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Chickasaw County School District

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Chickasaw County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chickasaw County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Chickasaw County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chickasaw County School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 5-13, 40-42, 43 and 44, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Chickasaw County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 2, 2017, on our consideration of the Chickasaw County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Chickasaw County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on

compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Chickasaw County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi

October 2, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The following discussion and analysis of Chickasaw County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2017 increased \$198,957, which represents a 52% increase from fiscal year 2016. Total net position for 2016 increased \$2,187,352, which represents a 121% increase from fiscal year 2015.
- General revenues amounted to \$3,690,914 and \$3,470,126, or 82% and 78% of all revenues for fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$829,180, or 18% of total revenues for 2017, and \$1,002,723, or 22% of total revenues for 2016.
- The District had \$4,381,101 and \$5,069,888 in expenses for fiscal years 2017 and 2016; only \$829,180 for 2017 and \$1,002,723 for 2016 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$3,690,914 for 2017 and \$3,470,126 for 2016 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$3,676,214 in revenues and \$3,385,915 in expenditures for 2017, and \$3,487,699 in revenues and \$3,347,594 in expenditures in 2016. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$238,410 from 2016 to 2017, and increased by \$73,276 from 2015 to 2016.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$64,640 for 2017 and increased by \$191,704 for 2016. The increase for 2017 was due primarily to construction in progress coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$137,798 for 2017 and decreased by \$116,703 for 2016. This
 decrease for 2017 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The
 liability for compensated absences decreased by \$670 for 2017 and increased by \$3,629 for 2016.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability results in a liability on the government-wide financial statements but is not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General fund and each major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$578,231 as of June 30, 2017.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	ge
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	Change	<u> </u>
Current assets	\$ 4,018,983	\$ 3,920,147	2.52	%
Restricted assets	109,575	85,705	27.85	%
Capital assets, net	2,517,602	2,452,962	2.64	%
Total assets	6,646,160	6,458,814	2.90	%
Deferred outflows of resources	1,242,272	1,031,218	20.47	%
Current liabilities	58,615	147,738	-60.33	%
Long-term debt outstanding	475,940	613,738	-22.45	%
Net pension liability	6,251,874	6,183,211	1.11	%
Total liabilities	6,786,429	 6,944,687	-2.28	%
Deferred inflows of resources	523,772	166,071	215.39	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	2,345,602	2,178,962	7.65	%
Restricted	2,164,173	2,235,048	-3.17	%
Unrestricted	 (3,931,544)	(4,034,736)	2.56	%
Total net position	\$ 578,231	\$ 379,274	52.46	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (3,931,544)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions	 5,533,374
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension liability effect	\$ 1,601,830

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$64,640.
- The principal retirement of \$137,128 of long-term debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 were \$4,520,094 and \$4,472,849, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$4,381,101 for 2017 and \$5,069,888 for 2016.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended une 30, 2017	Year Ended une 30, 2016	Percentag Change	ge
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 93,705	\$ 98,113	(4.49)	%
Operating grants and contributions	735,475	888,200	(17.19)	%
Capital grants and contributions	-	16,410	(100.00)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	621,992	580,889	7.08	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	2,968,158	2,861,562	3.73	%
Investment earnings	7,994	5,678	40.79	%
Other	 92,770	 21,997	321.74	%
Total revenues	 4,520,094	4,472,849	1.06	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	2,072,646	2,148,972	(3.55)	%
Support services	1,382,713	2,010,858	(31.24)	%
Non-instructional	337,642	332,614	1.51	%
Pension expense	564,941	548,779	2.95	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 23,159	28,665	(19.21)	%
Total expenses	4,381,101	5,069,888	(13.59)	%
Special items:				
Insurance proceeds	 59,964	2,784,391	(97.85)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 198,957	 2,187,352	(90.90)	%
Net Position, July 1	379,274	(1,808,078)	120.98	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ 578,231	\$ 379,274	52.46	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of five major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Expe	nses	Percentage
		2017		2016	Change
Instruction	\$	2,072,646	\$	2,148,972	(3.55) %
Support services		1,382,713		2,010,858	(31.24) %
Non-instructional		337,642		332,614	1.51 %
Pension Expense		564,941		548,779	2.95 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		23,159		28,665	(19.21) %
Total expenses	\$	4,381,101	\$	5,069,888	(13.59) %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		Net (Exper 2017	nse)	Revenue 2016	Percentage Change
Instruction	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	nse) 	•	•
Instruction Support services	\$	2017		2016	Change
	\$	2017 (1,732,830)		2016 (1,774,415)	Change (2.34) %
Support services	\$	2017 (1,732,830) (1,247,384)		2016 (1,774,415) (1,748,019)	Change (2.34) % (28.64) %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2017 (1,732,830) (1,247,384) 16,393		2016 (1,774,415) (1,748,019) 32,713	Change (2.34) % (28.64) % (49.89) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$3,551,921 for 2017 and \$4,067,165 for 2016) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$621,992 for 2017 and \$580,889 for 2016) and state and federal revenues (\$2,968,158 for 2017 and \$2,861,562 for 2016).
 - Investment earnings amounted to \$7,994 for 2017 and \$5,678 for 2016.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,077,178, an increase of \$210,132, which includes an increase in inventory of \$1,013. \$1,581,579 or 39% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,495,599 or 61% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$238,410. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$11,104, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$1,013, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	No increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	No increase or decrease
Rebuilding Fund	\$ (64,888)
3 Mill Debt Service Fund	\$ 25,506

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2017, the District's total capital assets were \$4,265,474 including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$197,380 from 2016. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017, was \$1,747,872, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$132,740, resulting in total net capital assets of \$2,517,602.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

J	une 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	Percentaç Change	_
\$	98,366	\$	98,366	0.00	%
	463,758		365,150	27.00	%
	835,908		861,613	(2.98)	%
	838,051		894,142	(6.27)	%
	270,107		228,757	18.08	%
	11,412		4,934	131.29	%
\$	2,517,602	\$	2,452,962	2.64	%
	\$	463,758 835,908 838,051 270,107 11,412	\$ 98,366 \$ 463,758 835,908 838,051 270,107 11,412	\$ 98,366 \$ 98,366 463,758 365,150 835,908 861,613 838,051 894,142 270,107 228,757 11,412 4,934	\$ 98,366 \$ 98,366 0.00 463,758 365,150 27.00 835,908 861,613 (2.98) 838,051 894,142 (6.27) 270,107 228,757 18.08 11,412 4,934 131.29

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2017, the District had \$475,940 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$189,000 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$670 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Jı	ıne 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016	Percenta Change	•
Limited obligation bonds payable	\$	147,000	\$	220,000	(33.18)	%
Three mill notes payable		25,000		54,000	(53.70)	%
Qualified school construction bonds		280,000		300,000	(6.67)	%
Obligations under energy efficiency leases		-		15,128	(100.00)	%
Compensated absences payable		23,940		24,610	(2.72)	%
Total	\$	475,940	\$	613,738	(22.45)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Chickasaw County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Chickasaw County School District, P.O. Drawer 480, Houlka, MS 38850.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position		Exhibit A
June 30, 2017		
	Gov	ernmental
	A	ctivities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,895,725
Due from other governments		110,038
Inventories		7,070
Prepaid items		6,150
Restricted assets		109,575
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		00.000
Land		98,366
Construction in progress		463,758
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		835,908
Buildings Building improvements		838,051
Building improvements Mobile equipment		270,107
Furniture and equipment		11,412
Total Assets		6,646,160
		0,040,100
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - pensions		1,242,272
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,242,272
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		51,380
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		7,235
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		
Capital related liabilities		172,000
Non-capital related liabilities		17,000
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities		_
Non-capital related liabilities		286,940
Net pension liability		6,251,874
Total Liabilities		6,786,429
D (II ((D		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		500 770
Deferred inflows - pensions		523,772
Total deferred inflows of resources		523,772
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,345,602
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		125,303
Debt service		100,697
Capital projects		1,926,584
Unemployment benefits		11,589
Unrestricted		(3,931,544)
Total Net Position	\$	578,231
TOTAL MEL FUSITION	Φ	310,231

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 20	17							Exhibit B
To the Teal Linea dulle 30, 20	,,,							Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in
				Pr	ogram Revenue	es		 Net Position
					Operating		Capital	_
		_	Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction	\$	2,072,646	\$ 80,211	\$	259,605	\$	-	\$ (1,732,830)
Support services		1,382,713	-		135,329		-	(1,247,384)
Non-instructional		337,642	13,494		340,541		-	16,393
Pension expense		564,941	· -		,		-	(564,941)
Interest on long-term liabilities		23,159	-		_		_	(23,159)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	4,381,101	\$ 93,705	Ф	735,475	Φ.		\$ (3,551,921)
			General Revenue	es	:			
			Taxes:					500.000
			General pur					589,630
			Debt purpos					32,362
				gra	ants and contril	outi	ions:	
			State					2,904,466
			Federal					63,692
				inv	estment earnin	ıgs		7,994
			Other					 92,770
			Total Ger	er	al Revenues			3,690,914
			Special items:					
			Insurance los	S	recoveries			 59,964
			Change in Net P	os	sition			 198,957
			Net Position - Be	eg	inning			 379,274
			Net Position - E	nd	ing			\$ 578,231

						ental Fu								
Balance Sheet June 30, 2017														Exhibit C
					Ν	/lajor Fund	ds				_			
						IDEA				3 Mill		Other		Total
		General Fund		Title I Fund		Part B Fund		Rebuilding Fund		Debt Service Fund		Governmental Funds		Governmental Funds
Assets		i unu		i unu		i unu		i uiu		i dila		i unus		i unus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,837,231	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,921,254	\$	41,045	\$	205,770	\$	4,005,300
Due from other governments	Ψ	65,811	*	18,558	Ψ	8,225	Ψ	-,02.,20.	*	1,382	Ψ	12,310	Ψ	106,286
Due from other funds		58,008		-		4,324		_		9,774		-		72,106
Inventories		-		_		-1,021		_		5,774		7,070		7,070
Prepaid items		6,150		_		_		_		_		7,070		6,150
Total assets		1,967,200		18,558		12,549		1,921,254		52,201		225,150		4,196,912
Liabilities and Fund Balances														
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	50,928	\$	375	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	51,380
Due to other funds		14,098		18,183		12,549		-		12,799		10,725		68,354
Total Liabilities		65,026		18,558		12,549		-		12,799		10,802		119,734
Nonspendable:														
Inventory		-		-		-		-		-		7,070		7,070
Prepaid items		6,150		-		-		-		-		-		6,150
Restricted:														
Debt service		-		-		-		-		39,402		68,530		107,932
Capital improvements		-		-		-		1,921,254		-		5,330		1,926,584
Grant activities		-		-		-		-		-		118,233		118,233
Unemployment benefits		-		_		_		-		_		11,589		11,589
Committed:														
Buildings and buses		251,904		_		_		-		_		3,596		255,500
Assigned:		•										·		•
Activity funds		62,541		_		_		_		_		-		62,541
Unassigned		1,581,579		_		_		_		_		-		1,581,579
Total Fund Balances		1,902,174		-		-		1,921,254		39,402		214,348		4,077,178
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,967,200	\$	18,558	\$	12,549	\$	1,921,254	\$	52,201	\$		\$	4,196,912

Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of June 30, 2017	Net Po	sition	Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds			\$ 4,077,178
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 			
Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	98,366 463,758 1,480,222 1,402,272 693,524 127,332 (1,747,872)	2,517,602
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net pension liability		(6,251,874)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		1,242,272 (523,772)	(5,533,374)
3. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Limited obligation bonds Three mill notes payable Quality school construction bonds Compensated absences Accrued interest payable		(147,000) (25,000) (280,000) (23,940) (7,235)	(483,175)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 578,231

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 Exhibit D

Revenues General fullat Part B				N	lajor Fund	sk				
Revenues: Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Pends					IDEA				Other	Total
Note Note		General	Title I		Part B		Rebuilding	Debt Service	Governmental	Governmental
Cocal sources		 Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
State sources 2,887,545 133,058 96,330 119,141 3,006,866 690,947 105,00	Revenues:									
Federal sources	Local sources	\$ 739,711	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 32,403 \$	44,182 \$	816,296
Total Revenues	State sources	2,887,545	-		-		-	-	119,141	3,006,686
Instruction	Federal sources	 48,958	133,058		96,330		-	-	418,601	696,947
Instruction	Total Revenues	 3,676,214	133,058		96,330		-	32,403	581,924	4,519,929
Support services 1,316,349 27,083 21,132 25,689 - 62,256 1,452,509 Noninstructional services 19,856 - 6 - - 332,747 352,609 Facilities acquisition and construction - - 98,608 - - 98,608 Debt service: Principal - - - - 29,000 108,128 137,128 Interest - - - - - - 2,155 22,701 24,856 Total Expenditures 3,385,915 132,683 96,30 124,488 31,155 600,368 4,370,939 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - - - - 2,155 22,701 24,856 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - - - - 60,388 31,155 600,368 4,370,939 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - - - - - - -	Expenditures:									
Noninstructional services 19,856 6 - - 332,747 352,609 Facilities acquisition and construction - - - 98,608 - - - 98,608 Debt service: Principal - - - 29,000 108,128 137,128 Interest - - - - 21,155 22,701 24,856 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - - - 600,368 4,370,939 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Instruction	2,049,710	105,600		75,192		191	-	74,536	2,305,229
Facilities acquisition and construction - - 98,608 - - 98,608 Debt service: Principal - - - - 29,000 108,128 137,128 Principal - - - - - 2,155 22,701 24,856 Total Expenditures 3,385,915 132,683 96,300 124,488 31,155 600,368 4,370,939 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 290,299 375 - (124,488) 1,248 (18,444) 148,990 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 364 - - 59,600 - - - 59,964 Operating transfers in 24,219 - - 32,000 84,831 141,050 Other financing sources 617 - - - 617 Operating transfers out (77,089) - - - (77,42) (56,219) (141,050) Other financing uses - (375)	Support services	1,316,349	27,083		21,132		25,689	-	62,256	1,452,509
Debt service: Principal - - - - 29,000 108,128 137,128 Interest - - - - - 2,165 22,701 24,866 Total Expenditures 3,385,915 132,683 96,330 124,488 31,155 600,368 4,370,939 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 290,299 375 - (124,488) 1,248 (18,444) 148,990 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance loss recovery 364 - 59,600 - - 59,964 Operating transfers in 24,219 - - 59,600 - - 617 Operating transfers out (77,089) - - - 617 - - - 617 Operating transfers out (77,089) - - - - (77,12) (56,219) (141,050) Other financing sources - 33,810 - - 59,600	Noninstructional services	19,856	-		6		-	-	332,747	352,609
Principal Interest - - - - 29,000 108,128 137,128 (24,856) Total Expenditures 3,385,915 132,683 96,30 124,488 31,155 600,368 4,370,939 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 290,299 375 - (124,488) 1,248 (18,444) 148,990 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance loss recovery 364 - - 59,600 - - 59,964 Operating transfers in 24,219 - - 32,000 84,831 141,050 Other financing sources 617 - - - - - 617 Operating transfers out (77,089) - - - - (77,42) (56,219) (141,050) Other financing uses - 3(375) - 59,600 24,258 28,535 60,129 Net Change in Fund Balances 238,410 - - (64,888) 25,506 10,091 209,1	Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-		-		98,608	-	-	98,608
Interest	Debt service:									
Total Expenditures 3,385,915 132,683 96,330 124,488 31,155 600,368 4,370,939 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 290,299 375 - (124,488) 1,248 (18,444) 148,990 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance loss recovery 364 - 59,600 - 67 - 59,964 Operating transfers in 24,219 - 67 - 32,000 84,831 141,050 Other financing sources 617 - 7 - 7 - 65,219 (14,050) Other financing uses - (377,089) - 7 - 7 (7,742) (56,219) (14,050) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (51,889) (375) - 7 - 7 (772) (452) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (51,889) (375) - 59,600 24,258 28,535 60,129 Net Change in Fund Balances 238,410 - 7 (64,888) 25,506 10,091 209,119 Fund Balances: - (48,888) 25,506 10,091 203,244	Principal	-	-		-		-	29,000	108,128	137,128
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 290,299 375 - (124,488) 1,248 (18,444) 148,990 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance loss recovery 364 - 59,600 - 6 59,964 Operating transfers in 24,219 - 32,000 84,831 141,050 Other financing sources 617 Operating transfers out (77,089) - 6 - 6 - 617 Operating transfers out (77,089) - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -	Interest	 -	-		-		-	2,155	22,701	24,856
over (under) Expenditures 290,299 375 - (124,488) 1,248 (18,444) 148,990 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance loss recovery 364 - - 59,600 - - 59,964 Operating transfers in 24,219 - - - 32,000 84,831 141,050 Other financing sources 617 - - - - - 617 Operating transfers out (77,089) - - - - - 617 Other financing uses - (375) - - - (77,42) (56,219) (141,050) Other Financing Sources (Uses) (51,889) (375) - - - (7742) 24,258 28,535 60,129 Net Change in Fund Balances 238,410 - - (64,888) 25,506 10,091 209,119 Fund Balances: - - (64,888) 25,506 10,091 3,867,046 Increase (Decre	Total Expenditures	 3,385,915	132,683		96,330		124,488	31,155	600,368	4,370,939
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance loss recovery 364 - - 59,600 - - 59,964 Operating transfers in 24,219 - - - 32,000 84,831 141,050 Other financing sources 617 - - - - 617 Operating transfers out (77,089) - - - (7,742) (56,219) (141,050) Other financing uses - (375) - - - (77) (452) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (51,889) (375) - 59,600 24,258 28,535 60,129 Net Change in Fund Balances 238,410 - - (64,888) 25,506 10,091 209,119 Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 1,663,764 - - 1,986,142 13,896 203,244 3,867,046 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Insurance loss recovery 364 - - 59,600 - - 59,964 Operating transfers in 24,219 - - - 32,000 84,831 141,050 Other financing sources 617 - - - - - 617 Operating transfers out (77,089) - - - - (7,742) (56,219) (141,050) Other financing uses - (375) - - - (77) (452) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (51,889) (375) - 59,600 24,258 28,535 60,129 Net Change in Fund Balances 238,410 - - (64,888) 25,506 10,091 209,119 Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 1,663,764 - - 1,986,142 13,896 203,244 3,867,046 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory - - - - - - - 1,013 1,013	over (under) Expenditures	 290,299	375		-		(124,488)	1,248	(18,444)	148,990
Operating transfers in Other financing sources 24,219 - - - 32,000 84,831 141,050 Other financing sources 617 - - - - - - 617 Operating transfers out Operating transfers out Other financing uses (77,089) - - - - - - - (7742) (56,219) (141,050) -	Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Other financing sources 617 - - - - - 617 Operating transfers out (77,089) - - - (7,742) (56,219) (141,050) Other financing uses - (375) - - - (77) (452) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (51,889) (375) - 59,600 24,258 28,535 60,129 Net Change in Fund Balances 238,410 - - (64,888) 25,506 10,091 209,119 Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 1,663,764 - - 1,986,142 13,896 203,244 3,867,046 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory - - - - - - - 1,013 1,013	Insurance loss recovery	364	-		-		59,600	-	-	59,964
Operating transfers out (77,089) - - - - (7,742) (56,219) (141,050) Other financing uses - (375) - - - - (77) (452) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (51,889) (375) - 59,600 24,258 28,535 60,129 Net Change in Fund Balances 238,410 - - (64,888) 25,506 10,091 209,119 Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 1,663,764 - - 1,986,142 13,896 203,244 3,867,046 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory - - - - - - - - 1,013 1,013	Operating transfers in	24,219	-		-		-	32,000	84,831	141,050
Other financing uses - (375) - - - (77) (452) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (51,889) (375) - 59,600 24,258 28,535 60,129 Net Change in Fund Balances 238,410 - - (64,888) 25,506 10,091 209,119 Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 1,663,764 - - 1,986,142 13,896 203,244 3,867,046 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory - - - - - - - 1,013 1,013		617	-		-		-	-	-	617
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (51,889) (375) - 59,600 24,258 28,535 60,129 Net Change in Fund Balances 238,410 - - - (64,888) 25,506 10,091 209,119 Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 1,663,764 - - 1,986,142 13,896 203,244 3,867,046 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory - - - - - - 1,013 1,013	Operating transfers out	(77,089)	-		-		-	(7,742)	(56,219)	(141,050)
Net Change in Fund Balances 238,410 (64,888) 25,506 10,091 209,119 Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 1,663,764 1,986,142 13,896 203,244 3,867,046 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory 1,013 1,013	Other financing uses	 -	(375)		-		-	-	(77)	(452)
Fund Balances: July 1, 2017	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (51,889)	(375)		-		59,600	24,258	28,535	60,129
July 1, 2017 1,663,764 - - 1,986,142 13,896 203,244 3,867,046 Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory - - - - - - - 1,013 1,013	Net Change in Fund Balances	 238,410	-		-		(64,888)	25,506	10,091	209,119
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory 1,013 1,013	Fund Balances:									
	July 1, 2017	1,663,764	-		-		1,986,142	13,896	203,244	3,867,046
June 30, 2017 <u>\$ 1,902,174 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,921,254 \$ 39,402 \$ 214,348 \$ 4,077,178</u>	Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 -	-		-		-	-	1,013	1,013
	June 30, 2017	\$ 1,902,174	\$ 	\$	-	\$	1,921,254	\$ 39,402 \$	214,348 \$	4,077,178

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation expense 2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve Change in inventory reserve Change in inventory reserve	CHICKASAW COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 209,119 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation expense 2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve 1. 1,013 1,683	Governmental Funds		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation expense 2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Change in compensated absences Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve 1,683	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation expense 2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve 1,013 1,683	Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation expense Capital outlay Sample for a state of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve 1.013 1.683	For the Year Ended June 30, 2017		
different because: 1. Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation expense Capital outlay Depreciation expense 197,380 197,3	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	:	\$ 209,119
statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation expense Capital outlay S 197,380 (132,740) 64,640 2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve 1,013 1,683			
2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal accrued interest payable 1137,128 accrued interest payable 11,697 138,825 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense (564,941) 349,631 (215,310) 4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences 670 Change in inventory reserve 670 Change in inventory reserve 670 1,013 1,683	statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these		
2. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal 137,128 1,697 138,825 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense (564,941) 349,631 (215,310) 4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences 670 Change in inventory reserve 1,013 1,683	Capital outlay	\$ 197,380	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable 137,128 Accrued interest payable 137,697 Accrued interest payable 138,825 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense (564,941) Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (564,941) Contributions subsequent to the measurement date are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences 670 Change in inventory reserve 71,013 1,683	Depreciation expense	 (132,740)	64,640
Accrued interest payable 1,697 138,825 3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense (564,941) Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 349,631 (215,310) 4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences 670 Change in inventory reserve 1,013 1,683	governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	137 128	
3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve 1,013 1,683			138,825
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 349,631 (215,310) 4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve 1,013 1,683	3. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 349,631 (215,310) 4. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve 1,013 1,683	Pension expense	(564,941)	
use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include: Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve 1,013 1,683	·	 349,631	(215,310)
Change in inventory reserve	use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as		
	Change in compensated absences	670	
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 198,957	Change in inventory reserve	 1,013	1,683
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 198,957			
	Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 198,957

Fiduciary Funds		
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E
June 30, 2017		
		Agency
		Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	_\$	193,037
Total Assets	\$	193,037
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	177,575
Due to other funds		3,752
Due to student clubs		11,710
Total Liabilities	\$	193,037

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Chickasaw County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
 by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund accounts for the resources from the grants to states to assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities.

Rebuilding Fund – This is a capital projects fund to account for the rebuilding of the historic 1935 building that was destroyed by fire on July 30, 2014.

3 Mill Debt Service Fund – This fund serves to receive revenues and account for debt-related expenditures, such as principal and interest.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
	_	
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

^(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$1,242,272 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$523,772 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan.

See Note 12 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the Board of Education.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$4,005,300 and \$193,037 respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I fund	\$ 18,183
	IDEA Part B fund	12,549
	3 Mill Debt Service fund	12,799
	Other governmental funds	10,725
	Fiduciary funds	3,752
IDEA Part B fund	General Fund	4,324
3 Mill Debt Service fund	General Fund	 9,774
Total		\$ 72,106

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 77,089
3 Mill Debt Service fund	Other governmental funds	7,742
Other governmental funds	General Fund	24,219
	3 Mill Debt Service fund	 32,000
Total		\$ 141,050

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the general fund and into the other governmental funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$109,575, of the debt service funds, whose revenues are derived from ad valorem receipts that are restricted for future debt service requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental:

		Balance 7/1/2016	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2017
Governmental Activities:	-				
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$	98,366 \$	- \$	- \$	98,366
Construction-in-progress		365,150	98,608	-	463,758
Total non-depreciable capital assets		463,516	98,608	-	562,124
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		1,480,222	-	-	1,480,222
Building improvements		1,402,272	-	-	1,402,272
Mobile equipment		610,112	83,412	-	693,524
Furniture and equipment		111,972	15,360	-	127,332
Total depreciable capital assets		3,604,578	98,772	-	3,703,350
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		618,609	25,705	-	644,314
Building improvements		508,130	56,091	-	564,221
Mobile equipment		381,355	42,062	-	423,417
Furniture and equipment		107,038	8,882	-	115,920
Total accumulated depreciation		1,615,132	132,740	-	1,747,872
Total depreciable capital assets, net		1,989,446	(33,968)	-	1,955,478
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	2,452,962 \$	64,640 \$	- \$	2,517,602

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	23,276	
Support services		108,264	
Non-instructional		1,200	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	132,740	

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Ju	Spent to ne 30, 2017	Remaining Commitment		
Building replacement	\$	463,758_\$	<u> </u>		
Total construction in progress	\$	463,758 \$			

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with insurance proceeds and will be accounted for in the Rebuilding Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due
		7/1/2016	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2017	within one year
A.	Limited obligation bonds payable	\$ 220,000 \$	- \$	(73,000) \$	147,000 \$	147,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	54,000	-	(29,000)	25,000	25,000
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	300,000	-	(20,000)	280,000	17,000
D.	Obligations under energy efficiency leases	15,128	-	(15,128)	-	-
E.	Compensated absences payable	 24,610	-	(670)	23,940	
	Total	\$ 613,738 \$	- \$	(137,798) \$	475,940 \$	189,000

A. Limited obligation bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	(Outstanding
3.05%	7/7/2010	2/1/2018	\$	576,000	\$	147,000
-	Rate	Rate Issue Date	Rate Issue Date Date	Rate Issue Date Date	Rate Issue Date Date Issued	Rate Issue Date Date Issued (

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$	147,000 \$	3,757 \$	150,757
Total	\$	147,000 \$	3,757 \$	150,757

This debt will be retired from the MAEP Bond Retirement Fund.

The state aid capital improvement bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Mississippi Accountability and Adequate Education Program Act, Sections 37-151-1 through 37-151-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The state aid capital improvement bonds are not included in the computation of the debt limit percentage.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Limited Tax Note, Series 2007	3.99%	5/1/2007	5/1/2018 \$	329,000	\$25,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 25,000 \$	2,075 \$	27,075
Total	\$ 25,000 \$	2,075 \$	27,075

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Levy Fund.

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 8, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds payable Total	n 5.42%	3/1/2011	3/1/2026	\$ 328,000 \$ 328,000	\$ 280,000 \$ 280,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 17,000 \$	15,176 \$	32,176
2019	33,000	14,255	47,255
2020	33,000	12,466	45,466
2021	33,000	10,677	43,677
2022	33,000	8,889	41,889
2023-2026	 131,000	17,669	148,669
Total	\$ 280,000 \$	79,132 \$	359,132

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Note Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

D. Obligations under energy efficiency lease

This debt was retired during the year.

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

Note 8- Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the subsidy payments amounted to \$14,735.

The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The District promises to pay interest on such principal amount from the date of this Note or from the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid at the rate of interest per annum set forth on March 1 of each year, commencing March 1, 2012. However, the United States Treasury reimburses the District for the amount of interest paid on the principal amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2017 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$349,631, \$354,904 and \$359,145, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school district reported a liability of \$6,251,874 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability was .035 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016. This was a

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

decrease of .005 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$564,941. At June 30, 2017 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	De	eferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$	\$	
experience		174,382	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		423,532	-
Changes of assumptions		294,727	16,613
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions		-	507,159
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		349,631	
Total	\$	1,242,272 \$	523,772

\$349,631 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2018	\$ 99,637
2019	24,493
2020	121,234
2021	 123,505
Total	\$ 368,869

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u> <u>Long-Term Expected Real</u>			
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

			Current	
	1	I% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
		(6.75%)	 Rate (7.75%)	 (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of		_	_	 _
the net pension liability	\$	8,016,304	\$ 6,251,874	\$ 4,787,969

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 71 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 12 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(3,931,544) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$1,242,272 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(3,931,544) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$523,772 balance of the deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

Note 13 - Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated May 6, 1985 creating the Houston Vocational Center. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Houston School District and the Chickasaw County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Houston School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Houston Vocational Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Chickasaw County School District received \$59,964 in insurance loss recoveries related to a school building be destroyed by fire during a prior year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as special items.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Chickasaw County School District evaluated the activity of the district through October 2, 2017, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event(s) has (have) occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources 657,162 \$ 739,709 \$ 739,711 \$ 82,547 \$ 2 State sources 2,898,666 2,887,545 2,887,545 (11, 121)Federal sources 54,500 48,958 48,958 (5,542)Total Revenues 65,884 2 3,610,328 3,676,212 3,676,214 Expenditures: Instruction 2,061,560 2,049,710 2,049,710 11,850 1,299,537 (16,812)Support services 1,463,640 1,316,349 164,103 Noninstructional services 21,040 19,856 19,856 1,184 Total Expenditures 3,546,240 3,369,103 3,385,915 (16,812)177,137 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 64,088 307,109 290,299 243,021 (16,810) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance loss recoveries 500 364 364 (136)Operating transfers in 526,537 456,446 24,219 (70,091)(432,227)Other financing sources 100 617 100 517 Operating transfers out (638, 246)(509, 316)(77,089)128,930 432,227 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (111,209)(52,406)(51,889)58,803 517 Net Change in Fund Balances (47, 121)254,703 238,410 301,824 (16,293)Fund Balances: July 1, 2016 1,664,282 1,664,282 1,663,764 (518)June 30, 2017 1,918,985 \$ 1,902,174 \$ 301,824 \$ 1,617,161 \$ (16,811)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Variances Positive (Negative) Original **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Final Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Federal sources 151,973 \$ 133,058 \$ (13,592) \$ (18,915)165,565 Total Revenues 151,973 133,058 (13,592)(18,915)**Expenditures:** 130,945 124,188 105,600 6,757 18,588 Instruction Support services 26,244 30,117 27,083 (3,873)3,034 Total Expenditures 157,189 154,305 132,683 2,884 21,622 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 375 over (under) Expenditures 8,376 (2,332)(10,708)2,707 Other Financing Sources (Uses): (3<u>75)</u> Other financing uses (375) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (375) (375) Net Change in Fund Balances 8,376 (2,332)(10,708)2,332 Fund Balances: July 1, 2016 June 30, 2017 8,376 \$ (2,332) \$ - \$ (10,708) \$ 2,332

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Variances Positive (Negative)			
	 Budgeted Ai	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 174,881 \$	157,838	\$ 96,330 \$	(17,043) \$	(61,508)
Total Revenues	 174,881	157,838	96,330	(17,043)	(61,508)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	70,490	97,651	75,192	(27,161)	22,459
Support services	80,032	58,187	21,132	21,845	37,055
Noninstructional services	 2,000	2,000	6	-	1,994
Total Expenditures	 152,522	157,838	96,330	(5,316)	61,508
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 22,359	-	-	(22,359)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	 22,359	-	-	(22,359)	
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2016	 -	-	-	-	
June 30, 2017	\$ 22,359 \$	-	\$ - \$	(22,359) \$	-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,251,874	6,183,211	4,855,268
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0350%	0.040%	0.040%
District's covered payroll	2,253,359	2,280,300	2,447,315
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	277.45%	271.16%	198.39%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 349,631	354,904	359,145	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 349,631	354,904	359,145	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	_
District's covered payroll	2,219,879	2,253,359	2,280,300	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 3,049,864 1,321,075	2,430,480 217,678	275,784 82,739	111,231 24,061	232,369 996,597
Total	\$ 4,370,939	2,648,158	358,523	135,292	1,228,966
Total number of students *	 504				
Cost per student	\$ 8,672	5,255	711	268	2,438

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

Revenues: Local sources State sources Federal sources	\$ 739,711 2,887,545	\$ 659,415	\$		
State sources	\$ 2,887,545	\$ 659,415	\$		
			Ψ	634,344	\$ 598,134
Federal sources	40.050	2,770,157		2,707,154	2,959,962
i Guerai Suultes	48,958	58,127		76,612	147,230
Total Revenues	3,676,214	3,487,699		3,418,110	3,705,326
Expenditures:					
Instruction	2,049,710	2,060,574		2,025,369	2,248,744
Support services	1,316,349	1,279,045		1,171,309	1,380,171
Noninstructional expenses	19,856	7,975		17,795	17,791
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-		323,318	202,884
Total Expenditures	3,385,915	3,347,594		3,537,791	3,849,590
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	290,299	140,105		(119,681)	(144,264)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery	364	-		-	-
Operating transfers in	24,219	24,270		21,639	19,544
Other financing sources	617	1,102		-	-
Sale of transportation equipment	-	1,261		-	-
Operating transfers out	(77,089)	(93,462)		(117,438)	(131,484)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(51,889)	(66,829)		(95,799)	(111,940)
Net Change in Fund Balances	238,410	73,276		(215,480)	(256,204)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period	1,663,764	1,590,488		1,805,968	2,062,172
·					
End of Period	\$ 1,902,174	\$ 1,663,764	\$	1,590,488	\$ 1,805,968

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2017	2016*	2015*	2014*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 816,296	\$ 705,450	\$ 686,575	\$ 645,598
State sources	3,006,686	2,897,685	2,833,922	3,096,806
Federal sources	696,947	868,488	806,156	950,185
Total Revenues	4,519,929	4,471,623	4,326,653	4,692,589
Expenditures:				
Instruction	2,305,229	2,378,809	2,432,639	2,595,765
Support services	1,452,509	2,081,948	1,327,950	1,596,481
Noninstructional services	352,609	347,553	368,703	377,197
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	98,608	229,875	458,593	307,006
Principal	137,128	120,332	117,528	113,909
Interest	24,856	29,824	33,951	37,890
Total Expenditures	4,370,939	5,188,341	4,739,364	5,028,248
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 148,990	(716,718)	(412,711)	(335,659)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	59,964	2,784,391	191,317	-
Sale of transportation equipment	-	1,261	-	-
Operating transfers in	141,050	150,509	139,077	189,806
Other financing sources	617	1,226	-	-
Operating transfers out	(141,050)	(150,509)	(139,077)	(189,806)
Other financing uses	 (452)	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 60,129	2,786,878	191,317	
Net Change in Fund Balances	209,119	2,070,160	(221,394)	(335,659)
Fund Balances: Beginning of period	3,867,046	1,795,385	2,015,285	2,352,183
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 1,013	 1,501	 1,494	 (1,239)
End of Period	\$ 4,077,178	\$ 3,867,046	\$ 1,795,385	\$ 2,015,285

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street
Belzoni, Mississippi 39038
Office: (662) 247-2416
Fax: (662) 247-2420

10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Chickasaw County School District New Houlka, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chickasaw County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Chickasaw County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Chickasaw County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Chickasaw County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Chickasaw County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Chickasaw County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cumingen CAS

Belzoni, Mississippi

October 2, 2017

DEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATION	SNC

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Chickasaw County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chickasaw County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, which collectively comprise Chickasaw County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

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Belzoni, Mississippi

October 2, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.