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TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Tate County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tate County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tate County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tate County School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 4-12 and 42-48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tate County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 6, 2017, on our consideration of the Tate County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Tate County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi January 6, 2017 ME Kenzie CPA, PLCC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Tate County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2016 increased \$3,473,674, including a prior period adjustment of \$85,919, which represents a 661% increase from fiscal year 2015. Total net position for 2015 decreased \$17,763,891, including a prior period adjustment of (\$21,901,883) due primarily to the recording of the net pension liability, which represents a 103% decrease from fiscal year 2014.
- General revenues amounted to \$20,754,792 and \$20,496,659, or 82% and 83% of all revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,474,815, or 18% of total revenues for 2016, and \$4,278,680, or 17% of total revenues for 2015.
- The District had \$21,841,852 and \$20,637,347 in expenses for fiscal years 2016 and 2015; only \$4,474,815 for 2016 and \$4,278,680 for 2015 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$20,754,792 for 2016 and \$20,496,659 for 2015 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$18,292,134 in revenues and \$16,707,998 in expenditures for 2016, and \$18,036,160 in revenues and \$15,519,007 in expenditures in 2015. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,362,815 from 2015 to 2016, and increased by \$2,584,808, including a prior period adjustment of (\$200), from 2014 to 2015.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$123,247 for 2016 and decreased by \$472,932 for 2015. The increase for 2016 was due to the addition of construction in progress, improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment and furniture and equipment.
- Long-term debt, excluding capital related bond premiums, decreased by \$2,269,861 for 2016 and decreased by \$2,163,372 for 2015. The decrease for 2016 was due primarily to the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$9,847 for 2016 and decreased by \$1,948 for 2015.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,948,084 as of June 30, 2016.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	ge
	 June 30, 2016	 June 30, 2015	Change	
Current assets	\$ 12,514,620	\$ 11,213,895	11.60	%
Restricted assets	3,000	561,560	(99.47)	%
Capital assets, net	21,647,513	21,524,266	0.57	%
Total assets	34,165,133	33,299,721	2.60	%
Deferred outflows of resources	6,674,694	 2,343,467	184.82	%
Current liabilities	273,217	1,136,915	(75.97)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	9,670,301	11,952,202	(19.09)	%
Net pension liability	 25,112,339	 19,125,627	31.30	%
Total liabilities	35,055,857	32,214,744	8.82	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 2,835,886	 3,954,034	(28.28)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	12,671,297	10,591,143	19.64	%
Restricted	2,192,188	1,744,655	25.65	%
Unrestricted	 (11,915,401)	 (12,861,388)	(7.36)	%
Total net position	\$ 2,948,084	\$ (525,590)	660.91	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit) Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	\$ (11,915,401)
pension	
liability, including the deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to	21,644,988
pensions	
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ 9,729,587

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$123,247.
- The principal retirement of \$2,260,014 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$25,112,339.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$25,229,607 and \$24,775,339, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$21,841,852 for 2016 and \$20,637,347 for 2015.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2016	Year Ended June 30, 2015		Percentage Change	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 603,187	\$	656,640	(8.14)	%
Operating grants and contributions	3,871,628		3,622,040	6.89	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes	5,713,833		5,924,371	(3.55)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	14,953,443		14,521,899	2.97	%
Investment earnings	30,452		10,640	186.20	%
Other	 57,064		39,749	43.56	%
Total revenues	25,229,607		24,775,339	1.83	%
Expenses:					
Instruction	10,800,710		10,170,822	6.19	%
Support services	7,207,170		7,832,972	(7.99)	%
Non-instructional	1,391,882		1,413,000	(1.49)	%
Pension expense	2,136,194		870,256	145.47	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 305,896		350,297	(12.68)	%
Total expenses	 21,841,852		20,637,347	5.84	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	3,387,755		4,137,992	(18.13)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(525,590)		17,238,301	(103.05)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 85,919		(21,901,883)	(100.39)	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(439,671)		(4,663,582)	(90.57)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ 2,948,084	\$	(525,590)	660.91	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of five major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Percentage	
		2016	2015	Change
Instruction	\$	10,800,710	\$ 10,170,822	6.19 %
Support services		7,207,170	7,832,972	(7.99) %
Non-instructional		1,391,882	1,413,000	(1.49) %
Pension Expense		2,136,194	870,256	145.47 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		305,896	 350,297	(12.68) %
Total expenses		21,841,852	\$ 20,637,347	5.84 %
		Net (Expe	Percentage	
		2016	2015	Change
Instruction	\$	(9,139,705)	\$ (8,486,771)	7.69 %
Support services		(5,848,862)	(6,586,995)	(11.21) %
Non-instructional		63,620	(64,348)	(198.87) %
Pension Expense		(2,136,194)	(870,256)	145.47 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		(305,896)	 (350,297)	(12.68) %
Total net (expense) revenue				

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$17,367,037 for 2016 and \$16,358,667 for 2015) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,713,833 for 2016 and \$5,924,371 for 2015) and state and federal revenues (\$14,953,443 for 2016 and \$14,521,899 for 2015).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$30,452 for 2016 and \$10,640 for 2015.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,265,094, an increase of \$1,600,139, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$85,919 and an increase in inventory of \$1,131. \$9,945,640, or 81% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,319,454, or 19% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,362,815. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$237,324, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$85,919 and an increase in inventory of \$1,131. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund
Title I FY16 Fund
Federal SPED FY16 Fund

Increase (Decrease)
no increase or decrease
no increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to the total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2016, the District's total capital assets were \$34,855,224, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$897,196 from 2015, due primarily to ongoing construction at fiscal year-end and the purchase of improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment and furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016, was \$13,207,711, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$874,141, resulting in total net capital assets of \$21,647,513.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

				Percenta	ge
	J	lune 30, 2016	 June 30, 2015	Change	<u> </u>
Land	\$	518,560	\$ 518,560	0.00	%
Construction in Progress		513,278	-	N/A	%
Buildings		18,058,603	18,567,043	(2.74)	%
Building improvements		165,803	176,856	(6.25)	%
Improvements other than buildings		668,961	667,132	0.27	%
Mobile equipment		1,344,289	1,404,119	(4.26)	%
Furniture and equipment		378,019	 190,556	98.38	%
Total	\$	21,647,513	\$ 21,524,266	0.57	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2016, the District had \$9,612,863 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$2,364,648 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$2,260,014 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$9,847 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Jı	une 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2015	Percenta Change	•
General obligation bonds payable	\$	8,238,000	\$	9,728,000	(15.32)	%
Limited obligation bonds payable		697,000		1,035,000	(32.66)	%
Certificates of participation payable		355,235		547,249	(35.09)	%
Three mill notes payable		248,000		488,000	(49.18)	%
Compensated absences payable		74,628		84,475	(11.66)	%
Total	\$	9,612,863	\$	11,882,724	(19.10)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Tate County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Tate County School District, 574 Parkway Street, Coldwater, MS 38618.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A		
June 30, 2016			
	Governmental		
	Activities		
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,741,087		
Due from other governments	762,937		
Inventories Restricted coasts	10,596		
Restricted assets Capital assets, non-depreciable:	3,000		
Land	518,560		
Construction in progress	513,278		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	,		
Buildings	18,058,603		
Building improvements	165,803		
Improvements other than buildings	668,961		
Mobile equipment	1,344,289		
Furniture and equipment	378,019		
Total Assets	34,165,133		
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflow from advance refunding of debt	371,457		
Deferred outflow related to pensions	6,303,237		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,674,694		
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	252,526		
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	20,691		
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	_0,00.		
Capital related liabilities	2,112,917		
Non-capital related liabilities	251,731		
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:			
Capital related liabilities	7,177,318		
Capital related bond premiums	57,438		
Non-capital related liabilities	70,897		
Net pension liability	25,112,339		
Total Liabilities	35.055.857		
10to = 100 miles			
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflow related to pensions	2,835,886		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,835,886		
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	12,671,297		
Restricted for:	,- , -		
Expendable:			
School-based activities	1,285,065		
Debt service	482,014		
Capital improvements	368,949		
Unemployment benefits	56,160		
Unrestricted	(11,915,401)		
Total Net Position	\$ 2,948,084		
Total Not Footboll	Ψ 2,040,004		

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit B

Net (Expense)

			Pr	ogram Revenues	3		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating		Capital	
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 10,800,710	\$ 393,340	\$	1,267,665	\$	-	\$ (9,139,705)
Support services	7,207,170	-		1,358,308		-	(5,848,862)
Non-instructional	1,391,882	209,847		1,245,655		-	63,620
Pension expense	2,136,194	-		-		-	(2,136,194)
Interest on long-term liabilities	305,896	-		-		-	(305,896)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 21,841,852	\$ 603,187	\$	3,871,628	\$	-	\$ (17,367,037)

General	Revenues:

Goriora riovoriado.	
Taxes:	
General purpose levies	4,024,411
Debt purpose levies	1,689,422
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	14,737,833
Federal	215,610
Unrestricted investment earnings	30,452
Other	57,064
Total General Revenues	20,754,792
Change in Net Position	3,387,755
	_
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	(525,590)
Prior Period Adjustments	 85,919
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	 (439,671)
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ 2,948,084
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ 2,948,084

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet						Exhibit C
June 30, 2016		Ma	jor Funds			
		IVIC	joi i unus	Federal	Other	Total
	General		Title I FY16	SPED FY16	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,762,533	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,978,554	\$ 11,741,087
Cash with fiscal agents	-		-	-	3,000	3,000
Due from other governments	250,887		71,459	74,290	366,234	762,870
Due from other funds	259,569		-	-	4,317	263,886
Inventories	-		-	-	10,596	10,596
Total assets	\$ 10,272,989	\$	71,459	\$ 74,290	\$ 2,362,701	\$ 12,781,439
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 251,726	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 800	\$ 252,526
Due to other funds	-		71,459	74,290	118,070	263,819
Total Liabilities	251,726		71,459	74,290	118,870	516,345
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	-		-	_	10,596	10,596
Restricted:					,	,
Debt service	-		-	-	502,705	502,705
District renovations	-		-	-	368,949	368,949
Grant activities	-		-	-	149,787	149,787
Unemployment benefits	-		-	-	56,160	56,160
Food service	-		-	-	781,767	781,767
Senatobia/Tate Vo-Tech renovations	-		-	-	342,915	342,915
Committed:						
District renovations	-		-	-	30,952	30,952
Assigned:						
Activity funds	75,623		-	-	-	75,623
Unassigned	9,945,640		-	-	-	9,945,640
Total Fund Balances	10,021,263		-	-	2,243,831	12,265,094
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 10,272,989	\$	71,459	\$ 74,290	\$ 2,362,701	\$ 12,781,439

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016					
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	12,265,094			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:					
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 					
Land	\$ 518,560				
Construction in progress	513,278				
Buildings	27,504,428				
Building improvements	276,338				
Improvements other than buildings	1,073,119				
Mobile equipment	3,976,307				
Furniture and equipment	993,194				
Accumulated depreciation	(13,207,711)	21,647,513			
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability.		(25 442 220)			
Net pension liability		(25,112,339)			
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	6,303,237				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(2,835,886)	3,467,351			
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:					
General obligation bonds	(8,238,000)				
Limited obligation bonds	(697,000)				
Notes payable	(248,000)				
Certificates of participation	(355,235)				
Compensated absences	(74,628)				
Unamortized charges	371,457				
Unamortized premiums	(57,438)				
Accrued interest payable	(20,691)	(9,319,535)			
	_				
Net Position of governmental activities	\$	2,948,084			

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit D

Tor the rear Ended bulle 30, 2010		N	lajor Funds			
	_			Federal	Other	Total
		General	Title I FY16	SPED FY16	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	4,108,920 \$	- ;	\$ - \$	2,274,587 \$	6,383,507
State sources		13,967,604	-	-	1,235,146	15,202,750
Federal sources		215,610	560,277	505,690	2,340,746	3,622,323
Total Revenues		18,292,134	560,277	505,690	5,850,479	25,208,580
Expenditures:						
Instruction		9,658,196	247,097	236,710	1,171,148	11,313,151
Support services		6,280,526	172,353	240,687	1,066,194	7,759,760
Noninstructional services		, , -	41	, -	1,359,161	1,359,202
Facilities acquisition and construction	า	558,032	_	-	, , , -	558,032
Debt service:		·				•
Principal		192,014	-	_	2,068,000	2,260,014
Interest		18,580	-	_	224,053	242,633
Other		650	-	_	5,230	5,880
Total Expenditures		16,707,998	419,491	477,397	5,893,786	23,498,672
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	_	1,584,136	140,786	28,293	(43,307)	1,709,908
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in		85,516	_	7,924	729,539	822,979
Other financing sources		21,027	_	7,524	725,555	21,027
Operating transfers out		(327,864)	(140,786)	(36,217)	(318,112)	(822,979)
Other financing uses		(327,004)	(140,700)	(30,217)	(217,846)	(217,846)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(221,321)	(140,786)	(28,293)	193,581	(196,819)
,		,	(140,700)	(20,293)	•	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,362,815	-	-	150,274	1,513,089
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2015, as previously reported		8,658,448			2,006,507	10,664,955
Prior period adjustments		0,000,440	-	-	2,006,507 85,919	85,919
July 1, 2015, as restated	_	8,658,448		<u>-</u>	2,092,426	10,750,874
July 1, 2010, as restated		0,000,440	<u>-</u>	-	2,092,420	10,750,674
Increase (Decrease) in inventory		-	-	-	1,131	1,131
,					,	· · · · · ·
June 30, 2016	\$	10,021,263 \$	- ;	\$ - \$	2,243,831 \$	12,265,094

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016 Exhibit D-1

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

1,513,089

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures.
 However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay	\$ 998,882	
Depreciation expense	 (874,141)	124,741

 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.

(1,494)

2,265,738

3,387,755

2,260,014

5,724

3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:

Payments of debt principal

Accrued interest payable

Change in Net Position of governmental activities

		_	
4.	Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
	Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made subsequent to the	(2,136,194)	(400,400)
	measurement date	1,674,004	(462,190)
5.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
	Change in compensated absences	9,847	
	Change in inventory	1,131	
	Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	(63,107)	(52,129)

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2016

Exhibit E

	Agency Funds	
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	606,264
Due from other governments		67
Total Assets	\$	606,331
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	581,303
Due to other funds		67
Due to student clubs		24,961
Total Liabilities	\$	606,331

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Tate County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

Blended component unit

The Tate County Schools Leasing Authority ("the Authority") as explained in the following paragraph is considered to be a blended component unit as determined by Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* and is included in the district's reporting entity.

The Authority is governed by a five member board which is appointed by the school district's governing board. Although it is legally separate from the school district, it is reported as if it is part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide financing for the renovation, improvement, construction, and equipping of certain school facilities. Therefore, all of the Authority's assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses have been included in the government-wide financial statements of the school district (see Note 11).

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
 by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I FY16 Fund - This fund accounts for a federal grant which is used to supplement educational services to disadvantaged children.

Federal SPED FY16 Fund - This fund accounts for a federal grant which is used to supplement educational services to children with disabilities.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It

is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2003,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

		pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings	Ψ	50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
• .		•	•
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as a deferred outflow from advance refunding of debt and a deferred outflow related to pensions. See Note 14 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred a deferred inflow which is presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions. See Note 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$11,741,087 and \$606,264, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits reported in the government-wide financial statements was \$11,741,087.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2016, none of the district's bank balance of \$12,515,407 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$3,000.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I FY16 Fund	\$ 71,459
	Federal SPED FY16 Fund	74,290
	Other governmental funds	113,753
	Fiduciary funds	67
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	 4,317
Total		\$ 263,886

The primary reason for the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal program funds as part of routine year end closing adjustments.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 327,864
Title I FY16 Fund	General Fund	16,275
	Other governmental funds	124,511
Federal SPED FY16 Fund	General Fund	36,217
Other governmental funds	General Fund	33,024
	Federal SPED FY16 Fund	7,924
	Other governmental funds	 277,164
Total		\$ 822,979

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, cost pool transfers, debt service transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$3,000 of the MAEP Limited Obligation Bond Fund.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2016
Governmental Activities:	 17 172010	1110104000	200104000	0,00,2010
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 518,560 \$	\$	\$	518,560
Construction-in-progress		513,278		513,278
Total non-depreciable capital assets	518,560	513,278	-	1,031,838
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	27,504,428			27,504,428
Building improvements	276,338			276,338
Improvements other than buildings	1,028,365	44,754		1,073,119
Mobile equipment	3,818,387	163,220	5,300	3,976,307
Furniture and equipment	 811,950	277,630	96,386	993,194
Total depreciable capital assets	33,439,468	485,604	101,686	33,823,386
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	8,937,385	508,440		9,445,825
Building improvements	99,482	11,053		110,535
Improvements other than buildings	361,233	42,925		404,158
Mobile equipment	2,414,268	222,520	4,770	2,632,018
Furniture and equipment	 621,394	89,203	95,422	615,175
Total accumulated depreciation	 12,433,762	874,141	100,192	13,207,711
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 21,005,706	(388,537)	1,494	20,615,675
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 21,524,266 \$	124,741 \$	1,494 \$	21,647,513

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 511,877
Support services	279,448
Non-instructional	 82,816
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 874,141

Construction in progress is composed of:

	Spent to June 30, 2016	Remaining Commitment
Governmental Activities:		
SHS Weightroom	\$ 173,508 \$	18,792
IHS Weightroom	168,558	20,842
SHS Classroom Addition	171,212	350,412
Total construction in progress	513,278	390,046

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with general funds.

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	due within
	 7/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2016	one year
A. General obligation bonds payable	\$ 9,728,000 \$	\$	1,490,000 \$	8,238,000 \$	1,568,000
B. Limited obligation bonds payable	1,035,000		338,000	697,000	345,000
C. Certificates of participation payable	547,249		192,014	355,235	199,917
D. Three mill notes payable	488,000		240,000	248,000	248,000
E. Compensated absences payable	 84,475		9,847	74,628	3,731
Total	\$ 11,882,724 \$	- \$	2,269,861 \$	9,612,863 \$	2,364,648

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

			Maturity			Amount
Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Date	Am	nount Issued	Outstanding
General obligation refunding						
bonds, Series 2011	2.65%	8/1/2011	2/1/2018	\$	944,000	288,000
2. General obligation refunding						
bonds, Series 2012	1.0%-2.5%	8/15/2012	6/1/2022		5,485,000	4,340,000
3. General obligation refunding						
bonds, Series 2013	0.75%-2.0%	4/10/2013	6/1/2020		5,380,000	3,610,000
Total				\$	11,809,000	8,238,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2011 issued on August 1, 2011:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 143,000 \$	7,632 \$	150,632
2018	 145,000	3,842	148,842
Total	\$ 288,000 \$	11,474 \$	299,474

This debt will be retired from the 2011 Refunding - Original 1998 Debt Service Fund (4031).

2. General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2012 issued on August 15, 2012:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 545,000 \$	96,570 \$	641,570
2018	575,000	85,670	660,670
2019	610,000	74,170	684,170
2020	790,000	61,970	851,970
2021	910,000	44,590	954,590
2022	910,000	22,750	932,750
Total	\$ 4,340,000 \$	385,720 \$	4,725,720

This debt will be retired from the 2012 Refunding - Original 2005 Debt Service Fund (4033).

3. General obligation refunding bonds, Series 2013 issued on April 10, 2013:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 880,000 \$	67,500 \$	947,500
2018	920,000	49,900	969,900
2019	960,000	33,800	993,800
2020	 850,000	17,000	867,000
Total	\$ 3,610,000 \$	168,200 \$	3,778,200

This debt will be retired from the 2013 Refunding - Original 2004 Debt Service Fund (4032).

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 1,568,000 \$	171,702 \$	1,739,702
2018	1,640,000	139,412	1,779,412
2019	1,570,000	107,970	1,677,970
2020	1,640,000	78,970	1,718,970
2021	910,000	44,590	954,590
2022	 910,000	22,750	932,750
Total	\$ 8,238,000 \$	565,394 \$	8,803,394

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2016, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 8% of property assessments as of October 1, 2015.

B. Limited obligation bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
State aid capital improvement refunding bond, Series 2012 Total	0.9%-1.5%	10/4/2012	2/1/2018	\$ 2,008,000		697,000 697,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017 2018	\$ 345,000 \$ 352,000	9,592 \$ 5,280	354,592 357,280
Total	\$ 697,000 \$	14,872 \$	711,872

This debt will be retired from the MAEP Bond Retirement Fund (4041).

The state aid capital improvement bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Mississippi Accountability and Adequate Education Program Act, Sections 37-151-1 through 37-151-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The state aid capital improvement bonds are not included in the computation of the debt limit percentage.

C. Certificates of participation payable

As more fully explained in Note 11, certificates of participation have been issued by the school district. Certificates of participation currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	_	Amount Dutstanding
Description	rate	Date	Date	133464		zatatanan ig
Certificates of Lease						
Participation, Series 2006	4.04%	3/1/2006	3/1/2018	\$ 2,000,000	\$	355,235
Total				\$ 2,000,000	\$	355,235

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 199,917 \$	10,677 \$	210,594
2018	 155,318	2,626	157,944
Total	\$ 355,235 \$	13,303 \$	368,538

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund (1120).

D. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
Limited Tax Note,	4.640/	E/20/2044	E/20/2047	ď	700,000	Φ.	248.000
Series 2014	1.64%	5/30/2014	5/30/2017	<u>\$</u>	720,000	\$	248,000
Total				\$	720,000	\$	248,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 248,000 \$	4,067 \$	252,067
Total	\$ 248,000 \$	4,067 \$	252,067

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Levy Fund (4021).

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$1,674,004, \$1,598,509 and \$1,516,429, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school district reported a liability of \$25,112,339 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability was 0.162455 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,136,194. At June 30, 2016 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 577,498	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,469,340	2,079,300
Changes of assumptions	2,163,342	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share		756,586
of		
contributions	440.050	
Difference between net impact of entries and calculated balance of net pension liability	419,053	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,674,004	
Total	\$ 6,303,237	\$ 2,835,886

\$1,674,004 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 448,002
2018	517,900
2019	460,110
2020	367.335

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real			
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return			
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%		
International Equity	19		5.00			
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45			
Fixed Income	20		0.25			
Real Assets	10		4.00			
Private Equity	8		6.15			
Cash	1		(0.50)			
Total	100	%				

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent, a decrease of 0.25 percentage points since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	 	 	
the net pension liability	\$ 33,100,364	\$ 25,112,339	\$ 18,483,772

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To correct prior year revenue and expenditure accruals at the governmental fund level	\$ 85,919
Total	\$ 85,919

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	-	Amount
Other governmental funds	To correct prior year revenue and expenditure accruals	\$	85,919
Total		\$	85,919

Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 10 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11 - Trust Certificates

A trust agreement dated March 1, 2006, was executed by and between the school district and First Security Bank, as trustees.

The trust agreement authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$2,000,000. Approximately \$1,980,000 was used to provide financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings and related facilities and equipment (the "project"); the remainder of approximately \$20,000 was used to pay the cost of issuance.

The project is leased to the school district in accordance with the provisions of the Emergency School Leasing Authority Act as described in Section 37-7-351, et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The lease represents a capital lease under which ownership of the project will transfer to the school district upon complete retirement of the trust certificates. The school district is obligated to make lease payments to the trustee in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the trust certificates. The lease rental payments by the school district are used by the trustee to pay the principal and interest payments due on the trust certificates.

It is not anticipated the project will have sufficient value to satisfy the certificates in the event the school district defaults under the lease; therefore, the source of payment of the certificates is the responsibility of the school district. See Note 6 for details regarding the debt service requirement on the trust certificates.

Using the guidance provided in Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* dealing with defining the reporting entity, the trust accounts created by this trust agreement were deemed to constitute an inseparable part of the school district. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by this trust agreement are part of the school district's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreement for financial reporting purposes.

Note 12 - Alternative School Consortium

The school district entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated May 13, 1999, creating the Senatobia-Tate County Regional Optional Learning Center. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Senatobia Municipal School District and Tate County School District.

Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), allows two or more adjacent school districts to enter into a contract to operate an alternative school program. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. Transportation for students attending the alternative school program will be the responsibility of the individual school district sending the students.

The Senatobia Municipal School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Senatobia-Tate County Regional Optional Learning Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

Note 13 – Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated January 31, 1984 creating the Senatobia-Tate County Regional Vocational Education Consortium. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Senatobia Municipal School District and the Tate County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Tate County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Senatobia-Tate County Regional Vocational Education Consortium, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is presented to detail the financial activity of the Senatobia-Tate County Regional Vocational Education Consortium.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Revenues	
Local sources:	
Taxes	\$ 260,381
Tuition from other LEA's within the state	105,000
Other local sources	 75
Total local sources	 365,456
State sources	330,685
Federal sources	 16,094
Total Revenues	712,235
Expenditures	
Salaries	390,315
Employee benefits	118,784
Purchased property services	30,333
Other purchased services	2,092
Supplies	4,647
Property	4,783
Other	 715
Total Expenditures	551,669
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 160,566
Other Financing Sources/Uses:	
Transfers in	 -
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses	 -
Net Change in Fund Balance	 160,566
Fund Balance:	
July 1, 2015	 18,538
June 30, 2016	\$ 179,104

Note 14 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$12,671,297 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt. The \$371,457 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2016, will be recognized as an expense and decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$11,915,401) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,674,004 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. The \$4,629,233 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 3 years. The \$2,835,886 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2016 will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Tate County School District evaluated the activity of the district through January 6, 2017, and determined that there were no subsequent events that should be noted in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

						van	anc	38
						Positive	(Ne	gative)
	Budget	ed A	mounts	_	Actual	Original		Final
	Original		Final	_	(GAAP Basis)	to Final		to Actual
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$ 4,368,407	\$	4,108,920	\$	4,108,920	\$ (259,487)	\$	-
State sources	14,189,734		13,967,604		13,967,604	(222, 130)		-
Federal sources	130,673		215,610		215,610	84,937		-
Total Revenues	 18,688,814		18,292,134		18,292,134	(396,680)		
Expenditures:								
Instruction	10,528,616		9,658,196		9,658,196	870,420		-
Support services	7,863,793		6,253,035		6,280,526	1,610,758		(27,491)
Facilities acquisition and construction	-		585,523		558,032	(585,523)		27,491
Debt service:								
Principal	192,014		179,938		192,014	12,076		(12,076)
Interest	18,580		13,406		18,580	5,174		(5,174)
Other	600		250		650	350		(400)
Total Expenditures	18,603,603		16,690,348		16,707,998	1,913,255		(17,650)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	85,211		1,601,786		1,584,136	1,516,575		(17,650)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating transfers in	177,123		124,477		85,516	(52,646)		(38,961)
Other financing sources	-		21,027		21,027	21,027		-
Operating transfers out	(307,462)		(366,825)		(327,864)	(59,363)		38,961
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(130,339)		(221,321)		(221,321)	(90,982)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (45,128)		1,380,465		1,362,815	1,425,593		(17,650)
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2015	8,675,997		8,675,997		8,658,448	-		(17,549)
June 30, 2016	8,630,869	\$		\$				(35,199)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I FY16 Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

								e (Ne	egative)
	Budgete	ed Ar	mounts		Actual	-	Original	C (140	Final
	 Original		Final	•	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:	 <u>J</u>				,				
Federal sources	\$ 764,629	\$	764,629	\$	560,277	\$	-	\$	(204,352)
Total Revenues	764,629		764,629		560,277		-		(204,352)
Expenditures:									
Instruction	320,948		114,425		247,097		206,523		(132,672)
Support services	282,861		76,429		172,353		206,432		(95,924)
Noninstructional services	7,668		7,668		41		-		7,627
Total Expenditures	611,477		198,522		419,491		412,955		(220,969)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	 153,152		566,107		140,786		412,955		(425,321)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers out	(153,152)		(12,070)		(140,786)		141,082		(128,716)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(153,152)		(12,070)		(140,786)		141,082		(128,716)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -		554,037		-		554,037		(554,037)
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2015	 -		-		-		-		-
June 30, 2016	\$ -	\$	554,037	\$	-	\$	554,037	\$	(554,037)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Federal SPED FY16 Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

,							Vari	and	ces
				_	Positive	(Ne	legative)		
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Original		Final
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:									
Federal sources	\$	620,380	\$	101,296	\$ 505,690	\$	(519,084)	\$	404,394
Total Revenues		620,380		101,296	505,690		(519,084)		404,394
Expenditures:									
Instruction		275,514		-	236,710		275,514		(236,710)
Support services		300,600		101,296	240,687		199,304		(139,391)
Noninstructional services		500		-	-		500		
Total Expenditures		576,614		101,296	477,397		475,318		(376,101)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures		43,766		-	28,293		(43,766)		28,293
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers in		-		-	7,924		-		7,924
Operating transfers out		(43,766)		-	(36,217)		43,766		(36,217)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(43,766)		-	(28,293)		43,766		(28,293)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-			-		
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2015		-		-	<u>-</u>		-		-
June 30, 2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- ;	\$	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 25,112,339	19,125,627
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.162455%	0.157566%
District's covered-employee payroll	10,149,263	9,628,121
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	247.430165%	198.643412%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.703983%	67.207687%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the prior year to the fiscal year presented.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,674,004	1,598,509
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,674,004	1,598,509
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	0
District's covered-employee payroll	10,628,597	10,149,263
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplemental Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance	Federal
Program Title	No.	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program National school lunch program Summer food service program for children Total child nutrition cluster	10.553 10.555 10.559	\$ 361,202 1,108,633 1,637 1,471,472
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture Federal Communications Commission Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:		1,471,472 1,471,472
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund Total Federal Communications Commision	32.XXX	151,240 151,240
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	751,975
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	48,199
Rural Education	84.358	23,370
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	194,847
Subtotal Special education cluster:		1,018,391
Special education - grants to states	84.027	842,527
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	18,518
Total special education cluster		861,045
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		1,879,436
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,879,436
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</u> Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Medical Assistance program	93.778	57,769
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	33.110	57,769
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 3,559,917

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.
- 3. The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplemental Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 14,897,167 8,601,505	11,080,619 1,878,559	753,028 272,082	1,179,475 40,270	1,884,045 6,410,594
Total	\$ 23,498,672	12,959,178	1,025,110	1,219,745	8,294,639
Total number of students *	 2,670				
Cost per student	\$ 8,802	4,854	384	457	3,107

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,108,920	4,247,027 \$	4,102,690 \$	3,972,713
State sources	13,967,604	13,703,495	13,439,139	13,041,489
Federal sources	215,610	85,638	108,110	39,763
Total Revenues	18,292,134	18,036,160	17,649,939	17,053,965
Expenditures:				
Instruction	9,658,196	9,145,941	8,411,610	9,023,067
Support services	6,280,526	6,161,872	6,211,924	6,817,290
Noninstructional Services			-	1,712
Facilities acquisition and construction	558,032			
Debt Service:				
Principal	192,014	184,424	577,133	970,132
Interest	18,580	26,170	33,460	40,462
Other	 650	600	650	600
Total Expenditures	16,707,998	15,519,007	15,234,777	16,853,263
Faces (Deficiency) of December				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	4 504 400	0.547.450	0.445.400	200 700
over (under) Expenditures	 1,584,136	2,517,153	2,415,162	200,702
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery		53,055	51,088	17,278
Sale of transportation equipment		•	,	•
Sale of other property			1,234	
Operating transfers in	85,516	15,800	208,582	26,028
Other financing sources	21,027	•	8,328	•
Operating transfers out	(327,864)	(1,000)	(177,119)	(84,519)
, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, , ,
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (221,321)	67,855	92,113	(41,213)
Not Observe in Freed Polescope	4 200 045	0.505.000	0.507.075	450 400
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,362,815	2,585,008	2,507,275	159,489
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as originally reported	8,658,448	6,073,640	3,566,365	3,406,876
Prior period adjustments	-	(200)		
Beginning of period, as restated	 8,658,448	6,073,440	3,566,365	3,406,876
End of Period	\$ 10,021,263	8,658,448 \$	6,073,640 \$	3,566,365

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	6,383,507	6,576,008	\$ 6,516,807 \$	6,339,470
State sources		15,202,750	15,035,677	14,686,677	14,154,519
Federal sources		3,622,323	3,108,264	3,494,195	4,137,432
Total Revenues		25,208,580	24,719,949	24,697,679	24,631,421
Expenditures:					
Instruction		11,313,151	10,798,673	10,232,741	11,365,326
Support services		7,759,760	8,253,806	7,756,305	9,375,590
Noninstructional services		1,359,202	1,491,291	1,344,023	1,301,319
			1,491,291	1,344,023	1,301,319
Facilities acquisition and construction		558,032			
Debt service:		0.000.044	0.464.404	0.700.400	0.700.400
Principal		2,260,014	2,161,424	2,723,133	2,783,132
Interest		242,633	286,815	347,927	401,947
Other		5,880	5,730	8,499	297,662
Total Expenditures		23,498,672	22,997,739	22,412,628	25,524,976
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		1,709,908	1,722,210	2,285,051	(893,555)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Refunding bonds issued Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Premiums on refunding bonds issued					12,873,000 (12,687,045) 105,598
Insurance recovery Bonds and notes issued Sale of transportation equipment			55,390	51,088 720,000	17,278
Sale of other property		000 070	004.044	1,234	040.040
Operating transfers in Other financing sources		822,979 21,027	294,314	479,451 8,328	210,019
		(822,979)	(204 244)		(210.010)
Operating transfers out Other financing uses		(217,846)	(294,314)	(479,451)	(210,019)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(196,819)	55,390	780,650	308,831
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)		(190,019)	55,590	780,630	300,031
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,513,089	1,777,600	3,065,701	(584,724)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as originally reported		10,664,955	8,878,736	5,818,656	6,408,881
Prior period adjustments		85,919	9,168	0,010,000	0,400,001
Beginning of period, as restated	-	10,750,874	8,887,904	5,818,656	6,408,881
		10,100,011	3,337,334	0,0.0,000	0, 100,001
Decrease in reserve for inventory		1,131	(549)	(5,621)	(5,501)
End of Period	\$	12,265,094	10,664,955	\$ 8,878,736 \$	5,818,656

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Tate County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tate County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Tate County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Tate County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tate County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tate County School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Tate County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material

effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ME Kenzie CPA, PLCC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi January 6, 2017



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Tate County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Tate County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Tate County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Tate County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Tate County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Tate County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Tate County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Tate County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Tate County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Tate County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Tate County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ME Kenzie CPA, PLCC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi January 6, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATI	ONS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Tate County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Tate County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise Tate County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance. The district reported \$0 of classroom supply funds carried over from previous years.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi January 6, 2017 ME Kenzie CPA, PLCC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:				
1.	Type of auditor's report issued:			Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:			
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?		No
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified	d?	None reported
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			No
Federal Awards:				
4.	Internal control over major programs:			
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		None reported
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:			Unmodified
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?			No
7.	Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Numbers		<u>Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>
	84.010		Title I Cluster	
	84.027	; 84.173	Special Education Cluster	
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:			\$750,000
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			Yes
10.	Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b)			Yes

TATE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Tate County School District 574 Parkway Street Coldwater, MS 38618 Dr. Daryl Scoggin, Superintendent Sandy Patton, Business Manager

AUDITEE'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

As required by 2 CFR 200.511(b), the Tate County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings as of June 30, 2016:

<u>Findings</u> <u>Status</u>

2015-01 Corrected