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BENNY GRAY

RANDY STRINGER
CHIEF OF POLICE

BRIAN GRISSOM FIRE CHIEF

JOSHUA CLINGAN PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR CITY OF IUKA
JOHN CASTLEBERRY, MAYOR

BOARD OF ALDERMEN KENNY CARSON JAMES GRISHAM JOEL ROBERTSON JOHNNY SOUTHWARD NANCY STRIPLING

October 2, 2019

Office of the State Auditor 501 N. West Street Suite 801, Woolfolk Building Jackson, MS 39201

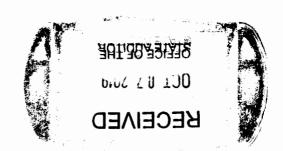
Re: Annual Municipal Audit

Accompanying this letter are two copies of the annual audit of the City of Iuka, Mississippi, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018. A separate management letter was not written to the City of Iuka in connection with this audit.

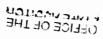
John Castleberry

Mayor

Sincer



CITY OF IUKA, MISSISSIPPI FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018



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Certified Public Accountants

City of luka, Mississippi Table of Contents September 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of luka, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of luka, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of luka, Mississippi's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of luka, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Florence, Alabama Phone: (256)764-0991 Red Bay, Alabama Phone: (256)356-9375 Muscle Shoals, Alabama Phone: (256)314-5082

Booneville, Mississippi Phone: (662)728-6172 Corinth, Mississippi Phone: (662)286-7082 luka, Mississippi Phone: (662)423-5057

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison information, the Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of City Contributions on pages 3 through 7 and 41 through 44 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of luka, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Surety Bonds for Municipal Officials and the Schedule of Long-Term Debt have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

The opposits CPA Firm, A.C.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 7, 2019, on our consideration of the City of luka, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of luka, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of luka, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Booneville, Mississippi

August 7, 2019

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OFFICE OF THE

This Discussion and Analysis of the City of luka's financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2018 were as follows: Total net position decreased by \$151,186 or 3.57% from 2017.

Overall, the book value of capital assets decreased by \$425,327 from 2017.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City of luka as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial conditions.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those assets. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what dollars remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City of luka as a whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains information about the funds used by the City to provide services to our citizens, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2018?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question.

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by the private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and the changes in position. This change in position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the City, non-financial information such as changes in the City's tax base and the condition of City capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the City's activities are reported as Governmental Activities, and Business Type Activities which include all of the City's services including police, fire, administration, gas, water and sewer, and all other departments. The City of luka has no Component units.

Reporting of the City of luka's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. Based on the restrictions on the use of monies, the City has established many funds, which account for the multitude of services provided to the City's residents. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds. In the case of the City of luka, the City's major funds are the General, Gas System, and Water and Sewer System.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a city's near-term financing requirements. Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand long-term financing decisions. Both the "Governmental Funds Balance Sheet" and the "Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances" provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental activities. These reconciliations are on pages 11 and 13, respectively.

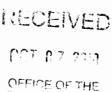
The City maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with Mississippi Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All other non-major funds are combined together and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 10 and 12 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – When customers are charged for the provided services, these services are generally reported as proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statement, only in more detail. The City uses proprietary funds to account for the City of luka Natural Gas System, City of luka Combined Water & Sewer System, and City of luka Sanitation Fund.

The City of luka Natural Gas System and the City of luka Combined Water & Sewer System are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the other proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 16 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of data provided in government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 18 – 39 of this report.



The City of luka as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position looks at the City as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2018.

(Table 1) Net Position Government Wide

		Governm Activit			Business- Activiti		То	Increase (Decrease)				
	_	2018	2017	-	2018	2017	_	2018		2017		
Current and other assets	\$_	1,771,987 \$	1,598,605	\$	1,610,876 \$	1,516,697	\$	3,382,863	\$ _	3,115,302	\$	267,561
Capital assets, net		1,970,094	2,037,989	_	7,889,962	8,247,394	_	9,860,056		10,285,383		(425,327)
Total Assets	_	3,742,081	3,636,594		9,500,838	9,764,091	-	13,242,919	_	13,400,685		(157,766)
Deferred outflows of resources	_	233,106	295,005		164,736	218,737	-	397,842	_	513,742		(115,900)
Long-term debt		2,415,386	2,352,439		5,974,556	6,120,144		8,389,942		8,472,583		(82,641)
Other liabilities		94,975	109,360		570,872	545,167		665,847	_	654,527		11,320
Total Liabilities	_	2,510,361	2,461,799		6,545,428	6,665,311		9,055,789	_	9,127,110		(71,321)
Deferred inflows of resources	_	403,853	424,202		100,668	131,478		504,521	_	555,680		(51,159)
Net investment in capital assets		1,494,459	1,514,910		3,385,098	3,501,388		4,879,557		5,016,298		(136,741)
Restricted		803	803		-	-		803		803		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(434,289)	(470,115)		(365,620)	(315,349)		(799,909)	_	(785,464)		(14,445)
Total Net Position	\$	1,060,973 \$	1,045,598	\$	3,019,478_\$	3,186,039	\$	4,080,451	\$_	4,231,637	\$	(151,186)

The City's total assets decreased \$157,766 during 2018 with business-type activities showing a decrease of \$263,253 and governmental activities showing an increase of \$105,487. The major changes were a \$189,054 increase in cash; \$425,327 decrease in capital assets; a \$24,051 increase in accounts receivable; and \$27,040 increase in property tax and other receivables.

The City's total liabilities decreased \$71,321. The major changes were a \$288,586 decrease from the retirement of long-term debt and a \$200,079 increase in the net pension liability.

The City's net position decreased \$151,186 due to business-type activities expenses exceeding program revenues.

Table 2 shows the Change in Net Position for the year ended September 30, 2018. A comparative analysis of government-wide data is as follows:

(Table 2) Changes in Net Position Government Wide

		Governm Activit			Business- Activitie	• •	_	To	otals			Increase (Decrease)
	_	2018	2017		2018	2017		2018		2017	_	
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	108,639 \$	133,367	\$	2,911,307 \$	2,514,679	\$	3,019,946	\$	2,648,046	\$	371,900
Grants and donations		4,183	7,437		-	-		4,183		7,437		(3,254)
General revenues:												
Property taxes		423,946	400,362		-	-		423,946		400,362		23,584
Intergovernmental revenues		963,242	946,013		36,500	-		999,742		946,013		53,729
Investment income		10,809	2,331		7,502	1,591		18,311		3,922		14,389
Miscellaneous taxes and other	_	321,857	309,145	_	37,963	15,782	_	359,820	_	324,927		34,893
Total revenues	_	1,832,676	1,798,655	_	2,993,272	2,532,052	_	4,825,948	_	4,330,707		495,241
Program expenses:												
General government		197,892	245,697		-	-		197,892		245,697		(47,805)
Public safety		1,009,117	1,048,822		-	-		1,009,117		1,048,822		(39,705)
Public works		135,598	151,150		-	-		135,598		151,150		(15,552)
Culture and recreation		117,929	104,247		-	-		117,929		104,247		13,682
Economic development		23,601	29,151		-	-		23,601		29,151		(5,550)
Gas system		-	-		1,436,914	1,507,521		1,436,914		1,507,521		(70,607)
Water and sewer		-	-		1,595,813	1,399,229		1,595,813		1,399,229		196,584
Other business-type		-	-		202,106	193,303		202,106		193,303		8,803
Pension expense		241,525	167,110		-	-		241,525		167,110		74,415
Interest on long-term debt		16,639	16,158		-	-		16,639		16,158	_	481
Total program expenses	•	1,742,301	1,762,335	_	3,234,833	3,100,053	_	4,977,134	_	4,862,388		114,746
Net increase (decrease) in net postion before	•			_			_					
contributions and transfers		90,375	36,320	_	(241,561)	(568,001)	_	(151,186)		(531,681)		380,495
Transfers		(75,000)			75,000		_					_
Net increase (decrease) in net postion	\$	15,375 \$	36,320	\$_	(166,561) \$	(568,001)	\$_	(151,186)	\$_	(531,681)	_ \$ <u>_</u>	380,495

The decrease in net position identified in Table 2 was due to expenses exceeding revenues during 2018. This decrease was mainly due to increased expenses in the water and sewer department.

Major expense activities under the accrual basis of accounting, included: Public Safety expenses accounting for 20.28% of the total program expenses; Public Works accounting for 2.72%; and Public Utilities accounting for 64.99%. The City is committed to providing the basic services that our residents expect. RECEIVED

The City's Funds

מירק דא ברר Information about the City's major governmental funds begins on page 10. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All Governmental funds had total revenues of \$1.828 million and expenditures of \$1.585 million.

The fund balance of the general fund remained relatively constant, increasing by \$95,718.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is prepared according to Mississippi law and is based on accounting for certain transaction on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of 2018, the City amended its general fund budget. All recommendations for a budget change come from the City Clerk to the Board of Aldermen. The City does not allow budget changes that modify line items within departments without board approval. With the General Fund supporting many of our major activities such as our police and fire departments, as well as most legislative and executive activities, the General Fund is monitored closely, looking for possible revenue shortfalls or over spending by individual departments. For the General Fund, original budgeted revenues were \$1,576,400; final budget amounts were \$1,622,400; and actual revenue collections were \$1,601,826. The major factor contributing to the decrease of actual revenues over budgeted amounts was decreased intergovernmental revenues.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. As of September 30, 2018, the City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental and business-type activities was \$1,970,094 and \$7,889,962 respectively. The governmental activities decreased \$67,895 and business-type activities decreased by \$357,432. The government activities decrease was due to depreciation, and the business-type activities decrease was due to depreciation.

Additional information of the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 29 & 30 of this report.

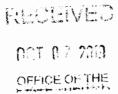
Debt Administration. At September 30, 2018, the City had \$5,054,865 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding, of which \$288,775 is due within one year. Additional information of the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 30, 31, 32 and 33 of this report.

Contacting the City's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Benny Gray, City Clerk, at luka City Hall located at 118 South Pearl Street, luka, MS 38852.

City of luka, Mississippi Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

Assetts Cash and investments \$ 1,283,326 \$ 767,869 \$ 2,051,195 Cash - restricted - 249,768 249,768 Property tax receivable 286,701 - 286,701 Fines receivable, net of uncollectibles, \$220,183 100,225 - 100,225 Utility tax receivable 21,737 - 21,737 Accounts receivable 137 37 174 Due from other funds 10,074 5,678 15,752 Internal Balances (25,000) 25,000 - Internal Balances (25,000) 25,000 - Internal Balances (25,000) 21,517 42,077 Inventories 74,227 - 74,227 Inventories 20,560 21,517 42,077 Franchise rights - 11,400 11,400 Capital assets not being depreciated 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets, net of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081			Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities	_	Total
Cash - restricted - 249,768 249,768 Property tax receivable 286,701 - 286,701 Fines receivable to of uncollectibles, \$220,183 100,225 - 100,225 Utility tax receivable - 337,165 337,165 Interest receivable 137 37 174 Due from other funds 10,074 5,678 15,752 Internal Balances (25,000) 25,000 - Intergovernmental receivables 74,227 - 74,227 Inventories - 192,442 192,442 Prepaid expenses 20,560 21,517 42,077 Franchise rights - 11,400 11,400 Capital assets, net - 11,400 11,400 Capital assets, net of depreciated 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets, net of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 33,42,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources 233,106	<u>Assets</u>					_	
Property tax receivable 286,701 - 286,701 Fines receivable, net of uncollectibles, \$220,183 100,225 - 100,225 Utility tax receivable 21,737 - 21,737 Accounts receivable 137 37 174 Due from other funds 10,074 5,678 15,752 Intergovernmental receivables 74,227 - 74,227 Intergovernmental receivables - 192,442 192,442 Intergovernmental receivables - 192,442 192,442 Inventories - 192,442 192,442 Prepaid expenses 20,560 21,517 42,077 Franchise rights - 11,400 11,400 Capital assets, net 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets not being depreciated 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets, net of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Amounts - pensions		\$	1,283,326	\$		\$	
Fines receivable, net of uncollectibles, \$220,183 100,225 - 100,225 Utility tax receivable 21,737 - 21,737 Accounts receivable 137 37,165 337,165 Interest receivable 11,074 5678 15,752 Internal Balances (25,000) 25,000 - Intergovernmental receivables 74,227 - 74,227 Intergovernmental receivables - 192,442 192,442 Prepaid expenses 20,560 21,517 42,077 Franchise rights - 11,400 11,400 Capital assets, net 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets, net of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 23,33 19,389 43,327 Accrued liabilities 23,338 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable -	Cash - restricted		-		249,768		. '
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Accounts receivable 1 337,165 337,165 Interest receivable 137 37 174 Due from other funds 10,074 5,678 15,752 Internal Balances (25,000) 25,000 - Intergovernmental receivables 74,227 - 74,227 Inventories - 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 <t< td=""><td>Fines receivable, net of uncollectibles, \$220,183</td><td></td><td>·</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Fines receivable, net of uncollectibles, \$220,183		·		-		
Interest receivable	Utility tax receivable		21,737		-		
Due from other funds 10,074 5,678 15,752 Intergovernmental receivables (25,000) 25,000 - Intergovernmental receivables 74,227 - 74,227 Inventories 2 192,442 192,442 Prepaid expenses 20,560 21,517 42,077 Franchise rights - 11,400 11,400 Capital assets, not being depreciated 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets, not of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,662 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources 33,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Amounts - pensions 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accrued interest payable 7 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits 2 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities <t< td=""><td>Accounts receivable</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>337,165</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Accounts receivable		-		337,165		
Internal Balances (25,000) 25,000 - Intergovernmental receivables 74,227 - 74,227 Inventories - 192,442 192,442 Prepaid expenses 20,560 21,517 42,077 Franchise rights - 11,400 11,400 Capital assets, not being depreciated 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets, not of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 233,3106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accrued interest payable - 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities - 283,000 <t< td=""><td>Interest receivable</td><td></td><td>137</td><td></td><td>37</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Interest receivable		137		37		
Intergovernmental receivables 74,227 74,227 190,000 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 192,442 193,440 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 12,000 11,400 11,400 11,400 12,000 11,400 11,400 11,400 12,000 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400 11,400	Due from other funds		10,074		5,678		15,752
Inventories 192,442 192,442 Prepaid expenses 20,560 21,517 42,077 Franchise rights - 11,400 11,400 11,400 Capital assets, net	Internal Balances		(25,000)		25,000		-
Prepaid expenses 20,560 21,517 42,077 Franchise rights - 11,400 11,400 Capital assets, not - 11,400 322,280 Capital assets not being depreciated 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets, net of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 28,001 Customer deposits 20,001 23,000	Intergovernmental receivables		74,227		-		74,227
Franchise rights 11,400 11,400 Capital assets, net 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets, net of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accrued liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable 62,001 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 62,001 62,001 Customer than one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due within one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000	Inventories		-		192,442		192,442
Capital assets not being depreciated 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets, net of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Amounts - pensions 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accrued liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable - 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities: Due in more than one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due within one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 <	Prepaid expenses		20,560		21,517		42,077
Capital assets, net 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets not being depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 233,306 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accrued liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable 62,001 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due within one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources			-		11,400		11,400
Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of depreciation 216,880 105,400 322,280 Capital assets, net of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Amounts - pensions 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accrued interest payable 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable - 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities 315,009 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities 32,008 288,775 238,008 288,775 Due within one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 283,000 -							
Capital assets, net of depreciation 1,753,214 7,784,562 9,537,776 Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Amounts - pensions 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accrued liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable - 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities: 315,009 315,009 315,009 Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,798 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		216,880		105,400		322,280
Total Assets 3,742,081 9,500,838 13,242,919 Deferred Outflows of Resources 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 8 171,037 174,473 245,510 Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accrued liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable - 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities: 315,009 315,009 Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources					7,784,562		9,537,776
Deferred Outflows of Resources 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities 397,842 Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accrued liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable - 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities: - 238,008 288,775 Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position 3,385,098 4,879,557 <td>·</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>13,242,919</td>	·	-		•		-	13,242,919
Deferred Amounts - pensions 233,106 164,736 397,842 Liabilities XCCOUNTS payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accound liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable - 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities: - 315,009 288,775 Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557		-		•		-	
Liabilities			222.400		104 700		207.942
Accounts payable 71,037 174,473 245,510 Accrued liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable - 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities: - 315,009 288,775 Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 221,521 Net Investment in capital assets, 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Unrestricted	Deferred Amounts - pensions	-	233,106		164,736	-	397,042
Accrued liabilities 23,938 19,389 43,327 Accrued interest payable - 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities: - 238,008 288,775 Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 6803 - 803 Debt service 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (3	Liabilities						
Accrued interest payable - 62,001 62,001 Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities: 315,009 315,009 Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position Net Investment in capital assets, 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	Accounts payable		71,037		174,473		245,510
Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities: 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Debt service 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	· ·		23,938		19,389		43,327
Customer deposits - 315,009 315,009 Long-term liabilities: 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Debt service 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	Accrued interest payable		-		62,001		62,001
Long-term liabilities: 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - property taxes 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Debt service 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)			-		315,009		315,009
Due within one year 50,767 238,008 288,775 Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Debt service 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	·						
Due in more than one year 424,868 4,266,856 4,691,724 Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Debt service 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)			50,767		238,008		288,775
Net pension liability 1,891,239 1,443,838 3,335,077 Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - property taxes 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position Net Investment in capital assets, 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	-		424,868		4,266,856		4,691,724
Compensated absences 48,512 25,854 74,366 Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - property taxes 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position Net Investment in capital assets, 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position Debt service 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·				3,335,077
Total Liabilities 2,510,361 6,545,428 9,055,789 Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - property taxes 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position Net Investment in capital assets, 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position Debt service 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)							74,366
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue - property taxes 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position Net Investment in capital assets, 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)		_		•			9,055,789
Unavailable Revenue - property taxes 283,000 - 283,000 Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position Net Investment in capital assets, 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	Deferred Inflame of Decourses	_		•		_	
Deferred Amounts - pensions 120,853 100,668 221,521 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position Net Investment in capital assets, 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)			202.000				383 000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 403,853 100,668 504,521 Net Position Net Investment in capital assets, Restricted net position 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position Debt service 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)					100 669		
Net Position 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)		-				-	
Net Investment in capital assets, 1,494,459 3,385,098 4,879,557 Restricted net position 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	403,033	-	100,000	-	504,521
Restricted net position 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	Net Position						
Debt service 803 - 803 Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	Net Investment in capital assets,		1,494,459		3,385,098		4,879,557
Unrestricted (434,289) (365,620) (799,909)	Restricted net position						
	Debt service		803		-		
Total Net Position \$ 1,060,973 \$ 3,019,478 \$ 4,080,451	Unrestricted			_			
	Total Net Position	\$_	1,060,973	\$	3,019,478	\$	4,080,451



City of luka, Mississippi Statement of Activities For The Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net (Expenses) Revenues and **Program Revenues** Changes in Net Assets Operating Capital **Business** Grants and Grants and Charges for Government Type Services Contributions Contributions **Activities** Activities Total Functions/Programs **Expenses** Primary government: Governmental activities: (191,746)General government 197,892 6,146 (191,746)1,009,117 36,493 4,183 (968,441)(968,441)Public safety Public works 135,598 (135,598)(135,598)Culture and recreation 117,929 (117,929)(117,929)66,000 42,399 Economic development 23,601 42,399 Pension expense 241,525 (241,525)(241,525)Interest on long-term liabilities 16,639 (16,639)(16,639)Total governmental activities 1,742,301 108,639 4,183 (1,629,479)(1,629,479)Business-type activity: (138, 253)Gas system 1,436,914 1,298,661 (138, 253)1,423,584 36,500 (135,729)(135,729)Water and sewer system 1,595,813 (13,044)(13,044)Other business types 202,106 189,062 Total business-type activities 3,234,833 36,500 (287,026)(287,026)2,911,307 3,019,946 4,183 36,500 (1,629,479)(287,026)(1,916,505)Total primary government 4,977,134 General Revenues: Taxes: 423,946 423,946 Property taxes, general 72,810 Franchise taxes 72,810 10,301 Licenses and permits 10,301 963,242 963,242 Intergovernmental revenue Unrestricted investment income 10,809 7,502 18,311 Miscellaneous 238,121 238,121 38,588 37,963 Insurance reimbursement 625 (75,000)75,000 Transfers 1,644,854 120,465 1,765,319 Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position 15,375 (166,561)(151, 186)1,045,598 3,186,039 4,231,637 Net position-beginning 1,060,973 3,019,478 4,080,451 Net position-ending

City of luka, Mississippi Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

Assets	Major Fund General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
Cash Property taxes receivable	\$ 757,727 254,531	\$	525,599 32,170	\$	1,283,326 286,701
Fines receivable, net of uncollectibles, \$220,183 Utility tax receivable Interest receivable Due from other funds Intergovernmental receivables	100,225 21,737 - 10,071 74,227		137 806		100,225 21,737 137 10,877 74,227
Total Assets	\$ 1,218,518	\$	558,712	\$	1,777,230
Liabilities					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 67,802 23,734 20,000	\$	3,235 204 5,803	\$	71,037 23,938 25,803
Total Liabilities	111,536		9,242		120,778
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - fines Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	252,000 100,225 352,225		31,000 - 31,000		283,000 100,225 383,225
	002,220		01,000	•	000,220
Fund Balances Restricted for Debt service	_		803		803
Assigned Cemetary	-		63,395		63,395
Culture and recreation	-		40,397		40,397
Public safety	-		26,473		26,473
Public works	-		284,865		284,865
Economic development	-		35,127		35,127
Capital projects	- 754 757		67,410		67,410 754,757
Unassigned	754,757	•		•	
Total Fund Balances	754,757		518,470		1,273,227
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,218,518	\$	558,712	\$	1,777,230

City of luka, Mississippi Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$	1,273,227
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statemen activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated lives and reported depreciation expense.		
•	3,414,024 1,443,930	1,970,094
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position:		
Fines Receivable		100,225
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions are applicable to future periods and therefore, are not reported in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plan		233,106
Deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plan		(120,853)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net Pension Liability		(1,891,239)
Bonds and notes		(475,635)
Compensated absences		(48,512)
Prepaid expenses are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the f	unds.	20,560

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position

\$ 1,060,973

City of luka, Mississippi Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Major Fund General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Taxes \$	369,724	\$ 127,032	\$ 496,756
License and permits	10,301	-	10,301
Intergovernmental revenues	946,147	21,278	967,425
Charges for service	6,146	66,000	72,146
Fines and forfeitures	32,231	-	32,231
Miscellaneous	244,384	4,546	248,930
Total Revenues	1,608,933	218,856	1,827,789
Expenditures			
General government	208,702	-	208,702
Public safety	1,046,891	21,872	1,068,763
Public works	99,072	42,688	141,760
Culture and recreation	74,439	27,612	102,051
Debt service:			
Principal	9,098	38,346	47,444
Interest and fiscal changes	638	16,001	16,639
Total Expenditures	1,438,840	146,519	1,585,359
Excess of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	170,093	72,337	242,430
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Insurance reimbursement	625	_	625
Transfers out	(75,000)	_	(75,000)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses			(74,375)
Net change in fund balance	95,718	72,337	168,055
Fund balance - beginning of year	659,039	446,133	1,105,172
Fund balance - end of year \$	754,757	\$ 518,470	\$ 1,273,227

City of luka, Mississippi

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:

\$ 168,055

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay \$ 8,560

Depreciation expense (76,455)

Excess of depreciation over capital outlay (67,895)

Pension expense is reported in the Statement of Activities but does not provide or require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, pension expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(132, 399)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This includes an increase of \$4,262 in the City's fines revenue.

4,262

The proceeds of debt issuances provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which debt repayment of \$47,444 exceeded debt proceeds of \$0.

47,444

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of the current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the funds:

Accrued compensated absences

(4,092)

Change in net position of governmental activities.

15,375

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City of luka, Mississippi Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2018

		Busine						
		Gas System		Water and Sewer		Other Business Types		Total
<u>Assets</u>		Oas Oystelli		and dewer		Турез	-	Total
Current assets:								
Cash	\$	161,549	\$	546,351	\$	59,969	\$	767,869
Cash - restricted	•	-	•	249,768	*	-	*	249,768
Accounts receivable		99,354		210,641		27,170		337,165
Interest receivable		-		37		-		37
Due from other funds		208,837		30,550		19		239,406
Inventory		192,442		-		-		192,442
Prepaid expenses		8,804		8,724		3,989		21,517
Total current assets		670,986	•	1,046,071		91,147	_	1,808,204
Non-current Assets:			_					
Capital assets:								
Capital assets not being depreciated		550		104,850		_		105,400
Capital assets being depreciated net of depreciation		376,300		7,348,717		59,545		7,784,562
Franchise rights		11,400		-		-		11,400
Total non-current assets		388,250	_	7,453,567	-	59,545	_	7,901,362
Total Assets		1,059,236	-	8,499,638	-	150,692		9,709,566
Deferred Outflows of Resources			•		-		_	
Deferred amounts - pensions		80,861		68,106		15,769		164,736
<u>Liabilities</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		•		_	
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		98,348		56,017		20,108		174,473
Accrued liabilities		7,504		72,099		1,787		81,390
Accrued liabilities Customer deposits		183,312		131,697		-		315,009
Due to other funds		-		208,212		516		208,728
Current portion of long-term debt 27 27		7,716_	_	214,168	_	16,124	_	238,008
Total current liabilities OFFICE OF THE	,	296,880	_	682,193	_	38,535	_	1,017,608
Non-Current Liabilities:								
Capital leases		3,592		3,592		29,047		36,231
Net pension liability		699,300		611,477		133,061		1,443,838
Bonds payable		-		4,230,625		-		4,230,625
Compensated absences		10,872		10,872	_	4,110	_	25,854
Total non-current liabilities		713,764		4,856,566		166,218	_	5,736,548
Total Liabilites		1,010,644	_	5,538,759	_	204,753	_	6,754,156
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred amounts - pensions		50,124		41,087		9,457		100,668
belefied amounts - pensions		30,124	-	71,007	-	3,437	-	100,000
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		365,542		3,005,182		14,374		3,385,098
Unrestricted		(286,213)	_	(17,284)		(62,123)	_	(365,620)
Total Net Position	\$	79,329	\$_	2,987,898	\$ _	(47,749)	\$_	3,019,478

City of luka, Mississippi Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Busin						
		Gas System		Water and Sewer		Other Business Types		Total
Operating Revenues	•		_		-		-	
	\$	1,260,077	\$	1,421,169	\$	188,565	\$	2,869,811
Other	•	38,584	•	2,415	•	497	•	41,496
Total operating revenues		1,298,661	_	1,423,584	_	189,062	·	2,911,307
Operating Expenses								
Personal services		420,556		420,402		87,084		928,042
Pension expense		51,836		52,600		9,534		113,970
Contractual services		26,287		152,347				178,634
Materials and supplies		36,568		100,284		1,702		138,554
Repairs and maintenance		7,500		19,947		, _		27,447
Purchase of gas		690,736		-		_		690,736
Rent		90,000		90,000		_		180,000
Vehicle expense		28,681		31,486		17,008		77,175
Utilities		1,529		186,017		-		187,546
Insurance		25,557		14,976		7,039		47,572
Depreciation		40,503		361,448		14,441		416,392
Other		16,738		25,671		64,164		106,573
Total operating expenses		1,436,491	_	1,455,178	_	200,972	_	3,092,641
Operating income (loss)	-	(137,830)	_	(31,594)	_	(11,910)	_	(181,334)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)								
Interest and fiscal charges		(423)		(140,635)		(1,134)		(142,192)
Interest income		1,595		5,473		434		7,502
Intergovernmental revenues		-		36,500		-		36,500
Insurance reimbursement			_	37,963	_	_	_	37,963
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	-	1,172	_	(60,699)	_	(700)	_	(60,227)
Income (loss) before operating transfers	_	(136,658)	_	(92,293)	_	(12,610)	_	(241,561)
Operating transfers in	_	75,000	_		_			75,000
Change in net position	_	(61,658)	_	(92,293)	_	(12,610)	_	(166,561)
Net position - beginning of year	_	140,987	_	3,080,191	_	(35,139)	_	3,186,039
Net position - end of year	\$	79,329	\$_	2,987,898	\$_	(47,749)	\$_	3,019,478

City of luka, Mississippi Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

		Bus					
	·	Gas System		Water and Sewer		Other Business Types	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities							
Cash Received from Customer	\$	1,311,337	\$	1,387,867	\$	188,054 \$, ,
Cash Payments for Goods and Service		(953,863)		(605,996)		(83,152)	(1,643,011)
Cash Payments to Employees		(417,860)	_	(414,753)		(87,887)	(920,500)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		(60,386)	-	367,118	-	17,015	323,747
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities						,	
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		57,878		(57,878)		-	-
Transfers in		75,000		-		-	75,000
Net Cash Provided(Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities		132,878	_	(57,878)	-	_	75,000
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Payments for capital acquisitions		(9,827)		(49,137)		_	(58,964)
Principal payments on debt		(12,844)		(212,511)		(15,788)	(241,143)
Interest and fiscal changess on debt		(423)		(141,116)		(1,134)	(142,673)
Intergovernmental revenues		-		36,500		-	36,500
Other receipts (expenses)		3,445		1,335		-	4,780
Net Cash Used By Capital and Related Financing Activities		(19,649)	_	(364,929)		(16,922)	(401,500)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		4.505		5 472		434	7,502
Interest received		1,595		5,473		434	37,963
Insurance reimbursement		1,595	-	37,963 43,436	-	434	45,465
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities			-		-		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		54,438		(12,253)		527	42,712
Cash and Cash Equivalent - Beginning		107,111	_	808,372		59,442	974,925
Cash and Cash Equivalent - Ending	\$	161,549	\$ =	796,119	\$_	59,969 \$	1,017,637
Reconciliation of Operating-Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:							
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(137,830)	\$	(31,594)	\$	(11,910) \$	(181,334)
Depreciation		40,503		361,448		14,441	416,392
Net Pension Expense		51,836		52,600		9,534	113,970
Receivables		12,676		(35,717)		(1,007)	(24,048)
Payables		(156)		20,381		5,957	26,182
Inventory		(27,415)	_		_	-,	(27,415)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(60,386)	\$_	367,118	\$_	17,015\$	323,747

City of luka, Mississippi Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2018

		Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash	\$_	39,917
Total Assets	\$_	39,917
Liabilities		
Accrued liabilities	\$	24,165
Due to other funds	_	15,752
Total Liabilities	\$]	39,917



1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The City of luka, Mississippi operates under a Mayor-Aldermen form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the City of luka conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the reporting entity includes all funds that are covered by the oversight responsibility of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a detailed level of financial information.

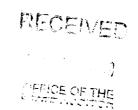
Government-wide Fund Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. The statements include all non-fiduciary activities of the overall government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities which are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other exchange revenues are reported separately from business-type activities. Business-type activities rely mainly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities and business type activities of the City at year-end. The Government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements-

Fund financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by



1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures\expenses. Funds are organized into governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenue is recognized when the provider government recognizes the liability to the City. Grants are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The financial statements of the City are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City's reporting entity does not apply private-sector guidance issued after November 30, 1989.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expense are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are both measurable and available to finance operations during the year or to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the year. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period when the related fund liabilities are incurred. Debt service expenditures and expenditures related to compensated absences are recognized only when payment is due. Property taxes, state appropriations and federal awards are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)</u>

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental Funds:

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund is used to account for all activities of the general government for which a separate fund has not been established.

Proprietary Funds:

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Gas System – Accounts for the operating activities of the City's natural gas services.

Water and Sewer System – Accounts for the operating activities of the City's water and sewer utility services.

Additionally, the city reports the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

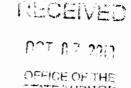
<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> — These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Proprietary Fund Types:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – These funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises or where the City had decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

<u>Agency Funds</u> – These funds account for various taxes, deposits and other monies collected or held by the City acting in the capacity of an agent, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.



1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

D. <u>Cash and Investments</u>

State law authorizes the City to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state.

Cash consists of demand deposit accounts and passbook savings accounts.

E. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenue earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon estimates by management. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales tax, property taxes, grants and police fines. Business-type activities report utilities earnings as their major receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

F. Interfund Transactions and Balances

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

Payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory consists of materials and supplies. Inventory is recorded at the lower of cost (weighted average method) or market. The cost of inventory is recorded as expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

H. Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the Governmental Funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the City's capitalization threshold is met. Depreciation is recorded on capital assets on a government-wide basis. Capital outlays of the Proprietary Funds are recorded as capital assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line



1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

basis on both the funds basis and the government-wide basis. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34, the City has elected to not report public domain (infrastructure) capital assets acquired prior to October 1, 2003.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

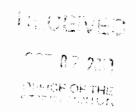
Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives of capital assets are reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A full year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds.

	Capitalization	Estimated
	Thresholds	Useful Life
Land	-	N/A
Infrastructure	-	20/50 years
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5/10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3/7 years
Utility Systems	-	30/50 years
Leased Property under Capital Lease	*	*

^{*} Leased property capitalization policy and estimated useful life will correspond with the amounts for the asset classification, as listed above.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has a deferred outflow which is presented as a deferred outflow of resources related to pension obligations.



1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)</u>

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Deferred inflows of resources related to pension obligations.

Property tax for future reporting period/unavailable revenue – property taxes – Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed non-exchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period which property taxes are levied.

Unavailable revenue – fines – When an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, the government should report a deferred inflow of resources until such time as the revenue becomes available.

J. <u>Long-term liabilities</u>

Long-term liabilities are the unmatured principal of bonds, loans, notes or other forms of noncurrent or long-term general obligations indebtedness. Long-term liabilities are not limited to liabilities from debt issuances, but may also include liabilities on lease-purchase agreements and other commitments.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Fund Equity

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowing attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.



1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

Restricted net assets – Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulation of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets – All other net assets not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment capital assets."

Governmental Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – pre-paid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance compromises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the City Board of Alderman – the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Board removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. There were no committed fund balances as of September 30, 2018.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Board and City Manager have the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned- in order as needed.

L. Property Tax Revenues

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Aldermen may levy property taxes. The selection of authorities is made based on the objectives and responsibilities of the City. Restrictions associated with property tax levies vary with the statutory authority. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

The Board of Aldermen, each year at the meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year, which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require property taxes to be recognized at the levy date if measurable and available. All property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the measurability and collectability criteria for property tax recognition because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase occurs.

M. <u>Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds</u>

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

N. Compensated Absences

The City allows employees to accumulate unlimited unused sick leave. Earned vacation time is generally required to be used within one year of accrual. Sick leave will be paid only upon illness while in the employment of the City. Any accumulated vacation that was not allowed to be taken due to work-related assignments is paid upon termination.

The City's full liability in the amount of \$48,512 for accumulated unpaid vacation payable from the Governmental Funds is reported as a liability in the Statement of

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1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (Continued)

Net Position. In the Proprietary Funds, the compensated absences are reported as a liability of those funds in the amount of \$25,854.

O. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with state statutes. Revenues are budgeted on a cash basis. Expenditures are budgeted on a cash basis but include those made within 30 days after the fiscal year end.

Budget amendments are approved by the Board of Aldermen when made. Final budget amendments are to be made and approved no later than September 30 of the fiscal year.

P. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee's Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

R. Changes in Accounting Standards

The City implemented the following standard issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the current fiscal year as required: GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension. The provisions of this standard have been incorporated into the financial statements and notes. However, the City had no postemployment benefits other than pensions agreements in place as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018; therefore, no further disclosure is necessary.

2. Deposits and Investments

The collateral for public entities deposits in financial institutions is now held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and its governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under the program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by the institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$2,340,880 and the bank balance was \$2,399,940.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.



2. Deposits and Investments – (Continued)

The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the Mississippi State Treasurer manages that risk on behalf of the City. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City. As of September 30, 2018, none of the City's bank balance of \$2,399,940 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk – The City has no formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

3. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes.

4. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following is a summary of amounts due from/to other funds:

	Due From	Due To	Reason for Loan
Governmental Funds			
Major Fund:			
General Fund \$	10,071 \$	20,000	Temporary loan
Non-Major Funds:			
Other Governmental	806	5,803	Temporary loan for equipment
Total Governmental Funds	10,877	25,803	
Business-Type Funds			
Major Funds:			
Gas System	208,837	-	Temporary loan for supplies in water & sewer
Water & Sewer System	30,550	208,212	Temporary loan for supplies in water & sewer
Non-Major Funds:			
Sanitation	19	516	Temporary cash shortage
Total Business-Type Funds	239,406	208,728	
Fidiciary Funds:			
Accounts Payable	-	13,584	Temporary loan from General, Gas & Water
Payroll Clearing		2,168	Temporary loan from General
Total Fidiciary Funds		15,752	
Total All Funds \$	250,283 \$	250,283	

5. Transfers and Payments

During the course of normal operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds including expenditures and transfers of resources. Transfers and payments within the reporting entity are substantially for the purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and assets acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs. The governmental and business type funds financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers.

6. Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:

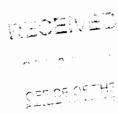
Description	_	Amount
State Tax Commission Sales Tax	\$.	74,227

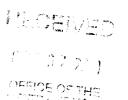
7. Leases

The City of luka leases certain industrial real estate to others. This lease is an operating lease which will expire in 20 years.

The following is a schedule of minimum future rental income for the next five years and thereafter thru 2028:

Year Ending September 30	 Amount
2019	\$ 60,000
2020	60,000
2021	60,000
2022	60,000
2023	60,000
2024-2028	270,000
	\$ 570,000





8. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	Balance 9/30/2017		Additions		Deletions	Adjustments		Balance 9/30/2018
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							_	
Land \$	216,880	. \$.	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	\$_	216,880
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	216,880		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_	216,880
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment Mobile equipment Leased property	2,318,328 281,981 551,145 37,130	- <u>-</u>	8,560 - -		- - - -	- - - -	_	2,318,328 290,541 551,145 37,130
Total capital assets, being depreciated	3,188,584		8,560		-		_	3,197,144
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other	684,201		45,106		-	- -		729,307
than buildings Furniture and equipment	51,537 215,443		6,223		-	-		51,537 221,666
Mobile equipment	409,611		18,442		-	<u>-</u>		428,053
Leased property	6,683		6,684		_	-		13,367
Total accumulated depreciation	1,367,475		76,455			-	_	1,443,930
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,821,109		(67,895)	_		<u> </u>	_	1,753,214
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	2,037,989	\$ <u>_</u>	(67,895)	\$.	-	\$	\$	1,970,094
Business Type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$ Construction in progress	68,900	\$	36,500	\$	- -	\$ - -	\$ _	68,900 36,500
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	68,900		36,500		_	_		105,400
Capital assets, being depreciated:		-		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	100, 100
Furniture and equipment Mobile equipment	467,654 416,538		-		-	- -		467,654 416,538
Plant & distribution assets	16,480,169		22,460		-	-		16,502,629
Leased property Total capital assets,	154,064	-		-	_ _			154,064
being depreciated:	17,518,425		22,460	_				17,540,885
Less accumulated depreciation for: Furniture and equipment	376,863		13,971		_	-		390,834
Mobile equipment	367,787		7,096		-	-		374,883
Plant and distribution assets	8,542,861		371,010		-	-		8,913,871
Leased property	52,420	_	24,315	-		_		76,735
Total accumulated depreciation Total depreciable capital	9,339,931	_	416,392	_	<u>-</u>	_ _	_	9,756,323
assets, net	8,178,494	_	(393,932)	-		-	_	7,784,562
Business Type Activities: Capital assets, net \$	8,247,394	\$_	(357,432)	\$_	-	\$	\$_	7,889,962

8. Capital Assets - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

	 Amount
Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 5,558
Public safety	29,020
Public works	2,398
Culture and recreation	15,878
Economic development	 23,601
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 76,455
Business Type Activities:	
Gas system	\$ 40,503
Water and sewer system	361,448
Sanitation	 14,441
Total Business Type Activities	\$ 416,392



9. Long-Term Liabilities

Debt outstanding as of September 30, 2018, consists of the following:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Am	noun	ts
Description and Purpose	Rate	Date	Date	_	Issued		Outstanding
Governmental Activities	-						
A. Capital Leases:							
2017 Police Car	2.36%	2/24/2017	2/24/2021	\$	37,130	\$_	22,084
B. Loans Payable							
CAP Loan	3.0%	6/26/2007	5/1/2028	\$	816,620	\$_	453,551
					-		
Business-type Activities:							
A. General Obligation Bonds:							
_	2.0-4.375%	2/6/2014	12/1/2033	\$	1,825,000	\$	1,310,000
2014 Refunding Bonds	2.0 1.07070	2,0,201.	12.172000	_	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	
B. Revenue Bonds:							
2010 Sewer	3.8%	11/4/2010	11/4/2041	\$	800,000	\$	635,361
2013 Water	2.75%	5/16/2013	5/16/2048		2,775,000	_	2,505,899
Total Revenue Bonds				\$	3,575,000	\$ _	3,141,260
C. Capital Leases:							
Backhoe	2.07%	2/25/2014	2/25/2019	\$	63,824	\$	3,350
Garbage Truck	2.11%	7/11/2016	7/11/2021		80,230		45,171
Ford Truck	2.44%	5/10/2017	5/10/2020	_	35,884		19,266
Total Capital Leases				\$	179,938	\$_	67,787
						_	

9. Long-Term Debt – (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the following debt reported in the Statement of Net Position are as follows:

Governmental Activities	 Capital Leases			
Year Ending September 30,	 Principal		Interest	
2019	\$ 9,316	\$ _	421	
2020	9,538		199	
2021	3,230		16	
Total	\$ 22,084	\$ _	636	

	 Other Loans Payable				
Year Ending September 30,	 Principal		Interest		
2019	\$ 41,451	\$	12,896		
2020	42,712		11,635		
2021	44,011		10,336		
2022	45,350		8,997		
2023	46,729		7,618		
2024-2028	233,298		16,185		
Total	\$ 453,551	\$	67,667		



9. Long-Term Debt - (Continued)

Business Type Activities:	General Obligations Bonds				
Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	135,000	\$	41,800	
2020		125,000		39,200	
2021		80,000		36,900	
2022		80,000		34,800	
2023		85,000		32,422	
2024-2028		390,000		121,353	
2029-2033		355,000		48,656	
2034	_	60,000		1,313	
Total	\$_	1,310,000	\$	356,444	

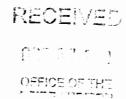
	Revenue Bonds				
Year Ending September 30,		Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	72,861	\$	93,049	
2020		74,853		91,057	
2021		77,276		88,635	
2022		79,587		86,324	
2023		81,969		83,942	
2024-2028		447,865		381,688	
2029-2033		519,499		310,054	
2034-2038		602,644		226,909	
2039-2043		638,377		130,255	
2044-2048	_	546,329		44,249	
Total	\$_	3,141,260	\$	1,536,162	

	Capital Leases					
Year Ending September 30,		Principal		Interest		
2019	\$	31,555	`\$	1,153		
2020		23,652		513		
2021		12,580		111_		
Total	\$	67,787	\$	1,777		

9. Long-Term Liabilities - (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and obligations for the year ended September 30, 2018:

	_	Balance Oct. 1, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Adjustments	Balance Sept. 30, 2018	Amount due within one year
Governmental Activities:							
Loans Payable	\$	491,897	-	38,346	-	453,551	4 1, 4 51
Capital Leases		31,182	-	9,098	-	22,084	9,316
Compensated							
Absences		44,420	4,092	-	-	48,512	-
Total	\$_	567,499	4,092	47,444		524,147	50,767
Business Type							
Activities:							
General Obligation							
Bond	\$	1,440,000	-	130,000	-	1,310,000	135,000
Less: Discounts		(21,600)	-	(1,950)	-	(19,650)	(1,950)
Add: Premiums		6,035	-	568	-	5,467	542
Revenue Bonds		3,212,309	-	71,049	-	3,141,260	72,861
Capital Leases		109,262	-	41,475	-	67,787	31,555
Compensated Absences		21,080	4,774	-	-	25,854	-
Total	\$_	4,767,086	4,774	241,142		4,530,718	238,008



10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and iunior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school district. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 vears of creditable service for employees who became member of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00 percent of their annual covered salary, and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of September 30, 2018 was 15.75 percent of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The City's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$203,026, \$193,940 and \$187,977, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

10. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan - (Continued)</u>

Pensions Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2018, the City of luka reported a liability of \$3,335,077 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability percentage used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City of luka's proportion of the net pension was based on a projection of the City of luka's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities actuarially determined. The City of luka's proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2018 net pension liability was 0.020051 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018. This was an increase of 0.001174 from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City of luka recognized pension expense of \$449,395. At September 30, 2018, the City of luka reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources		Resources
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	39,295	\$	19,710
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		166,404		77,073
City Pension Contributions Subsequent				
to the Measurment Date		53,864		-
Changes of Assumptions		31,579		5,178
Changes in Proportions and Differences				
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Assets	_	106,700		119,560
Total	\$_	397,842	\$	221,521

The \$53,864 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,		Amount
2019	\$	67,748
2020		55,959
2021		12,003
2022	_	(13,253)
Total	\$_	122,457

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - (Continued)

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.75 - 18.50%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term	
		Expected	
	Target	Real Rate	
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00 %	4.60 %	ó
International Equity	18.00	4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00	4.75	
Global	12.00	4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00	0.75	
Real Assets	10.00	3.50	
Private Equity	8.00	5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00	2.25	
Cash	1.00	0.00	
	100.00 %		

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00 percent) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City of luka's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City of luka's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City of luka's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - (Continued)

		С	ity of luka's	
	Discount	Propor	tionate Share of	
	Rate	Net Pension Liability		
1% Decrease	6.75%	\$	4,391,339	
Current Discount Rate	7.75%		3,335,077	
1% Increase	8.75%		2,457,183	

<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> – Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS) financial report.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Contingencies

The City receives Federal and State Grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by Federal and State agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the Federal and State agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency. In the opinion of City management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant to the City's financial statements.

Litigation

The City is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the City with respect to the various proceedings. However, the City's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

12. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the City carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The City is a member of the Mississippi Municipal Workers' Compensation Group (MMWCG) and the Mississippi Municipal Liability Plan (MMLP), both of which are administered by Municipal Services, Inc. Both Groups are risk-sharing pools; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool.

MMWCG covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the City's employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of the MMWCG contributes quarterly



12. Risk Management- (Continued)

to a fund held in trust. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any employee claim. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the pool members would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The City has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

MMLP covers the risk of loss related to torts and other liability claims. The general policy limit is \$500,000 per occurrence, but the policy also tracks the Mississippi tort claims law for municipalities which limits the City's liability to \$250,000 per occurrence. The policy also covers up to \$1,000,000 in federal claims. As with the MMWCG, pool members would be required to pay for the deficiency should total claims for the year exceed member contributions. The City has received no assessments for excess losses incurred by the pool.

13. Home Investment Partnership Grant

The City received a Home Investment Partnership Grant in the amount of \$415,000.

These grant monies are federal monies passed through the state to local governments to aid project owners and developers with the cost of providing affordable housing for low income families.

On January 27, 2000, the City made a loan of \$415,000 to luka Elderly Apartments, LLC, the project owner, to aid in the construction of low income, elderly apartments. The loan is to be repaid over 480 months commencing ten years from the date of the loan. Payments are to be the lesser of the schedule payment amortization plus 1% interest per annum or 50% of the project net cash flow after payment of expenses and the first mortgage loan payment.

The note receivable of \$415,000 has not been recorded on the City's books due to the uncertainty of adequate project cash flows to make the required payments.

14. Segment Information

The City issues revenue bonds to support a variety of public services. The proprietary fund financial statements report major funds with revenue-supported debt for the Water and Sewer System Fund. Services provided by this fund are described in Note 1 C.

15. Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the balance sheet due date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the balance sheet date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. The City has evaluated subsequent events through August 7, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to financial statements. No adjustments were considered necessary to the financial statements.

16. Jointly Governed Organizations

TAP Alliance (TAP) is an alliance among Tishomingo, Alcorn and Prentiss counties and the City of luka, City of Booneville and City of luka. The City of luka appoints one of the nine members of the board of directors, which is to be the Mayor of the City. The City appropriated \$0 for the support of the Alliance in fiscal year 2018.

17. Deficit Fund Balances of Individual Funds

The following fund reported a deficit in fund balance at September 30, 2018.

Fund	 Deficit Amount		
Sanitation Fund	\$ 47,749		

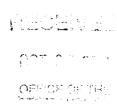
18. Effects of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$4,080,451 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from the deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. The \$397,862 balance of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2018 will be recognized as expense and decrease the unrestricted net position over the next three years. The \$221,521 balance of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions at September 30, 2018 will be recognized as revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next four years.

Please reference Note 10 for details on amortization of deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions.

19. <u>Tax Abatements</u>

GASB No. 77 requires governments that enter into tax abatements to disclose certain information about the agreements. The City has not entered into any tax abatements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, therefore, no further disclosure is required.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of luka, Mississippi

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budetary Basis) General Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

·	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	
Revenues		*			
Taxes	\$ 354,200	\$ 367,200	\$ 369,390	\$ 2,190	
Intergovernmental revenues	930,000	963,000	940,840	(22,160)	
Charges for services	4,500	4,500	6,146	1,646	
Licenses	8,000	8,000	10,301	2,301	
Fines & Forfeitures	50,000	50,000	32,231	(17,769)	
Miscellaneous	229,700	229,700	242,918	13,218	
Total Revenues	1,576,400	1,622,400	1,601,826	(20,574)	
Expenditures					
General government	273,000	273,000	207,671	65,329	
Public safety	1,062,000	1,062,000	1,046,874	15,126	
Public works	100,000	100,000	99,066	934	
Culture and recreation	113,000	114,700	74,320	40,380	
Debt service	17,000	17,000	9,736	7,264	
Total Expenditures	1,565,000	1,566,700	1,437,667	129,033	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	11,400	55,700	164,159	108,459	
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers	-	(75,000)	(75,000)	-	
Insurance reimbursements	-	-	625	625	
Sale of assets	6,600	6,600	-	(6,600)	
Total Other Financing Sources	6,600	(68,400)	(74,375)	(5,975)	
N. () () () ()	4 40 000	. (40.700)	20.704	* 400 404	
Net changes in fund balances	\$ 18,000	\$ (12,700)	89,784	\$ 102,484	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year			659,039		
Adjustments to conform with GAAP: Revenues	The second secon		7,107		
Expenditures	n	<u>^</u>	(1,173)		
Fund Balances - End of Year (GAAP	•		\$ 754,757		
,		POSMO STATE			

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

City of luka, Mississippi Schedule of Required Supplementary Information – Pension September 30, 2018 Last 5 Fiscal Years*

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 City's proportion of the net pension liability 0.020051% 0.018877% 0.017883% 0.017777% 0.018798% City's proportionate share of the net pension liability 3,137,998 \$ 3,194,347 \$ 2,747,973 \$ 2,281,733 City's covered-employee payroll \$ 1,210,953 \$ 1,195,495 \$ 1,126,474 \$ 1,125,697 City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll 260.47% 259.13% 243.94% 202.70% 267.20% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 62.54% 61.49% 57.4700% 61.7040% 67.2077% * - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 Schedule of City Contributions - PERS 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Contractually required contribution 203,026 \$ 193,940 \$ 187,977 \$ 177,420 \$ 177,297 \$ Contributions in relation to contractually required (203,026)(193,940)(187,977)(177,420)contribution (177, 297)Contribution defiencey (excess) \$ City's covered-employee payroll 1,289,037 1,231,345 \$ 1,193,495 \$ 1,126,474 \$ 1,125,697

15.75%

15.75%

15.75%

15.75%

15.75%

The accompanying notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

City of luka, Mississippi Notes to Required Supplementary Information RECEIVED For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

OFFICE OF THE

Note 1. Budgetary Comparison Schedule

A. Budgetary Information

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the City's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Aldermen of the City, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the City Clerk, Police Chief, Fire Chief and Utility Manager for his or her respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds and Enterprise Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investments balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Aldermen that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The City's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (non GAAP) basis and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund.

Budget/GAAP Reconciliation

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Note 2. Pension Liability and Contributions

(1) Change of assumptions.

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates

City of luka, Mississippi Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2018



Note 2. Pension Liability and Contributions – (Continued)

were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OCT DISS.

City of luka, Mississippi Schedule of Surety Bonds for Municipal Officials September 30, 2018

Name	Position	Company	Bond
John T. Castleberry	Mayor	Western Surety	\$165,910
Benny Gray	City Clerk & Tax Collector	Western Surety	165,910
Randy Stringer	Chief of Police	Western Surety	50,000
Anita Mitchell	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Charlie M. Dean, III	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Jamie L. Stuart	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Rodney Pannell	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Cynthia Enlow	Deputy City Clerk	Western Surety	50,000
James Grisham	Alderman	Travelers Casualty	50,000
Johnny Southward	Alderman	Travelers Casualty	50,000
Joseph Ayers	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Jessica Tuders	Deputy City Clerk	Western Surety	50,000
Joel Robertson	Alderman	Travelers Casualty	50,000
John Kent	Alderman	Travelers Casualty	50,000
Randolph Trim	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Brandon Scott Lambert	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Scott Woodruff	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Logan Vaughn	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Wesley Wellington	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Shane Stegall	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Shane Wood	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Eric Harris	Policeman	Western Surety	50,000
Marco Cordoba	Policeman	Western Surety	50,000
John Dipietro	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Scott Dalton	Policeman	Western Surety	25,000
Cari Long	Deputy City Clerk	Western Surety	50,000
Vicki Meeks	Deputy City Clerk	Western Surety	50,000
Kenny Carson	Alderman	Travelers Casualty	50,000
Nancy Stripling	Alderman	Travelers Casualty	50,000

City of luka, Mississippi Schedule of Long-Term Debt For the Year Ended September 30, 2018



	Issue Date		Balance 10/1/2017		Additions (Retirements)	Balance 9/30/2018/-
Governmental Funds		_		•		- And the second
Notes Payable						
\$900,000 CAP Loan	6-26-07	\$_	491,897	\$	(38,346)	453,551
Other Long-Term Debt					,	
\$37,130 Capital Lease Payable	2-24-17	_	31,182		(9,098)	22,084
Total Governmental Funds			523,079		(47,444)	475,635
		-		•		
Proprietary Funds Conord Obligation Bonds						
General Obligation Bonds 2014 Refunding Bonds	2-6-14		1 440 000		(120,000)	1 210 000
2014 Retailding Bolids	2-0-14	-	1,440,000	•	(130,000)	1,310,000
Revenue Bonds						
\$800,000 Sewer	11-4-10		652,322		(16,961)	635,361
\$2,775,000 Water	5-16-13	_	2,559,987		(54,088)	2,505,899
Total Revenue Bonds		_	3,212,309		(71,049)	3,141,260
Other Long-Term Debt						
\$37,950 Capital Lease Payable	11-21-12		668		(668)	-
\$63,824 Capital Lease Payable	2-25-14		16,579		(13,229)	3,350
\$80,230 Capital Lease Payable	7-11-16		60,959		(15,788)	45,171
\$35,884 Capital Lease Payable	5-10-17		31,056		(11,790)	19,266
Total Other Long-Term Debt		_	109,262		(41,475)	67,787
Total Proprietary Funds		_	4,761,571		(242,524)	4,519,047
Total Long-Term Debt		\$_	5,284,650	\$	(289,968)	4,994,682

The above schedule does not include 9/30/18 compensated absences of \$74,366, unamortized premium on long-term debt of \$5,467, and unamortized discount on long-term debt of (\$19,650).



Certified Public Accountants

Member of:

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
Alabama Society of Certified Public Accountants
Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of luka, Mississippi

POT 87 72 1

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of luka, Mississippi as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of luka, Mississippi's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 7, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of luka, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of luka, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of luka, Mississippi's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as 2018-001 and 2018-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of luka, Mississippi's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance

Florence, Alabama Phone: (256)764-0991

Booneville, Mississippi Phone: (662)728-6172 Red Bay, Alabama Phone: (256)356-9375

Corinth, Mississippi Phone: (662)286-7082 Muscle Shoals, Alabama Phone: (256)314-5082

luka, Mississippi Phone: (662)423-5057 with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

City of luka, Mississippi's Response to Findings

The opens CPA Firm, F.C.

City of luka, Mississippi's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of luka, Mississippi's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C. Certified Public Accountants Booneville, Mississippi

August 7, 2019



Certified Public Accountants

Member of:

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
Alabama Society of Certified Public Accountants
Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of luka, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of luka, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 7, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, others within the entity and federal awarding agencies the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

The opporter CPA Firm, P.C.

Booneville, Mississippi

August 7, 2019

City of luka, Mississippi Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2018



Yes

None Reported

Section 1: Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements:

Type of Auditors' report issued on the financial statements:
 Governmental Activities
 Business-type Activities
 General Fund
 Gas System
 Water and Sewer
 Aggregate Remaining Fund Information
 Unmodified
 Unmodified
 Unmodified
 Unmodified
 Unmodified
 Unmodified
 Unmodified
 Unmodified

2. Internal Control over financial reporting:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

 Significant deficiency identified that is not considered to be a material weakness

3. Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted None

Section 2: Financial Statements Findings

Material Weakness - Internal Controls

2018-001

Condition: Due to Limited personnel and the size of the City, there is a lack of segregation of duties.

Criteria: The City is responsible for establishing effective internal controls that will prevent or detect errors in the accounting system.

Cause: There is not sufficient segregation of duties due to the financial constraints.

Effect: The lack of segregation of duties could result in a loss of funds to the City.

Recommendation: We recommended the City develop and maintain an adequate plan of specific duties, and segregated duties as much as possible with limited personnel.

Response: The City has segregated duties as much as possible with the limited personnel. The City will continue to maximize the segregation of duties as much as possible.

2018-002

Condition: During the audit, material adjustments to the financial statements were discovered and reported by the external auditors. The City relies on its external auditors in assisting in the preparation of financial statements and related disclosures, including the cash to accrual conversion. Under auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, outside auditors cannot be considered part of the entity's internal control structure.

Criteria: The City is responsible for developing procedures and providing staffing to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

City of luka, Mississippi Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

2018-002 - (Continued

Cause: The City does not have sufficient staff or adequate resources necessary to prepare financial statements.

Effect: Due to the size of the City's staff and resources, the external auditors were required to make material adjusting entries to the financial statements to convert from the cash basis to accrual basis financial statements. The lack of accrual basis financial statements could result in the misstatement of accounts on the City's financial statements.

Recommendation: The City should develop internal control procedures to ensure all material adjustments are reflected in the financial statements. Also, the City should evaluate the costs and benefits of providing for the preparation of external financial statements and related disclosures by its personnel as compared to outsourcing the financial statement preparation.

Response: The City will continue to evaluate the cost and benefits of using external auditors to assist in the preparation of financial statements as compared to the cost associated with hiring additional staff. However, the City Clerk has been in the position for many years and approves the adjusting entries.