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CITY OF PASS CHRISTIAN, MISSISSIPPI

Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017



TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	2
Statement of Activities	3
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds14	
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	,
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	7
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds.	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position –	,
Proprietary Funds)
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	
Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds	
Notes to Financial Statements	
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund	l 2 3
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION Schedule of Surety Bonds	;
 SPECIAL REPORTS Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS)
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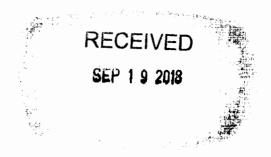
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WRIGHT, WARD, HATTEN & GUEL

PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY (SUCCESSORS TO A. L. EVANS & COMPANY ESTABLISHED 1929)

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 13, 2018

Honorable Mayor and Board of Alderman City of Pass Christian, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate fund information of City of Pass Christian, Mississippi (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pass Christian, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule and corresponding notes, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the City's Contributions, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The State of Mississippi requires that municipalities submit a schedule of surety bonds maintained for city personnel in compliance with §21-17-5 of Mississippi Code of 1972. This schedule has been presented on page 55. This schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the schedule of surety bonds is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 13, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Pass Christian's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Pass Christian's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by State of Mississippi

In accordance with the State of Mississippi, we have also issued our report dated September 13, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Pass Christian's compliance with state laws and regulations. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over compliance with state laws and regulations and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal controls or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with state guidelines in considering the City of Pass Christian's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



This section of the City of Paus Christian, Mississippi's (the City) Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview and comparative analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements that immediately follow.

City of Pass Christian is located on the Mississippi Gulf Coast. According to the United States Centure Burran, the estimated population of the City of Pass Christian at of July 1, 2017 is 5,878. The median bounebold income in \$46,802 with 89% of persons or older building a high school degree or higher.

Government-wide Financial Highlights

- Total net position decreased \$3,658,429 or 3% as a result primarily due to additional pension costs associated with GASB Statement No. 68, additional capital outlay, and an increase in depreciation expense in the harbor fund as a result of the completion and subsequent depreciation of the Harbor.
- General revenues amounted to of \$5,293,534 or 57% of total revenues. This amount increased \$239,099 from 2016, primarily due to an increase in property taxes due to growth. Program revenues amounted to \$3,956,132 or 43% of total revenues, which increased \$618,096 from 2016. This increase was mostly due to the federal revenues received for the hurricane damages and an increase in water/sewer charges.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased \$551,513 in the governmental activities and decreased \$2,364,331 in the business-type activities during 2017. The decrease in governmental business-type activities is primarily due to the additional depreciation.
- Bonds payable decreased by \$100,000 in the governmental activities, and compensated absences payable increased \$38,324. Notes payables decreased by \$22,609 in the business-type activities and compensated absences payable decreased \$551. The City's total debt outstanding at September 30, 2017 is \$1,730,203 of which the liability for compensated absences is \$209,575.

Fund Highlights

- General Fund This fund is used for the general operations of the City. The General Fund had \$5,410,695 in revenues, which shows an increase of \$284,890 from 2016 and \$5,237,622 in expenditures, an increase of \$338,302 from 2016, in the current year. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$243,598.
- Building Construction Fund This fund is used to account for insurance proceeds received as a result of Hurricane Katrina and amounts set-aside by the Board to cover the City's portion of construction projects not reimbursed by federal grants. The fund balance of \$5,983,977 represents monies still available for construction and repair.

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Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City of Pass Christian as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City of Pass Christian as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the funds used by the City to provide services to our citizens, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2017?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question.

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by the private sector companies. These bases of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and the changes in those assets. This change in assets is important because it tells the reader whether, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, non-financial information such as changes in the City's tax base and the condition of City capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City's activities are reported as governmental and business-type activities, which include all of the City's services including general government, police, fire, public works, culture and recreations, community services, water and sewer utility and harbor. The City of Pass Christian has no component units.

Table 1 and Table 2 provide a summary of the City's net position and changes in net position for 2017 compared to 2016.

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TABLE 1City of Pass Christian, MississippiCondensed Statement of Net PositionSeptember 30, 2017 and 2016

	Government	al Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Assets							
Current assets	\$ 14,664,111	\$ 15,702,991	3,847,856	3,055,962	18,511,967	18,758,953	
Capital assets	26,987,314	27,538,827	68,588,245	70,952,576	95,575,559	98,491,403	
Total Assets	41,651,425	43,241,818	72,436,101	74,008,538	114,087,526	117,250,356	
Deferred Outflows	778,206	1,125,623	67,670	97,880	845,876	1,223,503	
Liabilities							
Current liabilities	316,042	330,107	448,916	415,787	764,958	745,894	
Non-current liabilities	7,836,292	7,772,344	709,502	707,835	8,545,794	8,480,179	
Total Liabilities	8,152,334	8,102,451	1,158,418	1,123,622	9,310,752	9,226,073	
Deferred Inflows	3,545,621	3,527,026	17,857	3,159	3,563,478	3,530,185	
Net Position							
Investment in capital assets,							
net of related debt	25,617,314	26,068,827	68,588,245	70,952,576	94,205,559	97,021,403	
Restricted net assets	171,544	156,500	6,104	-	177,648	156,500	
Unrestricted	4,942,818	6,512,637	2,733,147	2,027,061	7,675,965	8,539,698	
Total Net Position	\$ 30,731,676	32,737,964	71,327,496	72,979,637	102,059,172	105,717,601	

TABLE 2 City of Pass Christian, Mississippi Condensed Statement of Activities September 30, 2017 and 2016

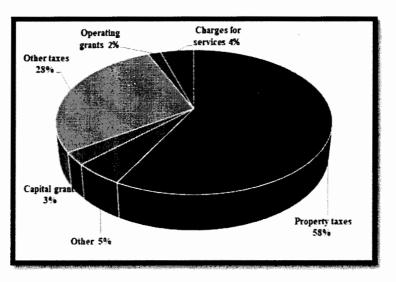
	Governm	ental Activities	Business-type	e Activities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Revenues:							
Program revenues	\$ 535,03	437,849	3,421,095	2,900,187	3,956,132	3,338,036	
General revenues	5,293,53	4 5,049,323	15,150	5,112	5,308,684	5,054,435	
Total revenues	5,828,57	1 5,487,172	3,436,245	2,905,299	9,264,816	8,392,471	
Expenses:							
General government	1,515,54	7 1,375,329	-	-	1,515,547	1,375,329	
Public safety	3,551,34	0 3,143,753	-	-	3,551,340	3,143,753	
Public works	1,877,67	3 1,565,063	-	-	1,877,673	1,565,063	
Culture and recreation	498,70	0 357,333	-	-	498,700	357,333	
Beautification	282,30	7 209,815	-	-	282,307	209,815	
Interest on long-term debt	32,73	5 35,101	-	-	32,735	35,101	
Water and sewer			2,571,785	2,850,705	2,571,785	2,850,705	
Harbor			2,593,158	2,639,014	2,593,158	2,639,014	
Total expenses	7,758,30	2 6,686,394	5,164,943	5,489,719	12,923,245	12,176,113	
Transfers	(76,55	7) (383,817)	76,557	383,817		-	
Increase (Decrease) in net assets	(2,006,28	8) (1,583,039)	(1,652,141)	(2,200,603)	(3,658,429)	(3,783,642)	
Net Position - beginning	32,737,96	4 34,321,003	72,979,637	75,180,240	105,717,601	109,501,243	
Net Position - ending	\$ 30,731,670	6 32,737,964	71,327,496	72,979,637	102,059,172	105,717,601	

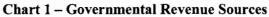
Governmental Activities

Total net position decreased \$2,006,288 as a result primarily due to capital outlay and additional pension expense.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, general revenues amounted to of \$5,293,534 or 91% of total revenues. This amount increased \$244,211 from 2016 primarily due to increase in property taxes due to growth. Program revenues amounted to \$535,037 or 9% of total revenues, which increased \$97,188 from 2016.

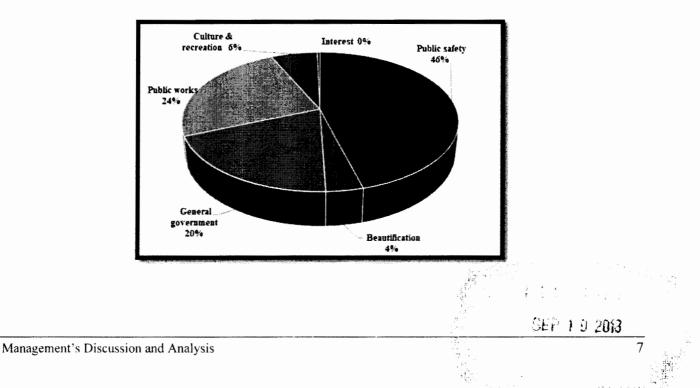
Several revenue sources fund our governmental activities. The following chart shows the City's total general revenues and program income that is used to offset governmental expenses.





Major governmental expense activities are shown in the following chart.

Chart 2 – Governmental Activities



Business-type activities

Net position for the business-type activities was \$71,327,496 a decrease of \$1,652,141 primarily due to an increase in depreciation expense in the harbor fund as a result of the completion and subsequent depreciation of the harbor.

Reporting the City of Pass Christian's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. Based on restrictions on the use of monies, the City has established many funds, which account for the multitude of services provided to the City's residents. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. In the case of the City of Pass Christian, the City's major funds are the General, Emergency Disaster, and Building Insurance Construction Funds.

Governmental Funds

The City's governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to the City's residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds focus on business-type activities conducted by the City. These funds are reported using the accrual method of account, which uses an "economic resources" measurement focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned regardless of when cash flows occur. Expenses are recorded when the recognized when the service is performed or the goods are received regardless of when the invoice is paid. Proprietary Fund information helps you to determine whether business-type activities are self-maintaining or if they are being subsidized by general government revenues. The proprietary funds show operating revenues and expenses that support the primary operations of the fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds show amounts held by the City for the benefit of others and clearing accounts used by the city to track payroll expenditures and property tax receipts and disbursements.

The City's Funds

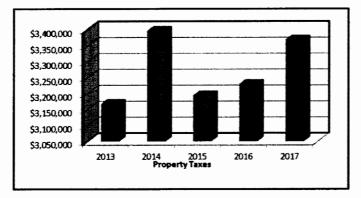
The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable and non-spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use at the end of the fiscal year. These funds are accounted for by using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Types of governmental funds reported by the City include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Project Funds. As of the end of the current year, the City of Diamondhead utilized only the General Fund and will establish additional fund types as they become necessary.

Information about the City's major governmental funds begins on page 14. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$5,761,569 an increase of \$276,229 over 2016 and expenditures of \$6,727,387 a decrease of \$660 in comparison to 2016 expenditures. Governmental fund balance decreased \$1,009,677 due to construction and capital outlay.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Mississippi law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. Governmental auditing standard require that cities present budgetary comparison schedules as required supplementary information to the financial statements. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of 2017, the City amended its general fund budget. All recommendations for a budget change come from the City Clerk to the Board of Alderman for approval. State law does not allow budget changes that modify functional levels of budget amounts within a department without board approval. With the General Fund supporting many of our major activities, such as our police and fire departments, as well as most legislative and executive activities, the General Fund is monitored closely looking for possible revenue shortfalls or over spending by individual departments.

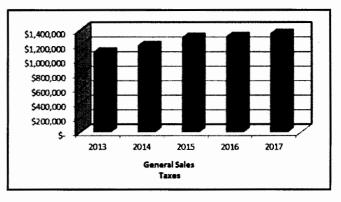


Property Tax Revenue

This chart depicts property tax revenue for the past five years. Amounts represent taxes collected in each fiscal year.

General Sales Tax Revenue

This chart depicts general sales tax revenue received in the past five years. General Sales Tax revenue has remained constant over the past few years with new business growth leveling off.



Capital Assets

Table 3 shows the Changes in Capital Assets for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016.

		TAB	LE 3				
		City of Pass Chri	stian, Mississippi				
	Schedule of	Capital Assets (Ne	t of Accumulated	Depreciation)			
		September 30,					
		september 00,	2017 und 2010				
	Governmental	Activities	Business-typ	æ Activities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Land	\$ 1,790,775	1,629,252	142,135	142,135	1,932,910	1,771,387	
Construction in progress	162,782	-	-	345,480	162,782	345,480	
Buildings	13,455,937	13,771,522	1,249,498	1,293,836	14,705,435	15,065,358	
Infrastructure	9,888,978	10,276,291	66,913,600	68,846,253	76,802,578	79,122,544	
Mobile equipment	1,532,011	1,728,993	35,120	48,304	1,567,131	1,777,297	
Furniture and equipment	 156,831	132,769	247,892	276,568	404,723	409,337	
Total	\$ 26,987,314	27,538,827	68,588,245	70,952,576	95,575,559	98,491,403	

The primary increase in capital assets occurred in construction in progress and completed infrastructure.

General Long-term Obligations

At September 30, 2017, the City had \$1,730,203 outstanding debt obligations, which included \$209,575 of compensated absences payable.

TABLE 4 City of Pass Christian, Mississippi Schedule of Long-term Debt September 30, 2017 and 2016

	Governmental Activities			Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	1,370,000	1,470,000	-	-	1,370,000	1,470,000	
Revolving Loans		-	-	150,628	173,237	150,628	173,237	
Compensated Absences		195,938	157,614	13,637	14,187	209,575	171,801	
Total	\$	1,565,938	1,627,614	164,265	187,424	1,730,203	1,815,038	

The compensated absences liability identified above refers to the current balance of what has been earned as a termination benefit that will be paid over time as people leave or retire. This liability refers to vacation pay for employees of the city. See Note 1(k) for more details.

Contact the City's Financial Management

Questions about this report or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to:

Marian Gest, City Clerk/Finance Director City of Pass Christian, Mississippi 200 West Scenic Drive Pass Christian, MS 39571 (228) 452-3310

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Statement of Net Position September 30, 2017

		Governmental	Business-Type	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	9,881,259	3,246,875	13,128,134
Taxes receivable		4,328,254	22,911	4,351,165
Receivables (net of allowance for bad debt)		319,270	326,844	646,114
Interfund balances		(45,137)	45,137	-
Prepaid insurance		144,784	6,104	150,888
Intra-agency receivables		35,681	-	35,681
Restricted current asset - cash		-	199,985	199,985
Total current assets		14,664,111	3,847,856	18,511,967
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		-		
Land and construction in progress		1,953,557	142,135	2,095,692
Other depreciable capital assets		25,033,757	68,446,110	93,479,867
Total capital assets		26,987,314	68,588,245	95,575,559
Total assets		41,651,425	72,436,101	114,087,526
Deferred outflow of resources				
Deferred amount on pensions		778,206	67,670	845,876
Total deferred outflow of resources		778,206	67,670	845,876
× 1.1.11.1				
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				40 4 00 7
Claims and wages payable		302,485	192,320	494,805
Intra-agency payables		-	1,248	1,248
Unearned revenue		-	55,363	55,363
Accrued interest payable		13,557	-	13,557
Payable from restricted assets - customer deposits		-	199,985	199,985
Total current liabilities		316,042	448,916	764,958
Non-current liabilities				
Net pension liability		6,270,354	545,237	6,815,591
Due within one year:				
Capital debt	epar <u>ila</u>	105,000	-	105,000
	14	88,172	29,145	117,317
Due in more that one year:	2. B	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,
Capital debt		1,265,000	-	1,265,000
Noncapital debt SEP 1 9 2018		107,766	135,120	242,886
Total non-current liabilities		7,836,292	709,502	8,545,794
Total Liabilities			1,158,418	9,310,752
		0,102,001	1,150,110	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Deferred inflows of resources				
Property tax for future reporting period		3,340,263	-	3,340,263
Deferred amount on pensions		205,358	17,857	223,215
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,545,621	17,857	3,563,478
Net position				
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		25,617,314	68,588,245	94,205,559
Restricted net position			00,000,210	
Nonexpendable				
Prepaid		144,784	6,104	150,888
Expendable:		177,/07	0,104	120,000
Restricted for special purposes		26,760		26,760
Unrestricted			- ראו בבד ר	
	s —	4,942,818 30,731,676	2,733,147	7,675,965
Total net position	° —	50,751,070	71,327,496	102,039,172

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

WRIGHT, WARD, HATTEN & GUEL

PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

(SUCCESSORS TO A. L. EVANS & COMPANY ESTABLISHED 1929)

Cortified Public. Accountants

MICHAEL E. GUEL, CPA, CVA, PFS, CFP*, CFE SANDE W. HENTGES, CPA, CFE

CHRIS TAYLOR, CPA CHARLENE KERKOW, CPA

September 13, 2018

To the Alderman City of Pass Christian HANCOCK BANK BUILDING 2510 - 14TH STREET P.O. BOX 129 GULFPORT, <u>MISS</u>ISSIPPI 39502

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City of Pass Christian We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Pass Christian for the year ended September 30, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated October 24 2017. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

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Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City of Pass Christian are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2017. We noted no transactions entered into by the City of Pass Christian during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the government wide financial statements was:

Management's estimate of accumulated depreciation is based on the historical useful lives of assets and depreciation methods. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the accumulated depreciation in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

The disclosure of the retirement plan in Note 11 to the financial statements is particularly sensitive since all governmental entities within the State of Mississippi beginning in fiscal year 2015 must report their proportionate share of the net pension liability and expense. This number is significant in relation to the City's financial statements as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.



Statement of Activities For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

			Program Revenues Operating	Capital	Ne	(Evnence)	Revenue and Changes in I	Net Accets
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governm		Business-type	101 A35015
Functions/Programs	 Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities		Activities	Total
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ (1,515,547)	148,335	-	-	\$ (1,	367,212)		(1,367,212)
Public safety	(3,551,340)	97,064	102,366	25,828	(3,	326,082)		(3,326,082)
Public works	(1,877,673)	-	-	133,888	(1,	743,785)		(1,743,785)
Culture, recreation and community services	(498,700)	27,556	-	-	(471,144)		(471,144)
Beautification	(282,307)	-	-	-	(282,307)		(282,307)
Interest on long-term debt	(32,735)	-	-	-		(32,735)	_	(32,735)
Total governmental activities	 (7,758,302)	272,955	102,366	159,716	(7,	223,265)		(7,223,265)
Business-type activities:	 						_	
Water and sewer	(2,571,785)	2,503,787	-	-			(67,998)	(67,998)
Harbor	(2,593,158)	511,824	-	405,484			(1,675,850)	(1,675,850)
Total business-type activities	 (5,164,943)	3,015,611	-	405,484			(1,743,848)	(1,743,848)
Total government	\$ (12,923,245)	3,288,566	102,366	565,200			(1,743,848)	(8,967,113)
		General revenues:						
		Taxes:	I for general nurneges		2	230,864	_	3,230,864
			I for general purposes		,	138,136	-	138,136
		Property taxes, levied Sales taxes	for special purposes			356,696	-	1,356,696
		Franchise taxes				276,393		276,393
			not contricted to a case	1		199,924	-	199,924
			not restricted to a specia	a purpose		42,420	8,676	51,096
		Unrestricted investment	earnings			42,420	6,474	55,575
	Miscellaneous						76,557	55,575
		Fransfers	and transform		5	(76,557) 216,977	91,707	5,308,684
		Total general revenues	and transfers			210,977	91,707	5,508,084
		Changes in net positio	n		(2	,006,288)	(1,652,141)	(3,658,429)
		Net position - beginnir	ng of year		32	,737,964	72,979,637	105,717,601

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position - end of year

102,059,172

71,327,496

\$

30,731,676

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Balance Sheet – Governmental Activities

September 30, 2017

		М	ajor			
	_		Building	Other	Total	
		General	Construction	Governmental	Governmental	
	_	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	4,002,168	5,368,648	510,443	9,881,259	
Receivables:						
Property tax		3,365,655	-	1,064	3,366,719	
Sales tax		106,151	-	-	106,151	
Franchise taxes		80,580	-	-	80,580	
Intergovernmental		1,800	-	773,004	774,804	
Court fines & fees		319,270	-	-	319,270	
Due from other funds		37,144	780,067	8,921	826,132	
Prepaid insurance		144,784	-	-	144,784	
Advance to fiduciary fund	_	26,760	-	-	26,760	
Total assets	_	8,084,312	6,148,715	1,293,432	15,526,459	
LIABILITIES	_					
Accounts payable		60,715	164,738	3,453	228,906	
Accrued wages payable		73,371	-	5,105	73,371	
Due to other fund		45,345	-	817,211	862,556	
Total Liabilities	-	179,431	164,738	820,664	1,164,833	
	=					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2 2 40 2 62			2 2 40 2 62	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		3,340,263	-	-	3,340,263	
Unavailable revenue - fines	_	319,270	-		319,270	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	=	3,659,533	-	- 	3,659,533	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:		*				
Prepaid insurance		144,784	-	-	144,784	
Restricted:						
Unemployment compensation		26,760	-	-	26,760	
Grant purpose		-	-	19,848	19,848	
Public safety		-	-	72,754	72,754	
Assigned:						
Community support		-	-	72,757	72,757	
Capital projects		-	5,983,977	307,409	6,291,386	
Unassigned		4,073,804	-	-	4,073,804	
Total Fund Balances	\$	4,245,348	5,983,977	472,768	10,702,093	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and	_					
fund balances	\$	8,084,312	6,148,715	1,293,432	15,526,459	
	-					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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City of Pass Christian, Mississippi
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet to Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2017

	Amount
	\$ 10,702,093
\$ 34,897,697 (7,910,383)	26,987,314
	319,270
\$ (1,370,000) (195,938)	(1,565,938)
	(13,557)
	(6,270,354)
\$ 778,206 (205,358)	572,848
	\$ 30,731,676
	(7,910,383) \$ (1,370,000) (195,938) \$ 778,206

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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City of Pass Christian, Mississippi

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Ma	njor		
		Building	Other	Total
	General Fund	Construction Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues:		1 und	I unus	Funds
Property taxes	\$ 3,230,864	-	138,136	3,369,000
General sales taxes	1,356,696	-	-	1,356,696
Franchise fees	276,393	-	-	276,393
Licenses and permit fees	118,335	-	-	118,335
Intergovernmental	240,978	-	193,141	434,119
Charges for services	60,481	-	-	60,481
Fines and forfeitures	59,834	-	-	59,834
Investment earnings	25,087	16,097	1,236	42,420
Miscellaneous	42,027	-	2,264	44,291
Total revenues	5,410,695	16,097	334,777	5,761,569
Expenditures:				
General government	986,380	335,594	15,975	1,337,949
Public safety	2,925,111	-	49,589	2,974,700
Public works	799,560	306,350	191,346	1,297,256
Culture & recreation	136,969	-	150,000	286,969
Beautification	255,877	-	-	255,877
Capital outlay	-	409,445	31,466	440,911
Debt service:				
Principal	100,000	-	-	100,000
Interest and other fiscal charges	33,725			33,725
Total expenditures	5,237,622	1,051,389	438,376	6,727,387
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	173,073	(1,035,292)	(103,599)	(965,818)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of assets	9,770	-	-	9,770
Proceeds from insurance	22,928	-	-	22,928
Transfers in	37,827	82,725	8,222	128,774
Transfers out	-	(140,067)	(65,264)	(205,331)
Total other financing sources (uses)	70,525	(57,342)	(57,042)	(43,859)
Net change in fund balances	243,598	(1,092,634)	(160,641)	(1,009,677)
Fund balances - beginning	4,001,750	7,076,611	633,409	11,711,770
Fund balances - ending	\$ 4,245,348	5,983,977	472,768	10,702,093

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

	-	Amount
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	(1,009,677)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital asset purchases amounted to \$440,911 and the depreciation		(551,512)
expense amounted to \$992,424.		(551,513)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		100,000
Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full accrual basis of accounting.		34,304
Pension expense and other related activity do not require the use of current financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Pension expense		(542,068)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by a combination of the following items:		
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt		990 (28-224)
Changes in compensated absences	-	(38,324)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(2,006,288)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2017

		Proprietary Funds			
		Water and			
		Sewer	Harbor	Total	
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash	\$	3,095,760	151,115	3,246,875	
Intergovernmental receivables		-	22,911	22,911	
Customer accounts receivable, net		302,542	24,302	326,844	
Interfund receivable		-	45,344	45,344	
Prepaid insurance		2,873	3,231	6,104	
Restricted current asset - cash	_	199,985		199,985	
Total current assets	_	3,601,160	246,903	3,848,063	
Non-current assets					
Capital assets:					
Land		1,548	140,587	142,135	
Buildings		-	1,385,557	1,385,557	
Infrastructure		39,069,194	41,592,607	80,661,801	
Mobile equipment		-	147,584	147,584	
Furniture and equipment		211,827	223,233	435,060	
Less accumulated depreciation		(8,888,259)	(5,295,633)	(14,183,892)	
Total non-current assets	_	30,394,310	38,193,935	68,588,245	
Total Assets	_	33,995,470	38,440,838	72,436,308	
Deferred outflow of resources	-				
Deferred outflow - pension liability		_	67,670	67,670	
Total deferred outflow of resources			67,670	67,670	
Liabilities	-		<u> </u>		
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		180,800	5,487	186,287	
Accrued wages		100,000	6,033	6,033	
Intra-agency payables		_	1,248	1,248	
Interfund payables		207	1,240	207	
Unearned revenue		16,290	39,073	55,363	
Notes payable		23,008	59,015	23,008	
Customer deposits		199,985		199,985	
Total current liabilities		420,290	51,841	472,131	
Non-current liabilities:	_	120,270	51,011		
		107 (20)		127 (20	
Notes payable Net pension liability		127,620	545,237	127,620 545,237	
Compensated absences		-	13,637		
Total non-current liabilities	_	127,620	558,874	13,637	
Total liabilities		547,910	610,715	1,158,625	
	_	547,910	010,715	1,138,025	
Deferred inflow of resources					
Deferred inflow - pension liability		-	17,857	17,857	
Total deferred inflow of resources			17,857	17,857	
Net position					
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		30,394,310	38,193,935	68,588,245	
Restricted -Nonexpendable		2,873	3,231	6,104	
Unrestricted		3,050,377	(317,230)	2,733,147	
Total net position	\$	33,447,560	37,879,936	71,327,496	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

			Proprietary Funds	
	-	Water and	- <u> </u>	
		Sewer	Harbor	Total
Revenues:	-			
Charges for services	\$	2,484,970	424,066	2,909,036
Tap and connection fees		18,817	-	18,817
Lease income		-	87,758	87,758
Miscellaneous operating revenues		4,086	2,388	6,474
Total operating revenues	-	2,507,873	514,212	3,022,085
Operating expenses:				
Personal services		-	388,663	388,663
Contractual services		1,355,853	261,530	1,617,383
Utilities		141,421	123,892	265,313
Repairs and maintenance		259,221	33,504	292,725
Other supplies and expenses		23,786	36,482	60,268
Bad debt		16,058	8,240	24,298
Depreciation		772,595	1,740,847	2,513,442
Total operating expenses	-	2,568,934	2,593,158	5,162,092
Operating income (loss)	_	(61,061)	(2,078,946)	(2,140,007)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Interest and investment revenue		8,349	327	8,676
Interest expense		(2,851)	-	(2,851)
Capital grant income		-	405,484	405,484
Transfers in		146,590	-	146,590
Transfers out		-	(70,033)	(70,033)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	-	152,088	335,778	487,866
Change in net position		91,027	(1,743,168)	(1,652,141)
Net Position - beginning	_	33,356,533	39,623,104	72,979,637
Total net position - ending	\$ =	33,447,560	37,879,936	71,327,496

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Statement Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Water and Sewer	Harbor	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Cash received from customers	\$	2,322,572	499,279	2,821,851
Other operating receipts		4,086	2,388	6,474
Cash paid to suppliers and contractors		(1,657,434)	(464,418)	(2,121,852)
Cash paid to employees	_	-	(341,494)	(341,494)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	669,224	(304,245)	364,979
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities				
Advances from (to) other funds		146,797	(114,129)	32,668
Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities	_	146,797	(114,129)	32,668
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Purchase of capital assets		-	(149,111)	(149,111)
Contributions and grants received for capital projects		· _	405,484	405,484
Repayment of notes payable		(23,008)	-	(23,008)
Interest on notes payable		(2,452)	-	(2,452)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(25,460)	256,373	230,913
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Interest received		8,349	327	8,676
Net cash flows from investing activities		8,349	327	8,676
Net increase (decrease) in cash		798,910	(161,674)	637,236
Cash - October 1	_	2,496,835	312,789	2,809,624
Cash - September 30	\$_	3,295,745	151,115	3,446,860

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Statement Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Water and		
	 Sewer	Harbor	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash			
Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (61,061)	(2,078,946)	(2,140,007)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net			
cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	772,595	1,740,847	2,513,442
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Accounts receivable	(88,843)	(11,765)	(100,608)
Intergoverrnmental receivable	-	(20,144)	(20,144)
Prepaid insurance	3,505	7,726	11,231
Pension related assets	-	30,210	30,210
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	138,905	(8,496)	130,409
Wages payable	-	594	594
Unearned revenue	(2,557)	19,364	16,807
Customer deposits	(93,320)	-	(93,320)
Pension related liabilities	-	16,915	16,915
Compensated absences	 -	(550)	(550)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 669,224	(304,245)	364,979

Reconciliation of Cash Per Statement of Cash Flows to the Statement of Net Position

			Restricted	
		Current	Current	
		Assets	Assets	Total
Cash - October 1				
Water and sewer	\$	2,203,530	293,305	2,496,835
Harbor	_	312,789		312,789
Total cash - October 1		2,516,319	293,305	2,809,624
Net increase (decrease)	_	730,556	(93,320)	637,236
Cash - September 30				
Water and sewer		3,095,760	199,985	3,295,745
Harbor	_	151,115		151,115
Total cash - September 30	\$	3,246,875	199,985	3,446,860

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2017

		Agency	
	Unemployment	Clearing	
	Escrow	Accounts	Total
Assets	\$ 		
Cash	26,760	99,180	125,940
Intergovernmental receivable		80,946	80,946
Intra-Entity agency receivable		1,248	1,248
Total Assets	26,760	181,374	208,134
Liabilities			
Due to other intra-entity government agencies	26,760	8,921	35,681
Accounts payable	-	80,946	80,946
Accrued liabilities	-	91,507	91,507
Total Liabilities	26,760	181,374	208,134
Net Position			
Held in trust for benefits and other purposes	\$ -	-	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Pass Christian, Mississippi, (the "City") was incorporated February 21, 1848 under the laws of the State of Mississippi. The City operates under a Code Charter form of government, which provides for an elected mayor and a five-member board of Alderman. The following services are authorized by the City's charter: Public Safety (Police, Fire, Civil Defense and Protection Inspection), Street Maintenance, Garbage Collection, Water and Sewer, Culture, Recreation and Community Services, Public Improvements, Planning and Zoning, and General Administrative Services. The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the funds and accounts groups included in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled *Audits of State and Local Governmental Units* and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The more significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the reporting entity includes all funds that are covered by the oversight responsibility of the City's governing board. As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the City is considered a "primary government." The City is governed by a five member board in which each member was elected by the citizens of each defined ward.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include or exclude a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters.

The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the City is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed in defining the government's reporting entity.

Excluded from the reporting entity:

Pass Christian Municipal Separate School District, Pass Christian Recovery, Inc., Pass Christian Housing Authority and Pass Christian Main Street.

These potential component units have separate elected and/or appointed boards and provide services to residents, generally within the geographic boundaries of the City. These are excluded from the reporting entity because the City does not have the ability to exercise influence or control over their daily operations, approve budgets or provide funding.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Harrison County Utility Authority

This potential component unit was established by State Code and its governing board is appointed jointly by the area governments' governing bodies. This is an independent unit that selects management staff, sets user charges, establishes budgets and controls all aspects of its daily activities. The District has been determined to be a joint venture of the participating agencies. See Note 12 for details.

B. Basis of Presentation.

The City's basic financial statement consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the City as a whole. The statements include all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues and are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely mainly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business –type activities of the City at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues, not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The Government-wide, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider recognizes the liability to the City. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

The City's proprietary funds apply all applicable GASB pronouncements and only the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principle Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

The revenues and expenses of the proprietary funds are classified as operating and non-operating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's primary operations. All other revenue and expenses are reported as non-operating.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The City reports the following major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the City's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all activities of the general government for which a separate fund has not been established.

<u>Building Construction Fund</u> – This is a capital projects fund created for the purpose of accounting for insurance proceeds and board approved construction projects using those funds.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – This funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other assets.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the City has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

It is the intent of the Board of Alderman that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges and that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income be identified for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, account ability, or other purposes.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the City, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

D. Account Classifications

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers' Association.

E. Deposits and Investments

State law authorizes the City to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any City, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the City may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, and all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the City did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Receivables

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Miss. Code Ann. (1972) does not allow for write-off of debt owed to municipalities. The amount represented on the financial statements is conclusive of all bad debts owed by customers of the water and sewer department and the harbor fund since the City started providing these services to citizens. The allowances are based on trade receivables in excess of 120 days outstanding.

G. Inter-fund Transactions and Balances

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Noncurrent portions of inter-fund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a non-spendable fund balance account in the General Fund, if applicable, to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. However, this is not applicable to advances reported in other governmental funds, which are reported, by definition, as restricted, committed, or assigned.

Inter-fund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Any outstanding balances between fiduciary funds and the government-wide activities of the government are reported as Intra-entity Balances and included in intergovernmental receivables on the Statement of Net Position.

H. Capital Assets

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, costs has been estimated and the methods of estimation are not readily available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capital assets.

Governmental accounting and financial reporting standards allow governments meeting certain criteria to elect not to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively. The City meets these criteria and has so elected. Therefore, the major general infrastructure assets acquired prior to October 1, 2002, are not reported in the government-wide financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to October 1, 2002.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital assets acquired or constructed for Proprietary Fund operations are capitalized at cost in the respective funds in which they are utilized. No interest is capitalized on self-constructed assets because non-capitalization of interest does not have a material effect on the City's financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the time of donation.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year.

The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	Capi Thre	Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	N/A
Infrastructure		0	20 years
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	-	*

⁴ Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

I. Unearned Revenue.

Receipts from revenues and grants for which the earning process is not complete are classified as deferred revenue, a liability, on the statement of net position.

J. Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligation indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements and the Proprietary Fund financial information, longterm debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business activities Statement of Net Position.

K. Compensated Absences.

The City has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee personal leave. No payment is authorized for accrued major medical leave. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require accrual of accumulated unpaid employee benefits as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In fund financial statements, Governmental Funds report the compensated absence liability payable only if the payable has matured, for example an employee resigns or retires.



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The City's vacation policy provides for two weeks of vacation after two years of employment. An employee may accumulate unused vacation leave hours without limitation, however, cash payments upon employee termination or retirement are limited to a maximum of two weeks of pay. Employees have no claim for accumulated sick leave at termination, for retirement, lay-off, or cause. As such, no provision for unused sick leave has been provided in the financial statements. Unused vacation and sick leave balances may be credited to the Public Employee's Retirement System (PERS) as time worked.

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources expenditure until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time.

Deferred amounts on pensions – Deferred outflows and inflows or resources should be reported when to show the City's proportionate share of amounts of the effects of actuarial differences and changes in assumptions to economic or demographic factors and differences between actual and projected earnings of multi-employer pension plan. In addition, a deferred inflow should be reported for employer contributions to the pension plan made subsequent to the measurement date.

Property tax for future reporting period/unavailable revenue – property taxes – Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed non-exchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

Unavailable revenue - fines - When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

M. Fund Balance Policies

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance into classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amount in those funds can be spent. The classifications of fund balance are Non-spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the City:

Non-spendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not classified as non-spendable and is neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the Board of Alderman.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for specified expenditures, restricted resources are considered spent before unrestricted resources. Within unrestricted resources, committed would be considered spent first (if available), followed by assigned (if available), and then unassigned amounts.

N. Net Position

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

O. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

SEP 1 9 2018



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

P. Property Tax Revenues

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Alderman may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the City. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Alderman, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

Q. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

R. Capital Contributions

Assets contributed by other organizations and governmental agencies are recorded at fair value at the time of the contribution. In the governmental fund statements, an equal amount of expense by function is recorded for capital assets that will not be capitalized because it does not meet the capitalization threshold. The fair value of these assets is recorded as operating grants in the Statement of Activities. Those assets received that will be capitalized are recorded as capital outlay in the fund statements and capital grant revenues in the Statement of Activities.

S. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

T. Unearned Revenue.

Receipts from revenues and grants for which the earning process is not complete are classified as unearned revenue, a liability, on the statement of net position.

U. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

V. Change in Accounting Standard

The City implemented the following standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the current fiscal year as required: GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures and GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73. The provisions of these standards have been incorporated into the financial statements and notes.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The procedures used by the City in establishing budget are mandated by Mississippi State law. A brief summary of the City's policies for recording budgetary data in the financial statements are as follows:

- 1. Prior to August 1, the Mayor submits to the Board of Alderman a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. No later than September 15, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all governmental and proprietary funds.
- 5. Budgets for the governmental and proprietary funds are adopted on a cash basis except for expenditures which include those paid within 30 days of the fiscal year end as required by state statute.
- B. Budgetary GAAP Reporting Reconciliations

Annual budgets are adopted for the major and non-major governmental funds. Budgetary comparisons, presented in the required supplementary information section of this report, are on the budgetary basis. Certain adjustments are necessary to compare actual data on a GAAP versus budget basis. These reconciling adjustments can be found in the notes to the required supplementary information.

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Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 3 – Cash

A summary of cash at September 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Deposits with Financial Institutions			
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Cash on Hand	Total
Governmental funds:				
General Fund	\$ 4,000,343	-	1,825	4,002,168
Building Construction Fund	5,368,648	-	-	5,368,648
Other governmental fund	510,443		-	510,443
Total governmental funds	9,879,434	-	1,825	9,881,259
Proprietary funds:				
Water & Sewer Fund	3,095,760	199,985	-	3,295,745
Harbor Fund	151,015	-	100	151,115
Total proprietary funds	3,246,775	199,985	100	3,446,860
Fiduciary Funds	125,940		-	125,940
Total cash	\$ 13,252,149	199,985	1,925	13,454,059

The carrying amount of the city's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2017, was \$13,454,059, and the bank balance was \$14,080,171. Of this amount \$199,985 is restricted for utility customer's deposits. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the City. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 4 - Interfund Transactions and Balances

Government-wide Financial Statements

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables

At September 30, 2017, the City had the following Interfund balances:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	\$	45,137

These amounts represent monies owed from the governmental-type activities to the businesstype activities for water bill collections and miscellaneous deposits.

B. Intra-entity Balances

At September 30, 2017 the City had the following intra entity balances:

Due from other	Due to other	
Government Agencies	Government Agencies	Amount
Governmental Activities	Agency Funds	35,681
Agency Funds	Business-type Activities	1,248
		\$ 36,929

These amounts represent excess cash transfers to the agency clearing funds that are owed back to the City Depository. Amounts advanced to the Unemployment Fund of \$26,760 are required by state statue and are restricted in the governmental net position. This amount has been recorded as intergovernmental receivables on the Statement of Net Position.

C. Interfund Transfers

Tranfers to	Tranfers from	A	mount
Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	\$	76,557

These amounts represent monies transferred from the governmental-type activities to the business-type activities for debt service costs.



Note 4 - Interfund Transactions and Balances (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

A. Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 37,144
Building Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	780,067
Other Governmental Funds	Agency Clearing Accounts	8,921
Harbor Fund	General Fund	45,345
Agency Clearing Accounts	Harbor Fund	1,248
•		\$ 872,725

During the course of the year, certain expenditures were paid on a reimbursement basis requiring the City to borrow monies at year-end from the general fund in order to prevent a deficit cash balance in certain funds. Allocation percentages of federal reimbursement for construction projects caused expenditures to be paid from the wrong fund requiring many "due to/due from" transactions requiring cash transfer after year end.

B. Transfers In/Out:

Transfers In	Transfers Out		Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	37,827
Building Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds		12,692
Building Construction Fund	Harbor Fund		70,033
Other Governmental Funds	Building Construction Fund		8,222
Water & Sewer Fund	Other Governmental Funds		14,745
Water & Sewer Fund	Building Construction Fund		131,845
Total		\$	275,364

Transfers were made in the course of the year for loans to various funds. Other transfers were made to reimburse the various funds for expenditures made on the behalf of other fund purposes.

C. Long-term Advances

A long-term advance was made from the general fund to the Employment Compensation Revolving Fund (Unemployment Fund) that is established in compliance with Miss. Code Ann. (1972) § 71-5-359. This amount is shown on the financial statements as an advance to other fund in the general fund and as amounts held in trust for benefit and other purposes in the fiduciary funds in the amount of \$26,760 for the year ended September 30, 2017.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 5 - Receivables

A. Governmental Activities

Receivables in the governmental activities at September 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

Governmental activities	
Taxes receivable:	
Property taxes	\$ 3,366,719
Sales taxes	106,151
Franchise taxes	80,580
Total taxes receivable	3,553,450
Intergovernmental receivable:	
Federal Emergency Management Agency	744,229
Other state grants	25,051
Public Safety grants	3,724
State aid	1,800
Total intergovernmental	774,804
Court fines receivable	773,341
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(454,071)
Total court fines receivable, net	319,270
Total receivable - governmental activities	\$ 4,647,524

B. Business-type Activities

Receivable in the business-type activities at September 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

Business-type activities	
Intergovernmental receivable:	
Mississippi Tideland Grant	\$ 22,911
Total intergovernmental	22,911
Customer accounts receivable:	
Customer utility charges (billed)	562,752
Customer berth rentals	24,302
Customer accounts, earned but unbilled	95,897
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(356,107)
Total customer accounts receivable, net	326,844
Total receivable - business-type activities	\$ 349,755

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for bad debt. An allowance in the amount of \$356,107 at September 30, 2017 has been provided in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund for estimated uncollectible utility charges. No allowance at September 30, 2017 has been provided in the Harbor Fund for estimated uncollectible berth rental fees.



Note 5 – Receivables (continued)

Unearned revenue as of September 30, 2017, in the amount of \$16,290 in the Water & Sewer Fund and \$39,073 in the Harbor Fund represents customer account receivables that have been prepaid or amounts to be refunded.

Note 6 - Court Fines Receivable

Court fines receivables are recorded as deferred inflow of sources in the fund financial statements due to the funds using modified accrual basis. However, revenues received during the year are recorded in the government-wide financial statements on the full-accrual basis of accounting. Court fines receivable at September 30, 2017, were \$773,341, of which an allowance of \$454,071 has been determined as uncollectible with \$319,270 deemed collectible.

Note 7 – Capital assets

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2017:

A. Governmental Activities

				Completed	
		Balance		Construction/	Balance
	0	ct 1, 2016	Additions	Adjustments	Sept 30, 2017
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$	1,629,252	161,523	-	1,790,775
Construction in progress		-	162,782	-	162,782
Total non-depreciable					
capital assets		1,629,252	324,305		1,953,557
Depreciable capital assets:					
Building		15,805,254	-	-	15,805,254
Infrastructure		11,933,661	31,466	-	11,965,127
Mobile equipment		3,867,128	54,535	-	3,921,663
Furniture and equipment		1,221,491	30,605	-	1,252,096
Total depreciable					
capital assets		32,827,534	116,606		32,944,140
Depreciation					
Building		2,033,732	315,585	-	2,349,317
Infrastructure		1,657,370	418,779	-	2,076,149
Mobile equipment		2,138,135	251,517	-	2,389,652
Furniture and equipment		1,088,722	6,543	-	1,095,265
Total accumulated					
depreciation	<u> </u>	6,917,959	992,424		7,910,383
Total depreciable capital					
assets, net		25,909,575	(875,818)		25,033,757
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$	27,538,827	(551,513)		26,987,314



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 7 - Capital assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

General government	\$ 69,660
Public safety	211,819
Public works	519,739
Culture and recreation	186,458
Beautification	 4,748
Total depreciation - government-type activities	\$ 992,424

B. Business-type Activities

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2017:

			Completed	
			Construction/	
	Oct 1, 2016	Additions	Adjustments	Sept 30, 2017
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 142,135	-		142,135
Construction in Progress	345,480		(345,480)	-
Total non-depreciable				
capital assets	487,615		(345,480)	142,135
Depreciable capital assets:				
Building	1,385,557	-	-	1,385,557
Infrastructure	80,379,047	149,101	133,653	80,661,801
Mobile equipment	147,584	-	-	147,584
Furniture and equipment	223,223	-	211,837	435,060
Total depreciable				
capital assets	82,135,411	149,101	345,490	82,630,002
Depreciation				
Building	91,721	44,338	-	136,059
Infrastructure	11,328,028	2,427,234	(7,061)	13,748,201
Mobile equipment	99,280	13,184	-	112,464
Furniture and equipment	151,421	28,686	7,061	187,168
Total accumulated				
depreciation	11,670,450	2,513,442		14,183,892
Total depreciable capital				
assets, net	70,464,961	(2,364,341)	345,490	68,446,110
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 70,952,576	(2,364,341)	10	68,588,245

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

Water and Sewer	\$ 772,595
Harbor	 1,740,847
Total depreciation - business-type activities	\$ 2,513,442



Note 8 - Long-term Debt

A. Governmental Activities

Transactions for the year ended September 30, 2017 are summarized as follows:

					Due
	Balance			Balance	Within
	10/1/2016	Additions	Retirements	9/30/2017	one Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,470,000	-	(100,000)	1,370,000	105,000
Compensated Absences	157,614	38,324	-	195,938	88,172
	\$ 1,627,614	38,324	(100,000)	1,565,938	193,172

<u>General Obligation – Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2017</u> – On January 30, 2013, the City issued \$1,700,000 in general obligation bonds to be used for public improvements in the City. The bond is to be repaid over 15 years and carries a fixed interest rate of 2.375%. Payment on this bond will be made from general ad valorem tax collections.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this note payable are as follows:

September 30	Principal		er 30 Principal Interest		Interest	Total	
2018	\$	105,000	31,291	136,291			
2019		110,000	28,738	138,738			
2020		110,000	26,125	136,125			
2021		115,000	23,453	138,453			
2022		120,000	20,663	140,663			
2023-2027		665,000	57,534	722,534			
2028		145,000	1,722	146,722			
	\$	1,370,000	189,526	1,559,526			

B. Business-type Activities

Transactions for the year ended September 30, 2017 are summarized as follows:

						Due
		Balance			Balance	Within
	1	0/1/2016	Additions	Retirements	9/30/2017	one Year
Revolving Loans	\$	173,237		(22,609)	150,628	23,008
Compensated Absences		14,188		(551)	13,637	6,137
	\$	187,425	-	(23,160)	164,265	29,145

<u>Revolving Loans</u> - The City's utility enterprise fund finances extensions and improvements to its system through note obligations, which are subordinate to the revenue bonds.

The utility currently has one state revolving loan, which enabled the City to provide sewer services in needed areas. The loan is to be repaid over a period of twenty years, bearing an interest rate of 1.75%. Payment on this loan is made by way of sales tax reductions from amounts due to the City for sales tax collected in the City. The Water and Sewer Fund then reimburses the General Fund for the amount of the deduction.

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Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 8 - Long-term Debt (continued)

September 30	I	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$	23,008	2,452	25,460
2019		23,414	2,046	25,460
2020		23,827	1,633	25,460
2021		24,247	1,213	25,460
2022		24,675	785	25,460
2022-2024		31,457	368	31,825
	\$	150,628	8,497	159,125

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for this note payable are as follows:

C. Legal Debt Margin

The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the City is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the City, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a City issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the City. As of September 30, 2017, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 2.07% of the latest property assessments.

D. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries were paid which are generally the General Fund and Harbor Fund.

Note 9 – Property and Sales Tax Revenue

A. Property Tax Revenues

The City levies a tax on real and personal property based on the assessed value of property as compiled by the Harrison County tax assessor from information extracted from the City assessment tax rolls. The taxes on real property attach as an enforceable lien on the property as January 1. Taxes on real and personal property are levied by the Board of Alderman at the first regular meeting in September. In accordance with the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, the Board of Alderman may levy taxes in any amount for general revenue purposes and general improvements. However, taxes collected for the current year are limited to an increase of not more than 10% over receipts for any one of the preceding ten years or a minimum of 20 mills. For purposes of the computation, taxes collected in the current year resulting from property added to the tax assessment roll are excluded from the computation.

The rates are expressed in terms of mills (i.e., ten mills equal one cent). The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt but exclusive of school bond and interest for the year ended September 30, 2017 was 48.46 mills or \$48.46 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 9 - Property and Sales Tax Revenue (continued)

Property taxes at the fund level are recorded as receivables and deferred inflow of resources at the time the taxes are levied. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected including those collected 60 days after year-end. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with GAAP have been recognized as revenue.

B. General Sales Tax Revenues

The State levies a 7% sales tax on retail sales and remits 18.5% of the amount collected (within the corporate boundaries of the City of Pass Christian) back to the City monthly. General sales tax revenue reported in the General Fund was \$1,356,696.

Note 10 - Unemployment Compensation Fund

The City maintains a revolving fund for unemployment compensation benefits with a balance of approximately 2% of the first \$6,000 of employee wages paid in the preceding calendar year. These contributions are in lieu of making payments to the Mississippi Employment Security Commission.

Note 11 – Retirement Plan

The City contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Plan Description and Provisions

Substantially all of the City's full-time employees participate in PERS, a multi-employer, costsharing, defined benefit public employee pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employee Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005, or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits Provided

Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public cities. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring.

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Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 11 - Retirement Plan (continued)

Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007).

PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions

PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of September 30, 2017, was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$411,805 for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$6,270,354 in the governmental activities and \$545,237 in the business-type activities for its proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the PERS net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's longterm share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was .041%, which was a decrease of 0.003% from its proportion measured at June 30, 2016. For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City recognized PERS pension expense for governmental activities of \$920,928 and for business-type activities \$80,070.



Note 11 - Retirement Plan (continued)

At September 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
	Gov	vernmental	Business-type	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	90,085	7,833	97,918
Changes of assumptions		139,364	12,119	151,483
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		439,250	38,196	477,446
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		109,507	9,522	119,029
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	778,206	67,670	845,876
		Defei	rred Inflows of Resourc	es
	Gov	ernmental	Business-type	Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	45,753	3,979	49,732
Changes of assumptions		10,685	929	11,614

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments

Changes in proportion and differences between City

contributions and proportionate share of contributions

Total deferred inflows of resources

\$	45,753	 3,979	49,732
	10,685	929	11,614
	80,506	7,000	87,506
	68,414	5,949	74,363
\$	205,358	\$ 17,857	\$ 223,215
<u> </u>			

Deferred liabilities and assets, with the exception of differences between projected and actual investment earnings, are amortized over the average of expected remaining service lives. Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are amortized over 5 years.

Within the deferred outflows, a net amount of \$119,029 of deferred outflows of resources is related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017.

The remaining net amount of \$503,632 reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
September 30,	_	
2017	\$	307,414
2018		275,166
2019		52,706
2020		(131,654)
	\$	503,632



Note 11 - Retirement Plan (continued)

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25 - 18.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent (net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Assessed property value rate of increase	N/A

The table for post-retirement mortality rates used in evaluating allowances to be paid was the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2017 with male rates set forward one year. The RP-Disabled Retiree Table set forward five years for males and four years for females, was used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four year period ending June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on the investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of the plans' investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US Broad	27.00 %	4.60
International Equity	18.00	4.50
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00	4.75
Global	12.00	4.75
Fixed Income	18.00	0.75
Real Assets	10.00	3.50
Private Equity	8.00	5.10
Emerging Debt	2.00	2.25
Cash	1.00	0.00
Total	100.00 %	



Note 11 - Retirement Plan (continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent, which was based on the future long-term expected rate of return of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions for PERS will be made at rates set in the Board's Funding Policy. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the plan's total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease Discount			1 % Increase	
		(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)	
City's Proportionate share of PERS	\$	8,939,103	\$ 6,815,591	\$ 5,052,615	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report which can be obtained at www.pers.ms.gov.

Three-year Trend Information

The following table provides the employer contribution to PERS for the last three fiscal years:

Fiscal Years	Employer		
Ending	Contributions		
2017	\$ 411,805		
2016	405,206		
2015	358,853		

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

A. Risk Management

<u>Claims and Judgments</u> - The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The city has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the City. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the City's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The City is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the City with respect to the various proceedings. However, the City's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

B. Commitments

<u>Contract for "Turnkey" Operations of Water and Wastewater Systems</u> – On October 19, 2010, the City renewed a contract with WPSCO, Inc. for operation and maintenance of the City's water and sewer systems and utility billing of water and sewer systems. The fee under the contract is \$40304/mo for the year ended September 30, 2017. Annually, the amount shall be adjusted by the consumer price index by the U.S. Department of Labor Statistics. During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 the City paid a total of \$496,097 to WPSCO under this contract.

<u>Agreement for Emergency Communications</u> – In March 2009, as provided by Miss. Code Ann. (1972) §17-13-1 and §17-17-5 et. seq., the City entered into an interlocal cooperation agreement with Harrison County, Mississippi (the "County"), whereby the County will provide all emergency communications, including 911 services to the City upon payment of monthly fees to cover 23% of all direct salaries and fringe benefits for all dispatchers operating within the Sheriff's dispatch units for all jurisdictions and 100% of all overtime and holiday pay for dispatchers working on City matters. Amounts under this agreement for the year ended September 30, 2017 were \$49,437.

<u>Cooperative Agreement with Mississippi Regional Housing Authority</u> - In July 1980, the City entered into an agreement with Mississippi Regional Housing Authority No. VIII, authorizing "in lieu of taxes" on housing projects operated by the housing authority within the municipality.

C. Jointly Governed Organizations and Joint Ventures

<u>Joint Venture</u> - The City of Pass Christian contracts with the Harrison County Utility Authority (the "Authority"), whereby the Authority picks up and disposes the City's solid waste and treats and disposes of the City's wastewater in compliance with water quality standards established by the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control law and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

The Authority provides for the operation and maintenance of the sewer treatment plants on a cost reimbursement basis. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the City is required to pay monthly costs of operations and maintenance directly associated with the treatment facilities and to share in the construction costs of the treatment facilities. The costs associated with this contract totaled \$762,091 for the year.

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Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

The following is a synopsis of the Authority's financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017:

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
Current assets	\$ 8,832,283
Restricted assets	16,219,458
Capital assets, net	262,306,129
Deferred outflows	19,316,330
Total assets and deferred outflows	306,674,200
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	
Current liabilities	15,816,037
Noncurrent liabilities	113,505,316
Deferred inflows	36,306
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	129,357,659
NET POSITION	177,316,541

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Operating revenue	\$ 20,247,285
Operating expenses	(20,898,517)
Depreciation and amortization	(14,661,657)
Nonoperating revenues, net	2,482,829
Capital contributions	 721,765
Change in net position	\$ (12,108,295)

The City's obligation to pay operational costs of the Authority is joint and several with the obligations of all other public agencies similarly contracting with the Authority. Whenever any public City shall default in the payment to the Authority of its respective payment, the Authority may adjust the contract sums of the remaining public agencies, which are not in default so as to increase their contract sums by a proportional amount.

A complete copy of these financial statements is on file at the administrative offices of the District which are located at 14108 Airport Road, Pass Christian, Mississippi 39503, or may be obtained by calling (228) 868-8752.



Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2017

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

<u>Jointly Governed Organization</u> - On May 18, 1976, the City entered into an agreement with the Board of Trustees of the Pass Christian Public Library, the City of Pass Christian, the Board of Supervisors of Harrison County, The Board of Trustees of the Pass Christian-Harrison County Library, the City of Biloxi, and the Board of Trustees of the Biloxi Public Library to mutually cooperate in securing a more economical public library system through combined resources, interests, materials and facilities to be known as the Harrison County Library System. There are no specific monetary terms in the agreement. However, a budget is approved every year by the County Library Board, which stipulates the amount of funds needed from the participating municipalities and various other funding sources. The City contributed \$150,000 to the Library for the year ended September 30, 2017.

Note 13 – Tax Abatements

As of September 30, 2017, the City provides tax abatements and exemptions under Miss. Code Ann. § 17-21-7, that allows municipalities to exempt certain structures in specific economic development districts to encourage economic development and facilitate reconstruction and redevelopment of certain businesses and residential property for a period no longer than 7 years.

Property owners make an application for abatement by submitting documentation to substantiate the qualifying investment with the City pursuant to an economic recovery or redevelopment plan of the City to Harrison County. The abatement agreement stipulates a percentage reduction of property taxes, which can be as much as 100%. The City will then pass a resolution granting the exemption once an application has been approved and all requirements have been met. The Board of Supervisors can then choose to abate the county ad valorem tax based on the City's recommendation and resolution. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's tax bill.

It is estimated for the year ended September 30, 2017, that approximately \$9,011 ad valorem real property taxes have been abated. All City tax abatements expire on January 1, 2018.

Note 14 – Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the City evaluated the activity of the City through June 30, 2017, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no significant subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statement.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund Budget to Actual - (Prepared on the Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

					Varia	nces
				Actual	Favorable (U	nfavorable)
		Budgeted	Amounts	Budgetary	Original	Final
		Original	Final	Basis	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:	-					
Property taxes	\$	3,306,000	3,306,000	3,438,673	-	132,673
General sales tax		1,300,000	1,300,000	1,149,806	-	(150,194)
Fines and forfeitures		115,000	115,000	70,339	-	(44,661)
Licenses and permits		135,250	135,250	136,110	-	860
Intergovernmental		288,681	288,681	220,053	-	(68,628)
Charges for services		56,500	56,500	51,456	-	(5,044)
Franchise fees		304,000	304,000	270,985	-	(33,015)
Investment earnings		7,075	7,075	7,116	-	41
Miscellaneous		31,500	31,500	75,480	-	43,980
Total Revenues	_	5,544,006	5,544,006	5,420,018		(123,988)
Expenditures:	_					
General government:						
Personnel services		671,380	676,404	662,175	(5,024)	14,229
Supplies		36,100	28,575	20,327	7,525	8,248
Contractual		428,448	422,993	368,790	5,455	54,203
Capital outlay		2,500	10,680	9,405	(8,180)	1,275
Total general government	-	1,138,428	1,138,652	1,060,697	(224)	77,955
Public safety:	_					
Personnel services		2,315,400	2,409,388	2,406,282	(93,988)	3,106
Supplies		248,615	227,059	220,795	21,556	6,264
Contractual		418,973	365,697	337,275	53,276	28,422
Capital outlay		13,700	29,137	27,828	(15,437)	1,309
Total public safety	-	2,996,688	3,031,281	2,992,180	(34,593)	39,101
Public works:	_					
Personnel services		395,213	420,594	420,383	(25,381)	211
Supplies		109,700	94,322	90,391	15,378	3,931
Contractual		305,500	283,192	268,917	22,308	14,275
Capital outlay		2,500	16,500	16,421	(14,000)	79
Total public works	_	812,913	814,608	796,112	(1,695)	18,496
Culture, recreation,						
and community services						
Personnel services		103,964	103,964	86,198	-	17,766
Supplies		45,150	46,585	29,407	(1,435)	17,178
Contractual		32,350	32,100	22,861	250	9,239
Capital outlay			_,		-	-
Total culture and recreation						
and community services	-	181,464	182,649	138,466	(1,185)	44,183
	-					

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund Budget to Actual - (Prepared on the Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

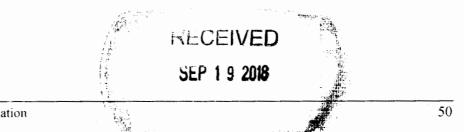
				Varia	nces	
			Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)		
	Budgeted Amounts		Budgetary	Original	Final	
	Original	Final	Basis	to Final	to Actual	
Beautification:						
Personnel services	203,833	183,953	169,367	19,880	14,586	
Supplies	65,000	65,039	46,600	(39)	18,439	
Contractual	35,750	35,750	25,942	-	9,808	
Capital outlay		19,880	19,880	(19,880)		
Total beautification	304,583	304,622	261,789	(39)	42,833	
Debt service	133,725	133,725	133,725	<u> </u>	-	
Total Expenditures	5,567,801	5,605,537	5,382,969	(37,735)	222,568	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(23,795)	(61,531)	37,049	(37,735)	98,580	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from sale of surplus	27,500	27,500	12,794	-	(14,706)	
Transfers out		-	40,825	-	40,825	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	27,500	27,500	53,619	-	26,119	
Net change in fund balances	3,705	(34,031)	90,668	(37,735)	124,699	

Reconciliation of Cash-basis Budget to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Net Change in fund balance - Budget-Cash Basis		\$ 90,668
Revenues and other financing sources per Budget-Cash-basis Additional accrued revenues Revenues and other financing sources per Fund Financial Statements	5,473,637 7,583 5,481,220	7,583
Expenditures and other financiang uses per Cash-basis Budget Additional accrued expenses Expenditures and other financing uses per Fund Financial Statement	5,382,969 (145,347) 5,237,622	145,347

Net Change in fund balance - Fund Financials

\$ 243,598



Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

A. Budgetary Information.

State statues authorize the State Auditor to regulate the municipal budget process. Expenditures must be defined to the minimum level prescribed by the State Auditor. The State Auditor has set this level at the purpose level. Municipalities are prohibited from spending in excess of the lowest level adopted in the budget except for capital outlay, election expense and emergency warrants.

B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplemental information.

C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years* For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

	_	2017	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.041%	0.038%	0.036%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	6,815,591	6,787,750	5,637,543
City's covered payroll	\$	2,614,635	2,572,737	2,278,432
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.67%	263.83%	247.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.49%	57.47%	61.70%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 prior to the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information is available.



Schedule of City's Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years* For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 411,805 411,805	405,206 405,206	358,853 358,853
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	-
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,614,635	2,572,737	2,278,432
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until, a full 10 year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information is available.



Schedule of City's Contributions Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Pension Schedules For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

Pension Schedules

A. Changes of assumptions.

<u>2017</u>

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

<u>2016</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2015</u>

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.
- The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.
- B. Changes in benefit provisions.

<u>2016</u>

• Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Schedule of Surety Bonds (Required by State of Mississippi) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

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Position	Surety	Amount	
		¢	100.000
Mayor	CNA Surety	\$	100,000
Alderman	CNA Surety		100,000
Alderman	CNA Surety		100,000
Alderman	CNA Surety		100,000
Alderman	CNA Surety		100,000
Alderman	CNA Surety		100,000
Assistant Court Clerk	CNA Surety		50,000
Assistant Police Chief	CNA Surety		50,000
Beautification Director	CNA Surety		50,000
City Clerk/Payroll	CNA Surety		50,000
Code Enforcement Officer	CNA Surety		50,000
Code Office Clerk	CNA Surety		50,000
Court Clerk	CNA Surety		50,000
Harbor Clerk	CNA Surety		50,000
Harbor Master	CNA Surety		50,000
Harbor Security	CNA Surety		50,000
Harbor Security	CNA Surety		50,000
Harbor Security	CNA Surety		50,000
On-duty Police Officer	CNA Surety		50,000
On-duty Police Officer	CNA Surety		50,000
On-duty Police Officer	CNA Surety		50,000
On-duty Police Officer	CNA Surety		50,000
Police Chief	CNA Surety		50,000
Purchasing/Accounts Payable Clerk	CNA Surety		50,000
Records Clerk - Police Dept.	CNA Surety		50,000
Records Clerk - Police Dept.	CNA Surety		50,000
Recreation Director	CNA Surety		50,000
Senior Center Director	CNA Surety		50,000
Undercover Drug Officer	CNA Surety		50,000

SPECIAL REPORTS

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PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY (SUCCESSORS TO A. L. EVANS & COMPANY ESTABLISHED 1929)

Certified Public Accountants

MICHAEL E. GUEL, CPA, CVA, PFS, CFP*, CFE SANDE W. HENTGES, CPA, CFE

CHRIS TAYLOR, CPA CHARLENE KERKOW, CPA HANCOCK BANK BUILDING 2510 - 14TH STREET P.O. BOX 129 GULFPORT, MISSISSIPPI 39502 MEMBERS AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CPAS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

September 13, 2018

Honorable Mayor and Board of Alderman City of Pass Christian, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the City of Pass Christian, Mississippi's (the "City") governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information as of September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 13, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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(SUCCESSORS TO A. L. EVANS & COMPANY ESTABLISHED 1929)

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LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

September 13, 2018

Honorable Mayor and Board of Alderman City of Pass Christian, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Pass Christian, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2017, we considered the City's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to the City of Pass Christian, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the County's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated September 13, 2018, on the financial statements of the City of Pass Christian, Mississippi.

Due to the reduced scope, these review procedures and compliance tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

This report is intended for the information of the City's management and the Office of the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017

SECTION 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements:

1.	Type of auditors' report issued on the financial statements:	
	Governmental activities	Unmodified
	Business-type activities	Unmodified
	General and other major funds	Unmodified
	Aggregate remaining fund information	Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	a. Material weaknesses identified?	No
	b. Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to	
	be material weaknesses?	No
3.	Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	None noted

SECTION 2 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

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