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Hancock County School District

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Hancock County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hancock County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hancock County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hancock County School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes

in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 5-13, 43-44, 45 and 46, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hancock County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2018, on our consideration of the Hancock County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hancock County School District's internal control over financial

reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hancock County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi

January 18, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The following discussion and analysis of Hancock County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2017 increased \$636,130, including a prior period adjustment of \$617,402, which represents a 2% increase from fiscal year 2016. Total net position for 2016 decreased \$454,470, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,978,205), which represents a 1% decrease from fiscal year 2015.
- General revenues amounted to \$36,236,112 and \$34,399,716, or 85% and 84% of all revenues for fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$6,319,079, or 15% of total revenues for 2017, and \$6,777,735, or 16% of total revenues for 2016.
- The District had \$43,769,673 and \$40,153,716 in expenses for fiscal years 2017 and 2016; only \$6,319,079 for 2017 and \$6,777,735 for 2016 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$36,236,112 for 2017 and \$34,399,716 for 2016 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$32,163,095 in revenues and \$31,454,987 in expenditures for 2017, and \$31,469,664 in revenues and \$31,219,037 in expenditures in 2016. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,142,997 from 2016 to 2017, and decreased by \$582,714 from 2015 to 2016.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$983,593, including a prior period adjustment of \$617,402, for 2017 and increased by \$311,143, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,921,749) for 2016. The decrease for 2017 was due primarily to construction in progress coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$3,225,000 for 2017 and decreased by \$3,150,000 for 2016. This decrease for 2017 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$22,135 for 2017 and decreased by \$88,003 for 2016.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability results in a liability on the government-wide financial statements but is not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General fund and each major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$42,992,560 as of June 30, 2017.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentag	ge
	June 30, 2017	 June 30, 2016	Change	<u> </u>
Current assets	\$ 20,970,044	\$ 22,266,712	-5.82	%
Restricted assets	4,282,888	2,316,471	84.89	%
Capital assets, net	 81,804,962	82,788,555	-1.19	%
Total assets	107,057,894	107,371,738	-0.29	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 11,436,930	 8,734,701	30.94	%
Current liabilities	1,360,730	2,773,651	-50.94	%
Long-term debt outstanding	17,461,933	20,709,068	-15.68	%
Net pension liability	56,351,890	48,972,578	15.07	%
Total liabilities	75,174,553	72,455,297	3.75	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 327,711	 1,294,712	-74.69	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	64,524,962	62,283,555	3.60	%
Restricted	6,188,544	5,320,183	16.32	%
Unrestricted	(27,720,946)	 (25,247,308)	-9.80	%
Total net position	\$ 42,992,560	\$ 42,356,430	1.50	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (27,720,946)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions	45,242,671
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension liability effect	\$ 17,521,725

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$983,593.
- The principal retirement of \$3,225,000 of long-term debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 were \$42,555,191 and \$41,177,451, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$43,769,673 for 2017 and \$40,153,716 for 2016.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2017	 Year Ended June 30, 2016	Percentag Change	_
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 907,789	\$ 1,018,726	(10.89)	%
Operating grants and contributions	5,411,290	5,759,009	(6.04)	%
General revenues:				
Property and gaming taxes	15,059,904	13,810,396	9.05	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	20,125,998	20,158,744	(0.16)	%
Investment earnings	242,280	83,671	189.56	%
Sixteenth section sources	501,325	172,961	189.85	%
Other	306,605	 173,944	76.27	%
Total revenues	 42,555,191	41,177,451	3.35	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	19,884,448	19,582,702	1.54	%
Support services	14,439,587	13,044,921	10.69	%
Non-instructional	2,146,739	2,314,121	(7.23)	%
Sixteenth section	30,113	12,114	148.58	%
Pension expense	6,948,971	4,756,718	46.09	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	319,815	 443,140	(27.83)	%
Total expenses	43,769,673	 40,153,716	9.01	%
Special items	 1,233,210	 500,000	146.64	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	18,728	1,523,735	(98.77)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	42,356,430	 42,810,900	(1.06)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	617,402	(1,978,205)	131.21	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	42,973,832	 40,832,695	5.24	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ 42,992,560	\$ 42,356,430	1.50	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Exp	enses	Percentag	ıe
		2017		2016	Change	
Instruction	\$	19,884,448	\$	19,582,702	1.54	%
Support services		14,439,587		13,044,921	10.69	%
Non-instructional		2,146,739		2,314,121	(7.23)	%
Sixteenth section		30,113		12,114	148.58	%
Pension Expense		6,948,971		4,756,718	46.09	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		319,815		443,140	(27.83)	%
Total expenses	\$	43,769,673	\$	40,153,716	9.01	%
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentag	j e
		Net (Exper	nse)	Revenue 2016	Percentag Change	je
Instruction	<u> </u>		nse) 		_	j e
Instruction Support services	\$	2017		2016	Change	
	\$	2017 (17,337,446)		2016 (17,154,307)	Change 1.07	% %
Support services	\$	2017 (17,337,446) (12,983,568)		2016 (17,154,307) (10,993,658)	1.07 18.10	% %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2017 (17,337,446) (12,983,568) 169,319		2016 (17,154,307) (10,993,658) (19,214)	1.07 18.10 (981.23)	% % %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$	2017 (17,337,446) (12,983,568) 169,319 (30,113)		2016 (17,154,307) (10,993,658) (19,214) (8,944)	1.07 18.10 (981.23) 236.68	% % % %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$37,450,594 for 2017 and \$33,375,981 for 2016) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property and gaming taxes (\$15,059,904 for 2017 and \$13,810,396 for 2016) and state and federal revenues (\$20,125,998 for 2017 and \$20,158,744 for 2016). In addition, there was \$501,325 and \$172,961 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$242,280 for 2017 and \$83,671 for 2016.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$23,978,833, an increase of \$2,003,781, which includes an increase in inventory of \$9,399. \$9,552,728 or 40% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$14,426,105 or 60% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,142,997. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$860,784, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$9,399, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund Increase (Decrease)

Title I Fund No increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2017, the District's total capital assets were \$111,034,322, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$1,585,676 from 2016. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017, was \$29,229,360, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$2,451,055, resulting in total net capital assets of \$81,804,962.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

				Percentag	je
	 lune 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	Change	
Land	\$ 1,138,400	\$	1,138,399	0.00	%
Construction in Progress	276,829		3,806,048	(92.73)	%
Buildings	72,780,807		72,351,755	0.59	%
Building improvements	4,110,162		-	N/A	%
Improvements other than buildings	821,717		2,511,475	(67.28)	%
Mobile equipment	2,248,931		2,614,907	(14.00)	%
Furniture and equipment	 428,116		365,971	16.98	%
Total	\$ 81,804,962	\$	82,788,555	(1.19)	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2017, the District had \$17,461,933 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$3,795,000 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$22,135 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

J	June 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	Percenta Change	•
\$	7,575,000 1,000,000	\$	9,850,000 1,470,000	(23.10) (31.97)	
	5,705,000		6,185,000	(7.76)	%
	3,000,000		3,000,000	0.00	%
	181,933		204,068	(10.85)	%
\$	17,461,933	\$	20,709,068	(15.68)	%
		1,000,000 5,705,000 3,000,000 181,933	\$ 7,575,000 \$ 1,000,000 5,705,000 3,000,000 181,933	\$ 7,575,000 \$ 9,850,000 1,000,000 1,470,000 5,705,000 6,185,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 181,933 204,068	June 30, 2017 June 30, 2016 Change \$ 7,575,000 \$ 9,850,000 (23.10) 1,000,000 1,470,000 (31.97) 5,705,000 6,185,000 (7.76) 3,000,000 3,000,000 0.00 181,933 204,068 (10.85)

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Hancock County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Hancock County School District, 17304 Hwy 603, Kiln, MS 39556.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2017	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,298,355
Investments	259,700
Due from other governments	1,336,583
Inventories	75,406
Restricted assets	4,282,888
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	1,138,400
Construction in progress	276,829
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	72,780,807
Building improvements	4,110,162
Improvements other than buildings	821,717
Mobile equipment	2,248,931
Furniture and equipment	428,116
Total Assets	107,057,894
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	11,436,930
Total deferred outflows of resources	11,436,930
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,274,099
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	86,631
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	,
Capital related liabilities	3,795,000
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	13,485,000
Non-capital related liabilities	181,933
Net pension liability	56,351,890
Total Liabilities	75,174,553
Deferred Inflows of Becourses	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions	327 711
Total deferred inflows of resources	327,711 327,711
Total deletted filliows of resources	321,111
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	64,524,962
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,431,048
Debt service	3,747,998
Forestry improvements	96,012
Unemployment benefits	126,630
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section principal	786,856
Unrestricted	(27,720,946)
Total Net Position	\$ 42,992,560
iolai NGLI Osilloli	Ψ 42,332,300

Statement of Activities									Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20)17			P	rogram Revenu	es			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section Pension expense Interest on long-term liabilities	\$	19,884,448 14,439,587 2,146,739 30,113 6,948,971 319,815	\$ 444,623 - 463,166 - -	\$	2,102,379 1,456,019 1,852,892 - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	(17,337,446) (12,983,568) 169,319 (30,113) (6,948,971) (319,815)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	43,769,673	\$ 907,789	\$	5,411,290	\$		\$	(37,450,594)
			General Revenu Taxes: General pu Debt purpo Gaming Unrestricted State Federal	ırpo	ose levies	buti	ons:		11,230,948 3,558,375 270,581 19,961,168 164,830
			Unrestricted Sixteenth se		vestment earnir	igs			242,280 501,325
			Other						306,605
			Total Ge	ne	ral Revenues			-	36,236,112
			Special items: Insurance lo	ss	recoveries				1,233,210
			Change in Net	Pos	sition				18,728
			Prior period adj	ust	ginning, as previ ment ginning, as resta				42,356,430 617,402 42,973,832
			Net Position - E	Enc	ding			\$	42,992,560

HANG	overnmental				
Balance Sheet					Exhibit C
June 30, 2017		_			
	 Ma _.	or F	unds	Other	Total
	General Fund		Title I Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,806,639	\$	-	\$ 4,005,722	\$ 21,812,361
Cash with fiscal agent	-		-	260,306	260,306
Investments	259,700		-	1,508,576	1,768,276
Due from other governments	414,487		251,025	671,071	1,336,583
Due from other funds	350,488		-	7,475	357,963
Inventories	-		-	75,406	75,406
Total assets	18,831,314		251,025	6,528,556	25,610,895
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,142,512	\$	44,717	\$ 86,870	\$ 1,274,099
Due to other funds	 -		206,308	151,655	357,963
Total Liabilities	 1,142,512		251,025	238,525	1,632,062
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	-		-	75,406	75,406
Permanent fund principal	-		-	786,856	786,856
Restricted:					
Debt service	-		-	3,834,629	3,834,629
Capital improvements	645,234		-	-	645,234
Grant activities	-		-	1,355,642	1,355,642
Forestry improvements	-		-	96,012	96,012
Unemployment benefits	-		-	126,630	126,630
Assigned:					
Activity funds	151,324		-	-	151,324
Special projects	408,489		-	-	408,489
Capital improvements	6,931,027		-	14,856	6,945,883
Unassigned	9,552,728		-	-	9,552,728
Total Fund Balances	17,688,802		-	6,290,031	23,978,833
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 18,831,314	\$	251,025	\$ 6,528,556	\$ 25,610,895

Governmental Funds				
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of June 30, 2017	Net Po	osition		Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds			\$	23,978,833
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 				
Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$ 	1,138,400 276,829 95,301,803 5,265,258 932,818 6,072,326 2,046,888 (29,229,360)		81,804,962
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability 		(56,351,890)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		11,436,930 (327,711)		(45,242,671)
3. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:				
General obligation bonds Limited obligation bonds Three mill notes payable Qualified school construction bonds Compensated absences		(7,575,000) (1,000,000) (5,705,000) (3,000,000) (181,933)		
Accrued interest payable		(86,631)	_	(17,548,564)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	42,992,560

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 Exhibit D

,	Major Funds				
		General	Title I	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	12,339,692	\$ - \$	4,176,650 \$	16,516,342
State sources		19,351,088	-	1,572,775	20,923,863
Federal sources		228,916	1,096,002	3,288,507	4,613,425
Sixteenth section sources		243,399	-	291,926	535,325
Total Revenues		32,163,095	1,096,002	9,329,858	42,588,955
Expenditures:					
Instruction		17,864,849	616,768	2,313,047	20,794,664
Support services		12,721,563	555,196	1,008,439	14,285,198
Noninstructional services		33,155	9,038	2,198,400	2,240,593
Sixteenth section		15,673	-	14,440	30,113
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		819,747	-	-	819,747
Principal		-	-	3,225,000	3,225,000
Interest		-	-	398,704	398,704
Other		-	-	-	
Total Expenditures		31,454,987	1,181,002	9,158,030	41,794,019
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		708,108	(85,000)	171,828	794,936
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance loss recoveries		1,233,210	-	-	1,233,210
Payment from QSCB debt service agent		-	-	196,172	196,172
Payment to QSCB escrow agent		-	-	(196,172)	(196,172)
Operating transfers in		50,000	85,000	1,016,303	1,151,303
Operating transfers out		(816,354)	-	(334,949)	(1,151,303)
Other financing uses		(31,967)	-	(1,797)	(33,764)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		434,889	85,000	679,557	1,199,446
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,142,997	-	851,385	1,994,382
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2016		16,545,805	-	5,429,247	21,975,052
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		-	-	9,399	9,399
June 30, 2017	\$	17,688,802	\$ - \$	6,290,031 \$	23,978,833

Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,994,382
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 	
Capital outlay \$850,797	
Depreciation expense (2,451,055)	(1,600,258)
 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. 	(737)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	
Payments of debt principal 3,225,000	
Accrued interest payable 78,889	3,303,889
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:	
Pension expense (6,948,971) Contributions subsequent to the measurement date 3,238,889	(3,710,082)
5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	
Change in compensated absences 22,135	
Change in inventory reserve 9,399	31,534
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 18,728

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2017	
	Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,176,159
Total Assets	\$ 2,176,159
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,024,100
Due to student clubs	152,059
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,176,159

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Hancock County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$ 0	0	
Buildings	50,000	40 years	
Building improvements	25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years	
Leased property under capital leases	*	*	

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$11,436,930 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$327,711 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan.

See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the Board of Education.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$ 21,812,361 and \$2,176,159, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$260,306.

Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
United States Treasuries Hancock Holding Company	AAA B	More than one More than one	\$ 1,508,576 259,700
Total			\$ 1,768,276

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

 United States Treasuries type of investments of \$1,768,276 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. The investments in the Hancock Holding Company are

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

uninsured and unregistered and are not backed by the full faith and credit of the federal government.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2017, the district had the following investments:

		Fair	% of Total
Issuer		Value	Investments
United States Treasuries Hancock Holding Company	\$_	1,508,576 259,700	85% 15%
	_	1,768,276	100%

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General fund	Title I fund	\$ 206,308
	Other governmental funds	144,180
Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds	7,475
Total		\$ 357,963

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 816,354
Other governmental funds	General fund	50,000
	Title I fund Other governmental funds	 85,000 199,949
Total		\$ 1,151,303

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the general fund and into the other governmental funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$786,856, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs

In addition, the restricted assets represents the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$249,847, of the MAEP limited obligation bonds debt service fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash, cash with fiscal agents balance, and investment balance, totaling \$237,238, \$10,459, and \$1,508,576, respectively, of the qualified school construction bond sinking fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$1,489,912, of other debt services funds whose assets are restricted for future debt service requirements.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Completed		Balance
	 7/1/2016	Increases	Decreases	Construction	Adjustments	6/30/2017
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 1,138,399 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	1 \$	1,138,400
Construction-in-progress	 3,806,048	819,747	-	(4,348,966)	-	276,829
Total non-depreciable capital assets	4,944,447	819,747	-	(4,348,966)	1	1,415,229
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	93,011,414	-	-	4,031,048	(1,740,659)	95,301,803
Building improvements	-	-	-	-	5,265,258	5,265,258
Improvements other than buildings	3,617,709	-	-	317,918	(3,002,809)	932,818
Mobile equipment	6,044,646	-	-	-	27,680	6,072,326
Furniture and equipment	1,830,430	31,050	(73,693)	-	259,101	2,046,888
Total depreciable capital assets	 104,504,199	31,050	(73,693)	4,348,966	808,571	109,619,093
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	20,659,659	1,850,234	-	-	11,103	22,520,996
Building improvements	-	108,262	-	-	1,046,834	1,155,096
Improvements other than buildings	1,106,234	37,313	-	-	(1,032,446)	111,101
Mobile equipment	3,429,739	341,413	-	-	52,243	3,823,395
Furniture and equipment	 1,464,459	113,833	(72,956)	-	113,436	1,618,772
Total accumulated depreciation	26,660,091	2,451,055	(72,956)	-	191,170	29,229,360
Total depreciable capital assets, net	77,844,108	(2,420,005)	(737)	4,348,966	617,401	80,389,733
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 82,788,555 \$	(1,600,258) \$	(737) \$	- \$	617,402 \$	81,804,962

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	1,375,251	
Support services		1,048,228	
Non-instructional		27,576	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	2,451,055	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	J	Spent to une 30, 2017		Remaining Commitment
HVAC project at HMS	<u> </u>	276,829	\$	167,659
Total construction in progress	\$_	276,829	\$_	167,659

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded by the local capital improvements fund.

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due
		7/1/2016	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2017	within one year
A. General obligation bonds page	yable \$	9,850,000 \$	- \$	(2,275,000) \$	7,575,000 \$	2,325,000
B. Limited obligation bonds pay	/able	1,470,000	-	(470,000)	1,000,000	1,000,000
C. Three mill notes payable		6,185,000	-	(480,000)	5,705,000	470,000
D. Qualified school construction	n bonds	3,000,000	-	-	3,000,000	-
E. Compensated absences pay	/able	204,068	-	(22,135)	181,933	_
Total	\$	20,709,068 \$	- \$	(3,247,135) \$	17,461,933 \$	3,795,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General obligation bonds, series 2012 General obligation bonds, series 2014	1.63% 1.50%	12/5/2012 6/10/2014	6/1/2021 6/10/2020	\$ 9,900,000 6,100,000	\$ 4,600,000 \$ 2,975,000
Total				\$ 16,000,000	\$ 7,575,000

Series 2012:

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 74,750	\$ 1,174,750
2019	1,100,000	56,876	1,156,876
2020	1,200,000	39,000	1,239,000
2021	1,200,000	19,500	1,219,500
Total	\$ 4,600,000	\$ 190,126	\$ 4,790,126

This debt will be retired from the 2012 G.O. Bonds Debt Service Fund.

Series 2014:

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 1,225,000	\$ 44,625	\$ 1,269,625
2019	1,350,000	26,250	1,376,250
2020	 400,000	6,000	406,000
Total	\$ 2,975,000	\$ 76,875	\$ 3,051,875

This debt will be retired from the 2014 G.O. Bonds Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 2,325,000	\$ 119,375	\$ 2,444,375
2019	2,450,000	83,126	2,533,126
2020	1,600,000	45,000	1,645,000
2021	 1,200,000	19,500	1,219,500
Total	\$ 7,575,000	\$ 267,001	\$ 7,842,001

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2017, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 2% of property assessments as of October 1, 2016.

B. Limited obligation bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	(Outstanding
State Aid Capital						_
Improvements Bond	3.0-3.6%	3/6/2008	2/1/2018	\$ 4,055,000	\$_	1,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
			_
2018	\$ 1,000,000 \$	26,907 \$	1,026,907
Total	\$ 1,000,000 \$	26,907 \$	1,026,907

This debt will be retired from the MAEP Bond Retirement Fund.

The state aid capital improvement bonds are secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Mississippi Accountability and Adequate Education Program Act, Sections 37-151-1 through 37-151-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The state aid capital improvement bonds are not included in the computation of the debt limit percentage.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

C. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity			Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	An	nount Issued	Outstanding
Three mill note	2.0-3.75%	10/1/2013	10/1/2027	\$	7,185,000	\$ 5,705,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
			_
2018	\$ 470,000 \$	160,456 \$	630,456
2019	485,000	150,906	635,906
2020	495,000	140,487	635,487
2021	505,000	128,606	633,606
2022	515,000	115,213	630,213
2023-2027	2,840,000	323,098	3,163,098
2028	 395,000	7,406	402,406
Total	\$ 5,705,000 \$	1,026,172 \$	6,731,172

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds payable Total	0.84%	1/15/2010	9/15/2023	\$3,000,000 \$3,000,000	\$3,000,000 \$3,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ -	\$ 25,200 \$	25,200
2019	-	25,200	25,200
2020	-	25,200	25,200
2021	-	25,200	25,200
2022	-	25,200	25,200
2023-2024	 3,000,000	50,400	3,050,400
Total	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 176,400 \$	3,176,400

This debt will be retired from the QSCB sinking debt service fund

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7— Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

Commitments under non-capital renovation contracts amount to \$477,575

Total contractual commitments (including construction contracts and renovation contracts) amounted to \$645,234.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2017 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$3,238,889, \$3,178,317 and \$3,117,313, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school district reported a liability of \$56,351,890 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability was .315476 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,948,971. At June 30, 2017 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$	\$
experience	1,573,690	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	3,828,619	-
Changes of assumptions	2,667,784	149,745
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	127,948	177,966
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	3,238,889	-
Total	\$ 11,436,930	\$ 327,711

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

\$3,238,889 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2018	\$ 2,772,450
2019	2,038,536
2020	1,946,099
2021	1,113,245
Total	\$ 7,870,330

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real			
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return			
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%		
International Equity	19		5.00			
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45			
Fixed Income	20		0.25			
Real Assets	10		4.00			
Private Equity	8		6.15			
Cash	1		(0.50)			
Total	100	%				

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	 Rate (7.75%)	 (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 72,255,759	\$ 56,351,890	\$ 43,156,836

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 10 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2018	Φ	400.057
	\$	130,957
2019		129,599
2020		119,295
2021		115,363
2022		100,283
2023-2027		480,446
2028-2032		423,338
2033-2037		317,242
Thereafter		503,148
Total	\$	2,319,671

Note 12- Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. The district only pays a supplemental interest rate as discussed in the preceding paragraph and therefore isn't eligible to receive an interest subsidy.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit in the sinking fund at June 30, 2017 was \$1,519,035. In addition, the QSCB Fund has \$237,238 in cash that will be used for future sinking fund deposits. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

	j
Year Ending	

June 30		Amount
2040	Φ.	044.000
2018	\$	214,000
2019		214,000
2020		214,000
2021		214,000
2022		215,000
2023-2024		430,000
Total	\$	1,501,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(27,720,946) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$11,436,930 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(27,720,946) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$327,711 balance of the deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

Note 14 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
To record capital assets acquired in a prior period and adjust to subsidiary records	\$ 617,402
Total	\$ 617,402

Note 15 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Hancock County School District received \$1,233,210 in insurance loss recoveries related to fire damage. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as a special item.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Hancock County School District evaluated the activity of the district through January 18, 2018, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

June 30, 2017

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original (GAAP Basis) to Final Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources 12,094,154 \$ 12,340,290 \$ 12,339,692 \$ 246,136 \$ (598)State sources 19,833,528 19,351,088 19,351,088 (482,440)Federal sources 155,775 228,916 228,916 73,141 106,250 Sixteenth section sources 443,399 243,399 337,149 (200,000)**Total Revenues** 32,189,707 32,363,693 32,163,095 173,986 (200,598)Expenditures: Instruction 18,188,581 17,864,849 294,610 29,122 17,893,971 Support services 12,860,043 12,123,646 12,721,563 736,397 (597,917) Noninstructional services 62,818 33,155 33,155 29,663 Sixteenth section 9,250 18,914 15,673 (9,664)3,241 1,010,000 Facilities acquisition and construction 2,257,290 819,747 (1,247,290)1,437,543 Total Expenditures 32,130,692 32,326,976 31,454,987 (196, 284)871,989 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 59,015 36,717 708,108 (22,298)671,391 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance loss recoveries 1,232,610 1,233,210 1,232,610 600 Operating transfers in 4,167,459 3,357,726 50,000 (809,733)(3,307,726)3,307,726 Operating transfers out (4,957,473)(4,124,080)(816, 354)833,393 Other financing uses (31,967)(31,967)(31,967)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (790,014)600 434,289 434,889 1,224,303 Net Change in Fund Balances (730,999)471,006 1,142,997 1,202,005 671,991 Fund Balances: July 1, 2016 16,545,805 16,545,805 16,545,805

15,814,806 \$

17,016,811 \$

17,688,802 \$

1,202,005 \$

671,991

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1 0. 1.10 104. 2.1.404 04.10 00, 201.				Varian	ces
		Positive (Negative)			
	 Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 1,353,390 \$	1,353,390	\$ 1,096,002 \$	- \$	(257,388)
Total Revenues	 1,353,390	1,353,390	1,096,002	-	(257,388)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	708,596	819,665	616,768	(111,069)	202,897
Support services	815,302	866,822	555,196	(51,520)	311,626
Noninstructional services	 18,320	21,009	9,038	(2,689)	11,971
Total Expenditures	1,542,218	1,707,496	1,181,002	(165,278)	526,494
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (188,828)	(354,106)	(85,000)	(165,278)	269,106
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	 (1,329)	-	85,000	1,329	85,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,329)	-	85,000	1,329	85,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(190,157)	(354,106)	-	(163,949)	354,106
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2016	 -	-	-	-	
June 30, 2017	\$ (190,157) \$	(354,106)	\$ - \$	(163,949) \$	354,106

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 56,351,890	48,972,578	38,265,335
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.315476%	0.316810%	0.315248%
District's covered payroll	20,179,790	19,792,463	19,263,263
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	279.25%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,238,889	3,178,317	3,117,313
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 3,238,889	3,178,317	3,117,313
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-
District's covered payroll	20,564,375	20,179,790	19,792,463
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017 Catalog of Federal Federal Grantor/ Domestic Pass-through Grantor/ Assistance Federal Program Title Expenditures No. U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program 10.553 431.812 National school lunch program 10.555 1.564.400 Summer food service program for children 10.559 40,627 2,036,839 Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 2,036,839 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 2,036,839 **U.S.** Department of Defense Direct Program: Reserve Officers' Training Corps 12.xxx 62,601 Total U.S. Department of Defense 62,601 **Federal Communications Commission** Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund 119,192 32.xxx **Total Federal Communications Commission** 119,192 U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies 84.010 1,096,002 Career and technical education - basic grants to states 84.048 86,228 Rural education 84.358 79,245 Improving teacher quality-State Grants 128,483 84.367 Subtotal 1,389,958 Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states 84.027 929,662 Special education - preschool grants 84.173 28,050 Total special education cluster 957,712 Total U.S. Department of Education 2,347,670 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program 93.778 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 47.123 Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Total for All Federal Awards 4,613,425

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Hancock County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Hancock County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Hancock County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Hancock County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$194,950 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 27,638,347 14,155,672	21,063,472 2,519,673	1,005,690 267,355	2,117,823 263,208	3,451,362 11,105,436
Total	\$ 41,794,019	23,583,145	1,273,045	2,381,031	14,556,798
Total number of students *	 4,470				
Cost per student	\$ 9,350	5,275	285	533	3,257

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2017	2016*	2015*	2014*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 12,339,692	\$ 11,412,243	\$ 11,592,715	\$ 11,186,844
State sources	19,351,088	19,474,321	19,369,131	18,023,463
Federal sources	228,916	399,690	230,824	229,064
Sixteenth section sources	 243,399	183,410	123,384	
Total Revenues	32,163,095	31,469,664	31,316,054	29,439,371
Expenditures:				
Instruction	17,864,849	17,459,578	17,318,079	16,969,137
Support services	12,721,563	13,258,994	11,746,713	11,440,803
Noninstructional services	33,155	59,459	61,176	61,379
Sixteenth section	15,673	11,464	5,444	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	 819,747	429,542	26,500	117,369
Total Expenditures	 31,454,987	31,219,037	29,157,912	28,588,688
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 708,108	250,627	2,158,142	850,683
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	1,233,210	12,623	3,404	9,539
Sale of other property	-	-	-	78,382
Operating transfers in	50,000	-	8,558,318	-
Operating transfers out	(816,354)	(1,345,964)	(1,244,416)	(1,162,342)
Other financing uses	(31,967)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 434,889	(1,333,341)	7,317,306	(1,074,421)
Special items	 _	500,000		
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,142,997	(582,714)	9,475,448	(223,738)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	16,545,805	17,128,519	5,655,956	5,879,694
Fund reclassification	-	-	1,997,115	-
Beginning of period, as restated	16,545,805	17,128,519	7,653,071	5,879,694
End of Period	\$ 17,688,802	\$ 16,545,805	\$ 17,128,519	\$ 5,655,956

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2017	2016*		2015*	2014*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 16,516,342	\$ 15,061,285	\$	14,950,462	\$ 15,453,167
State sources	20,923,863	21,130,333	:	21,210,035	19,396,593
Federal sources	4,613,425	4,787,420		5,240,072	5,896,762
Sixteenth section sources	535,325	185,790		125,478	116,560
Total Revenues	 42,588,955	41,164,828		41,526,047	40,863,082
Expenditures:					
Instruction	20,794,664	20,424,380		20,552,094	19,955,220
Support services	14,285,198	14,788,842		13,250,331	13,437,230
Noninstructional services	2,240,593	2,175,628		2,186,140	2,169,909
Sixteenth section	30,113	12,114		13,892	5,206
Facilities acquisition and construction	819,747	3,055,573		8,981,570	4,964,650
Debt service:					
Principal	3,225,000	3,150,000		3,025,000	3,615,466
Interest	398,704	456,824		591,055	674,642
Other	-	3,027		3,400	-
Total Expenditures	41,794,019	44,066,388		48,603,482	44,822,323
·					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 794,936	(2,901,560)		(7,077,435)	(3,959,241)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds issued	_	_		_	6,100,000
Insurance recovery	1,233,210	12,623		3,404	9,539
Payment from QSCB escrow agent	196,172	213,922		213,918	213,939
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(196,172)	(213,922)		(213,918)	(213,939)
Sale of other property	-	(= : = , = = -) -		(= : = ; = : = ;	78,382
Operating transfers in	1,151,303	3,243,288		14,036,820	2,398,323
Operating transfers out	(1,151,303)	(3,243,288)		14,036,820)	(2,398,323)
Other financing uses	(33,764)	(0,2 :0,200)	`	- 1,000,020,	(27,700)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,199,446	12,623		3.404	6,160,221
	.,,	,		0, 10 1	0,:00,22:
Special items	 -	500,000		-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,994,382	(2,388,937)		(7,074,031)	2,200,980
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported	21,975,052	24,416,978	;	31,491,073	29,281,714
Prior period adjustments		(56,456)		-	
Beginning of period, as restated	 21,975,052	24,360,522		31,491,073	29,281,714
			<u> </u>	•	
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 9,399	3,467		(64)	8,379
End of Period	\$ 23,978,833	\$ 21,975,052	\$:	24,416,978	\$ 31,491,073

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Hancock County School District Kiln, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hancock County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hancock County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Hancock County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hancock County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hancock County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hancock County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Cuminan CAS

Belzoni, Mississippi

January 18, 2018

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Hancock County School District Kiln, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hancock County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Hancock County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Hancock County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Hancock County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Hancock County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Hancock County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Hancock County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Hancock County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Hancock County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hancock County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

January 18, 2018

INDEPENDENT	⁻ AUDITOR'S RE	PORT ON COM	IPLIANCE WITI	H STATE LAWS A	AND REGULATIONS

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Hancock County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hancock County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, which collectively comprise Hancock County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Curring CAS

Belzoni, Mississippi

January 18, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ncial Sta	atements:						
1.	Type of	Unmodified						
2.	Interna							
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	?	No				
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identifi	ied?	None reported				
3.	Noncor	No						
Federal Awards:								
4.	Internal control over major programs:							
	a.	No						
	b.	None reported						
5.	Type of	Unmodified						
6.	Any auw	No						
7.	Identification of major programs:							
	CFDA Numbers		Name of Federal Program or Cluster	· -				
	Special Education Cluster:							
	84.027 84.173		Special Education – Grants to States	3				
			Special Education – Preschool Gran	ts				
8.		hreshold used to distinguish n type A and type B programs:		\$750,000				
9.	Auditee	qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes				

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

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SUMMARY OF PRIOR FEDERAL AUDIT FINDINGS

As required by 2 CFR 200.511(b), the Hancock County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following summary schedule of prior audit findings as of June 30, 2016:

Finding Status

2016-03 Corrected