NEWTON COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

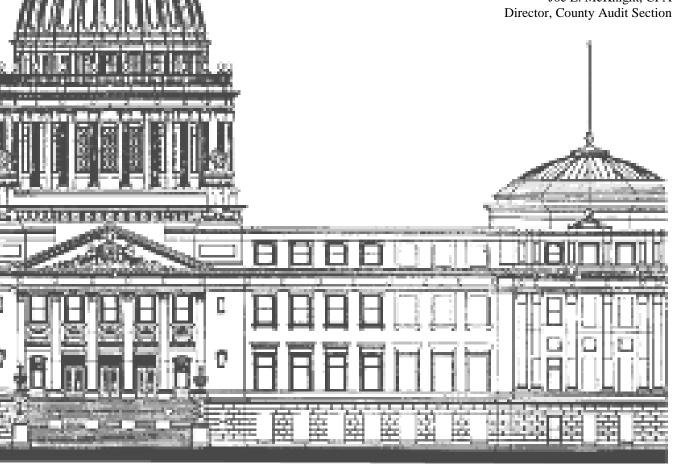


SHAD WHITE

STATE AUDITOR

Stephanie C. Palmertree, CPA Director, Financial & Compliance Audit Division

Joe E. McKnight, CPA



A Report from the County Audit Section



AUDITOR

July 18, 2019

Members of the Board of Supervisors Newton County, Mississippi

Dear Board Members:

I am pleased to submit to you the 2017 financial and compliance audit report for Newton County. This audit was performed pursuant to Section 7-7-211(e), Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The audit was performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

I appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended by the officials and employees of Newton County throughout the audit. Thank you for working to move Mississippi forward by serving as a supervisor for County. If I or this office can be of any further assistance, please contact me or Joe McKnight of my staff at (601) 576-2674.

Respectfully submitted,

Shad White

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE

AUDITOR

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Newton County, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Newton County, Mississippi, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting, as described in Note 1. This includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Newton County, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements which describes that Newton County, Mississippi prepares its financial statements on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Report on Supplementary and Other Information

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Schedule of Interfund Loans and Advances, Schedule of Capital Assets, Schedule of Changes in Long-term Debt, Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials and corresponding notes have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 19, 2019 on our consideration of Newton County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Newton County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Newton County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

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July 19, 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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	Primary Governmen	nt	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash	\$4,539,900_	157,454	4,697,354
Total Assets	4,539,900	157,454	4,697,354
NET POSITION			
Restricted:			
Expendable:			
General government	454,298		454,298
Public safety	367,124		367,124
Public works	1,282,394	157,454	1,439,848
Culture and Recreation	24,365		24,365
Debt service	74,786		74,786
Unrestricted	2,336,933		2,336,933
Total Net Position	\$ 4,539,900	157,454	4,697,354

Program Cash Receipts Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Primary Government Business-type Cash Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Functions/Programs Disbursements Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Primary government: Governmental activities: 2,770,787 377,159 23,046 (2,370,582)(2,370,582)General government \$ Public safety 2,496,429 338,684 149,205 (2,008,540)(2,008,540)2,683,717 Public works 722,777 218,440 (1,742,500)(1,742,500)Health and welfare 114,589 18,411 8,000 (88,178)(88,178)269,357 (269,357)(269,357)Culture and recreation 81,819 Education (81,819)(81,819)Conservation of natural resources 156,910 (156,910)(156,910)Economic development and assistance 44,034 (44,034)(44,034)Debt service: Principal 734,737 (734,737)(734,737)Interest 89,365 (89,365)(89,365)9,441,744 715,843 913,439 226,440 Total Governmental Activities (7,586,022)0 (7,586,022)Business-type activities: Solid Waste 917,417 822,058 (95,359)(95,359)917,417 822,058 0 (95,359)Total Business-type Activities 0 (95,359)913,439 226,440 **Total Primary Government** 10,359,161 1,537,901 (7,586,022)(95,359)(7,681,381)General receipts: Property taxes \$ 6,313,352 6,313,352 Road & bridge privilege taxes 258,290 258,290 723,143 20,021 743,164 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Unrestricted interest income 24,742 1,099 25,841 Miscellaneous 257,760 257,760 Proceeds from debt issuance 140,699 82,352 223,051 35,275 124 35,399 Sale of county property Compensation for loss of county property 280,663 280,663 Total General Receipts and Other Cash Sources 8,033,924 103,596 8,137,520 Changes in Net Position 447,902 8,237 456,139 4,091,998 149,217 4,241,215 Net Position - Beginning Net Position - Ending 4,539,900 157,454 4,697,354

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

NEWTON COUNTY Exhibit 3 Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances

Governmental Funds September 30, 2017

	\mathbf{N}	lajor Fund		
			Other	Total
		General	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	2,667,300	1,872,600	4,539,900
Total Assets	\$	2,667,300	1,872,600	4,539,900
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for:				
General government		228,864	225,434	454,298
Public safety		101,503	265,621	367,124
Public works			1,282,394	1,282,394
Culture and recreation			24,365	24,365
Debt service			74,786	74,786
Unassigned		2,336,933		2,336,933
Total Fund Balances	\$	2,667,300	1,872,600	4,539,900

NEWTON COUNTY Exhibit 4

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Major Fund		
		Other	Total
	General	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Funds	Funds
RECEIPTS			
Property taxes	\$ 4,000,641	2,312,711	6,313,352
Road and bridge privilege taxes		258,290	258,290
Licenses, commissions and other receipts	199,458	5,558	205,016
Fines and forfeitures	251,695		251,695
Intergovernmental receipts	973,221	889,801	1,863,022
Charges for services	259,132		259,132
Interest income	18,006	6,736	24,742
Miscellaneous receipts	153,273	104,487	257,760
Total Receipts	5,855,426	3,577,583	9,433,009
DISBURSEMENTS			
General government	2,770,787		2,770,787
Public safety	2,373,125	123,304	2,496,429
Public works	300	2,683,417	2,683,717
Health and welfare	114,589		114,589
Culture and recreation	269,357		269,357
Education	75,000	6,819	81,819
Conservation of natural resources	156,910	.,	156,910
Economic development and assistance	44,034		44,034
Debt service:	,		,
Principal	122,516	612,221	734,737
Interest	5,190	84,175	89,365
Total Disbursements	5,931,808	3,509,936	9,441,744
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts over			
(under) Disbursements	(76,382)	67,647	(8,735)
OTHER CASH SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from long-term debt issuance	48,806	91,893	140,699
Sale of county property	1,325	33,950	35,275
Compensation for loss of county property	3,613	277,050	280,663
Transfers in		61,683	61,683
Transfers out	(13,409)	(48,274)	(61,683)
Total Other Cash Sources and Uses	40,335	416,302	456,637
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts and other			
Cash Sources over (under) Disbursements and other Cash Uses	(36,047)	483,949	447,902
and other Cash Uses	(30,047)	483,949	447,902
Cash Basis Fund Balances - Beginning	2,703,347	1,388,651	4,091,998
Cash Basis Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,667,300	1,872,600	4,539,900

	Busin	ess-type Activities - Enterprise Fund
		Solid Waste Services Fund
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	157,454
Total Assets		157,454
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Public works		157,454
Total Net Position	\$	157,454

NEWTON COUNTY Exhibit 6

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund
	Solid Waste Services Fund
Operating Receipts	
Charges for services	\$ 822,058
Miscellaneous	124
Total Operating Receipts	822,182
Operating Disbursements	
Personal services	490,013
Contractual services	76,825
Materials and supplies	270,967
Indirect administrative cost	25,198
Total Operating Disbursements	863,003
Operating Income (Loss)	(40,821)
Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)	
Interest income	1,099
Intergovernmental grants	20,021
Proceeds from debt	82,352
Principal paid	(50,948)
Interest expense	(3,466)
Net Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)	49,058
Changes in Net Position	8,237
Net Position - Beginning	149,217
Net Position - Ending	\$157,454

NEWTON COUNTY Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities - Cash Basis September 30, 2017	Exhibit 7
	Agency
	Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 48,214
Total Assets	\$ 48,214
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held in custody for others	\$ 48,214
Total Liabilities	\$ 48,214

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Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

A. Financial Reporting Entity.

Newton County, Mississippi (the County), is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The financial statements of the County are presented on a cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. These accounting principles require Newton County to present these financial statements on the primary government and its component units which have significant operational or financial relationships with the County.

There are no outside organizations that should be included as component units of the County's reporting entity.

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor-Collector
- Sheriff

B. Basis of Presentation.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis and a Statement of Activities – Cash Basis, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis and Statement of Activities – Cash Basis display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts and other nonexchange receipts and are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely mainly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position – Cash Basis presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities – Cash Basis presents a comparison between direct disbursements and program receipts for each function or program of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other receipts not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each business-type activity or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general receipts of the County.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, fund balances, receipts and disbursements. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The Government-wide, Governmental Funds, Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of only cash and cash equivalents and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) reported in the period in which they occurred. This cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because revenues (cash receipts) are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and expenditures or expenses (cash disbursements) are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

The County reports the following major Governmental Fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The County reports the following major Enterprise Fund:

<u>Solid Waste Services Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the County's activities of disposal of solid waste within the County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific cash sources that are restricted or committed to disbursement for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to disbursement for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to disbursement for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the County has decided that periodic determination of receipts collected, disbursements paid and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

Agency Funds - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

D. Account Classifications.

The account classification used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

E. Deposits.

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, and all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less).

F. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in two components:

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted."

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When a disbursement is paid for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When disbursements are paid for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if disbursements paid for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When a disbursement is paid for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When disbursements are paid for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

G. Property Tax Receipts.

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase. All property taxes are recognized as receipts when collected.

(2) Deposits.

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2017, was \$4,745,568, and the bank balance was \$5,090,227. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

(3) Interfund Transfers.

The following is a summary of interfund transfers at September 30, 2017:

Transfers In/Out:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$ 13,409
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	586
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	 47,688
Total		\$ 61,683

(4) Deficit Fund Balances of Individual Funds.

The following funds reported deficits in fund balances at September 30, 2017:

Fund	 Deficit Amount
	 _
County wide Road and Bridge Fund	\$ 31,642

(5) Claims and Judgments.

Risk Financing.

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2017, to January 1, 2018. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

(6) Contingencies.

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the disbursements of resources for allowable purposes. The County may be responsible for any disallowances.

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

(7) Joint Ventures.

The County participates in the following joint venture:

Newton County is a participant with Kemper County in a joint venture, authorized by Section 39-3-9, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the Kemper-Newton Regional Library System. The joint venture was created to provide free

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

public library service to the citizens of the respective counties. The Newton County Board of Supervisors alternately appoints two or three of the five members of the board of directors. By contractual agreement, the County's contribution to the joint venture was \$75,000 in fiscal year 2017. Complete financial statements for the Kemper-Newton Regional Library System can be obtained from 101 Peachtree Street, Union, MS 39365.

(8) Jointly Governed Organizations.

The County participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

Mid-Mississippi Development District operates in a district composed of the counties of Clarke, Jasper, Lauderdale, Newton, Scott, and Smith. The district was organized to foster, encourage, and facilitate economic development in the member counties. The district's board of trustees is composed of 30 members, five each from the six-member counties. The County contributed \$30,300 for support of the district in fiscal year 2017.

East Central Mississippi Planning and Development District operates in a district composed of the counties of Clarke, Jasper, Kemper, Lauderdale, Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott and Smith. The Newton County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the 15 members of the board of directors. The County contributed \$15,387 for support of the district in fiscal year 2017.

Region Ten Mental Health-Mental Retardation Commission operates in a district composed of the counties of Clarke, Jasper, Kemper, Lauderdale, Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott and Smith. The Newton County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the nine members of the board of commissioners. The County contributed \$29,500 for support of the commission in fiscal year 2017.

The Multi-County Community Service Agency operates in a district composed of the counties of Clarke, Jasper, Kemper, Lauderdale, Newton and Wayne. The entity was created to administer programs conducted by community action agencies, limited purpose agencies and related programs authorized by federal law. The Newton County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the 24 members of the board of directors. Most of the funding for the entity is derived from federal funds. Each County provides a modest amount of financial support when matching funds are required for federal grants. The County contributed \$2,500 for support of the agency in the fiscal year 2017.

East Central Community College operates in a district composed of the counties of Leake, Neshoba, Newton, Scott and Winston. The Newton County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the 30 members of the college board of trustees. The County contributed \$443,469 for maintenance and support of the college in fiscal year 2017.

(9) Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

<u>Plan Description</u>. Newton County, Mississippi, contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

<u>Funding Policy</u>. At September 30, 2017, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate at September 30, 2017 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The County's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$518,914, \$495,494 and \$454,480, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

OTHER INFORMATION

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NEWTON COUNTY Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

UNAUDITED

UNAUDITED					
					Variance with
		0 : : 1	F: 1	Actual	Final Budget
		Original	Final	(Budgetary	Positive
RECEIPTS	_	Budget	Budget	Basis)	(Negative)
Property taxes	\$	3,812,765	4,000,847	4,000,641	(206)
Licenses, commissions and other receipts	Ψ	150,550	199,458	199,458	(200)
Fines and forfeitures		240,000	199,416	251,695	52,279
Intergovernmental receipts		854,700	926,720	973,221	46,501
Charges for services		259,000	242,632	259,132	16,500
Interest income		15,225	18,261	18,006	(255)
Miscellaneous receipts		355,675	302,758	153,273	(149,485)
Total Receipts	_	5,687,915	5,890,092	5,855,426	(34,666)
DISBURSEMENTS					
Current:					
General government		3,118,477	2,919,257	2,770,787	148,470
Public safety		2,302,697	2,281,405	2,373,125	(91,720)
Public works		300	300	300	
Health and welfare		105,065	114,589	114,589	
Culture and recreation		75,000	75,000	75,000	
Education		272,765	269,357	269,357	
Conservation of natural resources		160,144	156,910	156,910	
Economic development and assistance		43,989	44,034	44,034	
Debt service:			100.516	100.516	
Principal			122,516	122,516	
Interest	_	6.079.427	5,190	5,190	56750
Total Disbursements	_	6,078,437	5,988,558	5,931,808	56,750
Excess of Receipts			400 400		
over (under) Disbursements	_	(390,522)	(98,466)	(76,382)	22,084
OTHER CASH SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from debt				48,806	48,806
Sale of county property			1,325	1,325	
Compensation for loss of county property			3,613	3,613	
Transfers in			25,216		(25,216)
Transfers out			(13,411)	(13,409)	2 72 722
Total Other Cash Sources and Uses		0	16,743	40,335	23,592
Net Change in Fund Balance		(390,522)	(81,723)	(36,047)	45,676
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	1,715,695	817,648	2,703,347	1,885,699
Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	1,325,173	735,925	2,667,300	1,931,375

The accompanying notes to the Other Information are an integral part of this schedule.

NEWTON COUNTY Schedule of Interfund Loans and Advances For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 UNAUDITED

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2017:

A. Due From/To Other Funds:

		Balance at
Receivable Fund	Pay able Fund	 Sept. 30, 2017
General Fund	Solid Waste Service Funds	\$ 27,299
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	 50,000
Total		\$ 77,299

The receivables represent an error in posting receipts during the year, solid waste indirect costs, and to provide funds for bond payments. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

B. Advances From/To Other Funds:

		Balance at	
Receivable Fund	Pay able Fund	Sept. 30, 2017	
C1E - 1	Ode Comment IF all	Φ 204.016	
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 284,916	

Advances were made to provide funds for bond payments and also for operating purposes.

NEWTON COUNTY Schedule of Capital Assets For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 UNAUDITED

Governmental activities:

		Balance				Balance
	_	Oct. 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Sept. 30, 2017
Land	\$	249,498	12,563		89,441	351,502
Infrastructure		1,153,854				1,153,854
Buildings		5,097,590	26,346		(35,846)	5,088,090
Mobile equipment		5,965,252	113,749	200,253	667,567	6,546,315
Furniture and equipment		1,207,443	88,239		665,257	1,960,939
Leased property under capital leases	_	2,216,020	555,697	326,577	213,710	2,658,850
	_					·
Total capital assets	\$_	15,889,657	796,594	526,830	1,600,129	17,759,550

Business-type activities:

	_	Balance Oct. 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Balance Sept. 30, 2017
Land	\$	102,005				102,005
Buildings		49,995	4,500		5,000	59,495
Mobile equipment		742,113	5,000	25,747	28,097	749,463
Furniture and equipment		113,539			14,038	127,577
Leased property under capital leases		310,158	82,352			392,510
Total capital assets	\$_	1,317,810	91,852	25,747	47,135	1,431,050

NEWTON COUNTY Schedule of Changes in Long-term Debt For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 UNAUDITED

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2017:

Description and Purpose	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Balance Oct. 1, 2016	Issued	Principal Payments	Balance Sept. 30, 2017
Governmental Activities:							
A. General Obligation Bonds:							
District 4 Road & Bridge Bond 2012	10/2012	10/2027	1.90/2.70% \$	513,000		65,500	447,500
G.O. Refunding Bond	03/2012	11/2021	2.43%	1,015,000		160,000	855,000
District 4 Road & Bridge Bond 2009	11/2008	10/2023	3.80%	316,000		69,000	247,000
District 1 Road & Bridge Bond 2009	11/2009	11/2025	3.90%	270,000		25,000	245,000
B. Capital Leases:							-
2016 Dodge Charger	10/2016	11/2019	1.89%		27,641	7,532	20,109
2017 Dodge Charger	01/2017	02/2020	2.49%		21,165	3,989	17,176
2014 Dodge Charger	02/2014	03/2017	1.95%	4,718		4,718	-
2014 Dodge Charger	03/2014	03/2017	2.00%	4,718		4,718	-
Samsung AC/Heater	11/2014	10/2019	1.94%	202,743		64,432	138,311
2015 Chevy Tahoe	03/2015	03/2018	1.84%	14,686		9,745	4,941
2015 Chevy Tahoe	03/2015	03/2018	1.84%	14,686		9,745	4,941
2015 Ford F250	03/2015	04/2020	1.94%	22,407		6,097	16,310
2016 Chevy Tahoe	01/2016	01/2019	1.64%	27,227		11,540	15,687
2015 Ambulance	10/2015	10/2020	1.85%	81,438		19,396	62,042
Fire Truck	02/2013	03/2019	1.49%	64,973		25,698	39,275
Fire Truck	01/2016	01/2020	1.89%	208,034		36,865	171,169
District 1 Cat 12h motor grader	02/2013	03/2017	1.49%	8,720		8,720	-
District 1 Cat 420f backhoe	08/2013	09/2018	2.09%	66,332		4,153	62,179
District 1 Kubota tractor	08/2013	08/2018	1.99%	15,888		8,213	7,675
District 2 Pothole patcher	06/2015	06/2018	1.79%	28,843		28,843	-
Dist. 2 Sany SY75C mini excavator	09/2017	09/2021	2.32%		69,950		69,950
District 3 Cat 12h motor grader	02/2013	03/2017	1.49%	8,720		8,720	-
District 3 Cat 320 DL excavator	02/2013	03/2018	1.49%	28,224		18,746	9,478

Cont'd

Schedule of Changes in Long-term Debt For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 UNAUDITED

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2017:

Description and Purpose	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Balance Oct. 1, 2016	Issued	Principal Payments	Balance Sept. 30, 2017
Governmental Activities:							
B. Capital Leases:							-
Dist. 3 Ford F150 Pickup	02/2017	02/2020	2.59%		21,943	4,134	17,809
District 3 John Deere tractor	03/2015	03/2020	1.92%	77,428	,	21,592	55,836
District 3 Cat 420f backhoe	08/2016	08/2019	1.79%	62,869		21,182	41,687
District 4 Cat 12h motor grader	02/2013	03/2017	1.49%	9,964		9,964	- -
District 4 2007 Mack Dump truck	02/2013	03/2017	1.49%	5,603		5,603	-
District 4 2007 Mack Dump truck	03/2013	03/2017	1.49%	5,504		5,504	-
District 4 Cat 420f backhoe	08/2013	09/2018	2.09%	66,332		4,153	62,179
District 5 John Deere tractor	03/2015	04/2020	1.94%	79,203		21,553	57,650
District 5 motor grader	08/2016	08/2018	1.70%	76,662		39,682	36,980
Total			\$	3,299,922	140,699	734,737	2,705,884
Business-type Activities:							
A. Capital Leases:							
2018 Western Star Garbage Truck	06/2017	07/2022	2.89% \$	-	82,352	2,471	79,881
2015 Freightliner garbage truck	02/2015	02/2020	1.94%	88,059		25,172	62,887
Cat D6K LC HD dozer	06/2015	06/2020	1.89%	89,709		23,305	66,404
Total			\$	177,768	82,352	50,948	209,172

The accompanying notes to the Other Information are an integral part of this schedule.

NEWTON COUNTY Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2017 UNAUDITED

Name	Position	Company	Bond
Kenneth Harris	Supervisor District 1	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$100,000
Joe Alexander	Supervisor District 2	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$100,000
Charles Moulds	Supervisor District 3	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$100,000
Charles Godwin	Supervisor District 4	State Farm Fire and Casualty Company	\$100,000
Glenn Hollingsworth, Jr.	Supervisor District 5	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$100,000
Steve Seale	County Administrator	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$100,000
George Hay es	Chancery Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$100,000
Step hanie M cM ullan	Purchase Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$75,000
Pam Upton	Assistant Purchase Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Deborah Parker	Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$75,000
Chrissie Buffington	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Delora Davis	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Gina Brand	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Donna Hutchins	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Lolita Jordan	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Charles Chaney	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Lee Anne McGee	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Willie Earl Curry	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Stacey Griffin	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Alton Neese	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
John Logan	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Thelma Evans	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Austin Kelly	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Latoya L. Brown	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Ashley Hasenmueller	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Kaltino Caples	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Wayne Loper	Assistant Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Steve Seale	Inventory Control Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$75,000
Mark Spence	Constable	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
William D. Collins	Constable	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Michael Butler	Circuit Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$100,000
Donna Hutchins	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Jackie Knight	Sheriff	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$100,000
C	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss.	, .	
Matthew Lott	Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss.		
Oscar Greg Morgan	Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Cecil Gressett	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Benjamin Kelly	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000
Peter Pierman	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000

Name	Position	Company	Bond	
Jeremy Pinson	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Kris Edward Hollingsworth	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Randy L. Patrick	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Joedy Pennington	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Toby Pinson	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Freddie Gentry	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Luke Castillo	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Ryan Myers	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Terry Thames	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Matt Addkison	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Sammy Stevens	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972))	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000	
Mark A. Spence Mark McDonald Scott Round Sue Graham Lolita Jordan May Bender Debra Comans Gina Brand Joyce Amos	Sheriff's Deputy (hired under Section 45-5-9 Miss. Code Ann. (1972)) Justice Court Judge Justice Court Clerk Deputy Justice Court Clerk Tax Assessor-Collector Deputy Tax Collector Deputy Tax Collector Deputy Tax Collector	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$100,000 \$50,000 \$50,000	
Iva Smith Joyce Amos	Deputy Tax Collector Deputy Tax Assessor	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$50,000 \$10,000	

Notes to Other Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

(1) Budgetary Comparison Information.

A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff and the Tax Assessor-Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of receipt, each general item of disbursement, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary basis and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund.

(2) Long-term Debt Information:

A. <u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a county issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the county. As of September 30, 2017, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 1.39% of the latest property assessments.

B. <u>Subsequent Events</u>.

Subsequent to September 30, 2017, the County issued the following debt obligations:

Issue	Interest		Issue	Type of	
Date	Rate		Amount	Financing	Source of Financing
01/18/2018	2.96%	\$	42,124	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes
02/15/2018	3.10%	Ψ	82,352	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes
04/19/2018	3.39%		69,560	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes
06/04/2018	3.48%		58,396	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes
12/27/2018	3.68%		371,753	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes
02/04/2018	3.75%		116,571	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes
02/04/2018	3.75%		58,768	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes
02/04/2018	3.60%		23,501	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes
03/20/2019	3.48%		36,510	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes
04/01/2019	3.74%		125,326	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes
07/01/2019	3.59%		30,460	Capital Lease	Ad Valorem Taxes

SPECIAL REPORTS



STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE

AUDITOR

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Newton County, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Newton County, Mississippi (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 19, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Newton County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Newton County, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as 2017-001, 2017-002, 2017-003 and 2017-004 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Newton County, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as items 2017-001 and 2017-002.

We also noted certain matters which we have reported to the management of Newton County, Mississippi, in the Independent Accountant's Report on Central Purchasing System, Inventory Control System and Purchase Clerk Schedules and the Limited Internal Control and Compliance Review Management Report dated July 19, 2019, included within this document.

Newton County's Responses to Findings

Newton County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. Newton County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

Beet my might

July 19, 2019



STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE

AUDITOR

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES

(AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISS. CODE ANN. (1972))

Members of the Board of Supervisors Newton County, Mississippi

We have examined Newton County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with the bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) during the year ended September 30, 2017. The Board of Supervisors of Newton County, Mississippi is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Newton County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the County and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed certain instances of noncompliance with the aforementioned code sections. These instances of noncompliance were considered in forming our opinion on compliance. Our findings and recommendations and your responses are disclosed below.

Inventory Control Clerk.

1. Inventory reports should be filed with the Office of the State Auditor each fiscal year.

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria Section 31-7-107, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), requires inventory reports to be filed with the Board of

Supervisors, in triplicate with copies forwarded to the Office of the State Auditor no later than

October 15th of each fiscal year.

Condition As reported in the prior year's audit report, the required inventory reports prepared by the

Inventory Control Clerk were not filed timely with the Office of the State Auditor for fiscal year

2017 until February 1, 2018.

Cause Failure to prepare and file annual report in a timely manner.

Effect Failure to submit the annual reports timely increases the possibility of the loss or misappropriation

of public funds and could result in the reporting of inaccurate amounts.

Recommendation The Inventory Control Clerk should prepare inventory reports and file with the Board of

Supervisors and forward copies to the Office of the State Auditor no later than October 15th of

each fiscal year.

Views of Responsible

Official(s)

We are working to correct this problem.

2. <u>Controls over capital assets should be strengthened.</u>

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria An effective system of internal control over capital assets ensures that capital assets are reported in

the correct categories at the correct amounts.

Condition As reported in the prior seven years' audit reports, weak internal controls existed over capital

assets. We noted that the beginning balances on the capital asset listing provided by the Inventory Control Clerk for Governmental Activities did not agree to the prior year ending amounts included

in the audit report.

Cause County failed to maintain an effective inventory control system.

Effect The failure to maintain an effective inventory control system could result in the reporting of

inaccurate amounts and increases the possibility of the loss or misappropriation of public funds.

Recommendation The Inventory Control Clerk should ensure that all capital asset additions and deletions are

accurately managed each year.

Views of Responsible

Official(s)

This will be corrected for FY2018.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance referred to in the preceding paragraph, Newton County, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2017.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination of the purchasing system and, in our opinion, is fairly presented when considered in relation to that examination.

Newton County's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it them.

This report is intended for use in evaluating the central purchasing system and inventory control system of Newton County, Mississippi, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

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July 19, 2019

NEWTON COUNTY Schedule of Purchases From Other Than the Lowest Bidder Schedule 1

Schedule of Purchases From Other Than the Lowest Bio For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Date	Item Purchased	Bid Accepted	Vendor	Lowest Bid	Reason for Accepting Other Than the Lowest Bid
2/21/2017	Garbage Truck	\$ 82,352	Burrough \$	79,107	Burrough's warranty was more beneficial to the County.
03/17/2017	Clay Gravel	4.00/y ard	Red Hill	3.00/y ard	Red Hill was closer to Beat 5 Barn saving \$210.26 per day of hauls all day.
6/16/2017	Clay Gravel	4.00/y ard	Red Hill	3.00/y ard	Red Hill was closer to Beat 5 Barn saving \$210.26 per day of hauls all day.
07/13/2017	Clay Gravel	4.00/y ard	Red Hill	3.00/y ard	Red Hill was closer to Beat 5 Barn saving \$210.26 per day of hauls all day.
12/01/2017	Mini Excavator	61,787	Puckett	58,449	After deductions were made it was determined Puckett was the lowest bidder.

NEWTON COUNTY Schedule 2

Schedule of Emergency Purchases For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Item	Amount		Reason for
Date	Purchased	 Paid	Vendor	Emergency Purchase
7/11/2017	Milled asphalt Clay Gravel Haulir	\$ 3,600.00	Shannon Harmon	Road washout - Tatum Road

NEWTON COUNTY Schedule 3

Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetively From a Sole Source For the Year Ended September $30,\,2017$

Date	Item Purchased	 Amount Paid	Vendor
10/3/2017	Samsung Air Unit	\$ 8,027	A/C Supply unit - E911 office



STATE OF MISSISSIPPI OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR SHAD WHITE

AUDITOR

LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Newton County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Newton County, Mississippi (the County) for the year ended September 30, 2017, we considered Newton County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Newton County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the County's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated July 19, 2019, on the financial statements of Newton County, Mississippi.

Due to the reduced scope, these review procedures and compliance tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

The results of our review procedures and compliance tests identified certain areas that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. Our findings, recommendations, and your responses are disclosed below:

Board of Supervisors, Tax Assessor, and Deputy Tax Assessors.

1	Donnty Ton Assessment and the bounded as assessment by state statute	
1.	Deputy Tax Assessor should be bonded as required by state statute.	

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria Section 27-1-3, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states that each Deputy Tax Assessor shall give bond in

an amount not less than \$10,000 for the faithful discharge of his duties. Also, 25-1-15, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), requires the given individual bond coverage shall continue by the securing of a new bond every four (4) years concurrent with the normal election cycle of the Governor or with the

normal election cycle of the local government applicable to the employee.

Condition As reported in prior year's audit report, the Deputy Tax Assessor has a bond that was written as an

"indefinite" and was not adequately bonded for the fiscal year 2017.

Cause The County failed to insure that officials were properly bonded.

Effect Failure to comply with the statutes would limit the amount available for recovery if a loss occurred

over multiple terms.

Recommendation The County should implement additional procedures to ensure the Deputy Tax Assessors/Collectors

are bonded as required by state statute.

Views of Responsible

Official(s) This should be corrected for the FY '18 audit.

Tax Assessor/Collector.

2. Controls over motor vehicle receipts should be strengthened.

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria An effective system of internal controls should include adequate verification of taxpayer addresses.

Condition As reported in the prior five years' audit reports, during our test work performed in the Tax

Collector's Office, we noted five (5) instances of people getting their tags from an address other

than where they claim homestead.

Cause Weak internal controls.

Effect Weak internal controls as well as incorrect information on taxpayer receipts could lead to loss of

public funds.

Recommendation The Tax Collector should take steps to ensure that there are proper controls put in place for all

vehicle information to be listed properly on receipts to taxpayers.

Views of Responsible

Official(s)

No Response.

Newton County's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

JOE E. MCKNIGHT, CPA Director, County Audit Section

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July 19, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Section 1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant deficiencies identified? None Reported

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? Yes

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Board of Supervisors.

Material Weakness Material Non-compliance

2017-001. Warrants should not be signed without sufficient money in the funds.

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria Section 19-13-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), prohibits the signing of warrants or the delivery of

warrants until there is sufficient money in the fund upon which it is drawn to pay the same.

Condition As reported in the prior nine years' audit reports, warrants were issued on funds which did not have

sufficient money available. At September 30, 2017, the Countywide Road Fund had a negative cash

balance of \$31,642.

Cause The Board of Supervisors lacks the necessary controls to ensure sufficient balances are maintained

in each fund before issuing warrants.

Effect Failure to maintain sufficient cash balances in county fund prior to writing checks on these funds

results in other funds' cash being used for purposes other than their intended purpose.

Recommendation The Board of Supervisors should ensure that no warrants are signed or delivered until there is

sufficient money in the funds upon which it is drawn to pay the same, as required by law.

Views of Responsible

Official(s) We bill the city for use of asphalt. The billing occurs one month and we receive payment the next

month which contributes to the negative balance. Also a prior Beat 2 Supervisor refused to pay for

some of the asphalt he got at a certain time claiming it was no good.

Material Weakness Material Non-compliance

2017-002. Controls over Mississippi Code citations in the tax levy should be strengthened.

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria An effective system of internal control over the tax levy should ensure the Mississippi Code Section

citations are correct in the board order authorizing the tax levy.

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Condition As reported in prior two year's audit reports, our audit procedures revealed the following errors in

the levy for fiscal year 2015-2016: One Code Section (27-39-327) was repealed effective October 1, 1983, and two others (37-57-123 and 37-7-741) were repealed as of July 1, 1987. Also, two of the Code Sections cited (83-1-392 and 37-7-141) don't exist. Lastly, three of the Code Sections cited (19-9-11, 37-27-3 and 17-21-51) address issues other than the authority to levy taxes for the

described purpose.

Cause Failed to use proper code sections.

Effect The use of incorrect Code Sections could result in improper or unauthorized tax levies.

Recommendation The Board of Supervisors should establish adequate control procedures to ensure the proper Code

Sections are used in the order establishing the tax levy.

Views of Responsible

Official(s) This should be corrected for the FY18 audit.

Tax Assessor/Collector.

Material Weakness

2017-003. <u>Tax Collector should perform monthly bank reconciliations.</u>

Repeat Finding Yes

Criteria An effective system of internal control over the collection, recording, and disbursement of cash in

the Tax Collector's office should include a reconciliation of the bank account to the cash journal

monthly.

Condition As reported in the prior year's audit report, during testing performed in the Tax Collector's office,

it was noted that the Tax Collector was not reconciling the bank account to the cash journal. A

January 2019 cash count revealed a net cash overage of \$43,843.84.

Cause Failure to reconcile to bank account.

Effect Failure to reconcile to the bank account could result in the loss or misuse of public funds.

Recommendation The Tax Collector should properly maintain a cash journal, ensuring that it reconciles to the bank

account monthly.

Views of Responsible

Official(s) We will be changing to a computer based journal with Delta Computer Systems, this should help

with the reconciling of the bank statement.

Sheriff.

Material Weakness

2017-004. Sheriff's Department should perform monthly bank reconciliations.

Repeat Finding No

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Criteria An effective system of internal control over the collection, recording, and disbursement of cash in

the Sheriff's office should include a reconciliation of the bank account to the cash journal monthly. During testing performed in the Sheriff Department's office, it was noted that the bookkeeper was

not reconciling the bank account to the cash journal.

Condition The bookkeeper did not reconcile the Sheriff Department's cash journal to bank statements.

Cause Failure to reconcile to bank account.

Effect Failure to reconcile the bank account could result in the inability to make timely settlements due to

the insufficient funds in the bank account and the loss or misuse of public funds.

Recommendation The Sheriff should perform monthly bank reconciliations.

Views of Responsible

Official(s) This should be corrected for the FY'18 audit.