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City of Booneville

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Chris Lindley, Mayor LaVaile Shields, City Clerk Daniel Tucker, City Attorney Tommy Cadle, Judge

Mark McCoy Jason Michael William Scott Lisa Stevens Jeff Williams

September 19, 2019

Office of the State Auditor P O Box 956 Jackson MS 39205

RE: Annual Municipal Audit

Tele Shield

Accompanying this letter are two hard copies and one electronic copy of the annual audit of the City of Booneville, Mississippi for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. In connection with this audit, a separate management letter was written to the City. Enclosed you will find a copy of this management letter along with the audit reports.

Sincerely yours,

Lavaile Shields

City Clerk

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OFFICE OF THE GTATE AUDITOR

JONES & JONES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
OF BOONEVILLE, P.A.

Kermit V. Jones Jr., C.P.A. Christopher D. Jones, C.P.A. Jeremy D. Jones, C.P.A. David W. Jones, C.P.A.

Mayor and Board of Alderpersons City of Booneville, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Booneville, Mississippi as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City of Booneville, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of deficiencies in internal control other than significant deficiencies and material weaknesses and matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters.

- 1. The City needs to establish policies pertaining to cell phone use. The City should receive a detailed list of cell phone calls and review monthly to determine City use and personal use. The cell phones should be used for City business only.
- 2. The City presently allows certain employees (police and firemen and certain department heads) to accumulate personal leave for working during a holiday or unusual overtime. At present the City has no limit on the amount of personal leave that can be accumulated or a Board approved policy pertaining to accumulated personal leave for department heads. The City, if it wishes to continue this procedure, should consider setting maximum days that can be carried forward similar to maximum vacation days that can be carried forward and establishing when salaried department heads are eligible for accumulated personal leave. Future payments required when employees retire or quit could have a significant effect on the City's cash flows and Public Employee Retirement.
- 3. The City's internal controls require the utility department to send a disconnect notice on all users who do not pay their utility bills by a specified date. The internal controls require the City to disconnect utility services if payment is not received by the disconnect date. At September 30, 2018, the City had accounts that were receiving current utilities and had balances owed in excess of 60 days. The City has customers in areas who are provided water by a local water association but receives sewer services and waste collection services from the City. The sewer services cannot be turned off. We recommend these customers be reviewed and discussed with the City attorney to determine enforcement action.

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- 4. During the year ended September 30, 2018, the City pumped 466,761,000 gallons of water. During this same period, the City sold 273,839,000 gallons of water, used 11,593,000 gallons of water in backwashing wells, and used 54,860,000 for various city usage. The City had 126,469,000 gallons of unaccounted for water. Unaccounted for water was 27.10% of pumped water compared to normal unaccounted for water of 20%. This compares to the prior year unaccounted for water of 26.66%.
- 5. Management, as part of their formal risk assessment and monitoring program, should periodically review the following steps to help prevent the occurrence of fraud. Personnel have already implemented some of these items, but all are listed for reference purposes.

Control the mail – In governments, management should either personally pick up the mail, or have the mail picked up by an employee who has no responsibilities related to the handling or recording of deposits, accounts receivable records or revenues. All remittances from customers should be directed to a post office box. Limiting access to the City's mail is essential in preventing the unauthorized negotiation of cash receipts.

Control the accounts receivable – Management should limit access to accounts receivable records, and in particular, the ability to issue credit memoranda, discounts and refunds. Accounts receivable detail ledgers should be balanced with the control account at regular intervals and any differences should be investigated promptly. Only the Board of Alderpersons should be authorized to charge off accounts deemed uncollectible. Any discrepancies reported by customers should be investigated promptly. Aged accounts should be reviewed monthly and past due accounts investigated.

Control the bank statements – Similarly, management should personally pick up the City's bank statements directly from the bank, or have them picked up by an employee who has no related responsibilities and delivered to the Mayor unopened. Management should review the contents of the statements before they are reconciled. Specific items that management should be alert to include:

- 1. Missing checks
- 2. Checks issued out of sequence
- 3. Unknown payees
- 4. Checks that appear to have been altered
- 5. Checks not signed by authorized signatories
- 6. Other unusual items



Control the inventory – Management should carefully monitor gross profit, and investigate any unexpected variances. Access to inventories should be limited as much as possible, and the use of surveillance equipment may deter inventory theft. If a perpetual inventory is used, periodic counts should be performed at regular intervals for comparison with the perpetual records.

Control the accounts payable – Establish and monitor approved vendor lists. Management should periodically review the list of approved vendors, being alert to:

- 1. Unknown vendors
- 2. Vendors with names similar to other known vendors
- 3. Vendors with no physical address or telephone number
- 4. Vendors whose addresses match employee addresses

Limit the number of authorized check signers – If possible, only the Mayor and City Clerk should be authorized to sign checks. If not possible, consider requiring two signatures on checks, at least those over a specified amount. The use of facsimile signatures should be avoided if at all possible. Never sign checks in the blank. Review supporting documentation when checks are signed and investigate any discrepancies.

Account for sequences – Whether it is checks, invoices, credit memoranda, receiving reports, shipping documents, or other prenumbered items, all sequences should be accounted for. Voided documents should be defaced to prevent unauthorized use and retained to complete sequences.

Control general journal entries — Management should either make or personally review and approve all general journal entries. Supporting documentation should be reviewed before approving general journal entries. In particular, the following items should be investigated:

- 1. Entries made to unrelated accounts
- 2. Entries made to receivables or revenues at or near the close of a period
- 3. Entries made by persons whose responsibilities are not consistent with the accounts being adjusted

Monitor exception reports – Unprocessed transactions should be carefully examined for propriety. This includes revenues, expenses, purchasing and payroll transactions.

Establish a budget – Management should establish an operating budget and monitor actual results monthly. Any significant variances should be investigated.

Establish reasonable performance targets – Setting incentive compensation arrangements at unrealistic performance levels may encourage misstatement of financial results.

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Perform thorough background checks on all new employees – Call former employers and educational institutions for verification of previous employment and education. Beware of "gaps" in employment or educational history. Consider obtaining a credit report (if authorized by the candidate) before employment.

Require uninterrupted vacations for all employees and establish a schedule of rotation of employee responsibilities — More than just good management, rotation of duties provides a strong disincentive to commit fraud. In addition, it provides an opportunity to discover fraud that has already occurred.

Provide employees an opportunity to report the occurrence of fraud or other abuse anonymously – In a recent survey, one in five employees said they were personally aware of the occurrence of fraud in the workplace. Eighty percent said they would be willing to report fraud if they did not have to identify themselves. Management can establish hotlines, "suggestion boxes" or other means to enable employees to bring the occurrence of fraud to its attention without requiring employees to give their names.

Clearly communicate to employees the behavior that is expected of them – Believe it or not, ignorance has been cited as a common cause of fraud. Some employees have been trained to commit fraudulent acts without knowing what they were doing, just assuming that "that's the way it's done".

Be alert to changes in employee attitudes, behavior and lifestyle – Because of day-to-day contact, management is in the best position to observe the unusual – attitudes that are hostile or defensive toward management or the City in general, changes in behavior that are inconsistent with employees' normal disposition or lifestyles that are not reasonable based on the employees' level of compensation. Matters that may be of particular concern include:

- 1. Indications of dissatisfaction with compensation, lack of promotion
- 2. Indications of gambling
- 3. Indications of drug use or excessive use of alcohol
- 4. Indications of financial distress
- 5. Indications of infidelity
- 6. Indications of serious illness
- 7. Indications of excessive nervousness
- 8. Indications of severe stress

Take strong action against employees who commit fraud – Call the police or other law enforcement agency and press charges. Failing to do so sends a message to other employees that management doesn't take fraud seriously.



Conduct your own activities on a high ethical level – Employees will follow the lead of management, whether that lead is ethical or not. More than what is said or included in a policy manual, the actions of management establish behavioral norms.

Obtain reasonable fidelity bond coverage – If the unthinkable occurs, insurance coverage is the most likely means of recovery of amounts misappropriated. The amount of coverage should be reviewed periodically for adequacy.

Separate reports dated September 17, 2019, contain our communication of significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the City's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated September 17, 2019, on the financial statements of the City of Booneville, Mississippi.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various City personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Alderpersons, and others within the City, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Sincerely your

JONES & JONES Certified Public Accountants of Booneville, P.A. Booneville, Mississippi

September 17, 2019



${\bf CITY\ OF\ BOONEVILLE,\ MISSISSIPPI}$

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September 30, 2018

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
OF BOONEVILLE, P.A.

Kermit V. Jones Jr., C.P.A. Christopher D. Jones, C.P.A. Jeremy D. Jones, C.P.A. David W. Jones, C.P.A.

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Mayor and Board of Alderpersons City of Booneville, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Booneville, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Booneville, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 18, Schedule of City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (Schedule 1) on page 79, Schedule of City's contribution to Public Employee Retirement System of Mississippi (Schedule 2) on page 80, and budgetary comparison information (Schedule 3) on pages 81 through 86 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Booneville, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements (Schedules 4 and 5) and the schedule of surety bonds for municipal officials and employees (Schedule 6) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements (Schedules 4 and 5) and the schedule of surety bonds for municipal officials and employees (Schedule 6) are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements (Schedules 4 and 5) and the schedule of surety bonds for municipal officials and employees (Schedule 6) are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Booneville, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Booneville, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Booneville, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note Z to the financial statements, effective October 1, 2017, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84, Fudiciary Activities and GASB Statement No. 88 Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Jones & Jones

Certified Public Accountants

of Booneville, P.A.

Booneville Mississippi

September 17, 2019

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

As management of the City of Booneville, Mississippi, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$14,491,493 (net position).

The government's total net position increased by \$1,820,608 during the current fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,971,214, an increase of \$122,349 during the current fiscal year. Approximately 70.6 percent of this total amount, or \$2,803,075, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,807,643 or 44.0 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The City had fixed asset net additions of \$2,217,387 during the current year. Of this amount \$1,780,022 occurred in the governmental activities and \$437,365 occurred in the business-type activities.

The City's total debt decreased by \$718,856 during the current fiscal year. This change resulted from new debt issued of \$0 and debt repayments net of amortization of \$718,856.

During the current fiscal year, the City's operating grants and contributions decreased \$2,794 (21.69 percent) mainly due to normal changes in grants received; capital grants and contributions increased \$731,332 (1235.86 percent) mainly due to receiving a \$740,000 grant to help beautify downtown; property taxes decreased \$11,818 (0.63 percent) mainly due to increased allowance for uncollectable taxes; charges for services increased \$564,237 (7.08 percent) mainly due to increases in charges for natural gas and water and sewer; and total expenses increased \$112,847 (0.92 percent) mainly due to the increase in public safety and the adding of a tourism department.



Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer operations, natural gas operations, and solid waste collection operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also four legally separate authorities—the Booneville Planning Board, the Booneville Park Commission Board, the Booneville Historical Commission Board, and the Booneville Election Commission Board. These component units, although legally separate, do not have any financial statements. Any expenses of these boards are paid by the City and are included in the City's financial statements. The City has excluded Booneville Municipal Separate School District and Booneville Housing Authority from the financial reporting entity because the City's accountability does not extend beyond making appointments. Audited financial statements are available from each of these entities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19 – 21 of this report.

Overview of the Financial Statements - continued

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and certain special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and the grants fund have been provided in the financial statements on pages 81 – 86 to demonstrate compliance with those budgets. The City had no major special revenue fund which required budget comparison schedules.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 – 26 of this report.

Proprietary funds

The City maintains three different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its natural gas operations, water and sewer operations, and its waste collection operations.

Overview of the Financial Statements - continued

Proprietary funds - continued

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the natural gas operations, the water and sewer operations, and the waste collection operations. The gas system fund and the water and sewer fund are considered to be major funds of the City. The waste collection fund is considered to be a nonmajor fund of the City. The revenues and expenditures reported in the internal service fund are not included in the government-wide financial statements since the related expense pertaining to each activity has already been included therein.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 – 33 of this report.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 34 - 35 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 36 – 78 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to the schedule of City's Proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of City's contributions to public employee retirement system of Mississippi, and budgetary comparison schedules for certain governmental funds referred to earlier. Required supplementary information including notes to required supplementary information can be found on pages 79 – 89 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 90 – 92 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Booneville, Mississippi, assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources netted to \$14,491,493 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (approximately 108.4 percent or \$15,714,433) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (approximately 9.5 percent or \$1,374,099) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit (of approximately 17.9 percent or \$2,597,039) which is a result of the City recognizing its portion of the Public Employee Retirement System of Mississippi unfunded net pension liability of \$9,400,456.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City reported an unrestricted deficit net position in both governmental activities and government as a whole of \$3,685,190 and \$2,597,039, while all other categories of net position reported positive balances both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The government's net position increased by \$1,820,608 during the current fiscal year. This increase was mainly due to the increase in net position from the governmental activities of \$1,580,760 and the business-type activities of \$239,848 as detailed on the City of Booneville, Mississippi's changes in net position presented on the following pages. See other detailed changes on the following pages.

In lieu taxes

Investment income

Other

Total revenue

Other taxes and state

shared revenues

156,021

255,877

23,971

45,547

155,670

261.433

1,604

49,847

\$6,372,746 \$5,204,212 \$1,168,534

351

(5,556)

22,367

(4,300)

0.2%

-2.1%

-8.6%

1394.5%

			City of I	Boonevill	e, Mississ	ippi's Net	position					
		Govern Activ				Business-				Total	1	
	2018	2017	Increase (Decrease)	% Change	2018	2017	Increase (Decrease)	% Change	2018	2017	Increase (Decrease)	% Change
Current and other assets	\$ 6,483,156	\$ 6,256,328	\$ 226,828	3.6%	\$ 4,965,491	\$ 4,816,142	\$ 149,349	3.1%	\$ 11,448,647	\$ 11,072,470	\$ 376,177	3.4%
Capital assets	6,171,283	4,824,227	1,347,056	27.9%	15,582,252	15,759,065	(176,813)	-1.1%	21,753,535	20,583,292	1,170,243	5.7%
Total assets	12,654,439	11,080,555	1,573,884	14.2%	20,547,743	20,575,207	(27,464)	-0.1%	33,202,182	31,655,762	1,546,420	4.9%
Deferred outflows of resources	310,691	355,630	(44,939)	-12.6%	113,040	254,459	(141,419)	-55.6%	423,731	610,089	(186,358)	-30.5%
Long-term liabilities outstanding	7,743,439	7,798,200	(54,761)	-0.7%	7,994,751	8,555,029	(560,278)	-6.5%	15,738,190	16,353,229	(615,039)	-3.8%
Other liabilities	407,116	383,004	24,112	6.3%	827,317	740,646	86,671	11.7%	1,234,433	1,123,650	110,783	9.9%
Total liabilities	8,150,555	8,181,204	(30,649)	-0.4%	8,822,068	9,295,675	(473,607)	-5.1%	16,972,623	17,476,879	(504,256)	-2.9%
Deferred inflows of resources	2,047,552	2,068,723	(21,171)	-1.0%	114,245	49,371	64,874	131.4%	2,161,797	2,118,094	43,703	2.1%
Net position												
Net investment in capital assets	5,831,144	4,243,447	1,587,697	37.4%	9,883,289	9,592,892	290,397	3.0%	15,714,433	13,836,339	1,878,094	13.6%
Restricted	621,069	331,950	289,119	87.1%	753,030	522,512	230,518	44.1%	1,374,099	854,462	519,637	60.8%
Unrestricted	(3,685,190)	(3,389,139)	(296,051)	8.7%	1,088,151	1,369,216	(281,065)	-20.5%	(2,597,039)	(2,019,923)	(577,116)	28.6%
1. N	A 0 707 000	t 4 400 050		100.00/	A 44 704 470	£ 44 494 690	£ 020.050	0.40/	6 4 4 4 0 4 4 0 2	£ 40 670 979	C 4 920 64E	
Totel Net Position	\$ 2,767,023	\$ 1,186,258	\$ 1,580,765	133.3%	\$ 11,724,470	\$ 11,484,620	\$ 239,850	2.1%	\$ 14,491,493	\$ 12,670,878	\$ 1,820,615	14.4%
EC		City	of Boone	ville, Mis	sissippi's	Changes i	in Net pos	ition				
ž III		Govern	mental			Business-	Type					
″ ⋜ .		Activ	/ities			Activitie	8			Total		
			Increase	%			Increase	%			Increase	%
° D	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change	2018	2017	(Decrease)	
Revenue												
Program Revenues							_				_	
Charges for services	\$ 683,938	\$ 637,632	\$ 46,306	7.3%	\$ 7,846,900	\$ 7,328,969	\$ 517,931	7.1%	\$ 8,530,838	\$ 7,966,601	\$ 564,237	7.1%
Operating grants and	40.000	40.004	(0.704)	04.70/				0.00/	40.000	40.004	(0.704)	04.70/
COHUIDUUOIIS	10,090	12,884	(2,794)	-21.7%	-	-	-	0.0%	10,090	12,884	(2,794)	-21.7%
Capital grants and	790,508	55,877	724 621	1314.7%		3,299	(3,299)	-100.0%	790,508	59,176	721 222	1235.9%
contributions General Revenues	790,506	55,677	734,631	1314.176	-	3,299	(3,299)	-100.0%	780,500	3 9 ,170	731,332	1233.5%
Taxes												
Property taxes	1,873,540	1,885,358	(11,818)	-0.6%	_	-	_	0.0%	1,873,540	1,885,358	(11,818)	-0.6%
Sales tax	2,327,502	1,941,747	385,755	19.9%	-	_	-	0.0%	2,327,502	1,941,747	385,755	19.9%
Franchise tax	205,752	202,160	3,592	1.8%	_	_	-	0.0%	205,752	202,160	3,592	1.8%
i idilolise tax	200,702	202,100	0,002	1.070	-	-	-	0.076	450,702	202,100	0,052	0.00/

17,976

22.5% \$ 7,864,876 \$ 7,333,291 \$

1,023

0.0%

0.0%

0.0%

16,953 1657.2%

531,585

156,021

255,877

41,947

45,547

155,670

261,433

2,627

49,847

7.2% \$14,237,622 \$12,537,503 \$1,700,119

351

(5,556)

39,320 1496.8% (4,300)

0.2%

-2.1%

-8.6%

13.6%

City of Booneville, Mississippi's Changes in Net position

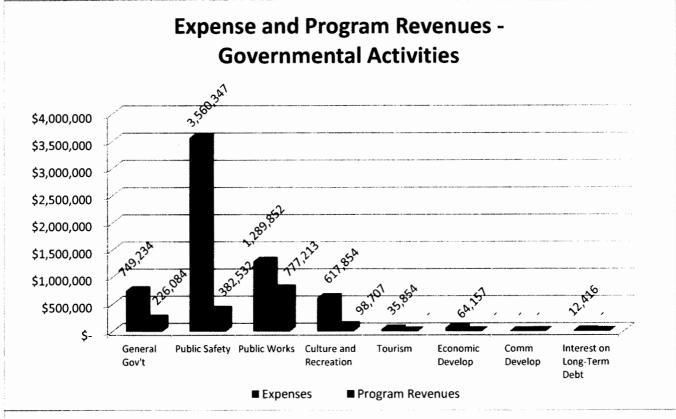
		Govern Activ				Business-T Activitie				Total	1	
			Increase	%			increase	%			Increase	%
	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change	2018	2017	(Decrease)	Change
Expenses:												
General government	\$ 749,234	\$ 722,818	\$ 26,416	3.7%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.0%	\$ 749,234	\$ 722,818	\$ 26,416	3.7%
Public safety	3,560,347	3,467,901	92,446	2.7%	-	-		0.0%	3,560,347	3,467,901	92,446	2.7%
Public works	1,289,852	1,264,387	25,465	2.0%		-	-	0.0%	1,289,852	1,264,387	25,465	2.0%
Culture and recreation	617,854	662,958	(45,104)	-6.8%		-	-	0.0%	617,854	662,958	(45,104)	-6.8%
Tourism	35,854	-	35,854	0.0%	-	-	-	0.0%	35,854	-	35,854	0.0%
Economic development	64,157	80,177	(16,020)	-20.0%	-	-	-	0.0%	64,157	80,177	(16,020)	-20.0%
Interest	12,416	25,340	(12,924)	-51.0%	-	-	-	0.0%	12,416	25,340	(12,924)	-51.0%
Water and Sewer	-	-	-	0.0%	2,392,071	2,577,111	(185,040)	-7.2%	2,392,071	2,577,111	(185,040)	-7.2%
Natural Gas	-	-	-	0.0%	3,289,803	3,102,339	187,464	6.0%	3,289,803	3,102,339	187,464	6.0%
Sanitation	-	-	-	0.0%	364,087	359,797	4,290	1.2%	364,087	359,797	4,290	1.2%
Total expenses	6,329,714	6,223,581	106,133	1.7%	6,045,961	6,039,247	6,714	0.1%	12,375,675	12,262,828	112,847	0.9%
Increase (decrease) in net assets before contributions												
and transfers	43,032	(1,019,369)	1.062.401	-104.2%	1,818,915	1,294,044	524,871	40.6%	1,861,947	274,675	1,587,272	577.9%
Gain (loss) on disposition		(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1,00=,000		.,	,,,			.,			
of capital assets	(41,339)	23.200	(64,539)	-278.2%	-	(950)	950	-100.0%	(41,339)	22,250	(63,589)	-285.8%
Transfers	1,579,067	1,440,541	138,526	9.6%	(1,579,067)	(1,440,541)	(138,526)	9.6%	-	-,		0.0%
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,580,760	444,372	1,136,388	255.7%	239,848	(147,447)	387,295	-262.7%	1,820,608	296,925	1,523,683	513.2%
Rounding	5		5	0.0%	2	-	2	0.0%	7	-	7	0.0%
Net positionbeginning of year	1,186,258	741,886	444,372	59.9%	11,484,620	11,632,067	(147,447)	-1.3%	12,670,878	12,373,953	296,925	2.4%
Net positionend of year	\$ 2,767,023	\$ 1,186,258	\$ 1,580,765	133.3%	\$ 11,724,470	\$11,484,620	\$ 239,850	2.1%	\$14,491,493	\$12,670,878	\$ 1,820,615	14.4%

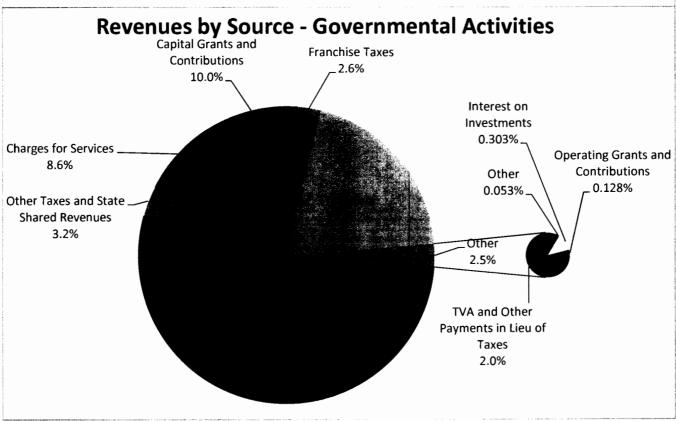
Governmental activities

Governmental activities, including transfers from the business-type activities, increased the City's net position by \$1,580,765 during the current year. By comparison, governmental activities including transfers reported an increase in net position from the previous fiscal year of approximately \$444,372. Key elements of the changes are as follows:

During the year charges for services increased by \$46,306 (approximately 7 percent), operating grants and contributions decreased by \$2,794 (approximately 22 percent), capital grants and contributions increased by \$734,631 (approximately 1315 percent), property taxes decreased by \$11,818 (approximately 1 percent), sales tax increased by \$385,755 (approximately 20 percent), general government expenses increased by \$26,416 (approximately 4 percent), public safety expenses increased by \$92,446 (approximately 3 percent), public works expenses increased by \$25,465 (approximately 2 percent), culture and recreation expenses decreased by \$45,104 (approximately 7 percent), tourism expense increased by \$35,854 (approximately 0 percent), and economic development expenses decreased by \$16,020 (approximately 20 percent).

Governmental activities - continued





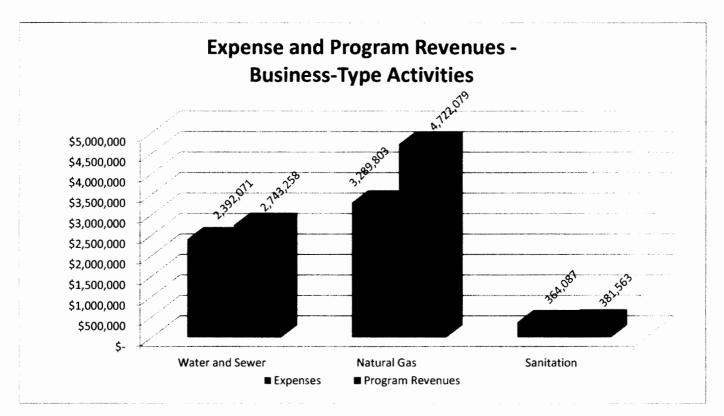
Business-type activities

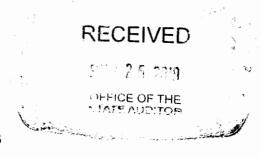
Business-type activities reported an increase in the City's net position by \$239,848 during the current year. By comparison, business-type activities reported a decrease in net position the previous fiscal year of \$147,447. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Charges for services for business-type activities increased \$517,931, or 7.1 percent, compared to the prior year.). This was the result of increased rates and usage

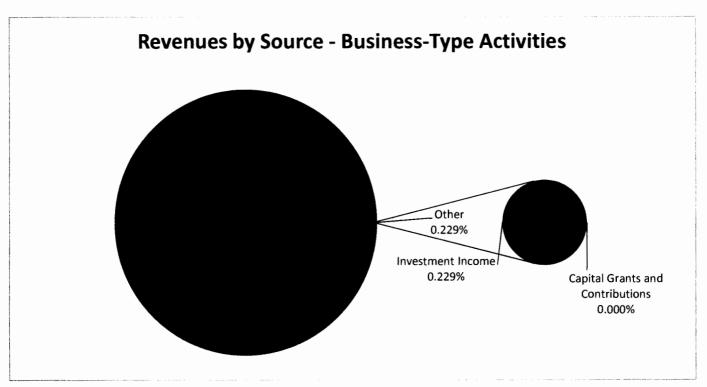
Expenses increased approximately 0.1 percent or \$6,714, primarily due to water and sewer fund expenditures decreased \$185,040 (7.2 percent) and natural gas fund expenditures increased \$187,464 (6.0 percent). This change resulted for normal operating variances.

Transfers out to other funds totaled \$1,579,067 while prior year transfers out to other funds totaled \$1,440,541. Transfers out increased approximately 9.6 percent or \$138,526. Other changes are detailed in the financial analysis above.





Business-type activities - continued



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,971,214, an increase of \$122,349 compared to the prior year. Approximately 70.6 percent of this total amount, \$2,803,075 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The remainder of fund balance \$1,168,139 is either nonspendable, restricted by laws, regulations or by donor, committed by the Board of Alderpersons or assigned by the Mayor, to indicate that it is not available for new spending or it can be spent only for specific items.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds - continued

Governmental funds - continued

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,807,643 while total fund balance was \$3,132,661. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 44.0 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's general fund decreased by \$388,822 during the current fiscal year. This is primarily attributable to transfers.

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the gas system, combined water and sewer system, and solid waste collection system funds at the end of the year amounted to \$815,341, \$273,468, and \$(657), respectively. The gas system fund had a decrease in net position for the year of \$148,809, the combined water and sewer system fund had an increase in net position for the year of \$398,700, and the waste collection fund had a decrease in net position for the year of \$10,043.

Other factors concerning the finances of these three funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City made the following amendments to its original budget: Expenditures - general government - supplies \$8,000, general government - other services and charges (\$8,000), public safety - fire - personnel \$(20,000), public safety - fire - supplies \$10,000, public safety - police - personnel \$88,000, public safety - police - supplies \$9,500, public safety - police - other services and charges \$75,500, public safety - police - capital outlay \$(63,000), public property - supplies \$5,000, public property - other services and charges \$4,000, public property - capital outlay \$(9,000), street - supplies \$25,000, street - other services and charges \$7,000, street - capital outlay \$(32,000), park operations - personnel services \$(5,000), park - other services and charges \$3,000, park maintenance - supplies \$3,000, park maintenance - other services and charges \$3,000, park maintenance - capital outlay \$(6,000), tourism - personnel services \$(110,000), tourism - supplies \$2,000, and tourism - other services and charges \$(2,000).

During the year, general fund revenues were more than the budgetary estimates and expenditures were less than the budgetary estimates, resulting in an actual increase in fund balance that was more than the final amended budget fund balance amount by \$252,530.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2018, amounted to \$21,753,535 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, and park facilities. Capital assets also include roads, highways, bridges and other infrastructure acquired after October 1, 2003. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately 5.7 percent (an approximate 27.9 percent increase for governmental activities and an approximate 1.1 percent decrease for business-type activities).

Major capital asset additions are as follows:

Supervision and finance equipment and automotive	\$ 32,310
Supervision and finance building	13,584
Park equipment	75,950
Downtown development	1,358,576
Street equipment	13,700
Police automotive and equipment	195,163
Fire building	961
Fire equipment	89,778
Natural gas system buildings	88,785
Natural gas system automotive, equipment and office equipment	166,650
Natural gas system distribution system and filling station	37,062
Water and sewer system buildings	88,613
Water and sewer system automotive, equipment and office equipment	18,997
Water and sewer system distribution system	37,258

City of Booneville, Mississippi's Capital Assets - Net

		vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total		
Land	\$	1,043,044	\$ 245,362	\$	1,288,406	
Construction in progress		-	37,401		37,401	
Infrastructure		2,369,114	-		2,369,114	
Building and improvements		989,109	668,055		1,657,164	
Natural gas system		-	3,287,101		3,287,101	
Water and sewer system		-	10,571,053		10,571,053	
Automotive, equipment and furnishings		1,770,016	 773,280		2,543,296	
Total	<u>\$</u>	6,171,283	\$ 15,582,252	\$	21,753,535	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note F on pages 54 - 57 of this report and in the long-term debt section on the next page.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration - continued

Long-term debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$6,088,923. Of this amount, \$1,710,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds) or lease agreements subject to appropriations.

City of Booneville, Mississippi's Outstanding Debt

General Obligation and Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

		ernmental ctivities	siness-Type Activities	Total			
General obligation bonds Notes from direct borrowings	\$	145,000 191,139	\$ 1,565,000 4,187,784	\$	1,710,000 4,378,923		
Total	<u>\$</u>	336,139	\$ 5,752,784	\$	6,088,923		

The City's total debt decreased by \$718,856 (approximately 10.6 percent) during the current fiscal year. There was new debt obligations totaling \$0 issued during the year.

Not included above but reported as long-term debt in the financial statements is the accumulated leave time that would be paid as employees take leave or retire. Under GAAP reporting, this liability must be reported as a compensated absence at year end, due to the contract language to the effect that the employee has "earned" this compensation. Also not included above is the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Public Employee Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) that is now required to be reported.

The City has not received a rating from Standard & Poor's.

State statute limits the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of the taxable property within such City according to the last completed assessment for taxation. The margin for additional debt under the 15 percent debt limit is approximately \$7,351,611. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note H on pages 62 – 67 of this report.



Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2019 fiscal year:

The City expects its tax base to remain level.

The City tax millage rate was 35.15 for the current year compared to 35.15 for the subsequent year.

Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the general fund was \$2,807,643.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Clerk, 203 N. Main St., Booneville, Mississippi 38829.

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

	Govern Activ		siness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3	3,888,654	\$ 1,905,715	\$	5,794,369
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-	2,022,380		2,022,380
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of					
allowances for uncollectibles)					
Property taxes (net of allowances of \$228,412)	1	1,838,145	-		1,838,145
Police fines (net of allowances of \$1,186,939)		160,660	-		160,660
Accounts (net of allowances of \$59,531)		-	537,824		537,824
Franchise fees (net of allowances of \$0)		36,450	-		36,450
Accrued interest (net of allowances of \$125,213)		-	-		-
Notes receivable (net of allowances of \$743,000)		-	-		-
Other (net of governmental allowances of \$10,150)		-	8,617		8,617
Prepaid items		51,027	31,533		82,560
Resale inventory		-	259,697		259,697
Supply inventory		-	147,430		147,430
Due from other governments		560,515	-		560,515
Due from other funds		(52,295)	52,295		-
Land and construction in progress		1,043,044	282,763		1,325,807
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		5,128,239	 15,299,489	_	20,427,728
Total Assets	12	2,654,439	 20,547,743	_	33,202,182
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows pertaining to pensions		310,691	59,219		369,910
Deferred outflows pertaining to loss on refunding			 53,821	_	53,821
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		310,691	113,040	_	423,731

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

, ,	Governi Activ		Business- Activitie			Total
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable - operations Accounts payable - capital assets	\$	228,810		7,772 3,686	\$	436,582 8,686
Credit balance in accounts receivable		-		2,997		12,997
Accrued interest		6,331		1,453		47,784
Accrued liabilities		167,407	39	9,742		207,149
Matured interest payable		568		-		568
Matured bonds payable		4,000		-		4,000
Customer deposits		-	516	5,667		516,667
Long-term debt and capital leases						
Bonds and notes payable due within one year		244,953	490	0,000		734,953
Compensated absence due within one year		5,741	10	0,617		16,358
Net pension liability due in more than one year	7	,223,525	2,176	5,931		9,400,456
Bonds and notes payable due in more than one year		91,186	5,262	2,784		5,353,970
Compensated absense due in more than one year		178,034	54	4,419	_	232,453
Total Liabilities	8	,150,555	8,822	2,068		16,972,623
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows pertaining to pensions		278,462	114	4,245		392,707
Deferred inflows partaining to unavailable revenue	1	,769,090				1,769,090
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2	,047,552	114	4,245	_	2,161,797
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	5	,831,144	9,883	3,289		15,714,433
Debt service - expendable		-	713	3,799		713,799
Bond cushion, depreciation and contingency - expendable		-	10	0,000		10,000
Fire code updates		1, 44 7		-		1,447
Fire protection capital outlays		219,277		-		219,277
D.A.R.E. program		17,897		-		17,897
Technology		20,225		-		20,225
Rubbish		93,283		-		93,283
Tourism		268,940		-		268,940
Unemployment		-	29	9,231		29,231
Unrestricted (deficit)	(3	<u>,685,190</u>)	1,088	8,151		(2,597,039)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2	,767,023	\$ 11,724	4,470	\$_	14,491,493

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OFFICE OF THE

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI **Statement of Activities**

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

						Net	(Expense) Rev	enue and Changes i	n Net	Assets
		Program Revenues				P	rimary Government			
		Charges	Operating G		Capital Grants		vernmental	Business-Type		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	& Contribut	tions	& Contributions		Activities	Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 749,234	\$ 224,585	\$	(1)		\$	(523,150)	\$ -	\$	(523,150
Public safety	3,560,347	323,495		10,091	48,946		(3,177,815)	•		(3,177,815
Public works	1,289,852	37,151		-	740,062		(512,639)	-		(512,639
Culture and recreation	617,854	98,707		-	-		(519,147)	-		(519,147
Tourism	35,854	-		-	-		(35,854)	-		(35,854
Economic development	64,157	-		-	-		(64,157)	-		(64,157
Interest	12,416			_			(12,416)			(12,416
Total Governmental Activities	6,329,714	683,938	·	10,090	790,508		(4,845,178)	-		(4,845,178
Business-Type Activities:										
Water and Sewer	2,392,071	2,743,258		-	-		-	351,187		351,187
Natural Gas	3,289,803	4,722,079			-		-	1,432,276		1,432,276
Sanitation	364,087	381,563		-			-	17,476		17,476
Total Business-Type Activities	6,045,961	7,846,900		-			•	1,800,939		1,800,939
TOTAL BRIMARY COVERNMENT	44,075,075			10.000	. 700 500		(4.045.470)	4 000 000		(0.044.000)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u>\$ 12,375,675</u>	\$ 8,530,838	\$	10,090	\$ 790,508		(4,845,178)	1,800,939		(3,044,239)
	General Revenue	S								
	Taxes									
·~ .	Property taxe	es and late fees					1,873,540	-		1,873,540
The second secon	Sales tax						2,327,502	-		2,327,502
	Homestead						159,132	-		159,132
	Franchise tax						205,752	-		205,752
	TVA and other	er payments in lieu	of taxes				156,021	-		156,021
	Road tax and	l advalorem privile	ge tax				83,701	-		83,701
\mathcal{Z}	Other state s	hared taxes					13,044	-		13,044
ÍΠ	Investment inco	ome					23,971	17,976		41,947
	Other						45,547	-		45,547
m	Gain (loss) on sale	e or retirement of c	apital assets				(41,339)	-		(41,339
"	Transfers						1,579,067	(1,579,067)		-
CEIVED	Total						6,425,938	(1,561,091)		4,864,847
[1]	Change in Ne	et Position					1,580,760	239,848		1,820,608
U , , ;	NET POSITIONE						1,186,263	11,484,622		12,670,885
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	NET POSITIONE	-NDING				\$	2,767,023	\$ 11,724,470	\$	14,491,493
	11211 00111014					Ψ	2,101,020	₩ 11 ₁ 7≥3 ₁ 370	<u> </u>	. 7,701,700

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2018

ASSETS	General	Grants	Nonmajor Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,057,123	\$ 275,181	\$ 556,348	\$ 3,888,652
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$ 0,007,120	\$ 270,101	4 000,040	V 0,000,002
Taxes (net of allowances of \$228,412)	1,838,149	-	-	1,838,149
Police fines (net of allowances of \$1,186,939)	160,660	-	-	160,660
Cleanup fees (net of allowances of \$10,150)	-	-	-	-
Franchise fees	36,450	-	-	36,450
Due from other funds	4,830	-	1,692	6,522
Due from other governments	496,095	-	64,420	560,515
Prepaid items	51,027			51,027
Total assets	\$ 5,644,334	<u>\$ 275,181</u>	\$ 622,460	\$ 6,541,975
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable - operations	\$ 174,290	\$ 53,129	\$ 1,391	\$ 228,810
Accrued liabilities	167,407	-	-	167,407
Compensated absence	5,7 4 1	-	-	5,741
Due to other funds	58,817	-	-	58,817
Matured interest payable	•	-	568	568
Matured revenue bonds payable			4,000	4,000
Total liabilities	406,255	53,129	5,959	465,343
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	2,105,418	-	<u> </u>	2,105,418
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,105,418			2,105,418
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	51,027	_		51,027
Restricted	31,027	-	621,069	621,069
Committed	40,491	222,052	-	262,543
Assigned	233,500	_	-	233,500
Unassigned	2,807,643		(4,568)	2,803,075
Total fund balance	3,132,661	222,052	616,501	3,971,214
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,				
and fund balances	\$ 5,644,334	\$ 275,181	\$ 622,460	\$ 6,541,975

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	3,9	71,214
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and; therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds. The capital assets were adjusted as follows: Land improvements and construction in progress Other capital assets Less accumulated depreciation		11,03	13,044 80,011 01,772)
Some of the City's revenues will be collected after year end but will not be available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and; therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. The deferred revenues were adjusted as follows:			
Revenues - police fines Revenues - payments in lieu of tax Revenues - property taxes Revenues - intergovernmental Revenues - franchise fees		13 (23,159 34,862 56,725 5,656 15,926
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources; therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.			(6,331)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, capital leases and compensated absences not due and payable in the current period and; therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows: General obligation bonds Compensated absences		•	36,139) 78,034)
Net pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and; therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.		(7,2	23, 52 5)
Rounding			(2)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and; therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows related to pensions	_		10,691 78,462)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	2,70	57,023

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

General		Grants	Nonmajor Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					
Advalorem taxes, penalties and interest	\$ 1,82	28,150	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,828,150
Excess tax sale	1	0,562	-	-	10,562
Franchise taxes	20	7,389	-	-	207,389
Municipal sales tax		9,495	-	388,006	2,327,501
Permits, fees and privilege tax		30,313	-		30,313
Municipal court fines and bond fees		3,090	_	14,736	267,826
Intergovernmental revenues		7,066	740,062	49,907	1,297,035
Interest income		9,597	1,432	1,544	12,573
Charge for services	10	6,198	-	32,880	139,078
Collection fees	ç	2,876	-	•	92,876
Administrative fees		1,126	-	-	101,126
Donations		1,300	-	500	1,800
Other		6,126		-	6,126
Total revenues	5,09	3,288	741,494	487,573	6,322,355
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	70	4,702	-	-	704,702
Public safety	3,25	9,758	-	3,357	3,263,115
Public works	1,07	76,719	3,000	1,044	1,080,763
Culture and recreation	55	51,943	-	-	551,943
Tourism		32,871	-	1,981	34,852
Economic development		34,157	-	-	64,157
Capital outlay	48	34,409	1,314,236	35,036	1,833,681
Debt Service					
Principal retirement - general obligation		96,672	-	43,969	240,641
Interest and paying agent	1	14,883	-	1,567	16,450
Total expenditures	6,38	86,114	1,317,236	86,954	7,790,304
Excess (deficit) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	\$ (1,29	2,826)	\$ (575,742)	\$ 400,619	\$ (1,467,949)

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	General	Grants	Nonmajor Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Proceeds from disposition of fixed assets Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	\$ 11,231 1,579,067 (686,294)	\$ - 797,794	\$ - (111,500)	\$ 11,231 2,376,861 (797,794)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	904,004	797,794	(111,500)	1,590,298	
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(388,822)	222,052	289,119	122,349	
Fund balance - beginning of year	3,521,483		327,382	3,848,865	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 3,132,661	\$ 222,052	\$ 616,501	\$ 3,971,214	

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\$ 1,580,760

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, STATE OF MISSISSIPPI

Reconcilation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

Totale listed year ended deptember 50, 2010		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCESTOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 122,349	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, assets with an individual cost of more than \$500 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and are reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay	1,780,022	
Basis of assets disposed of	(52,570)	
Depreciation expense	(380,396)	
The repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds,		
but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities.	240,641	
Revenues in the statement of activities that are not available in governmental funds are not reported as revenue in governmental funds. Deferred revenues increased (decreased) by these amounts during the current year: Property taxes Franchise fees Municipal court fines Advalorem privilege tax Payment in lieu of taxes Operating grants and contributions Workers compensation	34,828 (1,637) 16,219 (151) 787 345 (6,028)	
Rounding	(3)	
Some items reported in the statement of activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are not reported in the governmental funds. These activities include: Recording of pension expense for the current period	(183,355)	
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and; therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. They are as follows:		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	5,675	
(Name and American Internal In	4.024	

(Increase) decrease in accrued interest expense

CHANGES IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Properietary Fund Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2018

	Business-Type ActivitiesEnterprise Fund							
	Gas Syste		Combined Water and Sewer System	Nonmajor Fund Waste Collection	Total Business-Type Funds			
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted	\$ 1,194,3	335	\$ 711,380	\$ -	\$ 1,905,715			
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	659,6	343	131,366	-	791,009			
Receivables (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles)								
Accounts	154,3	315	353,802	29,707	537,824			
Other	5,6	337	2,980	-	8,617			
Resale inventory	259,6	397	-	-	259,697			
Supply inventory	65,5	582	81,848	-	147,430			
Due from other funds	58,7	738	-	-	58,738			
Prepaid items	15,9	967	15,566		31,533			
Total current assets	2,413,9	914	1,296,942	29,707	3,740,563			
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	13,4	435	1,217,936	-	1,231,371			
Nondepreciable land, improvements								
and construction in progress	208,7	736	74,027	-	282,763			
Depreciable capital assets, net								
of accumulated depreciation	4,269,2	256	11,030,233		15,299,489			
Total noncurrent assets	4,491,4	427	12,322,196		16,813,623			
Total assets	6,905,3	<u>341</u>	13,619,138	29,707	20,554,186			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows pertaining to pensions	27,6	860	31,559	-	59,219			
Deferred outflows pertaining to pensions Deferred outflows pertaining to loss on refunding			53,821		53,821			
Total deferred outflows of resources	27,6	660	85,380	_	113,040			
I Oldi deletted Odlitows of Tesources		000	05,300		113,04			

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CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Properietary Fund Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2018

	Business-Type ActivitiesEnterprise Fund						
	Gas System		Combined Water and Sewer System	Nonmajor Fund Waste Collection		Total Business-Type Funds	
LIABILITIES		_					
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable - operations	\$ 113,8	85	\$ 63,523	\$	30,364	\$	207,772
Accounts payable - fixed assets	3,5	25	5,161		-		8,686
Credit balance in accounts receivable	11,5	11	1,486		-		12,997
Accrued interest	6	98	40,755		-		41,453
Accrued liabilities	20,7	77	18,965		-		39,742
Customer deposits	386,0	29	130,638		-		516,667
Compensated absences	4,6	76	5,941		-		10,617
Due to other funds	-		6,443		-		6,443
Current portion of revenue bonds payable			490,000				490,000
Total current liabilities	541,1	<u>01</u>	762,912		30,364		1,334,377
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Net pension liability	1,016,8	80	1,160,123		-		2,176,931
Compensated absences	14,9	63	39,456		-		54,419
Revenue bonds payable, less current maturities			5,262,784		-	_	5,262,784
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,031,7	71	6,462,363				7,494,134
Total liabilities	1,572,8	72	7,225,275	_	30,364	_	8,828,511
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows pertaining to pensions	53,3	62	60,883			_	114,245
Total deferred inflows of resources	53,3	62	60,883		_		114,245
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	4,477,9	92	5,405,297		-		9,883,289
Restricted for debt service - expendable	-		713,799		-		713,799
Restricted for revenue bond cushion,							
depreciation and contingent - expendable	-	-	10,000		-		10,000
Restricted for unemployment - expendable	13,4	35	15,796		-		29,231
Unrestricted	815,3		273,468		(657)	_	1,088,151
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 5,306,7	67	\$ 6,418,360	\$	(657)	\$	11,724,470

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Properietary Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Business-Type ActivitiesEnterprise Fund								
	Gas System		Combined Water and Sewer System		Nonmajor Fund Waste Collection		Bus	Total siness-Type Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	4,574,146	\$	2,697,590	\$	381,563	\$	7,653,299	
Service charges and other		147,933		45,668				193,601	
Total operating revenues		4,722,079		2,743,258		381,563	_	7,846,900	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personnel services		646,422		635,622		-		1,282,044	
Professional services		91,072		148,415		-		239,487	
Supplies		149,453		79,787		-		229,240	
Repairs		110,150		391,726		-		501,876	
Operational		173,217		453,570		-		626,787	
Administrative		50,563		50,563		-		101,126	
Purchase of natural gas		1,869,639		-		-		1,869,639	
Waste disposal		-		5,759		364,087		369,846	
Depreciation and amortization		191,646		422,532				614,178	
Total operating expenses		3,282,162		2,187,974		364,087		5,834,223	
Operating income (loss)		1,439,917		555,284		17,476		2,012,677	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Interest revenue		9,887		8,089		-		17,976	
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(7,641)		(204,097)				(211,738)	
Total nonoperating revenues and									
expenses		2,246		(196,008)				(193,762)	
Income (loss) before operating									
transfers and contributions		1,442,163		359,276		17,476		1,818,915	
Operating transfers in		-		39,424		-		39,424	
Operating transfers out		(1,590,972)	_		_	(27,519)		(1,618,491)	
Changes in net position		(148,809)		398,700		(10,043)		239,848	
Net position - beginning		5,455,576	_	6,019,660		9,386		11,484,622	
Net position - ending	\$	5,306,767	\$	6,418,360	\$	(657)	\$	11,724,470	

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CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Properietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Business-Type ActivitiesEnterprise Fund							
	Gas System		Combined Water and Sewer System		Nonmajor Fund Waste Collection		Bus	Total iness-Type Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 4	,715,565	\$ 2,7	29,953	\$	391,157	\$	7,836,675
Receipts from MDOT relocation		46,537		-		-		46,537
Other operating receipts		28,612		4,592		-		33,204
Payments to employees including fringe benefits		(552,194)	(6	305,302)		-		(1,157,496)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2	2,435,727)	(1,	11,410)		(363,638)		(3,910,775)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1	,802,793	1,0	17,833		27,519		2,848,145
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Operating transfers in		-		39,424		_		39,424
Interest paid on meter deposits		(6,943)		(2,209)		-		(9,152)
Operating transfers out	(1	,590,972)		-		(27,519)		(1,618,491)
Net changes in due to/from other funds		(34,265)		6,443		-		(27,822)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	<u>\$ (1</u>	,632,180)	\$	43,658	\$	(27,519)	\$	(1,616,041)

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CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Properietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Business-			
	Combined Water and Gas System Sewer System		Nonmajor Fund Waste Collection	Total Business-Type Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal payments - revenue bonds	\$ -	\$ (475,000)	\$ -	\$ (475,000)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(292,497)	(144,868)	-	(437,365)
Interest and fiscal charges paid		(207,625)		(207,625)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(292,497)	(827,493)		(1,119,990)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income	9,887	8,089		17,976
Net cash provided (used) by investment activities	\$ 9,887	\$ 8,089	\$	\$ 17,976

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Properietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Business-			
	Gas System	Combined Water and Sewer System	Nonmajor Fund Waste Collection	Total Business-Type Funds
NON CASH TRANSACTIONS AFFECTING FINANCIAL Acquisition of fixed assets on account and capital lease	\$ 3,525	\$ 5,161	\$ -	\$ 8,686
Net effect of non cash transactions	3,525	5,161		8,686
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	(108,472) 1,975,885	247,248 1,813,434	-	138,776 3,789,319
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,867,413	\$ 2,060,682	\$ -	\$ 3,928,095

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Properietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

		Business-					
	Gas System		Combined Water and Sewer System		Nonmajor Fund Waste Collection	Total Business-Typ Funds	Θ
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,439,917	\$	555,284	\$ 17,476	\$ 2,012,6	677
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	Ψ	1,400,017	Ψ	000,204	Ψ 17,470	Ψ 2,012,	011
from operating activities:							
Depreciation		191,646		422,532	_	614,	178
Noncash pension expense		90,611		32,044	_	122,6	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(7,460)		(24,653)	9,594		519)
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(2,826)		-	-	•	826)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments		46,537		_	-	46,	•
(Increase) decrease in resale inventory		759		_	_	•	759
(Increase) decrease in supply inventory		891		947	_		838
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(4,022)		(4,165)	-		187)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable - operations		5,031		20,109	449	25,	589
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities - payroll and benefits		346		-	-	;	346
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities - other than payroll		-		(1,274)	-	(1,	274)
Increase (decrease) in credit balance in accounts receivable		8,378		-	-	8,3	378
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		32,479		15,940	-	48,4	419
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		506		1,069		1,	<u>575</u>
Total adjustments		362,876		462,549	10,043	835,4	468
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,802,793	\$	1,017,833	\$ 27,519	\$ 2,848,	145

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2018

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 99,170
Receivables: Taxes receivable (net of allowances of \$234,153)	2,231,593
Total receivables	2,231,593
Total Assets	2,330,763
LIABILITIES	
Due to other governments Due to investors	84,849 4,513
Total Liabilities	89,362
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unavailable revenue	2,220,105
Total Deferred Inflows of Reousrces	2,220,105
NET POSITION	
Restricted	21,296
Total Net Position	\$ 21,296

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CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2018

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Collections:	
Property tax and interest collections for City and other governments	\$ 3,452,008
Property tax and interest collections for tax sale investors	257,541
Cash bonds collected for police fines	27,307
Total Collections	3,736,856
Interest earned	1,399
Total Additions	3,738,255
DEDUCTIONS	
Payment of property tax and interest collections to City and other governments	3,360,191
Payment of property tax and interest collections to tax sale investors	230,804
Payments of bonds collected to satistify police fines	22,568
Bond payments returned to payer in excess of police fines	2,669
Administrative handling charges	119,852
Total Deductions	3,736,084
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	2,171
Net Position - beginning	19,125
Net Position - ending	\$ 21,296

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Booneville, Mississippi, ("the City") was incorporated December 21, 1861 and reincorporated February 23, 1882 under the provisions of the State of Mississippi. The City operates under a Mayor - Board of Alderman form of government and provides the following services to the citizens of the City as authorized by its charter--public safety (police and fire), public works, health and social services, culture, recreation, public improvements, public health, planning and zoning, natural gas utilities, water and sewer utilities, waste collection, and general administrative services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City relating to the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting board for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. For the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund accounting, all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or prior to November 30, 1989, are applied, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the City are described below.

Reporting Entity

The City is governed by an elected mayor and five-member board of alderpersons. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

Component units are organizations for which the City is financially accountable and all other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability exists if the City appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. The financial statements of the component units may be discretely presented in a separate column from the primary government or blended with the financial statements of the primary government.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed in defining the government's reporting entity.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

1. Reporting Entity - continued

Blended Component Unit

The Booneville Planning Board, Booneville Certified Local Government, and the Booneville Election Commission meet the criteria listed for inclusion as a component unit. However, these boards do not have any financial activity; therefore, there are no separate financial statements for these component units. Any expenses of these boards are paid by the City and are blended in the City's financial statements. The Booneville Planning Board is 100 percent appointed by the City Board and provides planning commission services to the City. The Booneville Certified Local Government Board is 100 percent appointed by the City Board and handles historical activities. The Booneville Election Commission is 100 percent appointed by the City Board and handles all municipal elections.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separated component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. On the reporting model, as defined by GASB Statement No. 34, the focus is either the City as a whole or major individual funds (within the fund financial statements).

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a functional category (Public Safety, Public Works, etc) or activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or activity, and 3) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The net cost (by function or business-type activity) is normally covered by general revenue (property, sales, and franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - continued

Separate fund based financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The major governmental funds are the general fund and the grant fund. The major business type funds are the gas system fund and the combined water and sewer system fund. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category for the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. The nonmajor funds are detailed in the combining section of the statements.

Internal Service Funds, which traditionally provide services primarily to other funds of the government, are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statement. The costs of these services are reflected in the appropriate functional activity (Public Safety, Public Works, etc. of the governmental activities and Water and Sewer, Natural Gas, and Sanitation of the business-type activities).

The City's each type of fiduciary funds (which have been refined and narrowed in scope) are presented in the fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held as a fiduciary activity and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide focus is more of the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The focus of the fund financial statements is on major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories as well as the fiduciary funds (by category), and the component units. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared to enhance the usefulness of the information.

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position.

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NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - continued

Ad valorem taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, fines, interest revenues and charges for services are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Fines prior to October 1, 2002 are not susceptible to accrual because the City cannot measure them until received in cash. Net fines receivable for the periods prior to October 1, 2002 are not expected to be material. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met.

Business-type activities and all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in net total assets. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's gas fund, combined water and sewer fund, and waste collection fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - continued

The following major funds are used by the City:

Governmental Funds:

The following is a description of the Governmental Funds of the City:

General Fund accounts for several of the City's primary services (General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, and Culture and Recreation, etc.) and is the primary operating unit of the City.

Grant Fund accounts for the City's grant revenues received and the local matching portion required by the grant conditions.

The City additionally reports other governmental funds which is a summary of all the nonmajor governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds:

The following is a description of the major Proprietary Funds of the City:

- a. Gas System Fund accounts for the operation of the City's natural gas utility. Activities of the fund include administration, operation and maintenance of the natural gas system, and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long term debt principal and interest on revenue bonds and obligations under capital leases when due during the year. All costs are financed through charges made to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted, if necessary, to ensure the integrity of the fund.
- b. Combined Water and Sewer System Fund accounts for the operation of the City's water and sewer utility. Activities of the fund include administration, operation and maintenance of the water and sewer system, and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, long term debt principal and interest on revenue bonds and obligations under capital leases when due during the year. All costs are financed through charges made to utility customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted, if necessary, to ensure the integrity of the fund.
- c. The City additionally reports nonmajor funds consisting of the Waste Collection Fund, which accounts for the operation of the City's waste collection. Customers are billed monthly at a rate to cover the cost of providing such service.

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NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - continued

Other Fund Types:

The City additionally reports for the following fund types:

Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary activity. These funds are used to account for (1) law enforcement bonds received prior to the courts confiscating the bond for a police fine or returning the bond to the individual; (2) collection of property taxes and related interest prior to separating and remitting to the appropriate government; and (3) collection of delinquent property taxes and related interest for property sold to investors.

Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of Account Groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental Activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

4. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of 90 days or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Certificates of deposit with a maturity of more than 90 days when purchased are not considered to be cash equivalents. All investments are in certificates of deposit that are valued at cost, which approximates fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents, as shown on Statement 7, include the following Proprietary Fund cash balances as shown on Statement 5:

				Combined Water and			
		Gas		Sewer		Waste	
	_	System		System	_	Collection	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and	\$	1,194,335	\$	711,380	\$	-	\$ 1,905,715
cash equivalents		673,078	_	1,349,302	_		 2,022,380
	\$	1,867,413	\$	2,060,682	\$	-	\$ 3,928,095

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

5. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of the enterprise funds are maintained on the consumption method and are valued at cost. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory consists of enterprise fund expendable supplies held for consumption and natural gas held for resale. The governmental funds record inventories under the purchase method; therefore, items are recorded as expenses when purchased. The City governmental funds do not maintain material inventories; therefore, the accompanying fund and government-wide financial statements do not reflect governmental fund or governmental activities inventory.

Prepaid items record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are reported on the consumption basis for both fund and government-wide financial statements.

7. Capital Assets

Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed fixed assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time received. As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34, the City has elected not to report public domain (infrastructure) fixed assets acquired prior to October 1, 2003. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$500 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized phase of capital assets constructed.

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NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Capital Assets - continued

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Computer equipment and peripherals	3
Vehicles and equipment	5
Furniture and fixtures	7
Heavy equipment	10
Infrastructure – streets and roads	20
Improvements other than buildings	40
Buildings	40 - 50
Utility plant	10 - 100

It is at least reasonably possible that management's estimate of useful lives could change in the near term.

8. Capitalization of Interest

In conformity with Financial Accounting Standards No. 34, Capitalization of Interest Cost, the City capitalizes interest costs for business-type activities only, net of related interest earned, from the date of the borrowing until the projects acquired with those funds are ready for their intended use. Total interest, fiscal charges, and amortization of loan discount and deferred amount of refunding incurred in the enterprise funds was \$211,738. Interest costs, fiscal charges, and amortization of loan discount and deferred amount of refunding of \$211,738 were charged to expense. Interest costs, net of interest earned of \$0, were capitalized as fixed assets in the enterprise funds.

9. Compensated Absences

The City's employees earn vacation leave for each month of work performed. The accrual rate increases with years of service up to a maximum of 15 days per year for over 5 years of service. On specified anniversary dates, additional days are credited, up to certain amounts, according to length of service. Accrued vacation is paid to the employees upon termination of employment for employees who have completed at least 12 months of continuous service.

Certain City employees accumulate personal leave days when required to work on holidays or other nonworking periods. Personal leave is paid to the employees upon termination of employment.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

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NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

10. Long-Term Obligations

The City has issued debt under Section 17-21-51 and 17-21-53 of the Mississippi Code. These code sections provide for the prompt payment of notes or certificates of indebtedness at maturity, both principal and interest, of which the full faith credit and resources of the City are pledged. If the City does not have available funds in an amount sufficient to provide for the payment of principal and interest according to the terms of such notes or certificates of indebtedness, then the City is required to annually levy a special tax upon all of its taxable property at a rate, the avails of which will be, sufficient to provide such payments. Funds derived from any such tax shall be paid into a sinking fund and used exclusively for the payment of principal and interest on the notes or certificates of indebtedness.

The City has not and does not expect to be required to levy such tax.

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type financial statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are chargeable to the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

11. Payable from Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the business-type activities have been restricted for debt service, construction, and customer deposits. These assets consist of cash and short-term investments and accrued interest restricted as follows:

	_G	Gas System		System
Customer deposits	\$	386,029	\$	130,638
Accrued interest payable		698		40,755
Revenue bonds payable				490,000
	<u>\$</u>	386,727	\$	661,393

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

12. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that meet this criterion, (1) pensions which include contributions made to the pension plan after the pension liability measurement date, its proportionate share of Mississippi Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) changes in actuarial assumptions, and the City's change in pension proportion from the prior year, and (2) a deferred loss on refunding of enterprise fund bonds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report separate inflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items for reporting in this category. They are pensions which consist of (1) the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, the City's change in pension proportion from the prior year, and (2) the unavailable revenue reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. The amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

13. Fund Equity/Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources.

Nonspendable fund balance. This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

13. Fund Equity/Net Position - continued

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the Board of Alderpersons, the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Alderpersons removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Alderpersons and Mayor have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The constraints on fund balances as listed in aggregate in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance are detailed according to balance classification and fund.

			Nonmajor Other
			Governmental
	General Fund	Grants Fund	Funds
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid Items	\$ 51,027	\$ -	<u> </u>
Total - Nonspendable	\$ 51,027	\$	\$ -



NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

13. Fund Equity/Net Position - continued

					N	lonmajor
						Other
Fund Balances:					G٥١	vernmental
Restricted:	Ger	neral Fund	Gra	ants Fund		Funds
Fire protection	\$		\$		\$	219,277
DARE	·	-	·	-		17,897
Tourism		-		_		268,940
Fire code		-		-		1,447
Technology		-		-		20,225
Rubbish		<u>-</u>		-		93,283
Total Restricted	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	621,069
Fund Balances:						
Committed:						
Matching grants	\$	-	\$	222,052	\$	-
Special police assessment		40,491				
Total Committed	\$	40,491	\$	222,052	\$	
Fund Balance	·					
Fund Balance						
Assigned						
Budget shortfall	\$	233,500	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	
Total Assigned	\$	233,500	\$	-	\$	_
, 144.2			-	~		

When restricted, committed, assigned, and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then committed, assigned, and unassigned in that order as needed.

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets—Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any notes or other borrowings attributable to those assets.

Restricted net position—Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as grantors or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Fund Equity/Net Position - continued

Unrestricted net position—All other assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

14. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. As such, actual results could differ from those estimates.

15. Sales Tax

The City follows the procedure of including payments for sales taxes collected on utilities in expenditures.

16. Original Issue Discount/Premium on Bonds

Original issue discounts and premiums on bonds are netted against the bond payable account and amortized over the lives of respective bond issues using the interest method which does not vary materially from the interest method.

17. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee's Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Equity

The Debt Service Fund deficit balance of \$4,568 is a result of matured bonds and interest that have not been redeemed. This deficit will be funded by the General Fund when these matured bonds and interest are redeemed.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY - CONTINUED

<u>Budgets</u>

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the City of Booneville, Mississippi. The original General Fund budget expenditures were amended as follows: general government - supplies \$8,000, general government other services and charges \$(8,000), public safety - police - personnel \$88,000, public safety - police - supplies \$9,500, public safety - police - other services and charges \$75,500, public safety - police - capital outlay \$(63,000), public safety - fire - personnel \$(20,000), public safety - fire - supplies \$10,000, public safety - fire - capital outlay \$10,000, public property - supplies \$5,000, public property - other services and charges \$4,000, public property - capital outlay \$(9,000), street - supplies \$25,000, street - other services and charges \$7,000, street - capital outlay \$(32,000), park operations - personnel services \$(5,000), park - other charges and services \$5,000, park maintenance - supplies \$3,000, park maintenance - other services and charges \$3,000, and park maintenance - capital outlay \$(6,000), tourism - personnel services \$(110,000), tourism - supplies \$2,000, and tourism - other services and charges \$(2,000). There were no changes in the grant fund budget during the year ended September 30, 2018.

A comparison of the General Fund and Grant Fund budgets with statements of budgetary basis revenues and expenditures is included in required supplementary information as Schedules 3 and 4. This budgetary comparison schedule reflects General Fund expenditures and grant fund expenditures exceeding budgets. See Schedules 3 and 4 for General Fund and Grant Fund expenditures exceeding budgeted amounts.

The notes to required supplementary information budgetary reporting on pages 87 - 89 also provides additional budgetary information.

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2018, the cash and investments included the following:

Account Bala	nces		Ownership of Funds							
Petty cash/cash on hand Demand deposits Cash at paying agent	\$		Governmental Funds Enterprise Funds Fiduciary Fund	\$ 	3,888,654 3,928,095 99,170					
	<u>\$</u>	7,915,919		<u>\$</u>	7,915,919					

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Deposits

The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is now held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5 Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against these deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. The pooled collateral is held in the pooled participant's name by The First American National Bank (Category 2 - Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the State Treasurer's name).

The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the City under the pooling method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and the risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer for Mississippi enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes under the Statewide Collateral Pool Program.

At September 30, 2018, the demand deposits held with various local financial institutions had carrying amounts totaling \$7,912,744 and bank balances totaling \$7,931,778 of which \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$7,681,778 was covered by the Statewide Collateral Pool Program.

The City has designated Farmers and Merchants Bank as its official depositories.

Investments

Mississippi laws address the investment of surplus money by municipalities and the investment of proceeds separately. The investment of surplus money is limited to bonds or other direct obligations of the United States of America or the State of Mississippi or any county or municipality of the State or any school district or obligation issued or guaranteed in full as to principal and interest by the United States of America which are subject to a repurchase agreement with a qualified depository or time certificate of deposits in qualified depositories. The City of Booneville's policy is to advertise for the qualified depository that will offer the highest interest rate on all of its deposits.

The City had no investments as of or during the year ended September 30, 2018.

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Interest Rate Risk

The City has no formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising for increasing interest rates. The City had no investments during the year and limited its demand deposits during the year to federal depository insured accounts with Farmers and Merchants Bank.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments to 1) financial institutions insured by FDIC that are members of the Statewide Collateral Pool Program, 2) bonds or other direct obligations of the United States of America or the State of Mississippi or any county or municipality of this State or any school district or obligation issued or guaranteed in full as to principal and interest by the United States of America. The City has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices.

The City's depository, Farmers and Merchants Bank, has a five star rating by Bankrate.

Custodial Credit Risks

Custodial credit risk is the risk that the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of its safekeeping custodian. To minimize this risk, the City's investment policy requires that all negotiable instruments shall be held in safekeeping in the trust department of a bank. The City had no investments in negotiable instruments during the year ended September 30, 2018.

Concentration of Credit Risks

The City of Booneville had no investments at September 30, 2018, but had demand deposits with more than 5% of the total in Farmers & Merchants Bank. These demand deposits represented approximately 100% of total demand deposits.

NOTE D - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on January 1 of the following year and are due and payable at that time. All unpaid taxes levied January 1 become delinquent February 1. Property taxes for automotive and mobile homes are collected and remitted to the City by Prentiss County, Mississippi.

Appraised values are established by Prentiss County, Mississippi at 100 percent of estimated market values. The City is required to adopt county tax rolls. The 2017 taxes are collected in December, 2017 and January, 2018. The 2017 taxes are levied to fund the 2017-2018 budget year. The assessed value upon which the 2017 taxes were based was \$58,768,636.

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NOTE D - PROPERTY TAX - CONTINUED

City property tax revenue is recorded in governmental funds as receivables and unavailable revenues at the time the tax attaches as an enforceable lien which includes the 2018 taxes intended to fund the 2018-2019 budget year of \$1,769,090. Current year revenues recognized are those collected within the current period, or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities, generally within sixty days after year end. An allowance is provided for delinquent personal property taxes not expected to be collected in the future.

The 2018 taxes of \$1,769,090 are also included in unavailable revenue and not in current revenues in governmental activities because they are levied to fund the 2018-2019 budget year.

The City assessed a tax rate of 35.15 mills for both the 2017 and 2018 taxes.

NOTE E - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2018 for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds, internal service, business-type funds and each fiduciary fund type in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectable accounts, consist of the following:

NOTE E - RECEIVABLES - CONTINUED

	Water and											
	Gas					Sewer	Nonmajor					
	_	General	_	System		System		Funds		Fiduciary		Total
Receivables:												
Taxes	\$	2,066,557	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,465,747	\$	4,532,304
Police fines		1,347,599		-		-		-		-		1,347,599
Accounts		-		167,927		387,814		41,614		-		597,355
Franchise fees		36,450		-		-		-		-		36,450
Accrued interest		-		-		-		125,213		-		125,213
Notes receivable		-		-		-		743,000		-		743,000
Other		10,150		5,637		2,980				-		18,767
Gross receivables		3,460,756		173,564		390,794		909,827		2,465,747		7,400,688
Less: Allowance for uncollectables		(1,425,501)		(13,612)		(34,012)		(880,120)	_	(234,153)		(2,587,398)
Net receivables	\$	2,035,255	\$	159,952	<u>\$</u>	356,782	\$	29,707	<u>\$</u>	2,231,594	\$	4,813,290

It is at least reasonably possible that management's estimate of allowance for uncollectables could change in the near term.



NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance September 30, 2017	Additions	Retirements	Transfers and Other Adjustments	Balance September 30, 2018
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 1,043,044	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ 1,043,044
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,043,044				1,043,044
Capital assets being depreciated					
Building and improvements	2,775,759	14,545	-	-	2,790,304
Automotive and equipment	4,916,347	406,901	(443,218)	13,806	4,893,836
Infrastructure	1,987,295	1,358,576			3,345,871
Total capital assets being depreciated	9,679,401	1,780,022	(443,218)	13,806	11,030,011
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	1,758,715	42,480	-	-	1,801,195
Automotive and equipment	3,237,875	262,787	(390,648)	13,806	3,123,820
Infrastructure	901,628	75,129			976,757
Total accumulated depreciation	5,898,218	380,396	(390,648)	13,806	5,901,772
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,781,183	1,399,626	(52,570)	_	5,128,239
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 4,824,227	\$ 1,399,626	\$ (52,570)	\$	\$ 6,171,283

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	Balance September 30,	A ad adiai a as a	Datinamanta	Transfers and Other	Balance September 30,
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	2017	Additions	Retirements	Adjustments	2018
GAS SYSTEM					
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 208 736	œ	œ	¢	¢ 200.726
Land	<u>Ψ 200,700</u>	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 208,736
Total capital assets not being depreciated	208,736	-	_	-	208,736
Capital assets being depreciated					
Building	518,058	88,785	-	-	606,843
Automotive and equipment	960,292	166,650	-	-	1,126,942
Furniture and office equipment	75,039	-	-	-	75,039
Natural gas system	5,574,497	37,062			5,611,559
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,127,886	292,497	-		7,420,383
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	104,948	12,526	-	-	117,474
Automotive and equipment	565,163	74,259	-	-	639,422
Furniture and office equipment	66,256	3,517	-	-	69,773
Natural gas system	2,223,114	101,344	-	-	2,324,458
Total accumulated depreciation	2,959,481	191,646	-	-	3,151,127
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	4,168,405	100,851		_	4,269,256
GAS SYSTEM CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 4,377,141	\$ 100,851	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 4,477,992

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	Balance September 30, 2017	Additions	Retirements	Transfers and Other Adjustments	Balance September 30, 2018
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED					
COMBINED WATER AND SEWER					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 36,626	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,626
Construction in progress	1,628	35,773			37,401
Total capital assets not being depreciated	38,254	35,773			74,027
Capital assets being depreciated					
Building	124,082	88,613	-	-	212,695
Automotive and equipment	686,312	18,997	-	-	705,309
Furniture and office equipment	82,099	-	-	-	82,099
Water and sewer system	24,593,086	1,485			24,594,571
Total capital assets being depreciated	25,485,579	109,095			25,594,674
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	29,146	4,863	-	-	34,009
Automotive and equipment	383,754	47,672	-	-	431,426
Furniture and office equipment	71,752	3,736	-	-	75,488
Water and sewer system	13,657,257	366,261		_	14,023,518
Total accumulated depreciation	14,141,909	422,532			14,564,441
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,343,670	(313,437)			11,030,233
Combined Water and Sewer Capital Asset, Net	11,381,924	(277,664)		-	11,104,260
BUSINESS-TYPE CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$ 15,759,065	\$ (176,813)	<u> </u>	\$	\$ 15,582,252

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General government	\$	12,340
Public safety		154,356
Public works		162,007
Culture and recreation		51,693
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	380,396
Business-Type Activities		
Natural gas	\$	191,646
Water and sewer		422,532
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$	614,178

NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, AND 125 CAFETERIA PLAN

Other Postemployment Benefits

The City allows its retired employees under COBRA to continue on the City's health care insurance coverage for a period of 18 months (36 months if on medicare). This continuation of coverage is paid entirely by the retired employee. At September 30, 2018, the City had two retired employees participating in their health care insurance coverage.

Due to the history of very few retired employees taking advantage of this benefit, and the limited period of coverage, there would be no material cost increase to working employee's insurance. The future effect of this other postemployment benefit on the cost of health care insurance has not been estimated; therefore, the City has not accrued postemployment benefits in the accompanying financial statements. The City does not expect this liability to be material. It is at least reasonably possible that the City's estimate of no material other postemployment benefits liability could change in the near term.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Employees of the City of Booneville, Mississippi are provided a pension through the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, AND 125 CAFETERIA PLAN - CONTINUED

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

General Information about the Pension Plan - continued

The PERS plan financial report is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Public Employees' Retirement System available at www.PERS.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges and teachers and employees of the public cities. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring.

Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less (the actuarial reduction for less than 30 years of below age 65 apply only to those who became members on or after July 1, 2011). Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership services (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not eligible to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary.

A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The rate prior to June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. City of Booneville, Mississippi contributions (employer share only) to PERS for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016 were \$581,992, \$556,932, and \$580,488, respectively, equal 100% of the required contributions for each year.

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NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, AND 125 CAFETERIA PLAN - CONTINUED

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$9,400,456 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participation entities actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.056517%, which was an increase of 0.000727%, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$876,276. At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	41,211	\$	39,628	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		-		186,868	
Changes of assumptions		5,546		5,192	
Changes in proportion and differences between City					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		183,245		161,019	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		139,908			
	\$	369,910	\$	392,707	

\$139,908 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019.

NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, AND 125 CAFETERIA PLAN - CONTINUED

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		eferred)	- 1	Deferred		
	Outflows			Inflows		
Year ended September 30	of F	of Resources		Resources		<u>Net</u>
2019	\$	119,820	\$	(24,302)	\$	95,518
2020		60,682		(83,140)		(22,458)
2021		49,501		(242,991)		(193,490)
2022				(42,274)	_	(42,274)
	\$	230,003	\$	(392,707)	\$	(162,704)

Acturial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.75-18.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022 with rates set forward one year for males with adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, AND 125 CAFETERIA PLAN - CONTINUED

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-1 erm
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
US Broad	27.00%	4.60%
International Equity	18.00%	4.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00%	4.75%
Global	12.00%	4.75%
Fixed Income	18.00%	0.75%
Real Assets	10.00%	3.50%
Private Equity	8.00%	5.10%
Emerging Debt	2.00%	2.25%
Cash	<u>1.00%</u>	0.00%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the former employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.40%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost sharing plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	Increase
	(6.75%)		<u>(7.75%)</u>	<u>(8.75%)</u>
City's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 12,377,704	\$	9,400,456	\$ 6,925,971

It is at least reasonably possible that the City's estimate of its pension liability, deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources could change in the near term.

NOTE G - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN, AND 125 CAFETERIA PLAN - CONTINUED

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - continued

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued 2018 PERS Comprehensive Annual Report on the PERS website, www.pers.ms.gov for collective calculations and note disclosures. The City's portion of the plan's net position has been determined on the same basis used by the plan.

Changes of Assumptions

Annual changes to the net pension liability resulting from differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors and from changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are deferred and amortized over the average of the expected remaining service life of active and inactive members. In 2018 there were no changes of assumptions.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2018, the City reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan for the required amount due for the month ended September 30, 2018.

Section 125 Cafeteria Reduction Plan

Section 125 Cafeteria reduction plan expense for employees included in the accompanying financial statements totaled \$123,748.

NOTE H - LONG-TERM AND SHORT-TERM DEBT

General Long-Term Debt

General obligation debt consists of debt issued that is backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

Revenue bonds consist of debt issued by the Combined Water and Sewer System. The gross revenues of the Combined Water and Sewer System Fund and Waste Collection Fund, after deduction of reasonable expenses for operations and maintenance, are pledged to such funds in amounts equal to the total annual principal and interest requirements of the bonds and amounts required to maintain the Reserve Funds.

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NOTE H - LONG-TERM AND SHORT-TERM DEBT- CONTINUED

General long-term debt balances and transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018 are as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance 10/1/2017	Additions Changes	Repayments Changes	Ending Balance 9/30/2018	Amounts Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds								
General Obligation Public								
Improvement Bonds – Series 2004	5/19/2019	4.25%	\$ 285,000	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 140,000	\$ 145,000	\$ 145,000	
Total general obligation bonds			285,000		140,000	145,000	145,000	
Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct	Placements							
Northeast Mississippi Planning and								
Development District	3/1/2019	2.00%	8,119	-	4,043	4,076	4,076	
BancorpSouth Bank	1/20/2019	2.26%	51,969	-	26,101	25,868	25,868	
BancorpSouth Bank	11/1/2020	2.55%	100,464	-	25,902	74,562	24,251	
First American National Bank	1/18/2021	2.23%	80,000	-	19,275	60,725	19,850	
Renasant Bank	1/26/2019	2.44%	51,228	-	25,320	25,908	25,908	
Total direct borrowings and direct pla	cements		291,780	-	100,641	191,139	99,953	
Net pension liability			7,013,622		(209,903)	7,223,525	-	
Compensated absences			207,798		24,023	183,775	5,741	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			\$ 7,798,200	\$ -	\$ 54,761	\$ 7,743,439	\$ 250,694	

NOTE H - LONG-TERM AND SHORT-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES - continued

The principal and interest requirements of the above general obligation debt and other debt payable at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

								Notes from Direct Borrowing						
Years Ending		General Obligation Bonds						and Direct Placements						
Sept. 30,	F	Principal	_In	terest	Total		Principal		Interest		Total			
2019 2020 2021	\$	145,000 - -	\$	6,163 - -	\$	151,163 - -	\$	99,953 45,066 46,120	\$	4,577 2,192 1,090	\$	104,530 47,258 47,210		
Total	\$	145,000	\$	6,163	\$	151,163	<u>\$</u>	191,139	<u>\$</u>	7,859	<u>\$</u>	198,998		
Years Ending										Total				
Sept. 30,							F	Principal	l	nterest		Total		
2019							\$	244,953	\$	10,740	\$	255,693		
2020								45,066		2,192		47,258		
2021							_	46,120	_	1,090	_	47,210		
Total							\$	336,139	\$	14,022	\$	350,161		

Specific years for payment of compensated absences and net pension liabilities are not determinable and are not included in the table above.

The ordinances authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds creates an interest and sinking fund (General Debt Service Fund). If funds are not available from other sources, the ordinances require the City to ascertain a rate and amount of ad valorem tax which will be sufficient to pay interest as it comes due and provide a reserve fund which is adequate to meet principal as it matures. The City does not levy taxes for debt service. The notes from direct borrowings and direct placements are collateralized by six 2015 Chevrolet Tahoes, a 2017 Chevrolet Tahoe, and a 2015 Freightliner Chassis truck. All governmental activity debt is paid by the General Fund, except a portion is paid by the DARE fund.

NOTE H - LONG-TERM AND SHORT-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance 10/1/2017	Additions Changes	Repayments Changes	Ending Balance 9/30/2018	Amounts Due Within One Year
Combined Water and Sewer System Fund:							
General Obligation Bonds							
General Obligation Utility Bonds,		2.4% -					
Series 2012	9/30/2032	3.40%	<u>\$ 1,645,000</u>	\$ -	\$ 80,000	<u>\$ 1,565,000</u>	\$ 85,000
Total general obligation bonds			1,645,000	-	80,000	1,565,000	85,000
Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Pla Combined Water, Sewer and Solid	acements						
Waste Disposal System Revenue		2.5%-					
Refunding Bonds, Series 2013	8/1/2027	4.00%	4,565,000	<u>-</u>	395,000	4,170,000	405,000
Total notes from direct borrowings and direct	ct placement	s	4,565,000	-	395,000	4,170,000	405,000
Plus unamortized premium	•		20,999	-	3,215	17,784	
Net notes from direct borrowings and direct	placements		4,585,999		398,215	4,187,784	405,000
Net pension liability			1,245,700		85,577	1,160,123	
Compensated absences			44,328	1,069		45,397	5,941
Total combined water and sewer							
system fund			7,521,027	1,069	563,792	6,958,304	495,941
Gas System Fund							
Net pension liability			1,014,869	-	(1,939)	1,016,808	-
Compensated absences			19,133	506		19,639	4,676
Total gas system fund			1,034,002	506	(1,939)	1,036,447	4,676
TOTAL BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES			\$ 8,555,029	\$ 1,575	\$ 561,853	\$ 7,994,751	\$ 500,617

NOTE H - LONG-TERM AND SHORT-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - continued

2029 - 2033

Total

The principal and interest requirements of the above general obligation bonds and notes from direct borrowings and direct placements payable at September 30, 2018 are as follows:

								Notes	fron	n Direct Borro	win	qs						
Years Ending		Gei	nera	al Obligation	Bon	ds		and Direct Placements										
Sept. 30	Princip			Interest		Total		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$ 85,0	000	\$	42,964	\$	127,964	\$	405,000	\$	138,563	\$	543,563						
2020	90,0		·	40,074		130,074	•	415,000		128,438		543,438						
2021	90,0			37,014		127,014		430,000		117,544		547,544						
2022	95,0	000		33,954		128,954		445,000		104,644		549,644						
2023	100,0	000		30,724		130,724		455,000		90,738		545,738						
2024 - 2028	560,0	000		115,579		675,579		2,020,000		198,673		2,218,673						
2029 - 2033	545,0	000		38,070		583,070		<u> </u>										
Total	\$ 1,565,0	000	<u>\$</u>	338,379	\$	1,903,379	\$	4,170,000	<u>\$</u>	778,600	\$	4,948,600						
Years Ending										Total								
Sept. 30								Principal		Interest		Total						
2019							\$	490,000	\$	181,527	\$	671,527						
2020							·	505,000	·	168,512	·	673,512						
2021								520,000		154,558		674,558						
2022								540,000		138,598		678,598						
2023								555,000		121,462		676,462						
2024 - 2028								2,580,000		314,252		2,894,252						

Specific years for payment of compensated absences and net pension liability are not determinable and are not included in the table above. All Enterprise Fund debt is paid by the fund incurring the debt.

545,000

5,735,000 \$ 1,116,979

The unamortized deferred loss on refundings relates to Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds for business-type activities. The deferred loss on refundings totaling \$53,821 resulted from refunding the 2002 bond issue in 2013 and is reported as deferred outflow pertaining to loss on refunding in the accompanying financial statements.

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38,070

583,070

6,851,979

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NOTE H - LONG-TERM AND SHORT-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - continued

The Business-Type general obligation bonds of \$1,565,000 are paid from the revenues of the Combined Water and Sewer Fund and the Waste Collection Fund. If funds are not available from other sources, the ordinances require the City to ascertain a rate and amount of ad valorem tax which will be sufficient to pay interest as it comes due and provide a reserve fund which is adequate to meet principal as it matures. The City does not levy taxes for debt service. The Business-Type notes from direct borrowings and direct placements of \$4,170,000 are collateralized by the revenues of the Combined Water and Sewer System Fund and the Waste Collection Fund. The Business-Type notes from direct borrowings and direct placements of \$4,170,000 contain a provision requiring the City to produce revenues of 120 percent of the aggregate of all debt service payments. Failure to do so could accelerate payment of the entire principal amount to become immediately due. The City produced sufficient revenues to meet this requirement during the current year. See Note I for additional debt provision requirements.

NOTE I - COMPONENTS OF RESTRICTED ASSETS

Enterprise Fund

	Water and Gas System Sewer System Fund Cash Fund Cash To							
Current Debt Service	\$ -	\$ 713,799	\$ 713,799					
Contingency Reserve	47,528	5,000	52,528					
Depreciation Reserve	-	5,000	5,000					
Customer Deposits	423,751	131,366	555,117					
Unemployment	13,435	15,796	29,231					
Construction	188,364	478,341	666,705					
Total	\$ 673,078	\$ 1,349,302	\$ 2,022,380					

The ordinances authorizing the Combined Water, Sewer and Solid Waste Disposal System Revenue Bonds require that the City establish the above revenue bond reserves. At September 30, 2018, the revenue bond reserve accounts were sufficient to satisfy such bond ordinance requirements.

NOTE J - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2018 is as follows:

Fund		nterfund ceivables	nterfund ayables
General Fund	- -	4,830	\$ 58,817
Nonmajor Funds - Other Governmental Funds		1,692	-
Gas System Fund		58,738	-
Combined Water and Sewer System Fund		-	 6,443
	\$	65,260	\$ 65,260

The general fund receivable due from the combined water and sewer system fund of \$4,830 represents water and sewer system funds paid by general fund in error. The general fund payable of \$58,817 consists of \$57,125 due to the gas system for general fund expenses paid by the gas system fund in error and \$1,692 due to the nonmajor funds for revenue collections not transferred at September 30, 2018 and for incorrect reimbursements to the general fund. The remaining gas system fund receivable of \$1,613 is due from the combined water and sewer system fund for unreimbursed expenses. These are expected to be reimbursed in the year ended September 30, 2019.

Transfers between funds during the year were as follows:

	Transfers in	Transfers out
Major Governmental Funds: General Fund Grants Fund	\$ 1,579,067 797,794	\$ 686,294
Total Major Governmental Funds	\$ 2,376,861	\$ 686,294
Major Enterprise Funds Gas System Fund Combined Water and Sewer System Fund	\$ - 39,424	\$ 1,590,972
Total Major Enterprise Funds	\$ 39,424	\$ 1,590,972
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	\$ - 	\$ 111,500 27,519
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$	\$ 139,019
Total all funds	\$ 2,416,285	\$ 2,416,285

NOTE J - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - CONTINUED

The General Fund received transfers of \$1,579,067 from the Gas System Fund. The \$1,579,067 transfer from the Gas System Fund consisted of a \$1,546,527 authorized surplus fund transfer and \$32,540 General Fund portion of shop expenditures paid by the Gas System Fund.

The Grant Fund received transfers of \$797,794, which came from the General Fund \$686,294 and the Tourism Fund \$111,500 to be used as matching local funds for present and future grants.

The Combined Water and Sewer System Fund received transfers of \$39,424 from the Gas System Fund and Waste Collection Fund. The \$27,519 transfer from the Waste Collection Fund resulted from revenues exceeding expenditures and all collections being deposited into the Combined Water and Sewer System Fund. The \$11,905 transfer from the Gas System Fund resulted from the Combined Water and Sewer System Fund portion of the Internal Service Fund expenditures being paid by the Natural Gas System.

NOTE K - INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Intergovernmental revenues include the following:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund Fire protection – Prentiss County Municipal aid – revolving fund and gasoline tax – State of Mississippi Homestead exemption – State of Mississippi TVA and other payments in lieu of taxes Road tax – Prentiss County Solid waste – District Police academy – State of Mississippi Advalorem privilege tax – Prentiss County Railroad car tax – Prentiss County Fire grant – federal Department of Transportation – street lights – federal		36,500 13,044 159,132 155,234 62,605 39,420 4,545 21,247 11,399 1,500 2,440
Total General Fund	\$ 5	507,066
Grants Fund Department of Transportation – intersection improvements – federal		740,062
Total Grants Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 7	740,062
Special Revenue Funds Fire Code Fund Fire Code – State of Mississippi	\$	1,462
Fire Protection – State of Mississippi		48,445
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		49,907
Total Governmental Funds	\$ _1,2	297,035

NOTE L - LEASES

Capital Leases

The City had no outstanding capital lease agreements for capital assets under which they will become the property of the City when all terms of the lease agreement are met.

Operating Lease

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the City General Fund paid rent for office equipment and park equipment totaling \$3,821. At September 30, 2018, the City General Fund was obligated to rent this office equipment and park equipment during the years ended September 30, as follows: 2019 \$956, 2020 \$0, 2021 \$0, 2022 \$0, and 2023 \$0.

NOTE M - AD VALOREM TAXES LEVIED FOR THE BENEFIT OF OTHER GOVERNING AUTHORITIES

State law requires the municipality to exercise its taxing authority for the benefit of other governing authorities, which are not a part of the reporting entity. As provided, the municipality must levy specified ad valorem taxes as directed by the other governing authority and turn all proceeds over to it.

Ad valorem taxes collected and settled in accordance with this legal requirement are not recognized as revenues and expenditures of the City. They are accounted for as a custodial fund. For the reported fiscal year the following ad valorem tax levies were established for the Booneville Separate School District in accordance with this legal requirement.

Purpose of Levy	Mills
General district expense	46.48
Bonded indebtedness	5.80
Other debt	3.23
Shortfall	1.01
	56.52

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NOTE N - NON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAW REVENUE BOND REQUIREMENTS AND GRANT REQUIREMENTS

The City did not comply with all the requirements of the State Department of Audit or grant and loan requirements as set forth in the Municipal Compliance Questionnaire and grant and loan contracts. The results of our tests disclosed the instances of noncompliance listed in the schedule of findings and responses on pages 98 - 103. The ultimate resolution of these findings cannot presently be determined. Accordingly, no provision for any liability, if any, that may result has been recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE O - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Certain segmented information for the individual Enterprise Funds is included on Statement 5, Statement 6, and Statement 7. The capital asset activity for each individual Enterprise Fund is included in Note F. The Schedule of Changes in Long - Term Debt for each individual Enterprise Fund is included in Note H.

The individual Enterprise Funds have the following types of goods or services:

Gas System - Provide natural gas to its citizens and surrounding areas.

Combined Water and Sewer System - Provide water and sewer services to its citizens.

Waste Collection System - Provide waste collection services to its citizens.

The individual Enterprise Funds have the following net working capital (deficit) (current assets less current liabilities) at September 30, 2018:

Gas System	\$ 1,872,813
Combined Water and Sewer System	534,030
Waste Collection System	(657)
Total	\$ 2,406,186

NOTE O - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS - CONTINUED

Enterprise Funds operate in the City of Booneville, Mississippi geographic area. Their revenues are subject to the economic conditions of Booneville, Mississippi. At September 30, 2018, the Gas System Fund had extended credit to customers totaling \$154,315 and to others totaling \$5,637. Gas System Fund receivables are secured by customer deposits totaling \$386,029. No other collateral has been obtained.

At September 30, 2018, the Combined Water and Sewer System Fund had extended credit to customers totaling \$353,802 and to others totaling \$2,980. Combined Water and Sewer System Fund receivables are secured by customer deposits totaling \$130,638. No other collateral has been obtained.

At September 30, 2018, the Nonmajor Enterprise Fund had extended credit to customers totaling \$29,707. The Nonmajor Enterprise Fund receivables are not secured.

Gas System Fund accounts payable - operations consist mainly of \$63,465 for natural gas purchases. The Combined Water and Sewer System Fund accounts payable - operations consist mainly of \$12,660 for repairs and supplies. The Nonmajor Enterprise Fund accounts payable - operations consist of \$30,364 for contract waste collection and dumping fees.

NOTE P - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City had no material related party transactions during the current year.

NOTE Q - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND UNCERTAINTIES

Litigation

The City has one open lawsuit claim. The City is covered by insurance of \$500,000 per claim. Management does not expect any claims to exceed its insurance coverage. It is at least reasonably possible that the City's estimate of claims liability could change in the near term.

Loan Agreements

The Water and Sewer Department loan agreement requires the City to produce cash flows that exceed 120% of the debt service payments. The cash flows for the water and sewer fund and the waste collection fund exceeded this requirement.

NOTE Q - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND UNCERTAINTIES - CONTINUED

Grant Audit

The City receives federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by federal and state agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the federal or state agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency.

The amount of any disallowance of grant expenditures, if any, is unknown; therefore, the accompanying financial statements do not include any liability for such disallowances. In the opinion of City management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

Maintenance Contracts

The City has entered into contracts to provide long-term water tank repainting and maintenance for a 200,000 gallon elevated water tank and three 500,000 gallon elevated water tanks.

The 200,000 gallon elevated water tank contract requires a monthly payment of \$653 beginning December 15, 2013. The fee will remain constant for 5 years of the agreement and adjusted to reflect the current cost of service each five years thereafter. This contract is not subject to cancellation for the first year, and can be cancelled only by the owner if notice of cancellation is made prior to October 30, of each subsequent year. The future minimum payments under this contract is \$7,836 for the year ending September 30, 2019.

The two 500,000 gallon elevated water tank contract requires a monthly payment of \$1,602 until October 15, 2019. The fee will be adjusted to reflect the current cost of service on October 15, 2019 and each five years thereafter. This contract is not subject to cancellation for the first year, and can be cancelled only by the owner if notice of cancellation is made prior to October 30, of each subsequent year. The future minimum payments under this contract is \$19,224 for the year ending September 30, 2019.

The 500,000 gallon elevated water tank contract requires a monthly payment of \$879.53 until December 15, 2020. The fee will be adjusted to reflect the current cost of service on December 15, 2025 and each five years thereafter. This contract is not subject to cancellation for the first year, and can be cancelled only by the owner if notice of cancellation is made prior to October 30, of each subsequent year. The future minimum payments under this contract is \$10,554 for the year ending September 30, 2019.

Joint Ventures

The City is a member of the Northeast Mississippi Solid Waste Management Authority and could be liable for future landfill post closure costs if the contractor does not comply with his contract. Northeast Mississippi Solid Waste Management Authority has informed the City that the contractor has provided a liability policy to ensure all future landfill post closure costs are provided. City management expects the contractor to provide all future post closure costs; therefore, no solid waste post closure liability is included on the accompanying financial statements. It is at least reasonably possible that management's estimate of future post closure costs could change in the near term.

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NOTE R - DONATED SERVICES

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the following utilities were not charged for:

	Na	tural Gas	Water and Sewer			
City of Booneville	\$	66,594	\$	305,415		
National Guard Armory		1,743		798		
Booneville Municipal Separate School System	 -	25,772		-		
Total	<u>\$</u>	94,109	\$	306,213		

NOTE S - JOINT VENTURE

Booneville/Baldwyn Airport operates a local airport in Prentiss County, Mississippi. Its board of directors is comprised of one director appointed by the City of Booneville, Mississippi, one director appointed by the City of Baldwyn, Mississippi, and one director appointed by Prentiss County, Mississippi. The Booneville/Baldwyn Airport does not issue a separate financial statement. All financial transactions are handled as a part of Prentiss County, Mississippi's transactions. The City of Booneville paid Prentiss County, Mississippi \$11,333 during the year for its share of the Booneville/Baldwyn Airport expenditures. The City's equity interest in the Booneville/Baldwyn Airport approximates zero; therefore, the investment in this joint venture is not reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

Northeast Mississippi Solid Waste Management Authority owns a landfill and contracts out operations and receives royalties from the contractor based on tonnage dumped. This is a joint venture comprising the Mississippi cities of Booneville and Ripley and the Mississippi counties of Benton, Prentiss, and Tippah. Each member appoints one director. The Northeast Mississippi Solid Waste Management Authority's financial statements are available by request from the Authority at P. O. Box 320, Booneville, MS 38829. The City received rebates from the Authority totaling \$39,420 during the year ended September 30, 2018.

Due to the landfill development being financed by federal grants and royalties received being disbursed frequently, the City's equity interest would not be material; therefore, the investment in this joint venture is not reflected in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE T - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The City purchases natural gas and stores this natural gas at Tenneco, Inc. for use when prices are higher. If the City were unable to store this natural gas at Tenneco, Inc., gas purchased during the winter months could cost considerably more, which would substantially decrease profits. The City is subject to variance in the cost of natural gas. If the City does not increase natural gas rates comparable to increases in the cost of natural gas, there would be a substantial reduction in Proprietary Fund revenues.

NOTE U - RISK MANAGEMENT - CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs except unemployment for the Enterprise Funds. The City has segregated cash and reserved \$13,435 for the Gas System Fund net position and \$15,796 for the Combined Water and Sewer System Fund net position for future unemployment charges. There were no material unemployment charges to these funds during the current year or the three previous years.

The City is a member of the Mississippi Municipal Service Company which provides general liability and worker's compensation. The City pays insurance premiums based on experience ratios. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current or three prior years. There were outstanding open claims at September 30, 2018. No liability has been recognized for the open claims due to these claims being covered by the plan. It is at least reasonably possible that management's estimate of no liability in excess of insurance coverage could change in the near term.

NOTE V - NET POSITION

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$1,374,099 of restricted net position, of which \$0 is restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTE W - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Net investments in capital assets in the net position section of the accompanying statement of net position for the government-wide financial statements consist of the following:

	Governmental Business-Typ	usiness-Type Activities	
	<u>Activities</u> <u>Activities</u>		
Land and construction in progress	\$ 1,043,044 \$ 282,76	3	
Other capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	5,128,239 15,299,48	39	
Deferred loss on refunding	- 53,82	21	
Less matured bonds payable	(4,000) -		
Less bonds and notes payable	(336,139) (5,752,78	34)	
Net investment in capital asset	\$ 5,831,144 \$ 9,883,28	<u> 39</u>	

NOTE X - EFFECT OF DEFERRED AMOUNTS ON NET POSITION

The governmental activities' unrestricted (deficit) net position amount of (\$3,685,190) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$109,544 resulted from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. The \$201,147 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2018 will be recognized as an addition to pension expense over the next four years. The \$278,462 balance of the deferred inflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction in pension expense over the next four years.

NOTE X - EFFECT OF DEFERRED AMOUNTS ON NET POSITION - CONTINUED

The business type activities' unrestricted net position amount of \$1,088,151 includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$30,364, resulted from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. The \$28,855 balance of deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2018 will be recognized in pension expense over the next four years. The \$114,245 balance of the deferred inflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2018 will be recognized in pension expense over the next four years.

NOTE Y - TAX ABATEMENTS

The City of Booneville enters into property tax abatements with local businesses under Section 27-31-101, Miss. Code (Ann.) 1972. Under the act any person, firm or corporation who owns or operates a manufacturing or other enterprise of public utility as enumerated in Section 27-31-101, Miss. Code (Ann.) 1972 and who makes additions to or expansions of the facilities or properties or replaces equipment used in connection with or necessary to the operation of such enterprise may be granted an exemption from ad valorem taxation, except state ad valorem taxation, upon each addition to or expansion of the facility or property or replacement of equipment, within the discretion of the county board of supervisors and municipal authorities; however, such governing authorities shall not exempt ad valorem taxes for school district purposes on such additions or expansions of the facility or property, or replacement of equipment.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City abated property taxes totaling \$698,001 under this program to induce companies to add additional production facilities or by acquiring equipment to be used in its facilities and thereby inducing the company to remain in operation at the facility located in the City of Booneville. These tax abatements include the following agreements that each industry exceed 10% of the total amount abated:

A 100% property tax abatement to a local industry for purchasing equipment and/or adding to facilities placed in service at the facility during 2009 to 2018 with a total cost or value of \$98,867,381 beginning for the tax rolls as follows: 2009 \$185,617, 2010 \$31,076, 2011 \$28,060, 2012 \$39,230, 2013 \$35,259, 2014 \$39,322, 2015 \$36,088, 2016 \$48,663, 2017 \$38,766, and 2018 \$39,197. Each of these abatements are effective for 10 years from the beginning date. These abatements reduced this industry's current year taxes by \$521,278.

A 100% property tax abatement to a local industry for purchasing equipment and/or adding to facilities placed in service at the facility during 2009 to 2018 with a total cost or value of \$15,194,408 beginning for the tax rolls as follows: 2009 \$10,790, 2010 \$10,592, 2011 \$6,790, 2012 \$20,601, 2013 \$7,909, 2014 \$9,391, 2015 \$6,855, 2016 \$3,600, 2017 \$3,584, and 2018 \$0. Each of these abatements are effective for 10 years from the beginning date. These abatements reduced this industry's current year taxes by \$80,112.

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NOTE Y - TAX ABATEMENTS - CONTINUED

A 100% property tax abatement to a local industry for purchasing equipment and/or adding to facilities placed in service at the facility during 2008 to 2017 with a total cost or value of \$16,749,677 beginning for the tax rolls as follows: 2009 \$2,605, 2010 \$2,279, 2011 \$3,167, 2012 \$15,004, 2013 \$2,281, 2014 \$12,707, 2015 \$9,806, 2016 \$6,626, 2017 \$29,724 and 2018 \$4,114. Each of these abatements are effective for 10 years from the beginning date. These abatements reduced this industry's current year taxes by \$88,313.

NOTE Z - IMPLEMENTATION AND EARLY IMPLEMENTATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING AUDITING STANDARDS SERIES

Effective October 1, 2017, the City early implemented Statement No. 84 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board - Fiduciary Activities. Implementation of this standard had no effect on beginning net position or beginning fund balance. Implementation of this standard eliminated the title agency funds and replaced it with the title custodial funds and required a new statement. The financial statements include Statement 9 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Positions as required by implementation of this standard.

Effective October 1, 2017 the City implemented Statement No. 88 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. Implementation of this standard had no effect on beginning net position or beginning fund balance. Implementation of this standard changed the wording for debt other than general obligation debt to notes from direct borrowings and direct placements. This standard also required additional disclosures about debt.

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Public Employee Retirement System of Mississippi Last 10 Fiscal Years* For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

Oit to account in a fifth a not accoming	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.057287%	0.056247%	0.057128%	0.055790%	0.056517%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,953,593	\$8,694,676	\$10,204,488	\$ 9,274,191	\$ 9,400,456
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,462,408	\$3,502,243	\$ 3,664,265	\$ 3,507,997	\$ 3,684,129
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	200.83%	248.26%	278.49%	264.37%	255.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.21%	61.70%	57.47%	61.49%	62.54%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of June 30, prior to the fiscal year presented. This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.



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CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Schedules of Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of City's Contributions to Public Employee Retirement System of Mississippi

Last 10 Fiscal Years* For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

		<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>
Statutorily required contribution	\$	545,329	\$ 551,603	\$	577,122	\$	552,509	\$	580,250
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(545,329)	(551,603)	_	(577,122)	_	(552,509)	_	(580,250)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	-	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered payroll	\$	3,462,408	\$3,502,343	\$	3,664,265	\$	3,507,997	\$	3,684,129
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%		15.75%		15.75%		15.75%

This is a 10-year schedule; however, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts							Variance with		
	Original			Final		Actual		justments Budgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Total	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES													
Ad valorem taxes, penalties and interest	\$	1,746,801	\$	1,746,801	\$	1,828,150	\$	(73,625)	\$	1,754,525	\$	7,724	
Excess tax sale		-		-		10,562		-		10,562		10,562	
Franchise taxes		270,743		270,743		207,389		(1,933)		205,456		(65,287)	
Municipal sales tax		1,806,495		1,806,495		1,939,495		(10,037)		1,929,458		122,963	
Permits, fees, and privilege tax		30,581		30,581		30,313		-		30,313		(268)	
Municipal court fines and bond fees		431,121		431,121		253,090		(23,975)		229,115		(202,006)	
Intergovernmental revenues		378,922		378,922		507,066		51,677		558,743		179,821	
Interest income		5		5		9,597		-		9,597		9,592	
Charge for services		96,782		96,782		106,198		600		106,798		10,016	
Collection fees		95,724		95,724		92,876		-		92,876		(2,848)	
Administrative fees		-		-		101,126		-		101,126		101,126	
Donations		507		507		1,300		-		1,300		793	
Other		43,150	_	43,150		6,126		(1)		6,125		(37,025)	
Total revenues Personnel services Personnel services Personnel services		4,900,831		4,900,831	_	5,093,288		(57,294)	_	5,035,994		135,163	
EXPENDITURES 20 27													
General Government													
Personnel services		527,250		527,250		505,912		2,694		508,606		18,644	
Personnel services 分市 运 U		25,000		33,000		29,085		(747)		28,338		4,662	
Other services and charges		270,000		262,000		169,705		42,815		212,520		49,480	
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		52,923		-		52,923		(2,923)	
Total	\$	872,250	\$	872,250	\$	757,625	\$	44,762	\$	802,387	\$	69,863	

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

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CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts							_ Variance with	
		Priginal		Final	Actual			ljustments Budgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Total	Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
EXPENDITURES - continued													
Public Safety - Fire													
Personnel services	\$	1,493,070	\$	1,473,070	\$	1,408,843	\$	15,715	\$	1,424,558	\$	48,512	
Supplies		50,000		60,000		42,295		449		42,744		17,256	
Other services and charges		70,000		70,000		64,705		(4,111)		60,594		9,406	
Debt service		-		-		4,208		(4,208)		-		-	
Capital outlay		117,758		127,758		113,339		4,208		117,547		10,211	
Total		1,730,828		1,730,828		1,633,390		12,053		1,645,443		85,385	
Public Safety - Police													
Personnel services		1,171,690		1,259,690		1,266,905		(3,496)		1,263,409		(3,719)	
Supplies		109,000		118,500		116,989		(3,708)		113,281		5,219	
Other services and charges		300,000		375,500		360,021		(5,867)		354,154		21,346	
Debt service		-		-		54,779		(54,779)		-		-	
Debt service Capital outlay		312,790		249,790		196,564		54,779		251,343		(1,553)	
Total Public Property Personnel services Supplies		1,893,480		2,003,480		1,995,258		(13,071)		1,982,187		21,293	
Public Property Personnel services Supplies													
Personnel services $\exists \exists \exists \exists \leq$		147,428		147,428		131,234		312		131,546		15,882	
Personnel services		30,000		35,000		33,406		(193)		33,213		1,787	
Other services and charges		100,000		104,000		102,789		(7,615)		95,174		8,826	
Capital outlay		60,000	_	51,000		20,591		-		20,591		30,409	
Total	\$	337,428	\$	337,428	\$	288,020	\$	(7,496)	\$	280,524	\$	56,904	

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

${\bf CITY\ OF\ BOONEVILLE,\ MISSISSIPPI}$

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts							Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual		djustments Budgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Total	P	al Budget ositive egative)
EXPENDITURES - continued												
Street												
Personnel services	\$	466,764	\$	466,764	\$	444,646	\$	3,830	\$	448,476	\$	18,288
Supplies		100,000		125,000		123,219		(776)		122,443		2,557
Other services and charges		222,000		229,000		241,425		(20,287)		221,138		7,862
Debt service		155,000		155,000		152,568		-		152,568		2,432
Capital outlay		155,000		123,000		58,040		-		58,040		64,960
Total		1,098,764		1,098,764	_	1,019,898	_	(17,233)		1,002,665		96,099
Park Operations												
Personnel services		171,929		166,929		154,408		3,678		158,086		8,843
Supplies		45,000		45,000		43,586		225		43,811		1,189
Other services and charges		20,000		25,000		23,289		(4)		23,285		1,715
Total		236,929		236,929		221,283		3,899		225,182		11,747
Park Maintenance Personnel services												
Personnel services		251,693		251,693		223,111		17		223,128		28,565
Supplies $\geq m \sim m$		62,000		65,000		61,627		(291)		61,336		3,664
Other services and charges		49,000		52,000		45,922		(295)		45,627		6,373
Park Maintenance Personnel services Supplies Other services and charges THE Capital outlay		72,000		66,000		41,950		_		41,950		24,050
Total	\$	434,693	\$	434,693	\$	372,610	\$	(569)	\$	372,041	\$	62,652

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information is an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts						Variance with		
EXPENDITUDES and found	Original		Final		Actual		Adjustments to Budgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Total		1	nal Budget Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES - continued Tourism												
Personnel services	\$	148,709	\$	38,709	\$	28,034	\$	_	\$	28,034	\$	10,675
Supplies	•	5,000	Ψ	7,000	Ψ	4,174	•	_	•	4,174	•	2,826
Other services and charges		5,000		3,000		663		_		663		2,337
Capital outlay		5,000	_	5,000	_	1,002	_	<u> </u>		1,002		3,998
Total		163,709		53,709		33,873	_	<u> </u>		33,873		19,836
Economic Development												
Other services and charges	_	-	_		_	64,157	_	(64,157)				
Total						64,157	_	(64,157)		-		
Total expenditures		6,768,081		6,768,081		6,386,114	_	(41,813)		6,344,301		423,780
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(1,867,250)	\$	(1,867,250)	\$	(1,292,826)	\$	(15,481)	\$	(1,308,307)	\$	558,943

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts						Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual		Adjustments to Budgetary Basis		Actual on Budgetary Total		1	nal Budget Positive Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Proceeds from other loans	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(40,000)
Non-revenue receipts		-		-		11,231		-		11,231		11,231
Operating transfers in		1,651,171		1,651,171		1,579,067		(32,540)		1,546,527		(104,644)
Operating transfers out		-		-		(686,294)		503,294	_	(183,000)		(183,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,691,171		1,691,171	_	904,004		470,754		1,374,758		(316,413)
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing												
sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(176,079)		(176,079)		(388,822)		455,273		66,451		242,530
Fund balances - beginning of year		3,521,483	_	3,521,483		3,521,483				3,521,483		
Fund balances - end of year	<u>\$</u>	3,345,404	\$	3,345,404	\$	3,132,661	\$	455,273	\$	3,587,934	\$	242,530

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Grant Fund

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	A		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Adjustments to Budgetary Basis	Actual on Budgetary Total	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		_					
Intergovernmental revenues Interest income	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ 740,062 1,432	\$ - 	\$ 740,062 1,432	\$ 740,062 1,432	
Total revenues			741,494	<u> </u>	741,494	741,494	
EXPENDITURES							
Other services and charges	-	-	3,000	-	3,000	(3,000)	
Capital outlay	500,000	500,000	1,314,236		1,314,236	(814,236)	
Total expenditures	500,000	500,000	1,317,236		1,317,236	(817,236)	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expend	(500,000)	(500,000)	(575,742)		(575,742)	1,558,730	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in			797,794	(503,294)	294,500	294,500	
Total other financing sources (uses)			797,794	(503,294)	294,500	294,500	
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other use	(500,000)	(500,000)	222,052	(503,294)	(281,242)	1,853,230	
Fund balances - beginning of year						<u> </u>	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ (500,000)	\$ (500,000)	\$ 222,052	\$ (503,294)	\$ (281,242)	\$ 1,853,230	

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - PENSION SCHEDULES

- A. Changes in benefit provisions. Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.
- B. Changes in assumptions. Annual changes to the net pension liability resulting from differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors and from changes of assumptions about future economic or demographic factors or other inputs are deferred and amortized over the average of the expected remaining service life of active and inactive members. Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are amortized over a closed period of 5 years.

In 2015, (1) the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015; (2) the expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015; (3) withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience; (4) the assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience; and (5) the price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

In 2016, the assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

In 2017, (1) the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives; (2) the wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%; (3) withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience; and (4) the percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

C. Changes in size or composition of the population covered by the benefit terms. None were identified during the periods presented in the required supplementary

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CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - PENSION SCHEDULES - CONTINUED

D. Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method
Price inflation
Salary increase
Investment rate of return

Entry age
Level percentages of payroll, open
36.6 years
5-year smoothed market
3.00 percent
3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

- A. Budgetary information. The City is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of the State of Mississippi. The City follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary comparison schedule:
 - 1 Prior to September 1, the City Clerk submits to the Board of Alderpersons a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year. The State of Mississippi requires at a minimum expenditures be adopted in four categories (personnel services, supplies, other services and charges, and capital outlay).
 - 2 Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpaver comments.
 - 3 Prior to September 15, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
 - 4 The budget must be balanced. The balanced budget may include a contribution to or appropriation from fund balance.
 - 5 The budget must be amended when necessary.
 - 6 Debt cannot be entered into unless permitted by law.
 - 7 Expenditures, except for capital outlay, cannot exceed budget appropriations.
 - 8 Expenditures cannot be made unless authorized in the budget.
 - 9 Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION - CONTINUED

- B. Basis of Presentation. Budgets are adopted on a modified cash basis. Claims that have been incurred prior to the end of the year and that are paid within 30 days are recorded under the accrual basis. Prior year claims that are paid after 30 days revert to the cash basis. All revenue is accounted for under the cash basis. The required budgetary basis is therefore not considered a generally accepted accounting principle. Governmental accounting requires the budgetary comparison schedule be prepared according to budgetary laws, which is the modified cash basis (GAAP).
- C. The following provides details for General Fund adjustments to budgetary basis from actual:

Revenues	General Fund	Grant Fund
Deferred revenues	\$ 94,679	-
Receivables	(128,898)	-
Payables	(23,075)	
Total	(57,294)	-
Expenditures		
Accounts payable paid after 30 days	(21,179)	-
Accrued liabilities paid after 30 days	(446)	-
Prepaid expenses	(5,996)	-
Vacation accrual paid after 30 days	18,348	-
Reclassification of \$64,157 economic development other services and charges budgeted in		-
general government other services and charges	-	-
Shop expenses budgeted on Gas System Fund included in expense on actual	(32,540)	
Total	(41,813)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Reclasification of beginning balance of grant fund included in general fund treated as transfer Internal Service Fund expenses budgeted on Gas System Fund included in transfers on actual	503,294 (32,540)	(503,294)
Total	470,754	(503,294)
Net difference in budgetary basis and actual	\$ 455,273	(503,294)

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheets September 30, 2018

ASSETS	Pr	Fire otection		Tourism	Re	ug Abuse sistance lucation	L	ome oan ogram		Fire Code	Tec	chnology	Ru	bbish	Ser	ebt vice ind	N Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Due from other governments Notes receivable - long-term net of allowance for uncollectables see Note E	\$	218,347 - - -	\$	205,206 216 64,420	\$	18,641 675 -	\$	- - -	\$	1,447 - -	\$	19,424 801 -	\$ 9	93,283 - - -	\$	- - -	\$	556,348 1,692 64,420
Total assets and other debits	<u>\$</u>	218,347	<u>\$</u>	269,842	<u>\$</u>	19,316	\$		\$	1,447	\$	20,225	\$ 9	3,283	\$	-	\$	622,460
LIABILITIES Accounts payable - operations Matured interest payable Matured revenue bonds payable	\$	(930)	\$	902	\$	1,419 - ————	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	568 ,000	\$	1,391 568 4,000
Total liabilities		(930)	_	902		1,419				-			_		4	,568	<u>.</u>	5,959
FUND BALANCES Restricted Unassigned		219,277		268,940 		17,897		-		1,447 		20,225		93,283	(4	- ,568)		621,069 (4,568)
Total fund balance		219,277	_	268,940		17,897			_	1,447	_	20,225	9	93,283	(4	<u>,568</u>)		616,501
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	218,347	<u>\$</u>	269,842	<u>\$</u>	19,316	\$	-	\$	1,447	\$	20,225	\$ 9	3,283	\$	-	\$	622,460

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Fire Protection	Tourism	Drug Abuse Resistance Education	Home Loan Program	Fire Code	Technology	Rubbish	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
Municipal sales tax	\$ -	\$ 388,006	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 388,006
Municipal court fines and bond fees	-	-	9,329	-	-	5,407	-	-	14,736
Intergovernmental revenues	48,446	-	-	-	1,461	-	-	-	49,907
Interest income	672	425	76	-	6	63	302	-	1,544
Charge for services	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,880	-	32,880
Donations	500							_	500
Total revenues	49,618	388,431	9,405		1,467	5,470	33,182		487,573
Current Public safety Public works Tourism									
Current Public safety Public works Tourism Conitol outlook	_	-	1,919	_	1,438	-	-	-	3,357
Public safety Public works Tourism	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,044	-	1,044
Tourism	-	1,981	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,981
Capital outlay	_	35,036	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,036
Debt Service									
Principal retirement - general obligation	-	-	18,067	-	-	-	25,902	-	43,969
Interest and paying agent	-		1,317				250		1,567
Total expenditures		37,017	21,303		1,438		27,196		86,954
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 49,618	\$ 351,414	\$ (11,898)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 29	\$ 5,470	\$ 5,986	\$ -	\$ 400,619

Schedule 6

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

	Fire Protection	Tourism	Drug Abuse Resistance Education	Home Loan Program	Fire Code	Technology	Rubbish	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Operating transfers out	<u>\$</u>	\$ (111,500)	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ (111,500)
Total other financing sources (uses) Excess (deficit) of revenues and other sources over (under)		(111,500)							(111,500)
expenditures and other uses	49,618	239,914	(11,898)	-	29	5,470	5,986	-	289,119
Fund balance - beginning of year	169,659	29,026	29,795		1,418	14,755	87,297	(4,568)	327,382
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 219,277	\$ 268,940	\$ 17,897	\$ -	\$ 1,447	\$ 20,225	\$ 93,283	\$ (4,568)	\$ 616,501

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of Surety Bonds for Municipal Officials and Employees September 30, 2018

Name	Position	Amount	Insurance Company	Expiration Date
Chris Lindley	Mayor	\$ 100,000	St Paul	7/3/2019
Lisa Stevens	Alderperson	100,000	St Paul	7/3/2019
William Scott	Alderperson	100,000	St Paul	7/3/2019
Mark McCoy	Alderperson	100,000	St Paul	7/3/2019
Jason Michael	Alderperson	100,000	St Paul	7/3/2019
Jeff Williams	Alderperson	100,000	St Paul	7/3/2019
Lavaile Shields	City Clerk	100,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	12/11/2018
Michael Ramey	Police Chief	100,000	Travelers Casualty	7/8/2019
Sabrina Welch	Administrative Assistant	50,000	Travelers Casualty	7/18/2019
Curtis Featherstone	Department Head	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Billy Joe Spencer	Department Head	50,000	Travelers Casualty	2/28/2019
John Hill	Department Head	,	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Amanda Bland	Clerk	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Candrice Williams	Clerk	50,000	Travelers Casualty	2/2/2019
Melissa Harris	Clerk	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Lisa Stennett	Administrative Assistant	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Tim Holloway	Park Manager	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Tameka C Holland	Clerk	50,000	RLI Surety	2/18/2019
Jerome Jones	Dispatch	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Lacinda Steward	Clerk	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Lacey Hill	Clerk	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Mitzi Stennett	Clerk	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Gayla Dawn Stevenson	Clerk	50,000	Travelers Casualty	2/17/2019
Kimberly Godwin	Clerk	50,000	Travelers Casualty	8/5/2019
Michael Cain	Customer Service	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Oscar Joshlin, Jr	Customer Service	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Charles Sanders	Building Inspector	50,000	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Gary Coats	Assistant Building Inspector	•	Travelers Casualty	3/16/2019
Paul Bowling	Animal Control Officer	•	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Robbie Lambert	Clerk	•	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Jacquelin Rowan	Clerk	•	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Christine Lambert	Clerk	,	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019
Lexie Gamble	Tourism Department Head	•	Brierfield Ins. Co.	3/10/2019

JONES & JONES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS OF BOONEVILLE, P.A.

Kermit V. Jones Jr., C.P.A. Christopher D. Jones, C.P.A.

Jeremy D. Jones, C.P.A.

David W. Jones, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and Board of Alderpersons City of Booneville, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Booneville, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Booneville. Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Booneville, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the effectiveness of the City of Booneville, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Booneville, Mississippi's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2018-001, 2018-002, 2018-003, and 2018-004 to be material weaknesses.

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A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2018-005, 2018-006, and 2018-007 to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Booneville, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2018-008, 2018-009, and 2017-010.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of City of Booneville, Mississippi, in a separate letter dated September 17, 2019.

City of Booneville, Mississippi's Response to Findings

City of Booneville, Mississippi's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Booneville, Mississippi's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerety yours

JONES & JONES

Certified Public Accountants

of Booneville, PA

Booneville, Mississippi

September 17, 2019

JONES & JONES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
OF BOONEVILLE, P.A.

Kermit V. Jones Jr., C.P.A. Christopher D. Jones, C.P.A.

Jeremy D. Jones, C.P.A.

David W. Jones, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Board of Alderpersons City of Booneville, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Booneville, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, which collectively comprise the City of Booneville, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2019.

Compliance

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of those procedures and our audit of the financial statements disclosed material instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2018-008, 2018-009, and 2017-010.

The instances of noncompliance of the prior year have been corrected by management as discussed in the accompanying schedule of results of prior year findings or otherwise included in the above noted findings and responses.

City of Booneville, Mississippi's Response to Findings

City of Booneville, Mississippi's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Booneville, Mississippi's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance with state laws and regulations, and not to express an opinion on the entity's compliance.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on a subsequent year's audit engagement, the findings in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

This report is intended for the information of the City's management, Board of Alderpersons, and the Office of the State Auditor and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

September 17, 2019

Sincerely yours

JONES & JONES

Certified Public Accountants

of Booneville, P.A.

Booneville, Mississippi

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES

2018-001. Segregation of Duties

<u>Condition</u>: The City does not have an adequate segregation of duties among accounting functions.

<u>Criteria</u>: Internal controls should be in place to require a segregation of duties among accounting functions.

<u>Effect</u>: The City has four bookkeepers who maintain general ledgers, collect cash, write and/or sign checks. The City has two court clerks who handle court fine billings, receivables, and collections. This lack of segregation of duties could result in misappropriation of funds that would not be timely discovered.

<u>Cause</u>: The City does not have enough personnel to have an adequate segregation of duties.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should have a segregation of duties among accounting functions; however, we recognize the expense of acquiring the additional employees might be prohibitive. The Mayor and Board of Alderpersons should periodically review accounting functions to compensate for a lack of segregation of duties.

Response: We concur with the recommendation.

2018-002. Property Tax Collection

<u>Condition</u>: The City is not enforcing collection on citizens who do not pay their personal property taxes.

<u>Criteria</u>: Procedures should be in place to follow up on delinquent personal property taxes.

<u>Effect</u>: At September 30, 2018 the City had outstanding taxes of \$2,548 from the 2003 tax year, \$5,329 from the 2004 tax year, \$7,491 from the 2005 tax year, \$5,857 from the 2006 tax year, \$6,461 from the 2007 tax year, \$22,195 from the 2008 tax year, \$19,592 from the 2009 tax year, \$13,661 from the 2010 tax year, \$16,680 from the 2011 tax year, \$19,846 from the 2012 tax year, \$9,826 from the 2013 tax year, \$8,034 from the 2014 tax year, \$7,708 from the 2015 tax year, \$15,230 from the 2016 tax year, and \$67,604 from the 2017 tax year.

<u>Cause</u>: The City sends notices of delinquent taxes twice a year and publishes these delinquent taxes in the newspaper, but has not attempted to seize property to cover personal property taxes.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should contact its attorney and determine what legal course of action can be taken to collect delinquent personal property taxes.

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT - CONTINUED

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MATERIAL WEAKNESSES – CONTINUED

2 5 **2019**

2018-002.

Property Tax Collection - continued

STATE AUDITOR

Response: We concur with the recommendation.

2018-003. Outsourcing Financial Statements and Related Notes, and Supplementary Information Preparation

<u>Condition</u>: Management outsources financial statements and related notes, and supplementary information preparation.

<u>Criteria</u>: Part of effective internal control over financial reporting is the ability to adequately produce financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Effect</u>: The City must incur the expense of outsourcing the preparation of the financial statements and related notes, and supplementary information.

<u>Cause</u>: As is normal for governments of this type and size, the City's staff and management do not have the required technical expertise to meet the above criteria.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Due to the size of the City and the cost of hiring additional staff, no change is recommended.

<u>Response</u>: We agree with the finding, but feel the City is best served by continuing to outsource the preparation of the financial statements and related notes, and supplementary information. This is less costly than hiring additional staff to perform these tasks.

2018-004. Police Fine Collection Efforts

<u>Condition</u>: The delinquent police fine receivables are increasing.

<u>Criteria</u>: Effective internal controls include establishing procedures to have someone review delinquent police fines monthly and perform the necessary procedures to collect delinquent police fines.

Effect: The police fine receivables increased significantly during the year ended September 30, 2018.

<u>Cause</u>: The City did not have anyone reviewing the police fine receivables or instructing someone to enforce the collection of police fines.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should designate a person to be responsible for reviewing delinquent police fines and getting the correct court order to enforce collection.

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT - CONTINUED

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES – CONTINUED

2017-004. Police Fine Collection Efforts - continued

<u>Response</u>: We have consulted with our attorney and we will install procedures to increase collection efforts.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2018-005. Violation of Laws and Regulations

<u>Condition</u>: As discussed in finding numbers 2018-008, 2018-009, and 2018-010, there were violations of State of Mississippi laws and regulations.

<u>Criteria</u>: Controls should be in effect and functioning to detect and prevent violations of State of Mississippi laws and regulations.

<u>Effect</u>: The City did not comply with budget laws and regulations, and purchase laws. See additional information in finding numbers 2018-008, 2018-009, and 2018-010.

Cause: See cause in finding numbers 2018-008, 2018-009, and 2018-010.

<u>Recommendation</u>: See recommendation in finding numbers 2018-008, 2018-009, and 2018-010. Controls should be put in place to prevent noncompliance.

Response: We will install procedures to prevent noncompliance.

2018-006. Home Loan Notes Receivable

<u>Condition</u>: The City has not obtained documentation from its two Home Loan recipients to determine that loan repayments have been made in compliance with the contract.

<u>Criteria</u>: The loan agreements require monthly payments of one half of cash flow generated by the rental projects financed by the loan agreement. Controls should be in place to require the Home Loan recipient to provide monthly financial statements to determine if loan payments are required.

Effect: The City has not received any loan payments on the outstanding Home Loans made.

<u>Cause</u>: The City requested documents to determine if the required payments are being made, but were not provided the monthly financial statements.

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT - CONTINUED

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES - CONTINUED

2018-006. Home Loan Notes Receivable - continued

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the City obtain monthly financial statements including cash flow analysis from the two Home Loan recipients monthly. If such financial statements are not provided by the loan recipients, the City should consult its attorney for methods to obtain these documents.

<u>Response</u>: We requested monthly financial statements from our two Home Loan recipients, but neither has provided us with monthly or annual financial statements.

2018-007. Unaccounted for Natural Gas

<u>Condition</u>: Unaccounted for natural gas per City records was 12.85%.

<u>Criteria</u>: Internal controls should be in place and functioning to monitor and investigate the differences between natural gas sold and natural gas purchased for sale.

<u>Effect</u>: The City records reflected sales of 427,338 MCF compared to 490,334 MCF purchased. The difference of 62,996 MCF (12.84%) cost the City approximately \$146,721 in cost of gas and/or \$425,050 in potential lost sales compared to the expected loss percentage including transportation of 5%.

<u>Cause</u>: Management stated they had determined some large meters were not programmed correctly for the auto-read function and broken meters were not being replaced timely.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the City test meters to determine they are programmed correctly. We recommend the City use the reports generated by their billing software to determine zero use meters and significant variation from normal usage reports to discover broken meters and replace them immediately. If it is determined that there were reading errors in the amounts charged customers, the City should determine the correct amount due and bill customers for the error.

Response: We have reprogrammed several meters and we are replacing broken meters.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS AND COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

2018-008. Budget

Condition: Expenditures exceeded the budget in various categories.

<u>Criteria:</u> Section 21-35-185, Miss. Code Ann (1972) states expenditures shall not exceed budget estimates, measured at the lowest level adopted in the budget, except for capital outlay, election expenses and payment of emergency warrants. Sections 21-35-5 and 21-35-9, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) provide for Special Revenue Funds.

Effect: The City's expenditures exceeded its budget estimates in the following categories:

General Fund – public safety – police – personnel services	\$	3,719
General Fund – transfers out		183,000
Grant Fund – other services and charges		3,000
Dare Fund – supplies		419
Rubbish Fund – supplies		1,044
Fire Code Fund - supplies		695
Tourism Fund - supplies		1,831
Gas System – transfer out	1	,403,541

<u>Cause:</u> The general ledger is maintained on the cash receipts and disbursements basis for comparison to budgets. Expenditures for September that are paid within 30 days of year end are chargeable to the budget and have to be estimated.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the City continue reviewing the budget vs actual comparison and amend the budget as circumstances require.

Response: We concur, and continue our due diligence in our budget amendment process.

2018-009. Water and Sewer Billing Rates

<u>Condition:</u> The Board of Alderperson's minutes do not reflect the rate increases implemented by the Board of Alderpersons.

<u>Criteria:</u> The Board of Alderpersons sets the rate charged for water and sewer.

Effect: The June 20, 2018 minutes authorized a 5% increase in water rates effective with the next billing cycle. The prior rates for water was a minimum bill \$9.00 with \$5.00 per thousand gallons over 2,000. The prior rates for sewer was a minimum bill \$8.50 with \$4.25 per thousand gallons over 2,000. The water rate was increased to \$9.50 (an increase of 5.5556%) minimum and \$5.35 (an increase of 7.005) per thousand over 2,000. The sewer rate was increased to \$9.00 minimum and \$4.50 per thousand over 2,000 with no authorization in minutes.

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COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS AND COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS - CONTINUED

2018-009. Water and Sewer Billing Rates - continued

<u>Cause:</u> The City Engineer presented his recommended water and sewer rates for each billing category to the Board of Alderpersons. As part of his presentation he stated the increase was approximately 5%. Management stated the Board of Alderpersons approved the water and sewer rates as recommended by the City Engineer; however, the Board of Alderperson's minutes reflected a water rate increase of 5%.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the City consult its attorney and approve the required actions to correct the June 20, 2018 minutes to reflect the actual actions of the Board of Alderpersons.

<u>Response:</u> We have made the necessary corrections to our minutes to reflect the correct amount authorized.

2018-010. Tax Abatement

Condition: The City gave two taxpayers tax abatements in excess of the allowed amounts.

<u>Criteria:</u> The Board of Alderperson established a tax abatement program under Miss Code 17-21-5(1) Entitled Exemption from Municipal Ad Valorem Taxes for certain Structures in Central Business Districts, or on Historic Landmarks; Application for Exemption. This tax abatement policy allows exemptions for certain improvements made to businesses.

<u>Effect:</u> The City only has 2 businesses taking advantage of this tax abatement policy. The City exempted the entire City portion of the taxes paid by these two businesses instead of exempting only the improvement portion.

<u>Cause:</u> This was caused by a misunderstanding of the tax abatement policy.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should determine the correct amount of the tax abatement exemption and bill these two business for the amounts due.

<u>Response:</u> We have explained the requirements of this tax abatement policy to our personnel and we will determine the correct amount each business should pay. We will send a bill to these two businesses.

CITY OF BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI Results of Prior Year Findings For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018

Financial Statement Findings

Finding Number	Finding Title	Status
		Repeated - see
		current year finding
2017-001	Segregation of Duties (original finding 2011-001).	2018-001.
		Repeated - see
		current year finding
2017-002	Property Tax Collection (original finding 2011-002).	2018-002.
	Outsourcing Financial Statements and Related Notes, and	
	Supplementary Information Preparation (original finding	
2017-003	2011-003).	2018-003.
		Repeated - see
		current year finding
2017-005	Police Fine Collection Efforts (original finding 2012-005).	2018-004.
		Repeated - see
	Violation of Laws and Regulations (original finding 2011-	current year finding
2017-005	004).	2018-005.
		Repeated - see
		current year finding
2017-006	Home Loan Notes Receivable (original finding 2011-006).	2018-006.
		Repeated - see
•		current year finding
2017-007	Unaccounted for Natural Gas (original finding 2017-007).	2018-007.
		Repeated - see
		current year finding
2017-008	Budget (original finding 2011-012).	2018-008.
		This was corrected
		by receiving a
	Invoice was Double Billed and Double Paid (Original	refund in August
2017-009	Finding 2017-009).	2018.

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding Number	Finding Title									Status
	There	were	no	prior	year	federal	award	findings	and	
	questio	ned co								

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