,943		26,791,322	24.81	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 871,874		3,650,311	-76.12	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	6,501,654		6,350,508	2.38	%
Restricted	730,824		766,093	-4.60	%
Unrestricted	(23,823,571)		(23,213,551)	-2.63	%
Total net position	\$ (16,591,093)	\$	(16,096,950)	-3.07	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (23,823,571)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions	27,358,252
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension liability effect	\$ 3,534,681

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$339,870.
- The principal retirement of \$853,333 of long-term debt.
- Issuing \$268,815 of shortfall notes payable.

# Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$23,758,696 and \$22,952,996, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$24,503,074 for 2016 and \$22,625,360 for 2015.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2016	 Year Ended June 30, 2015	Percentag Change	e
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 847,132	\$ 870,125	(2.64)	%
Operating grants and contributions	3,373,363	3,755,137	(10.17)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	5,415,260	5,629,781	(3.81)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	13,254,340	12,529,590	5.78	%
Investment earnings	28,308	10,815	161.75	%
Sixteenth section sources	153,316	144,531	6.08	%
Other	686,977	13,017	5,177.54	%
Total revenues	 23,758,696	22,952,996	3.51	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	12,014,656	11,309,690	6.23	%
Support services	7,834,302	8,083,202	(3.08)	%
Non-instructional	1,399,869	1,437,070	(2.59)	%
Sixteenth section sources	36,110	51,369	(29.70)	%
Pension expense	3,191,170	1,717,507	85.80	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 26,967	 26,522	1.68	%
Total expenses	24,503,074	22,625,360	8.30	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(744,378)	327,636	(327.20)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(16,096,950)	10,331,335	(255.81)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	250,235	(26,755,921)	100.94	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (15,846,715)	 (16,424,586)	3.52	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (16,591,093)	\$ (16,096,950)	(3.07)	%

## **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total I	Percentage	9		
		2016		2015	Change	
Instruction	\$	12,014,656	\$	11,309,690	6.23 %	%
Support services		7,834,302		8,083,202	(3.08) %	%
Non-instructional		1,399,869		1,437,070	(2.59) %	%
Sixteenth section		36,110		51,369	(29.70) %	%
Pension Expense		3,191,170		1,717,507	85.80 %	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		26,967		26,522	1.68 %	%
Total expenses	\$	24,503,074	\$	22,625,360	8.30	%
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage	е
		Net (Exper 2016	nse)	Revenue 2015	Percentage Change	e 
Instruction	<u> </u>		nse) 		Change	e 
Instruction Support services	\$	2016		2015	<b>Change</b> 9.10 %	
	\$	<b>2016</b> (10,420,964)		<b>2015</b> (9,551,318)	9.10 % (0.71) %	<u>~</u>
Support services	\$	<b>2016</b> (10,420,964) (6,717,715)		<b>2015</b> (9,551,318) (6,765,582)	9.10 % (0.71) % 17.66 %	% %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2016 (10,420,964) (6,717,715) 110,347		2015 (9,551,318) (6,765,582) 93,786	9.10 9 (0.71) 9 17.66 9 9.57 9	% % %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$	2016 (10,420,964) (6,717,715) 110,347 (36,110)		2015 (9,551,318) (6,765,582) 93,786 (32,955)	9.10 9 (0.71) 9 17.66 9 9.57 9 85.80 9	 % % %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$20,282,579 for 2016 and \$18,000,098 for 2015) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,415,260 for 2016 and \$5,629,781 for 2015) and state and federal revenues (\$13,254,340 for 2016 and \$12,529,590 for 2015). In addition, there was \$153,316 and \$144,531 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$28,308 for 2016 and \$10,815 for 2015.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,786,871, a decrease of \$389,793, including a prior period adjustment of \$71,879, and which includes a decrease in inventory of \$12,470. \$3,367,896 or 70% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$1,418,975 or 30% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$304,679, including a prior period adjustment of \$71,879. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$694,254, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$12,470, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I fund	\$ (218)
IDEA Part B Fund	No increase or decrease

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2016, the District's total capital assets were \$15,942,886, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$341,366 from 2015. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016, was \$9,056,232, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$296,657, resulting in total net capital assets of \$6,886,654.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Jı	une 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2015	Percentage Change	
Land	\$	353,110	\$	353,110	0.00 %	,
Buildings		5,203,546		5,352,448	(2.78) %	)
Building improvements		140,539		491,543	(71.41) %	)
Improvements other than buildings		455,409		-	N/A %	)
Mobile equipment		657,206		240,362	173.42 %	)
Furniture and equipment		76,844		109,321	(29.71) %	)
Total	\$	6,886,654	\$	6,546,784	5.19 %	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2016, the District had \$903,265 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$354,383 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$5,665 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Ju	une 30, 2015	Percentage Change			
General obligation bonds payable	\$	-	\$	195,000	(100.00)	%
Three mill notes payable		385,000		500,000	(23.00)	%
Shortfall notes payable		321,402		595,920	(46.07)	%
Compensated absences payable		196,863		202,528	(2.80)	%
Total	\$	903,265	\$	1,493,448	(39.52)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

## **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Stone County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Stone County School District, 214 Critz Street, Wiggins, MS 39777.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit .
June 30, 2016	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,033,631
Investments	600,372
Due from other governments	972,924
Inventories	21,683
Restricted assets	228,979
Capital assets, non-depreciable:  Land	353,110
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	333,110
Buildings	5,203,546
Building improvements	140,539
Improvements other than buildings	455,409
Mobile equipment	657,206
Furniture and equipment	76,844
Total Assets	11,744,243
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	5,975,481
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,975,48
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	70,718
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	3,101
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	285,000
Non-capital related liabilities	69,383
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	100,000
Non-capital related liabilities	448,882
Net pension liability	32,461,859
Total Liabilities	33,438,943
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	871,874
Total deferred inflows of resources	871,874
Net Position	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,501,654
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	268,503
Debt service	239,422
Forestry improvements	70,059
Unemployment benefits	29,340
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section	123,500
Unrestricted	(23,823,571
Total Net Position	\$ (16,591,093
	+ ( -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -,

		STONE	CC	OUNTY SCHOOL	_ [	DISTRICT			
Statement of Activities									Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20	16								Net (Expense)
									Revenue and
									Changes in
					Pı	ogram Revenu	es		Net Position
						Operating		Capital	
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:									
Instruction	\$	12,014,656	\$	461,287	\$	1,132,405	\$	-	\$ (10,420,964)
Support services		7,834,302		-		1,116,587		-	(6,717,715)
Non-instructional		1,399,869		385,845		1,124,371		-	110,347
Sixteenth section		36,110		-		-		-	(36,110)
Pension expense		3,191,170		-		-		-	(3,191,170)
Interest on long-term liabilities _		26,967				-			 (26,967)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	24,503,074	\$	847,132	\$	3,373,363	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ (20,282,579)
				General Revenu	00				
				Taxes:		•			
				General pur	'nc	se levies			5,199,591
				Debt purpos	•				215,669
						ants and contril	outi	ons:	,
				State	_				12,799,606
				Federal					454,734
				Unrestricted	in۱	estment earnir	ıgs		28,308
				Sixteenth se	cti	on	-		153,316
				Other					686,977
				Total Ger	ner	al Revenues			 19,538,201
				Change in Net F	os	sition			 (744,378)
				Net Position - B	_	0. 0	nall	y reported	(16,096,950)
				Prior period adju					 250,235
				Net Position - B	eg	inning, as resta	atec	i	 (15,846,715)
				Net Position - E	nd	ing			\$ (16,591,093)

Governmental Funds										
Balance Sheet										Exhibit C
June 30, 2016										
			Maj	or Funds			-	0:1		<b>-</b>
		Conorol		Title		IDEA		Other		Total Governmental
		General Fund		Title I Fund		Part B Fund		Governmental Funds		Funds
Assets		1 unu		1 unu		Tuliu		i unus		i unus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,822,697	\$	_	\$	_	\$	316,413	\$	3,139,110
Investments	Ψ	600,372	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	123,500	Ψ	723,872
Due from other governments		629,868		66,353		42,601		230,812		969,634
Due from other funds		212,424		-				154		212,578
Inventories				_		_		21,683		21,683
Total assets		4,265,361		66,353		42,601		692,562		5,066,877
Total addets		4,200,001		00,000		72,001		002,002		0,000,011
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	50,145	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20,573	\$	70,718
Due to other funds		-		66,353		42,601		100,334		209,288
Total Liabilities		50,145		66,353		42,601		120,907		280,006
Nonspendable:										
Inventory		-		_		_		21,683		21,683
Permanent fund principal		-		_		_		123,500		123,500
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		-		242,523		242,523
Forestry improvement		-		-		-		70,059		70,059
Grant activities		-		-		-		84,550		84,550
Unemployment benefits		-		-		-		29,340		29,340
Assigned:										
School activities		162,270		-		-		_		162,270
Instruction		118,061		-		-		-		118,061
Future capital projects		566,989		-		-		-		566,989
Unassigned	_	3,367,896	_	-				_		3,367,896
Total Fund Balances		4,215,216						571,655		4,786,871
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,265,361	\$	66,353	\$	42,601	\$	692,562	\$	5,066,877

STONE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds				
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of June 30, 2016	Net Po	osition	Exhibit C	<u>■</u> ⊱1
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	4,786,87	<b>7</b> 1
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
<ol> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>				
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	353,110 10,481,557 146,395 1,043,345 3,188,069 730,410 (9,056,232)	6,886,65	54
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Net pension liability		(32,461,859)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		5,975,481 (871,874)	(27,358,25	52)
3. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:				
Three mill notes payable Shortfall notes Compensated absences Accrued interest payable		(385,000) (321,402) (196,863) (3,101)	(906,36	36)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	(16,591,09	93)

# STONE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances **Exhibit D** For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 Major Funds **IDEA** Other Total General Title I Part B Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Revenues: - \$ Local sources 5,751,949 \$ - \$ 712,331 \$ 6,464,280 State sources 12,606,396 776,018 13,382,414 454,734 706,828 1,594,236 3,245,289 Federal sources 489,491 Sixteenth section sources 145,013 15,639 160,652 **Total Revenues** 18,958,092 706,828 489,491 3,098,224 23,252,635 **Expenditures:** Instruction 11,710,712 287,598 312,533 972,472 13,283,315 393,310 Support services 7,047,356 167,120 1,075,757 8,683,543 Noninstructional services 26,138 758 1,419,398 1,446,294 Sixteenth section 2,427 33,683 36,110 Facilities acquisition and construction 146,395 146,395 Debt service: Principal 853,333 853,333 Interest 27,724 27,724 Other 18,760,495 707,046 **Total Expenditures** 480,411 4,528,762 24,476,714 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 197,597 (218)9,080 (1,430,538)(1,224,079)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bonds and notes issued 64,623 204.192 268.815 Insurance recovery 5,700 5,700 Operating transfers in 131,825 666,945 798,770 Other financing sources 500,000 500,362 362 Operating transfers out (666, 945)(9,080)(122,745)(798,770)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 35,203 -(9.080)748,754 774,877 Net Change in Fund Balances 232,800 (218)(681,784)(449,202)Fund Balances: July 1, 2015, as originally reported 218 3,910,537 1,265,909 5,176,664 Prior period adjustments 71,879 71,879 July 1, 2015, as restated 3,982,416 218 1,265,909 5,248,543 Increase in reserve for inventory (12,470)(12,470)-June 30, 2016 4,215,216 \$ - \$ - \$ 571,655 \$ 4,786,871

STONE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	5	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (449,202)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 467,895 (296,657)	171,238
<ol> <li>In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.</li> </ol>	e	(9,724)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Bonds and notes issued Payments of debt principal Amortization of deferred amount on refunding Accrued interest payable	(268,815) 853,333 (3,454) 4,211	585,275
The statement of activities reports pension expense and other activity related to net pension liability:     Pension expense     Contributions made after the measurement date	(3,191,170) 2,156,011	(1,035,159)
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	Э	
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve	5,665 (12,470)	(6,805)
Rounding	g	(1)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (744,378)

Fiduciary Funds				
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E		
June 30, 2016				
		Agency Funds		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	812,556		
Total Assets	\$	812,556		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	796,735		
Due to other funds		3,290		
Due to student clubs		12,531		
Total Liabilities	\$	812,556		

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Stone County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

# B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources
  imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund provides revenues for children with disabilities with a free and appropriate education.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2003,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

## D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

## E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

## 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

## Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

## 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

## 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

# 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

## 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

# 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
	_	_	_
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

<sup>(\*)</sup> The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

## 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$5,975,481 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$871,874 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan.

See Note 12 for further details.

## 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

## 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

## 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization by the policy adopted by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$3,139,110 and \$812,556, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

## Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the district had the following investments.

	Maturities			
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)		Fair Value
United States Treasuries Certificates of deposit	AA+ N/A	1 to 5 1 to 5	\$	23,799 700,073
Total			\$	723,872

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

 United States Treasuries and certificates of deposit type of investments of \$723,872 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

*Interest Rate Risk.* The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2016, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
United States Treasuries	\$ 23,799	3%
Certificates of deposit	 700,073	97%
	\$ 723,872	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

## A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	Title I Fund \$	
	IDEA Part B Fund		42,601
	Other governmental funds		100,334
	Fiduciary funds		3,136
Other governmental funds	Fiduciary funds		154
Total		\$	212,578

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

## B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 666,945
IDEA Part B Fund	General Fund	9,080
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 122,745
Total		\$ 798,770

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the general fund and into the other governmental funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

# Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the investment balance, totaling \$123,500, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$105,479, of the debt service funds whose assets are restricted for future debt service requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance				Balance
	7	/1/2015	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	6/30/2016
Governmental Activities:						·
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ :	353,110 \$	- \$	<u>-</u>	\$ - \$	353,110
Total non-depreciable capital assets	;	353,110	-	-	-	353,110
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	10,4	181,557	-	-	-	10,481,557
Building improvements	1,0	043,345	146,395	-	(1,043,345)	146,395
Improvements other than buildings		-	-	-	1,043,345	1,043,345
Mobile equipment	2,9	960,556	321,500	(93,987)	-	3,188,069
Furniture and equipment	-	762,952	-	(32,542)	-	730,410
Total depreciable capital assets	15,2	248,410	467,895	(126,529)	-	15,589,776
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	5,	129,109	148,902	-	-	5,278,011
Building improvements		551,802	5,856	-	(551,802)	5,856
Improvements other than buildings		-	36,134	-	551,802	587,936
Mobile equipment	2,	720,194	73,613	(84,588)	(178,356)	2,530,863
Furniture and equipment		653,631	32,152	(32,217)	· -	653,566
Total accumulated depreciation	9,0	054,736	296,657	(116,805)	(178,356)	9,056,232
Total depreciable capital assets, net	6,	193,674	171,238	(9,724)	178,356	6,533,544
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,	546,784 \$	171,238 \$	(9,724)	\$ 178,356 \$	6,886,654

Adjustments were made in order to agree to the subsidiary records and to correct prior period over depreciation of mobile equipment.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	183,638	
Support services		99,112	
Non-instructional		13,907	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	296,657	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts due
	 7/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2016	within one year
A. General obligation bonds payable	\$ 195,000 \$	- \$	(195,000) \$	- \$	-
B. Three mill notes payable	500,000	-	(115,000)	385,000	285,000
C. Shortfall notes payable	595,920	268,815	(543,333)	321,402	69,383
D. Compensated absences payable	 202,528	-	(5,665)	196,863	
Total	\$ 1,493,448 \$	268,815 \$	(858,998) \$	903,265 \$	354,383

## A. General obligation bonds payable

This debt was retired during the year

# B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Oı	Amount utstanding
Limited tax note, Series 2015	1.25-1.75%	6/10/2015	6/10/2018	\$ 500,000	\$	385,000
Total				\$ 500,000	\$	385,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 285,000	\$ 6,025 \$	291,025
2018	 100,000	1,750	101,750
Total	\$ 385,000	\$ 7,775 \$	392,775

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

# C. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amour
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstandin
Shortfall notes payable, series 2014	2.14%	8/11/2014	8/11/2017	\$ 208,178	\$ 140,24
Shortfall notes payable, series 2015	2.20%	7/15/2015	7/15/2018	 268,815	181,15
Total				\$ 476,993	\$ 321,40

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Shortfall notes payable, series 2014:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017 2018	\$ 69,383 70,866	\$ 3,001 1,517	\$ 72,384 72,383
Total	\$ 140,249	,	\$ 144,767

This debt will be retired from the 2014 shortfall notes payable fund.

Shortfall notes payable, series 2015:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ - \$	- \$	-
2018	89,591	3,985	93,576
2019	91,562	2,014	93,576
Total	\$ 181,153 \$	5,999 \$	187,152

This debt will be retired from the 2015 shortfall notes payable fund.

Total shortfall notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 69,383 \$	3,001 \$	72,384
2018	160,457	5,502	165,959
2019	 91,562	2,014	93,576
Total	\$ 321,402 \$	10,517 \$	331,919

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$2,156,011, \$2,082,909 and \$1,996,621, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school district reported a liability of \$32,461,859 for its proportionate share of the

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability was .21 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015. This was a .0025 percent increase from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2015 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,191,170. At June 30, 2016 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ 9	\$
experience	754,175	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	871,874
Changes of assumptions	2,796,477	-
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	268,818	-
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	2,156,011	
Total	\$ 5,975,481	\$ 871,874

\$2,156,011 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 1,008,902
2018	974,786
2019	489,067
2020	474,841
Total	\$ 2,947,596

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u> <u>Long-Term Expected R</u>			
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent, a decrease of 0.25 percentage points since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease			Discount		1% Increase	
		(6.75%)		Rate (7.75%)		(8.75%)	
District's proportionate share		_				_	
of the net pension liability	\$	42,787,704	\$	32,461,859	\$	23,893,338	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 8 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any,

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
0047	_	
2017	\$	5,475
2018		4,648
2019		4,648
2020		4,573
2021		2,173
Thereafter		12,444
Total	\$	33,961

#### **Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments**

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanations	 Amount
1.	To correct capital assets over depreciated in prior years	\$ 178,356
	To correct beginning balance sheet amounts	71,879
	Total	\$ 250,235

## Exhibit D – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanations	 Amount
General Fund	To correct beginning balance sheet accounts	\$ 71,879
	Total	\$ 71,879

# Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2016

Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 71 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

#### Note 12 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(23,823,571) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$5,975,481 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(23,823,571) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$871,874 balance of the deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

### Note 13 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Stone County School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 22, 2016, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On July 13, 2016, the Stone County School District issued \$1,400,000 of three mill tax notes.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Variances

					variand	, <del>c</del> s
					Positive (Ne	egative)
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	'					
Local sources	\$	5,385,091 \$	5,588,365 \$	5,751,949 \$	203,274 \$	163,584
State sources		12,668,387	12,606,396	12,606,396	(61,991)	-
Federal sources		120,500	358,569	454,734	238,069	96,165
Sixteenth section sources		76,550	102,456	145,013	25,906	42,557
Total Revenues		18,250,528	18,655,786	18,958,092	405,258	302,306
Expenditures:						
Instruction		12,243,311	11,711,236	11,710,712	532,075	524
Support services		7,285,475	6,630,047	7,047,356	655,428	(417,309)
Sixteenth section		5,000	2,427	2,427	2,573	-
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	43,609	-	(43,609)	43,609
Total Expenditures		19,533,786	18,387,319	18,760,495	1,146,467	(373,176)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		(1,283,258)	268,467	197,597	1,551,725	(70,870)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance recovery		-	5,700	5,700	5,700	-
Bonds and notes issued		-	64,624	64,623	64,624	(1)
Operating transfers in		1,309,369	705,603	131,825	(603,766)	(573,778)
Other financing sources		500,000	500,000	500,000	-	-
Operating transfers out		(1,674,112)	(1,251,717)	(666,945)	422,395	584,772
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		135,257	24,210	35,203	(111,047)	10,993
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,148,001)	292,677	232,800	1,440,678	(59,877)
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2015, as originally reported		3,925,038	3,910,537	3,910,537	(14,501)	_
Prior period adjustments		-	-	71,879	-	71,879
July 1, 2015, as restated		3,925,038	3,910,537	3,982,416	(14,501)	71,879
June 30, 2016	\$	2,777,037 \$	4,203,214 \$	4,215,216 \$	1,426,177 \$	12,002

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original to Final (GAAP Basis) Final to Actual Revenues: 914,481 \$ 706,828 \$ Federal sources 914,481 \$ (207,653)Total Revenues 914,481 914,481 706,828 (207,653)Expenditures: Instruction 411,301 321,445 287,598 89,856 33,847 Support services 467,511 579,997 393,310 (112,486)186,687 Noninstructional services 35,669 34,674 26,138 995 8,536 914,481 936,116 707,046 (21,635)229,070 Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (21,635)(218)(21,635)21,417 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances (21,635)(218)(21,635)21,417 Fund Balances: July 1, 2015 218 218 June 30, 2016 - \$ (21,635)\$ - \$ (21,635)\$ 21,635

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original to Final (GAAP Basis) Final to Actual Revenues: Federal sources 538,403 \$ 538,403 \$ 489,491 \$ (48,912) **Total Revenues** 538,403 489,491 (48,912)538,403 **Expenditures:** Instruction 372,747 354,323 312,533 18,424 41,790 171,995 Support services 152,751 167,120 (19,244)4,875 Noninstructional 2,000 1,000 758 1,000 242 527,498 527,318 480,411 180 46,907 Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 10,905 11,085 9,080 180 (2,005)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out (10,905)(11,085)(9,080)(180)2,005 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (10,905)(11,085)(9,080)(180)2,005 Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances: July 1, 2015 June 30, 2016 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

# STONE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	\$ 32,461,859	\$ 25,181,967
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.2100%	0.2075%
District's covered-employee payroll	13,224,819	12,676,959
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	245.46%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

**PERS** 

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2016	_	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,156,011	\$	2,082,909
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,156,011		2,082,909
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	- -	
District's covered-employee payroll	13,688,959		13,224,819
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.75%		15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of benefit terms

None.

# (2) Changes of assumptions

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Supplementary Information

Supplementary Information		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016		
	Catalog of	
	Federal	
Federal Grantor/	Domestic	
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Federa
Program Title	No.	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Child nutrition cluster:		
School breakfast program	10.553	\$ 232,119
National school lunch program	10.555	975,382
Summer food service program for children	10.559	16,201
Total child nutrition cluster		1,223,702
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		1,223,702
Passed-through Stone County:	40.00=	
Schools and roads - grants to states	10.665	90,541
Total Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		90,541 1,314,243
Total 0.3. Department of Agriculture		1,314,243
<u>Federal Communications Commission</u> Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:		
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	247,279
Total Federal Communications Commission	OZ.XXX	
		247,279
U.S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	707,046
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	20,187
Twenty-first century community learning centers	84.287	153,739
Rural education	84.358	49,048
Improving teacher quality-State Grants Subtotal	84.367	124,347 1,054,367
		1,034,307
Special education cluster:	04.007	400 404
Special education - grants to states	84.027	489,491
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	23,214
Total special education cluster		512,705
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		1,567,072
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,567,072
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:		
Medical assistance program	93.778	116,914
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		116,914
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		116,914
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 3,245,508

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.
- 3. The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.
- 4. Donated commodities of \$114,336 are included in the National School Lunch Program.
- 5. The district does not use a 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

#### Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 18,605,084 5,871,630	14,331,806 1,820,371	883,935 177,500	1,272,398 21,603	2,116,945 3,852,156
Total	\$ 24,476,714	16,152,177	1,061,435	1,294,001	5,969,101
Total number of students *	 2,546				
Cost per student	\$ 9,613	6,344	417	508	2,345

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

## Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:				_
Local sources	\$ 5,751,949	\$ 5,521,325	\$ 5,195,736	\$ 4,636,874
State sources	12,606,396	12,182,444	11,705,980	11,850,752
Federal sources	454,734	191,743	179,629	168,007
Sixteenth section sources	145,013	146,100	-	
Total Revenues	 18,958,092	18,041,612	17,081,345	16,655,633
Expenditures:				
Instruction	11,710,712	10,893,335	10,547,883	10,803,131
Support services	7,047,356	6,909,411	6,940,168	6,449,658
Sixteenth section	2,427	26,567	6,950	
Total Expenditures	18,760,495	17,829,313	17,495,001	17,252,789
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 197,597	212,299	(413,656)	(597,156)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	64,623	208,178	572,000	570,000
Insurance recovery	5,700		-	-
Operating transfers in	131,825	57,667	306,661	185,303
Other financing sources	500,000	-	-	-
Operating transfers out	(666,945)	(625,603)	(528,030)	(264,450)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	35,203	(359,758)	350,631	490,853
Net Change in Fund Balances	 232,800	(147,459)	(63,025)	(106,303)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	3,910,537	2,912,271	2,820,641	2,926,944
Prior period adjustments	71,879	(68, 363)	154,655	-
Fund reclassification	-	1,214,088	-	-
Beginning of period, as restated	3,982,416	4,057,996	2,975,296	2,926,944
End of Period	\$ 4,215,216	\$ 3,910,537	\$ 2,912,271	\$ 2,820,641

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

## Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	6,464,280 \$	6,503,628 \$	6,107,101 \$	5,681,451
State sources		13,382,414	12,936,464	12,343,064	12,476,523
Federal sources		3,245,289	3,348,263	2,979,900	2,871,867
Sixteenth section sources		160,652	164,641	165,757	332,183
Total Revenues		23,252,635	22,952,996	21,595,822	21,362,024
Expenditures:					
Instruction		13,283,315	12,639,613	12,179,942	12,269,581
Support services		8,683,543	8,446,981	8,104,521	7,606,784
Noninstructional services		1,446,294	1,495,359	1,511,645	1,486,489
Sixteenth section		36,110	51,369	25,293	39,829
Facilities acquisition and construction		146,395	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal		853,333	918,080	534,178	354,000
Interest		27,724	34,507	20,108	11,140
Other		-	_	-	18,182
Total Expenditures		24,476,714	23,585,909	22,375,687	21,786,005
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		(1,224,079)	(632,913)	(779,865)	(423,981)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued		268,815	708,178	572,000	570,000
Proceeds of refunding loans		-	-	-	1,247,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		_	_	_	(1,228,818)
Insurance recoveries		5,700	_	_	(1,220,010)
Operating transfers in		798,770	683,270	1,258,512	454,807
Other financing sources		500,362	-	-	-
Operating transfers out		(798,770)	(683,270)	(1,258,512)	(454,807)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		774,877	708,178	572,000	588,182
rotal outer rimanoling obtained (occor)	-	,		0.2,000	000,.02
Net Change in Fund Balances		(449,202)	75,265	(207,865)	164,201
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		5,176,664	5,160,890	5,215,582	5,058,474
Prior period adjustments		71,879	(68,358)	154,655	-
Beginning of period, as restated	-	5,248,543	5,092,532	5,370,237	5,058,474
2099 3. poliou, ao rocialos		3,2 10,0 10	0,002,002	5,010,201	0,000,174
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		(12,470)	8,867	(1,482)	(7,093)
End of Period	\$	4,786,871 \$	5,176,664 \$	5,160,890 \$	5,215,582

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Stone County School District Wiggins, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stone County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Stone County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2016.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Stone County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Stone County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Stone County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Stone County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not

express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi December 22, 2016

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Stone County School District Wiggins, Mississippi

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Stone County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Stone County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Stone County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Stone County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Stone County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Stone County School District's compliance.

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Stone County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Stone County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Stone County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Stone County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi December 22, 2016

INDEPENDENT /	AUDITOR'S REPORT ON	N COMPLIANCE WITH	STATE LAWS AND R	EGULATIONS

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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10 South Bancroft Street

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Stone County School District Wiggins, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stone County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise Stone County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2016. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance. The district reported no classroom supply funds carried over from previous years.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

# Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi December 22, 2016 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Fin	Financial Statements:							
1.	Туре	Unmodified						
2.	Interna	al control over financial reporting:						
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	d?	No				
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identi		None reported				
3.	Nonco	tements noted?	No					
Fed	deral Aw	ards:						
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:						
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	d?	No				
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identi	fied?	None reported				
5.	Type o	of auditor's report issued on comp	liance for major programs:	Unmodified				
6.		udit findings disclosed that are red CFR 200.516(a)?	quired to be reported in accordance	No				
7.	Identif	cation of major programs:						
	<u>CFDA</u>	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>er</u>				
	Child I	Nutrition Cluster:						
	10.553	3	School breakfast program					
	10.555							
	10.559	)	Summer food service program for c	hildren				
8.	Dollar	threshold used to distinguish betw	ween type A and type B programs:	\$750,000				

Yes

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

## Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.