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Calhoun County School District

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

#### Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Calhoun County School District

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Calhoun County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes

in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 5-13, 38-41, 42 and 43, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Calhoun County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 4, 2017, on our consideration of the Calhoun County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on

compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Calhoun County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi

October 4, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The following discussion and analysis of Calhoun County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- Total net position for 2017 decreased \$1,335,208, which represents a 12% decrease from fiscal year 2016. Total net position for 2016 decreased \$436,325, which represents a 4% decrease from fiscal year 2015.
- General revenues amounted to \$17,559,333 and \$17,476,937, or 79% and 78% of all revenues for fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,642,562, or 21% of total revenues for 2017, and \$4,835,564, or 22% of total revenues for 2016.
- The District had \$23,537,103 and \$22,748,826 in expenses for fiscal years 2017 and 2016; only \$4,642,562 for 2017 and \$4,835,564 for 2016 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$17,559,333 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs and \$17,476,937 for 2016 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$17,868,063 in revenues and \$17,160,077 in expenditures for 2017, and \$17,737,622 in revenues and \$17,647,091 in expenditures in 2016. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$809,474 from 2016 to 2017, and increased by \$95,376 from 2015 to 2016.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$471,907 for 2017 and increased by \$67,389 for 2016. The decrease for 2017 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$529,276 for 2017 and decreased by \$515,027 for 2016. This decrease for 2017 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$5,724 for 2017 and decreased by \$5,027 for 2016.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability results in a liability on the government-wide financial statements but is not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General fund and each major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

## **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$12,912,432 as of June 30, 2017.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

				Percentag	ge
	 June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	Change	!
Current assets	\$ 4,037,521	\$	3,197,334	26.28	%
Restricted assets	833,508		748,304	11.39	%
Capital assets, net	 11,466,813		11,938,720	-3.95	%
Total assets	 16,337,842		15,884,358	2.85	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 7,210,943		6,042,614	19.33	%
Current liabilities	82,371		90,547	-9.03	%
Long-term debt outstanding	2,725,282		3,254,558	-16.26	%
Net pension liability	 33,045,619		29,370,253	12.51	%
Total liabilities	35,853,272	_	32,715,358	9.59	%
Deferred inflows of resources	607,945		788,838	-22.93	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	10,773,813		10,890,720	-1.07	%
Restricted	1,697,822		1,766,676	-3.90	%
Unrestricted	 (25,384,067)		(24,234,620)	-4.74	%
Total net position	\$ (12,912,432)	\$	(11,577,224)	-11.53	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (	(25,384,067)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from		
recognition of the net pension liability, including the deferred		
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions		26,442,621
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the		
net pension liability effect	\$	1,058,554

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$471,907.
- The principal retirement of \$535,000 of long-term debt.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

## Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 were \$22,201,895 and \$22,312,501, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$23,537,103 for 2017 and \$22,748,826 for 2016.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2017	 Year Ended June 30, 2016	Percentaç Change	ge
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 688,174	\$ 733,832	(6.22)	%
Operating grants and contributions	3,954,388	4,101,732	(3.59)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	3,578,935	3,327,253	7.56	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	13,651,086	13,631,181	0.15	%
Investment earnings	4,670	1,342	247.99	%
Sixteenth section sources	25,091	22,014	13.98	%
Other	299,551	495,147	(39.50)	%
Total revenues	22,201,895	22,312,501	(0.50)	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	11,084,693	11,478,814	(3.43)	%
Support services	6,601,368	6,451,413	2.32	%
Non-instructional	1,523,247	1,541,907	(1.21)	%
Sixteenth section	16,075	8,880	81.02	%
Pension expense	4,210,812	3,147,573	33.78	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	100,908	120,239	(16.08)	%
Total expenses	23,537,103	22,748,826	3.47	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(1,335,208)	(436,325)	(206.01)	%
Net Position, July 1	(11,577,224)	(11,140,899)	(3.92)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (12,912,432)	\$ (11,577,224)	(11.53)	%

## **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

## Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total I	Percentage		
	 2017		2016	Change
Instruction	\$ 11,084,693	\$	11,478,814	(3.43) %
Support services	6,601,368		6,451,413	2.32 %
Non-instructional	1,523,247		1,541,907	(1.21) %
Sixteenth section	16,075		8,880	81.02 %
Pension Expense	4,210,812		3,147,573	33.78 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 100,908		120,239	(16.08) %
Total expenses	\$ 23,537,103	\$	22,748,826	3.47 %
		\	Davis	
	Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	Net (Exper	1se)	2016	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$	* 	_	•
Instruction Support services	\$ 2017		2016	Change
	\$ <b>2017</b> (9,138,472)		<b>2016</b> (9,543,577)	Change (4.24) %
Support services	\$ 2017 (9,138,472) (5,500,811)		<b>2016</b> (9,543,577) (5,187,602)	Change (4.24) % 6.04 %
Support services Non-instructional	\$ 2017 (9,138,472) (5,500,811) 72,537		2016 (9,543,577) (5,187,602) 94,609	Change (4.24) % 6.04 % (23.33) %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$ 2017 (9,138,472) (5,500,811) 72,537 (16,075)		2016 (9,543,577) (5,187,602) 94,609 (8,880)	Change (4.24) % 6.04 % (23.33) % 81.02 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$18,894,541 for 2017 and \$17,913,262 for 2016) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,578,935 for 2017 and \$3,327,253 for 2016) and state and federal revenues (\$13,651,086 for 2017 and \$13,631,181 for 2016). In addition, there was \$25,091 and \$22,014 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$4,670 for 2017 and \$1,342 for 2016.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,865,968, an increase of \$921,980, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$1,309. \$2,894,774 or 59% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$1,971,194 or 41% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$809,474. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$98, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Child Nutrition Fund	\$ 32,514
Title I Fund	No increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	No increase or decrease
Three Mill Debt Service Fund	\$ 79,894

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2017, the District's total capital assets were \$23,358,343, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$128,250 from 2016. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017, was \$11,891,530, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$652,737, resulting in total net capital assets of \$11,466,813.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Da .... ....

 June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	Change
\$ 86,020	\$	86,020	0.00 %
9,540,270		9,722,526	(1.87) %
139,781		144,721	(3.41) %
1,417,804		1,558,226	(9.01) %
 282,938		427,227	(33.77) %
\$ 11,466,813	\$	11,938,720	(3.95) %
\$	9,540,270 139,781 1,417,804 282,938	\$ 86,020 \$ 9,540,270 139,781 1,417,804 282,938	\$ 86,020 \$ 86,020 9,540,270 9,722,526 139,781 144,721 1,417,804 1,558,226 282,938 427,227

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2017, the District had \$2,725,282 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$878,000 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$5,724 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Jı	une 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	Change	•
Limited obligation bonds payable	\$	693,000	\$	1,048,000	(33.87)	%
Three mill notes payable		1,850,000		2,030,000	(8.87)	%
Compensated absences payable		182,282		176,558	3.24	%
Total	\$	2,725,282	\$	3,254,558	(16.26)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

## **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Calhoun County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

## **CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Calhoun County School District, 119 West Main Street, Pittsboro, MS 38951.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2017	
	Governmental
	 Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,332,218
Due from other governments	634,577
Inventories	46,447
Prepaid items	24,279
Restricted assets	833,508
Capital assets, non-depreciable:  Land	96 020
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	86,020
Buildings	9,540,270
Improvements other than buildings	139,781
Mobile equipment	1,417,804
Furniture and equipment	282,938
Total Assets	 16,337,842
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 
Deferred outflows - pensions	7,210,943
Total deferred outflows of resources	 7,210,943
Liabilities	 
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	5,061
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	77,310
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	77,010
Capital related liabilities	693,000
Non-capital related liabilities	185,000
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	,
Non-capital related liabilities	1,847,282
Net pension liability	33,045,619
Total Liabilities	 35,853,272
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	 607,945
Total deferred inflows of resources	 607,945
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	10,773,813
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	589,207
Debt service	960,687
Forestry improvements	45,327
Unemployment benefits	102,601
Unrestricted	(25,384,067)
Total Net Position	\$ (12,912,432)
	 , , ,/

Statement of Activities								Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20	17							
								Net (Expense)
								Revenue and
				_	5			Changes in
				Ы	ogram Revenue			 Net Position
			01		Operating	Capit		0
Functions/December		F	Charges for		Grants and	Grants		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services		Contributions	Contribut	ions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction	\$	11,084,693	\$ 399,433	\$	1,546,788	\$	-	\$ (9,138,472)
Support services		6,601,368	-		1,100,557		-	(5,500,811)
Non-instructional		1,523,247	288,741		1,307,043		-	72,537
Sixteenth section		16,075	-		-		-	(16,075)
Pension expense		4,210,812	-		-		-	(4,210,812)
Interest on long-term liabilities		100,908	-		-			 (100,908)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	23,537,103	\$ 688,174	\$	3,954,388	\$		\$ (18,894,541)
			0					
			General Revenu Taxes:	es	:			
			General pu	rnc	se levies			3,314,816
			Debt purpo	•				264,119
					ants and contrib	outions:		- , -
			State	•				13,243,828
			Federal					407,258
			Unrestricted	in۱	estment earnin	gs		4,670
			Sixteenth se					25,091
			Other					299,551
			Total Ge	nei	al Revenues			17,559,333
			Change in Net I	05	sition			 (1,335,208)
			Net Position - E	eg	inning			 (11,577,224)
			Net Position - E	nd	ing			\$ (12,912,432)

			Governmenta	I Funds				
Balance Sheet								Exhibit 0
June 30, 2017				Asian Funda				
			R Child	Major Funds	IDEA	3 Mill	Other	Total
		General	Nutrition	Title I	Part B	Debt Service	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,641,391 \$	541,139 \$	- \$	- \$	643,600	149,688 \$	3,975,818
Cash with fiscal agents		-	-	-	-	-	189,908	189,908
Due from other governments		185,446	-	120,487	53,092	7,738	267,814	634,577
Due from other funds		244,720	-	-	-	-	-	244,720
Inventories		_	46,447	-	-	-	-	46,447
Prepaid items		24,279	-	-	-	-	-	24,279
Total assets		3,095,836	587,586	120,487	53,092	651,338	607,410	5,115,749
Liabilities:  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Due to other funds	\$	5,000 \$	- \$ -	- \$ 120,487	- \$ 53,092	- <b>S</b>	61 \$ 71,141	5,061 244,720
Total Liabilities		5,000	-	120,487	53,092	-	71,202	249,781
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		-	46,447	-	-	-	-	46,447
Prepaid items		24,279	-	-	-	-	-	24,279
Restricted:								
Debt service		-	-	-	-	651,338	386,659	1,037,997
Forestry escrow		-	-	-	-	-	45,327	45,327
Grant activities		-	541,139	-	-	-	1,621	542,760
Unemployment benefits		-	-	-	-	-	102,601	102,601
Assigned:								
Activity funds		171,783	-	-	-	-	-	171,783
Unassigned	<u></u> _	2,894,774	-	-	-	-	-	2,894,774
Total Fund Balances		3,090,836	587,586	-	-	651,338	536,208	4,865,968
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,095,836 \$	587,586 \$	120,487 \$	53,092 \$	651,338	607,410 \$	5,115,749

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of June 30, 2017	Net Position	Exhibit C-1
Total 6 and balances for accommendation de	•	4 005 000
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	4,865,968
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
<ol> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>		
Land	\$ 86,020	
Buildings Improvements other than buildings	17,607,562 402,507	
Mobile equipment	3,745,719	
Furniture and equipment	1,516,535	
Accumulated depreciation	(11,891,530)	11,466,813
<ol><li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li></ol>		
Net pension liability	(33,045,619)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	7,210,943	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(607,945)	(26,442,621)
3. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Limited obligation bonds	(693,000)	
Three mill notes payable	(1,850,000)	
Compensated absences	(182,282)	
Accrued interest payable	(77,310)	(2,802,592)
	_	
Net position of governmental activities		(12,912,432)

## **Governmental Funds**

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Exhibit D

	Major Funds							
			Child		IDEA	3 Mill	Other	Total
		General	Nutrition	Title I	Part B	Debt Service	Governmental	Governmental
_		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:	•	0.007.040	050 740 . Ф	•		004.040 #	44.040	4 450 400
Local sources	\$	3,927,018 \$	250,716 \$	- \$	- \$	264,649 \$	11,040 \$	
State sources		13,485,109	15,064	-	-	-	512,194	14,012,367
Federal sources		439,816	1,435,548	826,410	622,881	-	268,451	3,593,106
Sixteenth section sources		16,120	-	-	-	-	9,325	25,445
Total Revenues		17,868,063	1,701,328	826,410	622,881	264,649	801,010	22,084,341
Expenditures:								
Instruction		11,082,670	-	769,208	168,089	-	96,603	12,116,570
Support services		5,969,199	169,385	67,119	454,792	-	221,265	6,881,760
Noninstructional services		108,208	1,458,120	7,563	-	-	-	1,573,891
Sixteenth section		-	-	-	-	-	16,075	16,075
Debt service:								
Principal		-	-	-	-	103,555	431,445	535,000
Interest		-	-	-	-	81,200	29,945	111,145
Other		-	-	-	-	-	1,350	1,350
Total Expenditures		17,160,077	1,627,505	843,890	622,881	184,755	796,683	21,235,791
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		707,986	73,823	(17,480)	-	79,894	4,327	848,550
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Insurance recoveries		74,739	-	-	-	-	-	74,739
Operating transfers in		40,946	-	122,129	-	-	118,846	281,921
Operating transfers out		(14,197)	(40,000)	(104,649)	-	-	(123,075)	(281,921)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		101,488	(40,000)	17,480	-	-	(4,229)	74,739
Net Change in Fund Balances		809,474	33,823	-	-	79,894	98	923,289
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2017		2,281,362	555,072	-	-	571,444	536,110	3,943,988
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		-	(1,309)	-	-	-	-	(1,309)
June 30, 2017	\$	3,090,836 \$	587,586 \$	- \$	- \$	651,338 \$	536,208 \$	4,865,968

	CALHOUN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
	Governmental Funds		
Rec	onciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
Exp	enditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities		
-	the Year Ended June 30, 2017		
	·		
Net	change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	923,289
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are ferent because:		
s	Sovernmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
	Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 258,015 (652,737)	(394,722)
r ii	n the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is eported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(77,185)
g c t r c	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither ransaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds eport the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
	Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	 535,000 11,587	546,587
r r	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
	Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 (4,210,812) 1,884,668	(2,326,144)
ι	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as evenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
	Change in inventory reserve	 (5,724) (1,309)	(7,033)
Cha	nge in net position of governmental activities	<u> </u>	(1,335,208)

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2017	
	 Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 919,567
Total Assets	\$ 919,567
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 856,952
Due to student clubs	 62,615
Total Liabilities	\$ 919,567

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Calhoun County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
  by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Child Nutrition Fund – This fund accounts for the federal and state revenue received and expenditures incurred related to the food service operation.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund accounts for the resources from the grants to states to assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities.

Three Mill Debt Service Fund – This is a debt service fund that accounts for the payment of three mill notes.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

## E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

## 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

## 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

## 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

#### Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

## 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

		pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life		
Land	\$	0	0		
Buildings	Ψ	50,000	40 years		
Building improvements		25,000	20 years		
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years		
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years		
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years		
Leased property under capital leases		*	*		

<sup>(\*)</sup> The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$7,210,943 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$607,945 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan.

See Note 11 for further details.

### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

### 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the Board of Education.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

## Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$3,975,818 and \$919,567, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

## Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$189,908.

## Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I fund	\$ 120,487
	IDEA Part B fund	53,092
	Other governmental funds	 71,141
Total		\$ 244,720

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

#### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 14,197
Child nutrition fund	General fund	40,000
Title I fund Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds General Fund Title I fund	104,649 946 122,129
Total		\$ 281,921

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the general fund and into the other governmental funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

### Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$189,908, of the MAEP limited obligation bonds debt service fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$643,600, of the three mill notes retirement fund.

## Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2016	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2017
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 86,020	\$ - \$	- \$	86,020
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 86,020	-	-	86,020
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	17,487,562	120,000	-	17,607,562
Improvements other than buildings	402,507	-	-	402,507
Mobile equipment	3,654,320	97,899	(6,500)	3,745,719
Furniture and equipment	 1,599,684	40,116	(123, 265)	1,516,535
Total depreciable capital assets	23,144,073	258,015	(129,765)	23,272,323
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	7,765,036	302,256	-	8,067,292
Improvements other than buildings	257,786	4,940	-	262,726
Mobile equipment	2,096,094	234,161	(2,340)	2,327,915
Furniture and equipment	 1,172,457	111,380	(50,240)	1,233,597
Total accumulated depreciation	11,291,373	652,737	(52,580)	11,891,530
Total depreciable capital assets, net	11,852,700	(394,722)	(77,185)	11,380,793
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,938,720	\$ (394,722) \$	(77,185) \$	11,466,813

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	308,405	
Support services		324,092	
Non-instructional		20,240	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	652,737	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

## Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due
		7/1/2016	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2017	within one year
A.	Limited obligation bonds payable	\$ 1,048,000 \$	- \$	(355,000) \$	693,000 \$	693,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	2,030,000	-	(180,000)	1,850,000	185,000
C.	Compensated absences payable	 176,558	5,724	-	182,282	
	Total	\$ 3,254,558 \$	5,724 \$	(535,000) \$	2,725,282 \$	878,000

## A. Limited obligation bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
MAEP Refunding Bonds	3.44%	7/31/2008	5/1/2018	\$_	3,083,000	\$ 693,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
			_
2018	\$ 693,000 \$	29,482 \$	722,482
Total	\$ 693,000 \$	29,482 \$	722,482

This debt will be retired from the MAEP Bond Retirement Fund.

The state aid capital improvement bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Mississippi Accountability and Adequate Education Program Act, Sections 37-151-1 through 37-151-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The state aid capital improvement bonds are not included in the computation of the debt limit percentage.

## B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	An	nount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Three mill note	4.00%	8/13/2008	8/1/2025	\$	3,100,000	\$ 1,850,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
			_
2018	\$ 185,000 \$	74,000 \$	259,000
2019	195,000	66,600	261,600
2020	200,000	58,800	258,800
2021	210,000	50,800	260,800
2022	220,000	42,400	262,400
2023-2026	 840,000	81,200	921,200
Total	\$ 1,850,000 \$	373,800 \$	2,223,800

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

## C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

## Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007).

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2017 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$1,884,668, \$1,868,590 and \$1,837,508, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school district reported a liability of \$33,045,619 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability was .185 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016. This was a decrease of .005 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,210,812. At June 30, 2017 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$	\$	
921,731		-
2,238,677		-
1,557,840		87,812
608,027		520,133
1,884,668	_	<u>-</u>
\$ 7,210,943	\$	607,945
	of Resources \$ 921,731 2,238,677 1,557,840 608,027 1,884,668	of Resources \$ 921,731  2,238,677 1,557,840  608,027  1,884,668

\$1,884,668 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Year ending June 30:	
2018	\$ 1,751,351
2019	1,255,178
2020	1,058,982
2021	 652,819
Total	\$ 4,718,330

*Actuarial assumptions*. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with male's rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
<b>Emerging Markets Equity</b>	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	<u> </u>	 <u> </u>	
the net pension liability	\$ 42,371,893	\$ 33,045,619	\$ 25,307,835

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

# Note 8 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

### Note 9 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 71 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

### Note 10 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2018	ф	0.004
2010	\$	8,921
2019		6,438
2020		5,438
2021		5,063
2022		5,063
2023-2027		25,315
2028-2032		18,018
Thereafter		9,780
Total	\$	84,036

#### Note 11 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(25,384,067) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$7,210,943 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(25,384,067) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$607,945 balance of the deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

### Note 12 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Calhoun County School District received \$74,739 in insurance loss recoveries related to storm damage. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries are reported as other revenue.

### Note 13 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Calhoun County School District evaluated the activity of the district through October 4, 2017, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources 3,840,122 \$ 4,151,881 \$ 3,927,018 \$ 311,759 \$ (224,863)State sources 13,502,261 13,533,645 13,485,109 31,384 (48,536)Federal sources 276,800 416,712 439,816 139,912 23,104 Sixteenth section sources 57,957 57,957 16,120 (41,837)**Total Revenues** 17,677,140 18,160,195 17,868,063 483,055 (292, 132)Expenditures: 560,380 Instruction 11,469,656 11,643,050 11,082,670 (173,394)455,711 Support services 6,311,663 6,424,910 5,969,199 (113, 247)Noninstructional 122,827 147,046 108,208 (24,219)38,838 Sixteenth section 2,000 2,000 2,000 Total Expenditures 17,906,146 18,217,006 17,160,077 (310,860) 1,056,929 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (229,006)(56,811)707,986 172,195 764,797 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance loss recoveries 74,739 74,739 74,739 Operating transfers in 287,878 275,745 40,946 (12, 133)(234,799)Operating transfers out (390, 244)(388,576)(14, 197)1,668 374,379 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (38,092)101,488 64,274 139,580 (102, 366)Net Change in Fund Balances (331, 372)(94,903)809,474 236,469 904,377 Fund Balances: July 1, 2016 2,281,362 2,281,362 2,281,362 June 30, 2017 1,949,990 \$ 2,186,459 \$ 3,090,836 \$ 236,469 \$ 904,377

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Child Nutrition Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: 304,450 \$ 304,450 \$ Local sources 250,716 \$ - \$ (53,734)State sources 16,125 16,125 15,064 (1,061)Federal sources 1,342,000 1,342,000 1,435,548 93,548 38,753 **Total Revenues** 1,662,575 1,662,575 1,701,328 Expenditures: Support services 204,400 210,101 169,385 (5,701)40,716 Noninstructional 1,707,912 1,702,211 1,458,120 5,701 244,091 Total Expenditures 1,912,312 1,912,312 1,627,505 284,807 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (249,737)(249,737)73,823 323,560 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out (40,000)(40,000)(40,000)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (40,000)(40,000)(40,000)Net Change in Fund Balances (289,737)(289,737)33,823 323,560 Fund Balances: July 1, 2016 555,072 555,072 555,072 Decrease in reserve in inventory (1,310)(1,309)1,310 June 30, 2017 \$ 265,335 \$ 264,025 \$ 587,586 \$ 1,310 \$ 323,561

# Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Variances

				Positive (N	legative)
	 Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 688,039 \$	710,847	\$ 826,410 \$	22,808 \$	115,563
Total Revenues	 688,039	710,847	826,410	22,808	115,563
Expenditures:					
Instruction	608,910	905,413	769,208	(296,503)	136,205
Support services	79,174	99,399	67,119	(20,225)	32,280
Noninstructional	 -	17,019	7,563	(17,019)	9,456
Total Expenditures	 688,084	1,021,831	843,890	(333,747)	177,941
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (45)	(310,984)	(17,480)	(310,939)	293,504
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	-	95,031	122,129	95,031	27,098
Operating transfers out	 -	(46,241)	(104,649)	(46,241)	(58,408)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	48,790	17,480	48,790	(31,310)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (45)	(262,194)	-	(262,149)	262,194
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2016	 -	-	-	-	
June 30, 2017	\$ (45) \$	(262,194)	\$ - \$	(262,149) \$	262,194

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Variances Positive (Negative) Original **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Federal sources 417,646 \$ 445,391 \$ 622,881 \$ 27,745 \$ 177,490 445,391 **Total Revenues** 417,646 622,881 27,745 177,490 **Expenditures:** 162,321 182,556 168,089 (20, 235)Instruction 14,467 255,325 493,624 454,792 (238, 299)38,832 Support services Total Expenditures 417,646 676,180 622,881 (258, 534)53,299 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (230,789)(230,789)230,789 Net Change in Fund Balances (230,789)(230,789)230,789 Fund Balances: July 1, 2016 June 30, 2017 (230,789) \$ (230,789) \$ 230,789 - \$ - \$

# **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 33,045,619	29,370,253	21,848,705
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.185%	0.190%	0.180%
District's covered payroll	11,864,063	11,666,717	11,076,305
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	278.54%	251.74%	197.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

**PERS** 

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,884,668	1,868,590	1,837,508	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,884,668	1,868,590	1,837,508	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	_
District's covered payroll	11,966,146	11,864,063	11,666,717	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

## Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

# (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Pension Schedules

### (1) Changes of assumptions

### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

## (2) Changes in benefit provisions

### 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017		
Federal Grantor/	Catalog of Federal Domestic	Estad
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Federal
Program Title	No.	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture  Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:		
School breakfast program	10.553	\$ 376,322
National school lunch program	10.555	1,059,226
Total child nutrition cluster		1,435,548
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		1,435,548
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		1,435,548
U.S. Department of Defense		
Direct Program:	12.106	46 600
Flood control projects	12.100	46,629 46,629
Total U.S. Department of Defense		40,029
U.S. Department of Interior Direct program:		
Payment in lieu of taxes	15.226	49,852
Total U.S. Department of Interior		49,852
Federal Communications Commission  Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund Total Federal Communications Commission  U.S. Department of Education	32.xxx	281,532 281,532
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	826,409
Migrant education	84.011	778
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	31,779
Rural education	84.358	45,855
English language acquisition grants	84.365	19,327
Improving teacher quality-State Grants	84.367	158,414
Teacher incentive fund	84.374	29,546
Subtotal		1,112,108
Special education cluster:		
Special education - grants to states	84.027	622,882
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	15,309
Total special education cluster		638,191
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:		
Medical assistance program	93.778	29,246
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		29,246
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		29,246
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 3,593,106

# Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Calhoun County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Calhoun County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Calhoun County School District.

## (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

## (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Calhoun County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### (4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$109,045 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

### **Supplementary Information**

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 16,445,166 4,790,625	12,505,116 1,075,842	872,513 195,827	1,087,242 36,114	1,980,295 3,482,842
Total	\$ 21,235,791	13,580,958	1,068,340	1,123,356	5,463,137
Total number of students *	 2,508				
Cost per student	\$ 8,467	5,415	426	448	2,178

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2017		2016*		2015*		2014*
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	3,927,018	\$	3,706,919	\$	3,518,522	\$	3,421,624
Intermediate sources		-		-		-		25,715
State sources		13,485,109		13,395,098		13,163,538		12,220,499
Federal sources		439,816		613,502		250,933		217,842
Sixteenth section sources		16,120		22,103		29,182		-
Total Revenues		17,868,063		17,737,622		16,962,175		15,885,680
Expenditures:								
Instruction		11,082,670		11,573,827		11,009,180		10,356,619
Support services		5,969,199		5,969,355		6,069,388		6,396,705
Noninstructional		108,208		103,909		96,942		98,930
Total Expenditures		17,160,077		17,647,091		17,175,510		16,852,254
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		707,986		90,531		(213,335)		(966,574)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Insurance recovery		74,739		_		430		_
Sale of land		· -		_		-		8,352
Sale of transportation equipment		_		14,000		17,627		5,000
Operating transfers in		40,946		44,246		42,994		191,017
Other financing sources		· -		-		-		35,704
Operating transfers out		(14,197)		(53,401)		(8,715)		(54,660)
Other financing uses		-		-		-		(35,704)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		101,488		4,845		52,336		149,709
Net Change in Fund Balances		809,474		95,376		(160,999)		(816,865)
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of period, as previously reported		2,281,362		2,185,986		2,030,024		2,846,889
Fund reclassification		_,		_,.00,000		316,961		_,0.0,000
Beginning of period, as restated		2,281,362		2,185,986		2,346,985		2,846,889
		_,,		_, .00,000		_,0 10,000		
End of Period	\$	3,090,836	\$	2,281,362	\$	2,185,986	\$	2,030,024
	_	, ,	_	, - ,	_	,,	_	, , -

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

# Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2017	2016*	2015*	2014*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,453,423	\$ 4,218,672	\$ 4,054,256	\$ 4,016,874
Intermediate sources	-	-	-	25,715
State sources	14,012,367	13,918,531	13,690,696	12,737,996
Federal sources	3,593,106	3,814,383	3,332,562	3,556,537
Sixteenth section sources	 25,445	23,496	31,185	51,082
Total Revenues	 22,084,341	21,975,082	21,108,699	20,388,204
Expenditures:				
Instruction	12,116,570	12,564,213	11,839,931	11,301,447
Support services	6,881,760	6,939,242	7,162,147	7,561,274
Noninstructional services	1,573,891	1,590,767	1,642,344	1,657,581
Sixteenth section	16,075	8,880	8,600	16,600
Debt service:				
Principal	535,000	510,000	495,000	480,000
Interest	111,145	129,899	148,023	165,603
Other	1,350	1,350	1,250	1,250
Total Expenditures	21,235,791	21,744,351	21,297,295	21,183,755
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	848,550	230,731	(188,596)	(795,551)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	74,739	_	430	_
Sale of land	-	_	-	8,352
Sale of transportation equipment	_	14,000	17,627	5,000
Operating transfers in	281,921	198,766	310,507	550,883
Other financing sources		-	-	35,704
Operating transfers out	(281,921)	(198,766)	(310,507)	(550,883)
Other financing uses	(==:,==:)	-	-	(35,704)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	74,739	14,000	18,057	13,352
Net Change in Fund Balances	923,289	244,731	(170,539)	(782,199)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period	3,943,988	3,694,756	3,858,174	4,633,032
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (1,309)	4,501	7,121	7,341
End of Period	\$ 4,865,968	\$ 3,943,988	\$ 3,694,756	\$ 3,858,174

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

# Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Calhoun County School District Pittsboro, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Calhoun County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 4, 2017.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Calhoun County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Calhoun County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cumina CAS

Belzoni, Mississippi

October 4, 2017

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Calhoun County School District Pittsboro, Mississippi

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Calhoun County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Calhoun County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Calhoun County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Calhoun County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Calhoun County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Calhoun County School District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Calhoun County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Calhoun County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Calhoun County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calhoun County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

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Belzoni, Mississippi

October 4, 2017

INDEPENDEN	NT AUDITOR'S REP	ORT ON COMPLIAN	ICE WITH STATE L	AWS AND REGULATIONS

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Calhoun County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Calhoun County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, which collectively comprise Calhoun County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 4, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

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Belzoni, Mississippi

October 4, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:						
1.	Type of auditor's report issued:			Unmodified		
2.	Interna	I control over financial reporting:				
	a. Material weakness(es) identified?			No		
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None reported			
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			No		
Fed	eral Awa	ards:				
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:				
	a.	a. Material weakness(es) identified?		No		
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?			None reported		
5.	. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:			Unmodified		
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?					
7.	Identific	cation of major programs:				
	CFDA I	Numbers Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>		
	Specia	l Education Cluster:				
	84.027 Special Education – Grants to States			S		
	84.173		Special Education – Preschool Gran	nts		
	84.010		Title I grants to local educational ago	encies		
8.		threshold used to distinguish on type A and type B programs:		\$750,000		
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes		

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

# Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.