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April 3, 2019

MS Department of Audit P. O. Box 956 Jackson, MS 39205

# RE: CITY OF KOSCIUSKO AUDIT

Gentlemen:

Enclosed please find two copies of the City of Kosciusko Audit for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018. The audit was conducted by Horne LLP and accepted by the Board of Aldermen on April 2,2019. The audit includes the Kosciusko Water & Light Financial Statements as reported on pages 38 and 39 of the audit.

Please contact me if further information is needed.

Sincerely,

/ Jimmy W. C**ø**ckroft Mayor

Enclosure



<u>Mayor</u> Jimmy W. Cockroft <u>Aldermen</u> Tavlor Casey Robert Ellis Henry Daniel Tim Kyle Jeffery Woods <u>City Clerk</u> Cynthia Brantlev 662-289-1226 (# 662-289-6751 (#

- www.citvofkosciusko.com 🌐
- 222 E. Washington Street Kosciusko, MS 39090 💡

Audited Financial Statements And Special Reports

For the Year Ended September 30, 2018



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Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

2708 Old Brandon Road Pearl, MS 39208 (601)939-8676 Fax (601)939-8761 windhamandlacey.com P. O. Box 759 Crystal Springs, MS 39059 (601)892-4001 Fax (601)892-5978 Members: American Institute of CPAs Mississippi Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Kosciusko, Mississippi

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kosciusko, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kosciusko as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Contributions, and corresponding notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures to be solved on the sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Omission of Required Supplementary Information**

The City of Kosciusko has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Supplemental and Other Information

The Schedule of Surety Bonds for Municipal Officials for the City of Kosciusko has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Requirements Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 14, 2019, on our consideration of the City of Kosciusko's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of The City of Kosciusko's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Kosciusko's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Windham and Lacey, PLLC February 14, 2019

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements included integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

Government-wide financial statements

Fund financial statements:

**Governmental Funds** 

**Proprietary (Enterprise) Fund** 

In addition, the Notes to the Financial Statements are included to provide information that is essential to the user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

# CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

# Exhibit 1

September 50, 2018	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit Kosciusko Light and Water Plant
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents \$	4,677,539	1,086,414	5,763,953	712,405
Property tax receivable	1,157,000	122,000	1,279,000	
Fines receivable, net	299,583		299,583	
Accounts receivable, net	<b>_</b> //,000			1,566.904
Interest receivable				2,454
Intergovernmental receivables	378,542	21,823	400,365	
Other receivables	12,164	21,020	12,164	
Inventory, at cost	12,101			384,595
Prepaid expenses				36,006
Total Current Assets	6,524,828	1,230,237	7,755,065	2,702,364
Noncurrent Assets:	0,524,620	1,250,257	1,155,005	2,702,304
Note receivable	339,308		339,308	
Designated cash:	559,500		557,500	
Customer deposits				345,515
Property, plant and equipment replacement				102.933
Designated investments:				102,955
Customer deposits				230,719
Property, plant and equipment replacement				4,790,691
Capital assets, net	5,746,231	5,511,493	11,257,724	7,773,298
Total Noncurrent Assets	6.085,539	5,511,493	11,597,032	13,243,156
Total Noncurrent Assets	0,085,559	5,511,495	11,397,032	15,245,150
Total Assets	12,610,367	6,741,730	19,352,097	15,945,520
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows - pension	239,118	9,601	248,719	272,544
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Claims payable	131,957	56,667	188,624	484,718
Accrued payroll	151,957	50,007	100,024	38,732
Intergovernmental payable				42,156
Compensated absences payable	57,985	9,203	67.188	45.639
Current portion of long-term debt	326,265	90,673	416,938	10.007
Total Current Liabilities	516,207	156,543	672,750	611,245
Noncurrent Liabilities:		150,545	072,750	011,245
Customer deposits				576,234
	6 222 208	582,387	6,814,695	3,499,743
Net pension liability	6,232,308 1,762,455		2,363,894	3,477,743
Long-term liabilities Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,994,763	<u> </u>	9,178,589	4 075 077
	1,994,703	1,183,820	9,1/8,389	4,075,977
Total Liabilities	8,510,970	1,340,369	9,851,339	4,687,222

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(<u>Continued</u>)

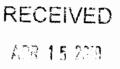
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				Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type Activities	Total	Kosciusko Light and Water Plant
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows - pension	144,250	18,281	162,531	90,822
Property tax for future periods	1,157,000	122,000	1,279,000	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,301,250	140,281	1,441,531	90,822
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	3.657,511	4,819,381	8,476,892	7,773.298
Restricted for:				
Property, plant and equipment replacement				4,893,624
Customer deposits				576,234
Public safety	537,282		537,282	
Public works	629,008		629,008	
Capital projects	1,953,983		1,953,983	
Unrestricted	(3,740,519)	451.300	(3,289,219)	(1,803,136)
Total Net Position	\$3,037,265	5,270.681	8,307,946	11,440.020

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



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### CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### Component Net (Expense) Revenue and Unit **Changes in Net Position** Kosciusko Governmental **Business-type** Light and Water Plant Activities Activities Total General Revenues and Transfers Taxes: Property taxes \$ 135,637 1,562,912 1,427,275 Sales tax 2,285,458 2,285,458 Franchise taxes 112.679 112,679 14,772 Grants and contributions not otherwise restricted 14,772 Unrestricted investment income 41,388 11.602 52.990 60.692 Miscellaneous 118,325 (311) 118,014 22,178 Transfers 49,000 470,645 (470,645) 421,645 4,421,542 195,928 4,617,470 (387,775) **Total General Revenues and Transfers** (31, 221)(277, 737)Change in Net Position 786.158 508,421 11,471,242 Net Position - Beginning 2,251,107 5,548,419 7,799,526 3,037,265 5,270,682 8,307,947 11,440,021 Net Position - Ending \$

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Exhibit 2

# CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

Exhib	it	3

	I	Major Funds						
	_	General Fund	Historical Preservation Fund	Debt Service Fund	Construction Projects Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,833,643	15,230	14,859	299,896	893,469	1,620,442	4,677,539
Property tax receivable		952,000		205,000				1,157,000
Fines receivable, net		299,583						299,583
Intergovernmental receivables		366,418		2,416			9,708	378,542
Note receivable							339,305	339,305
Due from other funds		52,015			500,000			552,015
Other receivables	_	12,164						12,164
Total Assets	\$_	3,515,823	15,230	222,275	799,896	893,469	1,969,455	7,416,148
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW	S OF	,						
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	S							
Liabilities:								
Claims payable	\$	107,861		18,333			5,763	131,957
Due to other funds	_		500,000				52,015	552,015
Total Liabilities	_	107,861	500,000	18,333	0	0	57,778	683,972
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property tax for future periods		952,000		205,000			0	1,157,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	952,000	0	205,000	0	0	0	1,157,000



(Continued)

# CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2018

Exhibit 3

	Major Funds						
	General Fund	Historical Preservation Fund	Debt Service Fund	Construction Projects Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances:							
Unassigned	2,455,962	(484,770)	(1,058)				1,970,134
Committed:							
Public works						185,372	185,372
Economic development						147,246	147,246
Restricted:							
Public safety						537,282	537,282
Public works				799,896	893,469	1,026,399	2,719,764
Culture & recreation						15,378	15,378
Total Fund Balances	2,455,962	(484,770)	(1,058)	799,896	893,469	1,911,677	5,575,176
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balances	\$3,515,823	15,230	222,275	799,896	893,469	1,969,455	7,416,148

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF KOSCIUSKO	Exhibit 3-1
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	
September 30, 2018	

		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3)	\$	5,575,176
Amounts reported for governmental services in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation.		5.746,231
Deferred outflows of resources - deferred outflows - pension		239,118
Deferred inflows of resources - deferred inflows - pension		(144,250)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and. therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(6.232,308)
Long-term liabilities		(2.088,717)
Compensated absences	_	(57,985)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)	\$_	3.037,265

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF KOSCIUSKO	
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	
September 30, 2018	

	_	Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3)	\$	5,575,176
Amounts reported for governmental services in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Capital assets are used in governmental activities and are not financial resources and,		
therefore, are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation.		5.746,231
Deferred outflows of resources - deferred outflows - pension		239,118
Deferred inflows of resources - deferred inflows - pension		(144,250)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(6,232,308)
Long-term liabilities		(2,088,717)
Compensated absences		(57,985)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)	\$	3,037,265

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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### CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	I	Major Funds						
	_	General Fund	Historical Preservation Fund	Debt Service Fund	Construction Projects Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	-							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Property taxes	\$	1,200,349		230,830				1,431,179
Franchise fees		112,679						112,679
Licenses and permits		29,937						29,937
Fines and forfeitures		221,329						221,329
Intergovernmental revenues		2,310,277	295,795				281,776	2,887,848
Charges for services		93,435					164,148	257,583
Interest income		22,521		224	1		18,641	41,387
Miscellaneous		53,569		56,598		893,469	15,097	1,018,733
Total Revenues	-	4,044,096	295,795	287,652	1	893,469	479,662	6,000,675
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		656,323						656,323
Public safety		2,029,333					457,921	2,487,254
Public works		453,774					117,858	571,632
Health and welfare		284,636					40,668	325,304
Culture and recreation		415,592	428,845				23,398	867,835
Urban and economic development		70,890						70,890
Debt service:								
Principal retirement				355,053				355,053
Interest and fiscal charges				55,550				55,550
Total Expenditures	_	3,910,548	428,845	410,603	0	0	639,845	5,389,841
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	133,548	(133,050)	(122,951)	1	893,469	(160,183)	610,834

#### (Continued)

Exhibit 4

# CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	<b>Major Funds</b>						
	General Fund	Historical Preservation Fund	Debt Service Fund	Construction Projects Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>							
Transfers in	391,645		135,649	295,795		292,420	1,115,509
Transfers out	(362,420)	(295,795)				(35,649)	(693,864)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	29,225	(295,795)	135,649	295,795	0	256,771	421,645
Net Change in Fund Balances	162,773	(428,845)	12,698	295,796	893,469	96,588	1,032,479
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,293,189	(55,925)	(13,756)	504,100	0	1,815,089	4,542,697
Fund Balances - Ending	\$2,455,962	(484,770)	(1,058)	799,896	893,469	1,911,677	5,575,176

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Exhibit 4

CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2018		<u>Exhibit 4-1</u>
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4)	\$	1,032,479
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount that depreciation of \$272,048 exceeded capital outlays of \$84,715 in the current period.		(187,333)
In the Statement of Activities, only gains and losses from the sale of capital assets are reported, whereas in the governmental funds, proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the basis of assets disposed.		(13,499)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to Governmental Funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the amount of debt repayments of \$355,053 and amortization of bond premium of \$12,611.		367,664
Items reported in the Statement of Activities relating to the implementation of GASB 68 are no reported in the governmental funds. These activities include: Recognition of pension expense for the current year Recognition of contributions made subsequent to the measurement date Recognition of contributions made in the fiscal year prior to the measurement date	(780,717) 85,298 278,622	(416,797)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. However, in the Statement of Activities, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. Thus the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the following item:		
Change in compensated absences		3,644
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)	\$	786,158

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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# CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit September 30, 2018

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		Waste Water	Solid Waste	Total	Component <u>Unit</u> Kosciusko Light and Water Plant
ASSETS	-				
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	757.200	329,214	1,086,414	712,405
Property tax receivable			122,000	122,000	
Accounts receivable, net					1,566,904
Interest receivable					2,454
Intergovernmental receivable			21,824	21,823	
Inventory, at cost					384,595
Prepaid expenses					36,006
Total Current Assets	-	757,200	473,038	1,230,237	2,702,364
Noncurrent Assets:	-				
Designated cash:					
Customer deposits					345,515
Property, plant and equipment replacement					102,933
Designated investments:					
Customer deposits					230,719
Property, plant and equipment replacement					4,790,691
Capital assets, net	-	5,402,323	109,170	5,511,493	7,773,298
Total Noncurrent Assets		5,402,323	109,170	5,511,493	13,243,156
Total Assets	-	6,159,523	582,208	6,741,730	15,945,520
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows - pension		254	9,347	9,601	272,545
	-				
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Claims payable		17,136	39,531	56,667	484,718
Accrued payroll					38,732
Intergovernmental payable					42,156
Compensated absences payable		6,234	2,969	9,203	45,639
Current portion of long-term debt	_	90.673		90,673	
Total Current Liabilities	-	114.043	42,500	156,543	611,245
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Customer deposits					576,234
Net pension liability		317,192	265,195	582,387	3,499,743
Long-term liabilities	_	601,439		601,439	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	_	918.631	265,195	1,183,826	4,075,977
Total Liabilities	-	1,032,674	307.695	1,340,369	4,687,222

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# Exhibit 5

# CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit September 30, 2018

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	Waste Water	Solid Waste	Total	Component Unit Kosciusko Light and Water Plant
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property tax for future periods		122,000	122,000	
Deferred inflows - pension	11,516	6,765	18,281	90,822
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,516	128,765	140,281	90,822
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	4,710,211	109,170	4,819,381	7,773,298
Restricted for:				
Property, plant and equipment replacement				4,893,624
Customer deposits				576,234
Unrestricted	405,376	45,925	451,300	(1,803,135)
Total Net Position	\$5,115,587	155,095	5,270,681	11,440,021

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Exhibit 5

# CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

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				Component Unit
	Waste Water	Solid Waste	Total	Kosciusko Light and Water Plant
OPERATING REVENUES				
	\$			1,194,648
Electric sales				6,389,677
Sewer charges	596,419		596,419	
Other charges for services	2,660	566,871	569,531	168,385
Total Operating Revenues	599,079	566,871	1,165,950	7,752,710
COST OF PRODUCTION				
Water				600,104
Electric				4,866,584
Garbage collection fees		454,973	454,973	
Total Cost of Production	0	454,973	454,973	5,466,688
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and wages	178,478	151,027	329,505	451,526
Employee benefits	96,227	67,349	163,576	704,008
Supplies	13,400	3,513	16,913	23,422
General and administration	226,256	45,994	272,250	218,461
Depreciation expense	193,188	25,408	218,596	453,277
Maintenance and repairs	152,361	17,443	169,804	54,774
Total Operating Expenses	859,910	310,734	1,170,644	1,905,468
Operating Income (Loss)	(260,831)	(198,836)	(459,667)	380,554
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES	5)			
Tap fees				8,070
Interest income	8,133	3,469	11,602	60,692
Interest expense and fiscal fees	(13,998)		(13,998)	
Property taxes		135,637	135,637	
Gain on sale of assets	(7,007)	6,696	(311)	(9,892)
Transfers in (out)	50,000	(1,000)	49,000	(470,645)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	37,128	144,802	181,930	(411,775)
Change in Net Position	(223,703)	(54,034)	(277,737)	(31,221)
Total Net Position - Beginning	5,339,290	209,129	5,548,419	11,471,242
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	155,095	5,270,682	11,440,021

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



# <u>Exhibit 6</u>

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# CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

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				Component Unit
	Waste	Solid	T-4-1	Kosciusko Light and
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Water	Waste	Total	Water Plant
	599.079	566,871	1,165,950	7,605,791
Receipts from customers \$ Payments to suppliers	(466,935)	(565,524)	(1,032,459)	(6,237,050)
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	(400,933) (178,505)	(150, 524) (150, 811)	(329,316)	(449,147)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(178,303) (46,361)	(130,311) (149,464)	(195,825)	919,594
Net Cash Provided (Osed) by Operating Activities	(40,501)	(149,404)	(1)3,023)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVIT	TIES			
Interfund transactions	50,000	(1.000)	49,000	(470,645)
Property tax receipts		135,637	135,637	
Other receipts				8,070
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	50,000	134,637	184,637	(462,575)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(246,395)	(63.256)	(309,651)	(1,760.820)
Proceeds from loans	160,208		160,208	
Principal paid on long-term debt	(51,521)		(51,521)	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		6,696	6,696	11,000
Interest expense paid	(13,998)		(13,998)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital Financing Activities	(151,706)	(56,560)	(208,266)	(1,749,820)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Redemption of investments				609,645
Interest on investments	8,133	3,469	11.602	63,190
Net Cash Provided From Investing Activities	8,133	3,469	11,602	672,835
Net cash riovided rion investing reavides				
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(139,934)	(67,918)	(207,852)	(619,966)
Restricted - customer deposits				339,213
Restricted - equipment replacement				432.772
Unrestricted	897,134	397,132	1,294,266	1,002,532
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	897,134	397,132	1,294,266	1,774,517
Cash and Cash Equivalence Degiming of Year				
Restricted - customer deposits				345,515
Restricted - equipment replacement				102,933
Unrestricted	757,200	329,214	1,086,414	712,405
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year \$	5	329,214	1,086,414	1,160,853

# CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds and Discretely Presented Component Unit For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

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	Waste Water	Solid Waste	Total	Component <u>Unit</u> Kosciusko Light and Water Plant
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to				
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (260,831)	(198,836)	(459,667)	380,554
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)				
to cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation	193,188	25,408	218,596	453,277
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable				(146,919)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	41,352	31,945	73,297	56,369
(Increase) decrease in inventory				(4.815)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses				(8,554)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	(3,429)	2,463	(966)	4.043
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	(27)	216	189	2,379
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	13,326	8,780	22,106	194,347
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(29,940)	(19,440)	(49,380)	(11,069)
Increase (decrease) in intergovernmental payables				(18)
Total adjustments	214,470	49,372	263,842	539,040
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (46,361)	(149,464)	(195,825) \$	919,594

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Exhibit 7

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

# A. Financial Reporting Entity.

The City of Kosciusko (City) was incorporated in 1834 under the laws of the State of Mississippi (State) and is located within the central region of the State. The City operates under a Board of Aldermen-Mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), streets and sanitation, recreation, education, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City of Kosciusko, Mississippi, have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. Based on these criteria, the following entities should be combined with the financial statements of the City:

#### **Blended** Component Units

The Kosciusko/Attala County Airport was established by an inter-local agreement . between Attala County, Mississippi and the City of Kosciusko, Mississippi. Although the airport is a legally separate entity, the City of Kosciusko is responsible for the operation of the airport, which is thus included as a blended component unit. The E-911 Fund is also a blended component unit.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit

Kosciusko Light and Water Plant – The utility operates under a municipal public utility commission established under Section 21-27-13 of the Mississippi Code. The commission is composed of five members appointed by the City's Board of Aldermen. The authority of the commission is defined in Section 21-27-17 of the Mississippi Code. The utility provides services to the citizens of the City.

# B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities,* which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities,* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position reports all of the City's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of September 30, 2018, with the difference reported as net position.

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# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and enterprise funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

#### 1. Governmental Fund Types.

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in Proprietary Funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is based upon determination of changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term bonded debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds, Special Assessment Funds and Trust Funds).

# 2. Proprietary Fund Types.

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the City's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income. The following is the City's Proprietary Fund Type:

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Operating revenue and expenses for Proprietary Funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or related services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, non-capital financing, or investing activities.

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation.

The government-wide and Proprietary Fund financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the Proprietary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on the balance sheet. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current year or soon enough after fiscal year-end to liquidate liabilities existing at the end of the fiscal year. The City considers revenues received within 60 days after fiscal year-end as available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Significant revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual include property taxes, state appropriations, and federal awards. Licenses, fees, permits and other miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received since they normally are measurable only at that time. Expenditures for goods and services are recognized upon receipt of said goods and services. Expenditures for debt service, compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recognized only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

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The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Historical Preservation Fund* is a capital project fund that accounts for construction of various projects.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for debt service.

The City reports the following major Proprietary Funds:

The Waste Water Fund accounts for the activities of the waste water system.

The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the activities of the solid waste system.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The revenues and expenses of Proprietary Funds are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's primary operations. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

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# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity.

#### 1. Deposits.

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State law authorizes the City to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the City may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, all certificates of deposit and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash (generally three months or less). Investments in governmental securities are stated at fair value. However, the City did not invest in any governmental securities during the fiscal year.

#### 2. Receivables.

Receivables are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, where applicable.

#### 3. Interfund Transactions and Balances.

Transactions between funds that are representative of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. Any outstanding balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between governmental funds have been eliminated.

#### 4. Restricted Assets.

Assets required to be held and/or used as specified in bond indentures, bond resolutions, trustee agreements, board resolutions and donor specifications have been reported as restricted assets. When both restricted and nonrestricted assets are available for use, the policy is to use restricted assets first.

5. Inventory.

Inventory is valued at cost. The inventory in the Light and Water Enterprise Fund of \$384,595 consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Governmental fund types, which had no material inventory at September 30, 2018, use the purchase method which expenses inventory when purchased.

#### 6. Capital Assets.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Governmental accounting and financial reporting standards allow governments meeting certain criteria to elect not to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively. The City of Kosciusko meets this criteria and has so elected. General infrastructure assets include all roads and bridges and other infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to October 1, 2002.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capitalization thresholds (dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts) and estimated useful lives are used to report capital assets in the government-wide statements and Proprietary Funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land. A half year's depreciation expense is taken for all purchases and sales of capital assets during the year. The following schedule details those thresholds and estimated useful lives:

	talization hresholds	Estimated <u>Useful Life</u>
Land	\$ 0	N/A
Infrastructure	0	20-50 years
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	1,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	1,000	3-7 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds upon acquisition. Capital assets used in Proprietary Fund operations are accounted for the same as in government-wide statements.

# 7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources.

#### Deferred Outflows.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports the following item in this category:

<u>Deferred outflows related to pensions</u> - This amount represents the City's proportionate share of the deferred outflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the City participates.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Deferred Inflows.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports the following items in this category:

Statement of Net Position:

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<u>Property tax for future periods</u> - Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

<u>Deferred inflows related to pensions</u> - This amount represents the City's proportionate share of the deferred inflows of resources reported by the pension plan in which the City participates.

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds:

<u>Property tax for future periods</u> - Deferred inflows of resources should be reported when resources associated with imposed nonexchange revenue transactions are received or reported as a receivable before the period for which property taxes are levied.

#### 8. Compensated Absences.

Employees receive vacation days annually on their anniversary dates of hire. The vacation days must be used before their next anniversary date or they are lost.

The compensated absences liability was computed using the specific identification method whereby the actual number of vacation hours and compensatory hours are multiplied by the employee's hourly rate at September 30, 2018.

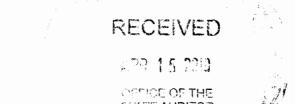
#### 9. Long-term Obligations.

In the government-wide financial statements and Proprietary Fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or Proprietary Fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, if any are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for Proprietary Fund long-term debt is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### 10. Pensions.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds or employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.



# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

#### 11. Equity Classifications.

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Government-wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – All other net position not meeting the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Net Position Flow Assumption:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed and unassigned) resources are available and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Fund Financial Statements:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Restricted - Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

Unassigned - Includes positive fund balance with the General Fund which has not been classified within the abovementioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption:

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# 12. Estimates.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 13. Intergovernmental Revenues in Governmental Funds.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting of grants, entitlements and shared revenues, are usually recorded in Governmental Funds when measurable and available. However, the "available" criterion applies for certain federal grants and shared revenues when the expenditure is made because expenditure is the prime factor for determining eligibility. Similarly, if cost sharing or matching requirements exist, revenue recognition depends on compliance with these requirements.

#### E. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability.

#### **Budgets**

Budgets are adopted on a basis prescribed by state law (cash basis).

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the Mayor submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing these proposed expenditures.
- 2. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an order.
- 3. The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Aldermen.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the various funds, except for Debt Service Funds, because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.

Budgets for the various funds are adopted on a cash basis as required by state law.

It is the City's policy to prepare the budget on the cash basis for revenues and expenditures to the extent that they are paid within 30 days following year-end.

#### Property Tax Revenues

Numerous statutes exist under which the Board of Aldermen may levy property taxes. The amount of increase in certain property taxes is limited by state law. Generally, this restriction provides that these tax levies shall produce no more than 110% of the amount which resulted from the assessments of the previous year.

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The Board of Aldermen, each year at a meeting in September, levies property taxes for the ensuing fiscal year which begins on October 1. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the current year, and personal property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the current year. Taxes on both real and personal property, however, are due on or before February 1 of the next succeeding year. Taxes on motor vehicles and mobile homes become a lien and are due in the month that coincides with the month of original purchase.

Real and personal property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied in accordance with GAAP. However, because the revenues are not currently available, a deferred inflow of resources is recorded for this amount. Motor vehicle and mobile home taxes do not meet the GAAP measurability and collectibility criteria because the lien and due date cannot be established until the date of original purchase. Accordingly, no amount is accrued for these taxes in the financial statements.

Attala County collects the City's property taxes.

# 2. Detailed Notes on all Funds.

#### A. Cash and Investments.

At year-end, the City's carrying amount of cash and investments was \$5,763,953 and the bank balance was \$6,063,877. For the discretely-presented component unit, Kosciusko Light and Water Plant, the carrying amount of cash and investments at year-end was \$6,182,263 and the bank balance was \$6,339,253. Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the State Treasurer to implement a statewide collateral pool program which secures all local public funds' deposits through a centralized system of pledging securities to the State Treasurer. The program requires the State Treasurer as pledgee of all public funds to monitor the security portfolios of approved financial institutions and ensure public funds are adequately secured.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the City.

At September 30, 2018, all funds held as investments were in certificates of deposit with various financial institutions. The total of the certificates of deposit was \$5,021.409 at September 30, 2018. All of the certificates of deposits had a maturity of less than one year. The City does not have a written policy in regard to investments.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# B. Receivables.

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Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds, Proprietary Funds and component units, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

								Unit
		Governmenta	l Funds					Kosciusko
	-		Airport	Debt			Proprietary	Light and
		General	Fund	Service	Other	Total	Funds	Water Plant
Receivables:								
Property taxes	\$	952,000		205,000		1,157,000	122,000	
Fines receivable		1,497,922				1,497,922		
Accounts								1,578,420
Sales tax		349,931				349,931		
Other governmental		16,487		2,416	9,708	28.611	21,824	
Interest								7,450
Other		12,164				12,164		
Note					339,305	339,305		
Gross receivables Less: Allowance for		2,828,504	0	207,416	349,013	3,384,933	143,824	1,585,870
uncollectibles		(1.198,339)				(1,198,339)		(12,567)
Net total receivables	\$	1,630,165	0	207,416	349,013	2,186,594	143,824	1,573,303

Component

Property taxes receivable	Sept. 30, 2018
Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	\$ 952,000
Debt service fund	205,000
Total deferred revenue for Governmental Funds	\$1,157,000
Proprietary Funds:	
Solid waste fund	\$122,000
Total deferred revenue for Proprietary Funds	\$122,000

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

### C. Capital Assets.

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, are as follows:

#### Primary Government

Governmental Activities:

Improvements other than buildings

Total capital assets, being depreciated

		Beginning			Ending
		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	_				
Land	\$	1,334,609			1,334,609
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	-	1,334,609	0	0	1,334,609
	-				
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings		2,916,963			2,916,963
Improvements other than buildings		4,004,958			4,004,958
Machinery and equipment		2,993,505	84,715	(103,456)	2,974,764
Equipment under capital lease		258,202	0 1,7 10	(100,100)	258,202
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	10,173,628	84,715	(103,456)	10,154,887
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	10,175,020	0+,715	(105,450)	10,154,007
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		1,121,572	54,805		1,176,377
Improvements other than buildings		1,718,860	128,659		1,847,519
Machinery and equipment		2,468,053	88,584	(89,957)	2,466,680
Equipment under capital lease		252,689	00,004	(09,957)	252,689
	-		272,048	(80.057)	
Total accumulated depreciation	-	5,561,174	272,048	(89,957)	5,743,265
Tetal and tel secondor hairs demonstrated and		4 612 454	(107 222)	(12,400)	4 411 622
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	-	4,612,454	(187,333)	(13,499)	4,411,622
Commentel estimities estimited estates and	¢	5 0 47 062	(107 222)	(12,400)	5 746 221
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	5,947,063	(187,333)	(13,499)	5,746,231
Business-type Activities:					
		Beginning			Ending
	-	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	626.930			626,930
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	-	626,930	0	0	626,930
	-				
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings		146,181			146,181
Machinery & equipment		1,258.884	309.651	(35,312)	1,533,223
Wastewater system		7,484.642			7,484,642
The second		0.047			0.047



309,651

(35,312)

9,947

8,899.654

(Continued)

9,947

9,173,993

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# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Less: Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	128,665	686		129,351
Machinery & equipment	1,063,654	69,045	(28,305)	1,104,394
Wastewater system	2,896,873	148,865		3,045,738
Improvements other than buildings	9,947			9,947
Total accumulated depreciation	4,099,139	218,596	(28,305)	4,289,430
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,800,515	91,055	(7,007)	4,884,563
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	91,055	(7,007)	5,511,493
Discretely-presented component unit:				
	Beginning		5	Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Discretely-presented component unit:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	¢ 51.044		(15,000)	26.044
Land	\$ <u>51,944</u>	0	(15,000)	36,944
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	51,944	0	(15,000)	36,944
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,045,207		(17,684)	1,027,523
Machinery and equipment	2,023,690	1,657,338	(112,696)	3,568,332
Water and electric system	14,423,467	103,482	(7,369)	14,519,580
Total capital assets, being depreciated	17,492,364	1,760,820	(137,749)	19,115,435
Less: Accumulated depreciation	11,057,660	453,277	(131,857)	11,379,080
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	6,434,704	1,307,543	(5,892)	7,736,355
Business-type activities capital assets. net	\$ 6,486,648	1,307,543	(20,892)	7,773,298

Adjustments are made for equipment transferred when construction projects are completed.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 23,237
Public safety	84,032
Public works	133,583
Health and welfare	334
Culture and recreation	 30,862
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 272,048

### (<u>Continued</u>)

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Business-type activities: Waste water Solid waste	\$ 193,188 25,408
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$218,596
Discretely-presented component unit: Water and electric system	\$453,277
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$453,277

#### D. Notes Receivable.

The City received a HOME grant that was approved as a loan to Kosciusko Apartments, LP, for construction of 12 three-bedroom apartments. A promissory note in the amount of \$307,050 has been signed by the entity. Interest will accrue at the rate of 1 percent per annum on the principal amount outstanding from November 1, 2008, until paid in full on or before November 30, 2046. Promisor shall make equal annual installments on the amount commencing October 31, 2008, equal to the lesser of one-half the net cash flow, after payment of expenses and senior indebtedness or the amount necessary to amortize principal over the remaining term of the promissory note in equal annual installments together with unpaid installments. The City will use repaid HOME funds for future housing projects. The City did not receive payments on this loan for the year ended September 30, 2018, because Kosciusko Apartments, LP had negative cash flow for the year ended September 30, 2018. The note receivable balance at September 30, 2018, including accrued interest, is \$339,305.

#### E. Interfund Transactions.

The following schedule as of September 30, 2018, represents interfund receivables and payables:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
Construction projects fund General Fund	Historical preservation grant fund Other governmental funds	\$ 500,000 52,015
Total		\$ 552,015

Interfund payables are primarily related to grant activity.



# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The composition of interfund transfers as of September 30, 2018, is as follows:

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Transfer In	Transfer Out	_	Amount
Governmental Funds:			
General Fund	Solid waste	\$	1,000
General Fund	Waste water		40,000
General Fund	Discretely presented component unit		350,645
Debt service	Other Governmental Funds		35,649
Debt service	Waste water		30,000
Debt service	General Fund		70,000
Construction projects fund	Historical preservation fund		295,795
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	_	292,420
Total Governmental Funds		\$_	1,115,509
Proprietary Funds:			
Debt service	Waste water	\$	30,000
General Fund	Waste water		40,000
Waste water	Discretely presented component unit		120,000
General Fund	Solid waste	_	1,000
Total Proprietary Funds		\$_	191,000
Discretely Presented Component Unit:			
Waste water	Discretely presented component unit	\$	120,000
General Fund	Discretely presented component unit	Ť	350,645
Total Discretely Presented Component	Unit	\$_	470,645

The purpose of these transfers was routine allocations between funds, transfers for debt service and operating transfers from component unit.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# F. Leases.

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# Capital Leases

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of various equipment in both the governmental-type and business-type funds. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

Description		Original Amount	Issue Date	Effective Interest Rate		Outstanding Present Value
Governmental Activities: E-911 equipment	\$_	225,625	6/13/2013	2.03%	\$_	0
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	225,625			\$_	0
Business-type Activities: Reliant Lagoon Master aerator	\$_	160,208	5/21/2018	3.73%	\$_	160,208
Total Business-type Activities	\$_	160,208			\$_	160,208

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2018, are as follows:

Year Ending September 30:	Business-type Activities
2019	\$ 43,825
2020	43,825
2021	43,825
2022	43,955
Total minimum lease payments	175,430
Less: Amount representing interest	(15,222)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 160,208

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# G. Long-term Debt.

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# General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental Activities: \$2,630,000 bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$75,000 to \$315,000 through May, 2025, plus interest of 1.55 percent to		
3.5 percent, payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, beginning November 1, 2013	1.55% - 3.50%	\$1,690,000
Total Governmental Activities		\$1,690,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

		Governmental Ac	tivities:
Year Ending September 30:		Principal	Interest
2019	\$	280,000	36,666
2020		295,000	26,866
2021		295,000	22,294
2022		310,000	17,131
2023-2025	-	510,000	17,937
Total	\$	1,690,000	120,894

### Loans Payable

The City has received several loans to finance various projects including building acquisition and waste water system improvements. Two of these loans are made under state programs. The loan from Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality has federal participation. There was one new loan made during the current year. Loans currently outstanding are as follows:

Loan Type	Interest Rates	 Amount
Governmental Activities: State of Mississippi Capital Improvement (CAP)	3.0%	\$ 365,785
Total Governmental Activities		\$ 365,785
Business-type Activities: State of Mississippi Department of Environmental Quality revolving loan	2.50	\$ 531,904
Total Business-type Activities		\$ 531,904

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Loan debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	G	overnmental A	ctivities
Year Ending September 30:		Principal	Interest
2010	¢	16 065	10 222
	\$	46.265	10,333
2020		47.672	8,926
2021		49,122	7,476
2022		50,616	5,982
2023-2026		171,917	8,559
Total	\$	365,592	41,276
	B	usiness-type A	ctivities
Year Ending September 30:	-	Principal	Interest
2019	\$	52,824	12,695
2020		54,160	11,359
2021		55.529	9,990
2022		56,934	8,585
2023-2027		307.008	20,587
2028		5,448	12
Total	\$	531,903	63,228

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2018, is as follows:

	,					Amount due
		Beginning			Ending	within one
		Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	year
Governmental Activities:						<b>#</b> _
General obligation bonds	\$	1,965.000		275,000	1,690,000	280,000
Capital leases		35,347		35,347		
Other loans		410.491		44,706	365,785	46,265
	-	2,410,838	0	355,053	2,055,785	326,265
Add premium on refunded bond	_	45,546		12,611	32,935	
Total		2,456,384	0	367,664	2,088,720	326,265
Compensated absences	_	61,628		3,644	57,984	
Total	\$_	2,518,012	0	371,308	2,146,704	326,265
Business-type Activities:						
Compensated absences	\$	9.013	189		9,202	
Capital leases			160,208		160.208	37,849
Loans payable	_	583,425	,	51,521	531,904	52,824
	_					
Total	\$_	592,438	160,397	51,521	701,314	90,673

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid, which are generally the General Fund, waste water fund and solid waste fund.

3. Other Information.

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### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

## A. Contingencies.

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Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time; although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the City with respect to the various proceedings; however, the City's legal counsel believes that any ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City of Kosciusko has entered into joint and several relationships with other public entities in the Mississippi Municipal Worker's Compensation Group. Each member shares responsibility for premium contribution based on payroll and their own loss experiences as well as assessments needed for fund inadequacies. They also share the benefit of fund surplus in the form of dividends when applicable. The City was subject to assessment for the year ended September 30, 2014. No assessment was made or is probable for the year ended September 30, 2018.

### B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

General Information about the Pension Plan.

Plan Description – City of Kosciusko and Kosciusko Water & Light are members of the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as defined in GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment and is granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the City. Code Section 25-11-15, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), grants the authority for general administration and proper operation of PERS to the PERS Board of Trustees (PERS Board). PERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that can be obtained at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits Provided - For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.00% of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.50% for each additional year of credited service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. A member may elect a reduced retirement allowance payable for life with the provision that, after death, a beneficiary receives benefits for life or for a specified number of years. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007).

# Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. In the event of death prior to retirement of any member whose spouse and/or children are not entitled to a retirement allowance, the deceased member's accumulated contributions and interest are paid to the designated beneficiary. Benefit provisions are established by Section 25-11-1 et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

A Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions – Per Chapter 11 of Title 25, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), contribution requirements of plan members and their employers are established and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The adequacy of these rates is assessed annually by actuarial valuation. For the year ended September 30, 2018, member employees were required to contribute 9.00 percent of their annual pay, while the City's required contribution rate was 15.75 percent of annual covered payroll. The City's employer contributions to PERS for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016, were \$416,147, \$405,505 and \$389,554, respectively. The contributions for each year met the required contributions. Kosciusko Water & Light's employer contributions to PERS for the years ended September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$222,404, \$201,138 and \$197,968, respectively. The contributions for each year met the required contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At September 30, 2018, the City of Kosciusko reported a liability of \$6,814,695 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At September 30, 2018, Kosciusko Water & Light reported a liability of \$3,499,743 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The entities' proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the entities' long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 0.040971 percent, which was a increase of .001033 from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2018, Kosciusko Water & Light's proportionate share was 0.021041 percent, which was an increase of 0.001157 from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was 0.021041 percent, which was an increase of 0.001157 from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was 0.021041 percent, which was an increase of 0.001157 from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was 0.021041 percent, which was an increase of 0.001157 from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability and to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was 0.021041 percent, which was an increase of 0.001157 from its proportionate share used to calculate the September 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City of Kosciusko recognized pension expense of \$879,065. For the year ended September 30, 2018, Kosciusko Water & Light recognized pension expense of \$462,050.

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

At September 30, 2018, the City of Kosciusko and Kosciusko Water & Light reported as a component of pension expense, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

### City of Kosciusko

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	29,489	28,003
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments			134,528
Changes of assumptions		216	
Changes in proportion and differences between			
entity contributions and proportionate share of contributions		121,446	
Entity contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	97,568	
Total	\$_	248,719	162,531
Kosciusko Water & Light			
		Deferred	Deferred

	-	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	14,020	13,942
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments			76,880
Changes of assumptions		231	
Changes in proportion and differences between			
entity contributions and proportionate share of contributions		194,647	
Entity contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	63,646	
Total	\$_	272,544	90,822

\$97,568 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City of Kosciusko's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. \$63,646 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Kosciusko Water & Light's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

### City of Kosciusko

Year Ended S	September 30:		 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2019		an a	\$ 71,937	(51,270)
2020			38,713	24,266
2021	a de la companya de	RECEIVED	40,501	158,888
2022		INEOCIVED 3		30,647
Total	- T	428 15 2019	151,151	162,531
		OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR		

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

### Kosciusko Water & Light

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	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Year Ended September 30:	 of Resources	of Resources
2019	\$ 91,131	(21,794)
2020	72,946	17,289
2021	44,821	79,588
2022	 	15,739
Total	\$ 208,898	90,822

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.25 - 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, set forward one year for males.

The actuarial assumption used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-term

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	27.00 %	4.60 %
International Equity	18.00	4.50
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00	4.75
Fixed Income	18.00	0.75
Global	12.00	4.75
Emerging Debt	2.00	2.25
Real Assets	10.00	3.50
Private Equity	8.00	5.10
Cash	1.00	0.00
Total	100.00 %	

### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate (15.75%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Entity's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount</u> <u>Rate</u>. The following table presents City of Kosciusko's and Kosciusko Water & Light's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the cost-sharing plan, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the entities' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.750%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
City of Kosciusko's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$8,972,997	6,814,695	5,020,860
Kosciusko Water & Light's proportionate share	1% Decrease (6.750%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
of the net pension liability	\$4,608,158	3,499,743	2,578,505

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, publicly available at www.pers.ms.gov.

### C. Risk Management.

The City classifies risks of loss in the following categories: torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Risk of loss resulting from any of the above is mitigated through the purchase of commercial insurance.

The City is insured for health benefits for its employees for claims over \$5,000 per employee. For claims under \$5,000, the City is self-insured. The City accounts for its self-insurance related to its employees' health benefits in a medical benefits account. All claims handling procedures are performed by an independent claims administrator. Amounts are periodically paid into the fund and claims are disbursed from the fund. As of September 30, 2018, the account had a balance of \$276,276. Also, at September 30, 2018, the City had no unpaid insurance claims. There were no amounts due to the City by the re-insurance company.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.



### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

### 4. Subsequent Events.

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GAAP requires the City to evaluate events that occur subsequent to the date of the Statement of Net Position but before the financial statements are issued (subsequent events). Such events that provide additional evidence with respect to conditions that existed as of the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. However, subsequent events that provide evidence with respect to conditions that did not exist at the Statement of Net Position date but arose subsequently, and are of such a nature that their disclosure is essential to the user's understanding of the financial statements, are required to be disclosed herein. Management of the City of Kosciusko evaluated the City's activity and events that occurred through February 14, 2019, and determined that a potential lawsuit was settled in December, 2018 for \$92,000. No other subsequent events met the disclosure requirements.

### 5. Change in Accounting Standard.

The City implemented the following standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the current fiscal year as required: GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* and GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No.* 67, *No.* 68 and *No.* 73. The provisions of these standards have been incorporated into the financial statements and notes.

### 6. Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position.

The City of Kosciusko's unrestricted net position amount of (\$3,289,219) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$248,719 balance of deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2018 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next three years.

The City of Kosciusko's unrestricted net position amount of (\$3,289,219) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of income resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$162,531 balance of deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2018, will be recognized as income and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next four years.

Kosciusko Water & Light's unrestricted net position amount of (\$1,803,136) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. The \$272,544 balance of deferred outflow of resources at September 30, 2018 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next three years.

The Kosciusko Water & Light's unrestricted net position amount of (\$1,803,136) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of income resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$90,822 balance of deferred inflows of resources at September 30, 2018, will be recognized as income and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next four years.

### 7. Tax Abatements.

For the year beginning October 1, 2016, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) implemented Statement 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This statement requires governmental entities to disclose the reduction in tax revenues resulting from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forego tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

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### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

The Kosciusko Board of Aldermen and the Attala County Board of Supervisors negotiates property tax abatements on an individual basis. The City has tax abatement agreements with two entities as of September 30, 2018.

	Percentage		Amount of
	of Taxes	Taxes Abate	
	Abated During		During the
Category	the Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	
Construction and expansion of retail facilities	71%	\$	5,111

Each agreement was negotiated in accordance with Section 27-31-101, et. seq., Miss. Code (Ann.) 1972, which allows localities to abate property taxes for a variety of economic development purposes. The abatements may be granted for a period up to ten years and for up to 100% of annual property taxes through a direct reduction in the City's property tax bill.

The City has not made any commitments as part of the agreements other than to reduce taxes.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

**Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund** 

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

**Schedule of Pension Contributions** 

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information



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Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	8	0		
Taxes	\$ 1,150,500	1,150,500	1,238,675	88,175
Franchise fees	92,500	92,500	113,374	20,874
Licenses and permits	28,000	28,000	29,937	1,937
Fines and forfeitures	150,000	150,000	204,292	54,292
Intergovernmental revenues	1,961,500	1,961,500	2,308,529	347,029
Charges for services	65,000	65,000	93,435	28,435
Interest earned	5,000	5,000	22,521	17,521
Miscellaneous revenues	200	200	14,065	13,865
Total Revenues	3,452,700	3,452,700	4,024,828	572,128
EXPENDITURES				
General government	701,217	701,217	644,825	56,392
Public safety	2.228,619	2,241,619	2,066,986	174,633
Public works	475,964	482,965	449,006	33,959
Health and welfare	263,932	263,933	245,791	18,142
Culture and recreation	434,630	434,631	406,396	28,235
Urban and economic development	83,890	83,890	83,890	
Total Expenditures	4,188,252	4,208,255	3,896,894	311,361
Excess of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(735,552)	(755,555)	127,934	883,489
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	392,400	392,400	391,645	(755)
Transfers out	(324,587)	(324,587)	(372,420)	(47,833)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	67,813	67,813	19,225	(48,588)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(667,739)	(687,742)	147,159	834,901
Fund Balances - Beginning	(1,750,968)	(1,781,904)	1,902,248	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ (2.418,707)	(2,469,646)	2,049,407	834,901

The accompanying notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

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### CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Schedule of the City's Propo

Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Fiscal Years\* For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,814,695	6,639,051	7,197,336	6,044,244	4,843,129
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.040971	0.039938 %	0.040293 %	0.039101 %	0.039900 %
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,642,203	2,562,038	2,577,651	2,442,825	2,417,795
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	257.9171623	259.1316366	279.220732 %	247.428449 %	200.311813 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.54 %	61.49 %	57.467727 %	61.703983 %	67.207687 %
COMPONENT UNIT - KOSCIUSKO WATER & LIGHT					
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Entity's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,499,743	3,305,396	3,344,038	3,110,155	2,448,633
Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.021041 %	0.019884 %	0.018721 %	0.02012 %	0.020173 %
Entity's covered payroll	\$ 1,343,676	1,275,556	1,197,606	1,256,978	1,232,114

Entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the twelve months ended at the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the entities have only presented information for the years in which information was available.

260.4603342

62.54 %

319.3949148

279.226891 % 247.43114 % 198.7342892 %

67.207687 %

61.49 % 57.467727 % 61.703983 %

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

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### **CITY OF KOSCIUSKO** Schedule of the City's Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years\* For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

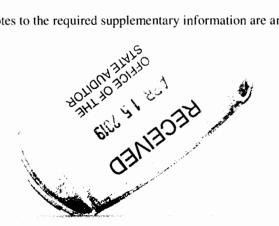
	_	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	416,248 416,248	405,488 405,488	393,729 393,729	386,839 386,839
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	0	0	0	0
City covered payroll	\$	2,642,203	2,574,527	2,473,359	2,456,612
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75 %	15.75 %	15.75 %	15.75 %

# **COMPONENT UNIT - KOSCIUSKO WATER & LIGHT**

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 222,404 222,404	246,929 246,929	247,026 247,026	198,366 198,366
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	0	0	0
Entity's covered payroll	\$ 1,412,089	1,567,803	1,568,419	1,259,467
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75 %	15.75 %	15.75 %	15.75 %

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year ended \* September 30, 2015, and until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the entities have only presented information for the years in which information was available.

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.



### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

### A. Budgetary Information.

Statutory requirements dictate how and when the City's budget is to be prepared. Generally, in the month of August, prior to the ensuing fiscal year beginning each October 1, the Board of Aldermen of the City, using historical and anticipated fiscal data and proposed budgets submitted by the various department managers for their respective department, prepares an original budget for each of the Governmental Funds for said fiscal year. The completed budget for the fiscal year includes for each fund every source of revenue, each general item of expenditure, and the unencumbered cash and investment balances. When during the fiscal year it appears to the Board of Aldermen that budgetary estimates will not be met, it may make revisions to the budget.

The City's budget is prepared principally on the cash basis of accounting. All appropriations lapse at year-end, and there are no encumbrances to budget because state law does not require that funds be available when goods or services are ordered, only when payment is made.

### B. Basis of Presentation.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, actual amounts on a budgetary (Non-GAAP) basis and variances between the final budget and the actual amounts. The schedule is presented for the General Fund.

### C. Budget/GAAP Reconciliation.

The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

The following schedule reconciles the budgetary basis schedules to the GAAP basis financial statements for the General Fund:

	 General Fund
Net Change in Fund Balance - Budget (Cash Basis)	\$ 147,159
Increase (decrease):	
Net adjustments for revenue accruals	19,268
Net adjustments for expenditure accruals	 (3,654)
Net Change in Fund Balance GAAP Basis	\$ 162,773

### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# D. Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of the City's Contributions.

Changes in Benefit Provisions.

<u>2016</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Changes of Assumptions.

<u>2015</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

### 2016

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

### <u>2017</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

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# **OTHER INFORMATION**



# CITY OF KOSCIUSKO Schedule of Surety Bonds For Municipal Officials - UNAUDITED For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

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Name	Position	Surety Agency	 Bond Amount
Marvin R. Lawrence	Alderman	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	\$ 100,000
Henry G. Daniel	Alderman	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	100,000
Timothy C. Kyle	Alderman	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	100,000
Robert M. Ellis	Alderman	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	100,000
Jeffery Woods	Alderman	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	100,000
Jimmy Cockroft	Mayor	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	100,000
Hart Pettit	City Clerk	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Sherlene M. Robertson	Deputy City Clerk	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Trish Miller	Deputy City Clerk	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Risa Dubard	Court Clerk	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Melodie Philley	Court Clerk	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Dawn Clanton	Court Clerk	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
R. J. Adams	Chief of Police	Tyler, King & Ryder/Western Surety	75,000
Elizabeth T. Peteet	E911 Dispatcher	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Debra Gates Elmore	E911 Dispatcher	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Jasmine Sharkey	E911 Dispatcher	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Latoya R. Thompson	E911 Dispatcher	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Tammy Veasy	E911 Dispatcher	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Stephanie Mitchell	E911 Dispatcher	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Charlene Miller Nash	E911 Dispatcher	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Shannon Delon Mitchell	E911 Dispatcher	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Linda Hargrove	E911 Dispatcher	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Brent Busbea	Building Inspector	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Lawrence Routt	Tourism	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Darren Milner	Tourism	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50.000
Ronnie Ables	Tourism	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Semone Olive	Tourism	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000

# **DISCRETELY-PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT:**

# KOSCIUSKO WATER AND LIGHT PLANT

Morris A. Massey, Jr.	Commissioner	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	\$ 50,000
Donnie R. Gladney	Commissioner	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Sandras A. Anderson	Commissioner	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
William A. Tolleson	Commissioner	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
James R. Ables	Commissioner	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
David L. Clark	General Manager	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Jason Chad Kyle	Assistant General Manager	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Melissa D. Steen	Accounting Clerk	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Debra R. Jones	Clerk	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Jessica Grubbs	Clerk	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000
Ashley B. Box	Clerk	Tyler, King & Ryder/St. Paul Travelers	50,000

# SPECIAL REPORTS

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Kosciusko, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kosciusko, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2019.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Kosciusko, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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### **Compliance and Other Matters**

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Kosciusko, Mississippi's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Walk and Say Rec

Windham and Lacey, PLLC February 14, 2019

Windham and Lacey, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen City of Kosciusko, Mississippi

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We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Kosciusko, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and have issued our report thereon dated February 14, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the procedures prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, and accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the City's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

With respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures and our audit of the primary government financial statements disclosed no instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Walk and Say Ikec

Windham and Lacey, PLLC February 14, 2019



# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

# Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended September 30, 2018

# Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

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1.	Type of	auditor's report issued on the financial statements:	Unmodified
2.	Internal	control over financial reporting:	
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?	No
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Reported
3.	Noncom	pliance material to the financial statements?	No

# Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

