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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

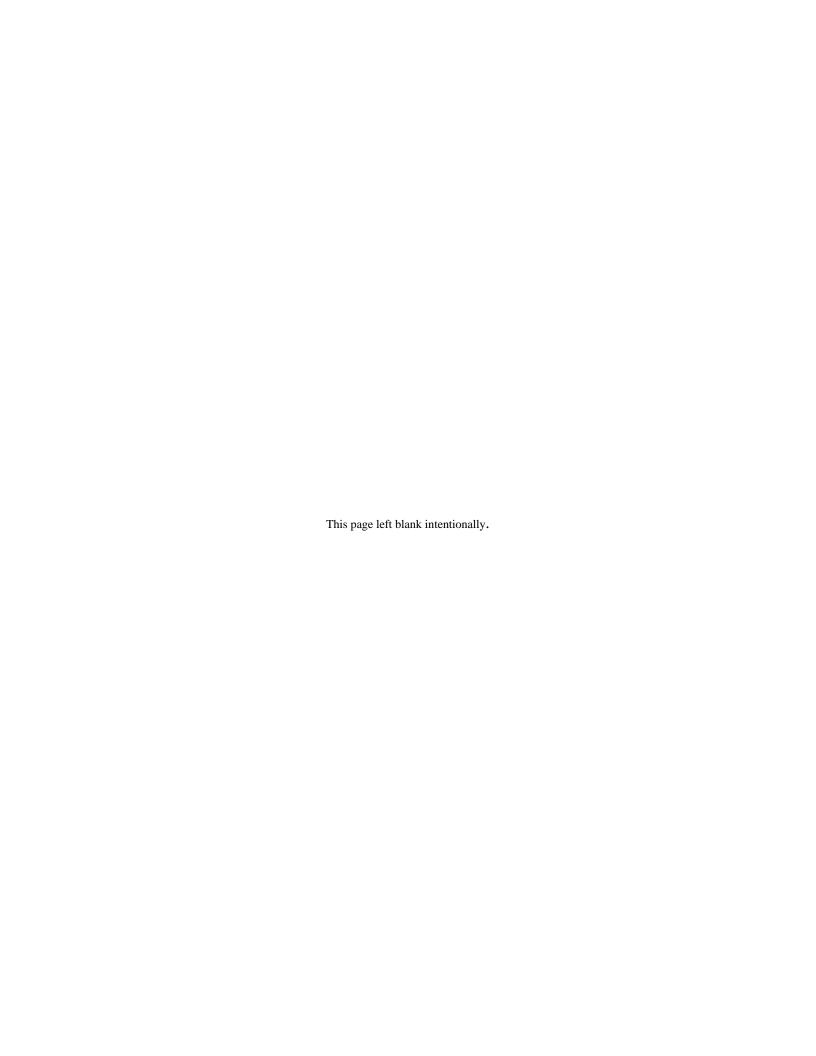
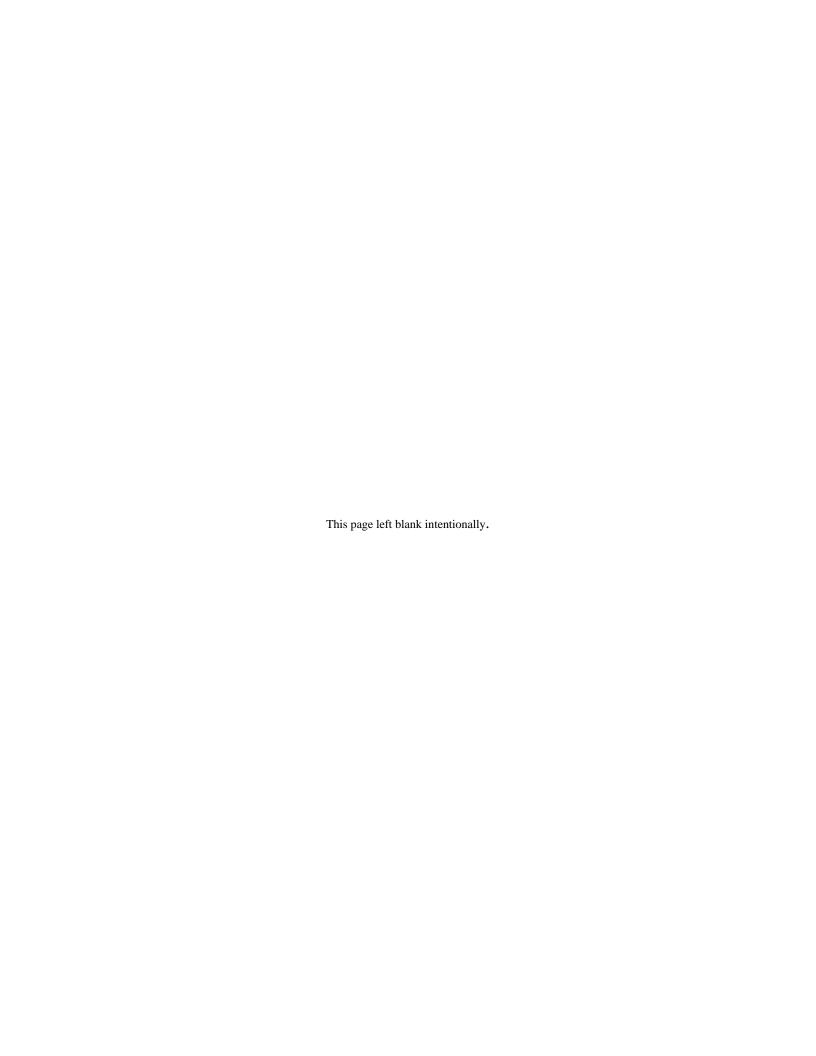


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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Walthall County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walthall County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Walthall County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walthall County School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of district contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Walthall County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated December 28, 2016, on my consideration of the Walthall County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Walthall County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

Carriere, MS December 28, 2016 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The following discussion and analysis of Walthall County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2016 increased \$1,562,053, including a prior period adjustment of \$11,466, which represents a 38% increase from fiscal year 2015. Total net position for 2015 decreased \$22,933,558, including a prior period adjustment of (\$23,205,828) due primarily to the effect of the net pension liability, which represents a 122% decrease from fiscal year 2014.
- General revenues amounted to \$15,503,840 and \$14,671,194, or 76% and 70% of all revenues for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,763,591, or 24% of total revenues for 2016, and \$6,347,712, or 30% of total revenues for 2015.
- The District had \$18,716,844 and \$20,746,636 in expenses for fiscal years 2016 and 2015; only \$4,763,591 for 2016 and \$6,347,712 for 2015 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$15,503,840 for 2016 and \$14,671,194 for 2015 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$14,997,329 in revenues and \$13,582,001 in expenditures for 2016, and \$14,170,342 in revenues and \$15,952,329 in expenditures in 2015. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$2,271,912 from 2015 to 2016, including a prior period adjustment of \$11,466, and decreased by \$77,998 from 2014 to 2015, including a prior period adjustment of (\$118,392).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$388,267 for 2016 and decreased by \$478,306 for 2015. The decrease for 2016 was due primarily to the disposal of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$415,268 for 2016 and decreased by \$187,726 for 2015. The decrease for 2016 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$5,247 for 2016 and decreased by \$3,801 for 2015.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required

supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$2,511,946 as of June 30, 2016.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 June 30, 2016	 June 30, 2015	Percentag Change	e
Current assets	\$ 7,265,177	\$ 6,072,729	19.64	%
Restricted assets	2,417,508	2,282,997	5.89	%
Capital assets, net	11,447,229	11,835,496	(3.28)	%
Total assets	21,129,914	20,191,222	4.65	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 3,638,747	1,959,843	85.67	%
Current liabilities	53,899	86,516	(37.70)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	1,047,237	1,462,505	(28.39)	%
Net pension liability	25,628,792	21,055,839	21.72	%
Total liabilities	26,729,928	22,604,860	18.25	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 550,679	3,620,204	(84.79)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	10,667,229	10,685,496	(0.17)	%
Restricted	3,093,008	3,114,167	(0.68)	%
Unrestricted	(16,272,183)	(17,873,662)	8.96	%
Total net position	\$ (2,511,946)	\$ (4,073,999)	38.34	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (16,272,183)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension	
liability, including the deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to	
pensions	22,540,724
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ 6,268,541

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$388,267.
- The principal retirement of \$410,021 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$25,628,792.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$20,267,431 and \$21,018,906, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$18,716,844 for 2016 and \$20,746,636 for 2015.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2016			Percentag Change	e
Revenues:	_				
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 528,171	\$	2,299,355	(77.03)	%
Operating grants and contributions	4,235,420		4,048,357	4.62	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes	4,295,027		4,066,860	5.61	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	10,966,207		10,384,375	5.60	%
Investment earnings	136,035		79,969	70.11	%
Sixteenth section sources	84,510		130,138	(35.06)	%
Other	 22,061		9,852	123.92	%
Total revenues	20,267,431		21,018,906	(3.58)	%
Expenses:					
Instruction	9,829,313		10,331,736	(4.86)	%
Support services	6,250,395		7,838,254	(20.26)	%
Non-instructional	1,091,020		1,237,444	(11.83)	%
Sixteenth section	31,254		24,018	30.13	%
Pension expense	1,413,578		1,221,712	15.70	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 101,284		93,472	8.36	%
Total expenses	 18,716,844		20,746,636	(9.78)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	1,550,587		272,270	469.50	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	 (4,073,999)		18,859,559	(121.60)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 11,466		(23,205,828)	100.05	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(4,062,533)		(4,346,269)	6.53	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (2,511,946)	\$	(4,073,999)	38.34	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Expenses				Percentage
		2016		2015	Change
Instruction	\$	9,829,313	\$	10,331,736	(4.86) %
Support services		6,250,395		7,838,254	(20.26) %
Non-instructional		1,091,020		1,237,444	(11.83) %
Sixteenth section		31,254		24,018	30.13 %
Pension Expense		1,413,578		1,221,712	15.70 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		101,284		93,472	8.36 %
Total expenses	\$	18,716,844	\$	20,746,636	(9.78) %
		Net (Expe	nse) F	Revenue	Percentage
		2016		2015	Change
Instruction	\$	(7,761,566)	\$	(8,226,074)	(5.65) %
Support services		(4,916,127)		(4,992,772)	(1.54) %
Non-instructional		270,556		156,491	72.89 %
Sixteenth section		(31,254)		(21,385)	46.15 %
Pension Expense		(1,413,578)		(1,221,712)	15.70 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		(101 204)		(02.472)	8.36 %
interest on long-term natinties		(101,284)		(93,472)	8.36 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$13,953,253 for 2016 and \$14,398,924 for 2015) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,295,027 for 2016 and \$4,066,860 for 2015) and state and federal revenues (\$10,966,207 for 2016 and \$10,384,375 for 2015). In addition, there was \$84,510 and \$130,138 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2016 and 2015, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$136,035 for 2016 and \$79,969 for 2015.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$9,642,223, an increase of \$1,354,251, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$11,466 and a decrease in inventory of \$10,441. \$6,257,133, or 65% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$3,385,090, or 35% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$2,271,912, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$11,466. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$26,484, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$10,441. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Title I Fund no increase or decrease
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund \$ (891,177)

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2016, the District's total capital assets were \$19,717,424, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross decrease of \$180,623 from 2015 due primarily to the disposal of various items of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2016, was \$8,270,195, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$541,053, resulting in total net capital assets of \$11,447,229.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

 June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	Percentage Change	
\$ 143,285	\$	143,285	0.00 %	
8,964,842		9,194,075	(2.49) %	
609,962		653,531	(6.67) %	
670,598		708,523	(5.35) %	
933,245		960,471	(2.83) %	
 125,297		175,611	(28.65) %	
\$ 11,447,229	\$	11,835,496	(3.28) %	
\$	8,964,842 609,962 670,598 933,245 125,297	\$ 143,285 \$ 8,964,842 609,962 670,598 933,245 125,297	\$ 143,285 \$ 143,285 8,964,842 9,194,075 609,962 653,531 670,598 708,523 933,245 960,471 125,297 175,611	June 30, 2016 June 30, 2015 Change \$ 143,285 \$ 143,285 0.00 % 8,964,842 9,194,075 (2.49) % 609,962 653,531 (6.67) % 670,598 708,523 (5.35) % 933,245 960,471 (2.83) % 125,297 175,611 (28.65) %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2016, the District had \$1,047,237 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$433,008 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$410,021 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$5,247 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

Percentage

				i ci cciita;	gc
	June 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2015	Change	
Limited obligation refunding bonds payable	\$ 780,000	\$	1,150,000	(32.17)	%
Obligations under capital leases	136,054		176,075	(22.73)	%
Compensated absences payable	131,183		136,430	(3.85)	%
Total	\$ 1,047,237	\$	1,462,505	(28.39)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Walthall County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Walthall County School District, 814-A Morse Avenue, Tylertown, MS 39667.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016	
Julie 50, 2010	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,246,262
Due from other governments	985,201
Accrued interest receivable	1,342
Inventories	32,372
Restricted assets (Note 4)	2,417,508
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)	143,285
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)	11,303,944
Total Assets	21,129,914
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 7)	3,638,747
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,638,747
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	35,950
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	13,437
Unearned revenue	4,512
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year) (Note 6)	
Capital related liabilities	385,000
Non-capital related liabilities	48,008
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year) (Note 6)	
Capital related liabilities	395,000
Non-capital related liabilities	219,229
Net pension liability (Note 7)	25,628,792
Total Liabilities	26,729,928
Total Elabilities	20,727,720
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflow - pensions (Note 7)	550,679
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	550,679
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	10,667,229
Restricted for:	10,007,229
Expendable:	
School-based activities	736,778
Debt service	255,398
Forestry improvements	12,423
Unemployment benefits	43,812
Non-expendable:	+5,012
Sixteenth section	2,044,597
Unrestricted	(16,272,183)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (2,511,946)
Total Net Losition (deficit)	φ (2,311,940)

Exhibit A

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Exhibit B

Tor the Tear Ended June 30, 2010			Program 1	Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		_		Operating		
		T.	Charges for	Grants and	(Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$	9,829,313	239,923	1,827,824		(7,761,566)
Support services		6,250,395	171,978	1,162,290		(4,916,127)
Non-instructional		1,091,020	116,270	1,245,306		270,556
Sixteenth section		31,254				(31,254)
Pension expense		1,413,578				(1,413,578)
Interest on long-term liabilities		101,284				(101,284)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	18,716,844	528,171	4,235,420		(13,953,253)
	Gene	eral Revenues:				
		Γaxes:				
		General purpose	levies			4,295,021
		Debt purpose lev				6
	1		s and contributions:			
		State				10,645,726
		Federal				320,481
	1	Unrestricted inves	tment earnings			136,035
		Sixteenth section s	sources			84,510
	(Other				22,061
		Total General	Revenues			15,503,840
	Char	ge in Net Position	1			1,550,587
	Net l	Position - Beginni	ng, as previously rep	oorted		(4,073,999)
	Pri	or Period Adjustn	nents (Note 9)			11,466
	Net l	Position - Beginni	ng, as restated			(4,062,533)
	Net l	Position (deficit) -	Ending		\$	(2,511,946)

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June $30,\,2016$

	Major Funds				
	General Fund	Title I Fund	16th Section Principal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Cash with fiscal agent (Note 2) Investments (Note 2)	\$ 6,246,262		331,840 165,432 1,117,274	802,959 3	7,381,061 165,435 1,117,274
Due from other governments Accrued interest receivable	200,632	204,342	1,342	563,036	968,010 1,342
Due from other funds (Note 3) Advances to other funds (Note 3) Inventories	1,503,918		1,387,337	32,372	1,503,918 1,387,337 32,372
Total Assets	7,950,812	204,342	3,003,225	1,398,370	12,556,749
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities					
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Due to other funds (Note 3)	27,697	204,342	958,628	8,253 323,757	35,950 1,486,727
Advances from other funds (Note 3) Other payables	1,387,337	- 7-	,	4,512	1,387,337 4,512
Total Liabilities	1,415,034	204,342	958,628	336,522	2,914,526
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable Inventory Permanent fund principal Advances Restricted			657,260 1,387,337	32,372	32,372 657,260 1,387,337
Debt service Forestry improvements Unemployment benefits Grant activities				268,835 12,423 43,812 704,406	268,835 12,423 43,812 704,406
Assigned School activities Unassigned	278,645 6,257,133				278,645 6,257,133
Total Fund Balances	6,535,778	0	2,044,597	1,061,848	9,642,223
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 7,950,812	204,342	3,003,225	1,398,370	12,556,749

WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position			Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2016			
2010			
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	6,257,133
Total Talla Calantees 101 go (Calantees and Calantees and		Ψ	0,207,100
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are			
different because:			
different occurso.			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not			
reported in the funds:			
Land	143,285		
Buildings	13,451,335		
Building improvements	1,089,218		
Improvements other than buildings	948,129		
Mobile equipment	3,009,091		
Furniture and equipment	1,076,366		
Accumulated depreciation	(8,270,195)		11,447,229
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current			
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
period and, discrete, are not reported in the rands.			
Net pension liability			(25,628,792)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods			
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	3,638,747		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(550,679)		3,088,068
· <u>-</u>	<u> </u>		
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period			
and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
·	(780,000)		
Limited obligation refunding bonds			
Capital lease obligations	(136,054)		
Compensated absences	(131,183)		(1.060.674)
Accrued interest payable	(13,437)		(1,060,674)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	(5,897,036)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Major Funds				
	General Fund	Title I Fund	16th Section Principal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				121 100	
Local sources	\$ 4,574,825			121,108	4,695,933
State sources	9,976,216			1,290,170	11,266,386
Federal sources	346,628	1,171,435		2,417,178	3,935,241
Sixteenth section sources	99,660		98,160	73	197,893
Total Revenues	14,997,329	1,171,435	98,160	3,828,529	20,095,453
Expenditures					
Instruction	8,197,754	593,421		1,691,212	10,482,387
Support services	5,267,524	425,956		993,739	6,687,219
Noninstructional services	4,805	79,231		1,112,679	1,196,715
Sixteenth section	7,135			24,119	31,254
Debt service					
Principal (Note 6)	40,021			370,000	410,021
Interest	64,762			40,497	105,259
Other				1,350	1,350
Total Expenditures	13,582,001	1,098,608	0	4,233,596	18,914,205
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,415,328	72,827	98,160	(405,067)	1,181,248
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Insurances loss recoveries (Note 12)	171,978				171,978
Operating transfers in (Note 3)	1,088,281			488,453	1,576,734
Operating transfers out (Note 3)	(415,141)	(72,827)	(989,337)	(99,429)	(1,576,734)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	845,118	(72,827)	(989,337)	389,024	171,978
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,260,446	0	(891,177)	(16,043)	1,353,226
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2015, as previously reported	4,263,866	0	2,935,774	1,088,332	8,287,972
Prior period adjustments (Note 9)	11,466		,, ,, ,, ,	, ,	11,466
July 1, 2015, as restated	4,275,332	0	2,935,774	1,088,332	8,299,438
Decrease in reserve for inventory				(10,441)	(10,441)
June 30, 2016	\$ 6,535,778	0	2,044,597	1,061,848	9,642,223

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities		Exhibit D-1
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016		
Net change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,353,226
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 185,201 (541,053)	(355,852)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(32,415)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	410,021 5,325	415,346
Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(1,413,578) 1,589,054	175,476
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory	5,247 (10,441)	(5,194)
	 (10,771)	
Change in Net Position of governmental activities		\$ 1,550,587

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	
June 30, 2016	

Exhibit E

	Agency Funds		
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 970,262		
Total Assets	970,262		
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	915,845		
Due to other funds (Note 3)	17,191		
Due to student clubs	37,226		
Total Liabilities	\$ 970,262		

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Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Walthall County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories.
 Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund - This Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the Federal funds whose use is restricted for services associated with educationally deprived students.

16th Section Principal Fund - This fund is used to account for the non-expendable resources generated from the sale of non-renewable resources on sixteenth section lands.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Accounts - These funds are used to account for the transaction of student clubs.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2003,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting.

See Note 1, E, 10 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is documented in the board minutes of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the policy of the School District to maintain a minimum fund balance in the General Fund that is not less than 5% of the revenues of the General Fund.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$8,496,341 (which includes \$1,115,280 of certificates of deposit with original maturities beyond three months and reported on the Balance Sheet as investments) and \$970,262, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$165,435.

Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
GNMA Pool	AAA	More than 10 \$	1,994
Certificates of deposit	N/A	More than 1	465,100
Certificates of deposit	N/A	Less than 1	650,180
Total		\$	1,117,274

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

• The identified investments of \$1,117,274 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2016, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2016, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
USB Financial - Certificates of Deposit	\$ 1,115,280	99.80%

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Major Fund - Title I	\$ 204,342
	Major Fund - 16th Section Principal Fund	958,628
	Other governmental funds	323,757
	Fiduciary Funds	 17,191
Total		\$ 1,503,918

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year end closing adjustments. Additionally, the inter-fund loan from the 16th Section Principal Fund was to transfer interest to the General Fund.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Major Fund - 16th Section		_
Principal Fund	General Fund	\$ 1,387,337

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

Note: The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 77,074	\$ 55,494	\$ 132,568
2018	77,074	52,410	129,484
2019	77,074	49,327	126,401
2020	77,074	46,371	123,445
2021	77,074	43,161	120,235
2022 - 2026	385,370	169,658	555,028
2027 - 2031	385,370	92,549	477,919
2032 - 2034	 231,227	18,523	 249,750
Total	\$ 1,387,337	\$ 527,493	\$ 1,914,830

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 415,141
Major Fund - Title I	General Fund	22,811
	Other governmental funds	50,016
Major Fund -16th Section Principal Fund	General Fund	989,337
Other governmental funds	General Fund	76,133
	Other governmental funds	 23,296
Total		\$ 1,576,734

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the vocational program. The transfer out of the Title I Fund was for indirect cost and to fund the consolidated administration fund in the Other Governmental Funds. The transfer out of the 16th Section Principal Fund was to transfer interest to the General Fund. The transfer out of Other Governmental Funds to the General Fund was for indirect cost.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets of \$2,417,508 represent the cash, cash with fiscal agent and investment balances, totaling \$1,134,799, \$165,435 and \$1,117,274, respectively of various funds whose resources are legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. This includes the General Fund, 16th Section Principal Fund, Debt Service Funds and other stated and federally funded programs of the district within the Other Governmental Funds.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

	Balance 7/1/2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2016
Governmental Activities:	 77 17 2013		Beereuses	<u> </u>
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 143,285			143,285
Total non-depreciable capital assets	143,285	0	0	143,285
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	13,451,335			13,451,335
Building improvements	1,089,218			1,089,218
Improvements other than buildings	948,129			948,129
Mobile equipment	3,164,606	164,000	(319,515)	3,009,091
Furniture and equipment	 1,101,474	21,201	(46,309)	1,076,366
Total depreciable capital assets	 19,754,762	185,201	(365,824)	19,574,139
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,257,260	229,233		4,486,493
Building improvements	435,687	43,569		479,256
Improvements other than buildings	239,606	37,925		277,531
Mobile equipment	2,204,135	159,274	(287,563)	2,075,846
Furniture and equipment	 925,863	71,052	(45,846)	951,069
Total accumulated depreciation	8,062,551	541,053	(333,409)	8,270,195
Total depreciable capital assets, net	11,692,211	(355,852)	(32,415)	11,303,944
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,835,496	(355,852)	(32,415)	11,447,229

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	_
Instruction	\$ 318,231
Support services	179,790
Non-instructional	43,032
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 541,053

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	 Balance 7/1/2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2016	Amounts due within one year
A. Limited obligation refunding bonds payable	\$ 1,150,000		370,000	780,000	385,000
B. Obligations under capital leases	176,075		40,021	136,054	41,449
C. Compensated absences payable	 136,430		5,247	131,183	6,559
Total	\$ 1,462,505	0	\$ 415,268	1,047,237	433,008

A. Limited obligation bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

	Interest		Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
State aid capital improvement refunding	2.4. 2.75	12/20/2000	2/1/2019	ф	2 215 000	700,000
bonds, 2008	2.4 - 3.75	12/30/2008	3/1/2018	\$	3,215,000	780,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 385,000	28,288	413,288
2018	395,000	14,813	409,813
Total	\$ 780,000	43,101	823,101

This debt will be retired from the MAEP Debt Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

The state aid capital improvement bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Mississippi Accountability and Adequate Education Program Act, Sections 37-151-1 through 37-151-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The state aid capital improvement bonds are not included in the computation of the debt limit percentage.

This debt is partially secured by an irrevocable pledge of building and bus fund revenues (\$62,330) the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Education Enhancement Funds authorization, Section 37-61-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

B. Obligations under capital leases

The school district has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of technology equipment at a cost of \$221,472. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes.

The district will have the option to acquire the equipment for the payment of \$1.00 upon completion of the terms of the lease.

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Brocade lease purchase					
agreement	3.568	8/22/2014	2/20/2019	\$ 221,472	136,054

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Maintenance				
	Principal	Charges	Total	
	41,449	4,597	46,046	
	42,928	3,118	46,046	
	51,677	1,586	53,263	
\$	136,054	9,301	145,355	
	\$	41,449 42,928 51,677	Principal Charges 41,449 4,597 42,928 3,118 51,677 1,586	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material.

This debt will be retired from the General Fund.

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Costof-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2016 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014 were \$1,589,054, \$1,631,378 and \$1,669,472, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the school district reported a liability of \$25,628,792 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability was .165796 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015. This was a decrease of .007671 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2015 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2014.

The effect of the school district's change in its proportionate share of the net pension liability from June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2015 resulted in the school district recording additional deferred outflows and a corresponding increase in net pension liability of \$4,572,953. The amortization of the additional deferred outflows over the service life resulted in a reduction in deferred outflows and an increase in pension expense of \$191,866 for the current year.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,413,578. At June 30, 2016 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 435,364	
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments		550,679
Changes of assumptions	1,614,329	
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions		
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,589,054	
Total	\$ 3,638,747	\$ 550,679

\$1,589,054 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2017	\$ 615,894
2018	615,894
2019	404,896
2020	(137,670)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent				
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation				
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation				

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent, a decrease of 0.25 percentage points since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	, ,	 	,
the net pension liability	\$ 33,781,096	\$ 25,678,792	\$ 18,863,904

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2017	Φ	(7.451
2017	\$	67,451
2018		54,042
2019		51,652
2020		46,002
2021		46,002
2022 - 2026		225,682
2027 - 2031		220,848
2032 - 2036		175,143
Thereafter		14,834
Total	\$	901,656

Note 9 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
Correction of an error - restatement of prior period liability	\$ 11,466

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	Correction of an error - restatement of prior period liability	\$ 11,466

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12 - Insurance loss recoveries

The School District received \$171,978 in insurance loss recoveries related to fire damage and a bus wreck during the 2015-2016 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated among the expense functions based on the following percentages:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2016

Insura	nce Loss		
Recov	eries	Percentage	Expense Function
\$	163,805	95%	Instruction
	8,173	5%	Support services
		0%	Non-instructional
\$	171,978	100%	

Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(16,272,183) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses and revenue associated with the net pension liability and related account balances.

Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 28, 2016, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Positive (Negative)	
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 4,599,320 \$	4,574,825 \$	4,574,825 \$	(24,495) \$	0
State sources	10,336,124	9,976,216	9,976,216	(359,908)	0
Federal sources	47,500	346,628	346,628	299,128	0
Sixteenth section sources	 123,400	99,660	99,660	(23,740)	0
Total Revenues	 15,106,344	14,997,329	14,997,329	(109,015)	0
Expenditures:					
Instruction	8,424,570	8,211,949	8,197,754	212,621	14,195
Support services	5,547,895	5,300,884	5,267,524	247,011	33,360
Noninstructional services	4,500	4,805	4,805	(305)	0
Sixteenth section	19,930	7,135	7,135	12,795	0
Debt service:					
Principal	77,074	40,021	40,021	37,053	0
Interest	58,737	64,762	64,762	(6,025)	0
Other	 46,100	0	0	46,100	0
Total Expenditures	 14,178,806	13,629,556	13,582,001	549,250	47,555
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 927,538	1,367,773	1,415,328	440,235	47,555
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery	0	171,978	171,978	171,978	0
Operating transfers in	1,687,235	1,663,415	1,088,281	(23,820)	(575,134)
Operating transfers out	 (2,486,303)	(1,948,903)	(415,141)	537,400	1,533,762
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (799,068)	(113,510)	845,118	685,558	958,628
Net Change in Fund Balances			2,260,446		
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2015, as previously reported			4,263,866		
Prior period adjustments			11,466		
July 1, 2015, as restated		_	4,275,332		
June 30, 2016		\$	6,535,778		

Variances

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Tor the Tell Ended Julie 30, 2010				Variar	ices	
					Positive (Negative)	
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues						
Federal sources	\$ 1,625,077	1,625,077	1,171,435	0	(453,642)	
Total Revenues	1,625,077	1,625,077	1,171,435	0	(453,642)	
Expenditures						
Instruction	715,614	765,107	593,421	(49,493)	171,686	
Support services	588,214	739,134	425,956	(150,920)	313,178	
Noninstructional services	85,086	84,995	79,231	91	5,764	
Total Expenditures	1,388,914	1,589,236	1,098,608	(200,322)	490,628	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	236,163	35,841	72,827	(200,322)	36,986	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers out	(236,163)	(72,827)	(72,827)	163,336	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(236,163)	(72,827)	(72,827)	163,336	0	
Net Change in Fund Balances		_	0			
Fund Balances July 1, 2015		_	0			
June 30, 2016		_ \$	0			

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.165796%	0.173468%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 25,628,792	\$ 21,055,839
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,357,956	\$ 10,599,822
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a		
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	 247.43%	 198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	 61.70%	 67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,589,054	\$ 1,631,378
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,589,054	1,631,378
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,089,232	\$ 10,357,956
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

(1) Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions.

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15 following the end of the fiscal year. A budgetary comparison is presented for the general fund and each major special revenue fund on the same basis of accounting as the budget which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

(3) Pension Schedules

Changes of assumptions

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/	Catalog of	
Pass-through Grantor/	Federal Domestic	Federal
Program Title	Assistance No.	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Child nutrition cluster:		
School breakfast program	10.553	\$ 350,462
National school lunch program	10.555	905,709
Summer food service program for children	10.559	6,073
Total child nutrition cluster		1,262,244
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		1,262,244
Federal Communications Commission		
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:		
The school and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	319,347
Total Federal Communications Commission		319,347
U.S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010	1,372,071
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	36,496
Twenty first century community learning centers	84.287	108,588
Rural education	84.358	42,860
Improving teacher quality - state grants	84.367	254,364
Total		1,814,379
Special education cluster:		
Special education - grants to states	84.027	526,051
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	35,456
Total special education cluster		561,507
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		2,375,886
Total U.S. Department of Education		2,375,886
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 3,957,477

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, applicable, used for the basic financial statements.
- 2. The expenditure amounts include transfers out.
- 3. The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Instruction and Other Student			
Expenditures	Total	Instructional Expenditures	General Administrative	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 13,930,043 4,984,162	10,352,546 1,705,011	878,303 294,395	1,057,824 309,853	1,641,370 2,674,903
Total	18,914,205	12,057,557	1,172,698	1,367,677	4,316,273
Total number of students	1,821				
Cost per student	\$ 10,386	6,621	644	751	2,370

Notes to the schedule.

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the school year.

OTHER INFORMATION

WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

		2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues	Ф	4.574.005	4 200 404	4.012.500	2 070 200
Local sources	\$	4,574,825	4,399,494	4,012,599	3,970,288
State sources		9,976,216	9,516,568	9,869,846	10,322,346
Federal sources		346,628	112,467	219,626	171,539
Sixteenth section sources		99,660	141,813	270,279	105,007
Total Revenues		14,997,329	14,170,342	14,372,350	14,569,180
Expenditures					
Instruction		8,197,754	8,956,491	9,019,857	9,550,185
Support services		5,267,524	6,880,479	5,414,731	5,682,076
Noninstructional services		4,805	7,676	9,848	10,359
Sixteenth section		7,135	6,218	9,092	13,052
Facilities acquisition and construction			16,903	1,571,920	639,532
Debt service					
Principal		40,021	45,397	0	0
Interest		64,762	39,165	0	0
Total Expenditures		13,582,001	15,952,329	16,025,448	15,895,204
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,415,328	(1,781,987)	(1,653,098)	(1,326,024)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Inception of capital leases		0	221,472	0	0
Insurances loss recoveries		171,978	1,850,000	9,096	338,466
Sale of other property		0	375	0	0
Operating transfers in		1,088,281	112,737	700,410	178,154
Other financing sources		0	0	0	178
Operating transfers out		(415,141)	(362,203)	(828,742)	(755,329)
Other financing uses		0	0	(9,213)	(67,979)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		845,118	1,822,381	(128,449)	(306,510)
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,260,446	40,394	(1,781,547)	(1,632,534)
Fund Balances					
July 1		4,263,866	4,341,864	6,132,525	7,752,684
Prior period adjustments		11,466	(118,392)	(9,114)	12,375
July 1, as restated		4,275,332	4,223,472	6,123,411	7,765,059
June 30	\$	6,535,778	4,263,866	4,341,864	6,132,525

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

		2016	2015*	2014*	2013*
Revenues	Φ.	4 <0.7 0.22	4.501.004	4 202 101	4.100.056
Local sources	\$	4,695,933	4,531,804	4,203,191	4,120,256
State sources		11,266,386	10,690,654	10,778,222	11,214,560
Federal sources		3,935,241	3,717,198	4,107,635	3,851,534
Sixteenth section sources		197,893	229,250	344,585	184,035
Total Revenues		20,095,453	19,168,906	19,433,633	19,370,385
Expenditures					
Instruction		10,482,387	11,197,514	11,668,556	12,169,708
Support services		6,687,219	8,061,386	6,602,696	7,119,970
Noninstructional services		1,196,715	1,252,126	1,362,532	1,454,322
Sixteenth section		31,254	24,018	38,753	37,437
Facilities acquisition and construction		0	16,903	1,576,513	639,532
Debt service			,	, ,	,
Principal		410,021	405,397	345,000	340,000
Interest		105,259	90,823	62,008	71,357
Other		1,350	1,250	1,250	1,000
Total Expenditures		18,914,205	21,049,417	21,657,308	21,833,326
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,181,248	(1,880,511)	(2,223,675)	(2,462,941)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Inception of capital leases		0	221,472	0	0
Insurances loss recoveries		171,978	1,850,000	9,096	338,466
Sale of other property		0	375	0	650
Operating transfers in		1,576,734	672,937	1,703,220	1,106,649
Other financing sources		0	0	0	178
Operating transfers out		(1,576,734)	(672,937)	(1,703,220)	(1,106,649)
Other financing uses		0	0	(9,213)	(67,979)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		171,978	2,071,847	(117)	271,315
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,353,226	191,336	(2,223,792)	(2,191,626)
Fund Balances					
July 1		8,287,972	8,213,351	10,451,864	12,631,625
Prior period adjustments		11,466	(118,392)	995	2,790
July 1, as restated		8,299,438	8,094,959	10,452,859	12,634,415
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		(10,441)	1,677	(15,716)	9,075
June 30	\$	9,642,223	8,287,972	8,213,351	10,451,864

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Walthall County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Walthall County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Walthall County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated December 28, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Walthall County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Walthall County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Walthall County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Walthall County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Clair CPA, PUC

Carriere, MS December 28, 2016 Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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ST. CLAIR CPA, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Walthall County School District School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Walthall County School District School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Walthall County School District School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Walthall County School District School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Walthall County School District School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Walthall County School District School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Walthall County School District School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Walthall County School District School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Walthall County School District School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered Walthall County School District School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Walthall County School District School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, I identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2016-001 that I consider to be a significant deficiency.

Walthall County School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in my audit are described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Walthall County School District School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, I express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Clair CPA. PLLC Carriere, MS

December 28, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Walthall County School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walthall County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise Walthall County School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated December 28, 2016. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance. The district reported \$-0- of classroom supply funds carried over from previous years.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

St. Clair CPA, PUC

Carriere, MS December 28, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2016

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the basic financial statements: Unmodified

2. Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted?

3. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

Federal Awards:

4. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

5. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weaknesses identified?
 b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?
 Yes

6. Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

7. Federal program identified as major program:

a. Child nutrition cluster

CFDA #: 10.553 CFDA #: 10.555 CFDA #: 10.559

b. Special education cluster

CFDA #: 84.027 CFDA#: 84.173

8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

Prior fiscal year audit findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings as discussed in 2 CFR 200.511(b)?

No

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under the *Government Auditing Standards*

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses.

Finding 2016-001

Federal Program: Title I – grants to local educational agencies, CFDA #84.010, Passed through the

Mississippi Department of Education.

Compliance requirement: Procurement, Suspension and Debarment

WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2016

CONDITION: The school district failed to maintain documentation to show that competitive purchasing requirements were met in seven (7) instances of program expenditures.

CRITERIA: The federal office of Management and Budget sets forth uniform guidance for the administration of federal grant awards. The district is charged with the responsibility of designing and implementing a set of internal controls to ensure compliance with competitive purchasing requirements of the grant award. For all purchases of goods and services exceeding the micro-purchase threshold amount of \$3,500, the district must show that competitiveness was introduced into the purchasing process through quotes or formal bid process. There are three tiers of guidance relating to procurement and the requirement that competiveness be introduced into the purchasing process. "For small purchase procedures" of purchase between \$3,500 and \$150,000, nonfederal entities are allowed to follow procedures that are relatively simple and informal. However, price and rate quotations must be obtained from an adequate number of qualified sources for purchases falling within this range. The discretion of determining the adequate number of qualified sources is left to the nonfederal entity. Purchases over \$150,000 are considered large purchases that require a sealed bid process. Currently our state purchasing laws are not aligned directly with federal guidance. However, recipients of federal grants are expected to meet the requirements of federal guidance. This includes the retention of documents to substantiate compliance with competitive purchasing requirements.

QUESTIONED COST: None

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The district failed to implement a sound system of internal controls surrounding competitive purchasing.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: The failure to maintain documentation means the district cannot substantiate compliance with the grant award's competitive purchasing requirements.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the district begin immediate steps to enforce the guidelines and enforce existing written requirements that require competitive purchasing practices on all orders exceeding the micro-purchase threshold of \$3,500 for commodities and services.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN



Wade L. Carney, Superintendent 814 Morse Ave. Tylertown, MS 39667 Phone 601-876-3401 Fax 601-876-6982

Walthall County School District

Corrective Action Plan

December 28, 2016

As required by 2 CFR 200,511(c), the Walthall County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Finding 2016-001

Corrective Action Plan

a. Contact person responsible for corrective action: Marcy Hartzog, Business Manager

b. Description of correction action to be taken: We will document in written purchasing procedure guidelines the procedures to be followed for all purchases of goods and services, distinguishing between purchases subject to federal purchase laws and those that are only subject to state purchasing laws. We will emphasize the importance of documenting compliance with all purchasing laws.

c. Anticipated completion date of corrective action: January 17, 2017

Sincerely.

Superintendent of Education

Wade L. Carney