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OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 4-12 and 40-46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2017, on our consideration of the Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi December 15, 2017 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Ocean Springs School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2017 decreased \$3,398,212, including a prior period adjustment of (\$3,968), which represents a 99.5% decrease from fiscal year 2016. Total net position for 2016 increased \$614,569 which represents a 15% increase from fiscal year 2015.
- General revenues amounted to \$45,245,095 and \$45,203,290, or 88% and 87% of all revenues for fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$6,426,560, or 12% of total revenues for 2017, and \$6,672,875, or 13% of total revenues for 2016.
- The District had \$55,065,899 and \$51,261,596 in expenses for fiscal years 2017 and 2016; only \$6,426,560 for 2017 and \$6,672,875 for 2016 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$45,245,095 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs and \$45,203,290 for 2016 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$42,760,512 in revenues and \$40,393,530 in expenditures for 2017, and \$42,231,906 in revenues and \$39,523,686 in expenditures in 2016. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,243,068 from 2016 to 2017, and increased by \$2,324,360 from 2015 to 2016.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$1,253,478 for 2017 and decreased by \$2,440,216 for 2016. The decrease for 2017 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, including the liability for compensated absences, decreased by \$492,827 for 2017 and decreased by \$1,795,484 for 2016. The decrease for 2017 was due primarily to the refunding on general obligation bonds and the payment of principal during the fiscal year. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$22,173 for 2017 and increased by \$8,003 for 2016.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability results in a liability on the government-wide financial statements but is not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$6,813,949 as of June 30, 2017.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

					Percentag	ge
		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	Change	
Current assets	\$	13,812,885	\$	12,643,769	9.25	%
Restricted assets		4,391,046		3,897,507	12.66	%
Capital assets, net		63,960,949		65,214,427	(1.92)	%
Total assets		82,164,880		81,755,703	0.50	%
Deferred outflows of resources	_	18,245,497		11,719,672	55.68	%
Current liabilities		142,672		173,736	(17.88)	%
Long-term debt outstanding		27,969,763		28,462,590	(1.73)	%
Net pension liability		78,902,222		66,469,521	18.70	%
Total liabilities		107,014,657	_	95,105,847	12.52	%
Deferred inflows of resources		209,669		1,785,265	(88.26)	%
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		38,221,205		37,470,171	2.00	%
Restricted		7,468,570		5,218,597	43.11	%
Unrestricted		(52,503,724)		(46, 104, 505)	(13.88)	%
Total net position	\$	(6,813,949)	\$	(3,415,737)	(99.49)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (52,503,724)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability, including the deferred outflows and deferred inflows related	
to pensions	62,198,185
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ 9,694,461

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$1,253,478.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$78,902,222.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 were \$51,671,655 and \$51,876,165, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$55,065,899 for 2017 and \$51,261,596 for 2016.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and

June 30, 2016.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2017	Year Ended une 30, 2016	Percentag Change	je
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,553,670	\$ 1,628,006	(4.57)	%
Operating grants and contributions	4,872,890	5,044,869	(3.41)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	17,829,150	16,829,539	5.94	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	27,020,154	27,057,359	(0.14)	%
Investment earnings	104,763	113,295	(7.53)	%
Sixteenth Section sources	5,984	-	N/A	%
Other	 285,044	 1,203,097	(76.31)	%
Total revenues	 51,671,655	 51,876,165	(0.39)	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	26,039,047	25,050,275	3.95	%
Support services	16,119,671	17,107,642	(5.78)	%
Non-instructional	1,988,384	1,886,226	5.42	%
Pension expense	10,163,043	6,302,242	61.26	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 755,754	915,211	(17.42)	%
Total expenses	 55,065,899	 51,261,596	7.42	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (3,394,244)	 614,569	(652.30)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(3,415,737)	(4,030,306)	15.25	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 (3,968)		N/A	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (3,419,705)	 (4,030,306)	15.15	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (6,813,949)	\$ (3,415,737)	(99.49)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of five major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Ехре	enses	Percentage
		2017		2016	Change
Instruction	\$	26,039,047	\$	25,050,275	3.95 %
Support services		16,119,671		17,107,642	(5.78) %
Non-instructional		1,988,384		1,886,226	5.42 %
Pension Expense		10,163,043		6,302,242	61.26 %
Interest on long-term liabilities		755,754		915,211	(17.42) %
Total expenses		55,065,899	<u> </u>		7.42 %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		2017		2016	Change
Instruction	\$	(23,051,503)	\$	(21,767,373)	(5.90) %
Support services		(15, 135, 851)		(16, 158, 265)	6.33 %
Non-instructional		466,812		554,370	(15.79) %
Pension Expense		(10,163,043)		(6,302,242)	(61.26) %
Interest on long-term liabilities		(355 354)		(015 211)	(17 (2) 0/
Total net (expense) revenue		(755,754)		(915,211)	(17.42) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$48,639,339 for 2017 and \$44,588,721 for 2016) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$17,829,150 for 2017 and \$16,829,539 for 2016) and state and federal revenues (\$27,020,154 for 2017 and \$27,057,359 for 2016).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$104,763 for 2017 and \$113,295 for 2016.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$18,152,408, an increase of \$1,634,073, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$16,900. \$9,521,334, or 52% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$8,631,074, or 48% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,243,068. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$44,826, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$16,900. The

increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	no increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	no increase or decrease
2009 Bond Debt Service Fund	\$ 19,366
QSCB Bond Fund	\$ 326,813

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2017, the District's total capital assets were \$97,291,228, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$322,360 from 2016 due primarily to improvements to facilities and the purchase of buses and furniture and equipment during the fiscal year. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017, was \$33,330,279, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,712,441, resulting in total net capital assets of \$63,960,949.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

			Percentag	е	
	 June 30, 2017	 June 30, 2016	<u>Change</u>		
Land	\$ 2,055,028	\$ 2,055,424	(0.02)	%	
Construction in Progress	-	15,792	(100.00)	%	
Buildings	53,879,614	55,080,368	(2.18)	%	
Building improvements	5,776,743	5,744,652	0.56	%	
Improvements other than buildings	1,097,856	1,155,365	(4.98)	%	
Mobile equipment	989,364	1,000,945	(1.16)	%	
Furniture and equipment	162,344	156,797	3.54	%	
Leased property under capital leases	 <u>-</u>	 5,084	(100.00)	%	
Total	\$ 63,960,949	\$ 65,214,427	(1.92)	%	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2017, the District had \$27,969,763 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$3,153,238 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$22,173 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	<u>J</u>	June 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	Percenta Change	_
General Obligation bonds payable	\$	24,060,000	\$	24,575,000	(2.10)	%
Three Mill notes payable		525,000		525,000	-	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		3,000,000		3,000,000	-	%
Compensated absences payable		384,763		362,590	6.12	%
Total	\$	27,969,763	\$	28,462,590	(1.73)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Ocean Springs School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Ocean Springs School District, 2300 Government Street, Ocean Springs, MS 39564.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position Exhibit A June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Assets	7.6.1.4.1.00
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,654,787
Cash with fiscal agents	1,349
Due from other governments	1,105,116
Inventories	51,633
Restricted assets	4,391,046
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	2,055,028
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	53,879,614
Building improvements	5,776,743
Improvements other than buildings	1,097,856
Mobile equipment	989,364
Furniture and equipment	162,344
Total Assets	82,164,880
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow from advance refunding of debt	1,331,791
Deferred outflow related to pensions	16,913,706
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	18,245,497
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	50,740
Unearned revenue	783
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	91,149
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	3,134,000
Non-capital related liabilities	19,238
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	24,451,000
Non-capital related liabilities	365,525
Net pension liability	78,902,222
Total Liabilities	107,014,657
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflow related to pensions	209,669
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	209,669
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	38,221,205
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	3,503,853
Debt service	3,860,084
Capital improvements	8,054
Unemployment benefits	96,579
Unrestricted	(52,503,724)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (6,813,949)

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities June 30, 2017

Exhibit B

				1	Prog	gram Revenues	S			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		•				Operating		Capital		
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	26,039,047	\$	571,832	\$	2,415,712	\$	-	\$	(23,051,503)
Support services	·	16,119,671	•	5,302	•	978,518	·	_	•	(15,135,851)
Non-instructional		1,988,384		976,536		1,478,660		-		466,812
Pension expense		10,163,043		, -		, , -		_		(10,163,043)
Interest on long-term liabilities		755,754		-		-		-		(755,754)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	55,065,899	\$	1,553,670	\$	4,872,890	\$	-	\$	(48,639,339)
				General Revenu Taxes: General pu	rpos					14,517,425
				Debt purpo						3,311,725
					grai	nts and contrib	buti	ons:		00 070 000
				State						26,879,860
				Federal						140,294
						estment earnin	igs			104,763
				Sixteenth se	CTIO	n sources				5,984
				Other Total Co	norc	al Revenues				285,044
				Total Ge	Heid	i Neveriues				45,245,095
				Change in Net F	Posi	tion				(3,394,244)
				Net Position - B	Begir	nning, as previ	ious	sly reported		(3,415,737)
				Prior Period A	djus	stments				(3,968)
				Net Position - B	Begir	nning, as resta	atec	i		(3,419,705)
				Net Position (de	eficit	t) - Ending			\$	(6,813,949)

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Exhibit C

Balance Sheet
June 30, 2017

			Major Fund	s				
	General	Title I	IDEA Part B		2009 Bond Debt	QSCB Bond	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund		Service Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets	 							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,430,446	\$ -	\$ -	\$	983,765	\$ 326,538 \$	2,212,201	\$ 14,952,950
Cash with fiscal agents	1,349	-	-		-	12,127	-	13,476
Investments		-	-		-	2,080,756	-	2,080,756
Due from other governments	603,759	127,924	137,310		59,118	3,600	173,405	1,105,116
Due from other funds	365,970	-	-		-	814	69	366,853
Inventories		-	_		-	_	51,633	51,633
Total assets	\$ 12,401,524	\$ 127,924	\$ 137,310	\$	1,042,883	\$ 2,423,835 \$	2,437,308	\$ 18,570,784
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 22,615	\$ 4,286	\$ 5,294	\$	-	\$ - \$	18,545	\$ 50,740
Due to other funds	69	123,638	132,016		-	-	111,130	366,853
Unavailable revenue - federal programs		-	-		-	-	783	783
Total Liabilities	22,684	127,924	137,310		-	-	130,458	 418,376
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		-	-		-	-	51,633	51,633
Restricted:		-	-		-	-		
Debt service		-	-		1,042,883	2,423,835	484,515	3,951,233
Capital projects		-	-		-	-	513,465	513,465
Grant activities		-	-		-	-	997,000	997,000
Unemployment benefits		-	-		-	-	96,579	96,579
Ad Valorem	244,686	-	-		-	-	-	244,686
Committed:		-	-		-	-		
Capital projects		-	-		-	-	8,054	8,054
Self-funded insurance/contingency	2,184,385	-	-		-	-		2,184,385
Scholarship awards							19,353	19,353
Vocational							6,796	6,796
Assigned:		-	-		-	-		
Activity Funds	428,435	-	-		-	-	-	428,435
Grant activities		-	-		-	-	129,455	129,455
Unassigned	9,521,334	-				-	-	9,521,334
Total Fund Balances	12,378,840	-	-		1,042,883	2,423,835	2,306,850	18,152,408
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 12,401,524	\$ 127,924	\$ 137,310	\$	1,042,883	\$ 2,423,835 \$	2,437,308	\$ 18,570,784

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Exhibit C-1 For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 18,152,408
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:		
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 		
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment	\$ 2,055,028 79,740,431 7,458,379 1,477,662 3,823,927 2,735,801	
Accumulated depreciation	 (33,330,279)	63,960,949
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(78,902,222)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	16,913,706 (209,669)	(62,198,185)
3. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds General obligation refunding bonds Other bonds payable Notes payable Compensated absences Unamortized charges Accrued interest payable	(6,200,000) (17,860,000) (3,000,000) (525,000) (384,763) 1,331,791 (91,149)	(26,729,121)
Net Position of governmental activities	,	\$ (6,813,949)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances 6/30/2017

Exhibit D

			Major Funds	3					
	General Fund	Title I Fund	IDEA Part B Fund		2009 Bond Debt Service Fund	Q	SCB Bond Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:									
Local sources	\$ 15,437,165	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,276,866	\$	156,597	1,896,695	\$ 19,767,323
State sources	27,097,959	-	-		-		-	843,585	27,941,544
Federal sources	219,404	683,296	1,141,701		-		-	1,907,101	3,951,502
Sixteenth section sources	 5,984	-	-		-		-	-	5,984
Total Revenues	42,760,512	683,296	1,141,701		2,276,866		156,597	4,647,381	51,666,353
Expenditures:									
Instruction	25,535,539	604,835	685,448		-		-	2,267,217	29,093,039
Support services	14,855,776	7,960	445,885		-		-	729,645	16,039,266
Noninstructional services	2,215	7,232	-		-		-	2,046,417	2,055,864
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-		-		-	170,322	170,322
Debt service:		-	-		-		-		
Principal		-	-		1,893,000		-	850,000	2,743,000
Interest		-	-		382,223		-	68,371	450,594
Other	-	-	-		205,509		2,850	8,470	216,829
Total Expenditures	40,393,530	620,027	1,131,333		2,480,732		2,850	6,140,442	50,768,914
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	 2,366,982	63,269	10,368		(203,866)		153,747	(1,493,061)	897,439
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Bonds and notes issued		-	-		-		-	525,000	525,000
Insurance recovery	5,302	-	-		-		-	-	5,302
Refunding bonds issued		-	-		18,253,000		-	-	18,253,000
Payments held by escrow agent		-	-		-		280,220	-	280,220
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	-		(18,029,768)		-	-	(18,029,768)
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent		-	-		-		(280,220)	-	(280,220)
Operating transfers in	31,473	-	-		-		173,066	1,217,431	1,421,970
Operating transfers out	(1,160,689)	(63, 269)	(10,368)		-		-	(187,644)	(1,421,970)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,123,914)	(63,269)	(10,368)		223,232		173,066	1,554,787	753,534
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,243,068	-	-		19,366		326,813	61,726	1,650,973
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2016, as previously reported	11,135,772	-	-		1,023,517		2,097,022	2,262,024	16,518,335
Increase (Decrease) in inventory								(16,900)	(16,900)
June 30, 2017	\$ 12,378,840	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,042,883	\$	2,423,835	2,306,850	\$ 18,152,408

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT **Governmental Funds**

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Exhibit D-1

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

1,650,973

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay	\$ 464,690	
Depreciation expense	(1,712,441)	(1,247,751)
the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of		

2. In th assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.

(1,759)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of longterm debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect

Refunding bonds issued (18,253,000) Payments of debt principal 2,743,000 Payments to refunded bond escrow agent 18,029,768
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent 18,029,768
According to the second
Accrued interest payable59,646 2,054,414

Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:

Recording of pension expense for the current period	(10,163,043)	
Recording of contributions made subsequent to the		
measurement date	4,499,972	(5,663,071)

5. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:

Change in compensated absences	(22,173)	
Change in inventory	(16,900)	
Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	(147,977)	(187,050)

Change in Net Position of governmental activities

(3,394,244)

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Exhibit E

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

6/30/2017	
	Agency
	Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,566,689
Total Assets	\$ 2,566,689
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,356,844
Due to student clubs	 209,845
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,566,689

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Ocean Springs since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Ocean Springs School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources
 imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund - This is a special revenue fund that is used to account for the revenue and expenditures of federal Title I funds for low income based school sites.

IDEA Part B Fund - This is a special revenue fund that is used to account for the resources related to the education of children with disabilities.

2009 Bond Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for the debt service activities for the 2009 General obligation bonds.

QSCB Bond Fund – This fund accounts the sinking fund activities of the qualified school construction bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Accounts - These funds are used to account for the transactions of student clubs.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely

custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of two counties on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications

recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems*, *2014*, issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Due from Other Governments.

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types

since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Estimated Useful Life		
\$ 0	0		
50,000	40 years		
25,000	20 years		
25,000	20 years		
5,000	5-10 years		
5,000	3-7 years		
Polic	50,000 25,000 25,000 5,000		

See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows that are related to the pension reporting and the advance refunding of debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that

time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting.

See Note 12 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision

or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the official approval of the commitment spread upon the School Board's minutes.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and

Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$14,952,950 and \$2,556,689, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2017, none of the district's bank balance of \$18,414,783 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$13,476.

Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
U.S Treasuries State & Local Governments	AA+	1 to 5 years	\$ 2,080,756
Total			\$ 2,080,756

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

 U.S. Treasury State & Local Government of \$2,080,756 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral

securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 123,638
	IDEA Part B Fund	132,016
	Other governmental funds	110,316
QSCB Bond Fund	Other governmental funds	814
Other governmental funds	General Fund	69
Total		\$ 366,853

The primary purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year-end closing adjustments.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 1,160,689
Title I Fund	General Fund	6,799
	Other governmental funds	56,470
IDEA Part B Fund	General Fund	10,368
Other governmental funds	General Fund	14,306
Other governmental funds Other governmental funds	QSCB Fund Other governmental funds	 173,066 272
Total		\$ 1,421,970

The primary purpose of the inter-fund transfers was to provide funds for daily operations. All inter-fund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash, cash with fiscal agent, and investment balance, totaling \$326,538, \$12,127, and \$2,080,756, respectively, of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund.

In addition, the restricted assets include the cash balance totaling \$983,765 of the 2009 Bond Debt Service Fund. It also includes the cash balance of \$474,395 and \$513,465 for the 2010 Debt Service funds and the unspent proceeds of the three mill construction fund, respectively.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

		Balance			D		Construction	A -1:		Balance
Once many and all Anti-differen	_	7/1/2016	Increases		Decreases		In progress	Adjustments		6/30/2017
Governmental Activities:										
Non-depreciable capital assets:	ф	2 055 424 €		Φ	200	Φ		c	Φ	0.055.000
Land	\$	2,055,424 \$	470 200	\$	396	\$	(400 444)	\$	\$	2,055,028
Construction-in-progress	-	15,792	170,322		000		(186,114)			-
Total non-depreciable capital assets		2,071,216	170,322		396		(186,114)	-		2,055,028
Depreciable capital assets:										
Buildings		79,740,431								79,740,431
Building improvements		7,243,510	28,755				186,114			7,458,379
Improvements other than buildings		1,477,663						(1)		1,477,662
Mobile equipment		3,653,078	175,563					(4,714)		3,823,927
Furniture and equipment		2,771,260	90,050		136,270			10,761		2,735,801
Leased property under capital lease		11,710						(11,710)		-
Total depreciable capital assets		94,897,652	294,368		136,270		186,114	(5,664)		95,236,200
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		24,660,063	1,200,755					(1)		25,860,817
Building improvements		1,498,858	182,779					(1)		1,681,636
Improvements other than buildings		322,298	57,508							379,806
Mobile equipment		2,652,133	184,126					(1,696)		2,834,563
Furniture and equipment		2,614,463	87,273		134,907			6,628		2,573,457
Leased property under capital lease		6,626						(6,626)		-
Total accumulated depreciation		31,754,441	1,712,441		134,907		-	(1,696)		33,330,279
Total depreciable capital assets, net		63,143,211	(1,418,073)		1,363		186,114	(3,968)		61,905,921
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	65,214,427 \$	(1,247,751)	\$	1,759	\$	-	\$ (3,968)	\$	63,960,949

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 92,846
Support services	1,613,942
Non-instructional	 5,653
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 1,712,441

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Refunding	Balance	Amounts due within one
		7/1/2016	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	6/30/2017	year
A.	General Obligation bonds payable	\$ 24,575,000 \$	\$	1,825,000	(16,550,000) \$	6,200,000 \$	2,300,000
	General Obligation refunding bonds payable		18,253,000	393,000		17,860,000	309,000
В.	Three Mill Notes payable	525,000	525,000	525,000		525,000	525,000
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000				3,000,000	-
D.	Compensated absences payable	362,590	43,870	21,697		384,763	19,238
	Total	\$ 28,462,590 \$	18,821,870 \$	2,764,697	\$	27,969,763 \$	3,153,238

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

			Maturity			Amount
Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Date	Ar	mount Issued	Outstanding
 General obligation bonds, 						
Series 2009	3.0%-4.0%	5/1/2009	5/1/2019	\$	30,000,000	\$ 3,700,000
2. General obligation bonds,						
Series 2010	4.00%	9/1/2010	9/1/2021		4,000,000	2,500,000
3. General obligation refunding						
bonds, Series 2016	1.2%-1.95%	8/16/2016	5/1/2026		18,253,000	17,860,000
Total				\$	52,253,000	\$ 24,060,000
				_		

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation bonds issued on May 1, 2009:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 1,800,000 \$	734,425 \$	2,534,425
2019	 1,900,000	678,625	2,578,625
Total	\$ 3,700,000 \$	1,413,050 \$	5,113,050

This debt will be retired from the 2009 Debt Service Fund.

2. General obligation bond issued on September 1, 2010:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 500,000 \$	54,250 \$	554,250
2019	400,000	44,438	444,438
2020	450,000	34,594	484,594
2021	750,000	19,875	769,875
2022	 400,000	5,250	405,250
Total	\$ 2,500,000 \$	158,407 \$	2,658,407

This debt will be retired from the 2010 Debt Service Fund.

3. General obligation refunding bonds issued on August 16, 2016:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 309,000 \$	299,022 \$	608,022
2019	313,000	295,160	608,160
2020	2,317,000	291,091	2,608,091
2021	2,529,000	258,653	2,787,653
2022	2,634,000	220,718	2,854,718
2023	2,587,000	177,257	2,764,257
2024	2,641,000	133,278	2,774,278
2025	2,595,000	85,740	2,680,740
2026	1,935,000	37,732	1,972,732
Total	\$ 17,860,000 \$	1,798,651 \$	19,658,651

This debt will be retired from the 2009 Debt Service Fund.

Advance Refunding

On August 16,2016, the district issued \$18,253,000 in General obligation refunding bonds with an interest rate ranging from 1.2% to 1.95% to advance refund \$16,550,000 of outstanding 2020 - 2026 maturities of the outstanding General Obligation bonds, series 2009 with an interest rate of 3.5% to 3.75%. The net proceeds of \$18,029,767 after payments of \$223,233 for issuance costs were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt payment requirements on the general obligation bonds.

As a result, the General Obligation Bonds, series 2009 with maturities from 2020 - 2026 are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from long-term liabilities.

The district advance refunded the General Obligation Bonds, series 2009 to reduce its total debt service payments over the remaining ten years of the debt by approximately \$680,700 and to realize a debt service savings of \$680,700. A deferred outflow of \$1,479,768 resulted from deferred charges on the advance refunding of the General Obligation Bonds, series 2009 and will be amortized over ten years at \$147,977 per year.

Refer to note 12 for additional details of the advance refunding bonds, series 2016.

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 2,609,000 \$	1,087,697 \$	3,696,697
2019	2,613,000	1,018,223	3,631,223
2020	2,767,000	325,685	3,092,685
2021	3,279,000	278,528	3,557,528
2022	3,034,000	225,968	3,259,968
2023 – 2026	9,758,000	434,007	10,192,007
Total	\$ 24,060,000 \$	3,370,108 \$	27,430,108

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2017, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 8.4% of property assessments as of October 1, 2016.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	0	Amount utstanding
Limited tax notes payble, Series 2016	1.05%	5/10/2016	5/10/2017	\$ 525,000	\$	-
Limited tax notes payble, Series 2017	1.42%	4/19/2017	4/19/2018	525,000		525,000
Total				\$ 1,050,000	\$	525,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 525,000 \$	7,455 \$	532,455
Total	\$ 525,000 \$	7,455 \$	532,455

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund.

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 11, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified school construction					
bonds, Series 2010	0.00%	1/15/2010	9/15/2019	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000
Total				\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ - \$	- \$	-
2019	-	-	-
2020	 3,000,000	-	3,000,000
Total	\$ 3,000,000 \$	- \$	3,000,000

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Sinking Fund (Debt Service Fund).

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2017 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$4,499,972, \$4,449,288 and \$4,263,676, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school district reported a liability of \$78,902,222 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability was 0.441720 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016. This was an increase of 0.01172 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June

30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$10,163,043. At June 30, 2017 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,176,936	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	6,615,868	
Changes of assumptions	3,620,930	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		209,669
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	4,499,972	
Total	\$ 16,913,706	\$ 209,669

\$4,499,972 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2018	\$ 4,292,404
2019	3,369,199
2020	2,983,733
2021	1,558,729

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%
International Equity	19		5.00	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45	
Fixed Income	20		0.25	
Real Assets	10		4.00	
Private Equity	8		6.15	
Cash	1		(0.50)	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	 (6.75%)	 Rate (7.75%)	 (8.75%)
District's proportionate share	_	_	
of the net pension liability	\$ 101,170,338	\$ 78,902,222	\$ 60,426,903

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation		Amount
To correct capital assets from prior periods	_ \$	(3,968)
Total	\$	(3,968)

Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 10 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to payoff the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2017 was \$2,419,421. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2010	Φ.	007.400
2018	\$	307,433
2019		310,507
2020		313,594
Total	\$	931,534

Note 12 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$38,221,205 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt. The \$1,331,791 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2017, will be recognized as an expense and decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next nine years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$52,503,724) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$4,499,972 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. The \$12,413,734 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years. The \$209,669 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years.

Note 13 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Ocean Springs School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 15, 2017, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Variances
Positive (Negative)

						 Positive ((Negat	ive)	
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Original		Final	
	Original		Final		(GAAP Basis)	to Final	t	o Actual	
Revenues:									
Local sources	\$ 14,803,831	\$	15,437,165	\$	15,437,165	\$ 633,334	5	-	
State sources	27,325,270		27,097,959		27,097,959	(227,311)		-	
Federal sources	236,000		219,404		219,404	(16,596)		-	
Sixteenth Section sources	-		5,984		5,984	5,984			
Total Revenues	42,365,101		42,760,512		42,760,512	395,411		-	
Expenditures:									
Instruction	26,786,998		25,535,538		25,535,539	1,251,460		(1)	
Support services	15,373,811		14,855,776		14,855,776	518,035		-	
Noninstructional services	-		2,215		2,215	(2,215)		-	
Total Expenditures	42,160,809		40,393,529		40,393,530	1,767,280		(1)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures	 204,292		2,366,983		2,366,982	2,162,691		(1)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers in	6,038,468		5,810,478		31,473	(227,990)		(5,779,005)	
Insurance recovery					5,302	-		5,302	
Operating transfers out	(7,201,485)		(6,934,394)		(1,160,689)	267,091		5,773,705	
Other financing uses	-					-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,163,017)		(1,123,916)		(1,123,914)	39,101		2	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(958,725)		1,243,067		1,243,068	2,201,792		1	
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2016, as previously reported	11,135,772		11,135,772		11,135,772	-		-	
Prior period adjustments	-		-		-	-		-	
July 1, 2016, as restated	11,135,772		11,135,772		11,135,772	-			
June 30, 2017	\$ 10,177,047	\$	12,378,839	\$	12,378,840	\$ 2,201,792 \$	<u> </u>	1	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Variances

						Positive	(Neg	ative)
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Original		Final	
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	t	o Actual
Revenues:								
Federal sources	\$	683,243	\$	683,296	\$ 683,296	\$ 53	\$	
Total Revenues		683,243		683,296	683,296	53		
Expenditures:								
Instruction		612,443		604,835	604,835	7,608		-
Support services		-		7,960	7,960	(7,960)		-
Noninstructional services		6,800		7,232	7,232	(432)		
Total Expenditures		619,243		620,027	620,027	(784)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		64,000		63,269	63,269	(731)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating transfers out		(64,000)		(63, 269)	(63,269)	731		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(64,000)		(63,269)	(63,269)	731		
Net Change in Fund Balances				-	-	-		
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2016		-		-	-	-		
June 30, 2017	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final to Final Original (GAAP Basis) Final to Actual Revenues: Federal sources 1,109,502 1,141,701 1,141,701 32,199 **Total Revenues** 1,109,502 1,141,701 1,141,701 32,199 **Expenditures:** Instruction 716,815 685,448 685,448 31,367 Support services 382,687 445,885 445,885 (63, 198)Noninstructional services Total Expenditures 1,099,502 1,131,333 1,131,333 (31,831)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 10,368 over (under) Expenditures 10,000 10,368 368 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out (10,000)(10,368)(10,368)(368)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (10,000)(10,368)(10,368)(368)Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances: July 1, 2016 June 30, 2017 \$

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Ocean Springs School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 78,902,222	66,469,520	52,194,127
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.441720%	0.430000%	0.430000%
District's covered payroll	28,249,448	27,070,959	26,389,187
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	279.305%	245.538%	197.786%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Ocean Springs School District Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contribution	\$	2017 4,499,972 \$	2016 4,449,288	_	2015
Contractually required contribution	Ф	4,499,972 \$	4,449,200	Φ	4,263,676
Contributions in relation to the contractually					
required contribution		4,499,972	4,449,288		4,263,676
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	\$		\$ =	
District's covered payroll		28,571,251	28,249,448		27,070,959
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%		15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program National school lunch program	10.553 10.555	\$ 316,622 1,216,053
Total child nutrition cluster Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Defense Direct Program:		1,532,675 1,532,675 1,532,675
Reserve Officers' Training Corps Passed-through National Math and Science Initiative:	12.XXX	78,256
Invitational Grants for Military-Connected Schools Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.557	29,974 108,230
U.S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies Impact Aid Career and technical education - basic grants to states Rehabilitation Services Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States English Language acquisition grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Subtotal Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants Total special education cluster	84.010 84.041 84.048 84.126 84.365 84.367	683,296 42,183 42,946 854 7,200 169,729 946,208 1,154,549 37,559 1,192,108
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Education U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.778	2,138,316 2,138,316 30,446 30,446 30,446
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 3,809,667

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Marion County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Marion County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Marion County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Marion County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

The pass-through entities did not assign identifying numbers to the school district.

Donated commodities of \$92,733 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

<u>Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds</u>

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 32,133,373 18,635,541	25,193,811 3,330,860	785,146 98,614	2,557,174 78,403	3,597,242 15,127,664
Total	\$ 50,768,914	28,524,671	883,760	2,635,577	18,724,906
Total number of students *	 5,736				
Cost per student	\$ 8,850	4,973	154_	459_	3,264

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2017	2016*	2015*	2014*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 15,437,165	14,690,337	14,259,889 \$	13,959,432
State sources	27,097,959	27,347,236	25,942,813	24,157,401
Federal sources	219,404	194,333	276,184	239,564
Sixteenth section sources	 5,984		2,842	
Total Revenues	 42,760,512	42,231,906	40,481,728	38,356,397
Expenditures:				
Instruction	25,535,539	24,627,393	23,800,938	23,538,956
Support services	14,855,776	14,888,042	14,942,334	15,105,948
Noninstructional services	2,215			
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,673	-	
Debt Service:				
Principal		3,487	3,621	3,439
Interest		91	282	464
Total Expenditures	 40,393,530	39,523,686	38,747,175	38,648,807
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 2,366,982	2,708,220	1,734,553	(292,410)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	5,302	4,816	7,563	4,274
Other financing sources	·	750,000		
Operating transfers in	31,473	32,381	38,488	45,538
Operating transfers out	(1,160,689)	(1,170,867)	(1,214,848)	(1,110,030)
Other financing uses		(190)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,123,914)	(383,860)	(1,168,797)	(1,060,218)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,243,068	2,324,360	565,756	(1,352,628)
Fund Balances:				
July 1, as previously reported	11,135,772	8,811,412	8,091,971	9,444,599
Fund reclassification			153,685	
July 1, as restated	11,135,772	8,811,412	8,245,656	9,444,599
End of Period	\$ 12,378,840	11,135,772	8,811,412 \$	8,091,971

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2017	2016*	2015*	2014*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 19,767,323 \$	18,989,300 \$	18,566,170 \$	17,759,101
State sources	27,941,544	28,219,011	26,748,212	25,343,563
Federal sources	3,951,502	3,883,215	3,816,460	3,597,117
Sixteenth Section sources	 5,984	-	2,842	3,160
Total Revenues	 51,666,353	51,091,526	49,133,684	46,702,941
Expenditures:				
Instruction	29,093,039	28,043,671	27,034,021	26,836,410
Support services	16,039,266	15,827,451	16,060,426	16,430,326
Noninstructional services	2,055,864	1,992,815	1,986,598	2,074,723
Facilities acquisition and construction	170,322	202,070	310,328	
Debt service:				
Principal	2,743,000	2,328,487	2,303,621	1,553,439
Interest	450,594	915,329	979,931	1,033,264
Other	 216,829	12,335	11,860	11,393
Total Expenditures	50,768,914	49,322,158	48,686,785	47,939,555
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	897,439	1,769,368	446,899	(1,236,614)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Energy efficiency leases issued	525,000	525,000	525,000	525,000
Insurance recovery	5,302	34,829	7,563	4,274
Refunding Bonds issued	18,253,000			
Payment held by escrow agent	280,220	280,579	298,319	295,436
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(18,029,768)			
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(280,220)	(280,579)	(298,319)	(295,436)
Operating transfers in	1,421,970	1,375,773	1,483,429	1,379,384
Other financing sources		750,000		
Operating transfers out	(1,421,970)	(1,375,773)	(1,483,429)	(1,379,384)
Other financing uses		(190)	(2,151)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 753,534	1,309,639	530,412	529,274
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,650,973	3,079,007	977,311	(707,340)
Fund Balances:				
July 1, as originally reported	 16,518,335	13,418,533	12,444,643	13,163,778
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(16,900)	20,795	(3,421)	(11,795)
End of Period	\$ 18,152,408 \$	16,518,335 \$	13,418,533 \$	12,444,643

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ocean Springs School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Ocean Springs School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ocean Springs School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ocean Springs School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ocean Springs School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not

express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKernzie CPA, PLLC

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi December 15, 2017



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Ocean Springs School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Ocean Springs School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Ocean Springs School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Ocean Springs School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Ocean Springs School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Ocean Springs School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the

purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ocean Springs School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi December 15, 2017 McKernzie CPA, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Ocean Springs School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean Springs School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, which collectively comprise Ocean Springs School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi December 15, 2017

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fina	ancial St	catements:	
1.	Type o	of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
2.	Interna	al control over financial reporting:	
۷.		· •	
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?	No
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified?	None reported
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Fed	eral Awa	ards:	
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:	
	a.	Material weakness identified?	No
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?	None reported
5.	Type o	of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program	s: Unmodified
6.		udit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in a CFR 200.516(a)?	ccordance No
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:	
	CFDA	Numbers Name of Federal Progr	ram or Cluster
	84.027	7; 84.173 Special Education Clus	ster
8.	Dollar	threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B p	programs: \$750,000
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
10.		fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to ds which would require the auditee to prepare a summary	

prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

OCEAN SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.