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Audited Financial Statements And Special Reports

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

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Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2708 Old Brandon Road Pearl, MS 39208 (601)939-8676 Fax (601)939-8761 windhamandlacey.com P. O. Box 759 Crystal Springs, MS 39059 (601)892-4001 Fax (601)892-5978 Members: American Institute of CPAs Mississippi Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Waveland, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Waveland, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Waveland as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of the City's Contributions, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and corresponding notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Omission of Required Supplementary Information

The City of Waveland, Mississippi, has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for the City of Waveland has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Requirements Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 13, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Waveland's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Waveland's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

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August 13, 2018

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements included integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

Government-wide financial statements

Fund financial statements:

Governmental funds

Proprietary (enterprise) fund

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to the user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

September 30, 2017		Governmental	Business-type	
		Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS	-			
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$	5,662,517	2,299,928	7,962,445
Inventories			9,379	9,379
Property tax receivable		2,296,257		2,296,257
Fines receivable, net		127,439		127,439
Accounts receivable, net		59,552	516,186	575,738
Internal balances		47,274	(47,274)	0
Intergovernmental receivable		1,088,181		1,088,181
Sales tax receivable		384,894	4.261	384,894
Other receivables	-	361,281	4,261	365,542
Total Current Assets	-	10,027,395	2,782,480	12,809,875
Noncurrent Assets:			505 215	505 215
Restricted cash		EO 492 254	505,215	505,215
Capital assets, net	-	50,482,254	72,398,612	122,880,866
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	50,482,254	72,903,827	123,386,081
Total Assets	\$_	60,509,649	75,686,307	136,195,956
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amounts on bond refunding	\$	108,045	50,843	158,888
Deferred outflows - pension		894,894	135,252	1,030,146
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$_	1,002,939	186,095	1,189,034
	_			
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:				
Claims payable	\$	370,733	152,165	522,898
Customer deposits	Ψ	370,733	505,215	505,215
Accrued interest payable		40,623	3,111	43,734
Other current liabilities		77,819	6,319	84,138
Current portion of long-term debt		816,921	259,328	1,076,249
Total Current Liabilities	_	1,306,096	926,138	2,232,234
Noncurrent Liabilities:	-	1,000,000		
Net pension liability		5,826,722	880,483	6,707,205
Compensated absences payable		82,797	3,843	86,640
Long-term liabilities		3,693,697	1,215,263	4,908,960
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	9,603,216	2,099,589	11,702,805
Total Liabilities	¢	10,909,312	3,025,727	12.025.020
Total Liabilities	\$_	10,909,312	3,023,727	13,935,039
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property tax for future periods	\$	2,296,257		2,296,257
Deferred amount on pension	, -	486,807	80,369	567,176
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$_	2,783,064	80,369	2,863,433
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	45,971,636	70,924,021	116,895,657
Restricted for:				
Debt service		2,606,789		2,606,789
Culture & recreation		121,668		121,668
Other purposes		148,517		148,517
Unrestricted	-	(1,028,398)	1,842,285	813,887
Total Net Position	\$ _	47,820,212	72,766,306	120,586,518

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017			Program Revenue	es		Net (Expense) Reve Changes in Net Pos		
		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs	_							
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:	•	1 100 274		0.601		(1.17().672)		(1.170.672)
General government Public safety	\$	1,180,274 2,875,850	115,263	9,601 77,449	156,526	(1,170,673) (2,526,612)		(1,170,673) (2,526,612)
Public works		1,210,623	113,203	77,449	97,321	(1,113,302)		(1,113,302)
Health and welfare		86,055		41,011	77,321	(399,350)		(399,350)
Culture and recreation		894,018		,,,,,,,		(608,558)		(608,558)
Economic development and assistance		61,905				(61,905)		(61,905)
Pension expense		880,946				(880,946)		(880,946)
Interest on long-term debt	_	154,770				(154,770)		(154,770)
Total Governmental Activities	_	7,344,442	115,263	128,061	253,847	(6,916,116)	0	(6,916,116)
Business-type Activities:								
Water/Sewer		5,072,414	3,315,029				(1,757,385)	(1,757,385)
Interest on long-term debt	_	69,469					(69,469)	(69,469)
Total Business-type Activities	_	5,141,883	3,315,029	0	0	0	(1,826,854)	(1,826,854)
Total Primary Government	\$ _	12,486,325	3,430,292	128,061	253,847	(6,916,116)	(1,826,854)	(8,742,970)
	(General Revenu	ies					
		Taxes:						
		Property taxe				\$ 2,460,350		2,460,350
		•	ge privilege taxes			146,827		146,827
		Sales tax				2,423,963		2,423,963
		Franchise tax		ricted to specific pro	OTTO POS	231,665 2,302		231,665 2,302
			ontroutions not resu	ncied to specific pro	granis	15,312	5,761	21,073
		Miscellaneous				737,866	232,521	970,387
		Transfers in	•			353,035	(353,035)	770,507
		Total Genera	al Revenues			6,371,320	(114,753)	6,256,567
		Change in n	et position			(475,951)	(1,941,607)	(2,486,403)
]	Net Position - I	Beginning			48,243,918	74,982,587	123,226,505
		Prior period ac				52,245	(274,674)	(222,429)
	1	Net Position - I	Beginning, as restate	d		48,296,163	74,707,913	123,004,076
	1	Net Position –	Ending			\$ 47,820,212	72,766,306	120,586,518

		/lajor 'und			
		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			2.5	• 440 • 04	
Cash	\$	2,856,791	357,432	2,448,294	5,662,517
Property tax receivable		1,421,172	733,823	141,261	2,296,256
Fines receivable		127,439			127,439
Sales tax receivable		384,894		***	384,894
Due from other funds		4,094,329	2,289,981	610,111	6,994,421
Intergovernmental receivable		2,253		914,468	916,721
Other receivables	_	91,495		329,343	420,838
Total Assets	\$_	8,978,373	3,381,236	4,443,477	16,803,086
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Claims payable	\$	167,483		203,250	370,733
Due to other funds	•	427,599		6,348,088	6,775,687
Other current liabilities		67,904		9,915	77,819
Total Liabilities	_	662,986	0	6,561,253	7,224,239
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Property tax for future periods		1,421,172	733,824	141,261	2,296,257
Unavailable revenue - fines		127,439			127,439
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	1,548,611	733,824	141,261	2,423,696
Fund Balances: Committed:					
Debt service			2,647,412		2,647,412
Culture and recreation				121,668	121,668
Other purposes				148,517	148,517
Unassigned		6,766,776		(2,529,224)	4,237,552
Total Fund Balances	_	6,766,776	2,647,412	(2,259,039)	7,155,149
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	8,978,373	3,381,236	4,443,475	

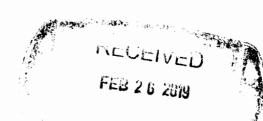
CITY OF WAVELAND		Exhibit 3
Balance Sheet		
Governmental Funds		
September 30, 2017		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are		
different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,		
are not reported in the funds:		
Capital assets net of depreciation as of Oct. 1, 2016.	\$ 51,039,055	
Plus: Capital outlay expenditures and donations made during the year.	830,424	
Less: Depreciation expense recorded during the year.	(1,483,122)	
Less: Capital asset deletions net of accumulated depreciation.	(5,166)	
Adjustments to and transfers of capital assets.	101,063	50,482,254
Other Long-term assets are not available to pay for current		
period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Fines receivable		127,439
Pension Obligations:		
Pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(5,826,722)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension obligations are applicable		
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	894,894	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension obligations.	(486,807)	408,087
Deferred amounts on bond refunding are not a current financial resource and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		108,045
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(4,510,618)
Accrued interest payable is not a current liability payable from current assets.		(40,623)
Compensated absences used in governmental activities are not reported in funds.		(82,797)
Rounding		(2)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	47,820,212

Exhibit 4 CITY OF WAVELAND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Major Fund			
	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,542,207	735,435	182,709	2,460,351
Road and bridge privilege tax	146,827			146,827
Licenses and permits	369,747			369,747
Fines and forfeitures	129,363		751	130,114
Intergovernmental revenues	2,560,625		253,846	2,814,471
Interest income	15,312			15,312
Miscellaneous	573,916		11,610	585,526
Total Revenues	5,337,997	735,435	448,916	6,522,348
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	1 150 106		365	1,152,618
General government	1,152,196		98,006	
Public safety	2,713,522			2,811,528
Public works	909,714		420,385	1,330,099
Health and welfare	92,476		255 204	92,476
Culture and recreation	304,857		255,204	560,061
Economic development and assistance	61,905			61,905
Debt service:	65.106	700 (10	42.070	000.002
Principal Principal	65,196	799,619	43,278	908,093
Interest	2,210	103,830	8,131	114,171
Total Expenditures	5,302,076	903,449	825,369	7,030,894
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	35,921	(168,014)	(376,453)	(508,546)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	353,035			353,035
Transfers out				0
Sale of capital assets	7,207			7,207
Proceeds of capital debt issued	78,787	108,769		187,556
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	439,029	108,769	0	547,798
Net Change in Fund Balances	474,950	(59,245)	(376,453)	39,252
Fund Balances - Beginning	6,348,587	2,706,657	(1,890,530)	7,164,714
Prior period adjustment	(56,761)		7,944	(48,817)
Fund Balances - Beginning, as restated	6,291,826	2,706,657	(1,882,586)	7,115,897
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 6,766,776	2,647,412	(2,259,039)	7,155,149



CITY OF WAVELAND Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2017		Exhibit 5
Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4)	\$	39,252
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that depreciation (\$1,483,122) exceeded capital outlays (\$830,424) in the current period.		(652,698)
Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting.		(14,100)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to Governmental Funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of Governmental Funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition costs of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Long-term debt issued Payments on debt principal Amortization of premiums on bonds	(187,556) 908,093 3,711	724,248
Items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include: Recognition of pension expense for the current year Recognition of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date Recognition of contributions made in the fiscal year prior to the measurement date	(880,946) 96,802 255,360	(528,784)
Governmental funds do not report expenditures not recognized for transactions that are normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the following items:		
Loss on disposal of capital assets Accrued interest expense Amortization of bond refunding costs Change in compensated absences		(5,166) (8,293) (36,015) 5,602
Rounding		3
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	(475,951)

CITY OF WAVELAND **Statement of Net Position**

Proprietary Fund September 30, 2017

	Business-type Activity	
ASSETS	<u>Water/Sewer</u>	
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$ 2,299,928	
Due from other funds	307,442	
Inventory	9,379	
	4,261	
Prepaid expenses	516,186	
Accounts receivable, net	3,137,196	
Total Current Assets		
Noncurrent Assets:	505.215	
Restricted cash	505,215	
Capital assets, net	72,398,612	
Total Noncurrent Assets	72,903,827	
Total Assets	\$ 76,041,023	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amounts on bond refunding	\$ 50,843	
Deferred outflows - pension	135,252	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 186,095	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Claims payable	\$ 152,165	
Customer deposits	505,215	
Interest payable	3,111	
Due to other funds	354,716	
Other payables	6,319	
Current portion of long-term debt	259,328	
Total Current Liabilities	1,280,854	
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Net pension liability	880,483	
Compensated absences payable	3,843	
Long-term liabilities	1,215,263	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,099,589	
Total Liabilities	\$3,380,443	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows - pensions	\$ 80,369	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 70,924,021	
Unrestricted	1,842,285	
Total Net Position	\$ 72,766,306	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 6

Exhibit 7

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Business-type Activity Water/Sewer
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 3,315,029
Miscellaneous revenues	232,521
Total Operating Revenues	3,547,550
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personal services	600,675
Contractual services	1,253,317
Maintenance	257,698
Materials and supplies	86,226
Utilities	125,728
Depreciation expense	2,741,375
Other operating expenses	7,395
Total Operating Expenses	5,072,414
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,524,864)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	5,761
Interest expense	(69,469)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	(63,708)
Transfers out	(353,035)
Change in Net Position	(1,941,607)
Total Net Position - Beginning	74,982,587
Prior period adjustment	(274,674)
Total Net Position - Beginning, as restated	74,707,913
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 72,766,306

City of Waveland
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Exhibit 8

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017		Business-type Activity Water/Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and others	\$	3,304,331
Payments to suppliers		(1,785,590)
Payments to employees		(519,755)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		998,986
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers out to other funds		(350,000)
Net Cash Used by Non-capital Financing Activities		(350,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of capital assets		(256,742)
Proceeds from debt		71,933
Principal paid on long-term debt		(252,366)
Interest expense paid		(55,871)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related		
Financing Activities		(493,046)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest earned		5,761
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and		161,701
Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Reginning of Year		2,643,442
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		2,043,442
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	2,805,143
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,524,864)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	*	(1,021,001)
to cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		2,741,375
Change in assets and liabilities:		2,741,373
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(313,242)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		2,678
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		14,596
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		84,127
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(23,080)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		10,587
Increase (decrease) in other payables		(23,260)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		(6,385)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(22,151)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(65,118)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		68,296
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		55,427
Total adjustments		2,523,850
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	998,986

CITY OF WAVELAND Exhibit 9 Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities **September 30, 2017** Agency Funds **ASSETS** Cash 342,594 Due from other funds 14,099 **Total Assets** 356,693 LIABILITIES Assets held in trust 16,238 Claims payable 154,896 Due to other funds 185,559 **Total Liabilities** 356,693

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

A. Financial Reporting Entity.

The City of Waveland (City) was incorporated March 18, 1888, under the laws of the State of Mississippi. The City operates under a Mayor-Aldermen form of government, which provides for an elected mayor and a four-member Board of Aldermen.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. Based upon application of these criteria, it is determined that the City does not have any component units that are included in the financial statements.

Joint Venture.

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control in which participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. Generally, the purpose of a joint venture is to pool resources and share costs, risks and regards of providing goods or services to the venture participants directly, or for the benefit of the general public or specific service recipients. See Note 3.D. for additional information describing related organizations that are not included in the City's reporting entity.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major Governmental Funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for financial resources used to pay principal and interest on the City's debt.

The City reports the following major Proprietary Fund:

The Utility Fund accounts for the activities of the water, sewer and gas system.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The City reports the following Fiduciary Fund:

Agency Funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the City acting in capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as 120 26 2019 nonoperating.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity.

1. Deposits.

State law authorizes the City to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the City may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the City did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

2. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

3. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Restricted Assets.

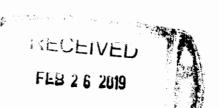
Assets required to be held and/or used as specified in bond indentures, bond resolutions, trustee agreements, board resolutions and donor specifications have been reported as restricted assets. When both restricted and nonrestricted assets are available for use, the policy is to use restricted assets first.

5. Capital Assets.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.



Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements and Proprietary Funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	Ca _j	Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	N/A
Infrastructure		0	20-25 years
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20-25 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

6. Compensated Absences.

The City's policy does allow vacation and sick leave to accrue from year to year. Full-time employees are granted vacation from five to 10 days per year depending on the employee's length of service. All administrative employees may accumulate unused compensatory time (comp time). Retiring and terminating employees are paid for 56 hours of vacation and unused comp time not exceeding limits of 240 hours for non-emergency personnel and 480 hours for emergency personnel as established by the employee handbook. Amounts not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Sick leave is calculated at 40 hours per year after the first year. Employees have no claim for accumulated sick leave at termination, retirement, lay-off, or cause. As such, no provision for unused sick leave has been provided for in the financial statements. Unused sick leave may be credited to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) as time worked.

7. Long-term Obligations.

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, if any, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

8. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds or employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

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Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

9. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Fund Financial Statements:

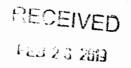
In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Committed - Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

Unassigned - Includes positive fund balance with the General Fund which has not been classified within the abovementioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.



Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the City will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

The City reports the following items in this category:

Government-wide Statement of Net Position/Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position

- Deferred outflows pensions. This amount represents the City's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the City participates.
- Deferred amount on bond refunding. This amount represents the unamortized balance of losses incurred in the refunding of bonds.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

The City reports the following items in this category:

Government-wide Statement of Net Position

- Property tax for future periods. This item results from recording a receivable for property tax revenue when the revenue will not be available until a future reporting period.
- Deferred inflows pensions. This amount represents the City's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the City participates.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

- Property tax for future reporting period. This item results from recording a receivable for property tax revenue when the revenue will not be available until a future reporting period.
- Unavailable revenue fines. This amount represents the portion of fines receivable that does
 not meet the current financial resources criteria, and accordingly, will not be available until a
 future reporting period.

11. Estimates.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

E. Changes in Accounting Standards.

The City implemented the following standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the current fiscal year as required: GASB Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures and GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73. The provisions of these standards have been incorporated into the financial statements and notes.

F. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis prescribed by state law (cash basis).

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the Mayor submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing these proposed expenditures.
- 2. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an order.
- The Board of Aldermen may transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the various funds.
- Budgets for the various funds are adopted on a cash basis as required by state law.

It is the City's policy to prepare the budget on the cash basis for revenues and expenditures to the extent that they are paid within 30 days following year-end.

Property Tax Revenues

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Aldermen may levy property taxes. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Aldermen, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

Hancock County collects the City's property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

2. Prior Period Adjustments.

A summary of the significant net position/fund balance adjustments is as follows:

Explanation		Amount
To adjust cash for corrections. To adjust for interfund transactions. To adjust a prior year accounts payable that was not reversed. To correct mis-postings and corrections to capital assets.	\$	(17,818) (38,943) 7,943 101,063
Total prior period adjustments	\$_	52,245
Exhibit 2 - Statement of Activities - Business-type Activities		
Explanation	-	Amount
To correct cash. To correct an accrual for FYE 9-30-2015 that was not received.	\$	(10,153) (264,521)
Total prior period adjustments	\$.	(274,674)
Exhibit 4 - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Gove	rnn	nental Funds
Explanation	-	Amount
General Fund: To adjust cash for corrections. To adjust for interfund transactions.	\$	(17,818) (38,943)
Total prior period adjustments	\$_	(56,761)
Other Governmental Funds: To adjust a prior year accounts payable that was not reversed.	\$_	7,944
Total prior period adjustments	\$.	7,944
Exhibit 7 - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary	Fu	nds
Explanation	-	Amount
To correct cash. To correct an accrual for FYE 9-30-2015 that was not received.	\$_	(10,153) (264,521)
Total prior period adjustments	\$_	(274,674)

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

3. Detailed Notes on all Funds.

A. Deposits.

At year-end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$8,810,254, and the bank balance was \$8,838,045. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the City. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City.

B. Receivables.

Receivables as of year-end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		Governmental Funds	Business-type Funds	Total
Receivables:	_			
Sales tax	\$	384,894		384,894
Property taxes		2,296,257		2,296,257
Accounts			940,875	940,875
Franchise taxes		59,552		59,552
Fines		332,597		332,597
Settlement receivable - police building		325,000		325,000
Other receivables		36,281	4,261	40,542
State		151,157		151,157
Federal grants		765,564		765,564
Gross receivables		4,351,302	945,136	5,296,438
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles	_	(205,158)	(424,689)	(629,847)
Net total receivables	\$	4,146,144	520,447	4,666,591

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

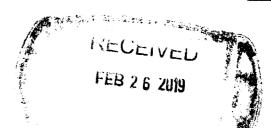
C. Capital Assets.

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, is as follows:

Governmen	tal act	tivities

Governmental activities:					
	Beginning			Adjustments	Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	and Transfers	Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,982,481				2,982,481
Construction in progress	6,465,999	489,230		33,475	6,988,704
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	9,448,480	489,230	0	33,475	9,971,185
					
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	25,285,856	244,748		(121,576)	25,409,028
Machinery and equipment	3,661,322	17,659	51,657	338,504	3,965,828
Furniture and office equipment	908,425	17,007	7,00	231,293	1,139,718
Improvements other than buildings	10,297,230			149,776	10,447,006
Infrastructure	10,417,714			113,770	10,417,714
Equipment under capital lease	1,355,765	78,787		(510,402)	924,150
Total capital assets being depreciated	51,926,312	341,194	51,657	87,595	52,303,444
Total capital assets being depreciated	31,920,312	341,134	31,037		32,303,444
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	1,926,669	503,293		(4,864)	2,425,098
Machinery and equipment	3,030,965	95,366	46,491	348,962	3,428,802
Furniture and office equipment	680,514	88,040	40,471	106,101	874,655
	,	418,044		6,133	2,730,493
Improvements other than buildings	2,306,316			0,133	
Infrastructure	1,754,396	291,705		(426.225)	2,046,101
Equipment under capital lease	636,877	86,674	46.401	(436,325)	287,226
Total accumulated depreciation	10,335,737	1,483,122	46,491	20,007	11,792,375
man and the second of the second of	41 500 575	(1.141.000)	5 166	(7.500	40.511.060
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	41,590,575	(1,141,928)	5,166	67,588	40,511,069
	A 51.020.055	((50, (00)	5.166	101.072	50 400 054
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 51,039,055	(652,698)	5,166	101,063	50,482,254
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 76,182				76,182
Construction in progress		184,809			184,809
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	76,182	184,809	0	0	260,991
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	50,204				50,204
Machinery and equipment	107,561			(6,255)	101,306
Improvements other than buildings	134,880				134,880
Infrastructure	95,983,012				95,983,012
Equipment under capital lease	149,986	71,933			221,919
Total capital assets, being depreciated	96,425,643	71,933	0	(6,255)	96,491,321
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Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments and Transfers	Ending Balance
Less: Accumulated depreciation			200104000		
Buildings	2,008	1,005			3,013
Machinery and equipment	59,170	13,949		(3,220)	69,899
Improvements other than buildings	16,188	5,396			21,584
Infrastructure Equipment under capital lease	21,511,181 26,998	2,687,553 33,472			24,198,734 60,470
Total depreciation	21,615,545	2,741,375	0	(3,220)	24,353,700
•					
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	74,810,098	(2,669,442)	0	(3,035)	72,137,621
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_74,886,280	(2,484,633)	0	(3,035)	72,398,612
Depreciation expense was charged to the	following function	ons:			
Governmental activities:					
General government					,208
Public safety					,330
Public works					,510
Culture and recreation					,306
Economic development					<u>,768</u>
Total depreciation expense - government	tal activities			\$1,483	,122
Business-type activities:					
Water and sewer				\$ 2,741	.375
					,
Total depreciation expense - business-type	pe activities			\$ 2,741	,375
D. Interfund Transactions.					
Due from/to other funds is composed of t	the following bala	ances at Septer	mber 30, 2017:		
			Due	e to Due	From
			Other Fu		Funds
Governmental Funds:					
General Fund			\$ 427,	599 4,09	4,329
Debt service fund					39,981
Other governmental fund			6,348,0		0,111
Total Governmental Funds			6,775,	687 6,99	04,421
Proprietary Funds:					
Water, sewer and gas fund			354,7		07,442
Total Proprietary Funds			354,	716 30	07,442
Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities:					
Payroll clearing fund			178,	826	1,273
Unemployment compensation fund					2,826
Total Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities			185,		4,099
,					
Total			\$ 7,315,9	962 7,31	5,962

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

The composition of interfund transfers as of September 30, 2017, is as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	 Amount
General Fund	Water, sewer & gas fund	\$ 353,035
Total		\$ 353,035

The purpose of these transfers was routine allocations between funds for reimbursement of administrative expenses.

E. Leases.

Capital Leases.

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of various equipment in the governmental activities. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The City is obligated for the following capital assets acquired through capital leases as of September 30, 2017:

Governmental Activities: Classes of Property	Governmental Activities
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 924,150 (287,226)
Leased Property Under Capital Leases	\$ 636,924
Business-type Activities: Classes of Property	Business-type Activities
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 221,919 (60,470)
Leased Property Under Capital Leases	\$161,449

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2017, are as follows:

Governmental Activities: Year Ending September 30:			Go	Activities
2018			\$	108,625
2019				92,435
2020				75,292
2021				56,711
2022				51,410
2023				51,410
Total minimum lease payments				435,883
Less: Amount representing interest				(28,761)
Present value of minimum lease payments		10 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$	407,122

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Business-type Activities: Year Ending September 30:	Bu	siness-type Activities
2018 2019 2020	\$	56,633 56,633 52,491
2021		29,128
Total minimum lease payments Less: Amount representing interest		194,885 (7,866)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	187,019

F. Long-term Debt.

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

The following is a schedule of the long-term debt of the City as of September 30, 2017:

Description and Purpose	 Original Issue	Date of Issue		Amount Outstanding	Interest Rates	Final Maturity Date
Governmental Activities:						
A. General Obligation Bonds Refunding, Series 2012 Series 2013 Series 2015	\$ 2,097,800 1,500,000 2,000,000	08/28/2012 01/25/2013 07/08/2015	\$	1,305,600 950,000 1,775,000	1.0 - 1.13% 1.63% 2.63%	11/01/2020 12/01/2022 07/01/2030
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 5,597,800		\$ _	4,030,600		
B. Note Payable Hancock Bank - grant anticipation note Total Note Payable	\$ 3,000,000	3/9/2016	\$_ \$_	61,764	1.80%	03/31/2018
C. Capital Leases Hancock Bank Hancock Bank Hancock Bank Hancock Bank Hancock Bank Hancock Bank	\$ 433,763 452,853 115,170 76,639 27,340 78,787	11/02/2006 12/13/2013 01/24/2014 08/13/2014 08/05/2016 05/25/2017	\$	283,264 31,903 21,673 70,282	3.87% 2.49% 2.10% 1.39% 2.24% 2.16%	11/02/2016 09/15/2023 01/24/2019 08/13/2014 08/05/2021 5/25/2020
Total Capital Leases	\$ 1,184,552		\$_	407,122		

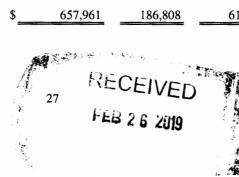
(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Description and Purpose	Original Issue	Date of Issue	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rates	Final Maturity Date
Business-type Activities:					
A. Revenue Bonds 1992 USDA Rural Development Combined Water, Gas and Sewer System Revenue	l ,				
Bonds	\$ <u>1,350,200</u>	12/17/1992	\$ 657,961	5.50%	12/17/2027
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ <u>1,350,200</u>		\$ 657,961		
B. General Obligation Bonds Refunding, Series 2012	\$987,200	08/28/2012	\$614,400	1.0 - 2.13%	11/01/2020
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 987,200		\$ 614,400		
C. Capital Leases Hancock Bank The First Bank	\$ 149,986 	08/13/2016 07/06/2017	\$ 118,929 68,090	2.29% 2.30%	8/31/2021 7/10/2020
Total Capital Leases	\$ 221,919		\$ 187,019		
Annual debt service requirements to maturit	y for general ob	ligation bond	s are as follows:		1

Year Ending		Governmental-type Activities			
September 30:		Principal			
2018	\$	632,200	83,588		
2019	Ψ	616,800	70,992		
2020		598,000	58,666		
2021		553,600	46,873		
2022		295,000	38,097		
2023 - 2027		870,000	120,231		
2028 - 2032	_	465,000	24,675		
Total	\$ __	4,030,600	443,122		

		usiness-type Act	ivities			
Year Ending	R	evenue Bonds		General Obligation Bonds		
September 30:	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2018	\$	54,752	34,821	172,800	10,718	
2019		57,840	31,732	163,200	7,358	
2020		61,103	28,470	152,000	4,206	
2021		64,549	25,023	126,400	1,343	
2022		68,190	21,382			
2023 - 2027	_	351,527	45,380			
Total	\$	657,961	186,808	614,400	23,625	



Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Notes Payable

In March, 2016, the City obtained a grant anticipation note from Hancock Bank in the amount of \$3,000,000. The note matures on March 31, 2018. Notes currently outstanding are as follows:

Note Type	Interest Rate			Amount
Governmental Activities: Hazard Mitigation Grant Anticipation Note	2.85%		\$	135,614
Note debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:				
	Gov	vernmental-t	ype Acti	vities
Year Ending September 30:	Go	vernmental-t Principal		vities Interest
Year Ending September 30: 2018	<u>Gov</u> *			

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:	-				
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,647,600		617,000	4,030,600	632,200
Notes payable	135,614	108,769	182,619	61,764	61,764
Capital leases payable	436,809	78,787	108,474	407,122	122,957
Compensated absences	88,399		5,602	82,797	
	5,308,422	187,556	913,695	4,582,283	816,921
Plus: Bond premium	14,843		3,711	11,132	
Governmental activity long-term					
liabilities	\$ <u>5,323,265</u>	187,556	917,406	4,593,415	816,921
Business-type Activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 709,789		51,828	657,961	54,752
General obligation bonds	782,400		168,000	614,400	172,800
Capital leases payable	147,624	71,933	32,538	187,019	31,776
Compensated absences	10,227		6,384	3,843	
	1,650,040	71,933	258,750	1,463,223	259,328
Plus: Bond premium	18,380		3,169	15,211	
Business-type activity long-term					
Liabilities	\$ 1,668,420	71,933	261,919	1,478,434	259,328

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the City is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater that 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the City, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. As of September 30, 2017, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 6.51% of the latest property assessments.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

4. Other Information.

A. Commitment and Contingencies.

The City is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the City with respect to the various proceedings. However, the City's legal counsel believes that any ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

FEMA has disallowed \$1.4 million of federal awards on the sewer south project that was completed in prior years with federal money. The City has filed an appeal of that de-obligation. A demand from the federal government to the City is probable. However, because of the uncertainty of the outcome and what amount, if any, will be de-obligated, a liability has not been reflected in the financial statements.

As of September 30, 2017, the City had no construction contracts that were not completed.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

General Information about the Pension Plan.

Plan Description – The City of Waveland is a member of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as defined in GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment and is granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the City. Code Section 25-11-15, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), grants the authority for general administration and proper operation of PERS to the PERS Board of Trustees (PERS Board). PERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits Provided – Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who become members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.00% of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.50% for each additional year of credited service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007).

PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary. Benefit provisions are established by Section 25-11-1 et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

A Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

<u>Contributions</u>. Per Chapter 11 of Title 25, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), contribution requirements of plan members and their employers are established and may be amended only by the PERS Board. The adequacy of these rates is assessed annually by actuarial valuation. For the year ended September 30, 2017, member employees were required to contribute 9.00 percent of their annual pay, while the City's required contribution rate was 15.75 percent of annual covered payroll.

The City of Waveland's employer contributions to PERS for the years ended September 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$407,974, \$412,725, \$381,578, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At September 30, 2017, the City of Waveland reported a liability of \$6,707,205 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability was 0.040348 percent, which is based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was an increase/decrease of 0.000226 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended September 30, 2017, the City of Waveland recognized pension expense of \$880,946 for governmental activities and \$145,438 for business-type activities.

At September 30, 2017, the City of Waveland reported as a component of pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	70,556	48,941
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments		448,292	518,235
Changes of assumptions		130,493	
Changes in proportion and differences between		,	
entity contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions		268,023	
Entity contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	112,783	
Total	\$_	1,030,147	567,176

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

These amounts will be amortized as follows:

Year Ended September, 30:	Deferred Deferred Outflows Inflows of Resources of Resources
2018	\$ 453,197 150,209
2019	317,216 150,209
2020	146,951 137,199
2021	129,559
Total	\$ 917,364 567,176

\$112,783 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from entity contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.75 – 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, set forward one year for males.

The actuarial assumption used in the June 30, 2017 valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.



Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return			
U.S. Broad	27.00 %	4.60 %			
International Equity	18.00	4.50			
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00	4.75			
Fixed Income	18.00	0.75			
Global	12.00	4.75			
Emerging Debt	2.00	2.25			
Real Assets	10.00	3.50			
Private Equity	8.00	5.10			
Cash	1.00	0.00			
Total	100.00 %				

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Entity's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost-sharing plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	-	1% Decrease (6.750%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	_	1% Increase (8.75%)
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$_	8,796,950	6,707,205	\$_	4,972,266

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, publicly available at www.pers.ms.gov.

C. Risk Management.

The City is covered for significant losses through commercial insurance carriers except for the following, which are covered through self-insurance risk pools:

Self-Insurance - Worker's Compensation Fund

The City is one of the members of the Mississippi Municipal Worker's Compensation Group, Inc. This non-profit corporation is a self-insurance worker's compensation fund organized under the non-profit laws of the State of Mississippi. The group is self-insured under statutory worker's compensation protection up to \$1,000,000. Members are jointly and severally liable for the obligation of the group. The possibility of additional liability exists, but that amount, if any, cannot be determined.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Self-Insurance - Liability Fund

The City is a member of the Mississippi Municipal Liability Plan. The plan is a private non-profit corporation organized under the non-profit laws of the State of Mississippi. The plan provides liability and tort claims insurance for its members according to the limits established by the Mississippi Tort Claims Act. The plan is totally self-insured with claims and expenses paid out of premiums, and the members are jointly and severally liable for any claims and expenditures beyond the premium base. The possibility of additional liability exists, but that amount, if any, cannot be determined.

D. Joint Ventures.

Hancock County Utility Authority

The City contracts with the Hancock County Utility Authority (Authority), whereby the Authority treats and disposes of the City's wastewater in compliance with water quality standards established by the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control Law and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

The Authority provides for the operation and maintenance of the sewer treatment plants on a cost reimbursement basis. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the City is required to pay monthly costs of operations and maintenance directly associated with the treatment facilities and to share in the construction costs and debt service costs for the treatment facilities. The costs associated with this contract totaled \$713,519 for the year.

The Authority began leasing the City's sewer treatment plant on January 1, 1983, at a monthly rent of \$1,206. The lease will terminate January 1, 2025. Lease revenue is included in Miscellaneous Revenue in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Year Ending September 30:	 Amount
2018	\$ 14,472
2019	14,472
2020	14,472
2021	14,472
2022	14,472
Thereafter	 14,472
Total	\$ 86,832

The City's obligation to pay operational costs of the Authority is joint and several with the obligations of all other public agencies similarly contracting with the Authority. Whenever any public agency shall default in the payment to the Authority of its respective payment, the Authority may adjust the contract sums of the remaining public agencies, which are not in default, so as to increase their contract sums by a proportional amount. Accordingly, the City is jointly and severally liable for all the liabilities of the Authority.

Complete financial statements can be obtained from 401 Gulfside Street, Waveland Mississippi.



Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Hancock County Solid Waste Authority

The City provides for pickup and disposal of garbage and trash through a contract with the Hancock County Solid Waste Authority (Waste Authority). The Waste Authority was formed as an inter-local joint venture with the City of Bay St. Louis, Mississippi, the City of Waveland, Mississippi and Hancock County, Mississippi in fiscal year 1974. The Waste Authority was officially incorporated in March 1998, pursuant to an incorporation agreement entered into in December, 1997.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the City paid \$252,147 for solid waste services which are included in the business-type activities as contractual services. The City is jointly and severally liable for all of the liabilities of the Waste Authority.

Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Waste Authority's administrator by calling (228) 467-2770.

E. Tax Abatements.

For the year beginning October 1, 2016, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) implemented Statement 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. This statement requires governmental entities to disclose the reduction in tax revenues resulting from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forego tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The City of Waveland Board of Aldermen and the Hancock County Board of Supervisors negotiates property tax abatements on an individual basis. The City has no tax abatement agreements with any entities as of September 30, 2017.

F. Subsequent Events.

GAAP requires the City to evaluate events that occur subsequent to the date of the Statement of Net Position but before the financial statements are issued (subsequent events). Such events that provide additional evidence with respect to conditions that existed as of the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. However, subsequent events that provide evidence with respect to conditions that did not exist at the Statement of Net Position date but arose subsequently, and are of such a nature that their disclosure is essential to the user's understanding of the financial statements, are required to be disclosed herein. Management of Waveland evaluated the City's activity and events that occurred through August 13, 2018, and determined that a contract for construction of the lighthouse project of \$1,946,600 was awarded on October 26, 2017.

The City was notified by FEMA on September 13, 2018 that \$978,578 in reimbursements from a Hazard Mitigation Grant is due to Waveland. Because of the uncertainty of the amount and status of this reimbursement, it was not accrued in the financial statements.

G. Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position.

The City of Waveland's unrestricted net position amount of \$922,974, includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$1,030,146 balance of deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2017, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next three years. The \$567,176 balance of deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2017, will reduce expense and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next four years.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

The City of Waveland's unrestricted net position amount of \$922,974 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from an advanced refunding of City debt. The \$158,888 balance of deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2017, will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next five years.

H. Deficit Fund Balances of Individual Funds.

The following funds reported deficits in fund balances at September 30, 2017:

Fund	 Deficit Amount
Tidelands Fund	\$ 6,305
NTF Police Seizure Fund	\$ 27,427
Fire Purposes Fund	\$ 28,439
Hazard Mitigation Grant Fund	\$ 945,371
Isaac Fund	\$ 100,934
MDOT Sidewalks Fund	\$ 48,270
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1,985,452

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

City's Contributions

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information



CITY OF WAVELAND Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	Duaget			(21080010)
Taxes	\$ 1,390,239	1,470,022	1,542,207	72,185
Licenses and permits	393,500	370,877	370,877	
Fines and forfeitures	215,000	129,363	129,363	
Intergovernmental revenues	2,804,998	2,863,486	2,757,741	(105,745)
Miscellaneous revenues	405,872	653,007	706,324	53,317
Total Revenues	5,209,609	5,486,755	5,506,512	19,757
EXPENDITURES				
General government	1,121,560	1,187,650	1,155,378	32,272
Public safety	2,628,657	2,516,627	2,723,507	(206,880)
Public works	1,208,469	1,150,768	843,655	307,113
Health and welfare	84,893	57,875	93,237	(35,362)
Culture and recreation	333,029	324,074	312,328	11,746
Economic development	53,000	57,438	62,152	(4,714)
Debt services	130,003	67,406	67,406	
Total Expenditures	5,559,611	5,361,838	5,257,663	104,175
Excess of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(350,002)	124,917	248,849	123,932
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	350,000	350,000	350,000	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	350,000	350,000	350,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2)	474,917	598,849	123,932
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,168,564	6,074,901	6,074,901	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 3,168,562	6,549,818	6,673,750	123,932

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF WAVELAND
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	-	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	6,707,205	7,166,791	5,780,684	4,248,238
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		0.040348 %	0.040122 %	0.037396 %	0.034999 %
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,588,324	2,566,717	2,383,441	2,214,108
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		259.1331492 %	279.2201478 %	242.5352253 %	191.871309 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.49005 %	57.467727 %	61.703983 %	67.207687 %

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015, and until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information was available.

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.



CITY OF WAVELAND Schedule of the City's Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	_	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	407,974	412,725	381,578
required contribution	_	407,974	412,725	381,578
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	0	0	0
City covered-employee payroll	\$	2,590,311	2,620,476	2,422,717
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2015, and until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City has only presented information for the years in which information was available.

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

1. Budget.

A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the City's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Aldermen of the City, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the various department managers for their respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Aldermen that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The City's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year-end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

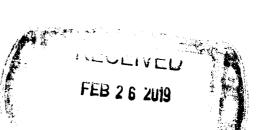
C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund:

	_	General Fund
Net Change in Fund Balance - Budget (Cash Basis)	\$	598,849
Increase (decrease):		
Net adjustments for revenue accruals		(168,515)
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals		(44,413)
Net adjustments for other financing sources (uses)		89,029
Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis	\$	474,950



Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of the City's Contributions.

A. Changes in Benefit Provisions.

None.

B. Changes of Assumptions.

2015

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

OTHER INFORMATION



CITY OF WAVELAND Schedule of Surety Bonds for Municipal Officials - UNAUDITED For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

		Bond
Name	Position	Amount
Charles Smith	Mayor	\$ 100,000
Jeremy Burke	Alderman - Ward 1	100,000
Bobby Richardson	Alderman - Ward 2	100,000
Shane Lafontaine	Alderman - Ward 3	100,000
Charles Piazza	Alderman - Ward 4	50,000
Lisa Planchard	City Clerk	50,000
Ronald Duckworth	Comptroller	50,000
Tammy Fayard	Deputy City Clerk	50,000
Rhonda Cummings	Court Clerk	50,000
Anitra Freeman	Deputy Court Clerk	50,000
Christine Gallagher	Building Department Manager	50,000
Marcia Ivey	Permits Clerk	50,000
Larry Holland	Utility Department Manager	50,000
Jeanne Conrad	Public Works Clerk	50,000
April Chevis	Personnel Director	50,000
Rachel Cullen	Purchasing Agent	50,000
David Allen	Police Chief	50,000
Michael Prendergast	Assistant Police Chief	50,000
Janelle Piazza	Police Department Clerk	50,000
Mac Cowand	Police Officer	25,000

SPECIAL REPORTS

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Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2708 Old Brandon Road Pearl, MS 39208 (601)939-8676 Fax (601)939-8761 windhamandlacey.com P. O. Box 759 Crystal Springs, MS 39059 (601)892-4001 Fax (601)892-5978 Members: American Institute of CPAs Mississippi Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Waveland, Mississippi

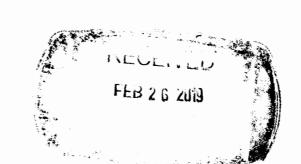
We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Waveland, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 13, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Waveland, Mississippi's internal control to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Waveland, Mississippi's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

August 13, 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Waveland, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Waveland, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and have issued our report thereon dated August 13, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the procedures prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, and accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the City's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

With respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures and our audit of the primary government financial statements disclosed no instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Aldermen, and others within the City, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

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August 13, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

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Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:

Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

No

b. Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements?

No

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Board of Aldermen.

1. Finding

During our review, we noted that information systems procedures lacked a policy for strongly safeguarding backups. The City's procedure for copying and safeguarding computer data was for an employee to take home a disc, with a second-generation disc left in City Hall. Loss of computer data could result in a loss or misappropriation of public funds.

Recommendation

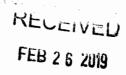
We recommend the City develop a stronger policy for archiving and safeguarding computer information as a recovery plan to restore data in case of a disaster.

Response

The City is currently seeking proposals for off-site computer back-up at this time. This should be resolved and in place sometime during the first quarter of the 2019 budget year.

2. Finding

Capital assets acquired during the fiscal year were not always posted to the City's schedule of capital assets. In the prescribed method accounting for municipalities, purchases of capital assets are accounted for as expenditures, which the City properly posted and reported. They are then added to the capital assets accounting system which is not integrated into the City's general ledger. Improper accounting for capital assets could result in loss or misappropriation of public funds.



Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

Recommendation

We recommend the City's procedures for safeguarding capital assets include ensuring all asset additions and deletions be posted timely for a proper accounting.

Response

The City is now reviewing capital asset acquisitions on a monthly basis and recording all capital assets on a timely basis.

3. Finding

During the course of our audit of financial records of the City we conducted a test of expenditures for proper adherence to the purchasing laws and to ascertain if the procedures established by the City are being properly implemented based on the City's own policies and procedures. During our test, we noted instances of purchase requisitions that did not include the purchase price of items purchased. Not including the purchase price of items on a purchase requisition not only violates the City's procedures for purchasing, but could lead to improper payment of those purchases that otherwise might not have been approved. Omitting the purchase price on purchase requisitions could result in loss or misappropriation of public funds.

Recommendation

We recommend including pricing on purchase requisitions to ensure proper accounting for purchases.

Response

The City has addressed this issue and, at this time, purchase requisitions or purchase orders are not issued without a purchase price of the item being acquired and if the exact price is unknown, the purchase requisition (or order) must have an estimated price recorded before the purchase order is released.

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