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Yazoo County School District

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Yazoo County School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Yazoo County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Yazoo County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Yazoo County School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in

financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions on pages 5-13, 44, 45 and 46, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Yazoo County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2018, on our consideration of the Yazoo County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Yazoo County School District's internal control over financial reporting

or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Yazoo County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cuminfor CAS

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi

January 18, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The following discussion and analysis of Yazoo County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2017 decreased \$154,392, including a prior period adjustment of \$107,582, and which represents a 24% decrease from fiscal year 2016. Total net position for 2016 increased \$825,638, including a prior period adjustment of \$96,020, which represents a 56% increase from fiscal year 2015.
- General revenues amounted to \$15,017,108 and \$15,114,951, or 83% and 81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,145,861, or 17% of total revenues for 2017, and \$3,563,549, or 19% of total revenues for 2016.
- The District had \$18,424,943 and \$17,948,882 in expenses for fiscal years 2017 and 2016; only \$3,145,861 for 2017 and \$3,563,549 for 2016 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$15,017,108 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs and \$15,114,951 for 2016 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$14,829,226 in revenues and \$13,262,468 in expenditures for 2017, and \$14,699,812 in revenues and \$13,276,375 in expenditures in 2016. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$954,356 from 2016 to 2017, and increased by \$1,294,039 from 2015 to 2016.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$634,549 for 2017 and increased by \$2,715,699 for 2016. The increase for 2017 was due primarily to construction in progress coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$680,532 for 2017 and increased by \$3,770,740 for 2016. This
  decrease for 2017 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The
  liability for compensated absences decreased by \$16,997 for 2017 and decreased by \$23,320 for
  2016.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

#### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability results in a liability on the government-wide financial statements but is not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### **Other Information**

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$798,768 as of June 30, 2017.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

# Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 June 30, 2017	 June 30, 2016	Percentag Change	
Current assets	\$ 6,104,017	\$ 4,864,880	25.47	%
Restricted assets	2,565,708	5,237,052	-51.01	%
Capital assets, net	17,734,480	17,099,931	3.71	%
Total assets	 26,404,205	 27,201,863	-2.93	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 4,912,222	 3,944,050	24.55	%
Current liabilities	392,319	1,935,009	-79.73	%
Long-term debt outstanding	6,952,259	7,632,791	-8.92	%
Net pension liability	24,221,546	21,641,240	11.92	%
Total liabilities	 31,566,124	 31,209,040	1.14	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 549,071	 581,249	-5.54	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	10,968,725	10,834,953	1.23	%
Restricted	3,782,439	3,610,973	4.75	%
Unrestricted	(15,549,932)	(15,090,302)	-3.05	%
Total net position	\$ (798,768)	\$ (644,376)	-23.96	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (	(15,549,932)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from		
recognition of the net pension liability, including the deferred		
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions		19,858,395
Unrestricted act position, evaluative of the		
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the		
net pension liability effect	\$	4,308,463

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$634,549.
- The principal retirement of \$663,535 of long-term debt.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 were \$18,162,969 and \$18,678,500, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$18,424,943 for 2017 and \$17,948,882 for 2016.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

		Year Ended June 30, 2017	 Year Ended June 30, 2016	Percentag Change	ge
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	340,503	\$ 371,824	(8.42)	%
Operating grants and contributions		2,805,358	3,191,725	(12.11)	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes		6,264,132	5,989,369	4.59	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		7,532,690	7,454,775	1.05	%
Investment earnings		55,794	42,397	31.60	%
Sixteenth section sources		1,090,586	1,461,577	(25.38)	%
Other		73,906	 166,833	(55.70)	%
Total revenues		18,162,969	 18,678,500	(2.76)	%
Expenses:					
Instruction		7,132,668	7,171,914	(0.55)	%
Support services		8,095,332	7,352,726	10.10	%
Non-instructional		53,031	884,396	(94.00)	%
Sixteenth section		86,483	121,565	(28.86)	%
Pension expense		2,867,903	2,136,312	34.25	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		189,526	 281,969	(32.78)	%
Total expenses		18,424,943	17,948,882	2.65	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(261,974)	 729,618	(135.91)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(644,376)	(1,470,014)	56.17	%
Prior Period Adjustment		107,582	96,020	12.04	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(536,794)	 (1,373,994)	60.93	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(798,768)	\$ (644,376)	(23.96)	%

#### Table 2 Changes in Net Position

#### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 Total	Percentage	
	 2017	2016	Change
Instruction	\$ 7,132,668	\$ 7,171,914	(0.55) %
Support services	8,095,332	7,352,726	10.10 %
Non-instructional	53,031	884,396	(94.00) %
Sixteenth section	86,483	121,565	(28.86) %
Pension Expense	2,867,903	2,136,312	34.25 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 189,526	 281,969	(32.78) %
Total expenses	\$ 18,424,943	\$ 17,948,882	2.65 %

## Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Net (Expe	Percentage	
	 2017	 2016	Change
Instruction	\$ (5,912,548)	\$ (5,693,252)	3.85 %
Support services	(7,177,501)	(6,222,196)	15.35 %
Non-instructional	954,879	69,961	1,264.87 %
Sixteenth section	(86,483)	(121,565)	(28.86) %
Pension Expense	(2,867,903)	(2,136,312)	34.25 %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (189,526)	 (281,969)	(32.78) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (15,279,082)	\$ (14,385,333)	6.21 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$15,279,082 for 2017 and \$14,385,333 for 2016) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$6,264,132 for 2017 and \$5,989,369 for 2016) and state and federal revenues (\$7,532,690 for 2017 and \$7,454,775 for 2016). In addition, there was \$1,090,586 and \$1,461,577 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$55,794 for 2017 and \$42,397 for 2016.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8,350,715, an increase of \$102,082, which includes an increase in inventory of \$5,365. \$4,449,157 or 53% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$3,901,558 or 47% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$954,356. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$1,017,016, which includes an increase in reserve for inventory of \$5,365, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 164,742

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2017, the District's total capital assets were \$25,910,619, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$1,188,864 from 2016. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017, was \$8,176,139, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$643,565, resulting in total net capital assets of \$17,734,480.

			Percentag	e
	 June 30, 2017	 June 30, 2016	Change	
Land	\$ 413,786	\$ 413,786	0.00	%
Construction in Progress	-	3,132,716	(100.00)	%
Buildings	11,634,837	11,969,559	(2.80)	%
Building improvements	5,142,818	1,025,228	401.63	%
Improvements other than buildings	347,589	385,546	(9.84)	%
Mobile equipment	43,359	61,860	(29.91)	%
Furniture and equipment	 152,091	 111,236	36.73	%
Total	\$ 17,734,480	\$ 17,099,931	3.71	%

## Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2017, the District had \$6,952,259 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$639,436 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$16,997 from the prior year.

Table 5

#### **Outstanding Long-Term Debt** Percentage June 30, 2017 June 30, 2016 Change Refunding bonds, series 2012 \$ 930,000 1,155,000 \$ (19.48) % Three mill notes payable 1,400,000 1,665,000 (15.92) % Qualified school construction bonds payable 200,755 200,755 0.00 % Shortfall notes payable 97,489 186,024 (47.59) % Trust certificates payable 4,235,000 4,320,000 (1.97) % Compensated absences payable 89,015 106,012 (16.03) % Total \$ 6,952,259 \$ 7,632,791 (8.92) %

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Yazoo County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Yazoo County School District, 94 Panther Drive, Yazoo City, MS 39194.

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Exhibit A

## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

June 30, 2017		
	(	Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,489,097
Due from other governments		436,159
Other receivables, net		155,811
Inventories		22,950
Restricted assets		2,565,708
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		
Land		413,786
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings		11,634,837
Building improvements		5,142,818
Improvements other than buildings		347,589
Mobile equipment		43,359
Furniture and equipment		152,091
Total Assets		26,404,205
Deferred Outflows of Resources		4 040 000
Deferred outflows - pensions Total deferred outflows of resources	·	4,912,222
		4,912,222
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		319,010
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		73,309
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		13,303
Capital related liabilities		575,000
Non-capital related liabilities		64,436
-		04,430
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities		6,190,755
Non-capital related liabilities		122,068
Net pension liability Total Liabilities		24,221,546
		31,566,124
Deferred Inflows of Resources		E 40 071
Deferred inflows - pensions Total deferred inflows of resources		<u> </u>
		549,071
Net Position		10 000 705
Net investment in capital assets		10,968,725
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		447,413
Debt service		437,790
Forestry improvements		185,086
Unemployment benefits		54,618
Non-expendable:		
Sixteenth section principal		2,657,532
Unrestricted		(15,549,932)
Total Net Position	\$	(798,768)

#### Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			P	rogram Revenue	es			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating		Capital		
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction	\$ 7,132,668	\$ 298,776	\$	921,344	\$	-	\$	(5,912,548)
Support services	8,095,332	-		917,831		-		(7,177,501)
Non-instructional	53,031	41,727		966,183		-		954,879
Sixteenth section	86,483	-		-		-		(86,483)
Pension expense	2,867,903	-		-		-		(2,867,903)
Interest on long-term liabilities	 189,526	-		-		-		(189,526)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 18,424,943	\$ 340,503	\$	2,805,358	\$	-	\$	(15,279,082)

General Revenues:	
Taxes:	
General purpose levies	6,008,839
Debt purpose levies	255,293
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	7,199,412
Federal	333,278
Unrestricted investment earnings	55,794
Sixteenth section sources	1,090,586
Other	73,906
Total General Revenues	15,017,108
Change in Net Position	(261,974)
Net Position - Beginning, as originally reported	(644,376)
Prior period adjustments	107,582
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(536,794)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (798,768)

Exhibit C

### Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

June 30, 2017	Maj	jor	Funds			
		-	Sixteenth	-	Other	Total
	General		Section Principal		Governmental	Governmental
	 Fund		Fund		Funds	Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,810,293	\$	2,059,850	\$	1,108,801	\$ 7,978,944
Cash with fiscal agents	-		-		841	841
Investments	-		-		75,020	75,020
Due from other governments	150,151		30,017		245,347	425,515
Due from other funds	225,850		-		24,492	250,342
Advances	-		567,765		-	567,765
Other receivables, net	155,811		-		-	155,811
Inventories	-		-		22,950	22,950
Total assets	 5,342,105		2,657,632		1,477,451	9,477,188
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 256,605	\$	100	\$	62,305	\$ 319,010
Due to other funds	23,663		-		216,035	239,698
Advances	 567,765		-		-	567,765
Total Liabilities	 848,033		100		278,340	 1,126,473
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	-		-		22,950	22,950
Permanent fund principal	-		2,657,532		-	2,657,532
Restricted:						
Debt service	-		-		511,099	511,099
Capital improvements	-		-		895	895
Grant activities	-		-		424,463	424,463
Forestry improvements	-		-		185,086	185,086
Unemployment benefits	-		-		54,618	54,618
Assigned:						
Activity funds	44,915		-		-	44,915
Unassigned	4,449,157		-		-	4,449,157
Total Fund Balances	 4,494,072		2,657,532		1,199,111	8,350,715
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,342,105	\$	2,657,632	\$	1,477,451	\$ 9,477,188

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017	Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 8,350,715
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
<ol> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>	
Land\$ 413,786Buildings17,259,710Building improvements6,063,061Improvements other than buildings801,510Mobile equipment234,414Furniture and equipment1,138,138Accumulated depreciation(8,176,139)	17,734,480
<ul> <li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li> <li>Net pension liability (24,221,546)</li> </ul>	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions4,912,222Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions(549,071)	(19,858,395)
3. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
General obligation bonds(930,000)Three mill notes payable(1,400,000)Qualified school construction bonds(200,755)Trust certificates payable(4,235,000)Shortfall notes payable(97,489)Compensated absences(89,015)Accrued interest payable(73,309)	(7,025,568)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (798,768)

### **Governmental Funds**

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fund         Funds         Funds           Revenues:         -		Major Funds					
Local sources       \$ 6,332,695 \$       - \$ 353,067 \$ 6,685,765         State sources       7,232,484       - 390,131       7,622,614         Federal sources       327,955       - 2,387,476       2,715,433         Sixteenth section sources       936,092       192,999       9,881       1,138,975         Total Revenues       14,829,226       192,999       3,140,555       18,162,784         Expenditures:       14,829,226       192,999       3,140,555       18,162,784         Instruction       6,572,361       -       1,135,167       7,707,524         Support services       6,478,747       -       1,740,102       8,218,844         Noninstructional services       104,233       -       12,441       116,674				Section Principal	Governmental		Governmental
State sources       7,232,484       -       390,131       7,622,614         Federal sources       327,955       -       2,387,476       2,715,43         Sixteenth section sources       936,092       192,999       9,881       1,138,972         Total Revenues       14,829,226       192,999       3,140,555       18,162,780         Expenditures:       -       -       1,135,167       7,707,520         Support services       6,478,747       -       1,740,102       8,218,849         Noninstructional services       104,233       -       12,441       116,674	Revenues:						
Federal sources       327,955       -       2,387,476       2,715,433         Sixteenth section sources       936,092       192,999       9,881       1,138,973         Total Revenues       14,829,226       192,999       3,140,555       18,162,784         Expenditures:       -       -       1,135,167       7,707,524         Support services       6,478,747       -       1,740,102       8,218,844         Noninstructional services       104,233       -       12,441       116,674	Local sources	\$	6,332,695	\$ -	\$ 353,067	\$	6,685,762
Sixteenth section sources         936,092         192,999         9,881         1,138,97           Total Revenues         14,829,226         192,999         3,140,555         18,162,780           Expenditures:         Instruction         6,572,361         -         1,135,167         7,707,520           Support services         6,478,747         -         1,740,102         8,218,840           Noninstructional services         104,233         -         12,441         116,674	State sources		7,232,484	-	390,131		7,622,615
Total Revenues         14,829,226         192,999         3,140,555         18,162,784           Expenditures:         Instruction         6,572,361         -         1,135,167         7,707,524           Support services         6,478,747         -         1,740,102         8,218,844           Noninstructional services         104,233         -         12,441         116,674	Federal sources		327,955	-	2,387,476		2,715,431
Expenditures:         6,572,361         -         1,135,167         7,707,524           Support services         6,478,747         -         1,740,102         8,218,844           Noninstructional services         104,233         -         12,441         116,674	Sixteenth section sources		936,092	192,999	9,881		1,138,972
Instruction         6,572,361         -         1,135,167         7,707,524           Support services         6,478,747         -         1,740,102         8,218,844           Noninstructional services         104,233         -         12,441         116,674	Total Revenues		14,829,226	192,999	3,140,555		18,162,780
Support services         6,478,747         -         1,740,102         8,218,849           Noninstructional services         104,233         -         12,441         116,674	Expenditures:						
Noninstructional services         104,233         -         12,441         116,674	Instruction		6,572,361	-	1,135,167		7,707,528
	Support services		6,478,747	-	1,740,102		8,218,849
Sixteenth section 83.326 407 2.750 86.48	Noninstructional services		104,233	-	12,441		116,674
	Sixteenth section		83,326	407	2,750		86,483
Facilities acquisition and construction       -       -       1,075,256       1,075,256         Debt service:       -       -       1,075,256       1,075,256	-		-	-	1,075,256		1,075,256
Principal 663,535 663,535	Principal		-	-	663,535		663,535
Interest 23,801 - 173,626 197,42	Interest		23,801	-	173,626		197,427
Other 500 500	Other		-	-	500		500
Total Expenditures         13,262,468         407         4,803,377         18,066,252	Total Expenditures		13,262,468	407	4,803,377		18,066,252
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues           over (under) Expenditures         1,566,758         192,592         (1,662,822)         96,523			1,566,758	192,592	(1,662,822)	)	96,528
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in 77,385 - 689,976 767,36	Operating transfers in		77,385	-	689,976		767,361
Other financing sources 189 189	Other financing sources		189	-	-		189
Operating transfers out (689,976) (27,850) (49,535) (767,36	Operating transfers out		(689,976)	(27,850)	(49,535)	)	(767,361)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (612,402)         (27,850)         640,441         189	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(612,402)	(27,850)	640,441		189
Net Change in Fund Balances         954,356         164,742         (1,022,381)         96,71	Net Change in Fund Balances		954,356	164,742	(1,022,381)	)	96,717
Fund Balances:	Fund Balances:						
July 1, 20163,539,7162,492,7902,216,1278,248,633	July 1, 2016		3,539,716	2,492,790	2,216,127		8,248,633
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory 5,365 5,365	Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		-	-	5,365		5,365
June 30, 2017 \$ 4,494,072 2,657,532 \$ 1,199,111 \$ 8,350,71	June 30, 2017	\$	4,494,072	2,657,532	\$ 1,199,111	\$	8,350,715

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit D

YAZOO COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017	Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 96,717
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
<ol> <li>Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</li> </ol>	
Capital outlay\$ 1,186,978Depreciation expense(643,565)	543,413
<ol> <li>In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.</li> </ol>	(16,446)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:	
Payments of debt principal663,535Accrued interest payable8,401	671,936
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:	
Pension expense(2,867,903)Contributions subsequent to the measurement date1,287,947	(1,579,956)
<ol> <li>Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:</li> </ol>	
Change in compensated absences5,365Change in inventory reserve16,997	22,362
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (261,974)

YAZOO COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT	
Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2017	EXHIBITE
	 Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 472,233
Due from other funds	 145
Total Assets	\$ 472,378
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 448,461
Due to other funds	10,789
Due to student clubs	 13,128
Total Liabilities	\$ 472,378

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Yazoo County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### Blended component unit

The Yazoo County School District Leasing Authority ("the Authority") as explained in the following paragraph is considered to be a blended component unit as determined by Section 2100 of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards* and is included in the district's reporting entity.

The Authority is governed by a five member board which is appointed by the school district's governing board. Although it is legally separate from the school district, it is reported as if it is part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide financing for the renovation, improvement, construction, and equipping of certain school facilities. Therefore, all of the Authority's assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources and uses have been included in the government-wide financial statements of the school district (see Note 15).

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund- This fund is used to account for the generation of revenues and expenditures associated with sixteenth section lands that are legally required to be accounted for in the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund. Those revenues include but are not limited to, sales of non-renewable resources, easements, interest on investments, loans to the district, and transfers.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

#### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

#### Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$4,912,222 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$549,071 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan.

See Note 12 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by the Board of Education.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$7,978,944 and \$472,233, respectively.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$841.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
United States Treasuries	AA+	1 to 5	\$ 75,020
Total			\$ 75,020

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

 United States Treasuries type of investments of \$75,020 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Investments.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk

*Concentration of Credit Risk.* Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2017, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
United States Treasuries	\$ 75,020	100%

#### Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds \$	
	Fiduciary funds		10,789
Other governmental funds	General fund		23,518
	Other governmental funds		974
Fiduciary funds	General fund		145
Total		\$	250,487

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

#### B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Sixteenth section principal fund	General Fund	\$ 567,765
Total		\$ 567,765

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note: The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 28,355	\$ 22,710	\$ 51,065
2019	29,489	21,576	51,065
2020	30,668	20,397	51,065
2021	31,895	19,170	51,065
2022	33,171	17,894	51,065
2023-2027	186,853	68,472	255,325
2028-2032	227,334	27,990	255,324
Total	\$ 567,765	\$ 198,209	\$ 765,974

#### C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 689,976
Sixteenth section principal fund	General Fund	27,850
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 49,535
Total		\$ 767,361

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the general fund and into the other governmental funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

#### Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$2,059,850, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash, cash with fiscal agents balance, and investment balance, totaling \$407, \$841, and \$75,020, respectively, of the qualified school construction bond sinking fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$429,590, of other debt services funds whose assets are restricted for future debt service requirements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental:

	Balance		Completed			Balance
	7/1/2016	Increases	Decreases	Construction	Adjustments	6/30/2017
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 413,786 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	413,786
Construction-in-progress	3,132,716	1,075,256	-	(4,207,972)	-	-
Total non-depreciable capital assets	3,546,502	1,075,256	-	(4,207,972)	-	413,786
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	17,259,710	-	-	-	-	17,259,710
Building improvements	1,715,715	31,792	-	4,207,972	107,582	6,063,061
Improvements other than buildings	801,510	-	-	-	-	801,510
Mobile equipment	299,314	-	(64,900)	-	-	234,414
Furniture and equipment	1,099,004	79,930	(40,796)	-	-	1,138,138
Total depreciable capital assets	21,175,253	111,722	(105,696)	4,207,972	107,582	25,496,833
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	5,290,151	334,722	-	-	-	5,624,873
Building improvements	690,487	229,756	-	-	-	920,243
Improvements other than buildings	415,964	37,957	-	-	-	453,921
Mobile equipment	237,454	12,011	(58,410)	-	-	191,055
Furniture and equipment	987,768	29,119	(30,840)			986,047
Total accumulated depreciation	7,621,824	643,565	(89,250)			8,176,139
Total depreciable capital assets, net	13,553,429	(531,843)	(16,446)	4,207,972	107,582	17,320,694
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,099,931 \$	543,413 \$	(16,446) \$	- \$	107,582 \$	17,734,480

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount	
Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$	257,917
Support services		373,511
Non-instructional		12,137
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	643,565

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

# Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due
		 7/1/2016	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2017	within one year
Α.	General obligation refunding bonds payable	\$ 1,155,000 \$	- \$	(225,000) \$	930,000 \$	225,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	1,665,000	-	(265,000)	1,400,000	260,000
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	200,755	-	-	200,755	-
D.	Shortfall notes payable	186,024	-	(88,535)	97,489	64,436
Ε.	Trust certificates payable	4,320,000	-	(85,000)	4,235,000	90,000
F.	Compensated absences payable	 106,012	-	(16,997)	89,015	-
	Total	\$ 7,632,791 \$	- \$	(680,532) \$	6,952,259 \$	639,436

#### A. General Obligation Refunding bonds payable

Debt currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	(	Dutstanding
Refunding bonds, Series 2016	1.70%	2/16/2016	5/1/2021	\$ 1,395,000	\$_	930,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 225,000 \$	15,810 \$	240,810
2019	230,000	11,986	241,986
2020	235,000	8,076	243,076
2021	 240,000	4,080	244,080
Total	\$ 930,000 \$	39,952 \$	969,952

This debt will be retired from the Refunding Bonds Debt Service Fund.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2016, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to .7% of property assessments as of October 1, 2016.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
Limited tax note, series 2012	1.95%	8/1/2012	8/1/2022 \$	2,600,000	\$ 1,400,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 260,000 \$	27,300 \$	287,300
2019	260,000	22,230	282,230
2020	255,000	17,160	272,160
2021	235,000	12,188	247,188
2022	215,000	7,605	222,605
2023	 175,000	3,413	178,413
Total	\$ 1,400,000 \$	89,896 \$	1,489,896

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

# C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 8, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest	lssue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds payable Total	0.65%	12/29/2009	9/15/2024	\$ 200,755 \$ 200,755	\$ 200,755 \$ 200,755

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Year Ending				
June 30	Principal	Interest		Total
2017	\$ -	\$	1,305 \$	1,305
2018	-		1,305	1,305
2019	-		1,305	1,305
2020	-		1,305	1,305
2021	-		1,305	1,305
2022-2025	 200,755		5,220	205,975
Total	\$ 200,755	\$	11,745 \$	212,500

This debt will be retired from the QSCB sinking debt service fund.

# D. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	MaturityAmountDateIssued		Ou	Amount tstanding	
2014 Shortfall note 2015 Shortfall note	3.25% 3.25%	8/26/2014 9/4/2015	8/26/2017 9/4/2018	94,240 96,020			32,438 65,051
Total				\$	190,260	\$	97,489

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

# 1. 2014 Shortfall note:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$	32,438	\$ 1,070 \$	33,508
Total	\$	32,438	\$ 1,070 \$	33,508

This debt will be retired from the 2014 shortfall note debt service fund.

# 2. 2015 Shortfall note:

Year Ending					
June 30	Principal	Interest		Total	
2018	\$ 31,998	\$	2,144 \$	34,142	
2019	 33,053		1,089	34,142	
Total	\$ 65,051	\$	3,233 \$	68,284	

This debt will be retired from the 2015 shortfall note debt service fund.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Total shortfall notes for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 64,436 \$	3,214 \$	67,650
2019	 33,053	1,089	34,142
Total	\$ 97,489 \$	4,303 \$	101,792

#### Ε. Trust certificates payable

On February 16, 2016, the district issued \$4,320,000 of trust certificates to fund the energy efficiency project throughout the district. The lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes. See Note 15 for further information related to the trust certificates.

Description	Interest	lssue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Trust Certificates Total	2.65%	2/16/2016	2/15/2031	\$4,320,000 \$4,320,000	\$4,235,000 \$4,235,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 90,000	\$ 112,228	\$ 202,228
2019	95,000	109,842	204,842
2020	95,000	107,326	202,326
2021	95,000	104,808	199,808
2022	345,000	102,290	447,290
2023-2027	1,850,000	370,339	2,220,339
2028-2031	 1,665,000	111,830	1,776,830
Total	\$ 4,235,000	\$ 1,018,663	\$ 5,253,663

This debt will be retired from the trust certificate debt service fund.

#### F. **Compensated absences payable**

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

# Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for gualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

*Contributions.* PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2017 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$1,287,947, \$1,366,084 and \$1,409,290, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school district reported a liability of \$24,221,546 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016. This was a decrease of .0044 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016 net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,867,903. At June 30, 2017 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$	\$
experience	683,498	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	1,649,624	-
Changes of assumptions	1,178,908	64,364
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	112,245	484,707
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,287,947	-
Total	\$ 4,912,222	\$ 549,071

\$1,287,947 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2018	\$ 1,074,180
2019	756,392
2020	766,129
2021	 478,503
Total	\$ 3,075,204

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.75-19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2016, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The experience report is dated May 4, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real			
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return			
U.S. Broad	34	%	5.20	%		
International Equity	19		5.00			
Emerging Markets Equity	8		5.45			
Fixed Income	20		0.25			
Real Assets	10		4.00			
Private Equity	8		6.15			
Cash	1		(0.50)			
Total	100	%				

*Discount rate*. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	 <i>i</i>	 · · · ·	 · · · ·
the net pension liability	\$ 31,057,452	\$ 24,221,546	\$ 18,549,959

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

# Note 8– Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit in the sinking fund at June 30, 2017 was \$75,861. In addition, at June 30, 2017, the QSCB debt service fund had \$407 in cash that will be used for future sinking funds deposits. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

Year Ending June 30		Amount
		, uno anc
2018	\$	16,000
2019		16,000
2020		16,000
2021		16,000
2022		16,000
2023-2025		45,755
Total	\$	125,755
	-	

# Note 9 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

# Note 10 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 71 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

# Note 11 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2018	\$ 534,614
2019	458,413
2020	321,753
2021	127,043
2022	13,540
2023-2027	7,300
Thereafter	6,391
Total	\$ 1,469,054

# Note 12 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(15,549,932) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$4,912,222 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(15,549,932) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$549,071 balance of the deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2017 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

# Note 13 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. To record capital assets acquired in a prior period	\$ 107,582
Total	\$ 107,582

# Note 14 - Vocational School Consortium.

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated August 9, 1956, creating the Yazoo City Vocational School. This center was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The center includes the Yazoo City School District and the Yazoo County School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2017

staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Yazoo City School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Yazoo City Vocational School and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

# Note 15 – Trust Certificates

A trust agreement dated February 16, 2016 was executed by and between the school district and Yazoo County School District Leasing Authority, as trustees.

The trust agreement authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$4,320,000. Approximately \$4,207,652 was used to provide financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings and related facilities and equipment (the "project"); the remainder of approximately \$112,348 was used to pay the cost of issuance.

The project is leased to the school district in accordance with the provisions of the Emergency School Leasing Authority Act as described in Section 37-7-351, <u>et seq</u>., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The lease represents a capital lease under which ownership of the project will transfer to the school district upon complete retirement of the trust certificates. The school district is obligated to make lease payments to the trustee in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the trust certificates. The lease rental payments by the school district are used by the trustee to pay the principal and interest payments due on the trust certificates.

It is not anticipated the project will have sufficient value to satisfy the certificates in the event the school district defaults under the lease; therefore, the source of payment of the certificates is the responsibility of the school district. See Note 6 for details regarding the debt service requirement on the trust certificates.

# Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Yazoo County School District evaluated the activity of the district through January 18, 2018, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

Subsequent to year-end, the Yazoo County School District declared an ad valorem shortfall for fiscal year 2017 of \$146,322 and on August 17, 2017 the District received loan proceeds for that amount. However, errors were later discovered in the District's calculation of the shortfall and it was determined that those errors in fact resulted in an ad valorem tax escrow of \$136,241. As such, future ad valorem tax requests will be reduced in order to account for the escrow.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### YAZOO COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

					Varian	ces
					 Positive (N	egative)
	 Budgeted A	mounts	_	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final		(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 6,457,153 \$	6,186,122	\$	6,332,695	\$ (271,031) \$	146,573
State sources	7,239,295	7,232,485		7,232,484	(6,810)	(1)
Federal sources	154,739	322,787		327,955	168,048	5,168
Sixteenth section sources	 922,557	923,532		936,092	975	12,560
Total Revenues	 14,773,744	14,664,926		14,829,226	(108,818)	164,300
Expenditures:						
Instruction	7,466,169	6,543,488		6,572,361	922,681	(28,873)
Support services	7,176,171	6,271,451		6,478,747	904,720	(207,296)
Noninstructional services	-	104,234		104,233	(104,234)	1
Sixteenth section	88,200	83,326		83,326	4,874	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,000	207,045		-	(206,045)	207,045
Debt service:						
Interest	 23,801	23,801		23,801	-	-
Total Expenditures	 14,755,341	13,233,345		13,262,468	1,521,996	(29,123)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	 18,403	1,431,581		1,566,758	1,413,178	135,177
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Loan proceeds	-	146,322		-	146,322	(146,322)
Operating transfers in	492,521	498,581		77,385	6,060	(421,196)
Other financing sources	-	(173)		189	(173)	362
Operating transfers out	 (935,394)	(1,047,539)		(689,976)	(112,145)	357,563
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (442,873)	(402,809)		(612,402)	40,064	(209,593)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(424,470)	1,028,772		954,356	1,453,242	(74,416)
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2016	 3,539,716	3,539,716		3,539,716	-	-
June 30, 2017	\$ 3,115,246 \$	4,568,488	\$	4,494,072	\$ 1,453,242 \$	(74,416)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 24,221,546	21,641,240	16,750,674
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1356%	0.1400%	0.1380%
District's covered payroll	8,673,549	8,947,873	8,452,241
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	279.26%	241.86%	198.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### YAZOO COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,287,947	1,366,084	1,409,290
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,287,947	1,366,084	1,409,290
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-
District's covered payroll	8,177,441	8,673,549	8,947,873
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Supplementary Information

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the	Year	Fnded	June	30	2017
FOI UIE	rear	Enueu	Julie	30,	2017

For the real Lines Jule 30, 2017		
	Catalog of Federal	
Federal Grantor/	Domestic	
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Federal
Program Title	No.	Expenditures
U.C. Depertment of Agriculture		
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster:		
School breakfast program	10.553	\$ 261,027
National school lunch program	10.555	5 261,027 765,142
Total child nutrition cluster	10.555	
		<u>1,026,169</u> 1,026,169
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		
U.S. Department of Defense		1,026,169
Direct Program:		
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	12.xxx	68,106
Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.777	68,106
-		00,100
Federal Communications Commission		
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:		
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	181,947
Total Federal Communications Commission		181,947
U.S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	843,539
Rural education	84.358	29,755
Improving teacher quality-State Grants	84.367	123,708
Subtotal		997,002
Special education cluster:		
Special education - grants to states	84.027	350,791
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	8,192
Total special education cluster		358,983
U.C. Demontrant of the altheory of themes Complete		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:	00 770	00.005
Medical assistance program	93.778	83,225
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		83,225
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		83,225
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 2,715,432
וטנמו וטו הוו ד בעבומו הישמועס		Ψ 2,110,702

# Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Yazoo County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Yazoo County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Yazoo County School District.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Yazoo County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

# (4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$83,823 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

#### YAZOO COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 11,089,295 6,976,957	7,844,592 896,581	1,095,919 428,894	1,004,449 41,880	1,144,335 5,609,602
Total	\$ 18,066,252	8,741,173	1,524,813	1,046,329	6,753,937
Total number of students *	 1,548				
Cost per student	\$ 11,671	5,647	985	676	4,363

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

\* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

**Other Information** 

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2017		2016*		2015*		2014*
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	6,332,695	\$	5,995,850	\$	5,355,195	\$	5,104,831
State sources		7,232,484		7,362,512		7,129,483		7,067,919
Federal sources		327,955		98,569		70,730		105,792
Sixteenth section sources		936,092		1,242,881		1,267,044		-
Total Revenues	_	14,829,226		14,699,812		13,822,452		12,278,542
Expenditures:								
Instruction		6,572,361		6,742,387		7,051,388		6,719,298
Support services		6,478,747		6,388,473		6,605,508		6,516,105
Noninstructional services		104,233		10,740		-		-
Sixteenth section		83,326		109,925		71,794		-
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:		-		-		-		9,952
Interest		23,801		24,850		25,858		26,828
Total Expenditures		13,262,468		13,276,375		13,754,548		13,272,183
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		1,566,758		1,423,437		67,904		(993,641)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Proceeds of loans		-		96,020		94,240		76,027
Insurance recovery		-		77,135		-		-
Operating transfers in		77,385		71,816		78,774		580,859
Other financing sources		189		9,015		2,825		-
Operating transfers out		(689,976)		(479,404)		(565,449)		-
Other financing uses		-		-		-		(37,219)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(612,402)		(225,418)		(389,610)		619,667
Net Change in Fund Balances		954,356		1,198,019		(321,706)		(373,974)
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of period, as previously reported		3,539,716		2,245,677		1,998,948		2,345,656
Prior period adjustments		-		96,020		211,273		27,266
Fund reclassification		-		-		357,162		-
Beginning of period, as restated		3,539,716		2,341,697		2,567,383		2,372,922
End of Period	\$	4,494,072	\$	3,539,716	\$	2,245,677	\$	1,998,948
	Ψ	4,707,07Z	Ψ	5,555,710	Ψ	2,270,011	Ψ	1,330,340

**\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS** 

Other Information

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2017		2016*		2015*		2014*
Revenues:		2017		2010		2010		2014
Local sources	\$	6,685,762	\$	6,383,307	\$	5,798,622	\$	5,689,967
State sources	Ŧ	7,622,615	+	7,859,439	Ŧ	7,457,155	*	7,275,617
Federal sources		2,715,431		2,787,066		2,862,730		2,915,378
Sixteenth section sources		1,138,972		1,562,538		1,717,339		1,461,849
Total Revenues		18,162,780		18,592,350		17,835,846		17,342,811
Expenditures:								
Instruction		7,707,528		7,956,561		8,121,186		7,506,744
Support services		8,218,849		7,487,861		7,809,152		7,792,429
Noninstructional services		116,674		935,471		1,008,488		900,341
Sixteenth section		86,483		121,565		76,179		84,426
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,075,256		3,132,716		-		172,021
Debt service:								
Principal		663,535		665,960		770,669		788,964
Interest		197,427		88,638		112,244		129,185
Other		500		148,770		838		536
Total Expenditures		18,066,252		20,537,542		17,898,756		17,374,646
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures		96,528		(1,945,192)		(62,910)		(31,835)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Proceeds of loans		-		96,020		94,240		76,027
Bonds and notes issued		-		1,395,000		-		-
Trust certificates issued		-		4,320,000		-		-
Insurance recovery		-		77,135		-		-
Payment to bond escrow agent		-		(1,359,078)		-		-
Operating transfers in		767,361		603,622		644,223		1,243,443
Other financing sources		189		9,015		2,825		-
Operating transfers out		(767,361)		(603,622)		(644,223)		(1,243,443)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		189		4,538,092		97,065		76,027
Net Change in Fund Balances		96,717		2,592,900		34,155		44,192
		,		,,		- ,		, -
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of period, as previously reported		8,248,633		5,561,243		5,315,745		5,274,145
Prior period adjustments		-		96,020		211,273		8,481
Beginning of period, as restated		8,248,633		5,657,263		5,527,018		5,282,626
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		5,365		(1,530)		70		(11,073)
End of Period	\$	8,350,715	\$	8,248,633	\$	5,561,243	\$	5,315,745

**\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS** 

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Yazoo County School District Yazoo City, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Yazoo County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Yazoo County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2018.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Yazoo County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Yazoo County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Yazoo County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Yazoo County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we did note certain instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations that we reported to management of the school district in a separate letter dated January 18, 2018, which is included in this report.

The Yazoo County School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations. We did not audit Yazoo County School District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi January 18, 2018

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Yazoo County School District Yazoo City, Mississippi

# **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Yazoo County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Yazoo County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Yazoo County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Yazoo County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Yazoo County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Yazoo County School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Yazoo County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Yazoo County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Yazoo County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Yazoo County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi January 18, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Yazoo County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Yazoo County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, which collectively comprise Yazoo County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations:

#### Finding

The Yazoo County School District declared an ad valorem shortfall for fiscal year 2017 of \$146,322 and subsequently received a promissory note in that amount. However, in our testing, we discovered errors in the District's calculation of the shortfall and determined that those errors in fact resulted in an ad valorem tax escrow of \$136,241. As such, future ad valorem tax requests will need to be reduced for that calculated escrow amount.

#### **Recommendation**

We recommend the District follow the steps outlined in the State Legal Compliance Audit Program in determining ad valorem tax shortfalls and escrows.

#### School District's Response

We have reviewed the steps outlined in the State Legal Compliance Audit Program and have corrected our internal documents used to calculate ad valorem tax shortfalls and escrows. We will take greater care in ensuring compliance with the state laws and regulations surrounding ad valorem taxes.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Yazoo County School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi January 18, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

# Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:												
1.	Туре с	Unmodified										
_		al control over financial reporting:										
2.	Interna											
	a.	a. Material weakness(es) identified?										
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identi	fied?	None reported								
3.	Nonco	No										
Fed	Federal Awards:											
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:										
	a.	No										
	b.	None reported										
5.	5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:											
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?											
7.	. Identification of major programs:											
	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>•r</u>										
	<u>CFDA Numbers</u> <u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u> Child Nutrition Cluster:											
	10.553	}	School breakfast program									
	10.555	5	National school lunch program									

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:
9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

# Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.