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Adams County, Mississippi Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

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# FINANCIAL REPORT



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Adams County, Mississippi

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Adams County, Mississippi (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We did not audit the financial statements of Adams County Airport Commission and Natchez-Adams County Port Commission, which are discretely presented component units and represent 44% and 56%, respectively, of the assets, 60% and 40%, respectively, of the net position, and 18% and 82% of the revenues of the discretely presented component units.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Adams County Airport Commission and Natchez-Adams County Port Commission, which are discretely presented component units and represent 44% and 56%, respectively, of the assets, 60% and 40%, respectively, of the net position, and 18% and 82% of the revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Adams County Airport Commission and Natchez-Adams County Port Commission, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Adams County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of the County's Contributions and corresponding notes, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Omission of Required Supplementary Information**

Adams County, Mississippi, has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis, that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Adams County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Component Units - Combining Statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Component Units - Combining Statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and the Component Units - Combining Statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 14, 2019, on our consideration of the Adams County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of

that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Adams County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC August 14, 2019

Certified Public Accountants

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017

	-	Primary Government Governmental Activities		Component Units
ASSETS	_			
Cash	\$	4,983,419	\$	347,218
Property tax receivable		14,071,757		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$2,361,077)		120,450		430,051
Fines receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$2,638,366)		2,627,138		
Loans receivable		2,137,000 613,750		
Intergovernmental receivables Other receivables		104,519		
Inventories and prepaid items		104,519		60,082
Capital assets:				00,082
Land and construction in progress		14,364,453		
Other capital assets, net		53,818,641		13,252,276
Intangible assets, net		,-		97,115
Total Assets	-	92,841,127		14,186,742
	<del>-</del>			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		3,482,762		236,447
Deferred amount on refunding	-	187,466		226 447
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	3,670,228	_	236,447
LIABILITIES				
Claims payable		569,215		118,264
Intergovernmental payables		348,774		
Accrued interest payable		188,129		
Amounts held in custody for others		207,022		
Other payables		12,821		
Long-term liabilities :				
Net pension liability		19,727,813		2,245,155
Due within one year:		2 24 7 2 7 4		2447.227
Capital debt		2,217,074		2,145,335
Non-capital debt Due in more than one year:		672,459		
Capital debt		15,179,912		7,956
Non-capital debt		2,772,227		7,930
Total Liabilities	-	41,895,446		4,516,710
Tom Zhomue	<del>-</del>	11,0>0,110	_	.,010,710
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows related to pensions		1,977,167		272,070
Property tax for future reporting period	_	14,071,757		
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	16,048,924	_	272,070
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		50,973,574		11,103,485
Restricted for:		20,573,27		11,100,.00
Expendable:				
General government		472,746		
Public safety		370,246		
Public works		581,909		
Unemployment compensation		29,983		
Economic development and assistance		1,061,919		
Insurance premiums		397,410		
Non-expendable:				
Loan receivable		2,137,000		(1.400.050
Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$ <del>-</del>	(17,457,802) 38,566,985	<u>e</u> —	(1,469,076) 9,634,409
Total Net 1 USHIOII	<sup>\$</sup> =	50,500,705	Φ ==	7,034,409

Exhibit 2

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

roi me Teal Ended September 50, 2017		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) l Changes in N	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Component Units
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 7,964,242	5,621,699	601,692	16,202	(1,724,649)	
Public safety	7,204,353	436,829	664,530	186,225	(5,916,769)	
Public works	1,478,168	926,366	12,637	680,618	141,453	
Health and welfare	341,311		246,879	19,591	(74,841)	
Culture and recreation	303,638				(303,638)	
Education	581,732				(581,732)	
Conservation of natural resources	138,484				(138,484)	
Economic development and assistance	294,084		576,846		282,762	
Capital outlay	3,879,154				(3,879,154)	
Interest on long-term debt	821,038				(821,038)	
Pension expense	3,055,292				(3,055,292)	
Total Governmental Activities	26,061,496	6,984,894	2,102,584	902,636	(16,071,382)	
Component units:						
Adams County Airport Commission	\$ 854,130	444,921		194,555		(214,654)
Natchez-Adams County Port Commission	2,765,766	2,333,081		585,774		153,089
Total Component Units	\$ 3,619,896	2,778,002		780,329		(61,565)
	General revenue	es:		4	14.600.070	
	Property taxes			\$		
	_	privilege taxes	. 1		845,680	
			cted to specific progr	rams	3,531,906	1.766
		sal of fixed assets			20.505	,
	Unrestricted in				39,595	341
	Miscellaneous				1,391,130	1,054
		from primary govern		•.	(2.122.160)	220,000
			former component u		(3,133,160)	222.151
	Total Genera	il Revenues, Contrib	outions and Special	item	17,277,221	223,161
	Changes in Net	Position			1,205,839	161,596
	Net Position - B	seginning, as previou	ısly reported		36,450,802	9,810,093
	Prior period adj	justment			910,344	(337,280)
	Net Position - B	seginning, as restated	i		37,361,146	9,472,813
	Net Position - E	nding		\$	38,566,985	9,634,409

				Major Funds						
	_			County Wide		County Wide	_			
				Bridge and		Bond and		Other		Total
		General		Culvert		Interest Sinking		Governmental		Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS										<u> </u>
Cash	\$	1,825,875	\$	323,473	\$	9,277	\$	2,255,094	\$	4,413,719
Property tax receivable		10,356,674		1,186,056		1,459,949		1,069,078		14,071,757
Accounts receivable (net of allowance										
for uncollectibles of \$2,361,077)		-		-		-		120,450		120,450
Fines receivable (net of allowance for										
uncollectibles of \$2,638,366)		2,627,138		-		-		-		2,627,138
Loans receivable		-		-		-		2,137,000		2,137,000
Intergovernmental receivables		331,156		3,360		-		279,234		613,750
Other receivables		6,755		-		-		16,805		23,560
Due from other funds		271,137		29,605		36,525		100,212		437,479
Advances to other funds	_	29,997		8,520	_	-		4,470		42,987
Total Assets	\$ =	15,448,732	\$_	1,551,014	\$ =	1,505,751	\$	5,982,343	\$_	24,487,840
LIABILITIES										
Liabilities:										
Claims payable	\$	154,750	\$	24,383	\$	-	\$	252,634	\$	431,767
Intergovernmental payables		347,008		-		-		1,766		348,774
Due to other funds		176,342		-		-		146,598		322,940
Advances from other funds		4,460		10		28,735		8,520		41,725
Amounts held in custody for others		149,953		-		-		57,069		207,022
Other payables	_	12,821		-		-		-		12,821
Total Liabilities	\$_	845,334	\$	24,393	\$_	28,735	\$_	466,587	\$_	1,365,049
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		10,356,674		1,186,056		1,459,949		1,069,078		14,071,757
Unavailable revenue - garbage fees		-		-		-		120,450		120,450
Unavailable revenue - fines	_	2,627,138			_	-				2,627,138
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	12,983,812	\$	1,186,056	\$	1,459,949	\$	1,189,528	\$	16,819,345
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Loan receivable		-		-		-		2,137,000		2,137,000
Advances		29,997		8,520		-		4,470		42,987
Restricted for:										
General government		-		-		-		472,746		472,746
Public safety		-		-		-		370,246		370,246
Public works		-		332,045		-		249,864		581,909
Economic development and assistance		-		-		-		1,061,919		1,061,919
Unemployment compensation		-		-		-		29,983		29,983
Assigned to:										
Debt service		-		-		17,067		-		17,067
Unassigned		1,589,589	_	<u> </u>	_	-	-,-	-		1,589,589
Total Fund Balances	\$_	1,619,586	\$	340,565	\$_	17,067	\$_	4,326,228	\$_	6,303,446
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ =	15,448,732	\$_	1,551,014	\$_	1,505,751	\$	5,982,343	\$	24,487,840

ADAMS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017	Exhibit 3-1
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 6,303,446
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$64,376,087.	68,183,094
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	2,747,588
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(20,841,672)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(19,727,813)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(188,129)
Deferred amount on refunding	187,466
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	3,482,762 (1,977,167)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are	
included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	 397,410
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 38,566,985

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September  $30,\,2017$ 

				Major Funds					
				County Wide		County Wide			
				Bridge and		Bond and	Other		Total
		General		Culvert		Interest Sinking	Governmental		Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds
REVENUES	_		_		-	_		_	
Property taxes	\$	10,913,692	\$	1,190,359	\$	1,456,206	1,041,813	\$	14,602,070
Road and bridge privilege taxes		-		-		-	845,680		845,680
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		403,048		-		-	412,477		815,525
Fines and forfeitures		235,520		-		-	30,346		265,866
Intergovernmental revenues		2,273,363		1,546,713		-	2,717,050		6,537,126
Charges for services		501,085		-		-	1,269,527		1,770,612
Interest income		38,054		-		-	119		38,173
Miscellaneous revenues		130,644		17,264		19	195,302		343,229
Total Revenues		14,495,406	_	2,754,336		1,456,225	6,512,314	_	25,218,281
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government		6,253,324		-		-	465,147		6,718,471
Public safety		5,869,268		-		-	1,756,297		7,625,565
Public works		-		3,190,852		-	1,183,600		4,374,452
Health and welfare		341,311		-		-	-		341,311
Culture and recreation		296,992		-		-	6,646		303,638
Education		406,561		-		-	175,171		581,732
Conservation of natural resources		135,786		-		-	1,885		137,671
Economic development and assistance		268,990		-		-	41,294		310,284
Capital Outlay		800,497		-		-	3,078,657		3,879,154
Debt service:									
Principal		992,847		126,985		983,934	499,959		2,603,725
Interest		99,807		10,721		512,416	150,596		773,540
Bond issue costs		2,389		-		4,180	-		6,569
Total Expenditures	_	15,467,772	_	3,328,558		1,500,530	7,359,252	_	27,656,112
Excess of Revenues over									
		(072 366)		(574 222)		(44.205)	(946 029)		(2.427.921)
(under) Expenditures		(972,366)		(574,222)	-	(44,305)	(846,938)	-	(2,437,831)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Long-term capital debt issued		194,290		511,876		-	767,814		1,473,980
Long-term non-capital debt issued		-		-		2,685,000	-		2,685,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5,578		22,412		-	33,617		61,607
Compensation for loss of capital assets		102,092		-		-	968,868		1,070,960
Transfers in		697,699		197,046		-	168,661		1,063,406
Transfers out		(59,935)		-		-	(931,683)		(991,618)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		939,724	_	731,334	-	2,685,000	1,007,277	_	5,363,335
CDECIAL FEEMS									
SPECIAL ITEMS		(440.160)							(440,160)
PERS paid for former component unit		(448,160)		-		(2.695.000)	-		(448,160)
Bonds issued to repay hospital bonds		-		-	-	(2,685,000)		-	(2,685,000)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(480,802)		157,112		(44,305)	160,339	_	(207,656)
Fund Balances - Beginning, as previously reported		2,110,310		183,453		61,372	4,165,889		6,521,024
Prior period adjustments		(9,922)		-		-	-,105,007		(9,922)
Fund Balances - Beginning, as restated	_	2,100,388	 	183,453	-	61,372	4,165,889	-	6,511,102
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,619,586	\$_	340,565	\$	17,067	4,326,228	\$	6,303,446
				·				-	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 4

#### ADAMS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Exhibit 4-1 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ (207,656)Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that capital outlays of \$3,879,154 exceeded depreciation of \$1,525,609 in the current period. 2,353,545 In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of the net gain of \$1,046,248 and the proceeds from the sale of \$61,607 and compensation for loss of \$1,070,960 in the current period. (86,359)Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting. 2.170.932 Solid waste revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required 74,478 on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting. Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that debt repayments of \$2,603,725 were less than debt proceeds of \$4,158,980. (1,555,255)Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items: Increase in accrued interest payable (10.673)Decrease in compensated absences 97,051 Some items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include: Recording of pension expense for the current period (3,055,292)Recording of contributions made during the year 1,226,581 An Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to

228,744

(30,256)

1,205,839

(1)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities** 

individual funds. The net revenue (expense) is reported within governmental activities.

The Statement of Net Position reports a deferred asset related to a refunding bond issue. That amount

is amortized annually as an expense on the Statement of Activities, but not reflected in the governmental funds.

Rounding difference

Exhibit 5

 $\label{thm:continuous} Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund \\ September 30, 2017$ 

		Internal Service Fund
ASSETS	_	Fulld
Cash	\$	569,700
Due from other funds	*	10,000
Total Assets	_	579,700
LIABILITIES		
Claims payable		137,448
Due to other funds		44,842
Total Liabilities		182,290
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Insurance premiums		397,410
Total Net Position	\$	397,410

Exhibit 6

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30,2017

		Internal
		Service
OPERATING REVENUES	<del>-</del>	Fund
	¢	1.061.050
Premiums collected	\$	1,961,959
Miscellaneous	_	1,692
Total Operating Revenues	<del>-</del>	1,963,651
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Premiums paid		1,664,541
Total Operating Expenses		1,664,541
Operating Income (Loss)	_	299,110
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest income		1,422
Net Nonoperating Revenue		1,422
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers	_	300,532
Transfers in		10,000
Transfers out		(81,788)
Changes in Net Position	_	228,744
Net Position - Beginning		168,666
Net Position - Ending	\$	397,410
	_	

Exhibit 7

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	<u>-</u>	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts for premiums	\$	1,961,959
Other operating cash receipts		1,692
Other operating cash payments	_	(1,821,135)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	-	142,516
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		
Cash received from other funds:		
Operating transfers in		10,000
Cash paid to other funds:		
Operating transfers out	_	(81,788)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	-	(71,788)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest on deposits		1,422
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	-	1,422
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		72,150
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	497,550
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ =	569,700
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	299,110
Changes in assets and liabilities:	·	,
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		(156,594)
Total Adjustments	-	(156,594)
	-	(,,-)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	142,516

Exhibit 8

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities September 30, 2017

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 656,161
Total Assets	656,161
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held in custody for others	575,202
Due to governmental funds	79,697
Advances to other funds	1,262
Total Liabilities	\$ 656,161

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended September 30, 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

# (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

Adams County, Mississippi (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Adams County, Mississippi to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component units which have a significant operational or financial relationship with the County.

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County's legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor
- Tax Collector
- Sheriff

#### B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

#### **Blended Component Units**

Certain component units, although legally separate from the primary government, are nevertheless so intertwined with the primary government that they are, in substance, the same as the primary government. Therefore, these component units are reported as if they are part of the primary government. The following component unit's balances and transactions are blended with the balances and transactions of the primary government. Adams County has one blended component unit - Adams County Public Improvement Corporation.

Adams County Public Improvement Corporation was incorporated as a nonprofit under Section 31-8-3, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) that allows counties to enter into lease agreements with any corporation. The Corporation's three-member Board of Directors is appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Corporation produces a financial benefit through its ability to finance the construction of capital facilities

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

for the primary government by obligating funds to repay debt pursuant to a lease agreement.

### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The component units' column in the financial statements include the financial data of the following component units of the County. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The majority of the members of the governing bodies of these component units were appointed by the County Board of Supervisors.

The County reports the following discretely presented component units. Complete financial statements for these component units can be obtained through the Adams County Board of Supervisors.

- Adams County Airport Commission
- Natchez-Adams County Port Commission

The Adams County Airport Commission (the Airport) was established by a joint resolution and ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of Adams County, Mississippi, the Mayor and the Board of Alderman of the City of Natchez, Mississippi, pursuant to Section 61-3-5 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, annotated and recompiled. Pursuant to the provisions of the joint resolution and ordinance of May 1998, the Adams County Board of Supervisors created the Adams County Airport Commission. Adams County provides the annual funding for the Airport; therefore, it is treated as a component unit for the County for reporting purposes. The Airport has a year end of September 30.

The Natchez-Adams County Port Commission (the Port) is located along the Mississippi River in the City of Natchez in Adams County, Mississippi. The Port is governed by a Board of Commissioners which are appointed by the Adams County Board of Supervisors. The Port has a year end of September 30.

Certified public accounting firms other than the primary government's auditor audited the financial statements for each discretely-presented component unit listed above and provided these to the County as the primary government.

Financial information may be obtained from the Adams County Chancery Clerk's office at 115 S Wall Street, Natchez, MS 39120.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### C. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. Internal service fund balances have been eliminated against the expenses and program revenue. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

### **Fund Financial Statements:**

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.

# D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Government-wide, Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic assets used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

The County reports the following major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u>- This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>County Wide Bridge and Culvert Fund</u> - This fund is to account for monies from specific revenue sources restricted for the construction and maintenance of bridges and culverts.

<u>County Wide Bond and Interest Sinking Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for resources accumulated and used for the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs of borrowing for County projects.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for those operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The County's internal service fund reports on the self-insurance programs for employee medical benefits.

#### FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

#### E. Account Classifications

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

# F. Deposits and Investments

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the County did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

#### G. Receivables

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

#### H. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Noncurrent portions of interfund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the General Fund, if applicable, to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. However, this is not applicable to advances reported in other governmental funds, which are reported, by definition, as restricted, committed, or assigned. Interfund

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

# I. Capital Assets

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, costs have been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capitalized on capital assets.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	 Thresholds	Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	n/a
Infrastructure	0	20-50 years
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

\* Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred amount of refunding</u> - For current refunding and advance refunding resulting in defeasance of debt reported by governmental activities, and proprietary funds, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources and recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> - This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 15 for additional details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has deferred inflows as follows:

<u>Unavailable revenues - property taxes</u> - Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u> - This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 15 for additional details.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# L. Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, Governmental Fund Types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# M. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

 Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

# Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Government fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are either not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties are restricted, committed, or assigned) or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a principal balance of a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

*Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

### Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

# N. Property Tax Revenues

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

collectibility criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

# O. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because the expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

# P. Compensated absences

The County has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and Proprietary Funds financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example an employee resigns or retires.

# Q. Changes in Accounting Standards

The County implemented the following standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the current fiscal year as required: GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* and GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73.* The provisions of these standards have been incorporated into the financial statements and notes.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

# (2) Prior Period Adjustment

A summary of the significant net position / fund balance equity adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit 2 - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount	
1. Correction of capital assets.	\$	904,733
2. Correction of long-term debt.		15,533
3. Correction of prior year revenues and expenditures		(9,922)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	910,344

Exhibit 4 - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Major Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	To correct prior year revenues and expenditures.	\$ (9,922)

#### (3) Deposits

#### Deposits:

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2017, was \$5,639,580, and the bank balance was \$6,791,452. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above the FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

# (4) Interfund Transactions and Balances

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2017:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 146,598
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	44,842
General Fund	Agency Funds	79,697
County Wide Bridge and Culvert Fund	General Fund	29,605
County Wide Bond and Interest Sinking Fund	General Fund	36,525
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	100,212
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	10,000
Total		\$ 447,479

Primary receivables represent cash deficits / surplus between funds previously not recorded. Other receivables represent the tax revenue collected but not settled until October 2017. All current interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

### B. Advances From/To Other Funds:

Receivable fund Payable fund			Amount
General Fund	County Wide Bond and Interest Sinking Fund	\$	28,735
General Fund	Agency Funds	·	1,262
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		4,460
Other Governmental Funds	County Wide Bridge and Culvert Fund		10
County Wide Bridge and Culvert Fund	Other Governmental Funds		8,520
Total		\$	42,987

Advances to other funds have generally been made to provide cash to funds to help fund operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

# C. Transfers In/Out:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount	
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	615,911	
General Fund	Internal Service Fund		81,788	
County Wide Bridge and Culvert Fund	Other Governmental Funds		197,046	
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		49,935	
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds		118,726	
Internal Service Fund	General Fund		10,000	
Total		\$	1,073,406	

Transfers are for the following: 1) County matching on grants, 2) transfer of one mill funds, excess tax bids, and grand gulf fund for unrestricted operations and 3) miscellaneous fund operations where cash was short.

# (5) Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

# Governmental Activities:

Description	 Amount
Governmental Activities:	 
Legislative Tag Credit	\$ 168,565
Bellwood Levee Project	52,109
Housing Prisoners	45,569
Gaming revenues	57,238
Federal Recurring Revenues	31,728
State Recurring Revenues	190,712
Local Recurring Revenues	67,829
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 613,750

# (6) Loans Receivable

Loan receivable balances at September 30, 2017, are as follows:

Description	Date of Loan	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Receivable Balance
Natchez-Adams County Port Commission	November 1997	5.20%	November 2017	\$ 2,137,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### (7) Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2017:

## Governmental activities:

				Completed	
	Balance			Construction /	Balance
	Oct. 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2017
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 12,253,227	6,585	18,500		12,241,312
Construction in progress	1,098,727	2,930,756		(1,906,342)	2,123,141
Total non-depreciable capital assets	13,351,954	2,937,341	18,500	(1,906,342)	14,364,453
Depreciable capital assets:					
Infrastructure	86,622,847	1,598,446		1,216,582	89,437,875
Buildings	16,628,551	41,100			16,669,651
Improvements other than buildings	1,366,707				1,366,707
Mobile equipment	5,203,575	88,483	529,152	278,134	5,041,040
Furniture and equipment	2,015,973	29,350			2,045,323
Leased property under capital leases	3,112,725	823,980		(302,573)	3,634,132
Total depreciable capital assets	114,950,378	2,581,359	529,152	1,192,143	118,194,728
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	50,706,538	659,294		33,811	51,399,643
Buildings	5,488,493	264,370			5,752,863
Improvements other than buildings	419,182	32,538			451,720
Mobile equipment	4,285,658	184,471	461,293	191,537	4,200,373
Furniture and equipment	1,679,056	52,624			1,731,680
Leased property under capital leases	712,230	332,312		(204,734)	839,808
Total accumulated depreciation	63,291,157	1,525,609	461,293	20,614	64,376,087
Total depreciable capital assets, net	51,659,221	1,055,750	67,859	1,171,529	53,818,641
Total capital assets, net	\$ 65,011,175	3,993,091	86,359	(734,813)	68,183,094

Adjustments were made in the amount of \$904,733 to correctly present capital assets and various infrastructure and building projects transfers of completed construction.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

	_	Amount
Governmental Activities:	_	
General government	\$	192,356
Public safety		384,077
Public works		942,562
Conservation of natural resources	_	6,614
Total depreciation expense	\$	1,525,609

Commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects at September 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

	Remaining	
	Financial	Expected Date of
Description of Commitment	Commitment	Completion
Deerfield Bridge and Hutchins Landing	\$ 155,287	December - 18

#### (8) Claims and Judgments

#### Risk Financing

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2018. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss relating to employee health and accident coverage through the Mississippi Public Entity Employee Benefit Trust, a public entity risk pool. The pool is a claims serving organization with the County retaining the risk of loss on all claims to which the County is exposed. Premium payments to the pool are determined on an actuarial basis. The County has reinsurance which functions on two separate stop loss coverages; specific and aggregate. These coverages are purchased from an outside commercial carrier. For the current fiscal year, the specific coverage begins when an

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

individual participant's claim exceeds \$20,000, and the aggregate policy covers all submitted claims in excess of \$55,000. The reinsurance coverage limit is \$1,000,000. Claims expenses and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs).

The following table provides changes in the balances of claims liabilities for fiscal year 2017 and 2016:

	_	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year End
2015-2016	\$	20,003	2,160,755	1,886,716	294,042
2016-2017	\$	294,042	1,507,947	1,664,541	137,448

#### (9) Capital Leases

#### As Lessee:

The County is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2017:

Classes of Property	<u></u>	Governmental Activities
Mobile Equipment	\$	2,888,805
Other Furniture and Equipment		745,327
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(839,808)
Leased Property under Capital Leases	\$	2,794,324

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due as of September 30, 2017:

Year ending September 30,	Principal		Interest
2018	\$ 493,543	\$	61,492
2019	506,521		50,951
2020	340,443		39,355
2021	733,765		29,769
2022	462,236		15,531
2023 - 2024	141,074	·	5,295
Total	\$ 2,677,582	\$	202,393

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

## (10) Long-Term Debt

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

Amount   Interest   Maturity					Final
Governmental Activities:   A. General Obligation Bonds:   General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2012   S   613,689   2.90%   09/2019   Rentech Property Acquisition Bonds   7,995,000   4.50%   08/2033   Refunded Hospital Bonds   2,325,000   4.50%   10/2023   Refunded GO Jail Bonds   2,020,000   2.00%   07/2024   Port Improvement Bonds   2,620,000   4.50%   07/2028   Total General Obligation Bonds   S   15,573,689          B. Capital Leases:     MCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911   S   57,818   1.79%   03/2018   T1 upgrade   49,429   1.79%   08/2018   Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor   139,385   2.12%   02/2019   (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif   49,598   2.09%   02/2019   2015 International Dump Truck   45,086   2.15%   09/2019   2015 Caterpillar Loader   127,692   2.15%   11/2019   2015 Caterpillar Loader   146,885   2.19%   11/2020   E-911 Dispatch System   139,382   2.04%   04/2020   (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sherriff   77,600   2.28%   06/2020   John Deere 410L Backhoe   82,410   2.15%   10/2019   John Deere Motor Grader   201,242   2.24%   11/2020   Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader   145,593   2.07%   06/2021   John Deere Hotor Grader   201,242   2.24%   11/2020   Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader   46,846   2.49%   05/2024   (6) Interceptors for SO   194,290   2.37%   02/2022   (2) Tandem Dump Trucks   277,620   2.49%   05/2022   Cat 430 loader/Swpr   150,128   2.49%   06/2022   Cat 430 loader/Swpr   150,128   2.49%   06/2022			Amount	Interest	Maturity
A. General Obligation Bonds: General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2012 \$ 613,689 2.90% 09/2019 Rentech Property Acquisition Bonds 7,995,000 4.50% 08/2033 Refunded Hospital Bonds 2,325,000 4.50% 10/2023 Refunded GO Jail Bonds 2,020,000 2.00% 07/2024 Port Improvement Bonds 2,620,000 4.50% 07/2028 Total General Obligation Bonds \$ 15,573,689  B. Capital Leases: MCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911 \$ 57,818 1.79% 08/2018 IT upgrade 49,429 1.79% 08/2018 Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor 139,385 2.12% 02/2019 (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif 49,598 2.09% 02/2019 2015 International Dump Truck 45,086 2.15% 09/2019 Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher 30,006 2.28% 06/2020 John Deere 544K Loader 127,692 2.15% 11/2019 2015 Caterpillar Loader 146,885 2.19% 11/2020 E-911 Dispatch System 139,382 2.04% 04/2020 (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff 77,600 2.28% 02/2020 John Deere 410K Backhoe 82,410 2.15% 10/2019 John Deere Motor Grader 201,242 2.24% 11/2020 Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader 145,593 2.07% 06/2021 John Deere Hotor Grader 201,242 2.24% 11/2020 Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader 46,846 2.49% 06/2021 John Deere Hotor Grader 46,846 2.49% 06/2021 John Deere Hotor Grader 46,846 2.49% 06/2021 2016 Pierce Pumper Truck 464,846 2.49% 06/2022 Cat 430 loader/Swpr 150,128 2.49% 06/2022 Cat Bobtail Dump Trucks 201,942 2.39% 08/2022	Description and Purpose		Outstanding	Rate	Date
A. General Obligation Bonds: General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2012 \$ 613,689 2.90% 09/2019 Rentech Property Acquisition Bonds 7,995,000 4.50% 08/2033 Refunded Hospital Bonds 2,325,000 4.50% 10/2023 Refunded GO Jail Bonds 2,020,000 2.00% 07/2024 Port Improvement Bonds 2,620,000 4.50% 07/2028 Total General Obligation Bonds 5 15,573,689  B. Capital Leases:  MCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911 \$ 57,818 1.79% 08/2018 IT upgrade 49,429 1.79% 08/2018 Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor 139,385 2.12% 02/2019 (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif 49,598 2.09% 02/2019 2015 International Dump Truck 45,086 2.15% 09/2019 Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher 30,006 2.28% 06/2020 John Deere 544K Loader 127,692 2.15% 11/2019 2015 Caterpillar Loader 146,885 2.19% 11/2020 E-911 Dispatch System 139,382 2.04% 04/2020 (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff 77,600 2.28% 02/2020 John Deere 410K Backhoe 82,410 2.15% 10/2019 John Deere Motor Grader 201,242 2.24% 11/2020 Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader 145,593 2.07% 06/2021 John Deere 410K Backhoe   46,846 2.49% 06/2021 John Deere Hotor Grader 46,846 2.49% 06/2021 2016 Pierce Pumper Truck 464,846 2.49% 06/2021 2016 Pierce Pumper Truck 464,846 2.49% 05/2024 (6) Interceptors for SO 194,290 2.37% 02/2022 (2) Tandem Dump Trucks 277,620 2.49% 05/2022 Cat 430 loader/Swpr 150,128 2.49% 06/2022 Cat 430 loader/Swpr 150,128 2.49% 06/2022 (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks 201,942 2.39% 08/2022					
General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2012         \$ 613,689         2.90%         09/2019           Rentech Property Acquisition Bonds         7,995,000         4.50%         08/2033           Refunded Hospital Bonds         2,325,000         4.50%         10/2023           Refunded GO Jail Bonds         2,020,000         2.00%         07/2024           Port Improvement Bonds         2,620,000         4.50%         07/2028           Total General Obligation Bonds         \$ 15,573,689         07/2028           B. Capital Leases:         MCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911         \$ 57,818         1.79%         03/2018           IT upgrade         49,429         1.79%         08/2018           Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor         139,385         2.12%         02/2019           (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif         49,598         2.09%         02/2019           2015 International Dump Truck         45,086         2.15%         09/2019           2015 Caterpillar Loader         127,692         2.15%         11/2019           2015 Caterpillar Loader         146,885         2.19%         04/2020           G-911 Dispatch System         139,382         2.04%         04/2020           G-911 Dispatch System         139,382         2.04%	Governmental Activities:				
Rentech Property Acquisition Bonds         7,995,000         4.50%         08/2033           Refunded Hospital Bonds         2,325,000         4.50%         10/2023           Refunded GO Jail Bonds         2,020,000         2.00%         07/2024           Port Improvement Bonds         2,620,000         4.50%         07/2028           Total General Obligation Bonds         \$ 15,573,689         \$ 07/2028           B. Capital Leases:         ***********************************	A. General Obligation Bonds:				
Refunded Hospital Bonds         2,325,000         4.50%         10/2023           Refunded GO Jail Bonds         2,020,000         2.00%         07/2024           Port Improvement Bonds         2,620,000         4.50%         07/2028           Total General Obligation Bonds         \$ 15,573,689          07/2028           B. Capital Leases:         W           MCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911         \$ 57,818         1.79%         03/2018           IT upgrade         49,429         1.79%         08/2018           Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor         139,385         2.12%         02/2019           (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif         49,598         2.09%         02/2019           2015 International Dump Truck         45,086         2.15%         09/2019           Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher         30,006         2.28%         06/2020           John Deere 544K Loader         127,692         2.15%         11/2019           2015 Caterpillar Loader         146,885         2.19%         04/2020           (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff         77,600         2.28%         02/2020           John Deere 410K Backhoe         82,410         2.15%         10/2019           John Deere Motor Grader         <	General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2012	\$	613,689	2.90%	09/2019
Refunded GO Jail Bonds         2,020,000         2.00%         07/2024           Port Improvement Bonds         2,620,000         4.50%         07/2028           Total General Obligation Bonds         3         15,573,689           B. Capital Leases:         MCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911         \$ 57,818         1.79%         03/2018           IT upgrade         49,429         1.79%         08/2018           Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor         139,385         2.12%         02/2019           (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif         49,598         2.09%         02/2019           2015 International Dump Truck         45,086         2.15%         09/2019           Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher         30,006         2.28%         06/2020           John Deere 544K Loader         127,692         2.15%         11/2019           2015 Caterpillar Loader         146,885         2.19%         11/2020           E-911 Dispatch System         139,382         2.04%         04/2020           (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff         77,600         2.28%         02/2020           John Deere 410K Backhoe         82,410         2.15%         10/2019           John Deere Motor Grader         201,242         2.24%         11/2020 <td>Rentech Property Acquisition Bonds</td> <td></td> <td>7,995,000</td> <td>4.50%</td> <td>08/2033</td>	Rentech Property Acquisition Bonds		7,995,000	4.50%	08/2033
Port Improvement Bonds         2,620,000         4,50%         07/2028           Total General Obligation Bonds         \$ 15,573,689         4,50%         07/2028           B. Capital Leases:         WCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911         \$ 57,818         1.79%         03/2018           IT upgrade         49,429         1.79%         08/2018           Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor         139,385         2.12%         02/2019           (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif         49,598         2.09%         02/2019           2015 International Dump Truck         45,086         2.15%         09/2019           Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher         30,006         2.28%         06/2020           John Deere 544K Loader         127,692         2.15%         11/2019           2015 Caterpillar Loader         146,885         2.19%         11/2020           E-911 Dispatch System         139,382         2.04%         04/2020           (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff         77,600         2.28%         02/2020           John Deere Motor Grader         82,410         2.15%         10/2019           John Deere Motor Grader         201,242         2.24%         11/2020           Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader         96,630         2.15%	Refunded Hospital Bonds		2,325,000	4.50%	10/2023
B. Capital Leases:   MCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911   \$ 57,818   1.79%   03/2018     IT upgrade   49,429   1.79%   08/2018     Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor   139,385   2.12%   02/2019     (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif   49,598   2.09%   02/2019     2015 International Dump Truck   45,086   2.15%   09/2019     Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher   30,006   2.28%   06/2020     John Deere 544K Loader   127,692   2.15%   11/2019     2015 Caterpillar Loader   146,885   2.19%   11/2020     E-911 Dispatch System   139,382   2.04%   04/2020     (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff   77,600   2.28%   02/2020     John Deere 410K Backhoe   82,410   2.15%   10/2019     John Deere Motor Grader   201,242   2.24%   11/2020     Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader   145,593   2.07%   06/2021     John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader   96,630   2.15%   06/2021     2016 Pierce Pumper Truck   464,846   2.49%   05/2024     (6) Interceptors for SO   194,290   2.37%   02/2022     Cat 430 loader/Swpr   150,128   2.49%   06/2022     Cat 430 loader/Swpr   150,128   2.49%   06/2022     (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks   201,942   2.39%   08/2022     Cat 50 betail Dump Trucks   201,942   2.39%   06/2022     Cat	Refunded GO Jail Bonds		2,020,000	2.00%	07/2024
B. Capital Leases:  MCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911 \$ 57,818 1.79% 03/2018  IT upgrade 49,429 1.79% 08/2018  Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor 139,385 2.12% 02/2019  (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif 49,598 2.09% 02/2019  2015 International Dump Truck 45,086 2.15% 09/2019  Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher 30,006 2.28% 06/2020  John Deere 544K Loader 127,692 2.15% 11/2019  2015 Caterpillar Loader 146,885 2.19% 11/2020  E-911 Dispatch System 139,382 2.04% 04/2020  (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff 77,600 2.28% 02/2020  John Deere 410K Backhoe 82,410 2.15% 10/2019  John Deere Motor Grader 201,242 2.24% 11/2020  Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader 145,593 2.07% 06/2021  John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader 96,630 2.15% 06/2021  2016 Pierce Pumper Truck 464,846 2.49% 05/2024  (6) Interceptors for SO 194,290 2.37% 02/2022  (2) Tandem Dump Trucks 277,620 2.49% 05/2022  Cat 430 loader/Swpr 150,128 2.49% 06/2022  (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks 201,942 2.39% 08/2022	Port Improvement Bonds		2,620,000	4.50%	07/2028
MCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911       \$ 57,818       1.79%       03/2018         IT upgrade       49,429       1.79%       08/2018         Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor       139,385       2.12%       02/2019         (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif       49,598       2.09%       02/2019         2015 International Dump Truck       45,086       2.15%       09/2019         Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher       30,006       2.28%       06/2020         John Deere 544K Loader       127,692       2.15%       11/2019         2015 Caterpillar Loader       146,885       2.19%       11/2020         E-911 Dispatch System       139,382       2.04%       04/2020         (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022 <td>Total General Obligation Bonds</td> <td>\$</td> <td>15,573,689</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	15,573,689		
MCC500 Dispatch Console - E-911       \$ 57,818       1.79%       03/2018         IT upgrade       49,429       1.79%       08/2018         Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor       139,385       2.12%       02/2019         (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif       49,598       2.09%       02/2019         2015 International Dump Truck       45,086       2.15%       09/2019         Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher       30,006       2.28%       06/2020         John Deere 544K Loader       127,692       2.15%       11/2019         2015 Caterpillar Loader       146,885       2.19%       11/2020         E-911 Dispatch System       139,382       2.04%       04/2020         (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
IT upgrade       49,429       1.79%       08/2018         Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor       139,385       2.12%       02/2019         (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif       49,598       2.09%       02/2019         2015 International Dump Truck       45,086       2.15%       09/2019         Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher       30,006       2.28%       06/2020         John Deere 544K Loader       127,692       2.15%       11/2019         2015 Caterpillar Loader       146,885       2.19%       11/2020         E-911 Dispatch System       139,382       2.04%       04/2020         (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       06/2022	•	_			
Caterpillar D6 / Dozer / Tractor       139,385       2.12%       02/2019         (4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif       49,598       2.09%       02/2019         2015 International Dump Truck       45,086       2.15%       09/2019         Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher       30,006       2.28%       06/2020         John Deere 544K Loader       127,692       2.15%       11/2019         2015 Caterpillar Loader       146,885       2.19%       11/2020         E-911 Dispatch System       139,382       2.04%       04/2020         (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022 <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>		\$	,		
(4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif       49,598       2.09%       02/2019         2015 International Dump Truck       45,086       2.15%       09/2019         Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher       30,006       2.28%       06/2020         John Deere 544K Loader       127,692       2.15%       11/2019         2015 Caterpillar Loader       146,885       2.19%       11/2020         E-911 Dispatch System       139,382       2.04%       04/2020         (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022 <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>08/2018</td>			,		08/2018
2015 International Dump Truck       45,086       2.15%       09/2019         Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher       30,006       2.28%       06/2020         John Deere 544K Loader       127,692       2.15%       11/2019         2015 Caterpillar Loader       146,885       2.19%       11/2020         E-911 Dispatch System       139,382       2.04%       04/2020         (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	·		ŕ		02/2019
Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher       30,006       2.28%       06/2020         John Deere 544K Loader       127,692       2.15%       11/2019         2015 Caterpillar Loader       146,885       2.19%       11/2020         E-911 Dispatch System       139,382       2.04%       04/2020         (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	(4) Ford Expeditions - Sherrif		49,598	2.09%	02/2019
John Deere 544K Loader       127,692       2.15%       11/2019         2015 Caterpillar Loader       146,885       2.19%       11/2020         E-911 Dispatch System       139,382       2.04%       04/2020         (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	2015 International Dump Truck		45,086	2.15%	09/2019
2015 Caterpillar Loader       146,885       2.19%       11/2020         E-911 Dispatch System       139,382       2.04%       04/2020         (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	Durapatcher Pot Hole Patcher		30,006	2.28%	06/2020
E-911 Dispatch System       139,382       2.04%       04/2020         (4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	John Deere 544K Loader		127,692	2.15%	11/2019
(4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff       77,600       2.28%       02/2020         John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	2015 Caterpillar Loader		146,885	2.19%	11/2020
John Deere 410K Backhoe       82,410       2.15%       10/2019         John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	E-911 Dispatch System		139,382	2.04%	04/2020
John Deere Motor Grader       201,242       2.24%       11/2020         Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	(4) Chevrolet Tahoes - Sheriff		77,600	2.28%	02/2020
Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader       145,593       2.07%       06/2021         John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	John Deere 410K Backhoe		82,410	2.15%	10/2019
John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader       96,630       2.15%       06/2021         2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	John Deere Motor Grader		201,242	2.24%	11/2020
2016 Pierce Pumper Truck       464,846       2.49%       05/2024         (6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	Caterpillar 934M Wheel Loader		145,593	2.07%	06/2021
(6) Interceptors for SO       194,290       2.37%       02/2022         (2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	John Deere 410L Backhoe / Loader		96,630	2.15%	06/2021
(2) Tandem Dump Trucks       277,620       2.49%       05/2022         Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	2016 Pierce Pumper Truck		464,846	2.49%	05/2024
Cat 430 loader/Swpr       150,128       2.49%       06/2022         (2) Bobtail Dump Trucks       201,942       2.39%       08/2022	(6) Interceptors for SO		194,290	2.37%	02/2022
(2) Bobtail Dump Trucks 201,942 2.39% 08/2022	(2) Tandem Dump Trucks		277,620	2.49%	05/2022
	Cat 430 loader/Swpr		150,128	2.49%	06/2022
Total Capital Leases \$\frac{2,677,582}{}	(2) Bobtail Dump Trucks		201,942	2.39%	08/2022
	Total Capital Leases	\$	2,677,582		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### C. Other Loans:

Revolving Loan - Freight Rail Service Projects	\$ 700,612	0.00%	Unknown
Series 2017 Negotiable Note	650,000	4.45%	06/2022
Series 2014 Negotiable Note	733,792	1.92%	11/2019
Total Other Loans	\$ 2,084,404		

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

#### Governmental Activities:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds					
September 30,	Principal	Interest				
2018	\$ 1,982,459	650,435				
2019	1,741,230	589,261				
2020	1,110,000	536,786				
2021	1,150,000	496,161				
2022	1,195,000	453,986				
2023 - 2027	4,405,000	1,680,492				
2028 - 2032	3,310,000	765,663				
2033	680,000	41,650				
Total	\$ 15,573,689	5,214,434				

Year Ending		Other I	Loans
September 30,	-	Principal	Interest
2018	\$	413,531	29,102
2019		420,277	21,313
2020		427,787	14,060
2021		181,456	6,046
2022		183,725	3,057
2023 - 2027		242,984	
2028 - 2032		214,644	
Total	\$	2,084,404	73,578
	_		

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a county issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2017, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 4.50% of the latest property assessments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2017:

	_	Balance et. 1, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	Balance Sept. 30, 2017	Amount due within one year
Governmental Activities:		1, 2010	- Tagitions	Treductions	Trajustriiones	<u> </u>	one year
General obligation bonds	\$ 1	4,652,623	2,685,000	1,763,934		15,573,689	1,982,459
Capital leases		2,310,166	823,980	441,031	(15,533)	2,677,582	493,543
Other loans		1,833,164	650,000	398,760		2,084,404	413,531
Total	1	8,795,953	4,158,980	2,603,725	(15,533)	20,335,675	2,889,533
Compensated absences		603,048		97,051		505,997	
Total	\$ <u>1</u>	9,399,001	4,158,980	2,700,776	(15,533)	20.841.672	2,889,533
Deferred amount on refunding		217,722		30,256		187,466	

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid, which are generally the General Fund, Road Maintenance Fund, County Wide Bridge and Culvert Fund and Solid Waste Fund.

#### (11) Deficit Fund Balances of Individual Funds

The following funds reported deficits in fund balance and net position at September 30, 2017:

Fund	Def	icit Amount
SO DUI/Law Enforcement Liaison	\$	21,933
Occupant Protection Grant		3,836
VOCA Grant		66,101
Violence Against Women Act		38,579
Waste Collection & Disposal Fund		53,616
Juvenile Drug Court Reserve		721
FEMA 361 Shelter Project		2,145

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### (12) Contingencies

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

<u>Airport Revenue Note Contingencies</u> - The County issued revenue notes to provide funds for constructing and improving capital facilities of the Adams County Airport. The revenue notes are reported as a liability of the Airport because such debt is payable primarily from the Airport's operations. However, the County remains contigently liable for the retirement of these bonds because the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County are secondarily pledged in case of default by the Airport. The principal amount of Airport revenue notes outstanding at September 30, 2017 is \$11,791.

#### (13) Jointly Governed Organizations

The County participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

Copiah-Lincoln Community College operates in a district composed of the counties of Adams, Copiah, Franklin, Jefferson, Lawrence, Lincoln and Simpson. The Adams County Board of Supervisors appoints five of the 27 members of the College Board of Trustees. The County appropriated \$882,593 for maintenance and support of the College in fiscal year 2017.

Southwest Mississippi Planning and Development District operates in a district composed of the counties of Adams, Amite, Claiborne, Franklin, Jefferson, Lawrence, Lincoln, Pike, Walthall and Wilkinson. The Adams County Board of Supervisors appoints four of the 40 members of the Board of Directors. The County appropriated \$71,865 for the support of the District in fiscal year 2017.

Southwest Mississippi Mental Health Complex operates in a district composed of the counties of Adams, Amite, Claiborne, Franklin, Jefferson, Lawrence, Lincoln, Pike, Walthall and Wilkinson. The Adams County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the ten members of the Board of Commissioners. The County contributes a small part of the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

entity's total revenues. The County appropriated \$77,143 for support of the Complex in fiscal year 2017.

Southwest Mississippi Development Corporation operates in a district composed of the counties of Adams, Amite, Claiborne, Franklin, Jefferson, Lawrence, Lincoln, Pike, Walthall and Wilkinson. The entity is governed by members appointed by each county's lead industrial foundation or Chamber of Commerce. If no industrial foundation or Chamber of Commerce is present, the member is appointed by the County's Board of Supervisors. The member counties provide only modest financial support for the Corporation.

#### (14) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. The County contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the State of mississippi Legislature. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. At September 30, 2017, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate at September 30, 2017 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The County's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$1,226,581, \$1,195,004, and \$1,161,998, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$19,727,813 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The County proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability was .118675 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was an increase of 0.004973 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$3,055,292. At September 30, 2017 the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	615,167	143,948
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			1,524,278
Change of assumptions		20,148	
Changes in the proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,516,859	308,941
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	330,588	
Total	\$	3,482,762	1,977,167

\$330,588 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### Year ending September 30:

2018	\$ 1,000,556
2019	458,579
2020	96,941
2021	 (381,069)
Total	\$ 1,175,007

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.75 - 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	27%	4.60%
International Equity	18%	4.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	4%	4.75%
Global	12%	4.75%
Fixed Income	18%	0.75%
Real Assets	10%	3.50%
Private Equity	8%	5.10%
Emerging Debt	2%	2.25%
Cash	1%	0.00%
Total	100%	=

<u>Discount rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.75%)			Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	25,874,344	\$	19,727,813	\$	14,624,857

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### (15) Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,457,802) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$330,588 resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2018. The \$3,152,174 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension at September 30, 2017, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 3 years.

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$50,973,574 includes the effect of deferring the recognition expenses resulting from a deferred outflow on refunding of County debt. The \$187,466, balance of the deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2017 will be recognized as an expense and decrease the net investment in capital assets net position. This was proportionately expended beginning in the 2017 fiscal year and will continue through the end of the refunded debt, which is fiscal year 2024.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,457,802) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$1,977,167 balance of deferred inflow of resources, at September 30, 2017 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,457,802) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from property taxes that belong to a future period. The balance of the deferred inflow of resources at September 30, 2017 was \$14,071,757.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### (16) Tax Abatements

For the year beginning October 1, 2016, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) implemented Statement 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. This statement requires governmental entities to disclose the reduction in tax revenues resulting from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The Adams County Board of Supervisors negotiates property tax abatements on an individual basis. Eight abatements are for ten years where one abatement has no expiration date (Natchez Housing Authority). The County had tax abatement agreements with seven entities as of September 30, 2017.

The County has five types of abatements. The payments for in lieu taxes is the only type of abatement that provides for the abatement of school tax levies. None of the types of tax abatements provide for the abatement of state taxes:

Sections 27-31-101, 27-31-102, and 27-31-105, Miss. Code (Ann.) 1972 All allowable property tax levies All allowable property tax levies except for county wide road fund tax levy

With the exception of Natchez Housing Authority, all other industries granted tax abatements were for economic development purposes.

Category	% of Taxes Abated During Fiscal Year	unt of Taxes pated During Fiscal Year
Economic development projects	64.64%	\$ 278,731
Housing authority (in lieu)	35.36%	 152,500
		\$ 421,231

#### (17) Special Items

On December 28, 2016, \$2,685,000 in Limited Obligation Hospital Bonds were issued on behalf of the County to fulfill obligations related to the repayment of outstanding hospital bond obligations as determined in Bankruptcy Court. The County also paid \$448,160 toward outstanding PERS obligations for hospital employees per U.S. District Court – Mississippi – Southern District Cause #14-01048 on November 15, 2016.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### (18) Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Adams County evaluated the activity of the County, through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

Issue Date	Interest Rate	Issue Amount	Type of Financing	Source of Financing
10/25/2017	4.19%	\$ 8,115,000	General obligation refunding bonds	Ad valorem taxes
3/01/2018	3.21%	3,500,000	General obligation bonds	Ad valorem taxes
5/19/2018	2.94%	47,527	Lease purchase	Ad valorem taxes
8/21/2018	3.73%	162,039	Lease purchase	Ad valorem taxes
8/25/2018	3.87%	75,257	Lease purchase	Ad valorem taxes
8/9/2018	3.53%	242,726	Lease purchase	Ad valorem taxes

# Component Unit Adams County Airport Commission

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### ADAMS COUNTY AIRPORT COMMISSION

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Adams County Airport Commission (the Airport or the Commission) was established by a joint resolution and ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of Adams County, Mississippi, and the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Natchez, Mississippi, pursuant to Section 61-3-5 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, annotated and recompiled. The original resolution expired on December 15, 1988, and was renewed for 20 more years ending on December 15, 2008. By joint resolution and ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of Adams County, Mississippi, and the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Natchez, Mississippi, and adopted by the Board of Supervisors on May 6, 1998, and by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Natchez on May 7, 1998, the said resolution and ordinance adopted in 1988 was rescinded and the Natchez-Adams County Airport Commission dissolved. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 2 of the joint resolution and ordinance of May 1998, the Adams County Board of Supervisors created the Adams County Airport Commission.

The financial statements of the Commission have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Commission applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Commission does not apply FASB pronouncements or APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

#### A. Reporting Entity

Adams County provides the annual funding for the Airport; therefore, it is treated as a component unit of the County for reporting purposes.

#### B. Fund Accounting

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The Commission is classified and reported as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

body has decided that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Enterprise fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

All enterprise funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. Fund equity is segregated into investment in capital assets and restricted and unrestricted components for enterprise funds. Enterprise operating statements present increases and decreases in net total position. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by enterprise funds. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred.

#### D. Cash and Investments

The Commission deposits excess funds in the financial institution selected by the Airport in accordance with state statutes.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Commission considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### E. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists primarily of amounts due for fuel purchases and hangar rent. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on identification of specific accounts that are deemed uncollectible. There was no allowance at September 30, 2017.

#### F. Prepaid Items

Payments for services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2017, are recorded as prepaid items.

### NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### G. Capital Assets

Enterprise funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus, and all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activities are included on their statement of net position.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used by enterprise funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	15-55 Years
Improvements other than buildings:	
Original construction of runways, taxiways, etc.	80 Years
Reconstruction (overlays, etc.)	15-40 Years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Office furniture and equipment	5-12 Years
Other fixed assets	8-10 Years

As noted previously, depreciation on all exhaustible capital assets, whether acquired with its own funds or through contributions in aid of construction, is reflected in the Commission's statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. All capital assets are stated at historical cost. Donated capital assets are stated at their estimated fair market value on the date donated.

#### H. Intangible Assets

Amortization of air space easements and the related cost of clearing the easement area are charged as an expense against the Commission's operations using an 80-year amortization period, which is the same period of time over which the runway for which the easement was obtained is being depreciated.

Under the terms of the easement agreements, the easements will terminate when the runway, for which the easements were obtained, is abandoned or ceases to be used for public airport purposes.

#### I. Inventories

Inventories on hand represent aviation fuel and lubricants (motor oil). Inventories of aviation fuel are maintained in above ground tanks. Both items are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

Inventories of minor supplies used for airport operations are expensed or recognized as an expense at the time of purchase.

## NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### J. Net Position

The Commission's net position is divided into the following categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Restricted net assets are those that have constraints placed on them either externally, such as by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net assets are those net assets that do not meet the above definitions and are considered available for general operations.

#### K. Accumulated Compensated Absences

The Commission has adopted a policy regarding payment for unused personal leave. All full-time employees of the Commission are entitled to leave with pay. The employees are generally allowed to accumulate leave of a certain number of days per year, depending on length of service and employment status. Employees can accumulate leave, but no employee can be paid for more than 45 days of leave upon termination.

#### L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND OTHER DEPOSITS

The collateral for a public entity's deposits in financial institutions is now held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The carrying amount of the Commission's deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2017, was \$341,782, and the bank balance was \$342,418.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital assets as of September 30, 2017:

	Balance <u>9/30/16</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance 9/30/17
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 268,655	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 268,655
Construction in progress		218,215	(218,215) (218,215)	268,655
	268,655	218,215	(210,213)	200,033
Other capital assets:				2.526.070
Buildings	2,526,078	•	•	2,526,078
Improvements other than buildings	11,477,686	218,215	-	11,695,901
Machinery and equipment	74,851	9,756	(28,781)	55,826
Vehicles	375,936	9,625	•	385,561
Office furniture and equipment	15,589	-	-	15,589
Other capital assets	<u>2,843</u>			2,843
• **	14,472,983	237,596	(28,781)	14,681,798
Less accumulated depreciation on				
other capital assets:				
Buildings	(739,491)	(57,961)	-	(797,452)
Improvements other than buildings	(7,911,613)	(221,307)	-	(8,132,920)
Machinery and equipment	(73,593)	(1,910)	28,781	(46,722)
Vehicles	(177,208)	(5,638)	•	(182,846)
Office furniture and equipment	(11,475)	(700)	-	(12,175)
Other capital assets	(2,843)	<del>-</del>		(2,843)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,916,223)	(287,516)	28,781	<u>(9,174,958)</u>
Other capital assets, net	5,556,760	(49,920)	-	_5,506,840
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 5,825,415</u>	<u>\$_168,295</u>	<u>\$ (218,215)</u>	<u>\$ 5,775,495</u>

#### NOTE 4 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following is a summary of the changes in intangible assets for the year ended September 30, 2017:

September 30, 2017.	Balance <u>9/30/16</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance <u>9/30/17</u>
Clearing and airspace easements Accumulated amortization	\$ 161,643 (62,507)	\$(2,021)	\$ - -	\$ 161,643 (64,528)
	<u>\$_99,136</u>	<u>\$ (2,021)</u>	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 97,115</u>

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In June, 2015, the Commission entered into an agreement with the primary government for the purchase of a new vehicle. The County added the vehicle to its existing fleet lease with the provision that the Commission makes the annual lease payment of \$4,125.93, with interest at 2.44%. The Commission is also reporting the asset.

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, is as follows:

	9/30/16 Balance	Add	itions	Red		007	Due Within One Year
Notes payable	\$ 15,533	\$		\$	(3,742)	\$ 11,791	\$ 3,835

The total interest incurred for the year ended September 30, 2017, was \$384, which was charged to expense. As of September 30, 2017, annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending September 30.	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		
2017 2018 2019	\$ 3,835 3,930 4,026	\$ 291 196 99		
Total requirements	<u>\$ 11,791</u>	<u>\$586</u>		

#### NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

The Commission contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, Mississippi, 39201-1005, or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

#### Funding Policy

PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary and the Airport is required to contribute at an actuarially-determined rate. The current rate is 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The Commission's contributions to PERS for the years ended September 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015, were \$26,604, \$25,910 and \$40,265, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to PERS

At September 30, 2017, the Commission reported a liability of \$433,206 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The PERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total PERS pension liability used to calculate the PERS net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Commission's proportion of the PERS net pension liability was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the PERS pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the Commission's proportion was 0.002606 percent, which was an increase of 0.000049 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the Commission recognized pension expense related to PERS of \$6,775. At September 30, 2017, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual results	\$	26,985	
Changes in assumptions		442	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan		9,023	70,014
Changes in proportion and differences between Commission contributions and proportionate share of contributions		18,677	-
Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement da	te	7,133	-
Total	\$	62,260	70,014

The \$7,133 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Commission's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows/(I	Deferred Inflow) Aging:		
Year ended Septembe	er		
	2017	\$	3,722
	2018		3,722
	2019		3,722
	2020	ap go company and a second and	3,721
		\$	14,887

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of Plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four year period ending June 30, 2014. As a result of the experience report which is dated May 4, 2015, the Board of Trustees adopted changes in assumptions for PERS since the last Measurement Date.

#### NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2017 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, preretirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Target	Real Rate
Allocation	of Return
34.00%	5.20 %
19.00%	5.00 %
8.00%	5.45 %
20.00%	0.25 %
10.00%	4.00 %
8.00%	6.15 %
1.00%	(0.50)%
100.00%	
	Allocation  34.00%  19.00%  8.00%  20.00%  10.00%  8.00%  1.00%

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability of PERS based on the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuations, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Commission's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
1.00% decrease (6.75%)	\$ 568,178
Current discount rate (7.75%)	433,206
1.00% increase (8.75%)	321,149

Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi's financial report.

#### NOTE 7 – COMMITMENTS

The Commission has entered into various contracts that were not complete as of September 30, 2017. All projects are being financed primarily from grant funds.

#### NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

One Commissioner is a member of Fly, LLC, which rents a hangar at the standard rate and purchases fuel from the Commission at the normal sales price. Hangar rent paid by Fly, LLC for the year ended September 30, 2017, was \$2,220. There was a receivable from Fly, LLC at September 30, 2017 for \$178 for August and September fuel purchases.

Another Commissioner is a member of Tate Hobdy Air, which rents a hangar at the standard rate and purchases fuel from the Commission at the normal sales price. Hangar rent paid by Tate Hobdy Air for the year ended September 30, 2017, was \$2,220. There was a receivable from Tate Hobdy Air at September 30, 2017 for \$512 for August and September fuel purchases.

## NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

A third Commissioner is a private owner of a personal aircraft. He rents a hangar at the standard rate and purchases fuel at the normal sales price. There is a receivable from this Commissioner as of September 30, 2017, of \$352 for August fuel purchases and September hangar rent.

#### NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Commission carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE 10 – ADAMS COUNTY ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE RELATED TO AIRPORT

As previously discussed, the Commission is treated as a component unit of Adams County for reporting purposes. Component units have significant operational or financial relationships with the County. Other funds related to the Commission are accounted for in the records of Adams County, Mississippi, by the Chancery Clerk. See the audit of Adams County, Mississippi, for disclosure of these items.

# **Component Unit Natchez-Adams County Port Commission**

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

#### NATCHEZ-ADAMS COUNTY PORT COMMISSION

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Natchez-Adams County Port Commission have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Port applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The Port does not apply FASB pronouncements or APB opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Natchez-Adams County Port Commission is part of the financial reporting entity of Adams County, Mississippi. As such, it is accounted for as a component unit. The Natchez-Adams County Port Commission has its own Board of Commissioners, which is appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Adams County.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The accounts of Adams County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Natchez-Adams County Port Commission is classified as a proprietary fund.

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basis of Accounting

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

#### D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash consists of amounts on deposit with a financial institution in both interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing accounts. Cash and cash equivalents are valued at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Natchez-Adams County Port Commission considers all highly liquid investments and certificates of deposit to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of six months or less when acquired.

#### E. Accounts Receivable

Most receivables for the Port are classified as trade receivables and arise from transactions with customers for use of the Port facilities. All receivables are deemed by management to be collectible.

#### F. Investments

The Port is allowed, by statute, to invest excess funds in any bonds or other direct obligations of the United States of America or the State of Mississippi, or of any county or municipality of this state, when such county or municipal bonds have been properly approved; or in interest-bearing time certificates of deposit with any financial institution approved for the deposit of state funds.

#### G. Prepaid Items

Payments made for services that will benefit periods beyond September 30, 2017, are recorded as prepaid items.

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost, or estimated historical cost for assets acquired prior to September 30, 1990, which were transferred from the general fixed asset account group of Adams County.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Depreciation is charged to operations of proprietary funds over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	10 to 40 years
Bulk loading facility	40 years
Equipment	5 to 15 years
Office furniture and equipment	5 to 15 years
Vehicles	5 years

#### I. Net Position

Net position is divided into the following categories: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of all capital assets, both restricted and unrestricted, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted net positions are those that have constraints placed on them either externally, such as by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Natchez-Adams County Port Commission does not have a net position in this category. Unrestricted net positions are those net differences that do not meet the above definitions and are considered available for general operations.

#### J. Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Port to concentrations of credit risk, consist of billed accounts and unbilled costs. The Port operates and grants credit to customers across the country. The Port conducts ongoing credit evaluation of customers to limit the Port's credit risk to a minimal level. Accounts receivable derived from storage and shipping operations are not collateralized. Historically, the Port has not incurred any significant credit related losses.

#### NOTE 2 – CASH, OTHER DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

The collateral for public entity deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The carrying amount of the Port's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2017, was \$5,436, and the bank balance was \$21,532, the difference being primarily attributable to items in transit at year end.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Balance 10/01/16	Additions	Deletions	Balance 09/30/17
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 40,697	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,697
Construction in Progress	122,400	321,543	443,943	<u> </u>
Total assets not being depreciated	163,097	321,543	443,943	40,697
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	5,504,220	443,943	-	5,948,163
Bulk loading facility	4,098,442	-	-	4,098,442
Equipment	4,464,551	288,842	-	4,753,393
Office furniture and equipment	18,131	-	-	18,131
Vehicles	<u>28,010</u>			28,010
Total other capital assets	14,113,354	732,785	-	14,846,139
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	2,635,262	134,688	-	2,769,950
Bulk loading facility	1,926,294	164,228	± -	2,090,522
Equipment	2,292,730	213,356	-	2,506,086
Office furniture and equipment	14,674	813	-	15,487
Vehicles	28,010			28,010
Total accumulated depreciation	6,896,970	<u>513,085</u>		7,410,055
Other capital assets, net	7,216,384	219,700		7,436,084
Proprietary fund capital assets, net	<u>\$_7,379,481</u>	<u>\$_541,243</u>	<u>\$ 443,943</u>	\$ 7,476,781

#### NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION (continued)

Depreciation expense of \$513,085 was charged to the proprietary fund for the year ended September 30, 2017.

#### NOTE 4 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As discussed in Note 5 with respect to the Mississippi Development Bank special obligation bonds, the Port has a commitment to repay the bonds if revenues are available. In years where revenues are unavailable, Adams County, Mississippi (the County) repays the bonds. The Port then has the liability to repay the County. In the year ended September 30, 2017, the Port transferred \$100,000 to the County to assist in defraying the principal and interest payments on these bonds. Adams County, Mississippi reports a corresponding receivable.

In January 2011, a special meeting was called by the Adams County Board of Supervisors during which the Board of Supervisors entered into a Memorandum of Understanding agreeing to issue Bonds in the amount of Four Million Five Hundred Thousand (\$4,500,000) Dollars for improvements to the Adams County Port, which are necessary to serve Corporation X-Project Renew. This resulted in an adopted resolution confirming the Port Commission's commitment of One Million Five Hundred Thousand (\$1,500,000) Dollars for the aforementioned Project Renew for improvements at the Adams County Port.

#### NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

On November 1, 1997, Adams County entered into a loan agreement with Mississippi Development Bank for the issuance of special obligation bonds to benefit the Port. The total amount received was \$3,000,000. The debt is to be repaid with revenues of the Port Commission, provided funds are available; therefore, a loan payable, maturing November 2017, to Adams County has been recorded. The loan is unsecured.

2,137,000 2,137,000 (2,137,000)

Less current portion

<u>\$\_\_\_\_</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Years	<u>Principa</u> l		Interest
2018	\$ 2,137,000	\$	347,782

#### NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term debt liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Balance 10/1/16	Reductions	Additions	Balance 9/30/17
Loans payable	\$ 2,137,000	<u> </u>	<u>s</u> -	\$_2,137,000

Included in short debt is \$4,500, due to an unrelated third party. The Commission opted to purchase equipment from an individual for \$18,000, payable in four payments of \$4,500. One payment remained at September 30, 2017.

#### NOTE 6 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

The Commission contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, Mississippi, 39201-1005, or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

#### **Funding Policy**

PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary and the Commission is required to contribute at an actuarially-determined rate. The current rate is 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The Commission's contributions to PERS for the years ended September 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015, were \$110,091, \$111,475 and \$120,456, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to PERS

At September 30, 2017, the Commission reported a liability of \$1,811,949 for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The PERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total PERS pension liability used to calculate the PERS net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Commission's proportion of the

### NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

PERS net pension liability was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the PERS pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the Commission's proportion was 0.010896 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000453 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the Commission recognized pension expense related to PERS of \$143,381. At September 30, 2017, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual results	\$	29,239	13,746
Changes in assumptions		44,139	3,495
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Plan		174,304	140,002
Changes in proportion and differences between Commission contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1	(125,904)	44,813
Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement d	late	52,409	
Total	\$	174,187	202,056

The \$52,409 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the Commission's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows/(Deferred Inflow) Aging:

Year ended September

2018	\$ (26,755)
2019	(4,918)
2020	(13,605)
2021	(35,000)
	\$ (80,278)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of Plan investment
	expense, including inflation

## NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four year period ending June 30, 2014. As a result of the experience report which is dated May 4, 2015, the Board of Trustees adopted changes in assumptions for PERS since the last Measurement Date.

In 2015 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. In 2015, the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015. Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2015, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. Finally, the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
US Broad	27.00%	4.60 %
International Equity	18.00%	4.50 %
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00%	4.75 %
Global	12.00%	4.75 %
Fixed Income	18.00%	0.75 %
Real Assets	10.00%	3.50 %
Private Equity	8.00%	5.10 %
Emerging Debt	2.00%	2.25 %
Cash	1.00%	0.00 %
Total	100.00%	

# NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability of PERS based on the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Commission's
	Proportionate
	Share of Net
	Pension Liability
1.00% decrease (6.75%)	\$ 2,376,493
Current discount rate (7.75%)	1,811,950
1.00% increase (8.75%)	1,343,256

Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi's financial report.

# NOTE 7 – ADAMS COUNTY ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCE RELATED TO PORT

The Port was established by Adams County, Mississippi in the late 1950s to utilize the natural assets of the County and enhance industrial growth and employment opportunities. The County has supported the Port over the years through bond issues, tax levies, and EDA grants administered by the County. All of these monies were received, disbursed, and accounted for in the records of Adams County, Mississippi maintained by the Chancery Clerk of the County. See the audit of Adams County, Mississippi for disclosure of these items.

## NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Port is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Port carries commercial insurance for these risks. There were no claims resulting from these insured risks in the current fiscal year.

## NOTE 9 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In evaluating different tools available for calculating the net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows under GASB Statement Number 68, a significant difference was noted in the deferred outflows previously reported and those recalculated using other guidance. As the new tool was deemed to more clearly delineate the required disclosure elements, it was determined that it would be utilized going forward. A prior period adjustment of \$337,280 was recorded in the 2017 fiscal year to account for the recalculated deferred outflows. This correction impacted the deferred outflows and unrestricted net assets, with no effect on the results of operations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 UNAUDITED

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Over (Negative)
REVENUES  Dramatu towas	\$	11 210 727	11 104 400	10 904 027	(200.262)
Property taxes Licenses, commissions and other revenue	Ф	11,318,727 379,700	11,194,400 423,087	10,894,037 422,314	(300,363) (773)
Fines and forfeitures		205,000	240,890	242,785	1,895
Special assessments		1,000	1,893	242,763	(1,893)
Intergovernmental revenues		2,413,786	2,311,230	2,265,077	(46,153)
Charges for services		45,000	505,275	503,705	(1,570)
Interest income		10,000	35,184	35,184	-
Miscellaneous revenues		95,600	434,214	423,200	(11,014)
Total Revenues		14,468,813	15,146,173	14,786,302	(359,871)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		6,326,894	6,748,381	6,249,903	498,478
Public safety		5,638,804	5,793,279	5,696,645	96,634
Health and welfare		383,137	384,530	338,977	45,553
Culture and recreation		80,000	251,726	251,727	(1)
Education		395,069	406,561	406,561	-
Conservation of natural resources		1,023,982	936,283	135,786	800,497
Economic development and assistance		268,390	268,515	268,515	-
Capital outlay		-	-	800,497	(800,497)
Debt service:					
Principal		989,684	992,071	992,847	(776)
Interest		-	-	99,807	(99,807)
Bond issue costs	_	15 105 060	15 701 246	2,389	(2,389)
Total Expenditures	_	15,105,960	15,781,346	15,243,654	537,692
Excess of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	(637,147)	(635,173)	(457,352)	177,821
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Long-term capital debt issued		-	-	5,578	5,578
Compensation for loss of capital assets		-	-	102,092	102,092
Transfers in		-	=	690,911	690,911
Transfers out		(362,161)	(396,815)	(49,935)	346,880
Other financing sources		421,324	809,603	1,087,278	277,675
Other financing uses	_		<del> </del>	(448,160)	(448,160)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	_	59,163	412,788	1,387,764	974,976
Net Change in Fund Balance	_	(577,984)	(222,385)	930,412	1,152,797
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	1,835,310	222,384	1,242,573	1,020,189
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ =	1,257,326	(1)	2,172,985	2,172,986

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) County Wide Bridge and Culvert Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 UNAUDITED

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Over (Negative)
REVENUES				_				
Property taxes	\$	1,196,056	\$	1,196,056	\$	1,173,532	\$	(22,524)
Intergovernmental revenues		20,000		20,000		210,945		190,945
Miscellaneous revenues	_	-		_		13,904		13,904
Total Revenues		1,216,056		1,216,056	_	1,398,381	_	182,325
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public works		1,103,581		1,103,581		1,617,943		(514,362)
Debt service:								
Principal		126,223		126,223		126,403		(180)
Interest		11,318		11,318		11,300		18
Bond issue costs						-	_	-
Total Expenditures	_	1,241,122		1,241,122		1,755,646	_	(514,524)
Excess of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		(25,066)		(25,066)		(357,265)	_	(332,199)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Long-term capital debt issued		-		-		260,000		260,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		22,412		22,412
Compensation for loss of capital assets		-		-		194,046		194,046
Transfers out		-		-		(50,000)		(50,000)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses		-		-		426,458	_	426,458
Net Change in Fund Balance		(25,066)		(25,066)	_	69,193	_	94,259
Fund Balances - Beginning		150,000		150,000		323,473	_	173,473
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	124,934	_	124,934		392,666	_	267,732

The accompanying notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

County's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ (asset)	2017 19,727,813	2016 20,310,016	2015 18,201,828	2014 13,807,531
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.118675%	0.113702%	0.117751%	0.113753%
County's covered - employee payroll \$	8,582,533	7,587,328	7,377,765	7,391,308
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered - employee payroll	229.86%	267.68%	246.71%	186.81%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the twelve months ended at the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the County's Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,226,581	1,195,004	1,161,998	1,088,398
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,226,581	1,195,004	1,161,998	1,088,398
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-
County's covered - employee payroll	7,787,816	7,587,327	7,377,765	6,910,463
Contributions as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the year ended September 30, 2017

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

# A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff and the Tax Assessor-Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

## B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

# C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund:

# Governmental Funds

		General Fund	County Wide Bridge and Culvert Fund
Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	930,412	69,193
Increase (Decrease)			
Net adjustments for revenue accruals		(301,694)	1,607,831
Net adjustments for expenditure	_	(1,109,520)	(1,519,912)
GAAP Basis	\$_	(480,802)	157,112

# Pension Schedules

# A. Change of Assumptions

# 2015

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.5% to 3% and 8% to 7.75%, respectively.

# 2016

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

# 2017

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The Wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

# B. Change of Benefit Provisions

# 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

# Component Unit Adams County Airport Commission

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# ADAMS COUNTY AIRPORT COMMISSION

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY & RELATED RATIOS - PERS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS \*

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Commission's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	\$ 477,498	\$ 460,144	\$ 460,144
Commission's proportion of the collective net pension liability	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.003089%	0.002557%	0.002606%
Commission's covered employee payroll	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	\$ 186,470	\$ 154,886	\$ 156,959
Commission's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the Commission's covered payroll	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	256.07%	297.09%	293.16%
PERS' fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	61.70%	57.47%	61.49%

<sup>\*</sup> Information is unavailable for years prior to the Commission's implementation of GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented.

# ADAMS COUNTY AIRPORT COMMISSION

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS \*

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Actuarially determined employee contribution	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	\$ 29,369	\$ 24,395	\$ 24,721
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	29,369	24,395	24,721
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Commission's covered-employee payroll	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	\$ 186,470	\$ 154,886	\$ 156,959
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered-employer payroll	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

<sup>\*</sup> Information is unavailable for years prior to the Commission's implementation of GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented.

# Component Unit Natchez-Adams County Port Commission

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NATCHEZ-ADAMS COUNTY PORT COMMISSION
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY & RELATED RATIOS - PERS
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS \*

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		2015	2016	2017
Commission's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	<del>€9</del>	1,851,253	\$ 1,851,253 \$2,027,215 \$1,811,949	\$1,811,949
Commission's proportion of the collective net pension liability	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		0.011976%	0.011349%	0.011976% 0.011349% 0.010896%
Commission's covered employee payroll	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	6/3	764,800	764,800 \$ 707,779 \$ 727,328	\$ 727,328
Commission's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the Commission's covered payroll	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		242.06%	286.42%	249.12%
PERS' fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		61.70%	57.47%	61.49%

<sup>\*</sup> Information is unavailable for years to the Commission's implementation of GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented.

# NATCHEZ-ADAMS COUNTY PORT COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - PERS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS \*

* * * *	5000	2009 2010 2011 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2008	Actuarially determined employee contribution *	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	Annual contribution deficiency (excess) *	Commission's covered-employee payroll	Actual contributions as a percentage of covered-employer payroll
	* * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2009	*	*	*	*	*
2011 2012 * * * * * * * * *	* * * *		2013	*	*	*	*	*
2011 2012 2013 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * *	* * * * *	2014	*	*	*	*	*
2012 2013 2014 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2012 2013 2014 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * *	2015	\$ 120,4	120,4	59	\$ 764,8(	15.7:
2012 2013 2014 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2012 2013 2014 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * *	2016	56 \$111,74	<u> </u>	<b>59</b>	77,707,77	
2012 2013 2014 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2012 2013 2014 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * *	2017	5 \$114,574	5 114,574	64	9 \$727,328	% 15.75%

<sup>\*</sup> Information is unavailable for years to the Commission's implementation of GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ <u>Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture  Passed-through the Mississippi State Treasurer's Office Schools and Roads - Grants to States  Total passed-through the Mississippi State Treasurer's Office	10.665	N/A \$	50,201 50,201
Passed-through the USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Services Emergency Watershed Protection Program, Recovery Act Total passed-through the USDA, Natural Resources Conservation Services Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.923*	68-4423-16-258	591,252 591,252 641,453
U. S. Department of Justice  Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety Crime Victim Assistance Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety Total U.S. Department of Justice	16.575 16.738	2015-VA-GX-4038 2015-MU-BX-0874	132,079 85,863 217,942 217,942
U. S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration Passed through the MS Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction Occupant Protection Incentive Grants Alcohol Open Container Requirements Total passed-through the MS Department of Transportation Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.205 20.205 20.602 20.607	BR 0001(24)B BR NBIS (087)B 2016-OP-10-01 2016-PT-10-01	127,599 12,180 15,238 51,602 206,619 206,619
Delta Regional Authority Passed through Southwest Mississippi Planning and Development Delta Area Economic Development Total passed-through Southwest Mississippi Planning and Development Total Delta Regional Authority	90.201*	MS12228	641,839 641,839 641,839
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through the MS Department of Human Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Total passed-through the MS Department of Human Services Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.558 93.558	TANF FFY16 TANF FFY17	82,269 90,491 172,760 172,760
U. S. Department of Homeland Security  Passed through the MS Emergency Management Agency Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Emergency Management Performance Grants Total passed-through the MS Emergency Management Agency Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.036 97.042	DR-4080 EMA-2016-EP-00005	127,636 27,745 155,381 155,381
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	2,035,994

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes major federal award program.

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

# Note A - Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Note B - The County did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION COMPONENT UNITS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Adams County Airport Commission	Natchez-Adams County Port Commission	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 341,782	5,436	347,218
Accounts receivable	18,932	411,119	430,051
Inventories	47,268	-	47,268
Prepaid expenses	2,100	10,714	12,814
Capital assets	5,775,495	7,476,781	13,252,276
Intangible assets	97,115		97,115
Total assets	6,282,692	7,904,050	14,186,742
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred outflows of resources	62,260	174,187	236,447
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	30,640	66,835	97,475
Bank overdraft	-	20,789	20,789
Note payable	-	4,500	4,500
Long-term liablities due within one year:			
Current portion of long term debt	3,835	2,137,000	2,140,835
Long-term liablities due in more than one year:	2,000	2,127,000	2,1 .0,000
Capital debt	7,956	_	7,956
Net pension liability	433,206	1,811,949	2,245,155
Total liabilities	475,637	4,041,073	4,516,710
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred inflows of resources	70,014	202,056	272,070
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	5,763,704	5,339,781	11,103,485
Unrestricted	35,597	(1,504,673)	(1,469,076)
Total net position	\$ 5,799,301	3,835,108	9,634,409

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES COMPONENT UNITS

FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Adams County	Natchez-Adams County Port		
	Airport Commission	Commission	Total	
EXPENSES:				
Governmental activities:				
Cost of operations	\$ 853,746	2,765,766	3,619,512	
Interest and other charges	384	<u> </u>	384	
Total expenses	854,130	2,765,766	3,619,896	
PROGRAM REVENUES:				
Charges for services	444,921	2,333,081	2,778,002	
Capital grants and contributions	194,555	585,774	780,329	
Total program revenues	639,476	2,918,855	3,558,331	
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE	(214,654)	153,089	(61,565)	
GENERAL REVENUES:				
Contributions from Adams County	220,000	-	220,000	
Investment earnings	86	255	341	
Gain on disposal of capital assets	1,500	266	1,766	
Miscellaneous	1,054		1,054	
Total general revenues	222,640	521	223,161	
Change in net position	7,986	153,610	161,596	
Net position - beginning, as previously reported	5,791,315	4,018,778	9,810,093	
Prior period adjustments		(337,280)	(337,280)	
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	5,791,315	3,681,498	9,472,813	
Net position - ending	\$ 5,799,301	3,835,108	9,634,409	

# OTHER INFORMATION

**ADAMS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI** Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 UNAUDITED

Name	Position	Company	Bond
Mike Lazarus	Supervisor District 1	Brierfield	\$100,000
David Carter	Supervisor District 2	Brierfield	\$100,000
Angela Hutchins	Supervisor District 3	Brierfield	\$100,000
Ricky Gray	Supervisor District 4	Brierfield	\$100,000
Calvin Butler	Supervisor District 5	Brierfield	\$100,000
Joseph H. Murray	County Administrator	Brierfield	\$100,000
Brandi Lewis	Chancery Clerk	Brierfield	\$100,000
Claudia White	Assistant Purchase Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Frances Bell	Purchase Clerk	Western Surety	\$75,000
Kristie Sewell	Assistant Purchase Clerk	C N A	\$50,000
Robert L Bradford	Emergency Management Director	CNA	\$50,000
Alice Jones	E911 Coordinator	CNA	\$50,000
Travis Patten	Sheriff	Brierfield	\$100,000
William Neely	Assistant Receiving Clerk	RLI Surety	\$50,000
Chasity Martin	IT Specialist	Western Surety	\$75,000
Sue Clark	Director of Sanitation	Brierfield	\$50,000
Robert Joseph Dollar	Road Manager	Western Surety	\$50,000
James Wells	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Michael Chatman	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Jerry R. Buckles	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
John Michael Collier	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Sammy Gaines	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Clarise Martin	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Johnny Williams	Assistant Receiving Clerk Assistant Receiving Clerk	Western Surety Western Surety	\$50,000
Shelia D. Jackson	Assistant Receiving Clerk Assistant Receiving Clerk	RLI Surety	\$50,000
Cindy Aldridge	Assistant Receiving Clerk Assistant Receiving Clerk	C N A Surety	\$50,000
Corvet McNeal	Inventory Control Clerk	Western Surety	\$75,000
Willie B. Woods	Constable - Northern District	Brierfield	\$50,000
Adam Kirk	Constable - Southern District	Brierfield	\$50,000
Eddie Walker	Circuit Clerk	Brierfield	\$100,000
Dianne B. Goodman	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Brierfield	\$100,000
Martha Dianne White	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Western Surety	\$100,000
Eva Givens	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Western Surety Western Surety	\$100,000
Marilyn Jackson	Deputy Circuit Clerk	C N A	\$100,000
Charles Vess	Justice Court Judge(Southern)	Brierfield	\$50,000
Hyde Carby	Justice Court Judge(Southern)	Brierfield	\$50,000
Patricia Dunmore	Justice Court Judge(Northern)	Brierfield	\$50,000
Audrey Bailey	Justice Court Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Andrea Ford	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Deselle Davis	Baliff - Justice Court	Western Surety	\$50,000
Peter T. Burns, Jr.	Tax Collector	Brierfield	\$100,000
LaKeysha Green	Deputy Tax Collector	Western Surety	\$50,000
Linda Golden	Deputy Tax Collector	Brierfield	\$50,000
Pamela Goldman	Deputy Tax Collector	Brierfield	\$50,000
Reynolds Atkins	Tax Assessor	Brierfield	\$50,000
Mary Helen Flowers	Deputy Tax Assessor	Brierfield	\$50,000
Marilyn Washington	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Angie Isaac King	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Western Surety	****
Mary Kay Doherty	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Brierfield	\$50,000 \$50,000
Louis Banks	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Western Surety	\$50,000
Keith Futrell	Director-Bad Check Unit	Brierfield	\$25,000
Donald Bates	Couier	Western Surety	\$50,000
Amanda Vanlandingham	Court Reporter	Brierfield	\$2,000
Dianne Stringer	Court Reporter	C N A	\$2,000
Lucretia Smith	Court Reporter	CNA	\$2,000
Melanie Murray	Court Reporter	Western Surety	\$2,000
Tracy Davis	Court Reporter	Western Surety	\$2,000
Vanessa Townsel	Court Reporter	Western Surety Western Surety	\$2,000
Leah Nations	Court Reporter	Western Surety Western Surety	\$2,000
Lean Ivanons	Court Reporter	The Stelli Burery	\$2,000

# SPECIAL REPORTS



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Adams County, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Adams County, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 14, 2019. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Adams County Airport Commission and Natchez-Adams County Port Commission, as described in our report on the Adams County, Mississippi financial statements. This report does not include the results of the auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Adams County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Adams County, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as 2017-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Adams County, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Adams County's Response to Finding**

Adams County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Auditee's Corrective Action Plan. Adams County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FONTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard PC August 14, 2019

Certified Public Accountants



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Supervisors Adams County, Mississippi

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Adams County, Mississippi's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Adams County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017. Adams County, Mississippi's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Adams County, Mississippi's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Adams County, Mississippi's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Adams County, Mississippi's compliance.

# **Opinion on the Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Adams County, Mississippi complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017.

# **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Adams County, Mississippi is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Adams County, Mississippi's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Adams County, Mississippi's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC August 14, 2019

Certified Public Accountants



# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISS. CODE ANN. (1972))

Members of the Board of Supervisors Adams County, Mississippi

We have examined Adams County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with the bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) during the year ended September 30, 2017. The Board of Supervisors of Adams County, Mississippi, is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Adams County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the County and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Adams County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2017.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases, and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination, in our opinion, is fairly presented in relation to that examination.

1929 SPILLWAY ROAD, SUITE B BRANDON, MISSISSIPPI 39047 TELEPHONE 601-992-5292 FAX 601-992-2033 This report is intended for use in evaluating Adams County, Mississippi's compliance with the aforementioned requirements, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC August 14, 2019

Certified Public Accountants

Date	Item Purchased	_	Bid cepted	Vendor	 Lowest Bid	Reason for Purchase
3/20/2017	Sweeper Broom	\$	53,928	Puckett Machinery	\$ 50,120	Specifications not meet on two lower bids
3/20/2017	Vibratory Roller	\$	41,284	Puckett Machinery	\$ 39,750	Specifications not meet on lower bid
3/20/2017	Single Axle Dump Truck	\$	96,671	Burroughs	\$ 86,732	3-year buyback \$58,000 compared to \$42,000 for lowest bid
3/20/2017	Tandem Axle Dump Truck	\$ 1	133,210	Burroughs	\$ 128,495	3-year buyback \$98,500 compared to \$95,000 for lowest bid

Schedule 2

Schedule of Emergency Purchases For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Out tests results did not identify any emergency purchases.

Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively From a Sole Source For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Date	Item Purchased	 Amount Paid	Vendor
1/26/2017	Padding replacement in (2) prisoner cells	\$ 11,804	Cornerstone Institutional, LLC
6/6/2017	Tracker technology with training	\$ 7,960	AFIX Technologies, Inc.
6/29/2017	(10) E-911 emergency 700/800 mHZ portable radios	\$ 16,680	Motorola Credit Corporation



# LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Adams County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Adams County, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2017, we considered Adams County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Adams County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the County's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated August 14, 2019, on the financial statements of Adams County, Mississippi.

Although no findings came to our attention as a result of these review procedures and compliance tests, these procedures and tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Officer of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FONTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC August 14, 2019

Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

# Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
  - a. Material weakness identified? Yes.
  - b. Significant deficiency identified? None reported.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

## Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major federal programs:
  - a. Material weakness identified? No.
  - b. Significant deficiency identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified.
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.923	Emergency Watershed Protection Program
90.201	Delta Area Economic Development

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? No.

# Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests disclosed the following finding related to the financial statements that is required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Material Weaknesses**

# **Finding 2017-001**

# Criteria:

An effective system of internal control should ensure that bank reconciliations are properly prepared.

# Condition:

Discrepancies were noted in several transactions between the amount recorded in the general ledger and the actual amount per the bank statement, with some transactions being recorded in the general ledger for incorrect amounts and some transactions not being recorded at all in the general ledger. The bank statements for September 2017 were reconciled in calendar year 2018.

# Cause:

Reconciling was not performed in a timely manner the month after activity was performed.

# Effect:

The failure to record transactions in the general ledger for the correct amounts resulted in a misstatement of the bank balance in the general ledger and could result in the loss of public funds.

# Recommendation:

Every effort should be made to ensure that transactions are recorded in the general ledger for the correct amounts and that all transactions are recorded in the general ledger. Furthermore, when errors in the general ledger are discovered during the reconciliation process, the corrections should be made to the balance per the general ledger, not the balance per the bank statement on the reconciliation. Journal entries should also be recorded to correct all errors noted during the reconciliation in a timely manner the month after the end of activity.

# Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

# BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADAMS COUNTY

Mike Lazarus, DIST. 1 David Carter, DIST. 2 Angela G. Hutchins, DIST. 3 James "Rickey" Gray, DIST. 4 Calvin Butler, DIST. 5 314 State Street Natchez, Mississippi 39120 Phone: 601-442-2431 Fax: 601-304-8088

# SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Adams County Board of Supervisors has prepared and hereby submits the following summary of prior year audit findings follow up as of September 30, 2017:

<u>Finding</u> <u>Status</u>

2016-001 Not Corrected (See Finding 2017-001)

Joe Murray

**Adams County Administrator** 

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# BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADAMS COUNTY

Mike Lazarus, DIST. 1 David Carter, DIST. 2 Angela G. Hutchins, DIST. 3 James "Rickey" Gray, DIST. 4 Calvin Butler, DIST. 5 314 State Street Natchez, Mississippi 39120 Phone: 601-442-2431 Fax: 601-304-8088

Re: Corrective Action Plan Adams County Board of Supervisors

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2017-001: The Adams County Board of Supervisors has now completed all reconciliations to date. We have implemented the appropriate controls within the county to ensure that the reconciliations will remain current. Again, this will be an in-house function and will not be contracted out as prior years were.

ANTICIPATED DATE OF COMPLETION FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION: Corrected

By implementing these corrective actions, the Adams County Board of Supervisors will ensure that there is a more accurate and compliant representation of its finances.

NAME OF PERSON(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION:

Joe Murray, Adams County Administrator, 601-445-7934 Brandi Lewis, Adams County Chancery Clerk, 601-304-7822

Joe Murray

Adams County Administrator

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