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## **COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT**

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

## **COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT**

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# Acklen & Story, PLLC

## CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Columbia School District

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Columbia School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate

Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 4-12 and 41-45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Columbia School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2018, on our consideration of the Columbia School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Columbia School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Acklen & Story, PLLC
Hattiesburg, Mississippi
March 29, 2018

Acklen & Story, PLLC

Acklen & Story, PLLC

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Columbia School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2017 decreased \$1,622,571, including a prior period adjustment of (\$503,919), which represents a 403% decrease from fiscal year 2016. Total net position for 2016 increased \$336,414, which represents a 506% increase from fiscal year 2015.
- General revenues amounted to \$13,684,893 and \$13,906,228, or 81% and 80% of all revenues for fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,194,379, or 19% of total revenues for 2017, and \$3,486,489, or 20% of total revenues for 2016.
- The District had \$17,997,924 and \$17,056,303 in expenses for fiscal years 2017 and 2016; only \$3,194,379 for 2017 and \$3,486,489 for 2016 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$13,684,893 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$13,906,228 for 2016 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$12,756,458 in revenues and \$12,622,829 in expenditures for 2017, and \$12,815,230 in revenues and \$12,942,048 in expenditures in 2016. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$158,016 from 2016 to 2017, and decreased by \$100,769 from 2015 to 2016.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$3,828,545 for 2017 and decreased by \$44,656 for 2016. The increase for 2017 was due to the ongoing construction and renovation of school facilities and the purchase of various items of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment.
- Long-term debt, excluding bond premium, increased by \$9,434,906 for 2017 and decreased by \$801,958 for 2016. The increase for 2017 was due primarily to the issuance of general obligation bonds during the fiscal year. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$10,094 for 2017 and increased by \$9,042 for 2016.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether

its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability results in a liability on the government-wide financial statements but is not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

## Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

## **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$1,219,719 as of June 30, 2017.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2017	 June 30, 2016	Percentage Change	• ——
Current assets	\$	2,951,878	\$ 3,115,523	(5.25)	%
Restricted assets		17,096,245	9,841,868	73.71	%
Capital assets, net		14,912,886	11,084,341	34.54	%
Total assets	_	34,961,009	24,041,732	45.42	%
Deferred outflows of resources		5,215,288	 4,070,133	28.14	%
Current liabilities		1,376,184	86,211	1,496.30	%
Long-term debt outstanding		14,264,383	4,588,932	210.84	%
Net pension liability		25,362,424	 22,252,913	13.97	%
Total liabilities	_	41,002,991	26,928,056	52.27	%
Deferred inflows of resources		393,025	 780,957	(49.67)	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		9,571,159	9,712,341	(1.45)	%
Restricted		13,339,969	13,097,012	1.86	%
Unrestricted		(24, 130, 847)	(22,406,501)	7.70	%
Total net position	\$	(1,219,719)	\$ 402,852	(402.77)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

\$ (24,130,847)
, , , ,
20,540,161
\$ (3,590,686)
\$ 

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$3,828,545.
- Proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$9,750,000.
- The principal retirement of \$305,000 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$25,362,424.

### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 were \$16,879,272 and \$17,392,717, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$17,997,924 for 2017 and \$17,056,303 for 2016.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended	•	Year Ended	Percentag	ıe
	 June 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	Change	
Revenues:	 	•			
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 424,758	\$	450,425	(5.70)	%
Operating grants and contributions	2,769,621		3,036,064	(8.78)	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes	4,616,716		4,492,490	2.77	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	8,799,986		8,804,408	(0.05)	%
Investment earnings	145,927		124,813	16.92	%
Sixteenth section sources	88,505		74,536	18.74	%
Other	 33,759		409,981	(91.77)	%
Total revenues	16,879,272		17,392,717	(2.95)	%
Expenses:					
Instruction	8,323,697		8,865,627	(6.11)	%
Support services	5,289,857		5,027,027	5.23	%
Non-instructional	927,022		905,255	2.40	%
Pension expense	3,001,317		2,081,447	44.19	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 456,031		176,947	157.72	%
Total expenses	 17,997,924		17,056,303	5.52	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (1,118,652)		336,414	(432.52)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	402,852		66,438	506.36	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 (503,919)		•	N/A	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(101,067)		66,438	(252.12)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (1,219,719)	\$	402,852	(402.77)	%

### Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of five major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Expe	nses	Percentage
	2017		2016	Change
Instruction	\$ 8,323,697	\$	8,865,627	(6.11) %
Support services	5,289,857		5,027,027	5.23 %
Non-instructional	927,022		905,255	2.40 %
Pension Expense	3,001,317		2,081,447	44.19 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	456,031		176,947	157.72 %
Total expenses	\$ 17,997,924	\$	17,056,303	5.52 %
	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	2017		2016	Change
Instruction	\$ (6,707,718)	\$	(7,141,177)	(6.07) %
Support services	(4,716,029)		(4,332,467)	8.85 %
Non-instructional	77,550		162,224	(52.20) %
Pension Expense	(3,001,317)		(2,081,447)	44.19 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (456,031)		(176,947)	157.72 %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (14,803,545)	\$	(13,569,814)	9.09 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$14,803,545 for 2017 and \$13,569,814 for 2016) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,616,716 for 2017 and \$4,492,490 for 2016) and state and federal revenues (\$8,799,986 for 2017 and \$8,804,408 for 2016). In addition, there was \$88,505 and \$74,536 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$145,927 for 2017 and \$124,813 for 2016.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$18,883,955, an increase of \$6,004,549, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$503,919) and an increase in inventory of \$8,090. The unassigned fund balance is (\$383,848), which represents the residual

classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$19,267,803 is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$158,016. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$517,384, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$503,919) and an increase in inventory of \$8,090. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Construction Fund	\$ 5,600,818
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 44,363

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2017, the District's total capital assets were \$22,338,946, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$4,152,277 from 2016, due primarily to the ongoing construction and renovation of school facilities and the purchase of various items of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017, was \$7,426,060, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$412,806, resulting in total net capital assets of \$14,912,886.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	June 30, 2017	 June 30, 2016	Percentag Change	_
Land	\$ 826,960	\$ 826,960	-	%
Construction in Progress	4,210,089	-	N/A	%
Buildings	8,613,153	8,864,556	(2.84)	%
Improvements other than buildings	427,705	448,461	(4.63)	%
Mobile equipment	738,177	830,177	(11.08)	%
Furniture and equipment	96,802	 114,187	(15.23)	%
Total	\$ 14,912,886	\$ 11,084,341	34.54	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2017, the District had \$14,023,838 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$648,342 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District received proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$9,750,000. The District made principal payments totaling \$305,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$10,094 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

 une 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	Percentage Change		
\$ 9,750,000	\$	-	N/A	%	
-		30,000	(100.00)	%	
220,000		358,000	(38.55)	%	
847,000		984,000	(13.92)	%	
3,000,000		3,000,000		%	
 206,838		216,932	(4.65)	%	
\$ 14,023,838	\$	4,588,932	205.60	%	
\$	220,000 847,000 3,000,000 206,838	\$ 9,750,000 \$ 220,000 847,000 3,000,000 206,838	\$ 9,750,000 \$ - - 30,000 220,000 358,000 847,000 984,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 206,838 216,932	June 30, 2017     June 30, 2016     Change       \$ 9,750,000     \$ -     N/A       -     30,000     (100.00)       220,000     358,000     (38.55)       847,000     984,000     (13.92)       3,000,000     3,000,000     -       206,838     216,932     (4.65)	

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Columbia School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Columbia School District, 613 Bryan Avenue, Columbia, MS 39429.

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## **COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT**

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Exhibit A

June 30, 2017	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,328,382
Due from other governments	436,325
Other receivables, net	148,498
Inventories	38,673
Restricted assets	17,096,245
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	826,960
Construction in progress	4,210,089
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	8,613,153
Improvements other than buildings	427,705
Mobile equipment	738,177
Furniture and equipment	96,802
Total Assets	34,961,009
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow related to pensions	5,215,288
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,215,288
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,164,168
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	212,016
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	638,000
Non-capital related liabilities	10,342
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	10,179,000
Capital related bond premiums	240,545
Non-capital related liabilities	3,196,496
Net pension liability	25,362,424
Total Liabilities	41,002,991
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflow related to pensions	393,025
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	393,025
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	9,571,159
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	241,174
Debt service	2,038,653
Unemployment benefits	171,448
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section	10,888,694
Unrestricted	(24,130,847)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (1,219,719)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## **COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT**

## **Statement of Activities** For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

### Exhibit B

Net (Expense)

			F	Program Reven	ues	<b>:</b>		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	•			Operating		Capital		
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction	\$ 8,323,697	\$ 209,402	\$	1,406,577	\$	-	\$	(6,707,718)
Support services	5,289,857	· -		573,828		-		(4,716,029)
Non-instructional	927,022	215,356		789,216		-		77,550
Pension expense	3,001,317	-		-		-		(3,001,317)
Interest on long-term liabilities	456,031			-		-		(456,031)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 17,997,924	\$ 424,758	\$	2,769,621	\$	-	\$	(14,803,545)
		Debt p	al pu	urpose levies ose levies I grants and co		ihutiono:		3,937,453 679,263
		State	CIEC	i grants and co	ווווונ	ibulions.		8,708,505
		Federa	al .					91,481
				l investment e	ami	nas		145,927
				ection sources		90		88,505
		Other						33,759
		Tota	l Ge	eneral Revenue	es			13,684,893
		Change in I	Net	Position				(1,118,652)
		Net Positio	ก - โ	Beginning, as	prev	iously reported		402,852
		Prior Peri	od A	Adjustments				(503,919)
		Net Positio	n - l	Beginning, as	rest	ated		(101,067)
		Net Positio	n (d	eficit) - Ending	3		\$_	(1,219,719)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

## Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

**Exhibit C** 

		Major Funds			
			Sixteenth	Other	Total
	General	Construction	Section Principal	Governmental	Governmental
	 Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets			-		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,074,231	\$ 6,616,762	\$ 9,186,425	\$ 1,254,151	\$ 18,131,569
Cash with fiscal agents	-	-	-	1,293,058	1,293,058
Due from other governments	167,186	-	-	269,139	436,325
Other receivables, net	-	31,200	-	117,298	148,498
Due from other funds	178,797	-	-	-	178,797
Advance to other funds	-	-	1,707,858	-	1,707,858
Inventories	 _	 _		38,673	38,673
Total assets	\$ 1,420,214	\$ 6,647,962	\$ 10,894,283	\$ 2,972,319	\$ 21,934,778
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 96,204	\$ 1,047,144	\$ -	\$ 20,820	\$ 1,164,168
Due to other funds	-	_	5,589	173,208	178,797
Advances from other funds	1,707,858	_	-	-	1,707,858
Total Liabilities	1,804,062	1,047,144	5,589	194,028	3,050,823
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	-	-	-	38,673	38,673
Permanent fund principal	-	-	9,180,836	-	9,180,836
Advances	-	-	1,707,858	-	1,707,858
Restricted:					
Debt service	-	-	-	2,250,669	2,250,669
Capital projects	-	5,600,818	-	115,000	5,715,818
Grant activities	-	-	-	202,501	202,501
Unemployment benefits	-	-	-	171,448	171,448
Unassigned	 (383,848)	-		-	(383,848)
Total Fund Balances	 (383,848)	5,600,818	10,888,694	2,778,291	18,883,955
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,420,214	\$ 6,647,962	\$ 10,894,283	\$ 2,972,319	\$ 21,934,778

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the States June 30, 2017	of Net Position		Exhibit C-1	
Total fund balances for governmental funds			\$	18,883,955
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:				
<ol> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>				
Land	\$	826,960		
Construction in progress		4,210,089		
Buildings		14,017,057		
Improvements other than buildings		554,665		
Mobile equipment		2,120,409		
Furniture and equipment		609,766	•	
Accumulated depreciation		(7,426,060)	_	14,912,886
<ol> <li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds</li> </ol>				
Net pension liability		(25,362,424)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		5,215,288		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(393,025)	•	(20,540,161)
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:				
General obligation bonds		(9,750,000)		
Limited obligation bonds		(220,000)		
Other bonds payable		(3,000,000)		
Notes payable		(847,000)		
Compensated absences		(206,838)		
		• • •		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(240,545)

(212,016)

\_\_\$

(14,476,399)

(1,219,719)

Unamortized premiums

Accrued interest payable

Net Position of governmental activities

# COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Exhibit D

		Major Funds						
				Sixteenth		Other		Total
General		Construction		Section Principal		Governmental		Governmental
Fund		Fund		Fund				Funds
\$ 4,043,338	\$	22,367	\$	-	\$	1,043,405	\$	5,109,110
8,577,496		-		-		519,585		9,097,081
91,482		-		-		2,381,043		2,472,525
44,142				156,414		-		200,556
12,756,458		22,367		156,414		3,944,033		16,879,272
7,451,878		-		-		1,604,756		9,056,634
5,086,215		_		-				5,604,525
-		-		-		940,950		940,950
-		4,210,089		-		-		4,210,089
-		-		-		305,000		305,000
84,736		-		-		73,510		158,246
-		99,032		-		6,990		106,022
12,622,829		4,309,121		-		3,449,516		20,381,466
					_			
 133,629		(4,286,754)		156,414		494,517		(3,502,194)
-		9,635,000		-		115,000		9,750,000
-				-				205,029
-		252,572		-		· _		252,572
-		•		_		(205,029)		(205,029)
172,631		-		-				692,223
(464,276)		-		(112,051)		(115,896)		(692,223)
(291,645)		9,887,572		(112,051)		518,696		10,002,572
(158,016)		5,600,818		44,363		1,013,213		6,500,378
(225,832)		_		10,844,331		2,260,907		12,879,406
-		-		-				(503,919)
(225,832)				10,844,331		1,756,988		12,375,487
 -		-		-		8,090		8,090
\$ (383,848)	\$	5,600,818	\$	10,888,694	\$	2,778,291	\$	18,883,955
	\$ 4,043,338 8,577,496 91,482 44,142 12,756,458 7,451,878 5,086,215 - - 84,736 - 12,622,829 133,629 - - 172,631 (464,276) (291,645) (158,016) (225,832) - (225,832)	\$ 4,043,338 \$ 8,577,496 91,482 44,142 12,756,458 7,451,878 5,086,215 84,736 - 12,622,829 133,629 172,631 (464,276) (291,645) (158,016) (225,832) (225,832) (225,832)	\$ 4,043,338 \$ 22,367 8,577,496	\$ 4,043,338 \$ 22,367 \$ 8,577,496	\$ 4,043,338 \$ 22,367 \$ - 8,577,496 - 91,482 - 156,414	\$ 4,043,338 \$ 22,367 \$ - \$ 8,577,496 91,482 156,414  12,756,458 22,367 156,414  7,451,878 4,210,089  84,736 99,032  12,622,829 4,309,121  133,629 (4,286,754) 156,414  - 9,635,000	\$ 4,043,338 \$ 22,367 \$ - \$ 1,043,405 8,577,496 519,585 91,482 2,381,043 44,142 - 156,414 12,756,458 22,367 156,414 3,944,033 7,451,878 1,604,756 5,086,215 518,310 940,950 - 4,210,089 305,000 84,736 73,510 - 99,032 - 6,990 12,622,829 4,309,121 - 3,449,516 133,629 (4,286,754) 156,414 494,517 - 9,635,000 - 115,000 252,572 252,572 (205,029) 172,631 519,592 (464,276) - (112,051) (115,896) (291,645) 9,887,572 (112,051) 518,696 (158,016) 5,600,818 44,363 1,013,213 (225,832) - 10,844,331 2,260,907 (503,919) (225,832) - 10,844,331 1,756,988 8,090	\$ 4,043,338 \$ 22,367 \$ - \$ 1,043,405 \$ 8,577,496 519,585

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## **COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds**

Poss	nciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,			Exhibit D-1
	nditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities			EXIIIDIC D-I
•	ne Year Ended June 30, 2017			
10. 0	ic real Eliada dallo do, 2011			
Net c	hange in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	6,500,378
	ints reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are ent because:			
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
	Capital outlay	\$ 4,250,045		
	Depreciation expense	 (412,806)		3,837,239
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(8,694)
3.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
	Bonds and notes issued	(9,750,000)		
	Premiums on bonds and refunding bonds issued	(252,572)		
	Payments of debt principal	305,000		
	Accrued interest payable	(203,790)		(9,901,362)
4.	Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
	Recording of pension expense for the current period	(3,001,317)		
	Recording of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	 1,424,893		(1,576,424)
5.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:			
	Change in compensated absences	10,094		
	Change in inventory	8,090		
	Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	12,027		30,211
<b>.</b>		•	_	// // 0.75
Char	nge in Net Position of governmental activities	:	\$	(1,118,652)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

# Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2017

Exhibit E

	Agency Funds			
Assets	·			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	749,219		
Total Assets	\$	749,219		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	688,418		
Due to student clubs		60,801		
Total Liabilities	\$	749,219		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Columbia since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Columbia School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources
  imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Construction Fund - This is a capital projects fund that accounts for the proceeds of general obligation bonds and the expenditures associated with the construction and renovation of school facilities.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund - This is a permanent fund used to account for the non-expendable resources generated from the sale of non-renewable resources on sixteenth section lands.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

## E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

### 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

### Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

## 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund. Unspent proceeds of long-term debt issued are also included in restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position.

### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life		
Land	\$ 0	0		
Buildings	50,000	40 years		
Building improvements	25,000	20 years		
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years		
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years		
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years		

See Note 5 for details.

### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred a deferred outflow which is presented as a deferred outflow related to pensions. See Note 15 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred a deferred inflow which is presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions. See Note 15 for further details.

### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

## 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy. There are no assigned fund balances during the current fiscal year.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

## Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool

administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$18,131,569 and \$749,219, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits reported in the government-wide financial statements included cash and cash equivalents of \$2,328,382 and a portion of restricted assets in the amount of \$15,803,187 (see Note 4).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2017, none of the district's bank balance of \$19,139,531 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

## Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$1,293,058.

### Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 5,589
	Other governmental funds	 173,208
Total		\$ 178,797

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows.

### B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	\$ 1,707,858
Total		\$ 1,707,858

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loans payable as of June 30, 2017 is four percent.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 237,432	\$ 68,314	\$ 305,746
2019	246,929	58,817	305,746
2020	101,906	48,940	150,846
2021	105,982	44,864	150,846
2022	110,222	40,624	150,846
2023 - 2027	620,877	133,355	754,232
2028 - 2029	 284,510	17,182	301,692
Total	\$ 1,707,858	\$ 412,096	\$ 2,119,954

### C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 464,276
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	112,051
Other governmental funds	General Fund	60,580
	Other governmental funds	 55,316
Total		\$ 692,223

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, unemployment compensation transfers, debt service transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

#### Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$9,186,425 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$73,973 of the MAEP Note Retirement Fund. The restricted assets also represent the cash with fiscal agent balance totaling \$1,219,085 of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund. Cash and cash equivalents totaling \$6,616,762 in the Construction Fund resulting from unspent proceeds of general obligation bonds is also included in restricted assets.

## Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2016	Ingraga	Daamaaaa	Balance
Governmental Activities:	_	77 1720 10	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2017
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$	826,960 \$	\$	\$	826,960
Construction-in-progress	*	020,000 \$	4,210,089	•	4,210,089
Total non-depreciable capital assets		826,960	4,210,089		5,037,049
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		14,054,589		37,532	14,017,057
Improvements other than buildings		554,665		•	554,665
Mobile equipment		2,111,549	15,360	6,500	2,120,409
Furniture and equipment		638,906	24,596	53,736	609,766
Total depreciable capital assets		17,359,709	39,956	97,768	17,301,897
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		5,190,033	243,896	30,025	5,403,904
Improvements other than buildings		106,204	20,756		126,960
Mobile equipment		1,281,372	106,710	5,850	1,382,232
Furniture and equipment		524,719	41,444	53,199	512,964
Total accumulated depreciation		7,102,328	412,806	89,074	7,426,060
Total depreciable capital assets, net		10,257,381	(372,850)	8,694	9,875,837
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	11,084,341 \$	3,837,239 \$	8,694 \$	14,912,886

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental activities:	 _
Instruction	\$ 231,233
Support services	145,140
Non-instructional	 36,433
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 412,806

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

Spent to	Remaining
June 30, 2017	Commitment
\$ 4,210,089 \$	4,640,911
4,210,089	4,640,911
<u> </u>	June 30, 2017 \$ 4,210,089 \$

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with proceeds of general obligation bonds.

## Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2017	Amounts due within one year
A. General obligation bonds	payable \$		\$ 9,750,000	\$	9,750,000 \$	275,000
General obligation refundi	ing bonds payable	30,000		30,000	-	
B. Limited obligation refunding	ng bonds payable	358,000		138,000	220,000	220,000
C. Three mill notes payable		984,000		137,000	847,000	143,000
D. Qualified school construct	tion bonds payable	3,000,000			3,000,000	-
E. Compensated absences	payable	216,932		10,094	206,838	10,342
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,588,932	\$ 9,750,000 \$	315,094 \$	14,023,838 \$	648,342
Add: Bond premium			252,572	12,027	240,545	
	<u>_\$</u>	4,588,932	\$ 10,002,572	\$ 327,121 \$	14,264,383 \$	648,342

## A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	 Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
<ol> <li>General obligation bonds, Series 2017</li> <li>General obligation bonds,</li> </ol>	2.65%	6/30/2017	6/30/2021	\$ 115,000	\$	115,000
Series 2016	2.25%-3.0%	8/15/2016	8/1/2036	 9,635,000		9,635,000
Total				\$ 9,750,000	\$	9,750,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation bonds issued on June 30, 2017:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$	35,000 \$	3,048 \$	38,048
2019	Ψ	30,000 \$	3,040 \$ 2,120	32,120
2020		25,000	1.325	26,325
2021		25,000	662	25,662
	_			
Total	\$	115,000 \$	7,155 \$	122,155

This debt will be retired from the Bond - 2nd Issue Fund (Debt Service Fund).

## 2. General obligation bonds issued on August 15, 2016:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 240,000 \$	342,433 \$	582,433
2019	260,000	227,888	487,888
2020	280,000	221,812	501,812
2021	300,000	215,288	515,288
2022	315,000	208,369	523,369
2023 – 2027	2,120,000	910,612	3,030,612
2028 – 2032	2,855,000	630,212	3,485,212
2033 – 2037	 3,265,000	230,987	3,495,987
Total	\$ 9,635,000 \$	2,987,601 \$	12,622,601

This debt will be retired from the Bond Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$	275,000 \$	345,481 \$	620,481
	Ψ	•	•	•
2019		290,000	230,008	520,008
2020		305,000	223,137	528,137
2021		325,000	215,950	540,950
2022		315,000	208,369	523,369
2023 - 2027		2,120,000	910,612	3,030,612
2028 – 2032		2,855,000	630,212	3,485,212
2033 – 2037		3,265,000	230,987	3,495,987
Total	\$	9,750,000 \$	2,994,756 \$	12,744,756

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2017, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 12% of property assessments as of October 1, 2016.

#### B. Limited obligation refunding bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amoun Issue		Amount Outstanding
State aid capital improvement refunding bonds, Series 2008	3.40%	7/17/2008	2/1/2018	\$ 1,132,00	) \$	220,000
Total				\$ 1,132,00	) \$	220,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 220,000 \$	5,049 \$	225,049
Total	\$ 220,000 \$	5,049 \$	225,049

This debt will be retired from the MAEP Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

The state aid capital improvement bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Mississippi Accountability and Adequate Education Program Act, Sections 37-151-1 through 37-151-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The state aid capital improvement bonds are not included in the computation of the debt limit percentage.

#### C. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	C	outstanding
Three mill note,	2 050/	6/47/2009	6/4/2022	•	1 000 000	•	947 000
Series 2009	3.85%	6/17/2008	6/1/2023	<u>\$</u>	1,900,000	<u> </u>	847,000
Total				\$	1,900,000	\$	847,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 143,000 \$	32,609 \$	175,609
2019	149,000	27,104	176,104
2020	155,000	21,367	176,367
2021	129,000	15,400	144,400
2022	132,000	10,434	142,434
2023	 139,000	5,351	144,351
Total	\$ 847,000 \$	112,265 \$	959,265

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund (Debt Service Fund).

#### D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date		Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds, Series 2010 Total	0.84%	1/15/2010	9/15/2024	\$ \$			3,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$	- \$	25,200 \$	25,200
2019		-	25,200	25,200
2020		-	25,200	25,200
2021		-	25,200	25,200
2022		-	25,200	25,200
2023 – 2025	_	3,000,000	75,600	3,075,600
Total	\$	3,000,000 \$	201,600 \$	3,201,600

#### E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2017 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$1,424,893, \$1,430,617 and \$1,416,494, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school district reported a liability of \$25,362,424 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability was 0.141987 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016. This was a decrease of 0.00197 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,001,317. At June 30, 2017 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 710,109	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,736,188	
Changes of assumptions	1,212,229	67,396
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share	131,869	325,629
of contributions District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,424,893	
Total	\$ 5,215,288	\$ 393,025

\$1,424,893 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2018	\$ 1,140,493
2019	906,038
2020	849,799
2021	501,040

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease		Discount		1% Increase
		(6.75%)		Rate (7.75%)		(8.75%)
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	32,520,313	\$	25,362,424	\$	19.423.695

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 8 – Sixteenth Section Lands

By agreement, the Marion County School Board manages the 16th section lands that are located within the boundaries of the Columbia School District. Sufficient information is not available to disclose future rentals from these lands. However, during the fiscal year the district did not collect any revenue from rents and leases from these lands and does not expect any substantial revenue in future years.

#### Note 9 - Deficit Fund Balance of Individual Funds

A general listing of the individual funds that have a deficit fund balance, including amounts of the deficit, is as follows:

Fund	 Fund Balance
District Maintenance Fund	\$ (738,202)
CHS Band Fund	(7,072)
Transportation Fund	(292,202)

These funds are included in the General Fund for financial reporting purposes. The deficit fund balance in the District Maintenance Fund and the Transportation Fund are a result of advances from the 16th Section Principal Fund totaling \$1,707,858. The deficit fund balance in the CHS Band Fund is a result of advances from the District Improvement Fund, which is also a General Fund, and these advances were eliminated within the General Fund for financial reporting purposes. These deficit fund balances are not in violation of state law.

#### Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### **Exhibit B - Statement of Activities**

Explanation	Amount
To write off prior year receivable recorded in the QSCB Debt Service Fund	\$ (503,919)
Total	\$ (503,919)

#### Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	 Amount
Other governmental funds	To write off prior year receivable recorded in the QSCB Debt Service Fund	\$ (503,919)
Total		\$ (503,919)

#### Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### Note 12 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 13 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the subsidy payments amounted to \$0.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2017 was \$1,219,085. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30	 Amount
2018	\$ 200,000
2019	200,000
2020	200,000
2021	220,798
2022	220,798
2023 - 2025	 662,393
Total	\$ 1,703,989

#### Note 14 – Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated April 4, 1991, creating the Columbia-Marion County Career Center. This center was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The center includes the Columbia School District and the Marion County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Marion County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Columbia-Marion County Career Center, and the operations of the center are included in its financial statements.

#### Note 15 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$24,130,847) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$1,424,893 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. The \$3,790,395 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years. The \$393,025 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 3 years.

#### **Note 16 - Subsequent Events**

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Columbia School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 29, 2018, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

								Vari Positive		
		Budgeted Amounts			Actual			Original	Final	
-		Original Final		(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual		
Revenues:						(				
Local sources	\$	4,110,241	\$	4,043,338	\$	4,043,338	\$	(66,903)	\$	-
State sources		8,645,415		8,577,496		8,577,496		(67,919)		_
Federal sources		110,000		91,482		91,482		(18,518)		-
Sixteenth section sources		-		127,814		44,142		127,814		(83,672)
Total Revenues		12,865,656		12,840,130		12,756,458		(25,526)		(83,672)
Expenditures:										
Instruction		7,440,614		7,451,878		7,451,878		(11,264)		-
Support services		5,406,866		5,058,715		5,086,215		348,151		(27,500)
Facilities acquisition and construction	n	27,500		27,500		-		•		27,500
Debt service:										·
Principal		383,954		-		-		383,954		-
Interest		94,917		84,736		84,736		10,181		-
Total Expenditures		13,353,851		12,622,829		12,622,829		731,022		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures		(488,195)		217,301		133,629		705,496		(83,672)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Operating transfers in		667,672		450,973		172,631		(216,699)		(278,342)
Operating transfers out		(383,784)		(511,598)		(464,276)		(127,814)		47,322
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		283,888		(60,625)		(291,645)		(344,513)		(231,020)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(204,307)		156,676		(158,016)		360,983		(314,692)
Fund Balances:										
July 1, 2016		•		(231,421)		(225,832)		(231,421)		5,589
June 30, 2017	\$	(204,307)	\$	(74,745)	\$	(383,848)	\$	129,562	\$	(309,103)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

# COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

#### PERS

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 25,362,424 \$	22,252,913 \$	17,170,532
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.141987%	0.143957%	0.141459%
District's covered payroll	\$ 9,083,283 \$	8,993,613 \$	8,643,867
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	279.2209%	247.4302%	198.6441%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.467727%	61.703983%	67.207687%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

## COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

## Schedule of District Contributions PERS

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2017		2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,424,893	\$	1,430,617	1,416,494
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,424,893		1,430,617	1,416,494
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	<b>\$</b> _	-	
District's covered payroll	9,046,940		9,083,283	8,993,613
Contributions as a percentage of covered - payroll	15.75%		15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

## COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Pension Schedules**

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

#### 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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## COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Catalog of Federal	
	Domestic	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance No.	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Child nutrition cluster:	10.553	<b>e</b> 045 500
School breakfast program	10.555	\$ 215,539
National school lunch program	10.555	715,720
Total child nutrition cluster		931,259
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		931,259
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		931,259
U.S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	826,463
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	5,192
Rural Education	84.358	38,682
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	8,342
Subtotal		878,679
Special education cluster:	04.007	504700
Special education - grants to states	84.027	584,788
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	23,535
Total special education cluster		608,323
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		1,487,002
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,487,002
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:		
Medical assistance program	93.778	36,315
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		36,315
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		36,315
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 2,454,576

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

#### COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Columbia School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Columbia School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Columbia School District.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Columbia School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### (4) Other Items

The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

#### Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

#### (1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

#### COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **Supplementary Information**

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 12,423,533 7,957,933	9,704,756 1,338,276	299,854 49,750	767,866 10,519	1,651,057 6,559,388
Total	\$ 20,381,466	11,043,032	349,604	778,385	8,210,445
Total number of students *	 1,679				
Cost per student	\$ 12,139	6,577	208	464	4,890

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

\* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

SECTION AND AND A CONTRACTOR

## COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2017	2016*	2015*	2014*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,043,338 \$	4,079,980 \$	3,767,110 \$	3,483,790
State sources	8,577,496	8,591,625	8,567,536	8,248,083
Federal sources	91,482	113,033	117,477	74,681
Sixteenth Section sources	 44,142	30,592	169,816	
Total Revenues	 12,756,458	12,815,230	12,621,939	11,806,554
Expenditures:				
Instruction	7,451,878	7,742,041	7,483,272	7,130,079
Support services	5,086,215	5,117,937	4,788,908	4,687,135
Debt Service:				
Interest	 84,736	82,070	96,041	91,137
Total Expenditures	 12,622,829	12,942,048	12,368,221	11,908,351
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 133,629	(126,818)	253,718	(101,797)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Payments to QSCB debt escrow agent		(124,812)	(121,802)	(124,245)
Operating transfers in	172,631	155,907	85,601	287,133
Operating transfers out	(464,276)	(5,046)	(29,786)	(635,893)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(291,645)	26,049	(65,987)	(473,005)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (158,016)	(100,769)	187,731	(574,802)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period	 (225,832)	(125,063)	(312,794)	262,008
End of Period	\$ (383,848) \$	(225,832) \$	(125,063) \$	(312,794)

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

## COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISCTRICT Other Information

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2017	2016*	2015*	2014*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	5,109,110 \$	\$ 5,369,603	\$ 4,847,324	\$ 4,683,339
State sources		9,097,081	9,069,964	9,114,194	8,839,467
Federal sources		2,472,525	2,770,508	2,764,126	2,783,036
Sixteenth section sources		200,556	182,642	 269,992	349,726
Total Revenues		16,879,272	 17,392,717	 16,995,636	 16,655,568
Expenditures:					
Instruction		9,056,634	9,538,640	9,171,254	9,013,589
Support services		5,604,525	5,692,298	5,462,118	5,306,486
Noninstructional services		940,950	948,868	949,120	962,018
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,210,089		200,547	255,000
Debt service:					
Principal		305,000	811,000	843,981	924,503
Interest		158,246	176,186	211,799	231,871
Other	_	106,022	 6,290	5,490	5,140
Total Expenditures		20,381,466	17,173,282	16,844,309	16,698,607
Evenes (Deficiency) of Bornauce					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(2 502 404)	240 425	454 207	(40,000)
over (under) Expenditures	_	(3,502,194)	219,435	151,327	 (43,039)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued		9,750,000			
Payment held by escrow agent		205,029	179,153	178,261	179,316
Premiums on bonds issued		252,572			
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		(205,029)	(179,153)	(178,261)	(179,316)
Operating transfers in		692,223	163,953	118,387	926,025
Operating transfers out		(692,223)	(163,953)	(118,387)	(926,025)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10,002,572	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances		6,500,378	219,435	 151,327	(43,039)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		12,879,406	12,654,993	12,503,666	12,551,556
Prior period adjustments		(503,919)	12,00 1,000	12,000,000	12,001,000
Beginning of period, as restated		12,375,487	 12,654,993	12,503,666	12,551,556
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		8,090	4,978	-	(4,851)
•		·		 	
End of Period	<u>\$</u>	18,883,955 \$	\$ 12,879,406	\$ 12,654,993	\$ 12,503,666

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

#### REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

## Acklen & Story, PLLC

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Columbia School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Columbia School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2018.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Columbia School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia School District's internal control. A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Columbia School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Acther & Story, PULC

Acklen & Story, PLLC Hattiesburg, Mississippi March 29, 2018

## Acklen & Story, PLLC

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report
on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Columbia School District

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Columbia School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Columbia School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Columbia School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Columbia School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Columbia School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Columbia School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Columbia School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Columbia School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Columbia School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Columbia School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rollien & Story, PLLC

Acklen & Story, PLLC Hattiesburg, Mississippi March 29, 2018 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

## Acklen & Story, PLLC

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Columbia School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, which collectively comprise Columbia School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 29, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Acklen & Story, PLLC
Hattiesburg, Mississippi
March 29, 2018

Acklen & Story, PLLC

Macklen & Story, PLLC

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Cin.	annial Ct	atements:								
1.		atements.  f auditor's report issued:		Unmodified						
2.	Interna									
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?		No						
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified	1?	None reported						
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial stat	ements noted?	No						
Fed	leral Awa	ards:								
4.	Interna	Il control over major programs:								
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No						
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		None reported						
5.	5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:									
6.	Any au with 2	uired to be reported in accordance	No							
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:								
	CFDA	<u>Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>						
	10.553	s; 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster							
	84.010		Title I grants to local educational age	encies						
8.	Dollar	threshold used to distinguish betw	veen type A and type B programs:	\$750,000						
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		No						
10.		fiscal year audit finding(s) and que	estioned costs relative to federal							

No

awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of

prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

#### COLUMBIA SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.