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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Pass Christian School District

#### Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pass Christian School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pass Christian School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pass Christian School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of district contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Pass Christian School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated November 10, 2017, on my consideration of the Pass Christian School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pass Christian School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Pass Christian School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS November 10, 2017 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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## PASS CHRISTIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2017

The following discussion and analysis of Pass Christian School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2017 decreased \$2,312,276, including a prior period adjustment of \$7,450, which represents a 5.33% decrease from fiscal year 2016. Total net position for 2016 decreased \$108,788, including a prior period adjustment of \$274,330, which represents a .25% decrease from fiscal year 2015.
- General revenues amounted to \$20,088,403 and \$20,035,214, or 88% and 87% of all revenues for fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,711,967, or 12% of total revenues for 2017, and \$2,996,452, or 13% of total revenues for 2016.
- The District had \$25,120,096 and \$23,414,784 in expenses for fiscal years 2017 and 2016; only \$2,711,967 for 2017 and \$2,996,452 for 2016 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$20,088,403 for 2017 and \$20,035,214 for 2016 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$18,793,217 in revenues and \$17,867,627 in expenditures for 2017, and \$19,005,122 in revenues and \$17,647,994 in expenditures in 2016. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$671,400 from 2016 to 2017, and increased by \$542,585, including a prior period adjustment (\$8,915) from 2015 to 2016.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$970,100 for 2017 and decreased by \$1,816,627 for 2016. The decrease for 2017 was due to the addition/disposal of capital assets coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt increased by \$8,760,088 for 2017 and decreased by \$1,048,803 for 2016. This increase for 2017 was due primarily to the issuance of general obligation bonds. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$3,912 for 2017 and increased by \$2,197 for 2016.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** — Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

## Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability results in a liability on the government-wide financial statements but is not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the New Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison

schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$41,060,422 as of June 30, 2017.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

Dorcontogo

	 June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	Change_	e 
Current assets	\$ 14,645,346	\$ 14,801,617	(1.06)	%
Restricted assets	11,209,832	2,243,223	399.72	%
Capital assets, net	 55,241,289	 56,211,389	(1.73)	%
Total assets	 81,096,467	73,256,229	10.70	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 4,543,240	 3,903,179	16.40	%
Current liabilities	1,460,739	2,937,010	(50.26)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	12,077,731	3,317,643	264.05	%
Net pension liability	 30,982,144	 26,952,927	14.95	%
Total liabilities	 44,520,614	 33,207,580	34.07	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 58,671	 579,130	(89.87)	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	53,000,770	53,114,389	(0.21)	<b>%</b>
Restricted	1,353,061	1,366,841	(1.01)	%
Unrestricted	 (13,293,409)	(11,108,532)	(19.67)	%
Total net position	\$ 41,060,422	\$ 43,372,698	(5.33)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (13,293,409)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability, including the deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions	26,497,575
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability effect	\$ 13,204,166

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$970,100.
- The principal retirement of \$1,236,000 of long-term debt.
- The issuance of \$10,000,000 General Obligation bonds.
- The increase in pension expense in the amount of \$1,734,677.

## Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 were \$22,800,370 and \$23,031,666, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$25,120,096 for 2017 and \$23,414,784 for 2016.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2017		Year Ended June 30, 2016		Percentage Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	586,652	\$	900,421	(34.85) %	
Operating grants and contributions		2,125,315		2,096,031	1.40 %	
General revenues:						
Property and gaming taxes		10,763,398		10,312,397	4.37 %	
Grants and contributions not restricted		9,009,203		9,431,939	(4.48) %	
Investment earnings		98,682		61,539	60.36 %	
Sixteenth section sources		19,711		19,504	1.06 %	
Other		197,409		209,835	(5.92) %	
Total revenues		22,800,370		23,031,666	(1.00) %	
Expenses:						
Instruction		10,790,478		11,023,227	(2.11) %	
Support services		8,539,002		8,309,508	2.76 %	
Non-instructional		957,223		1,045,267	(8.42) %	
Sixteenth section		1,113		890	25.06 %	
Pension expense		4,665,294		2,930,617	59.19 %	
Interest on long-term liabilities		166,986		105,275_	58.62 %	
Total expenses	-	25,120,096		23,414,784	7.28 %	
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(2,319,726)		(383,118)	(505.49) %	
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		43,372,698		43,481,486	(0.25) %	
Prior Period Adjustment		7,450		274,330	(97.28) %	
Net Position, July 1, as restated		43,380,148		43,755,816	(0.86) %	
Net Position, June 30	\$	41,060,422	\$	43,372,698	(5.33) %	

#### Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Expenses				Percentage		
		2017		2016	Change		
Instruction	\$	10,790,478	\$	11,023,227	(2.11) %		
Support services		8,539,002		8,309,508	2.76 %		
Non-instructional		957,223		1,045,267	(8.42) %		
Sixteenth section		1,113		890	25.06 %		
Pension Expense		4,665,294		2,930,617	59.19 %		
Interest on long-term liabilities		166,986		105,275	58.62 %		
Total expenses		25,120,096	<u>\$</u>	23,414,784	7.28 %		
		Net (Exp	ens e)	Revenue	. Percentage		
		2017		2016	Change		
Instruction Support services	\$	(9,847,816) (7,991,449)	\$	(9,987,398) (7,584,471)	(1.40) % 5.37 %		

- % Support services 38.99 264,529 190,319 Non-instructional 25.06 % (1,113)(890)Sixteenth section 59.19 % Pension Expense (4,665,294)(2,930,617)(166,986)(105,275)58.62 % Interest on long-term liabilities 9.75 % (22,408,129)(20,418,332)Total net (expense) revenue
- Net cost of governmental activities (\$22,408,129 for 2017 and \$20,418,332 for 2016) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property and gaming taxes (\$10,763,398 for 2017 and \$10,312,397 for 2016) and state and federal revenues (\$9,009,203 for 2017 and \$9,431,939 for 2016). In addition, there was \$19,711 and \$19,504 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$98,682 for 2017 and \$61,539 for 2016.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$24,494,275, an increase of \$10,354,918, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$7,450 and a decrease in inventory of \$103. \$2,736,640 or 11% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$21,757,635 or 89% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$671,400. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$54,529, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$7,450 and a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$103. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)
Local Building Fund	\$ 8,508
Construction Fund	9.620.481

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2017, the District's total capital assets were \$73,698,013, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$618,243 from 2016. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017, was \$18,456,724, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,657,093, resulting in total net capital assets of \$55,241,289.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	Percentage Change	
Land	\$ 517,230	\$ 517,230	0.00	%
Construction in Progress	495,085	10,876	4,452.09	%
Buildings	51,518,421	52,806,309	(2.44)	%
Building improvements	64,685	68,997	(6.25)	%
Improvements other than buildings	1,744,484	1,842,558	(5.32)	%
Mobile equipment	731,861	697,198	4.97	%
Furniture and equipment	169,523	268,221	(36.80)	%
Total	\$ 55,241,289	\$ 56,211,389	$(1.73)^{-9}$	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2017, the District had \$12,077,731 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$1,402,651 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$3,912 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

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				I el centa	ge
,	June 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	Change	:
\$	10,925,000	\$	1,815,000	501.93	%
	936,000		1,282,000	(26.99)	%
	216,731		220,643	(1.77)	%
\$	12,077,731	\$	3,317,643	264.05	%
	\$	936,000 216,731	\$ 10,925,000 \$ 936,000 216,731	\$ 10,925,000 \$ 1,815,000 936,000 1,282,000 216,731 220,643	June 30, 2017         June 30, 2016         Change           \$ 10,925,000         \$ 1,815,000         501.93           936,000         1,282,000         (26.99)           216,731         220,643         (1.77)

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Pass Christian School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Pass Christian School District, 6457 Kiln-Delisle Road, Pass Christian, MS 39571.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# PASS CHRISTIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Assets	·
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,052,594
Due from other governments	537,681
Accrued interest receivable	19,752
Other receivables, net	5,855
Inventories	14,232
Prepaid items	15,232
Restricted assets (Note 4)	11,209,832
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)	1,012,315
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)	54,228,974
Total Assets	81,096,467
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 8)	4,543,240
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,543,240
Liabilities	1 210 010
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,318,910
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	99,836
Other payables	41,993
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year) (Note 6)	
Capital related liabilities	1,385,000
Non-capital related liabilities	17,651
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year) (Note 6)	
Capital related liabilities	10,476,000
Non-capital related liabilities	199,080
Net pension liability (Note 8)	30,982,144
Total Liabilities	44,520,614
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions (Note 8)	58,671
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	58,671
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	53,000,770
Restricted net position	
Expendable	241 400
School-based activities	341,490
Debt service	849,060
Forestry improvements	3,516 40,803
Unemployment benefits Non-expendable	40,803
Sixteenth section	118,192
Unrestricted	(13,293,409)
Total Net Position	\$ 41,060,422

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		Program Revenu	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
Functions / Programs	Charges for Gra		Operating Grants and Contributions	Position Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 10,790,478	355,728	586,934	(9,847,816)
Support services	8,539,002	333,728	547,553	(7,991,449)
Non-instructional	957,223	230,924	990,828	264,529
Sixteenth section	1,113	230,924	770,020	(1,113)
Pension expense	4,665,294			(4,665,294)
Interest on long-term liabilities	166,986			(166,986)
Total Governmental Activities	25,120,096	586,652	2,125,315	(22,408,129)
	General Revenues			
	Taxes			
	General purpos	se levies		9,303,578
	Debt purpose l			1,243,624
	Gaming			216,196
	~	ts and contribution	ıs	
	State			8,874,710
	Federal			134,493
	Unrestricted inve	stment earnings		98,682
	Sixteenth section	_		19,711
	Other			197,409
	Total General	Revenues		20,088,403
	Changes in Net Posi	tion		(2,319,726)
	,			
	Net Position - Begin Prior Period Adju		y reported	43,372,698 7,450
	Net Position - Begin	ning - as restated		43,380,148
	Net Position - Endin	g		\$ 41,060,422

	Major Funds				
	General Fund	Local Building Fund	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	0.5.466.400	0.506.111	2.500.542	1 520 200	10.000.406
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 5,466,483	8,586,111	3,500,542 6,170,000	1,539,290	19,092,426 6,170,000
Investments (Note 2)  Due from other governments	297,506		0,170,000	240,175	537,681
Accrued interest receivable	1,539	7,694	10,519	240,175	19,752
Other receivables, net	54	7,071	10,519	5,801	5,855
Due from other funds (Note 3)	165,010			2,001	165,010
Inventories	0			14,232	14,232
Prepaid items	15,232			ŕ	15,232
Total Assets	5,945,824	8,593,805	9,681,061	1,799,498	26,020,188
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	1,096,307		60,580	162,023	1,318,910
Due to other funds (Note 3)	1,090,307		00,380	165,010	165,010
Other payables	22,425			19,568	41,993
omer payables					
Total Liabilities	1,118,732	0	60,580	346,601	1,525,913
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable					
Inventory				14,232	14,232
Permanent fund principal				118,192	118,192
Prepaid items	15,232				15,232
Restricted				049 906	049 906
Debt service			9,620,481	948,896	948,896 9,620,481
Capital projects Forestry improvements			9,020,461	3,516	3,516
Unemployment benefits				40,803	40,803
Grant activities				327,258	327,258
Committed				,	027,200
Technology, buses and capital					
improvements	1,946,692	8,593,805			10,540,497
Assigned					
School activities	128,528				128,528
Unassigned	2,736,640				2,736,640
Total Fund Balances	4,827,092	8,593,805	9,620,481	1,452,897	24,494,275
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,945,824	8,593,805	9,681,061	1,799,498	26,020,188

Exhibit C-1

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June  $30,\,2017$ 

		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 24,494,275
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land Construction in progress Buildings Building Improvements Improvement other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	517,230 495,085 64,394,387 107,806 3,809,589 2,569,859 1,804,057 (18,456,724)	55,241,289
Some of the district's revenues will be collected after year-end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(30,982,144)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	4,543,240 (58,671)	4,484,569
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds Notes payable Compensated absences	(10,925,000) (936,000) (216,731)	
Accrued interest payable	(99,836)	(12,177,567)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 41,060,422

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June  $30,\,2017$ 

	Major Funds			_	
	General Fund	Local Building Fund	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 9,848,466	46,201	21,846	1,532,219	11,448,732
State sources	8,791,250			310,116	9,101,366
Federal sources	134,493			1,898,659	2,033,152
Sixteenth section sources	19,008			703	19,711
Total Revenues	18,793,217	46,201	21,846	3,741,697	22,602,961
Expenditures					
Instruction	9,886,803	37,693		845,523	10,770,019
Support services	7,979,711		67,291	815,825	8,862,827
Noninstructional services				999,954	999,954
Sixteenth section	1,113				1,113
Facilities acquisition and construction			484,209		484,209
Debt service					
Principal (Note 6)				1,236,000	1,236,000
Interest			****	77,157	77,157
Other			20,100	1,420	21,520
Total Expenditures	17,867,627	37,693	571,600	3,975,879	22,452,799
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	925,590	8,508	(549,754)	(234,182)	150,162
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds of general obligation bonds (Note 6)			10,000,000		10,000,000
Insurances loss recoveries	27,174				27,174
Operating transfers in (Note 3)	1,398			282,762	284,160
Other financing sources			170,235		170,235
Operating transfers out (Note 3)	(282,762)			(1,398)	(284,160)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(254,190)	0	10,170,235	281,364	10,197,409
Net Change in Fund Balances	671,400	8,508	9,620,481	47,182	10,347,571
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2016, as previously reported	4,155,692	8,585,297	0	1,398,368	14,139,357
Prior period adjustments (Note 10)	, ,	, ,		7,450	7,450
July 1, 2016, as restated	4,155,692	8,585,297	0	1,405,818	14,146,807
Decrease in reserve for inventory				(103)	(103)
·	A 4 007 003	0.503.005	0.620.421	1 452 907	24 404 275
June 30, 2017	\$ 4,827,092	8,593,805	9,620,481	1,452,897	24,494,275

Exhibit D-1

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Amount
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 10,347,571
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are:		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	687,687 (1,657,093)	(969,406)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of		
the asset sold.		(694)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Bonds and notes issued	(10,000,000)	
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	1,236,000 (68,309)	(8,832,309)
Reconciling items applicable to pension liability and related accounts:		
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date  Pension expense for the current year	1,796,597 (4,665,294)	(2,868,697)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in compensated absences	3,912	
Change in inventory reserve	(103)	3,809
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (2,319,726)

## PASS CHRISTIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 65,566	39,086	
Total Assets	65,566	39,086	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Due to student clubs		1,071 38,015	
Total Liabilities	0	39,086	
Net Position			
Held in trust	65,566		
Total Net Position	\$ 65,566		

## PASS CHRISTIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Private-Purpose Trust Funds	
Additions			
Interest on investments	\$	342	
Contributions and donations from private sources		6,449	
Total Additions	<del></del>	6,791	
Deductions			
Scholarships awarded		3,400	
Total Deductions		3,400	
Changes in Net Position	·	3,391	
Net Position			
July 1, 2016	6	52,175	
June 30, 2017	\$ 6	55,566	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Pass Christian since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, the School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories.
   Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Local Building Fund - This is a capital projects fund that is financed with local funds and is used to account for building projects of the school district.

Construction Fund - This fund is used to account for construction and renovation projects in the school district and is financed with the proceeds of general obligation bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Accounts - These funds are used to account for the transaction of student clubs.

Scholarship Funds – These funds are used to finance scholarships for students.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

#### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

## 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

## 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

#### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Car Pol	oitalization icy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting.

See Note 1(E)(10) for further details.

## 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is documented in the board minutes of the school board.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

*Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the policy of the Pass Christian School District to maintain a minimum fund balance in the General Fund that is not less than 7% of the revenues of the district maintenance fund.

#### Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$25,262,426 (which includes \$6,170,000 of certificates of deposit with original maturities beyond three months and reported on the Balance Sheet as investments) and \$104,652, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the district had the following investments.

	Maturities				
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)		Fair Value	
Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit	n/a	6 months	\$	3,100,000	
Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit	n/a	1 year		3,070,000	
Total			\$	6,170,000	

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

• The listed investments of \$6,170,000 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2017, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	 Value	Investments
Hancock Bank - Certificate of Deposit	\$ 3,100,000	50.2%
Hancock Bank - Certificate of Deposit	3,070,000	49.8%
	\$ 6,170,000	100%

#### Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 165,010

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year end closing adjustments.

#### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds General Fund	\$ 282,762 1,398
Total	General Fund	\$ 284,160

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the Vocational Program and debt service in the Other Governmental Funds. The transfer from the Other Governmental Funds to the General Fund was to transfer interest from the Forestry Escrow Fund and 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal Fund.

## Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance and investment balance, totaling \$5,039,832 and \$6,170,000, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund), Construction Fund (Capital Projects Fund), Debt Service Funds and certain restricted federal programs which are legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

## Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Balance 7/1/2016	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2017
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 517,230			517,230
Construction-in-progress	10,876	484,209		495,085
Total non-depreciable capital assets	528,106	484,209	0	1,012,315
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	64,394,387			64,394,387
Building improvements	107,806			107,806
Improvements other than buildings	3,809,589			3,809,589
Mobile equipment	2,398,571	171,288		2,569,859
Furniture and equipment	1,841,311	32,190	(69,444)	1,804,057
Total depreciable capital assets	72,551,664	203,478	(69,444)	72,685,698
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	11,588,078	1,287,888		12,875,966
Building improvements	38,809	4,312		43,121
Improvements other than buildings	1,967,031	98,074		2,065,105
Mobile equipment	1,701,373	136,625		1,837,998
Furniture and equipment	1,573,090	130,194	(68,750)	1,634,534
Total accumulated depreciation	16,868,381	1,657,093	(68,750)	18,456,724
Total depreciable capital assets, net	55,683,283	(1,453,615)	(694)	54,228,974
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 56,211,389	(969,406)	(694)	55,241,289

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 1,098,417
Support services	421,850
Non-instructional	136,826
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 1,657,093

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Spent to June 30, 2017	Remaining Commitment
Governmental Activities:	 W 1/200	
Pass Christian Elementary/Middle School Gym Addition	\$ 364,351	2,919,904
Pass Christian Alternative School	75,822	1,347,820
Pass Christian High School Band Hall Addition	6,549	0
Pass Chritian High School Baseball/Softball Parking Lot	21,381	299,324
Pass Christian High School Football/Tennis Parking Lot	26,629	0
Pass Christian K-8 Courtyard	138	0
Delis le Elementary Courtyard/Landscaping/Media Center Lighting/Playground	139	0
Stokes Beard Classroom Addition	76	0
Total governmental activities	\$ 495,085	4,567,048

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with the proceeds of a general obligation bond issue. As of June 30, 2017, the projects with a remaining commitment of \$-0- have not been formally bid by the school board.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	5	Balance 7/1/2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2017	Amounts due within one year
A. General obligation bonds payable	\$	1,815,000	10,000,000	890,000	10,925,000	1,185,000
B. Three mill notes payable		1,282,000		346,000	936,000	200,000
C. Compensated absences payable		220,643		3,912	216,731	17,651
Total	\$	3,317,643	10,000,000	\$ 1,239,912	12,077,731	1,402,651

#### A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

			Maturity		Amount
Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issue	d Outstanding
<ol> <li>General obligation bonds, Series 2017</li> <li>General obligation refunding bonds,</li> </ol>	2.5 - 2.75%	3/9/2017	3/1/2035	\$ 10,000,00	0 10,000,000
Series 2005	3.0 - 4.0%	5/19/2005	9/1/2017	7,705,00	0 925,000
Total				\$ 17,705,00	0 10,925,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

#### 1. General obligation bond issue of 2017:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 260,000	248,600	508,600
2019	480,000	247,750	727,750
2020	505,000	235,750	740,750
2021	530,000	223,125	753,125
2022	555,000	209,875	764,875
2023 - 2027	3,200,000	827,500	4,027,500
2028 - 2032	2,770,000	432,000	3,202,000
2033 - 2035	1,700,000	94,737	1,794,737
Total	\$ 10,000,000	2,519,337	12,519,337

This debt will be retired from the Bond Issue 17 Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

#### 2. General obligation refunding bond issue of 2005:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 925,000	18,500	943,500

This debt will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Total general obligation bonds payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 1,185,000	267,100	1,452,100
2019	480,000	247,750	727,750
2020	505,000	235,750	740,750
2021	530,000	223,125	753,125
2022	555,000	209,875	764,875
2023 - 2027	3,200,000	827,500	4,027,500
2028 - 2032	2,770,000	432,000	3,202,000
2033 - 2035	1,700,000	94,737	1,794,737
Total	\$ 10,925,000	2,537,837	13,462,837

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2017, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 6.3% of property assessments as of October 1, 2016.

#### B. Limited Tax Notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest	Issue Date	Maturity	Amount	Amount
1. Limited Tax Notes, Series 2011	2.61%	3/1/2011	3/1/2020	\$ 479,000	172,000
2. Limited Tax Notes, Series 2013	1.64%	3/1/2013	3/1/2023	1,750,000	764,000
Total				\$ 2,229,000	936,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

#### 1. Three mill notes payable issue of 2011:

Year Ending	Duin aireal	Intonest	Total
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 56,000	4,489	60,489
2019	57,000	3,028	60,028
2020	59,000	1,540	60,540
Total	\$ 172,000	9,057	181,057

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 2. Three mill notes payable issue of 2013:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 144,000	12,530	156,530
2019	148,000	10,168	158,168
2020	151,000	7,741	158,741
2021	105,000	5,264	110,264
2022	107,000	3,542	110,542
2023	109,000	1,788	110,788
Total	\$ 764,000	41,033	805,033

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

Total three mill notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 200,000	17,019	217,019
2019	205,000	13,196	218,196
2020	210,000	9,281	219,281
2021	105,000	5,264	110,264
2022	107,000	3,542	110,542
2023	109,000	1,788	110,788
Total	\$ 936,000	50,090	986,090

This debt is partially secured by an irrevocable pledge of building and bus revenues (\$60,782) the district receives from the State of Mississippi pursuant to the Education Enhancement Funds authorization. Section 37-61-33, Miss. Code of Ann. (1972).

#### C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### Note 7 – Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

#### PASS CHRISTIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements

For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2017 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$1,796,597, \$1,747,600 and \$1,715,672, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school district reported a liability of \$30,982,144 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability was .173448 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016. This was a decrease of .000914 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,665,294. At June 30, 2017 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 615,849	
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	1,679,110	
Changes of assumptions	1,040,862	58,671
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	(589,178)	
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,796,597	
Total	\$ 4,543,240	58,671

\$1,796,597 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 3	30:	
2018	\$	852,214
2019		852,214
2020		563,767
2021		419,777

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<b>Target</b>		Long-Term Expected Real		
Asset Class	<b>Allocation</b>		Rate of Return		
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.2	0 %	%
International Equity	19		5.0	0	
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.4	5	
Fixed Income	20		0.2	5	
Real Assets	10		4.0	0	
Private Equity	8		6.1	5	
Cash	1_		(0.50	))	
Total	100	%			

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

#### PASS CHRISTIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Current	
	1% Decrease (6.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$	39,726,055	30,982,144	23,727,532

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2018	\$ 7,733
2019	7,733
2020	7,733
2021	7,612
2022	2,542
2023 - 2027	12,312
2028 - 2032	2,365
2033 - 2037	1,915
Thereafter	 1,069
Total	\$ 51,014

#### Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation		Amount
Error correction - restate	ement of a prior year liability	\$ 7,450
Exhibit D - Statement of Rev	enues. Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Fund	Explanation	Amount
Other governmental funds	Error correction - restatement of a prior year liability	\$ 7,450
Total		\$ 7,450

#### Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

#### Note 12 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 13 - Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated August 11, 2009 creating the Vocational-Technical Training Center. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Pass Christian School District and the Hancock County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Hancock County School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Vocational-Technical Training Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements. Pass Christian School District shall be assessed a minimum 10% operational fee cost based on the total operational cost to Hancock County School District. If Pass Christian High School vocational population exceeds 10% at the Hancock County Vocational Center, then the operational cost shall increase to proportionately match the population percentage.

#### Note 14 - Insurance loss recoveries

The Pass Christian School District received \$27,174 in insurance loss recoveries related to property damage during the 2016-2017 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated among the expense functions based on the following percentages:

Insu	rance Loss		
Re	coveries	Percentage	Expense Function
\$	24,547	90%	Support services
	2,627	10%	Non-instructional
\$	27,174	100%	

#### Note 15 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$13,293,409) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses and revenue associated with the net pension liability and related account balances.

#### Note 16 – Economic Dependency

The school district is significantly economically dependent on an ad valorem tax payer. In the event of a loss of ad valorem taxes from this payer, the district would encounter an economic hardship.

#### Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through November 10, 2017 and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On August 8, 2017, the school board approved the issuance of \$195,000 in Limited Tax Notes to be repaid by April 15, 2018 with an interest rate of 1.95%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### PASS CHRISTIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Positive (Negative) Final Actual Original **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues 9,378,650 9,848,466 9,848,466 469,816 0 Local sources 8,920,641 8,791,250 8,791,250 (129,391)0 State sources Federal sources 150,136 134,493 134,493 (15,643)0 Sixteenth section sources 18,889 19,008 19,008 119 0 18,468,316 18,793,217 18,793,217 324,901 0 Total Revenues Expenditures 9,886,803 9,886,803 555,083 0 Instruction 10,441,886 Support services 8,421,113 7,979,711 7,979,711 441,402 0 1,000 1,113 0 Sixteenth section 1,113 (113)900 0 0 900 0 Facilities acquisition and construction 997,272 18,864,899 17,867,627 17,867,627 0 **Total Expenditures** Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures (396,583)925,590 925,590 1,322,173 0 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 27,174 27,174 Insurance loss recoveries 27,174 1,022,786 (94,149)Operating transfers in 928,637 1,398 (927,239)(1,308,942)(1,210,001)98,941 927,239 Operating transfers out (282,762)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (286, 156)(254,190)(254,190)31,966 0 Net Change in Fund Balances 671,400 Fund Balances July 1, 2016 4,155,692 4,827,092 June 30, 2017

Variances

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

**PERS** 

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.173448%	0.174362%	0.171%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 30,982,144	26,952,927	20,756,269
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,095,784	10,892,880	10,468,400
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	 279.22%	247.44%	198.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	 57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# PASS CHRISTIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,796,597	1,747,586	1,715,672
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,796,597	1,747,586	1,715,672
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0
District's covered-employee payroll	11,406,965	11,095,784	10,892,880
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

#### 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Child nutrition cluster:		
School breakfast program	10.553	\$ 312,051
National school lunch program	10.555	802,729
Summer food service program for children	10.559	9,294
Total child nutrition cluster		1,124,074
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		1,124,074
U.S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010	413,443
Supporting effective instruction - state grants	84.367	11,895
Total		425,338
Special education cluster:		
Special education - grants to states	84.027	478,358
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	13,662
Total special education cluster		492,020
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		917,358
Total U.S. Department of Education		917,358
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Medical assistance program	93.778	29,411
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		29,411
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 2,070,843

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the School District.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administrative	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 15,423,313 7,029,486	11,393,723 1,459,946	931,949 11,433	1,320,073 61,355	1,777,568 5,496,752
Total	22,452,799	12,853,669	943,382	1,381,428	7,274,320
Total number of students	1,938				
Cost per student	\$ 11,586	6,632	487	713	3,754

#### Notes to the schedule.

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the school year.

OTHER INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund

Last Four Years

### UNAUDITED

	2017	2016*	2015*	2014*
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 9,848,466	9,673,125	8,910,770	9,031,318
State sources	8,791,250	9,228,367	8,760,898	7,916,860
Federal sources	134,493	84,687	128,312	117,490
Sixteenth section sources	19,008	18,943	25,831	23,613
Total Revenues	18,793,217	19,005,122	17,825,811	17,089,281
Expenditures				
Instruction	9,886,803	9,924,118	9,415,145	8,941,896
Support services	7,979,711	7,712,110	7,921,026	7,952,417
Noninstructional services	0	0	4,629	
Sixteenth section	1,113	890	819	1,816
Facilities acquisition and construction	0	10,876	11,540	3,082
Total Expenditures	17,867,627	17,647,994	17,353,159	16,899,211
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	925,590	1,357,128	472,652	190,070
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Insurances loss recoveries	27,174	1,729	20,627	0
Sale of transportation equipment	0	0	3,154	0
Sale of other property	0	1,003	629	2,038
Operating transfers in	1,398	2,949	574	1,149
Other financing sources	0	197,908	0	0
Operating transfers out	(282,762)	(1,009,217)	(160,553)	(150,993)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(254,190)	(805,628)	(135,569)	(147,806)
Net Change in Fund Balances	671,400	551,500	337,083	42,264
Fund Balances				
July 1	4,155,692	3,613,107	3,276,024	3,231,192
Prior period adjustments	0	(8,915)	0	2,568
July 1, as restated	4,155,692	3,604,192	3,276,024	3,233,760
June 30	\$ 4,827,092	4,155,692	3,613,107	3,276,024

<sup>\*</sup> Source - Prior year audit reports.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

### UNAUDITED

	2017	2016*	2015*	2014*
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 11,448,732	11,161,346	10,372,964	10,565,746
State sources	9,101,366	9,594,647	9,097,093	8,194,131
Federal sources	2,033,152	2,046,333	1,989,347	1,986,191
Sixteenth section sources	19,711	19,505	25,831	23,613
Total Revenues	22,602,961	22,821,831	21,485,235	20,769,681
Expenditures				
Instruction	10,770,019	10,765,932	10,192,013	9,681,919
Support services	8,862,827	8,446,757	8,630,297	8,903,343
Noninstructional services	999,954	1,083,597	1,019,280	1,017,692
Sixteenth section	1,113	890	2,114	1,816
Facilities acquisition and construction  Debt service	484,209	10,876	71,498	46,817
	1 227 000	1 201 000	1 150 000	1 125 000
Principal	1,236,000	1,201,000	1,159,000	1,125,000
Interest	77,157	116,673	156,355	193,670
Other	21,520	1,455	1,355	1,200
Total Expenditures	22,452,799	21,627,180	21,231,912	20,971,457
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	150,162	1,194,651	253,323	(201,776)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of general obligation bonds	10,000,000	0	0	0
Proceeds of loans	0	150,000	0	0
Insurances loss recoveries	27,174	10,924	20,627	0
Sale of transportation equipment	0	0	3,154	0
Sale of other property	0	1,003	629	2,038
Operating transfers in	284,160	1,310,598	263,384	899,730
Other financing sources	170,235	197,908	0	0
Operating transfers out	(284,160)	(1,310,598)	(263,384)	(899,730)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,197,409	359,835	24,410	2,038
Net Change in Fund Balances	10,347,571	1,554,486	277,733	(199,738)
Fund Balances				
	14 120 257	12 210 142	12,028,169	12,843,380
July 1	14,139,357	12,310,143		
Prior period adjustments	7,450	274,330	0	(607,559)
July 1, as restated	14,146,807	12,584,473	12,028,169	12,235,821
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(103)	398	4,241	(7,914)
June 30	\$ 24,494,275	14,139,357	12,310,143	12,028,169

<sup>\*</sup> Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Superintendent and School Board Pass Christian School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pass Christian School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pass Christian School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 10, 2017.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Pass Christian School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pass Christian School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pass Christian School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pass Christian School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS November 10, 2017 Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

**Independent Auditor's Report** 

Superintendent and School Board Pass Christian School District

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Pass Christian School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Pass Christian School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Pass Christian School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Pass Christian School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Pass Christian School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Pass Christian School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Pass Christian School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Pass Christian School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of

compliance, I considered Pass Christian School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pass Christian School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS November 10, 2017 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Member: AICPA, MSCPA



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Pass Christian School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pass Christian School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, which collectively comprise Pass Christian School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated November 10, 2017. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

St. Clair CPA, PLLC

St. Clair CPA, PLLC Carriere, MS November 10, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### PASS CHRISTIAN SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2017

#### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements:**

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the basic financial statements: Unmodified

2. Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted? No

3. Internal control over financial reporting:

> Material weaknesses identified? No

Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None Reported

Federal Awards:

4. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

5. Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified? No

Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None Reported

6. Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

7. Federal program identified as major program:

Child nutrition cluster

CFDA #: 10.553

CFDA #: 10.555

CFDA #: 10.559

8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? Yes

10 Prior fiscal year audit findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings as

discussed in 2 CFR 200.511(b)?

No

#### Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under the Government Auditing Standards.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.