

The following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor, but was prepared by and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor by a private CPA firm. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

PRENTISS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

Audited Financial Statements and Special Reports

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018



Certified Public Accountants

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2-4
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Notes to Financial Statements	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16-36
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis): General Fund Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of County Contributions Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	37 38 39 40 41-43
OTHER INFORMATION Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials	44 45-46
SPECIAL REPORTS Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	47 48-49
Independent Accountants' Report on Central Purchasing System, Inventory Control System and Purchase Clerk Schedules (Required by Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972)) Limited Internal Control and Compliance Review Management Report	50-53 54-56
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES	57-64

FINANCIAL SECTION



Member of: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Alabama Society of Certified Public Accountants Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

www.sparkscpas.com

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Prentiss County, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Prentiss County, Mississippi, (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Florence, Alabama Phone: (256)764-0991

Booneville, Mississippi Phone: (662)728-6172 Red Bay, Alabama Phone: (256)356-9375

Corinth, Mississippi Phone: (662)286-7082 Muscle Shoals, Alabama Phone: (256)314-5082

> luka, Mississippi Phone: (662)423-5057

Basis for Qualified Opinions on Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and the Solid Waste Fund

As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits in the governmental activities, the business-type activities and the Solid Waste Fund and, accordingly, has not recorded an expense for the current period change in that liability. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that other postemployment benefits attributable to employee services already rendered and that are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee be accrued as liabilities and expenses as employees earn the rights to the benefits, which would increase the liabilities, reduce the net position and change the expenses of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the Solid Waste Fund. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, net position and expenses of the governmental activities, and the Solid Waste Fund has not been determined.

Qualified Opinions

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and the Solid Waste Fund" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, business type activities, and the Solid Waste Fund of Prentiss County, Mississippi as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the General Fund, State Aid Road Fund, aggregate remaining fund information and Wheeler Sewer Utility District Fund of Prentiss County, Mississippi as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedule and corresponding notes, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the County's Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Omission of Required Supplementary Information

Prentiss County, Mississippi, has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an

essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 1, 2020, on our consideration of Prentiss County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Prentiss County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Prentiss County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The apartos CPA Firm, P.C.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C. Certified Public Accountants Red Bay, Alabama September 1, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

		Primary Government				
	-	Governmental	Business-type			
	_	Activities	Activities	Total		
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	5,159,484	371,844	5,531,328		
Property tax receivable		5,860,975	-	5,860,975		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for						
uncollectibles of \$865,150)		-	576,767	576,767		
Fines receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles		440.000		440.000		
of \$2,119,586)		418,282	-	418,282		
Intergovernmental receivables		562,627	-	562,627		
Other receivables		39,693	114,992	154,685		
Internal balances		15,100	(15,100)	-		
Capital assets:		2 042 604	E4 004	2 004 752		
Land and construction in progress		3,913,691	51,061	3,964,752		
Other capital assets, net	-	23,193,674	1,770,604	24,964,278		
Total Assets	-	39,163,526	2,870,168	42,033,694		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions	_	347,236	40,175	387,411		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	347,236	40,175	387,411		
LIABILITIES						
Claims payable		320,293	22,180	342,473		
Intergovernmental payables		191,928	-	191,928		
Accrued interest payable		118,142	2,132	120,274		
Unearned revenue		-	9,909	9,909		
Amounts held in custody for others		27,225	-	27,225		
Other payables		24,880	-	24,880		
Long-term liabilities						
Net pension liability		8,599,159	1,061,104	9,660,263		
Due within one year:						
Capital debt		732,257	50,733	782,990		
Due in more than one year:						
Capital debt	_	4,814,856	93,628	4,908,484		
Total Liabilities	-	14,828,740	1,239,686	16,068,426		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		208,618	24,137	232,755		
Deferred revenues - property taxes		5,860,975	-	5,860,975		
Fines for future reporting period		49,304		49,304		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	6,118,897	24,137	6,143,034		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		21,560,252	1,677,304	23,237,556		
Restricted:			, ,	, ,		
Expendable:						
General government		128,322	-	128,322		
Public safety		940,974	-	940,974		
Public works		977,789	17,888	995,677		
Culture and recreation		2,315	-	2,315		
Economic development and assistance		30,335	-	30,335		
Debt service		2,355,254	-	2,355,254		
Unrestricted		(7,432,116)	(48,672)	(7,480,788)		
Total Net Position	\$	18,563,125	1,646,520	20,209,645		
	-					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

			Program Revenue	S	Net (Expense) I	Revenue and Changes	n Net Position
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 3,666,457	312,991	133,213	-	(3,220,253)		(3,220,253)
Public safety	2,773,675	207,534	307,255	-	(2,258,886)		(2,258,886)
Public works	2,554,272	97,583	-	2,530,797	74,108		74,108
Health and welfare	230,486	-	133,660	-	(96,826)		(96,826)
Culture and recreation	216,283	-	63,983	-	(152,300)		(152,300)
Conservation of natural resources	183,619	-	-	-	(183,619)		(183,619)
Economic development and assistance	164,684	-	-	-	(164,684)		(164,684)
Interest on long-term debt	208,595	-	-	-	(208,595)		(208,595)
Pension expense	904,758	-	-	-	(904,758)		(904,758)
Total Governmental Activities	10,902,829	618,108	638,111	2,530,797	(7,115,813)		(7,115,813)
Business-type activities:							
Solid Waste	1,069,568	1,500,698	-	-		431,130	431,130
Wheeler Sewer Utility District	125,001	45,543	-	-		(79,458)	(79,458)
Total Business-type Activities	1,194,569	1,546,241	-	-		351,672	351,672
Total Primary Government	\$ 12,097,398	2,164,349	638,111	2,530,797	(7,115,813)	351,672	(6,764,141)
	General revenues	_					
	Property taxes	6		c	6,070,778	_	6,070,778
		e privilege taxes		· · · · ·	811,654	_	811,654
		tributions not restrict	ted to specific prog	rame	707,646	_	707,646
	Unrestricted int		ica to specific prog	Tamb	20,402	303	20,705
	Miscellaneous				270,919	16,571	287,490
	Total General	Revenues			7,881,399	16,874	7,898,273
	Total General	Revenues			7,001,399	10,074	1,090,213
	Changes in Net F	Position			765,586	368,546	1,134,132
	Net Position - Be	ginning, as previousl	v reported		17,770,944	1,277,974	19,048,918
	Prior period adjus		,		26,595		26,595
		ginning, as restated			17,797,539	1,277,974	19,075,513
	Net Position - En	ding		5	18,563,125	1,646,520	20,209,645
		5					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

		Major Funds				
		General	State Aid Road	Other Governmental	Total Governmental	
	_	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
ASSETS	•				5 4 5 9 4 9 4	
Cash	\$	509,556	-	4,649,928	5,159,484	
Property tax receivable		4,473,000	-	1,387,975	5,860,975	
Fines receivable, (net of allowance for uncollectibles of \$2,119,586)		260 070		49,304	110 000	
Intergovernmental receivables		368,978 131,350	-	49,304 62,196	418,282 193,546	
Other receivables		25,108		14,585	39,693	
Due from other funds		384,181	_	40,241	424,422	
Advances to other funds		10,218	-	4,586	14,804	
Total Assets	\$	5,902,391		6,208,815	12,111,206	
10101735013	Ψ=	0,002,001		0,200,010	12,111,200	
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities:						
Claims payable	\$	101,890	-	218,403	320,293	
Intergovernmental payables		191,928	-	-	191,928	
Due to other funds		40,241	-	-	40,241	
Advances from other funds		4,586	-	10,218	14,804	
Amounts held in custody for others		27,225	-	-	27,225	
Other payables Total Liabilities	_	24,880	. <u> </u>	228,621	24,880	
Total Liabilities	_	390,750		220,021	619,371	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		4,473,000	-	1,387,975	5,860,975	
Unavailable revenue - fines	_	368,978		49,304	418,282	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	4,841,978	-	1,437,279	6,279,257	
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Advances		10,218	-	-	10,218	
Restricted for:		,				
Public safety		-	-	613,457	613,457	
Public works		-	-	977,789	977,789	
Debt service		-	-	2,473,396	2,473,396	
Committed to:						
General government		-	-	118,104	118,104	
Public safety		-	-	327,517	327,517	
Culture and recreation		-	-	2,315	2,315	
Economic development		-	-	30,337	30,337	
Unassigned	_	659,445		-	659,445	
Total Fund Balances		669,663	-	4,542,915	5,212,578	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	5,902,391	-	6,208,815	12,111,206	

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 5,212,578
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation of \$15,182,651.	27,107,365
Fines receivables that have accrued at year end but are not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period are not reported in the funds.	368,978
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(5,547,113)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(8,599,159)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(118,142)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	347,236 (208,618)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 18,563,125

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Major Funds				
	-	General Fund	State Aid Road Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	4,624,109	-	1,446,668	6,070,777	
Road and bridge privilege taxes		-	-	811,654	811,654	
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		334,936	-	8,381	343,317	
Fines and forfeitures		240,863	-	-	240,863	
Intergovernmental revenues		791,155	2,269,735	815,664	3,876,554	
Charges for services		293,105	-	353,997	647,102	
Interest income		20,401	-	1	20,402	
Miscellaneous revenues	_	65,092	-	208,682	273,774	
Total Revenues	_	6,369,661	2,269,735	3,645,047	12,284,443	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		3,231,952	-	463,778	3,695,730	
Public safety		2,453,647	-	415,579	2,869,226	
Public works		62,201	2,269,735	2,174,445	4,506,381	
Health and welfare		228,716	-	-	228,716	
Culture and recreation		216,283	-	-	216,283	
Conservation of natural resources		67,018	-	105,758	172,776	
Economic development and assistance		129,289	-	133,660	262,949	
Debt service:						
Principal		39,215	-	613,404	652,619	
Interest		4,858	-	138,269	143,127	
Bond Issue Costs		-		3,614	3,614	
Total Expenditures	_	6,433,179	2,269,735	4,048,507	12,751,421	
Excess of Revenues over						
(under) Expenditures		(63,518)		(403,460)	(466,978)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Long-term capital debt issued		_	_	1,848,500	1,848,500	
Transfers in		_	_	149,707	149,707	
Transfers out		(149,707)	-	-	(149,707)	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	(149,707)		1,998,207	1,848,500	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	_	(213,225)		1,594,747	1,381,522	
Fund Balances - Beginning		882,888		2,948,168	3,831,056	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	669.663		4,542,915	5,212,578	
Fully Datalices - Eliulity	φ=	009,003		4,042,910	5,212,570	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,381,522
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that capital outlays of \$2,760,497 exceeded depreciation expense of (\$1,103,905) in the current period.	1,656,592
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the Governmental Funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of the net loss of (\$17,499) and the proceeds from the sale of assets of (\$0) in the current period.	(17,499)
Fine revenue recognized on the modified accrual basis in the funds during the current year is reduced because prior year recognition would have been required on the Statement of Activities using the full-accrual basis of accounting.	(613,174)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that debt proceeds of (\$1,848,500) exceeded debt repayments of \$652,619.	(1,195,881)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when due, rather than as it accrues. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the following item:	
Accrued interest payable	(65,468)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include:	
Recording of pension expense for the current period Recording of contributions made in the current fiscal year.	(904,758) 524,251
Rounding	 11
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 765,586

Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Funds September 30, 2018

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
		-	Wheeler Sewer			
		Solid Waste	Utility District			
		Fund	Fund	Total		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash	\$	357,262	14,582	371,844		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for	÷	,	,	01 1,011		
uncollectibles of \$865,150)		576,767	-	576,767		
Other receivables		111,281	3,711	114,992		
Total Current Assets		1,045,310	18,293	1,063,603		
Noncurrent assets:		.,0.10,0.10		.,000,000		
Land		51,061	-	51,061		
Other capital assets, net		355,070	1,415,534	1,770,604		
Total Noncurrent Assets		406,131	1,415,534	1,821,665		
Total Assets	_	1,451,441	1,433,827	2,885,268		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		40,175		40,175		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		40,175		40,175		
Total Deletted Outliows of Resources		40,175	<u>-</u>	40,175		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Claims payable		21,775	405	22,180		
Due to other funds		15,100	-	15,100		
Accrued interest payable		2,132	-	2,132		
Unearned revenue		9,909	-	9,909		
Capital debt:						
Equipment notes payable		50,733		50,733		
Total Current Liabilities		99,649	405	100,054		
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Net pension liability		1,061,104	-	1,061,104		
Capital debt:		00.000		00.000		
Equipment notes payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities		93,628		93,628		
		1,154,732 1,254,381	405	1,154,732 1,254,786		
Total Liabilities	_	1,254,361	405	1,254,780		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		24,137		24,137		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		24,137		24,137		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		261,770	1,415,534	1,677,304		
Restricted for:		,	. ,	. ,		
Public works		-	17,888	17,888		
Unrestricted		(48,672)	-	(48,672)		
Total Net Position	\$	213,098	1,433,422	1,646,520		
	* =	<u> </u>				

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Business-ty	pe Activities - Enterprise Fu	nds
		Solid Waste	Wheeler Sewer Utility District	
		Fund	Fund	Totals
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$	1,500,698	45,543	1,546,241
Miscellaneous		15,870	701	16,571
Total Operating Revenues	_	1,516,568	46,244	1,562,812
Operating Expenses				
Personal services		622,370	2,361	624,731
Contractual services		168,869	34,100	202,969
Material and supplies		181,422	16,212	197,634
Depreciation expense		47,256	72,328	119,584
Pension expense		46,746	-	46,746
Total Operating Expenses	_	1,066,663	125,001	1,191,664
Operating Income (Loss)	_	449,905	(78,757)	371,148
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest income		296	7	303
Interest expense		(2,905)	-	(2,905)
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	(2,609)	7	(2,602)
Net Income (Loss)		447,296	(78,750)	368,546
Changes in Net Position	_	447,296	(78,750)	368,546
Net Position - Beginning		(234,198)	1,512,172	1,277,974
Net Position - Ending	\$	213,098	1,433,422	1,646,520

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Proprietary Funds			
		Solid Waste Fund	Wheeler Sewer Utility District Fund	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers	\$	1,165,534	45,544	1,211,078
Payments to suppliers		(353,726)	(50,310)	(404,036)
Payments to employees		(622,053)	(1,958)	(624,011)
Other operating cash receipts		15,870	701	16,571
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		205,625	(6,023)	199,602
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Proceeds of long-term debt		114,829	-	114,829
Principal paid on long-term debt		(54,032)	-	(54,032)
Acquisition of capital assets		(114,988)	-	(114,988)
Interest paid on debt		(2,905)	-	(2,905)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(57,096)		(57,096)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest and dividends on investments		296	7	303
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		296	7	303
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		148,825	(6,016)	142,809
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		208,437	20,598	229,035
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	357,262	14,582	371,844
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	¢	440.005	(70,757)	074.440
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	449,905	(78,757)	371,148
Depreciation expense		47,256	72,328	119,584
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(345,071)	-	(345,071)
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		-	1	1
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - pensions		20,202	-	20,202
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		(3,417)	405	(3,012)
Increase (decrease) in other accrued payables		630	-	630
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - pensions		1,120	-	1,120
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		9,909	-	9,909
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		25,091	-	25,091
Total Adjustments		(244,280)	72,734	(171,546)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	205,625	(6,023)	199,602

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities September 30, 2018

		Agency Funds
ASSETS	_	
Cash	\$	430,539
Property tax receivable		676,000
Advances to other funds		150,000
Total Assets	\$	1,256,539
LIABILITIES		
Amounts held in custody for others	\$	9,527
Deferred revenue		676,000
Intergovernmental payables		201,931
Due to governmental funds	_	369,081
Total Liabilities	\$_	1,256,539

PRENTISS COUNTY Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

- (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.
 - A. Financial Reporting Entity.

Prentiss County, Mississippi (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Mississippi. The County is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Prentiss County to present these financial statements on the primary government, which has significant operational or financial relationships with the County. There are no outside organizations that should be included as component units of the County's reporting entity.

State law pertaining to county government provides for the independent election of county officials. The following elected and appointed officials are all part of the County legal entity and therefore are reported as part of the primary government financial statements.

- Board of Supervisors
- Chancery Clerk
- Circuit Clerk
- Justice Court Clerk
- Purchase Clerk
- Tax Assessor
- Tax Collector
- Sheriff
- B. Basis of Presentation.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, fund financial statements and accompanying note disclosures which provide a detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information concerning the County as a whole. The statements include all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues and are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely mainly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

revenues, are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business-type activity or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the County are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual Governmental Funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column as Other Governmental Funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting.

The Government-wide, Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds (excluding agency funds) financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the County. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Agency funds have no measurement focus, but use the accrual basis of accounting.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

Governmental financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collected in the current period or within 60 days after year-end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

The County reports the following major Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>State Aid Road Fund</u> – This is a capital project fund that is used to account for capital projects funded through the Office of State Aid Road Construction.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The County reports the following major Enterprise Funds:

<u>Solid Waste Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the County's activities of disposal of solid waste within the County.

<u>Wheeler Sewer Utility District Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the County's activities of the Wheeler Sewer Utility District.

Additionally, the County reports the following funds types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the County has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE

<u>Agency Funds</u> – These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the County, acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

D. Account Classifications.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting* as issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association.

E. Deposits and Investments.

State law authorizes the County to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the County may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the County did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

F. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

G. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Noncurrent portions of interfund receivables and payables are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the General Fund, if applicable, to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. However, this is not applicable to advances reported in other governmental funds, which are reported, by definition, as restricted, committed, or assigned. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

H. Capital Assets.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the (applicable) governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost where records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Capital assets include significant amounts of infrastructure which have been valued at estimated historical cost. The estimated historical cost was based on replacement cost multiplied by the consumer price index implicit price deflator for the year of acquisition. The extent to which capital assets, other than infrastructure, costs have been estimated fair market value at the time of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend their respective lives are not capitalized; however, improvements are capitalized. Interest expenditures are not capital assets.

Governmental accounting and financial reporting standards allow governments meeting certain criteria to elect not to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively. Prentiss County meets this criteria and has so elected. Therefore, the major general infrastructure assets acquired prior to October 1, 2002, are not reported in the government-wide financial statements. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to October 1, 2002.

Capital assets acquired or constructed for Proprietary Fund operations are capitalized at cost in the respective funds in which they are utilized. No interest is capitalized on self-constructed assets because non-capitalization of interest does not have a material effect on the County's financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the time of donation.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements and Proprietary Funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	Thresholds	Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	N/A
Infrastructure	0	20-50 years
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

* Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 10 for additional details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

<u>Deferred revenue – property taxes/unavailable revenue – property taxes</u> – Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

<u>Fines for future reporting period/unavailable revenue – fines</u> – When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such a time as the revenue becomes available.

<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u> – This amount represents the County's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the County participates. See Note 10 for additional details.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

J. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

K. Long-term Liabilities.

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligations indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the Proprietary Fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or Proprietary Funds – Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Equity Classifications.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Government fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. The following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the County:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are either not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties are restricted, committed or assigned) or amounts that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as a principal balance of a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the Board of Supervisors, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is an order of the Board of Supervisors as approved in the board minutes.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the County's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the County's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

M. Property Tax Revenues.

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Supervisors may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the County. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Supervisors, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

N. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

O. Compensated Absences.

The County has adopted a policy of compensation for accumulated unpaid employee benefits; however, adequate records are not maintained for determining the amount of the liability. Therefore, no liability is recorded in the accompanying financial statements as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We believe the effects of the unrecorded liability on the financial statements are immaterial.

P. Changes in Accounting Standards.

The County was required to implement the following standard issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the current fiscal year as required: GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The County chose not to implement this standard resulting in a qualified opinion in the auditors' report. See Note 9 for more details.

(2) Prior Period Adjustment.

A summary of the significant net position/fund balance adjustment is as follows:

Exhibit 2 - Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

Explanation	Amount
To record an addition to construction in progress from the prior year	\$ 26,595
Total prior period adjustment	\$ 26,595

(3) Deposits.

The carrying amount of the County's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2018, was \$5,961,867 and the bank balance was \$5,652,406. The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above the FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the County.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

(4) Interfund Transactions and Balances.

The following is a summary of interfund balances at September 30, 2018:

A. Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Fiduciary Funds	\$ 369,081
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund	15,100
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	40,241
Total		\$ 424,422

The amount payable from the Agency Funds represents funds provided to Payroll Clearing account. The payable from the General Fund represents the tax revenue collected but not settled until October 2018. These receivables are expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements. The difference between the due to/due from other funds and Exhibit 3 is the due to/due from Payroll Clearing, which is an Agency Fund and Solid Waste Fund, which is an Enterprise Fund and are not reflected on Exhibit 3.

B. Advances From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 10,218
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	 4,586
Total		\$ 14,804

The amount payable from the Other Governmental Funds represent debt proceeds recorded in the General Fund instead of Wheeler Sewer Capital Project Fund. The amount payable from the General Fund represents revenue recorded in the incorrect fund. All interfund balances are not expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

C. Transfers In/Out:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$ 149,707
Total		\$ 149,707

The principal purposes of interfund transfers were to provide funds for operating purposes. All interfund transfers were routine and consistent with activities of the fund making the transfer.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

(5) Intergovernmental Receivables.

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Description	_	Amount
Governmental Activities:		
Legislative Tag Credit	\$	87,550
State Motor Vehicle License Privilege Tax		24,607
Housing Prisoners		1,760
Reimbursement for Food Stamp/Welfare		3,910
Sheriff TRIAD Grant		1,000
Emergency Reimbursement Grant		11,681
Timber Severance		842
Reimbursement First District Drug Court		15,936
State Motor Vehicle License Privilege Tax		703
Gas Tax		45,557
Receivable from Payroll Fund		369,081
Total Governmental Activities	\$ _	562,627

(6) Capital Assets.

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2018:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 10/01/17		Deletions	Adjustments	Balance 09/30/18
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 1,184,5		-	-	1,184,525
Construction in progress	1,575,8	94 2,667,192		(1,513,920)	2,729,166
Total Non-Depreciable					
Capital Assets	2,760,4	19 2,667,192		(1,513,920)	3,913,691
Depreciable capital assets:					
Infrastructure	11,139,6	03 -	-	1,540,515	12,680,118
Buildings	11,019,3		-	1,040,010	11,019,386
Improvements other than buildings	8.464.7		-	-	8.464.748
Mobile equipment	5,440,0		17,499	-	5,515,859
Furniture and equipment	624,7	,	-	71,499	696,214
Leased property	02.1,1			,	000,211
under capital leases	71,4	99 -	-	(71,499)	-
Total Depreciable		<u> </u>		(11,100)	
Capital Assets	36,760,0	04 93,305	17,499	1,540,515	38,376,325
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	2.059.6	44 386.709	_	_	2,446,353
Buildings	4,435,4	,	-		4,613,535
Improvements other than buildings	2,779,4	,	_	_	3,118,060
Mobile equipment	4,237,0		_	-	4,403,552
Furniture and equipment	502.7		-	64,349	601,151
Leased property	002,1	01,020		01,010	001,101
under capital leases	64,3	49 -	-	(64,349)	-
Total Accumulated Depreciation	14,078,7			(0.1,0.10)	15,182,651
Total Depreciable		1,100,000			
Capital Assets, Net	22,681,2	58 (1,010,600)	17,499	1,540,515	23,193,674
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 25,441,6	77 1.656,592	17,499	26,595	27,107,365
Capital Assets, Net	φ2,441,0	1,000,092	17,499	20,393	21,101,303

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Business-type Activities:		Balance 10/01/17	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Balance 09/30/18
Non-depreciable capital assets:	-				<u> </u>	
Land	\$	51,061	-	-	-	51,061
Total Non-Depreciable	· -	,				·
Capital Assets	-	51,061				51,061
Depreciable capital assets:						
Infrastructure		2,066,472	-	-	-	2,066,472
Buildings		155,603	-	-	-	155,603
Mobile equipment		863,164	114,988	-	-	978,152
Furniture and equipment	_	25,000	-		-	25,000
Total Depreciable						
Capital Assets	-	3,110,239	114,988			3,225,227
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Infrastructure		578,610	72,328	-	-	650,938
Buildings		66,950	3,114	-	-	70,064
Mobile equipment		666,979	44,142	-	-	711,121
Furniture and equipment		22,500	-	-	-	22,500
Total Accumulated Depreciation	-	1,335,039	119,584			1,454,623
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net		1,775,200	(4,596)	-	-	1,770,604
	-	, ., .,				, , , , - , - , - ,
Business-type Activities						
Capital Assets, Net	\$ _	1,826,261	(4,596)			1,821,665

The adjustments in capital assets in the governmental activities consisted of completed capital projects and reclassification of leased equipment to furniture and equipment.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

φ. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Amount
Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 201,017
Public safety	156,870
Public works	688,783
Health and welfare	1,770
Culture and recreation	20,069
Economic development and assistance	35,396
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,103,905
Business-type Activities:	
Solid Waste	\$ 47,256
Wheeler Sewer Utility District	72,328
Total Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 119,584

Commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects at September 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

Description of Commitment	 Remaining Financial Commitment	Expected Date of Completion
SAP-59(73) LSBP-59(27)	\$ 64,840 542,033	05/2020 03/2020
SAP-59(9)M	167,559	07/2019
BR-0059(39)M LSBP-59(28)	2,629,619 558,364	10/2020 06/2020
Total:	\$ 3,962,415	

PRENTISS COUNTY Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

(7) Claims and Judgments.

Risk Financing.

The County finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The County pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by Worker's Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability. However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2018 to January 1, 2019. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

(8) Operating Leases.

As Lessor:

On November 23, 1992, Prentiss County entered into a non-cancellable operating lease with the Prentiss County School District for the lease of a building owned by the County for the purpose of providing office space for the Superintendent and the Superintendent's office staff. The operating lease stipulated that the lease would pay approximately \$525 per month in lease payments commencing on December 1, 1992 for a term of 5 years. At the end of the lease term, the lessee has the right to renew the lease for an additional three or five year period. The lease is still in effect under the renewal terms. The current renewal period will expire on November 30, 2018.

On May 18, 2016. Prentiss County entered into a non-cancellable operating lease with the Mississippi Department of Human Services (MDHS) for the lease of the newly renovated "Blue Bell" building owned by the County for the purpose of providing office space for the MDHS office staff. The operating lease stipulates that the lease would pay the rate of use allowance of the stated cost of the building per year multiplied by the percentage of the total square footage occupied by MDHS programs, the product of which will determine the amount that will be claimed as administrative expenditure for public assistance purposes, subject to the availability of federal funds. The approximate estimate equals \$16,702 per year in lease payments commencing on October 1, 2015 for a term of 50 years. At the commencement of the lease, MDHS occupied 13,564 square feet which accounted for 49.34% of the total building square footage. The amount of the reimbursement received by the County for use allowance will fluctuate according to the percentage of square footage in the facility occupied by MDHS programs and the percentage of federal match available for the various MDHS programs. Space occupancy will be determined annually by the Fact Sheet(s) submitted by the County Director reflecting the occupancy of the building for the year for which the federal reimbursement payment on use allowance is being calculated. It is expressly understood and agreed that the obligation of MDHS to proceed under the lease agreement is conditioned upon the availability of funds, the appropriation of funds by the Mississippi Legislature, and the receipt of state and/or federal funds. If, at any time, the funds anticipated for the fulfillment of this lease agreement are not forthcoming or insufficient, either through the failure of the federal government to provide funds or of the State of Mississippi to appropriate funds or discontinuance or material alteration of the program under which funds were provided, or if funds are not otherwise available to MDHS for the performance of this lease agreement, MDHS shall have the right, upon written notice to the Board of Supervisors, to immediately terminate this agreement without damage, penalty, cost, or expense to MDHS of any kind whatsoever. The effective date of termination shall be as specified in the notice of termination. MDHS agrees to remit to the Prentiss County Chancery Clerk annually the amount of federal funds available for reimbursement of construction or alteration costs based on the use allowance for the calendar year.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

(8) Operating Leases.

The County receives income from property it leases under noncancelable operating leases. Total income from such leases was \$19,319 for the year ended September 30, 2018. The future minimum lease receivables for these leases are as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Amount
2019	\$ 23,002
2020	23,002
2021	16,702
2022	16,702
2023	16,702
2024 – 2028	83,510
2029 – 2033	83,510
2034 – 2038	83,510
2039 – 2043	83,510
2044 – 2048	83,510
2049 – 2053	83,510
2054 – 2058	83,510
2059 – 2063	83,510
2064 – 2067	 50,106
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$ 814,296

(9) Other Postemployment Benefits.

Plan Description

The Prentiss County Board of Supervisors administers the County's health insurance plan which is authorized by Sections 25-15-101 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972). The County's health insurance plan may be amended by the Prentiss County Board of Supervisors. The County purchases health insurance coverage from a commercial insurance company and offers health insurance benefit coverage through the County's health insurance plan (the Plan). Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the County has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement 75 as a single employer defined benefit health care plan. The County does not issue a publicly available financial report for the Plan. However, the County has not recorded a liability for other postemployment benefits nor has the County reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

PRENTISS COUNTY Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

(10) Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>. Prentiss County, Mississippi contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustee's authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code. Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201-1005 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying Benefits Provided. employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who gualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

<u>Contributions</u>. At September 30, 2018, PERS members were required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary, and the County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate at September 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The County's contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ending September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$587,370, \$572,441 and \$569,645, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$9,660,263 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The County's proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2018 net pension liability was .058079 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of .001422 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$904,758 for governmental activities and \$46,746 for business-type activities. At September 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	42,350	40,723
on pension plan investments		364	-
Changes of assumptions		-	192,032
Changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions		198,751	-
County contribututions subsequent to the measurement			
date	_	145,946	
Total	\$	387,411	232,755

\$145,946 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	
September 30:	Amount
2019	\$ 193,277
2020	33,863
2021	(174,988)
2022	(43,442)
Total	\$ 8,710

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent	
Salary increases	3.25 – 18.50 percent, including inflation	
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expen including inflation	se,

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	27.00 %	4.60 %
International Equity	18.00	4.50
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00	4.75
Global	12.00	4.75
Fixed Income	18.00	0.75
Real Estate	10.00	3.50
Private Equity	8.00	5.10
Emerging Debt	2.00	2.25
Cash	1.00	-
Total	100.00 %	

<u>Discount Rate</u>. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity to the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1- percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
County's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 12,719,795	9,660,263	7,117,389

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

PRENTISS COUNTY Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

(11) Long-term Debt.

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

	Description and Purpose		Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date
Gov	vernmental Activities:				
A.	General Obligation Bonds:				
	Blue Bell Building Bonds 2015 Courthouse Renovation District 3 Road and Bridge 2008 District 5 Road and Bridge 2008 District 2 Road and Bridge 2000 District 1 Road and Bridge 2010 District 2 Road and Bridge 2010 District 4 Road and Bridge 2010 District 5 Road and Bridge 2012 District 3 Road and Bridge 2012 District 1 Road and Bridge 2013 District 2 Road and Bridge 2013 District 4 Road and Bridge 2013 District 4 Road and Bridge 2013 District 4 Road and Bridge 2018 District 3 Road and Bridge 2018 District 5 Road and Bridge 2018 District 4 Road and Bridge 2018 District 4 Road and Bridge 2018 District 5 Road and Bridge 2018 District 4 Road and Bridge 2018 District 4 Road and Bridge 2018 District 4 Road and Bridge 2018	\$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,312,720\\ 130,000\\ 50,000\\ 50,000\\ 80,000\\ 115,000\\ 115,000\\ 100,000\\ 165,000\\ 234,000\\ 175,000\\ 260,000\\ 260,000\\ 400,000\\ 400,000\\ 425,000\\ 250,000\\ 350,000\\ 4,871,720\end{array}$	3.50% 3.80/5.00% 4.13% 4.13% 3.90/5.50% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 3.75% 2.90/3.00% 3.25/3.30% 4.45% 4.45% 4.45% 4.45% 4.45%	04/2035 06/2019 04/2020 04/2020 04/2021 07/2022 07/2022 07/2022 06/2024 02/2027 05/2028 05/2028 05/2028 02/2033 02/2033 02/2033 02/2033
В.	Equipment Notes:				
	District 4 Backhoe District 1 John Deere Backhoe District 3 John Deere 5100 Tractor District 5 John Deere Backhoe District 1 John Deere Road Grader District 1 2015 Ford F-150 District 4 Ford F-150 Crew Cab District 2 John Deere Backhoe District 4 John Deere Tractor & Bushhog District 2 John Deere 5085E Tractor District 3 RW John Deere 6310 Tractor Total Equipment Notes	\$	14,318 14,248 10,097 16,359 20,088 12,990 7,367 52,606 24,625 38,522 23,500 234,720	2.14% 2.74% 2.74% 2.74% 2.74% 2.84% 2.04% 2.84% 3.35% 3.35% 3.64%	10/2018 05/2019 05/2019 04/2020 04/2020 04/2019 08/2021 07/2022 08/2022 08/2023
C.	Other Loans:				
	E-911 Dispatch Console System Chancery Building Roof Repair Wheeler Sewer MDEQ Loan Blue Bell/Ag Center/Annex Parking Lot Justice Court Computer Total Other Loans	\$ \$	18,501 22,705 170,823 193,426 35,218 440,673	2.92% 2.00% 1.75% 2.00% 2.47%	05/2019 03/2020 09/2033 09/2030 03/2022

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Bus	_Description and Purpose siness-type Activities:	_	Amount Outstanding	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date
A.	Equipment Notes:				
	Case 1150M Bulldozer 2019 Landfill Freightliner Garbage Truck Total Equipment Notes	\$ \$	29,532 114,829 144,361	2.14% 3.95%	12/2018 05/2023

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Obligation Bonds			Equipment Notes	
Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest
\$ 554,816	222,127	\$	115,100	6,741
447,840	164,173		54,333	3,531
405,934	146,483		38,778	1,842
384,102	131,464		21,466	796
302,345	116,773		5,043	184
1,467,229	412,268		-	-
1,112,339	156,702		-	-
197,115	10,408		-	-
\$ 4,871,720	1,360,398	\$	234,720	13,094
	Principal \$ 554,816 447,840 405,934 384,102 302,345 1,467,229 1,112,339 197,115	Principal Interest \$ 554,816 222,127 447,840 164,173 405,934 146,483 384,102 131,464 302,345 116,773 1,467,229 412,268 1,112,339 156,702 197,115 10,408	Principal Interest \$ 554,816 222,127 \$ 447,840 164,173 405,934 146,483 384,102 131,464 302,345 116,773 1,467,229 412,268 1,112,339 156,702 197,115 10,408 10,408 10,408	Principal Interest Principal \$ 554,816 222,127 \$ 115,100 447,840 164,173 54,333 405,934 146,483 38,778 384,102 131,464 21,466 302,345 116,773 5,043 1,467,229 412,268 - 1,112,339 156,702 - 197,115 10,408 -

_	Other Loans		
	Principal	Interest	
\$	62,341	8,797	
	45,085	7,290	
	34,133	6,338	
	34,833	5,638	
	26,191	4,922	
	138,629	16,945	
	99,461	4,231	
\$	440,673	54,161	
	-	Principal \$ 62,341 45,085 34,133 34,833 26,191 138,629 99,461	

Business-type Activities:

	-	Equipment Notes		
Year Ending September 30		Principal	Interest	
2019	\$	50,733	5,239	
2020		22,039	3,760	
2021		22,932	2,867	
2022		23,851	1,949	
2023		24,806	993	
Total	\$	144,361	14,808	

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The amount of debt, excluding specific exempted debt that can be incurred by the County is limited by state statute. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater that 15% of assessed value of the taxable property within the County, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation is increased to 20% whenever a county issues bonds to repair or replace washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the County. As of September 30, 2018, the amount of outstanding debt was equal to 4.05% of the latest property assessments.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2018:

Governmental Activities:		Balance 10/01/17	Additions	Reductions	Balance 09/30/18	Amount due within one year
Equipment notes 332,529 23,500 121,309 234,720 115,100 Capital leases 10,087 - 10,087 - - Other loans 520,035 - 79,362 440,673 62,341 Total \$ 4,351,232 1,848,500 652,619 5,547,113 732,257 Business-type Activities: Equipment notes \$ 83,564 114,829 54,032 144,361 50,733	Governmental Activities:					
Capital leases 10,087 - 10,087 - </td <td>General obligation bonds</td> <td>\$ 3,488,581</td> <td>1,825,000</td> <td>441,861</td> <td>4,871,720</td> <td>554,816</td>	General obligation bonds	\$ 3,488,581	1,825,000	441,861	4,871,720	554,816
Other loans Total 520,035 4,351,232 - 79,362 652,619 440,673 5,547,113 62,341 732,257 Business-type Activities: Equipment notes \$ 83,564 114,829 54,032 144,361 50,733	Equipment notes	332,529	23,500	121,309	234,720	115,100
Total \$	Capital leases	10,087	-	10,087	-	-
Business-type Activities: Equipment notes \$ 83,564 114,829 54,032 144,361 50,733	Other loans	520,035		79,362	440,673	62,341
Equipment notes \$ 83,564 114,829 54,032 144,361 50,733	Total	\$ 4,351,232	1,848,500	652,619	5,547,113	732,257
	Business-type Activities:					
Total \$ 83,564 114,829 54,032 144,361 50,733	Equipment notes	\$ 83,564	114,829	54,032	144,361	50,733
	Total	\$ 83,564	114,829	54,032	144,361	50,733

(12) Deficit Fund Balances of Individual Funds.

The following funds reported deficits in fund balances at September 30, 2018:

Fund	Deficit Amount
Agri-Center Operating Fund	1,441
AIP Project 3-28-0008-019-2018	42,750

(13) Contingencies.

<u>Federal Grants</u> – The County has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the County. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the County's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> – The County is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the County with respect to the various proceedings. However, the County's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

(14) Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The governmental activities' unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$7,432,116) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$130,811 resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. The \$216,425 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2018, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 3 years. The \$208,618 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pension expense over the next 4 years.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The business-type activities unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$48,672) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the business-type activities' deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$15,135 resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. The \$25,040 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension expense over the next 3 years. The \$24,137 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pension at September 30, 2018, will be recognized in pension at September 30, 2018, will be recognized in pension expense over the next 4 years.

(15) Joint Ventures.

The County participates in the following joint ventures:

Prentiss County is a participant with Alcorn, Tippah and Tishomingo Counties in a joint venture authorized by Section 39-3-9, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), to operate the Northeast Regional Library. The joint venture was created to furnish a regional library for the area and is governed by a board consisting of four members with each entity appointing one member. By contractual agreement, the County's appropriation to the joint venture was \$102,300 in fiscal year 2018. Complete financial statements for the Northeast Regional Library can be obtained from Northeast Regional Library, 1023 North Filmore Street, Corinth, MS 38834.

(16) Jointly Governed Organizations.

The County participates in the following jointly governed organizations:

Region IV Mental Health Mental Retardation Commission operates in a district composed of the Counties of Alcorn, Prentiss, Tippah and Tishomingo. The Prentiss County Board of Supervisors appoints four of the 24 Members of the Board of Directors. The County appropriated \$42,000 for the support of the district in fiscal year 2018.

Northeast Mississippi Planning and Development District operates in a district composed of Alcorn, Benton, Marshall, Prentiss, Tippah and Tishomingo. The Prentiss County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the four members of the Board of Commissioners. The County appropriated \$13,200 for the support of the district in fiscal year 2018.

Northeast Mississippi Community College operates in a district composed of the Counties of Alcorn, Prentiss, Tippah, Tishomingo and Union. The Prentiss County Board of Supervisors appoints six of the fifteen members of the college board of trustees. The County appropriated \$720,269 for maintenance and support of the college in fiscal year 2018.

Northeast Mississippi Solid Waste Management Authority operates in a district composed of the Counties of Benton, Prentiss and Tippah, and the Cities of Ashland, Booneville and Ripley. The Prentiss County Board of Supervisors appoints one of the six members of the authority's board. The County did not appropriate any funds to the authority in fiscal year 2018. User governments will be billed on the volume of solid waste from each government.

(17) Tax Abatements.

As of September 30, 2018, Prentiss County provides tax exempt status to fourteen manufacturing companies subject to the requirements of GASB Statement No.77. These manufacturing companies are exempt from real property taxes and personal property taxes except for levies involving the school, the mandatory mill and community college taxes levies. These exemptions are authorized under Sections 27-31-101 and 27-31-105 of the Miss. Code Ann. (1972). These exemptions encourage businesses to locate or expand operations in the County and to create jobs. The amount of taxes abated during fiscal year 2018 totaled \$238,697.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

(18) Subsequent Events.

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of Prentiss County evaluated the activity of the County through September 1, 2020, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

Subsequent to September 30, 2018, the County issued the following debt obligations:

	Interest	Issue		Source of
Issue Date	Rate	Amount	Type of Financing	Financing
02/27/19	3.17%	85,000	Installment Loan	Ad Valorem Taxes
06/24/19	2.99%	120,000	Installment Loan	Garbage Fees
12/03/19	3.00%	2,275,000	CAP Loan	Lease Payments

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	4,400,000	4,519,776	4,519,776	-
Licenses, commissions and other revenue		311,000	337,680	337,680	-
Fines and forteitures		232,500	261,667	261,667	-
Intergovernmental revenues		761,000	810,657	810,657	-
Charges for services		133,000	148,146	148,146	-
Interest income		5,000	20,316	20,316	-
Miscellaneous revenues	_	52,500	126,724	126,724	
Total Revenues	-	5,895,000	6,224,966	6,224,966	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government		3,063,000	3,315,406	3,315,406	-
Public safety		2,139,100	2,409,935	2,409,935	-
Public works		25,000	29,851	29,851	-
Health and welfare		231,625	228,173	228,173	-
Culture and recreation		127,300	216,283	216,283	-
Conservation of natural resources		79,050	66,915	66,915	-
Economic development and assistance		126,500	129,288	129,288	-
Debt service:					
Principal	_	32,000	31,069	31,069	
Total Expenditures	-	5,823,575	6,426,920	6,426,920	
Excess of Revenues over (under)					
Expenditures	-	71,425	(201,954)	(201,954)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES					
Other Financing Sources		-	349,917	349,917	-
Ttransfers out	_	(70,000)	(128,891)	(128,891)	
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	-	(70,000)	221,026	221,026	
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,425	19,072	19,072	-
Fund Balances - Beginning	-	929,141	1,232,826	1,232,826	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	930,566	1,251,898	1,251,898	

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

PRENTISS COUNTY Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years* For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	_	2018	2017	2016	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.058079%	0.056657%	0.056227%	0.056020%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	9,660,263 \$	9,418,315 \$	10,043,546 \$	8,659,587
County's covered payroll	\$	3,708,862 \$	3,634,546 \$	3,616,794 \$	3,499,816
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.46%	259.13%	277.69%	247.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

PRENTISS COUNTY Schedule of County Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years* For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	587,370 \$ 587,370	572,441 \$ 572,441	569,645 \$ 569,645	551,221 551,221
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	\$	\$	\$	
County's covered payroll	\$	3,729,326 \$	3,634,546 \$	3,616,794 \$	3,499,816
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and, until, a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

PRENTISS COUNTY Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the County's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Supervisors of the County, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the Sheriff, Tax Assessor, and Tax Collector for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Supervisors that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The County's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP Basis) and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) is a part of required supplementary information.

C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund:

	(General Fund
Budget (Cash basis)	\$	19,072
Increase (Decrease)		
Net adjustments for revenue accruals		144,695
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals		(6,259)
Net adjustments for other financing sources(uses)		(370,733)
GAAP Basis	\$	(213,225)

PRENTISS COUNTY Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

Pension Schedules

A. Changes of assumptions

<u>2015</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

PRENTISS COUNTY Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

B. Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 year end).

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Price inflation Salary increase Investment rate of return Entry age Level percentage of payroll, open 36.6 years 5-year smoothed market 3.00 percent 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

OTHER INFORMATION

Prentiss County Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

Name	Position	Company	Bond	
James Ray Plaxico	Supervisor, District 1	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	100,000
Matt Murphy	Supervisor, District 2	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	100,000
Gary Michael Kesler	Supervisor, District 3	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	100,000
Mike Huddleston	Supervisor, District 4	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	100,000
Larry Lambert	Supervisor, District 5	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	100,000
Glen David Pounds	Chancery Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$ \$	100,000
Angela Jourdan	Bookkeeper	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	75,000
Glen David Pounds	Purchase Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	75,000
Shelba Walker	Asst Purch Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Jennifer Wroten	Asst Purch Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Amber Lancaster	Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	75,000
Jennifer Wroten	Receiving Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	75,000
Linda Fisher	Asst Rec Clerk - Sheriff's Dept.	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Kenneth Stevens	Asst Rec Clerk - District 1	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Billy Plaxico	Asst Rec Clerk - District 2	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Larry W. Powell	Asst Rec Clerk - District 3	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Dennis Moreland	Asst Rec Clerk - District 4	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Curtis Roy	Asst Rec Clerk - District 5	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Jennifer Cummings	Asst Rec Clerk - Drug Court	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Jacky Taylor	Asst Rec Clerk - Landfill	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Ricky Huddleston	Asst Rec Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Buddy Lindsey	Inventory Control Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	75,000
Harry Allen	Constable	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Sammy Henderson	Constable	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Michael R. Kelley	Circuit Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	100,000
Mary Lou Ballard	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Teresa Burcham	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Pam Keeton	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Catherine Shelton	Deputy Circuit Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$ \$	50,000
Linda White Randy Tolar	Deputy Circuit Clerk Sheriff	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	ъ \$	50,000 100,000
Linda Fisher	Sheriff's Assistant	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	φ \$	50,000
Kenneth Shackelford	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	φ \$	50,000
Rusty McCoy	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	φ \$	50,000
Phillip Owens	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Bryant Cunningham	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Jeffery D. Jones	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Bobby J. Tolar	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Tyler Reese	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Dustin Underwood	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Douglas Crow	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Corie Robbins	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Rusty Burroughs	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Justin Underwood	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Brad Taylor	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Doug Rakestraw	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Jason Cinicola	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
James Bradley	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Justin Moreland	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Devin Blake Burress	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Eric Lambert	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
William Blake Kelley	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Marsenio Nunn	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Keith Lovell	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Shane Scott	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Homer Stevens	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Joshua Brumley	Sheriff's Deputy	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Greg Sparks	Coroner	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Richard Tollison	Justice Court Judge	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000

Prentiss County Schedule of Surety Bonds for County Officials For the Year Ended September 30, 2018 UNAUDITED

Name	Position	Company	Bond	
Angela White Pounds	Justice Court Judge	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Donna Inman	Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Paul Wright	Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Lula M. Jumper	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Monica Daniels	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Kristin M. Lambert	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Amy Mont Sellars	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Meka Matthews	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Baylee Allen	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Susan Woodruff	Deputy Justice Court Clerk	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Bob Maddox	Tax Assessor	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Wendy Lewellen	Deputy Tax Assessor	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	10,000
Loretta Beasley	Deputy Tax Assessor	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	10,000
Andy Childs	Deputy Tax Assessor	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	10,000
Pamela Holley	Deputy Tax Assessor	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	10,000
Markrissa Thornton	Deputy Tax Assessor	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	10,000
Johnnie E. Miller	Deputy Tax Assessor	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	10,000
H.W. "Rusty" Cole	Tax Collector	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	100,000
Janis L. Furtick	Deputy Tax Collector	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Teresa Jo Young	Deputy Tax Collector	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Heather Lane Gray	Deputy Tax Collector	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Callie Stanley	Deputy Tax Collector	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Aneshia B. Davis	Deputy Tax Collector	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Mary Elaine Armstrong	Solid Waste Coordinator	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	25,000
Amber Holley	Solid Waste Coordinator	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	50,000
Nancy Lynn Farrar	Deputy Solid Waste Coordinator	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	25,000
Racheal Pollock	Deputy Solid Waste Coordinator	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	25,000
Rhonda Taylor	Deputy Solid Waste Coordinator	Travelers Casualty & Surety of America	\$	25,000

SPECIAL REPORTS



Certified Public Accountants

Member of: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Alabama Society of Certified Public Accountants Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

www.sparkscpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Supervisors Prentiss County, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Prentiss County, Mississippi (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 1, 2020. The report is qualified on the Governmental Activities, Business-type activities, and the Solid Waste Fund because the County did not record a liability or current year expense for other postemployment benefits as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Prentiss County, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Prentiss County, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as 2018-001, 2018-003, 2018-004, 2018-005, 2018-006 and 2018-008 to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as 2018-002 and 2018-007 to be significant deficiencies.

Florence, Alabama Phone: (256)764-0991

Booneville, Mississippi Phone: (662)728-6172 **Red Bay, Alabama** Phone: (256)356-9375

Corinth, Mississippi Phone: (662)286-7082 Muscle Shoals, Alabama Phone: (256)314-5082

luka, Mississippi Phone: (662)423-5057

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Prentiss County, Mississippi's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the management of Prentiss County, Mississippi, in the Limited Internal Control and Compliance Review Management Report dated September 1, 2020, included within this document.

Prentiss County's Responses to Findings

Prentiss County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. Prentiss County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

The aparts CPA Firm, A.C.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C. Certified Public Accountants Red Bay, Alabama September 1, 2020



Member of: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Alabama Society of Certified Public Accountants Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

Certified Public Accountants

www.sparkscpas.com

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON CENTRAL PURCHASING SYSTEM, INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM AND PURCHASE CLERK SCHEDULES (REQUIRED BY SECTION 31-7-115, MISS. CODE ANN. (1972))

Members of the Board of Supervisors Prentiss County, Mississippi

We have examined Prentiss County, Mississippi's (the County) compliance with establishing and maintaining a central purchasing system and inventory control system in accordance with Sections 31-7-101 through 31-7-127, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) and compliance with the purchasing requirements in accordance with the bid requirements of Section 31-7-13, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) during the year ended September 30, 2018. The Board of Supervisors of Prentiss County, Mississippi is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements. The Board of Supervisors of Prentiss County, Mississippi, has established centralized purchasing for all funds of the County and has established an inventory control system. The objective of the central purchasing system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that purchases are executed in accordance with state law.

Because of inherent limitations in any central purchasing system and inventory control system, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any current evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Prentiss County, Mississippi, complied in all material respects, with state laws governing central purchasing, inventory and bid requirements for the year ended September 30, 2018.

The accompanying schedules of (1) Purchases Not Made from the Lowest Bidder, (2) Emergency Purchases and (3) Purchases Made Noncompetitively from a Sole Source are presented in accordance with Section 31-7-115, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The information contained on these schedules has been subjected to procedures performed in connection with our aforementioned examination and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in relation to that examination.

This report is intended for use in evaluating Prentiss County, Mississippi's compliance with the aforementioned requirements, and is not intended to be and should not be relied upon for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

The oparts CPA Firm, P.C.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C. Certified Public Accountants Red Bay, Alabama September 1, 2020

Florence, Alabama Phone: (256)764-0991

Booneville, Mississippi Phone: (662)728-6172 **Red Bay, Alabama** Phone: (256)356-9375

Corinth, Mississippi Phone: (662)286-7082 Muscle Shoals, Alabama Phone: (256)314-5082

luka, Mississippi Phone: (662)423-5057

Schedule of Purchases Not Made From the Lowest Bidder For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Our test results did not identify any purchases from other than the lowest bidder.

Schedule of Emergency Purchases For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Item	Amount		Reason for
Date	Purchased	Paid	Vendor	Emergency Purchase

Our test results did not identify any emergency purchases.

Schedule of Purchases Made Noncompetitively From a Sole Source For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Item	Amount	
Date	Purchased	Paid	Vendor

11/05/18 Cor	nputer Software	\$	6,820	Paraben Corporation
--------------	-----------------	----	-------	---------------------



Member of: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Alabama Society of Certified Public Accountants Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

www.sparkscpas.com

Certified Public Accountants

LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

Members of the Board of Supervisors Prentiss County, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Prentiss County, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2018, we considered Prentiss County, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to Prentiss County, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the County's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated September 1, 2020, on the financial statements of Prentiss County, Mississippi.

Due to the reduced scope, these review procedures and compliance tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

The results of our review procedures and compliance tests identified certain immaterial instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. Our findings, recommendations, and your responses are disclosed below:

Board of Supervisors.

 1.
 County signed warrants without sufficient funds.

 Repeat Finding
 Yes

 Criteria
 Section 19-13-43, Miss Code Ann. (1972), prohibits the signing of warrants or delivery of warrants until there is sufficient money in the fund upon which it is drawn to pay the same.

Florence, Alabama Phone: (256)764-0991

Booneville, Mississippi Phone: (662)728-6172 **Red Bay, Alabama** Phone: (256)356-9375

Corinth, Mississippi Phone: (662)286-7082 Muscle Shoals, Alabama Phone: (256)314-5082

> luka, Mississippi Phone: (662)423-5057

Condition	Warrants were issued on funds which did not have sufficient cash balances. The following funds had a negative cash balance during fiscal year 2018:			
	 General County Fund Agri-Center Operating Fund 1st District Road Work Fund Airport Project #3-28-0008-018-2017 Fund Payroll Clearing Fund 			
Cause	Unknown			
Effect	Failure to have sufficient cash balances in county funds prior to writing checks on these funds resulted in other funds' cash being used for purposes other than their intended purpose. These types of transactions could result in the Board of Supervisors being held personally liable for such amounts.			
Recommendation	The Board of Supervisors should ensure that no warrants are signed or delivered until there is sufficient money in the fund upon which it is drawn to pay the same, as required by law.			
Views of Responsible Officials	e We will comply.			
Board of Supervisors and Tax Collector.				
2.	The Tax Collector shall not issue or renew a motor vehicle tag for any individual having delinquent solid waste fees.			
Repeat Finding	Yes			
Criteria	Section 19-5-22, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), provides that the Board of Supervisors may notify the Tax Collector of any unpaid fees assessed under Section 19-5-21 within ninety days after they become due. Upon receipt of said delinquency notice, the Tax Collector shall not issue or renew a motor vehicle road and bridge privilege license for any motor vehicle owned by a person who is delinquent in the payment of the fees until these fees in addition to any other taxes or fees assessed against the motor vehicle are paid. Payment of all delinquent garbage fees shall be deemed a condition of receiving a motor vehicle road and privilege license tag. Section 19-5-22 uses the term "shall" and thus the language of the statute is mandatory, not discretionary.			
	notice, the Tax Collector shall not issue or renew a motor vehicle road and bridge privilege license for any motor vehicle owned by a person who is delinquent in the payment of the fees until these fees in addition to any other taxes or fees assessed against the motor vehicle are paid. Payment of all delinquent garbage fees shall be deemed a condition of receiving a motor vehicle road and privilege license tag. Section 19-5-22 uses the term "shall" and thus the language of the			
Condition	notice, the Tax Collector shall not issue or renew a motor vehicle road and bridge privilege license for any motor vehicle owned by a person who is delinquent in the payment of the fees until these fees in addition to any other taxes or fees assessed against the motor vehicle are paid. Payment of all delinquent garbage fees shall be deemed a condition of receiving a motor vehicle road and privilege license tag. Section 19-5-22 uses the term "shall" and thus the language of the			

Effect	Allowing the renewal or issuance of a motor vehicle road and bridge privilege license by a person who is delinquent in the payment of garbage fees is in direct violation of State statute, resulting in noncompliance by the Tax Collector.
Recommendation	The Tax Collector should mark motor vehicle tags related to persons delinquent in the payment of garbage fees as nonrenewable or non-issuable until all delinquent garbage fees are paid in full. The County cannot enter into a written agreement with any person delinquent in their garbage fees to accept a partial payment on delinquent garbage fees up front and then the remainder in installments in exchange for releasing the hold on the motor vehicle tag.
Views of Responsible Officials	We will comply
Chancery Clerk.	
3.	Deposit accounts shall only deposit funds in the county depository approved by the Board.
Repeat Finding	Yes
Repeat Finding	res
Criteria	Section 27-105-371, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states that all county officials who receive funds under the authority of their office shall deposit such funds into a county depository.
	Section 27-105-371, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states that all county officials who receive funds under the authority of their office shall deposit such funds into a
Criteria	Section 27-105-371, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states that all county officials who receive funds under the authority of their office shall deposit such funds into a county depository. All county officials should ensure that funds are deposited into the county depository. As noted during our review of cash, the County had accounts in a
Criteria Condition	Section 27-105-371, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states that all county officials who receive funds under the authority of their office shall deposit such funds into a county depository. All county officials should ensure that funds are deposited into the county depository. As noted during our review of cash, the County had accounts in a bank that was not the Board-approved county depository.
Criteria Condition Cause	Section 27-105-371, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states that all county officials who receive funds under the authority of their office shall deposit such funds into a county depository. All county officials should ensure that funds are deposited into the county depository. As noted during our review of cash, the County had accounts in a bank that was not the Board-approved county depository. Unknown Failure to use the county depository approved by the Board of Supervisors could

Official I will comply.

Prentiss County's responses to the findings included in this report were not audited, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

The sparts CPA Firm, P.C.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C. Certified Public Accountants Red Bay, Alabama September 1, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Section 1: Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditors' report issued on the financial statements:

Governmental activities Business-type activities	Qualified Qualified
Major funds: General Fund State Aid Road Fund Aggregate remaining fund information Solid Waste Fund Wheeler Sewer Utility District Fund	Unmodified Unmodified Unmodified Qualified Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
a. Material weaknesses identified?	Yes
b. Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Board of Supervisors

2.

3.

Material Weakness.

2018-001 Internal controls over payroll should be strengthened.

Criteria

An effective system of internal control should include an adequate segregation of duties and centralized tracking of employee leave time.

Condition

The maintenance of the general ledger, processing of payroll and other payroll duties are not adequately segregated for effective internal control. The payroll clerk/bookkeeper writes all checks, completes all deposits, posts all entries to the general ledger, handles all aspects of the payroll function, and reconciles the bank statements. In addition, our audit test work revealed there is no centralized system to track employee leave time.

<u>Cause</u>

Unknown.

<u>Effect</u>

A lack of proper controls could result in unauthorized or inaccurate payroll checks being processed and the loss of public funds.

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Recommendation

The Board of Supervisors should implement a system of internal control that will ensure that proper segregation of duties exists with respect to control of the general ledger, the processing of payroll and other payroll duties, as well as centralized documentation for tracking employee leave time earned and used.

Board of Supervisors' Response

We will comply.

Repeat Finding

Yes (2017-002)

Significant Deficiency.

2018-002 Cash collection functions are not adequately segregated in the Agri-Center department.

<u>Criteria</u>

An effective system of internal control should include an adequate separation of duties.

Condition

As noted in prior year audit reports, the director at the Prentiss County Agri-Center prepares the deposits, handles large amounts of cash, and oversees the purchase and subsequent sale of concession goods with no oversight.

<u>Cause</u>

Unknown

<u>Effect</u>

Failure to have an adequate segregation of duties could result in the loss of public funds or misappropriation of County assets or goods.

Recommendation

The Board of Supervisors should take steps to either ensure that there is an adequate segregation of duties in the collection of cash and oversight of inventory in the Agri-center department or that external oversight of the operations in that department is implemented.

Board of Supervisors' Response

We will comply.

Repeat Finding

Yes (2017-003)

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Material Weakness.

2018-003 The County should comply with GASB Statement 75 and report on postemployment benefits.

<u>Criteria</u>

Prentiss County offers health insurance benefit coverage through the County's health insurance plan. Since retirees may obtain health insurance by participating in a group with active employees and consequently receive a health insurance premium rate differential, the County has a postemployment healthcare benefit reportable under GASB Statement 75 as a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan.

Condition

The County does not issue a publicly available financial report for its health insurance plan. The County has not recorded a liability associated with other postemployment benefits nor has the County reported the note disclosures which are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

<u>Cause</u>

Unknown

<u>Effect</u>

Failure to properly follow generally accepted accounting principles resulted in a qualified opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, and Solid Waste Fund.

Recommendation

The Board of Supervisors should have an actuarial valuation at least biennially so that a liability for other postemployment benefits can be recorded and the appropriate note disclosures can be made in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Supervisors' Response

We will comply.

Repeat Finding

No.

Chancery Clerk

Material Weakness.

2018-004 <u>Cash collection and disbursement functions over accounting functions not adequately</u> <u>segregated.</u>

<u>Criteria</u>

An effective system of internal control should include an adequate separation of duties.

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Condition

As noted in prior years' audit reports, observations revealed that there is not an adequate separation of duties in the accounting functions. The bookkeeper maintains the general ledger, collects cash, writes all county checks, completes all deposits, and reconciles all county bank statements.

<u>Cause</u>

Unknown

<u>Effect</u>

Failure to have an adequate separation of duties could result in the loss of public funds due to the mishandling of funds.

Recommendation

Accounting functions involving receipts and disbursing of funds, recording transactions and reconciling accounts should be performed by different people or reviewed by someone not completing the duties.

Chancery Clerk's Response

Officials, along with the Board of Supervisors, will review the processes in place and make changes as necessary.

Repeat Finding

Yes (2017-004)

Tax Collector.

Material Weakness

2018-005 <u>The Tax Collector shall not issue or renew a motor vehicle tag for any individual having</u> <u>delinquent solid waste fees.</u>

<u>Criteria</u>

Section 19-5-22, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), provides that the Board of Supervisors may notify the Tax Collector of any unpaid fees assessed under Section 19-5-21 within ninety days after they become due. Upon receipt of said delinquency notice, the Tax Collector shall not issue or renew a motor vehicle road and bridge privilege license for any motor vehicle owned by a person who is delinquent in the payment of the fees until these fees in addition to any other taxes or fees assessed against the motor vehicle are paid. Payment of all delinquent garbage fees shall be deemed a condition of receiving a motor vehicle road and privilege license tag. Section 19-5-22 uses the term "shall" and thus the language of the statute is mandatory, not discretionary.

Condition

Our audit test work revealed that the Tax Collector allows individuals with delinquent solid waste fees to purchase their motor vehicle tag by paying a partial payment up front with the intent to repay the remainder of the delinquent balance over the next twelve months, which is expressly prohibited by statute.

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

<u>Cause</u>

Unknown

Effect

Allowing the renewal or issuance of a motor vehicle road and bridge privilege license by a person who is delinquent in the payment of garbage fees is in direct violation of State statute, resulting in noncompliance by the Tax Collector.

Recommendation

The Tax Collector should mark motor vehicle tags related to persons delinquent in the payment of garbage fees as nonrenewable or non-issuable until all delinquent garbage fees are paid in full. The County cannot enter into a written agreement with any person delinquent in their garbage fees to accept a partial payment on delinquent garbage fees up front and then the remainder in installments in exchange for releasing the hold on the motor vehicle tag.

Tax Collector's Response

We will comply.

Repeat Finding

Yes (2017-005)

Justice Court Clerk.

Material Weakness

2018-006 <u>Cash collection and disbursement functions in the Justice Court Clerk's office are not adequately</u> <u>segregated.</u>

<u>Criteria</u>

An effective system of internal controls should include an adequate segregation of duties.

Condition

Cash collection and disbursement functions in the Justice Court office were not adequately separated for effective internal control. The Justice Court Clerk has access to collections, prepares and makes bank deposits, prepares the daily check-up sheets, reconciles the bank statements, posts to the cash journal, makes monthly settlements and writes checks for all disbursements.

<u>Cause</u>

Unknown

<u>Effect</u>

Failure to have adequate separation of duties did result in the loss or misappropriation of public funds.

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Recommendation

The Justice Court Clerk should take steps to ensure that there is an adequate segregation of duties in the collection and disbursement functions of the Justice Court office or that there is external oversight over operations of the Justice Court Office.

Justice Court Clerk's Response

I will comply.

Repeat Finding

Yes (2017-006)

Sheriff.

Significant Deficiency

2018-007 Segregation of duties in the Sheriff's office should be strengthened.

Criteria

An effective system of internal controls should include an adequate segregation of duties.

Condition

Cash collection, disbursement and reconciliation functions are not adequately segregated for effective internal controls. The bookkeeper prepares and makes deposits, calculates the monthly settlements, posts the cash journal, reconciles the bank statements and disburses all funds.

<u>Cause</u>

Unknown.

<u>Effect</u>

Failure to implement adequate segregation of duties could result in the loss of public funds.

Recommendation

The Sheriff should take steps to ensure adequate segregation of duties in the collection, disbursement and reconciliation functions of the Sheriff's office are implemented or take steps to see that a system of external oversight over operating procedures of the Sheriff's office is implemented.

Sheriff's Response

I will comply.

Repeat Finding

Yes (2017-007)

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Solid Waste Clerk.

Material Weakness

2018-008 Segregation of duties in the Solid Waste department should be strengthened.

<u>Criteria</u>

An effective system of internal controls should include an adequate segregation of duties.

Condition

The Solid Waste Clerk accepts cash, makes adjustments to accounts, makes the deposits, picks up the bank statement from the bank and prepares bank reconciliations without any oversight.

<u>Cause</u>

Unknown.

Effect

Failure to implement adequate segregation of duties could result in the loss of public funds.

Recommendation

The Solid Waste Clerk should take steps to ensure adequate segregation of duties in the collection, disbursement and reconciliation functions of the Solid Waste office are implemented or take steps to see that a system of external oversight over operating procedures of the Solid Waste office is implemented.

Solid Waste Clerk's Response

We will comply.

Repeat Finding

Yes (2017-008)