OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR REPORT NOTE:

Section 7-7-211, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) gives the Office of the State Auditor the authority to audit, with the exception of municipalities, any governmental entity in the state. In the case of municipalities, Section 21-35-31, Mississippi Code Annotated (1972) requires municipalities to obtain an annual audit performed by a private CPA firm and submit that audit report to the Office of the State Auditor. The Office of the State Auditor files these audit reports for review in case questions arise related to the municipality.

As a result, the following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor. Instead, it was prepared by a private CPA firm and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted and no review of the report was performed by the Office of the State Auditor prior to finalization of the report. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.





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SECTION I INTRODUCTORY SECTION

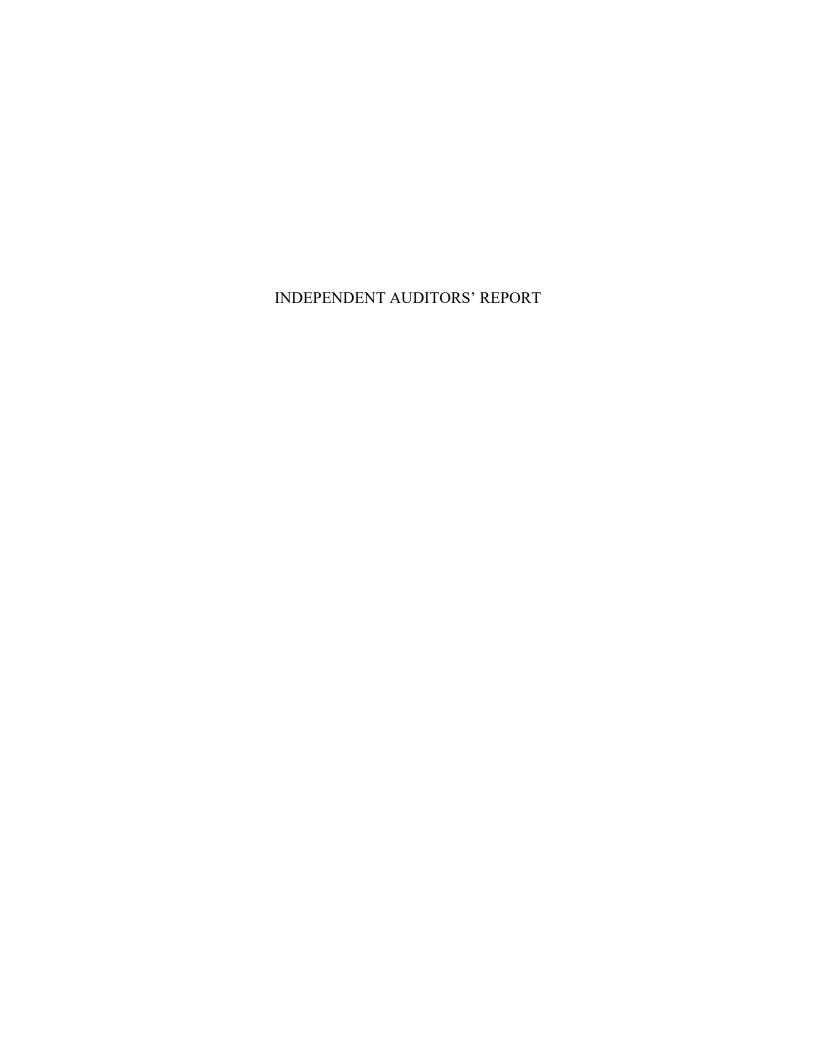


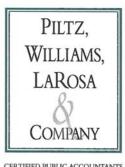
CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Listing of City Officials as of September 30, 2018

Mayor Mario King

Alderman – Ward 1
Alderman – Ward 2
Chuck Redmond
Alderman – Ward 3
Alderman – Ward 4
Ennit Morris
Alderman – Ward 5
Floyd Downs
Alderman – Ward 6
Alderman – At Large
David Chapman

SECTION II FINANCIAL SECTION





CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS A Professional Association

MEMBERS

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AICPA Private Companies Practice Section
AICPA Governmental Audit Quality Center
AICPA Center for Audit Quality
AICPA Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center
Mississippi Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

John D. Prentiss, CPA Eric B. Bland, CPA David C. Neumann, CPA, CBA Mildrey Egües-Strickland, CPA Elsé A. Marie, CPA Jordan R. Church, CPA

Gerald Piltz, CPA (1925-2013)
Stanford A. Williams, Jr., CPA (1935-2017)
Sam J. LaRosa, Jr., CPA (Retired)
William S. Thompson, CPA (Retired)
Gene M. Clark, Jr., CPA (Retired)
Darrell L. Galey, CPA (Retired)
Margaret D. Closson, CPA (Retired)
Stephen P. Theobald, CPA, CVA
Michael D. O'Neill, CPA

May 7, 2021

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Alderman City of Moss Point, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Moss Point, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the Auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Qualified Opinions

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi, as of September 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified Opinions

The City had not employed a qualified City Accountant who has a knowledge of governmental and fund accounting. While the city has employed the services of an outside accounting firm to assist with correcting the financials, there exists the potential that the financials could be misstated. It is our opinion, though, that they are materially correct after having the outside firm correct the financial records.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5-10, budgetary comparison information on pages 47-48 and the schedule of changes in the City's net pension and related ratios schedule on pages 49-51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In addition, the State of Mississippi requires municipalities submit a schedule of surety bonds maintained for city personnel in compliance with § 21-17-5 of Mississippi Code of 1972. This schedule has been

presented on page 66. This schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of surety bonds is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of long term debt, and schedule of surety bonds for municipal officials and other municipal employees are presented for purposes of additional analysis ad are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of long term debt, schedule of surety bonds for municipal officials and other municipal employees, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of long term debt, schedule of surety bonds for municipal officials and other municipal employees, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 7, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Moss Point, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by State of Mississippi

In accordance with the State of Mississippi, we have also issued our report dated May 7, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Moss Point's compliance with state laws and regulations. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over compliance with state laws and regulations and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal controls or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with state guidelines in considering the City of Moss Point's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants



Introduction

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of the City of Moss Point's ("the City") activities and financial performance provides an introduction to the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018. The information contained in this Management's Discussion and Analysis has been prepared by management and should be considered in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto, which follow this section.

The components of the annual financial report include:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

The MD&A, a component of RSI, introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities. This MD&A provides comparisons with the previous year.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2018, by \$39,601,837.
- The total net position decreased by \$69,032. Of this amount a decrease of \$491,499 was associated with governmental activities and an increase of \$422,467 with business-type activities.
- Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased by nearly 5 percent, from \$9,964,393 to 9,472,894. *Unrestricted* net position in the governmental activities shows an \$8,482,503 million deficit at the end of this year. *Unrestricted net* position reflects the component of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements.
 - The \$8,482,503 million deficit in unrestricted governmental net position can largely be explained by the City's unfunded net pension liability of \$10,644,717.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,810,306, a decrease of \$1,881,314 in comparison with the prior year's fund balance of \$6,143,617, as restated.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,528,846 or 16.3% of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, economic development, and parks and recreation. The major business-type activities of the City include providing water and sewer services to the residents of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting not only to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements but also to help control and manage money for particular purposes or to show it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

The City maintains two major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General and the Bond Redemption funds, which are considered major funds, and the other non-major governmental funds.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary Fund

The City maintains two types of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Information is presented in the proprietary statement of net position and the proprietary statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the Moss Point Public Utilities and the KCR Sanitary Project Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Refer to Note 1 in the financial statements for more detailed information on the elements of the financial statements.

Government-wide Condensed Data Financial Analysis

Condensed Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmental			Busine	ss-t	ype					
		Activ	ities	s	Activities			To	tal		
		2018		2017*		2018		2017*	2018		2017
Assets		_		_		_		_	_		
Current and other assets	\$	10,562,021	\$	6,889,698	\$	381,576	\$	(1,519,044)	\$ 10,943,597	\$	5,370,654
Noncurrent assets	_	33,703,384	_	34,174,106	_	34,746,781		35,666,280	 68,450,165		69,840,386
Total assets	_	44,265,405	_	41,063,804	_	35,128,357		34,147,236	 79,393,762		75,211,040
Deferred Outflows											
Deferred amount on pensions		296,124		767,777		9,159		23,746	 305,283		791,523
Total deferred outflows	_	296,124	_	767,777	_	9,159	_	23,746	 305,283		791,523
Liabilities											
Current liabilities		2,714,728		3,234,483		1,522,209		694,131	4,236,937		3,928,614
Noncurrent liabilities		26,354,374		28,161,545		3,434,706		3,720,528	 29,789,080		31,882,073
Total liabilities	_	29,069,102		31,396,028		4,956,915		4,414,659	 34,026,017		35,810,687
Deferred Inflows											
Deferred property tax revenue		4,349,252		-		-		-	4,349,252		-
Deferred amount on pensions		1,670,281		471,160		51,658		49,847	1,721,939		521,007
Total deferred inflows	_	6,019,533		471,160		51,658	_	49,847	 6,071,191		521,007
Net position											
Net investment in capital assets		16,049,576		15,745,140		31,391,504		32,050,823	47,441,080		47,795,963
Restricted		1,905,821		-		-		-	1,905,821		-
Unrestricted		(8,482,503)		(5,780,747)		(1,262,561)		(2,344,347)	 (9,745,064)		(8,125,094)
Total net position	\$	9,472,894	\$	9,964,393	\$	30,128,943	\$	29,706,476	\$ 39,601,837	\$	39,670,869

^{*} restated

Government-wide Condensed Data Financial Analysis (Continued)

At September 30, 2018 and 2017 the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$37,696,016, and \$39,771,498 respectively. The largest portion of the City's total net position reflects its net investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire or construct those assets. That amount decreased in 2018 by \$354,883 to \$47,441,080. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The negative balance of \$9,745,064 in the unrestricted net position is less than what is needed to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors; in addition, internally imposed designations of certain resources further limit the purposes for which unrestricted net position can be used.

Condensed Statement of Net Position For the Years Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmental					Busine	pe				
		Activ	vitie s			Activ		To	tal		
		2018		2017		2018	8 2017*		2018		2017
Revenues		_		_		_		_	_		_
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$	432,408	\$	411,719	\$	9,306,452	\$	12,010,203	\$ 9,738,860	\$	12,421,922
Operating grants		159,733		801,326		-		-	159,733		801,326
Capital grants		1,396,650		2,164,843		321,838		_	 1,718,488		2,164,843
Total program revenues		1,988,791		3,377,888		9,628,290		12,010,203	11,617,081		15,388,091
General revenues											
Property taxes		4,751,902		5,616,434		-		-	4,751,902		5,616,434
Sales taxes		2,422,079		1,949,466		-		-	2,422,079		1,949,466
Franchise taxes		972,936		818,301		-		-	972,936		818,301
Other		977,876		817,751		32,690		7,273	 1,010,566		825,024
Total general revenues		9,124,793		9,201,952		32,690		7,273	 9,157,483		9,209,225
Total revenues		11,113,584		12,579,840		9,660,980		12,017,476	 20,774,564		24,597,316
Program expenditures											
General government		2,616,246		4,462,189		-		-	2,616,246		4,462,189
Public safety		4,668,084		364,793		-		-	4,668,084		364,793
Public works		2,016,799		3,959,816		-		-	2,016,799		3,959,816
Culture and recreation		657,738		1,976,826		-		-	657,738		1,976,826
Economic development		769,643		375,389		-		-	769,643		375,389
Solid waste		-		822,642		-		-	-		822,642
Interest		555,331		172,473		-		-	555,331		172,473
Moss Point public utilities		-		-		9,559,755		9,016,403	9,559,755		9,016,403
KCR sanitary project fund									 		
Total program expenditures		11,283,841		12,134,128		9,559,755		9,016,403	 20,843,596		21,150,531
Change in net position before											
transfers		(170,257)		445,712		101,225		3,001,073	(69,032)		3,446,785
Transfers		(321,242)		(11,300,800)		321,242		9,513,606	 <u> </u>		(1,787,194)
Change in net position		(491,499)		(10,855,088)		422,467		12,514,679	 (69,032)		1,659,591
Beginning net position		13,061,938		23,917,026		27,780,581		15,265,902	40,842,519		39,182,928
Prior period adjustments		(3,097,545)	_			1,925,895			 (1,171,650)		
Beginning net position, restated		9,964,393		23,917,026	-	29,706,476		15,265,902	 39,670,869		39,182,928
Ending net position	\$	9,472,894	\$	13,061,938	\$	30,128,943	\$	27,780,581	\$ 39,601,837	\$	40,842,519

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$4,262,303, a decrease of \$1,881,314 in comparison with the prior year. 36% or \$1,528,846 of this combined total is unassigned, while \$2,572,135 is restricted by outside sources, \$70,310 is committed by the Board of Alderman for specific purposes and \$91,012 represents prepaid assets which is not readily available (nonspendable).

• General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. At the end of 2018, the general fund's unassigned fund balance represents 16% of total general fund expenditures.

• Bond Redemption Fund

This fund is used by the City to account for funds received from ad valorem taxes to pay long-term debt issues. Monies are collected in the general fund and transferred into the bond redemption fund to use in debt and interest payments.

• Non-Major Funds

These are special revenue, capital project and debt service funds made up of various reimbursable grants and general revenues. The operating transfers into the funds totaling \$427,052 from the general fund represent the portion of the project costs that is the City's match.

Proprietary Funds

Moss Point Public Utilities Fund had an increase in net position totaling \$422,413 at the end of FY2018 and the Waterfront Development fund had a decrease of \$177,027 for the year resulting in a net increase in proprietary funds of \$245,386 for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Budget Variances in the General Fund

Capital Asset and Debt Obligations

Capital Asset Activity

At September 30, 2018, the City reported \$33,703,884 in net capital assets for governmental activities and \$34,746,781 in capital assets for business-type activities. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5: Capital Assets.

City of Moss Points's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental			Business-type								
		Activ	Activities			Activ	<u> </u>	Total				
		2018		2017	2018		2017			2018		2017
Land and Construction in progress	\$	2,473,950	\$	6,969,813	\$	365,070	\$	42,232	\$	2,839,020	\$	7,012,045
Buildings and improvements		14,586,813		10,102,603		3,634,261		3,888,330		18,221,074		13,990,933
Infrastructure		15,464,956		15,780,136		30,384,966		31,339,763		45,849,922		47,119,899
Machinery and equipment		824,444		898,575		362,484		394,955		1,186,928		1,293,530
Property under capital leases		353,221		422,979				_		353,221		422,979
Total	\$	33,703,384	\$	34,174,106	\$	34,746,781	\$	35,665,280	\$	68,450,165	\$	69,839,386

Debt Obligations

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$20,352,430 outstanding debt obligations excluding compensated absences and net pension liability. Additional information on the City long-term debt can be found in Note 6: Long-Term Debt.

City of Moss Point's Debt Obligations

	Governmental Activities				Busine Activ	ss-ty vities	•	Total				
	2018	2017*		2018		2017*		2018			2017*	
General Obligation Bond	\$ 2,060,000	\$	2,280,000	\$	-	\$	_	\$	2,060,000	\$	2,280,000	
Special Obligation Bond	2,050,000		2,180,000		-		-		2,050,000		2,180,000	
Notes Payable	12,639,810		13,636,260		3,355,277		3,615,457		15,995,087		17,251,717	
Leases Payable	 247,343		332,706				<u>-</u>		247,343		332,706	
Total	\$ 16,997,153	\$	18,428,966	\$	3,355,277	\$	3,615,457	\$	20,352,430	\$	22,044,423	
*restated												

Contact the City's Financial Management

Questions about this report or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to:

Tricia L. Thigpen, City Clerk City of Moss Point, Mississippi P.O. Box 6519 Moss Point, MS 39540



CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

	vernmental activities	ness-Type	Total
ASSETS		,	
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 2,817,545	\$ - \$	2,817,545
Receivables			
Taxes receivable	4,682,883	-	4,682,883
Intergovernmental receivables	673,858	-	673,858
Accounts receivable, net of allowances for uncollectible	778,123	1,836,501	2,614,624
Prepaid items	91,012	-	91,012
Inventory	-	63,675	63,675
Interfund	 1,518,600	 (1,518,600)	-
Total current assets	 10,562,021	 381,576	10,943,597
Capital assets:			-
Non-depreciable	2,473,950	365,070	2,839,020
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	 31,229,434	 34,381,711	65,611,145
Total capital assets	 33,703,384	 34,746,781	68,450,165
Total assets	 44,265,405	 35,128,357	79,393,762
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount on pension	296,124	9,159	305,283
Total deferred outflows of resources	 296,124	 9,159	305,283
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Cash overdraft - pooled cash	-	663,279	663,279
Accounts payable	910,806	8,268	919,074
Accrued wages payable and other liabilities	261,537	820	262,357
Accrued interest	48,937	-	48,937
Unearned revenue	-	18,295	18,295
Long-term liabilities (due within one year)			
Bonds payable	245,000	-	245,000
Notes payable	1,041,740	249,789	1,291,529
Capital leases payable	83,137	-	83,137
Compensated absences	123,571	-	123,571
Payable from restricted assets:			
Customer deposits		 581,758	581,758
Total current liabilities	 2,714,728	 1,522,209	4,236,937
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term debt:			
Bonds payable	3,865,000	-	3,865,000
Notes payable	11,598,070	3,105,488	14,703,558
Capital leases payable	164,206	-	164,206
Compensated absences	82,381	-	82,381
Net pension liability	 10,644,717	 329,218	10,973,935
Total noncurrent liabilities	 26,354,374	 3,434,706	29,789,080
Total liabilities	 29,069,102	 4,956,915	34,026,017
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property tax revenue	4,349,252	_	4,349,252
Deferred amount on pension	1,670,281	51,658	1,721,939
Total deferred inflows of resources	 6,019,533	 51,658	6,071,191
NET DOCUTION			
NET POSITION	16.040.576	21 201 504	47 441 000
Net investment in capital assets	16,049,576	31,391,504	47,441,080
Restricted - nonspendable	91,012	-	91,012
Restricted for:	200.025		200.025
Public safety	300,935	-	300,935
Economic development	879,935		879,935
Grant/bond purposes	633,939	- (1.062.563)	633,939
Unrestricted	 (8,482,503)	 (1,262,561)	(9,745,064)
Total net position	\$ 9,472,894	\$ 30,128,943 \$	39,601,837

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			Program Revenues					Changes in Net Position						
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses		Charges for services	Gr	perating ants and tributions	G	Capital rants and atributions		vernmental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total
Governmental activities:		•	-						-					
General government	\$	2,616,246	\$	157,339	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(2,458,907)	\$	-	\$	(2,458,907)
Public safety		4,668,084		185,181		61,565		406,023		(4,015,315)		-		(4,015,315)
Public works		2,016,799		-		-		852,814		(1,163,985)		-		(1,163,985)
Culture and recreation		657,738		81,968		98,168		137,813		(339,789)		-		(339,789)
Economic development		769,643		7,920		-		-		(761,723)		-		(761,723)
Interest and bond costs		555,331		-		-		-		(555,331)		-		(555,331)
Total governmental activities		11,283,841		432,408		159,733		1,396,650		(9,295,050)		-		(9,295,050)
Business-type activities:														
Moss Point Public Utility fund		9,559,755		9,306,452		-		-				(253,303)		(253,303)
KCR Sanitary Sewer Project fund		-		-		-		321,838				321,838		321,838
Total business-type activities		9,559,755		9,306,452		-		321,838				68,535		68,535
Total	\$	20,843,596	\$	9,738,860	\$	159,733	\$	1,718,488				68,535		(9,226,515)
			Gene	eral revenues:										
			Pr	operty taxes,	general	purpose				4,224,848		-		4,224,848
			Pr	operty taxes,	special	purpose				519,486		-		519,486
			Pr	operty taxes,	in lieu					7,568				7,568
			Sa	les taxes						2,422,079		-		2,422,079
			Fr	anchise taxes						972,936		-		972,936
			Ro	oad and bridge	e taxes					604,923				604,923
			Gı	ants and cont	ribution	s not restricte	ed			293,555		-		293,555
			In	terest earning	s					12,425		-		12,425
			Ot	ther						66,973		32,690		99,663
				Total general	revenu	es before tra	nsfers			9,124,793		32,690		9,157,483
			Tr	ansfers						(321,242)		321,242		-
				Total general	revenu	es and transf	ers			8,803,551		353,932		9,157,483
				Change in	net pos	ition				(491,499)		422,467		(69,032)
					Net p	osition-begin	ning, re	estated		9,964,393		29,706,476		39,670,869
					Net p	osition-endin	g		\$	9,472,894	\$	30,128,943	\$	39,601,837



CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Balance Sheet GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2018

	General Fund	Re	Bond demption Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 92,465	\$	557,011	\$ 2,168,069	\$ 2,817,545
Receivables, net, where applicable:					
Property taxes	4,383,100		3,318	689	4,387,107
Franchise taxes	295,776		-	-	295,776
Intergovernmental	329,802		-	344,056	673,858
Court fines & fees	778,123		-	-	778,123
Due from other funds	1,764,704		-	2,181	1,766,885
Prepaid items	91,012		-		91,012
Total assets	7,734,982		560,329	2,514,995	10,810,306
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	713,794		-	197,012	910,806
Accrued wages payable and other liabilities	261,537		-	-	261,537
Due to other funds	2,181		-	246,104	248,285
Total liabilities	977,512			443,116	1,420,628
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Deferred property tax revenue	4,349,252		-	-	4,349,252
Deferred court fine revenue	778,123		-		778,123
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,127,375		-		5,127,375
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	91,012		-	-	91,012
Committed:					
Culture and recreatoin	-		-	66,920	66,920
Economic development	-		-	3,390	3,390
Restricted for:					
Public safety	-		-	300,935	300,935
Economic development	10,237		-	879,935	890,172
Debt service			560,329	186,760	747,089
Grant/bond purposes	-		-	633,939	633,939
Unassigned	1,528,846		_	<u> </u>	1,528,846
Total fund balances	1,630,095		560,329	2,071,879	4,262,303
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_		_	_	_
resources and fund balances	\$ 7,734,982	\$	560,329	\$ 2,514,995	\$10,810,306

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2018

Total governmental funds balance		\$ 4,262,303
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 57,629,848	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(23,926,464)	33,703,384
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental		
funds:		
Outstanding debt issues		(16,997,153)
Compensated absences		(205,952)
Net pension liability		(10,644,717)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period		
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental		
funds		778,123
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds		(48,937)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to long-term		
liabilities are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Pension		(1,374,157)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 9,472,894

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	General Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$4,254,058	\$ 411,221	\$ 86,623	\$ 4,751,902
Franchise taxes	972,936	-	-	972,936
Fines and fees	153,352	-	-	153,352
Licenses and permits	85,012	-	-	85,012
Intergovernmental	3,182,516	-	1,556,611	4,739,127
Charges for services	153,737	-	8,479	162,216
Interest income	7,775	-	4,650	12,425
Miscellaneous	121,995		82,790	204,785
Total revenues	8,931,381	411,221	1,739,153	11,081,755
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	2,312,559	-	10,983	2,323,542
Public safety	4,615,494	-	88,043	4,703,537
Public works	1,218,202	-	82,839	1,301,041
Culture and recreation	503,132	-	111,452	614,584
Economic development	345,353	-	340,706	686,059
Capital outlay	216,925	-	803,329	1,020,254
Debt service:				
Principal	159,507	1,203,569	68,737	1,431,813
Interest	29,778	518,201	13,018	560,997
Total expenditures	9,400,950	1,721,770	1,519,107	12,641,827
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(469,569)	(1,310,549)	220,046	(1,560,072)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	2,279,960	1,207,256	3,989,858	7,477,074
Transfers out	(5,971,717)	_	(1,826,599)	(7,798,316)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,691,757)	1,207,256	2,163,259	(321,242)
Net change in fund balances	(4,161,326)	(103,293)	2,383,305	(1,881,314)
Fund balancesbeginning restated	5,791,421	663,622	(311,426)	6,143,617
Fund balancesending	\$1,630,095	\$ 560,329	\$ 2,071,879	\$ 4,262,303

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (1,881,314)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense: Capital outlay Depreciation	1,020,254 (1,490,976)	(470,722)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds Net change in court fine revenues		31,829
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		31,029
Repayment of principal		1,431,813
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in net pension liability	948,453	
Change in compensated absences	(27,026)	
Change in accrued interest payable	5,666	
Change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources	- ,	
Deferred amount on refunding	(471,653)	
Deferred amounts on pension	(58,545)	396,895
Deterror announce on pension	(30,313)	270,073

Change in net position of governmental activities

(491,499)



CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Net Position PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2018

	Moss Point Public Utilities Fund	KCR Sanitary Sewer Project Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 1,836,501	\$ -	\$ 1,836,501
Inventory	63,675		63,675
Total current assets	1,900,176	-	1,900,176
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	43,232	321,838	365,070
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	34,381,711		34,381,711
Total noncurrent assets	34,424,943	321,838	34,746,781
Total assets	36,325,119	321,838	36,646,957
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount on pensions	9,159	-	9,159
Total deferred outflows of resources	9,159	-	9,159
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Cash overdraft - pooled cash fund	663,279	-	663,279
Accounts payable	8,268	-	8,268
Accrued wages payable and other liabilties	820	-	820
Due to other funds	1,518,600	-	1,518,600
Unearned revenue	18,295	-	18,295
Long-term debt:			
Notes payable	249,789	-	249,789
Payable from restricted assets:			
Customer deposits	581,758		581,758
Total current liabilities	3,040,809	-	3,040,809
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Notes payable	3,105,488	-	3,105,488
Net pension liability	329,218	-	329,218
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,434,706	-	3,434,706
Total liabilities	6,475,515	-	6,475,515
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount on pensions	51,658		51,658
NET POSITION	_	_	_
Net investment in capital assets	31,069,666	321,838	31,391,504
Unrestricted	(1,262,561)	-	(1,262,561)
Total net position	\$ 29,807,105	\$ 321,838	\$ 30,128,943

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Moss Point Public Utilities Fund		KCR Sanitary Sewer Project Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				 _
Charges for services	\$	9,306,452	\$ -	\$ 9,306,452
Miscellneous		32,690		\$ 32,690
Total operating revenues		9,339,142		 9,339,142
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel services		119,786	-	119,786
Administrative expenses		43,650	-	43,650
Public works contract		3,101,551		3,101,551
Wastewater treatment		3,432,540	-	3,432,540
Natural gas purchases		637,285	-	637,285
Utilities		594,720	-	594,720
Other supplies and materials		107,404	-	107,404
Other contractual services		220,420		220,420
Total operating expenses		8,257,356	_	8,257,356
Operating income (loss) before				
depreciation		1,081,786	-	1,081,786
Depreciation expense		1,241,337		 1,241,337
Operating income (loss)		(159,551)		 (159,551)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Transfers in		321,242	-	321,242
Grant revenue		-	321,838	321,838
Interest expense		(61,062)	-	(61,062)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		260,180	321,838	 582,018
Change in net position		100,629	321,838	422,467
Net position-beginning, restated		29,706,476	· <u>-</u>	29,706,476
Net position-ending	\$	29,807,105	\$ 321,838	\$ 30,128,943

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Statement of Cash Flows PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Moss Point Public Utilities Fund	KCR Sanitary Sewer Project Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 8,811,122	\$ -	\$ 8,811,122
Receipts from miscellaneous sources	32,690	-	32,690
Payments to employees	(186,302)	-	(186,302)
Payments to suppliers	(744,689)	-	(744,689)
Payments for other goods and services	(7,551,387)	-	(7,551,387)
Net cash from operating activities	361,434	-	361,434
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Interfund loans, repayments and transfers	(3,668,239)	-	(3,668,239)
Receipt of grant revenues		328,838	328,838
Net cash from non-capital financing activities	(3,668,239)	328,838	(3,339,401)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of capital assets	-	(328,838)	(328,838)
Bond principal payments	(260,179)	-	(260,179)
Interest and amortization expense	(61,062)		(61,062)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	(321,241)	(328,838)	(650,079)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(3,628,046)		(3,628,046)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	2,964,767		2,964,767
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$ (663,279)	\$ -	\$ (663,279)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities	\$ (159,551)	\$ -	\$ (159,551)
Depreciation	1,241,337	-	1,241,337
(Increase) decrease in:			
Receivables	(580,889)	-	(580,889)
Prepaid items	12,043	-	12,043
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts payable	(157,320)	-	(157,320)
Accrued wages payable	(1,186)	-	(1,186)
Unearned revenue	18,295	-	18,295
Pension items	(12,936)	-	(12,936)
Compensated absences payable	(53,580)	-	(53,580)
Customer deposits	55,221		55,221
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 361,434	\$ -	\$ 361,434



NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Introduction

The City of Moss Point, Mississippi the (City) was incorporated on May 17, 1901, under the provisions of the State of Mississippi. The City operates under a Mayor-Alderman/Alderwoman form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), public works (highways, streets and sanitation), culture and recreation, community development, public utilities (water, gas and sewage) and general administration services.

The City of Moss Point is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member Board and mayor. Each of the Board members and the mayor serves a four-year term.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the Notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

II. Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the City's governmental units over which the City exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or functional relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships).

The criteria for including component units consist of identification of legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable. This criteria also include identifications of organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Moss Point Municipal Separate School District has been excluded from the reporting entity, because it is an "other stand-alone government". The School District is a related organization of, but not a component unit of the City of Moss Point. The governing authorities of the City do select a majority of the School District's Board, but do not have ongoing financial accountability for the School District.

In addition, management has determined that the City is related to the Jackson County Utility Authority through the existence of a joint venture arrangement. A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. Generally, the purpose of a joint venture is to pool resources and share the costs; risks and rewards of providing goods or services to the venture participants directly, or for the benefit of the general public or specific service recipients.

Finally, management has identified one jointly governed organization, the Jackson-George Regional Library System. A jointly governed organization is similar in nature to a joint venture in that it provides goods and services to the citizens of two or more governments. However, it does not meet the definition of a joint venture because there is no ongoing significant financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

III. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

B. Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns within the fund financial statements.

IV. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

A. Basis of Accounting

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Proprietary fund financial statements also report using this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IV. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

A. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so, has been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

B. Fund Types and Major Funds

Governmental Funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in other funds.

Bond Redemption Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Proprietary Funds

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Moss Point Public Utilities Fund – The utility fund accounts for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing water and sewer, garbage, and natural gas services to the residents of the City of Moss Point on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

C. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IV. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

C. Use of Estimates (Continued)

The City reports receivables at net realizable value. The allowance for doubtful accounts determination is based on historical losses and current economic conditions. Delinquent receivables are analyzed on a continuing basis, and once those receivables are determined to be uncollectible, they are written off through a charge against an existing allowance account.

D. Reporting Changes and New Accounting Pronouncements

Reporting Changes

Effective for fiscal year 2018 reporting, the City adopted the following new standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and defined contribution OPEB that are provided to the employees of state and local government employers.

Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements in which a government is a beneficiary. When receiving resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement, a government must recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement and to recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party.

Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. This statement addresses practice issues identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. It addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources, resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt, are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. It also provides guidance relating to prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished

New Accounting Pronouncements for Future Implementation

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. The provisions of GASB 83 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. The requirements of this Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements by establishing uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain asset retirement obligations (ARO's), including obligations that may not have been previously reported. This Statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring disclosures related to those ARO's.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IV. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

D. Reporting Changes and New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The provisions of GASB 84 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The requirements of this Statement will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The provisions of GASB 87 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The requirements of this Statement establish a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. This Statement will enhance the relevance and consistency of information about a governments' leasing activities, as well as, the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring notes to the financial statements related to the timing, significance, and purpose of a government's leasing arrangements.

In March 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This statement will improve the information that is disclosed in notes of governmental financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This statement will enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and will simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The City is assessing the impact that the new GASB pronouncements will have on the City's financial statements.

E. Comparative Data and Reclassifications

Comparative data for the prior year has been presented in certain sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

V. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City's cash and cash equivalents are primarily considered to be cash on hand, amounts held in demand deposits, all certificates of deposits and cash equivalents, which are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash (including restricted assets) in generally three months or less.

B. Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements and transactions that have not resulted in the actual transfer of cash at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that these funds are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. There are no advances between funds at year-end.

C. Restricted Assets/Resources

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, it is the City's policy is to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the City's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

D. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns within the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than buildings, improvements other than buildings and infrastructure assets, are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

V. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. In the fund-level financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for as they are in the government-wide financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend the life of that asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the constructed assets. No interest cost was capitalized during the current fiscal year.

Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 40-50 years Infrastructure 20-60 years Equipment 5-15 years

E. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums related to debt, if any, as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs, if any, are reported as expenditures at the time incurred.

F. Compensated Absences

The City accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. For Proprietary Funds and the Government-wide Statements, the current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. The noncurrent portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) or long term portion for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

The compensated absences liability is computed using the specific identification method whereby the actual number of vacation hours is multiplied by the employee's hourly rate at September 30, 2018.

The resulting liability is then increased to include social security and retirement contributions that the City is required to pay upon liquidation of the liability.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

V. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

G. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will, not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then. As of September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows pertaining to pensions of \$305,282.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. As of September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred inflows pertaining to pensions of \$1,721,939 and deferred property tax revenue of \$4,349,252.

H. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

COBRA

In compliance with federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA), the state offers health and dental benefits on a temporary basis to qualified beneficiaries whose benefit coverage would otherwise end because of a qualifying event such as loss of employment. COBRA coverage is available on a self-paid basis and is the same medical and dental coverage available to state employees.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported are fair value.

I. Fund Balances

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable—Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact

Restricted—Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the City Charter, City Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors

Committed—Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by Board of Alderman ordinance or resolution. This includes the budget reserve account

Assigned—Amounts that are designated by management for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by Board of Alderman

Unassigned—All amounts not included in other spendable classifications

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

V. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

I. Fund Balances (Continued)

As discussed in Note 1: V. (C), restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by Board or the assignment has been changed by management. Decreases to fund balance first reduce unassigned fund balance; in the event that unassigned fund balance becomes zero, then assigned and committed fund balances are used in that order.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

J. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

VI. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The City's Budgetary procedures and budgetary basis to GAAP basis reconciliations can be found in the Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Schedules on Page 47-51 of this report.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds are reporting liabilities in excess of assets resulting in deficit fund equity:

	Fund
	Deficit
Governmental Funds:	
Mayor's Youth Council	(10,377)

NOTE 2: CASH

Total cash

A summary of cash (including restricted deposits) as of September 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Deposits with Instituti				
	Pooled	Non-Pooled	Cash on Hand	Total	
Governmental funds:					
General Fund	\$ (1,038,032)	1,130,222	275	92,465	
Bond Redemption Fund	557,011	-	-	557,011	
Other Governmental Funds	1,299,839	868,230	-	2,168,069	
Total governmental funds	818,818	1,998,452	275	2,817,545	
Proprietary funds:					
Moss Point Public Utilities Fund	(663,279)	-	-	(663,279)	
Total proprietary funds	(663,279)			(663,279)	

155,539

The carrying amount of the City's total deposits with financial institutions at September 30, 2018, was \$2,153,991 and the bank balance was \$3,3431,411.

1,998,452

275

2,154,266

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. However, the City follows state statutes that allow public entities to select depositories on the basis of competitive bid. Depositories must be covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized in an amount equal to 105% of the uninsured deposit.

The collateral is now held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by §27-105-5 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated. Under this program, the City's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not recovered by the FDIC.

NOTE 3: RECEIVABLES

The statement of Net Position includes the following receivables at September 30, 2018:

Governmental activities	
Taxes receivable:	
Property taxes	
Current	\$ 37,855
For future reporting period	4,349,252
Total property taxes receivable	4,387,107
Franchise taxes	295,776
Total taxes receivable	4,682,883
Intergovernmental receivable:	
Sales taxes	334,285
Shared revenue	36,203
Grants	303,370
Total intergovernmental receivable	673,858
Fines and forfeitures receivable:	
Court fines receivable	7,258,608
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(6,480,485)
Total fines and forfeitures receivable, net	778,123
Total receivables - governmental activities	\$ 6,134,864
Business-type activities	
Customer accounts receivable:	
Customer utility charges (billed)	\$ 2,576,915
Customer accounts, earned but unbilled	187,275
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(927,689)
Total customer accounts receivable, net	1,836,501
Total receivable - business-type activities	\$ 1,836,501

NOTE 4: INTERFUND LOANS AND TRANSFERS

A. Due To/From Other Funds/Advances

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General Fund	Local Seized Assets Fund	\$	160
General Fund	Mayor's Youth Council Fund		11,500
General Fund	Disaster Relief Fund		234,444
General Fund	Moss Point Utilities Fund	1,	518,600
Federal Seized Assets Fund	General Fund		2,181
Total		\$ 1,	766,885

During the course of the year, certain expenditures were paid on a reimbursement basis requiring the City to borrow monies at year-end from the general fund in order to prevent a deficit cash balance in the certain funds.

NOTE 4: INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES (Continued)

B. Interfund Transfers

The following transfers were made between funds during the year ended September 30, 2018:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount
General Fund	Bond Redemption Fund	\$ 1,207,256
General Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	3,989,858
General Fund	Moss Point Utilities Fund	321,242
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund	1,826,599
Total		\$ 7,344,955

Transfers are indicative of the City's matching portion of various capital projects, lease payments, debt service, subsidies of various City operations, and re-allocations of special revenues. During 2018, dormant funds were closed into the general fund and residual balances transferred.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities

Capital asset activity governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2018, is as follows:

	Balance October 1 Additions		Disposals/	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	October 1	Additions	Adjustments	September 30
Land	\$ 2,091,426	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,091,426
Construction in progress	4,878,387	767,232	(5,263,095)	382,524
<u></u>	6,969,813	767,232		2,473,950
Total capital assets not being depreciated	0,909,813		(5,263,095)	2,473,930
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	13,840,840	-	4,958,877	18,799,717
Improvements other than buildings	2,245,610	-	-	2,245,610
Infrastructure - streets and drainage	23,614,710	-	304,218	23,918,928
Machinery and equipment	9,235,132	253,022	130,552	9,618,706
Leased Property under capital leases	703,489	-	(130,552)	572,937
Total capital assets being depreciated	49,639,781	253,022	5,263,095	55,155,898
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	5,313,760	361,396	-	5,675,156
Improvements other than buildings	670,087	113,271	-	783,358
Infrastructure - streets and drainage	7,834,574	619,398	-	8,453,972
Machinery and equipment	8,336,557	350,466	107,239	8,794,262
Leased property under capital leases	280,510	46,445	(107,239)	219,716
Total accumulated depreciation	22,435,488	1,490,976	_	23,926,464
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	27,204,293	(1,237,954)	5,263,095	31,229,434
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 34,174,106	\$ (470,722)	\$ -	\$ 33,703,384

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 366,597
Public safety	257,776
Public works	715,758
Culture and recreation	59,884
Economic development	 90,961
Total	\$ 1,490,976

B. Business-type Activities

Capital asset activity business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2018, is as follows:

		alance ctober 1			Disposals/ Adjustments		Balance September 30	
Capital assets not being depreciated:						,		
Land	\$	43,232	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,232
Construction in progress		-	32	1,838		-		321,838
Total capital assets not being depreciated		43,232	32	1,838		-		365,070
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	18	3,441,735		-		-	1	8,441,735
Infrastructure and improvements	64	,540,871		-		-	6	4,540,871
Machinery and equipment	2	2,705,436						2,705,436
Total capital assets being depreciated	85	5,688,042		_			8.	5,688,042
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	14	,553,405	25	4,069		-	1	4,807,474
Infrastructure and improvements	33	,201,108	95	4,797		-	3	4,155,905
Machinery and equipment	2	2,310,481	3	2,471		-		2,342,952
Total accumulated depreciation	50	,064,994	1,24	1,337		-	5	1,306,331
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	35	5,623,048	(1,24	1,337)		-	3.	4,381,711
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 35	5,666,280	\$ (91	9,499)	\$		\$ 3	4,746,781

C. Construction Work in Progress

Construction work in progress for the governmental and business-type activities of the City is composed of the following:

	Money Spent	Remaining
Project	to Date	Commitment
Governmental Activities:		
Pelican Landing Improvements	\$ 382,524	\$ 55,158
Business-type Activities		
KCR Sanitary Sewer Project	321,838	4,621,045
Total Commitments	\$ 704,362	\$ 4,676,203

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM DEBT

Debt outstanding at September 30, 2018 consists of the following:

Description and Purpose	 Original Issue Amount	Amount Oustanding	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date
Governmental Activities:				
 A. Obligation Bonds: Special Obligation Bond, Series 2010 General Obligation Capital Improvement, Series 2013 Total Obligation Bonds 	\$ 3,000,000 2,565,000	\$ 2,050,000 2,060,000 4,110,000	2.0%-3.25% 2.60%	06/01/30 05/01/33
B. Notes Payable Notes Payable- Sterling National Bank Notes Payable-M&M Bank Captial Improvements Revolving Loan Total Notes Payable	13,424,325 1,500,000 167,002	11,443,588 1,101,736 94,486 12,639,810	3.35% 2.65% 3.00%	04/30/30 10/13/25 03/01/20
C. Capital Leases: E-One, Inc. secured by fire truck, \$36,527 annually KS State Bank	293,927	35,069	4.16%	11/30/18
secured by pumper truck, \$45,227annually BancorpSouth secured by 2016 Ford F150 truck, \$664 monthly	79,100 29,983	195,777 16,497	2.42% 2.28%	11/01/22 10/24/20
Total Capital Leases		247,343		
Total governmental activities		16,997,153		
Business-type Activities:				
A. Notes Payable Secured by sales tax revenue:				
State Revolving Fund Loan, 2011, \$7,235 monthly	1,438,524	939,041	1.75%	09/01/30
State Revolving Fund Loan, 2011, \$6,477 monthly State Revolving Fund Loan, 2011, \$5,262 monthly	1,292,581	882,512 725,201	1.75% 1.75%	05/01/31 07/01/31
Drinking Water System Impr. Revloving Loan, \$6,558 monthly Total Notes Payable	1,053,773 1,280,216	725,291 808,433 3,355,277	1.95%	03/01/30
Total business-type activities		3,355,277		
Total government		\$ 20,352,430		

Transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018 for the governmental activities are summarized as follows:

	Payable at			Payable at	Due in
Governmental Activities	October 1	Additions	Reductions	September 30	one year
Long-term debt:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,280,000	-	220,000	2,060,000	110,000
Special obligation bonds	2,180,000	-	130,000	2,050,000	135,000
Notes payable	13,636,260	-	996,450	12,639,810	1,041,740
Capital leases payable	332,706	<u>-</u>	85,363	247,343	83,137
Total long-term debt principal	18,428,966	-	1,431,813	16,997,153	1,369,877
Other long-term liabilities:					
Compensated absences	208,343	89,271	91,662	205,952	123,571
Net pension liability (beg. restated)	11,593,170	<u>-</u>	948,453	10,644,717	
Total governmental activities	\$ 30,230,479	89,271	2,471,928	27,847,822	1,493,448

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Transactions for the year ended September 30, 2018 for the business-type activities are summarized as follows:

	I	Payable at			Payable at	Due in
Business-type Activities		October 1	Additions	Reductions	September 30	one year
Long-term debt:						
Notes payable	\$	3,615,457		260,180	3,355,277	249,789
Total long-term debt principal		3,615,457	-	260,180	3,355,277	249,789
Other long-term liabilities:						
Compensated absences		53,580	-	53,580	-	-
Net pension liability (beg. restated)		358,552		29,334	329,218	
Total business-type activities	\$	4,027,589		343,094	3,684,495	249,789

A. Bonds Payable

The City is responsible for the repayment of specific obligation bonds of the State of Mississippi relative to the City's capital projects. The bonds are backed by full faith and credit of the State of Mississippi, but are being retired from the resources of the City and are presented as debt of the City. At September 30, 2018 the City's future principal and interest requirements related to the bonds payable are as follows:

Year			
Ending	 Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 245,000	\$ 142,244	\$ 387,244
2020	255,000	134,325	389,325
2021	260,000	125,913	385,913
2022	270,000	112,288	382,288
2023	285,000	98,912	383,912
2024-2028	1,580,000	354,691	1,934,691
2029-2033	1,215,000	74,722	1,289,722
	\$ 4,110,000	\$ 1,043,095	\$ 5,153,095
2023 2024-2028	\$ 270,000 285,000 1,580,000 1,215,000	\$ 112,288 98,912 354,691 74,722	\$ 382,288 383,912 1,934,691 1,289,722

Interest incurred on bonds payable totaled \$149,844 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018.

The Board of Aldermen annually adopts a resolution providing for the amount of property tax millage necessary to be levied and collected by the City in the next fiscal year for the payment during such year of principal and interest on all outstanding general obligation bonds of the City. The millage rate for the year ended September 30, 2018, was 4.75 mills or \$4.75 per \$1,000 of assessed value.

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

B. Notes Payable

At September 30, 2018 the City's future principal and interest requirements related to the notes payable are as follows:

Year	Governmental Activities		Bus	Business-type Activities			Total		
Ending	Principal	Int	erest	Princi	ipal	Inte	erest	Requ	irements
2019	\$ 1,041,740		406,751	24	49,789		144,094		1,842,374
2020	1,033,825		382,884	25	54,158		137,094	1	1,807,961
2021	1,039,474		339,021	25	58,641		129,694	1	1,766,830
2022	1,073,533		304,962	20	53,204		122,094	1	1,763,793
2023	1,108,715		269,780	20	67,847		113,594	1	1,759,936
2024-2028	5,591,596		798,713	1,4	11,801	4	413,508	8	3,215,618
2029-2031	1,741,927		59,013	64	47,837		94,776	2	2,543,553
	\$ 12,630,810	2,	561,124	3,35	53,277	1,	154,854	19	9,700,065

C. Capital Leases Payable

The City has entered into various lease agreements for the financing and acquisition of heavy equipment and vehicles. Those lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (title transfers at the end of the lease term) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2018:

Year					
Ending	P	rincipal	I	nterest	Total
2019	\$	83,137	\$	6,595	\$ 89,732
2020		49,230		3,974	53,204
2021		43,626		2,929	46,555
2022		43,499		1,727	45,226
2023		27,851		674	28,525
	\$	247,343	\$	15,899	\$ 263,242

D. Legal Debt Margin

Municipal debt is limited by §21-33-303 et seq of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated. Total outstanding debt during a year can be no greater than 15% of assessed value of the taxable property withing the City, according to the last completed assessment for taxation. However, the limitation increases to 20% whenever a City issues bond to repair washed out or collapsed bridges on the public roads of the City.

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

D. Legal Debt Margin (Continued)

The City's legal debt limit for general obligation bonds may be shown as follows:

Assessed valuations 2018 (inside the City):	
Real property	\$ 58,669,593
Personal property	10,157,197
Public utility	12,134,528
Autos and mobile homes (estimated)	 10,409,520
Total assessed valuations	91,370,838
Fifteen percent (15%) of total assessed valuation	13,705,626
Less outstanding general issues at 09/30/2018	 (2,060,000)
Legal debt margin	 11,645,626
Percentage	2.3%

E. Compensated Absences

The City's policies relative to compensated absences and the method of computing accrued liabilities and reporting are discussed in Note 1 V(F) on page 36.

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by §25-11-1 et seq of the Mississippi Code of 1972, Annotated and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided

Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public Cities. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees.

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

A. General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

B. Contributions

PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of September 30, 2018, was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of PERS members and employers are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature. The City's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$639,147, \$779,256 and \$840,262, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$10,644,717 in the governmental activities and \$329,218 in the business-type activities for a total of \$10,973,935 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the City's proportion was .066 percent. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense for governmental activities of \$233,349 and \$7,217 for business-type activities.

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS

C. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred **Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)**

At September 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					es
		vernmental activities		ness-Type tivities		Total
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	46,666	\$	1,443	\$	48,109
Changes of assumptions		6,281		194		6,475
Changes in proportion and differences between City						
contributions and proportionate share on contributions		106,901		3,307		110,208
City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		136,276		4,215		140,491
Total deferred outflows related to pensions	\$	296,124	\$	9,159	\$	305,283

Deferred Inflows of Resources				es	
Gov	ernmental	Busi	ness-Type		_
A	ctivities	Ac	ctivities		Total
\$	44,873	\$	1,388	\$	46,261
	211,603		6,544		218,147
	5,879		182		6,061
					-
1	,407,926		43,544	1	,451,470
\$ 1	,670,281	\$	51,658	\$1	,721,939
	<u>A</u> \$	Governmental Activities \$ 44,873 211,603	Governmental Activities Activities A44,873 \$ 211,603 5,879 1,407,926	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities \$ 44,873 \$ 1,388 211,603 6,544 5,879 182 1,407,926 43,544	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities \$ 44,873 \$ 1,388 211,603 6,544 5,879 182 1,407,926 43,544 1

Within the deferred outflows, \$140,491 of deferred outflows of resources is related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2018. Other amounts, netting to \$(1,557,147) reported as deferred outflow of resource and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:		
2019	\$	(604,508)
2020		(419,702)
2021		(483,589)
2022		(49,348)
	\$(1,557,147)

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS

D. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.75-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, (net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation)

The table for post-retirement mortality rates used in evaluating allowances to be paid was the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022 with male rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on the PERS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of the plans investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges ae combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US Broad	27.00 %	4.60 %
International Equity	18.00	4.50
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00	4.75
Global	12.00	4.75
Fixed Income	18.00	0.75
Real Assets	10.00	3.50
Private Equity	8.00	5.10
Emerging Debt	2.00	2.25
Cash	1.00	0.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLANS

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERS was 7.75 percent, which was based on the future long-term expected rate of return of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.0%) and that employer contribution rate (15.75%) through June 30, 2019 and at the current contribution rate (17.4%) thereafter. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine each plan's total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
City's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ 14,449,524	\$ 10,973,935	\$ 8,085,262

F. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report which can be obtained at www.pers.ms.gov.

NOTE 8: NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities:	
Net investment in capital assets:	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable capital assets	\$ 2,473,950
Other capital assets	55,155,898
Less: accumlated depreciation	(23,926,464)
Less: outstanding balances of borrowings for capital asset acquisition:	
Obligation bonds	(4,410,000)
Notes payable	(12,639,810)
Capital leases	(247,343)
Deferred premium	(356,655)
Less: material accounts payable at year end	(85,020)
Add: outstanding cash bond proceeds	 85,020
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 16,049,576
Business-type Activities	
Moss Point Public Utilities Fund	
Net investment in capital assets:	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable capital assets	\$ 43,232
Other capital assets	85,688,042
Less: accumlated depreciation	(51,306,331)
Less: outstanding balances of borrowings for capital asset acquisition:	
Notes payable	 (3,355,277)
Total investment in capital assets - Moss Point Public Utilities Fund	 31,069,666
KCR Sanitary Sewer Project Fund	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable capital assets	321,838
Total investment in capital assets - KCR Sanitary Sewer Project Fund	321,838
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets - Business-type Activities	\$ 31,391,504

NOTE 9: PROPERTY AND SALES TAX REVENUE

A. Property Tax Revenues

The City levies a tax on real and personal property based on the assessed value of property as compiled by the information extracted from the City assessment tax rolls. The taxes on real property attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1. Taxes on real and personal property are levied by the City Council at the first regular meeting in September.

In accordance with the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, the City Council may levy taxes in any amount for general revenue purposes and general improvements. However, taxes collected for the current year are limited to an increase of not more than 10% over receipts for any one of the preceding ten years or a minimum of 20 mills. For purposes of the computation, taxes collected in the current year resulting from property added to the tax assessment roll are excluded from the computation.

NOTE 9: PROPERTY AND SALES TAX REVENUE (Continued)

A. Property Tax Revenues (Continued)

The rates are expressed in terms of mills (i.e., ten mills equal one cent). The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services, including the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt but exclusive of school bond and interest for the year ended September 30, 2019 was 54.21 mills or \$54.21 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Property taxes at the fund level are recorded as receivables and deferred inflow of resources at the time the taxes are levied. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected including those collected 60 days after year-end. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with GAAP have been recognized as revenue.

B. Sales Tax Revenues

The State levies a 7% sales tax on retail sales and remits 18.5% of the amount collected (within the corporate boundaries of the City of Moss Point) back to the City monthly. General sales tax revenue reported in the General Fund was \$2,087,919.

In addition, the State levies 3% hotel/motel tax for the promotion of economic development and tourism. Sales tax revenue reported in the other governmental funds for the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$311,337.

NOTE 10: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Risk Management

<u>Workman's Compensation Insurance</u> - The City finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi Public Entity Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool.

The City pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The retention for the pool is \$1,000,000 for each accident and completely covers statutory limits set by the Workers' Compensation Commission. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability.

However, the pool also has catastrophic reinsurance coverage for statutory limits above the pool's retention, provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation, effective from January 1, 2019, to January 1, 2019. The pool may make an overall supplemental assessment or declare a refund depending on the loss experience of all the entities it insures.

<u>Claims and Judgments</u> - The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

A. Risk Management (Continued)

<u>Federal Grants</u> - The city has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a grantor audit may become a liability of the City. No provision for any liability that may result has been recognized in the City's financial statements.

<u>Litigation</u> - The City is potentially a party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate ultimate outcome or liability, if any, of the City with respect to the potential proceedings. However, the City's legal counsel believes that any ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

B. Commitments/Service Contracts

Contract for Operations of Solid Waste Collections – The City entered into a contract with Team Waste Gulf Coast, LLC (Team Waste) that was established in April 2016. In the contract, Team Waste agrees to provide, for compensation, solid waste collection to residential and small commercial units within the jurisdiction of the City. The City will provide billing and bill collection services through their water and sewer billing system. Compensation will vary from month to month; however, Team Waste will be paid for rendered services based on the beginning base count of residential units and small commercial unites that will be adjusted monthly. This contract is for a 4 year period beginning May 1, 2016 and has an option for up to two additional one year terms of the contract. However, during the fiscal year the City opted to cancel the contract. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City Paid \$424,114 for the operations of solid waste collections under this contract.

Contract for Operations of Solid Waste Collections – In May 2018, the City entered into a contract with Waste Management of the South, LLC (Waste Management) for the operations of solid waste collections. Compensation will vary from month to month; however, Team Waste will be paid for rendered services based on the beginning base count of residential units and small commercial unites that will be adjusted monthly. This contract is for a 4 year period beginning May 1, 2018 and has an option for up to two additional one year terms of the contract. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City Paid \$280,671 for the operations of solid waste collections under this contract.

Contract for Public Works

In 2016 the City decided to contract out its public works department to third party. The contract between the City and ClearWater Solutions, LLC (ClearWater) was established on February 16,2016. In the contract, CearWater agrees to maage, operate and maintain the City's public works, water distribution, gas distribution, wasterwater collections, drainage system and property maintenance withing the City. Compensation for these services consists of an annual fee of \$3,028,574 or monthly payments of \$252,382, for three years with an option to renew for one year. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2018, the City paid \$3,101,551.

NOTE 10: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

C. Construction Contracts

The City has entered into various construction contracts for infrastructure improvements with an estimated remaining commitment of \$4,676,203. The majority of these commitments are being funded by bond funds. See Note 5(C) for more detailed information on these commitments.

NOTE 11: TAX ABATEMENTS

As of September 30, 2019, the City provides tax abatements through various state and local programs subject to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 77. State programs are authorized through Section §57-75-5(f) of Mississippi Code Ann. (1972) and local programs are authorized through resolutions by the Jackson County Supervisors and City Council. These programs are as follows:

Program	Benefit	Eligibility Requirements
Fee-in-Lieu	A company may be approved by local authorities to pay a fee in lieu of standard property taxes. This negotiated fee is valid for 10 years but cannot be less than 1/3 of the property tax levy.	The City may consider a fee-in-lieu agreement when a company's private investment in land, building(s) and equipment exceeds \$100 million.
Real and Personal Property Tax Exemptions	An exemption from property taxes on land, building and equipment is available for up to 10 years. School taxes are not exempt.	Eligible businesses include: manufacturers, processors, research and development facilities, refineries, warehouse and distribution facilities, data and information processing companies and telecommunications and technologyintensive industries. The City Council must approve the exemption.
Exemption on In-State Inventory	An exemption from property taxes on finished goods that will remain in Mississippi is available. School taxes are not exempt. Any taxes paid become a direct credit to Mississippi income tax.	Manufacturers, processors, distributors, wholesalers or retailers are eligible. The City Council must approve the exemption.
Free Port Warehouse Exemption	An exemption from property taxes paid on finished goods inventories leaving Mississippi is available. The exemption may be for all property taxes and may be perpetual.	The City Council must approve the exemption.
Broadband Technology Tax (income, franchise)	An exemption from state income taxes and franchise fees paid to local governments.	Approved by the State of Mississippi.

The City has no tax abatements as of September 30, 2018.

NOTE 11: RELATED PARTY COMMITMENTS

A. Joint Governance

The City entered into an agreement with the Board of Trustees of the Jackson-George Regional Library System, the City of Pascagoula, the City of Ocean Springs, the City of Lucedale, and the Board of Supervisors of Jackson County to mutually cooperate in securing a more economical public library system through combined resources, interests, materials and facilities to be known as the Jackson-George Regional Library System.

There are no specific monetary terms in the agreement, and the City of Moss Point has no equity interest in the organization.

The Jackson-George Regional Library Board approves an operating budget every year which stipulates the amount of funds needed from participating municipalities and various other funding sources. The Board of Aldermen annually adopts a resolution providing for the amount of property tax millage necessary to be levied and collected by the City in the next fiscal year for support of the Library System. The millage rate for the year ended September 30, 2018, was 1.0 mills or \$1.00 per \$1,000 of assessed value.

The City of Moss Point contributed \$85,000 for the year ended September 30, 2018. This agreement is cancelable upon 60 days written notice prior to the end of the fiscal year, and therefore, the City of Moss Point does not have an ongoing financial responsibility.

B. Joint Venture

The City of Moss Point The City of Pascagoula is a member of the Jackson County Utility Authority (the "Authority"), whereby the Authority treats and disposes of the City's wastewater in compliance with water quality standards established by the Mississippi Air and Water Pollution Control law and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act.

The Authority provides for the operation and maintenance of the sewer treatment plants on a cost reimbursement basis. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the City is required to pay monthly costs of operations and maintenance directly associated with the treatment facilities and to share in the construction costs of the treatment facilities. The costs associated with this contract totaled \$4,207,824 for the year.

The City's obligation to pay operational costs of the Authority is joint and several with the obligations of all other public agencies similarly contracting with the Authority. A complete copy of the 2019 financial statements should be soon on file at the administrative offices of the Authority which are located at 1225 Jackson Avenue, Pascagoula, MS 39567.

NOTE 12: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended September 30, 2018, the City carried insurance through various commercial carriers to cover all risks of losses. The government has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the statement of net position date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the statement of net position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the statement of net position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes.

Management of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi evaluated the activity of the City through May 7, 2021, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined the following noteworthy subsequent events have occurred. The worldwide pandemic as further explained in Note 14 has impacted how the city in various ways which cannot yet be fully quantified. Also, on February 24, 2021, Mayor Mario King resigned as mayor after pleading guilty in a federal court to charges related to activities of an outside organization. Alderman Robert Byrd was appointed Mayor Pro-Tem to complete the term which ends in June of 2021.

NOTE 14: WORLDWIDE PANDEMIC

In early 2020, prior to the issue of this report, an outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) emerged globally. As a result, there have been mandates from federal, state, and local authorities resulting in an overall decline economic activity. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 on the financial performance of the City is not estimable at this time.

NOTE 15: PRIOR PERIOD AUDIT ADJUSTMENTS

Prior period adjustments were necessary to reflect current year activities. Adjustments are as follows:

	Net Po	osition	Fund I	Balance
				Other
	Governmental	Business-type	General	Governmental
	Activities	Activities	Fund	Funds
Net Position/Fund Balance - Beginning Year	\$ 13,061,938	27,780,581	4,631,507	200,845
Net Position/Fund Balance as Restated	9,964,393	29,706,476	5,791,421	352,196
Increase (Decrease to net position/fund balance)	(3,097,545)	1,925,895	1,159,914	151,351
(Increase) Decrease to:				
Receivables	\$ 396,600	(50,466)	(58,121)	
Interfund loans	(84,989)		(1,337,104)	(151,351)
Accrued interest payable	54,603			
Debt obligations	280,845	(96,104)	235,311	
Compensated absences	(29,417)			
Net pension liability and deferrals	2,479,903	(1,779,324)		
Total Adjustments	\$ 3,097,545	\$ (1,925,894)	\$ (1,159,914)	\$ (151,351)

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CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis GENERAL FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with	
_	Budget	Budget	Budgetary Basis	Final Budget	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 3,954,360	3,954,360	4,698,140	743,780	
Franchise fees	1,060,000	1,060,000	976,910	(83,090)	
Fines and fees	500,000	500,000	91,601	(408,399)	
Licenses and permita	132,200	132,200	85,012	(47,188)	
Intergovernmental	3,477,237	3,477,237	3,434,488	(42,749)	
Charges for services	400,360	400,360	205,359	(195,001)	
Investment earnings	8,000	8,000	7,847	(153)	
Miscellaneous	110,530	110,530	198,013	87,483	
Total Revenues	9,642,687	9,642,687	9,697,370	54,683	
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Personnel services	1,173,831	1,231,947	963,848	268,099	
Supplies	19,200	30,410	25,966	4,444	
Other services and charges	2,992,044	2,845,189	2,398,468	446,721	
Capital outlay/Debt service	60,200	241,215	233,000	8,215	
Total	4,245,275	4,348,761	3,621,282	727,479	
Public safety - police and courts	, , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Personnel services	2,572,258	2,573,698	2,198,730	374,968	
Supplies	18,000	23,231	19,216	4,015	
Other services and charges	356,647	352,327	314,240	38,087	
Capital outlay/Debt service	35,906	52,135	52,135	-	
Total	2,982,811	3,001,391	2,584,321	417,070	
Public safety - fire	<i>y y-</i>	.,,	,- · ,-	.,,	
Personnel services	2,241,803	2,241,803	1,930,409	311,394	
Supplies	36,500	37,600	32,299	5,301	
Other services and charges	143,790	131,600	100,997	30,603	
Capital outlay/Debt service	41,553	107,553	146,804	(39,251)	
Total	2,463,646	2,518,556	2,210,509	308,047	
Public works	,,.	,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Personnel services	110	60	59	1	
Supplies	1,350	1,657	1,251	406	
Other services and charges	284,380	278,424	295,455	(17,031)	
Capital outlay/Debt service	27,400	27,400	2,279	25,121	
Total	313,240	307,541	299,044	8,497	
Culture & recreation				<u> </u>	
Personnel services	265,397	289,947	283,807	6,140	
Supplies	5,000	16,700	16,634	66	
Other services and charges	123,790	103,470	108,015	(4,545)	
Capital outlay/Debt service	262,200	184,000	112,032	71,968	
Total	656,387	594,117	520,488	73,629	
Econome development	104 (07	105.040	115.717	0.326	
Personnel services Supplies	124,627 2,850	125,042 2,850	115,716 1,657	9,326 1,193	
Other services and charges	68,490	155,153	127,754	27,399	
Total	195,967	283,045	245,127	37,918	
Total Expenditures	10,857,326	11,053,411	9,480,771	1,572,640	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (1,214,639)	(1,410,724)	216,599	1,627,323	

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Notes to the Required Supplemental Information – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

NOTE A: BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The procedures used by the City in establishing the budgetary data in the financial statements are as follows:

- 1. Prior to August 1, the City Manager submits to the Board members a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. No later than September 15, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 3. The General Fund and Special Revenue funds' budgets are adopted on a cash basis as required by State statute. Accordingly, actual figures have also been presented on a cash basis. All budgeted amounts presented in the accompanying schedule are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board members.
- 4. The City Manager is responsible for monitoring the budget and actual results and is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within funds. However, any revisions that alter the total expenditures must be approved by the Board members.

Reconciliation of Cash-basis Budget to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Net Change in fund balance - Budget-Cash Basis		\$ -
Revenues and other financing sources per Budget-Cash-basis	\$ -	
Additional accrued revenues	 	-
Revenues and other financing sources per Fund Financial Statements	 	
Expenditures and other financiang uses per Cash-basis Budget	-	
Additional accrued expenses	-	-
Expenditures and other financing uses per Fund Financial Statement	\$ _	
Net Change in fund balance - Fund Financials		\$ -

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI

Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios² Last 10 Fiscal Years¹

	2018		2017		2016			2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.065977%		0.071897%		0.081403%		0.082194%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	10,973,935	\$	11,951,772	\$	14,289,998	\$	12,366,422
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,213,263	\$	4,612,260	\$	4,943,825	\$	5,507,132
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		260.46%		259.13%		289.05%		224.55%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		62.54%		61.49%		57.47%		61.70%

¹ GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, information is not available to present a full ten years. The City has presented information for the years in which it is available.

² The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date of June 30 of the fiscal year presented.

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Schedule of City Contributions² Last 10 Fiscal Years¹

	2018			2017	2016	 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	639,147	\$	738,692	\$ 779,256	\$ 840,262
Contributions in relation to the actuarially						
determine contribution		639,147		738,692	 779,256	 840,262
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-		4,058,076		4,690,108	4,947,657	5,334,997
employee payroll		15.75%		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

¹ GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015, information is not available to present a full ten years. The City has presented information for the years in which it is available.

² The amounts presented are actual contributions as made during the fiscal years. This schedule has been corrected to reflect fiscal year numbers. Prior audit schedules showed actuarial reported contributions for June 30 mearsurement date.

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI

Notes to the Required Supplemental Information – PENSION SCHEDULES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Measurement Date)

Changes of assumptions.

➤ 2017

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.
- The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

> 2016

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

> 2015

- The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.
- Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.
- The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

Changes in benefit provisions

> 2016

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the
money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year
with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Methods and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2016 valuation for the June 30, 2018 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 36.6 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

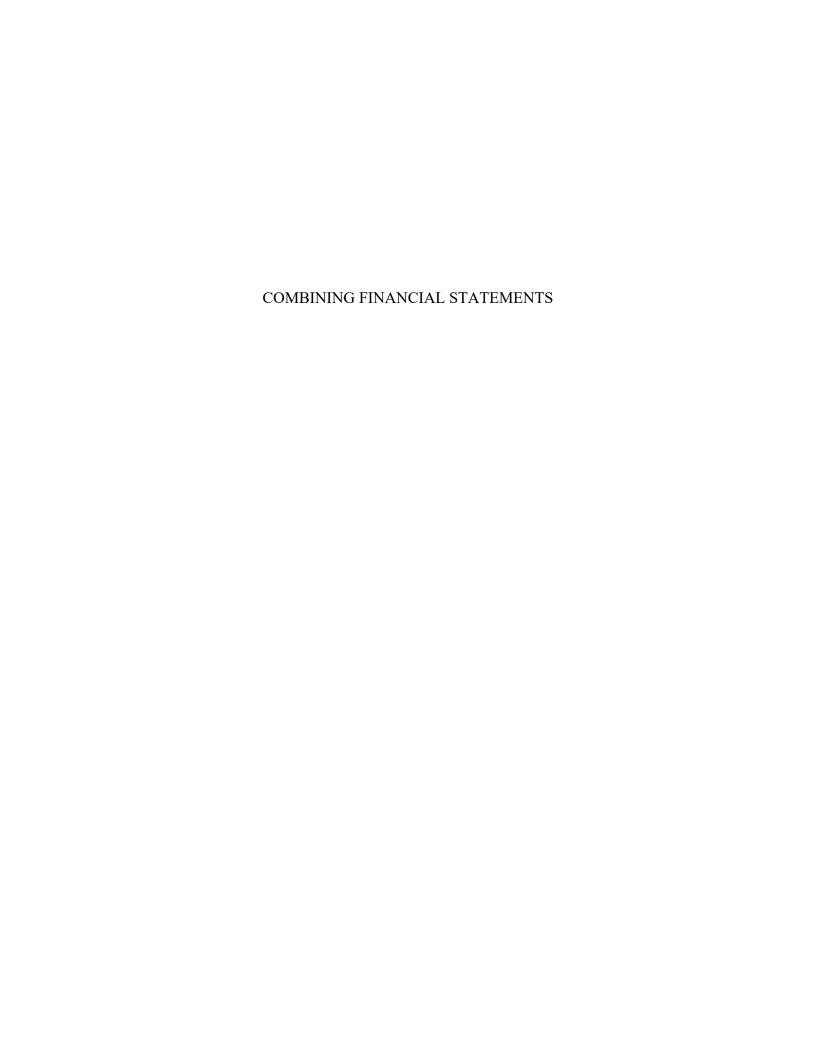
Price inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

including inflation





CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Combining Balance Sheet NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2018

	Non-major Governmental Funds												
				Total									
	Special	Capital	Debt	Non-major									
	Revenue	Project	Service	Governmental									
	Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds									
ASSETS													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,419,454	\$ 561,855	\$ 186,760	\$ 2,168,069									
Receivables:													
Property tax receivable	689	-	-	689									
Intergovernmental	63,955	280,101	-	344,056									
Due from other funds	2,181			2,181									
Total assets	1,486,279	841,956	186,760	2,514,995									
LIABILITIES AND													
FUND BALANCES													
Liabilities:													
Accounts payable	21,958	175,054	-	197,012									
Due to other funds	11,660	234,444	-	246,104									
Total liabilities	33,618	409,498		443,116									
Fund balances:													
Committed:													
Culture and recreation	46,654	20,266		66,920									
Economic development	3,390	-	-	3,390									
Restricted:													
Public safety	300,935	-	-	300,935									
Economic development	879,935	-	-	879,935									
Debt service	-	-	186,760	186,760									
Grant/bond purpose	221,747	412,192		633,939									
Total fund balances	1,452,661	432,458	186,760	2,071,879									
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,486,279	\$ 841,956	\$ 186,760	\$ 2,514,995									

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Non-ma	al Funds		
		•		Total
	Special	Capital	Debt	Non-major
	Revenue	Project	Service	Governmental
	Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 86,623	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86,623
Intergovernmental	1,147,034	409,577	-	1,556,611
Charges for services	8,479	-	-	8,479
Interest income	1,560	2,934	156	4,650
Miscellaneous		82,790		82,790
Total revenues	1,243,696	495,301	156	1,739,153
EXPENDITURES				
General government	10,983	-	-	10,983
Public safety	88,043	_	_	88,043
Public works	-	82,839		82,839
Culture and recreation	85,000	26,452	-	111,452
Economic development	330,745	9,961	-	340,706
Capital outlay	382,525	420,804	-	803,329
Debt service:				
Principal	68,737	-	-	68,737
Interest	13,018			13,018
Total expenditures	979,051	540,056		1,519,107
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	264,645	(44,755)	156	220,046
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	502,404	3,487,454	-	3,989,858
Transfers out	(563,896)	(1,067,061)	(195,642)	(1,826,599)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(61,492)	2,420,393	(195,642)	2,163,259
Net change in fund balances	203,153	2,375,638	(195,486)	2,383,305
Fund balances-beginning, restated	1,249,508	(1,943,180)	382,246	(311,426)
Fund balances-ending	\$ 1,452,661	\$ 432,458	\$ 186,760	\$ 2,071,879

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI

Combining Balance Sheet SPECIAL REVENUE

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2018

								Special Re	event	ue Funds										_	
	Pe	elican		Municipal				Econom	ic	Local	Federal	Comm	ınity			N	Mayor's	Cor	nmunity	_	Total
	La	ınding		Fire	Crime	7	Γidelands	Developm	ent	Seized	Seized	Develop	ment	Spe	ecial		Youth	Deve	elopment	1	Non-major
	Op	erating	Library	Rebate	Prevention		Grant	Resource	es	Assets	Assets	Block (irant	Gra	ints	(Council	Supp	ort Grant	Spe	ecial Revenue
]	Fund	Fund	Fund	Grant Fund		Fund	Fund		Fund	 Fund	Fun	d	Fu	nd		Fund]	Fund		Funds
ASSETS																					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,390	\$ 45,965	\$ 4,286	\$ -	\$	27,578	\$ 815,9	980	\$ 113,352	\$ 203,234	\$ 20	4,546	\$	-	\$	1,123	\$	-	\$	1,419,454
Receivables:																					
Property tax receivable		-	689	-	-		-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		689
Intergovernmental		-	-	-	-		-	63,9	955	-	-		-		-		-		-		63,955
Due from other funds		-		-	-		-				 2,181		-		-		-		-		2,181
Total assets		3,390	46,654	4,286	-	_	27,578	879,	935	113,352	 205,415	20	4,546		-	- —	1,123		-		1,486,279
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																					
Liabilities:																					
Accounts payable		-	-	-	-		-		-	5,343	16,615		-		-		-		-		21,958
Due to other funds		-	-	-	-		-		-	160	-		-		-		11,500		-		11,660
Total liabilities		-		-	-		-		-	5,503	16,615		-		-		11,500		-		33,618
Fund balances:				-	-"-																
Committed:																					
Culture and recreation		-	46,654	-	-		-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		46,654
Economic development		3,390	-	-	-		-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-		3,390
Restricted:																					
Public safety		-	-	4,286	-		-			107,849	188,800		-		-		-		-		300,935
Economic development		-	-	-	-		-	879,	935	-	-		-		-		-		-		879,935
Grant/bond purpose		-	-	-	-		27,578		-	-	-	20	4,546				(10,377)		-		221,747
Total fund balances		3,390	46,654	4,286	-		27,578	879,	935	107,849	188,800	20	4,546		-		(10,377)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		1,452,661
Total liabilities and																					
fund balances	\$	3,390	\$ 46,654	\$ 4,286	\$ -	\$	27,578	\$ 879,	935	\$ 113,352	\$ 205,415	\$ 20	4,546	\$	-	\$	1,123	\$	-	\$	1,486,279

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances SPECIAL REVENUE

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Peleck		Special Revenue Funds																						
Property taxes		La Op	nding erating	-		Fire Rebate	Preve	ention		Grant	De	velopment lesources		Seized Assets		Seized Assets	Deve Bloc	lopment k Grant	Grants	Youth Council	Dev	velopment port Grant	Spec	Ion-major cial Revenue
Intergovenmental																								0.6.600
Charges for services 7,920	1 5	\$	-	\$ 86,623	\$		\$	-	\$	250.552	\$		\$	102.006	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$	
Interest income	2		7.020			/8,226		-		338,333		329,443		182,996		115,257		82,559	-					
Total revenues Tota	2		7,920			-		-		-		-		- 040		506		76	-			-		
Capara C			I																 					
Ceneral government	Total revenues		7,921	86,623		78,226				358,553		329,443		183,836		115,853		82,635	 	606		-		1,243,696
Public safety - - - - 72,522 15,521 - - - 88,043 Culture and recreation 85,000 - - 16,807 252,565 - - 61,373 - - 8,043 Capital outlay - - 16,807 252,565 - - 61,373 - - 330,745 Capital outlay - - - 16,807 252,565 - - 61,373 - - 330,745 Debt service: -	EXPENDITURES																							
Culture and recreation 85,000	General government		-			_		-		_		_		_		_		-	-	10,983		-		10,983
Economic development Control of Capital Outlay Capi	Public safety		-			-		-		-		-		72,522		15,521		-	-	_		-		88,043
Capital outlay	Culture and recreation		-	85,000)	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-		85,000
Debt service: Principal	Economic development		-			-		-		16,807		252,565		-		-		61,373	-	-		-		330,745
Principal Interest - 68,737 (1.00) - <th< td=""><td>Capital outlay</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>382,525</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>382,525</td></th<>	Capital outlay		-			-		-		382,525		-		-		-		-	-	-		-		382,525
Interest Company Com	Debt service:																							
Total expenditures	Principal		-			68,737		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-		68,737
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 7,921 1,623 (3,529) - (40,779) 76,878 111,314 100,332 21,262 - (10,377) - 264,645 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - 27,314 475,090 502,404 Transfers out (4,531) - (17,271) (32,708) (52,489) - (456,897) (563,896) Total other financing sources (uses) (4,531) 27,314 (17,271) (32,708) 475,090 (52,489) - (456,897) (61,492) Net change in fund balances 3,390 28,937 (20,800) (32,708) (40,779) 76,878 111,314 100,332 496,352 (52,489) (10,377) (456,897) 203,153 Fund balances-beginning, restated - 17,717 25,086 32,708 68,357 803,057 (3,465) 88,468 (291,806) 52,489 - 456,897 1,249,508	Interest		-			13,018		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		-		13,018
revenues over expenditures 7,921 1,623 (3,529) - (40,779) 76,878 111,314 100,332 21,262 - (10,377) - 264,645 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in - 27,314 475,090 502,404 Transfers out (4,531) - (17,271) (32,708) (52,489) - (456,897) (563,896) Total other financing sources (uses) (4,531) 27,314 (17,271) (32,708) (52,489) - (456,897) (61,492) Net change in fund balances 3,390 28,937 (20,800) (32,708) (40,779) 76,878 111,314 100,332 496,352 (52,489) (10,377) (456,897) 203,153 Fund balances-beginning, restated - 17,717 25,086 32,708 68,357 803,057 (3,465) 88,468 (291,806) 52,489 - 456,897 1,249,508	Total expenditures		-	85,000		81,755		-		399,332		252,565		72,522		15,521		61,373	-	10,983		-		979,051
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	Excess (deficiency) of																		 	-				
SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 2 27,314 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 475,090 - 1 - 502,404 Transfers out (4,531) - (17,271) (32,708) - 1 - 1 - 1 - (52,489) - (456,897) (563,896) Total other financing sources (uses) (4,531) 27,314 (17,271) (32,708) - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 475,090 (52,489) - (456,897) (563,896) Net change in fund balances 3,390 28,937 (20,800) (32,708) (40,779) 76,878 111,314 100,332 496,352 (52,489) (10,377) (456,897) 203,153 Fund balances-beginning, restated - 17,717 25,086 32,708 68,357 803,057 (3,465) 88,468 (291,806) 52,489 - 456,897 1,249,508	revenues over expenditures		7,921	1,623		(3,529)		-		(40,779)		76,878		111,314		100,332		21,262	-	(10,377)		-		264,645
Transfers in Transfers in Transfers out - 27,314 - - - - - - - 502,404 503,896 - - - - - 502,404 503,896 - - - - - 502,404 503,896 - - - - - - - 502,404 503,896 - -	OTHER FINANCING																							
Transfers out (4,531) - (17,271) (32,708) - - - - - (52,489) - (456,897) (563,896) Total other financing sources (uses) (4,531) 27,314 (17,271) (32,708) - - - - 475,090 (52,489) - (456,897) (61,492) Net change in fund balances 3,390 28,937 (20,800) (32,708) (40,779) 76,878 111,314 100,332 496,352 (52,489) (10,377) (456,897) 203,153 Fund balances-beginning, restated - 17,717 25,086 32,708 68,357 803,057 (3,465) 88,468 (291,806) 52,489 - 456,897 1,249,508	SOURCES (USES)																							
Total other financing sources (uses) (4,531) 27,314 (17,271) (32,708) 475,090 (52,489) - (456,897) (61,492) Net change in fund balances 3,390 28,937 (20,800) (32,708) (40,779) 76,878 111,314 100,332 496,352 (52,489) (10,377) (456,897) 203,153 Fund balances-beginning, restated - 17,717 25,086 32,708 68,357 803,057 (3,465) 88,468 (291,806) 52,489 - 456,897 1,249,508	Transfers in		-	27,314		-		-		-		-		-		-		475,090	-	-		-		502,404
Net change in fund balances 3,390 28,937 (20,800) (32,708) (40,779) 76,878 111,314 100,332 496,352 (52,489) (10,377) (456,897) 203,153 Fund balances-beginning, restated - 17,717 25,086 32,708 68,357 803,057 (3,465) 88,468 (291,806) 52,489 - 456,897 1,249,508	Transfers out		(4,531)			(17,271)	((32,708)		-		-		-		-		-	(52,489)	-		(456,897)		(563,896)
Fund balances-beginning, restated - 17,717 25,086 32,708 68,357 803,057 (3,465) 88,468 (291,806) 52,489 - 456,897 1,249,508	Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,531)	27,314		(17,271)	((32,708)		-		-		-		-		475,090	(52,489)	-		(456,897)		(61,492)
	Net change in fund balances		3,390	28,937	•	(20,800)	((32,708)		(40,779)		76,878		111,314		100,332		496,352	(52,489)	(10,377)		(456,897)		203,153
Fund balances-ending \$ 3,390 \$ 46,654 \$ 4,286 \$ - \$ 27,578 \$ 879,935 \$ 107,849 \$ 188,800 \$ 204,546 \$ - \$ (10,377) \$ - \$ 1,452,661	Fund balances-beginning, restated			17,717	<u>.</u>	25,086		32,708		68,357		803,057		(3,465)		88,468	(291,806)	52,489			456,897		1,249,508
	Fund balances-ending	\$	3,390	\$ 46,654	\$	4,286	\$	-	\$	27,578	\$	879,935	\$	107,849	\$	188,800	\$	204,546	\$ -	\$ (10,377)	\$	-	\$	1,452,661

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Combining Balance Sheet CAPITAL PROJECTS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2018

					C	apital Projects Fu	ınds					_
		MP		1996	Post	1998	1998				EUD	Total
	Natural	Capital	Disater	Public	Office	Public	GO Street	Rejuvenation	Sidewalk	Police	Sewer	Non-major
	Disaster	Projects	Relief	Improvement	Project	Improvement	Bond	Station	Improvement	Station	Rehab	Capital Project
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Grant Fund	Grant Fund	Fund	Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 499,068	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,266	\$ (42,499)	\$ 85,020	\$ -	\$ 561,855
Receivables:												
Intergovernmental	-	-	234,444	-	-	-	-	-	45,657	-	-	280,101
Total assets	-	-	733,512	-	-	_	-	20,266	3,158	85,020		841,956
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	-	-	86,876	-	-	-	-	-	3,158	85,020	-	175,054
Due to other funds	-	-	234,444	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	234,444
Total liabilities	_	-	321,320		-	-	-	-	3,158	85,020	_	409,498
Fund balances:							-					
Committed:												
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,266	-	-	-	20,266
Restricted:												
Grant/bond purpose	-	-	412,192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	412,192
Total fund balances	-	-	412,192	_	-	-	-	20,266		_	-	432,458
Total liabilities and												
fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 733,512	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,266	\$ 3,158	\$ 85,020	\$ -	\$ 841,956

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances CAPITAL PROJECT

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

					C	Capital Projects 1	Funds					
	Natural Disaster Fund	MP Capital Projects Fund	Disater Relief Fund	1996 Public Improvement Fund	Post Office Project Fund	1998 Public Improvement Fund	1998 GO Street Bond Fund	Rejuvenation Station Fund	Sidewalk Improvement Grant Fund	Police Station Grant Fund	EUD Sewer Rehab Fund	Total Non-major Capital Project Funds
REVENUES												
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	•	\$ -	\$ 84,247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 304,187	\$ 21,143	\$ -	\$ 409,577
Interest income	-	-	2,311	-	-	-	-	25	-	598	-	2,934
Micellaneous								82,790				82,790
Total revenues			2,311		84,247			82,815	304,187	21,741		495,301
EXPENDITURES												
General government	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	82,839	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82,839
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,452	-	-	-	26,452
Economic development	-	-	-	-	9,961	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,961
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,097	238,723	145,984	-	420,804
Total expenditures	-		82,839		9,961	-	-	62,549	238,723	145,984		540,056
Excess (deficiency) of												
revenues over expenditures			(80,528)		74,286		<u>-</u>	20,266	65,464	(124,243)		(44,755)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	_	1,226,305	1,483,870	-	-	-	-	-	206,267	565,866	5,146	3,487,454
Transfers out	(221,077)	-	-	(26,447)	(678,805)	(33,373)	(107,359)	-	-	-	-	(1,067,061)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(221,077)	1,226,305	1,483,870	(26,447)	(678,805)	(33,373)	(107,359)		206,267	565,866	5,146	2,420,393
Net change in fund balances	(221,077)	1,226,305	1,403,342	(26,447)	(604,519)	(33,373)	(107,359)	20,266	271,731	441,623	5,146	2,375,638
Fund balances-beginning, restated	221,077	(1,226,305)	(991,150)	26,447	604,519	33,373	107,359		(271,731)	(441,623)	(5,146)	(1,943,180)
Fund balances-ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 412,192	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,266	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 432,458

CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Combining Balance Sheet DEBT SERVICE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2018

	Debt Service Funds									
	School						2010		Total	
	Loan		Bond		2013		Public		Non-major	
	Repayment		Redemption		GO Bond		Improvement		Debt Service	
	Fu	Fund Fund Fund		Fund		Funds				
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	150,941	\$	35,819	\$	186,760
Receivables:										
Property taxes		-				-		-		-
Total assets						150,941		35,819		186,760
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		150,941		35,819		186,760
Total fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	150,941	\$	35,819	\$	186,760

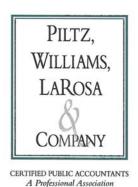
CITY OF MOSS POINT, MISSISSIPPI Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances DEBT SERVICE

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

	Debt Service Funds									
	School					2010		Total		
	Loan		Bond		2013		Public		Non-major	
	Repayment		Redemption		GO Bond		Improvement		Debt Service	
	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds	
REVENUES										
Interest income	\$	-	\$		\$	156	\$		\$	156
Total revenues				_		156				156
OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	((98,420)		(97,222)		-			(1	95,642)
Total other financing sources (uses)	((98,420)		(97,222)		_		_	(1	95,642)
Net change in fund balances	((98,420)		(97,222)		156		-	(1	95,486)
Fund balances-beginning		98,420		97,222		150,785		35,819	3	82,246
Fund balances-ending	\$	_	\$	-	\$	150,941	\$	35,819	\$ 1	86,760

SECTION III COMPLIANCE SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

May 7, 2021

To the Mayor and Board of Alderman City of Moss Point, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Moss Point, Mississippi, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Moss Point, Mississippi's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 7, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Moss Point, Mississippi's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness City of Moss Point, Mississippi's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Moss Point, Mississippi's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did identify two significant deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. Findings 2018-001 and 2018-002 were material weaknesses and Findings 2018-003 and Findings 2018-004 were significant deficiencies. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Moss Point, Mississippi's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. These compliance findings are numbered 2018-005 and 2018-006.

City of Moss Point, Mississippi's Response to Findings

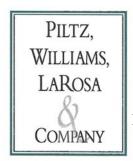
City of Moss Point, Mississippi's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Moss Point, Mississippi's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Biloxi, Mississippi May 7, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
A Professional Association

To the Mayor and City Council City of Moss Point, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2018. City of Moss Point, Mississippi's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Moss Point, Mississippi, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

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Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

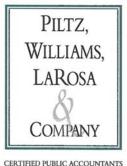
Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2018-005 and 2018-006 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Management of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Management of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Biloxi, Mississippi May 7, 2021



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LIMITED INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REVIEW MANAGEMENT REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council City of Moss Point, Mississippi

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi for the year ended September 30, 2018, we considered the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

In addition, for areas not considered material to the City of Moss Point, Mississippi's financial reporting, we have performed some additional limited internal control and state legal compliance review procedures as identified in the state legal compliance audit program issued by the Office of the State Auditor. Our procedures were substantially less in scope than an audit, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on the City's compliance with these requirements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. This report does not affect our report dated May 7, 2021, on the financial statements of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi.

Although no findings came to our attention as a result of these review procedures and compliance tests, these procedures and tests cannot and do not provide absolute assurance that all state legal requirements have been complied with. Also, our consideration of the internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters within the internal control that might be weaknesses. In accordance with Section 7-7-211, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), the Office of the State Auditor, when deemed necessary, may conduct additional procedures and tests of transactions for this or other fiscal years to ensure compliance with legal requirements.

This report is intended for the information and use of management, the city council, and others within the entity and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.



COMPLIANCE SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF MOSS POINT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/ Passed-through Grantor/ Program Title or Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Grant No./ Pass-Through Number	Federal Expenditures		
1 rogram rule of Cluster	rumber	rumber	Experienteres		
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
Passed through the Mississippi Development Authority					
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B13MC28004	\$ 1,232		
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B15MC28004	36,985		
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B17MC28004	21,902		
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B18MC28004	321,838		
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	R-109-166-04-KCR	145,984		
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	R-109-268-04-KCR	321,838		
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			849,779		
U.S. Department of Interior					
Passed through the Mississippi Department of Marine Resources					
National Heritage Area Federal Financial Assistance	15.939	N/A	11,495		
Total U.S. Department of Interior			11,495		
U.S. Department of Justice - Office of Justice Programs/					
Passed through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2017-DJ-BX-0898	16,945		
Total U.S. Department of Justice	10.736	2017-DJ-BA-0030	16,945		
Total O.S. Department of Justice			10,743		
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Passed through the Mississippi Department of Public Safety					
Highway Planning and Contruction	20.205	STP-9390-00(008)LPA	175,428		
Total U. S. Department of Transportation			175,428		
Executive Office of the President					
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area	95.001	N/A	7,966		
Total Executive Office of the President			7,966		
D. A. CH. J. IG. A.					
Department of Homeland Security	07.026	1404 P.P. 140 P.V. 2000	2.42.002		
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared)	97.036	1604-DR-MS PW2820	343,992		
Total Executive Office of the President			343,992		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,405,605		
•					

CITY OF MOSS POINT Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2018

Note 1 – Basis of Presentation

This schedule includes the federal award activity of the City of Moss Point, Mississippi (the "City") under programs of the federal government of the year ended September 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents on a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net assets of the City.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on same basis of accounting and significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 3 – Indirect Cost Rate

The City has elected to not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4 – Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

CITY OF MOSS POINT Schedule of Surety Bonds for City Officials September 30, 2018

Position	Surety	Bond		
Mayor	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Aldermen (7)	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Police Chief	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Police Dispatchers (7)	Travelers	\$	50,000	
City Clerk	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Finance Director	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Deputy Clerks (3)	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Tax Collector	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Tax Clerk	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Building Official	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Code Enforcers (2)	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Secretary	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Court Clerk	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Administrative Assistant	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Accounts Payable Clerk	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Accounting Clerk	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Records Clerk	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Utility Supervisors (2)	RL1 Insurance Company	\$	50,000	
Utility Clerks (5)	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Recreation Superintendent	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Recreation Aides (2)	Travelers	\$	50,000	
HR Director	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Payroll Specialist	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Benefits Coordinator	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Program Director	Travelers	\$	50,000	
Pelican Landing Coordinator	Travelers	\$	50,000	

Section 1 – Summary of Auditors' Results

- 1. A modified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- 2. The audit identified material weaknesses or reportable conditions over financial reporting
- 3. The audit did not disclose any noncompliance which is material to the basic financial statements.
- 4. The audit identified material weaknesses in internal control over major programs.
- 5. An modified opinion was issued on compliance for major programs.
- 6. Audit findings which are required to be reported under 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in Section III below.
- 7. The program tested as major was:

Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants

14.228

- 8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The auditee does not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Section 2 – Findings Relating to the Financial Statements

2018-001 Material Weakness

Condition

Currently, grant monitoring is performed by each department head. In addition, the City has contracts with various companies to administer most of its capital construction grants. As a result, the persons with financial reporting responsibilities were unaware of expenditures incurred in the prior year that were not recorded in its general ledger and/or not considered during the cash to accrual conversion process of the preparation of its financial statements. Prior period adjustments were recorded in the current year to correct these errors.

Criteria

Guidelines for nonfederal entities expending federal assistance require establishing internal controls that ensure proper reporting and monitoring for Federal single audit and program-specific audits. Although the City has contracted companies to administer many of its federal capital construction grants, this does not relieve the City of its reporting and monitoring responsibilities under the award.

Effect

Improper grant reporting and monitoring could jeopardize grant funding due to findings and/or questioned costs during the performance of future single audits.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City designate a person with grant experience (e.g., Grant Writer) to monitor all grant awards. This person should assume the responsibility of overseeing all grant processes from the application submission through the three year records retention period. In addition, these responsibilities should include maintaining grant documentation and establishing internal controls that ensure federal guidelines and requirements are met. We also recommend that the City seek and hire an accountant with suitable skill, knowledge, and experience in governmental accounting to ensure that financial transactions are properly recorded and its financial statements are properly prepared.

Management's Response

The City agrees that the tracking of grants by individual departments has proven ineffective. All grants will be run through the Grant Writer's office so that she is aware of them for reporting purposes. In addition, the City had hired an experienced person to fill the City Accountant position and she has begun work to improve financial reporting and tracking. As of the date of this report the City Accountant had resigned and the city is utilizing the services of an outside accounting firm to prepare reports for the city and oversee financial reporting.

2018-002 Material Weakness

Condition

In the accounting department, the employee who receives and opens bank statements, and posts adjustments to general ledger cash accounts, also receives cash from departments, posts cash receipts, prepares and makes bank deposits, and performs the monthly bank account reconciliations process.

Criteria

Internal controls are designed to safeguard assets and help prevent or detect losses from employee error or dishonesty. A fundamental concept in a good system of internal control is the segregation of duties. Proper internal controls over cash processes require segregation of duties.

Effect

Lack of segregation of duties could result in misappropriation of assets that would not be prevented or detected in a timely manner.

Recommendation

We recommend that the following practices be implemented to improve existing internal controls:

- Cash receipts from departments should be received, counted, logged, and deposited by someone other than the person posting cash receipts and performing bank account reconciliations.
- Cash receipts from departments should be included on daily logs. Log entries should be initialed and dated by persons turning in and receiving cash (e.g., Accounts Payable Clerk) as an indication of cash amounts verification.
- Cash deposits should be prepared and made by someone other than the person maintaining daily cash logs and the person posting cash receipts (e.g., Deputy City Clerk).
- The Accounting Clerk should reconcile the daily cash log to the validated deposit slip before posting the cash receipts in the general ledger. The monthly bank account reconciliation performed by the Accounting Clerk should be initialed and dated.
- Unopened bank statements should be received and reviewed, initialed and dated, by the City Clerk, who has no cash responsibilities. The City Clerk's review procedures should include a thorough review of cancelled checks for payee and endorsee discrepancies and unusual bank debits.

Management's Response

Management agrees that further segregation of duties should be established as follows:

The Accounts Payable Clerk will receive, count, and log all cash receipts from departments. Bank deposits will be prepared and made by the Deputy City Clerk. The City Clerk will receive and open all bank statements before forwarding to the Accounting Clerk for reconciliation. The City Clerk will review bank account reconciliations and initial and date as proof of the review. This is a continuation of a finding from the previous year. While the city had improved this finding, the resignation of the City Accountant could cause further problems if proper segregation of duties are not adhered to through the hiring of additional competent accounting staff to handle the day-to-day accounting functions that cannot be controlled by the outside firm hired to assist with accounting and reporting.

2018-003 Significant Deficiency

Condition

A review of the payroll register is not being performed by an employee independent of the payroll preparation process prior to the generation of payroll checks and posting of the payroll to the general ledger. The employee responsible for preparing payroll checks also distributes payroll checks, could have access to unclaimed payroll checks, and can edit the payroll master file. In addition, payroll checks are signed electronically and are not reviewed by signees before distribution.

Criteria

Internal controls are designed to safeguard assets and help prevent or detect losses from employee error or dishonesty. A fundamental concept in a good system of internal control is the segregation of duties. Proper internal controls over cash processes require segregation of duties.

Effect

Lack of segregation of duties could result in misappropriation of assets that would not be prevented or detected in a timely manner.

Recommendation

In order to strengthen the controls over payroll, we recommend that the Human Resources department head review the payroll register prior to check printing as evidenced by signature and date. We also recommend that the City Clerk, electronic signee, review payroll checks and reconcile to the payroll register as evidenced by signature and date. We further recommend that the City encourage employees receiving checks to convert to direct deposit. For the few employees receiving checks, we recommend that a check sheet be created of payroll checks given to department heads for disbursement that requires employees to sign (initial and date) as evidence of receipt and the signed listing and any undisbursed checks be returned to and maintained by Human Resources, no later than 3 working days following the date the checks were picked up. We further recommend that all payroll inquiries be directed to the Human Resources department head or the City Clerk.

Management's Response

Management will implement the following duties:

- The Human Resources department head and City Clerk will review the payroll register prior to the payroll process being finalized.
- All employees receiving paper checks will be encouraged to convert to direct deposit. A checklist will be created for employees to sign as evidence of receiving their checks. Signed checklist and undisbursed checks will be returned to Human Resources no later than 3 days after check date.
- All payroll inquiries will be directed to the Human Resources department head.

Finding 2018-004 - Significant Deficiency

Condition:

The auditor discovered that the City Accountant prior to the current City Accountant lacked an understanding of governmental accounting.

Effect:

The previous City Accountant merged the activity of several funds into the General Fund. While some of the mergers were acceptable, some of the funds merged into the General Fund were required to be in separate funds by statute. The funds were tracked through their own departments in the General Fund; however this caused the General Fund to be distorted. The new City Accountant worked to try to correct this, but it was ultimately fixed by the firm hired to oversee accounting and reporting for the City.

Cause:

The previous City Clerk and City Accountant were hired without sufficient governmental accounting knowledge or experience and had no one else within the city to oversee their work on a day-to-day basis.

Criteria:

The City should hire a sufficient number of qualified accountants with governmental accounting knowledge to work in the accounting department.

Recommendation:

While the City had hired a qualified governmental accountant to take over the role as City Accountant, that person has since resigned. The City has hired an accounting firm to oversee accounting and reporting for the city, but a City Accountant is still needed to oversee day-to-day operations of the accounting department.

Section 3 – Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Major Federal Awards

Finding 2018-005

Condition:

The auditor discovered lack of evidence of the City's checking the System for Award Management System (SAMS) prior to awarding contracts to two contractors.

Effect:

There is a possibility that contracts could have been awarded to contractors that had been suspended or debarred. Neither above mentioned contract was awarded to a contractor that had been suspended or debarred.

Cause:

City personnel and the grant administrator failed to review the SAMS website prior to contract award.

Criteria:

The City should follow procurement standards which prohibit awarding contracts to any contractor who is listed as suspended or debarred in the SAMS List System.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the City implement procedures to ensure that, prior to contract award, City personnel review the SAMS website and maintain documentation of the review.

Finding 2018-006

Condition:

The federal reporting deadline for the City's 2017 Single Audit Reporting Package was June 30, 2019; however, as of September 30, 2018, the City has not issued its Single Audit Reporting Package for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017.

Effect:

The late submission affects all federal programs the City administered. However, this finding does not result in a control deficiency in internal control over compliance or noncompliance for the individual federal programs, as this was not caused by the programs' administration.

Cause:

The late completion of the City's audit contributed to the late submission of its Single Audit Reporting Package.

Criteria:

Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 (Uniform Guidance), *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, §.320, requires the City to submit its Single Audit Reporting Package to the federal clearinghouse no later than 9 months after fiscal year-end, unless the City's federal oversight agency approves an extension of this deadline.

Recommendation:

The City should improve its financial reporting process so that it can submit its Single Audit Reporting Package to the federal clearinghouse no later than 9 months after fiscal year-end.

Response:

The City's Single Audit reporting package for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017 was submitted July 30, 2019.

CITY OF MOSS POINT

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs September 30, 2018

The following is an update of prior audit findings and is prepared in accordance with Office of Management and budget Circular A-133, Section .315(b).

2017-001 Material Weakness

Grant monitoring is performed by each department head. In addition, the City has contracts with numerous companies to administer most of its capital construction grants. As a result, the persons with financial reporting responsibilities were unaware of expenditures incurred in the prior year that were not recorded in its general ledger and/or not considered during the cash to accrual conversion process of the preparation of its financial statements.

Status: Issue resolution in process.

2017-002 Material Weakness

In the accounting department, the employee who receives and opens bank statements, and posts adjustments to general ledger cash accounts, also receives cash from departments, posts cash receipts, prepares and makes bank deposits, and performs the monthly bank account reconciliations process.

Status: Issue resolution in process.

2017-003 Material Weakness

Persons who receive and post payments in the tax collector department, also handle customer complaints, authorize adjustments, post adjustments to customer accounts, and prepare and make bank deposits.

Status: Issue resolved. The City no longer collects its taxes. Tax collection has been turned over to the County.

2017-004 Significant Deficiency

A review of the payroll register is not being performed by an employee independent of the payroll preparation process prior to the generation of payroll checks and posting of the payroll to the general ledger. The employee responsible for preparing payroll checks also distributes payroll checks, could have access to unclaimed payroll checks, and can edit the payroll master file. In addition, payroll checks are signed electronically and are not reviewed by signees before distribution.

Status: Issue resolution in process.

2017-005

The City did not obtain verification of contractors compliance with suspension and debarment requirements for one of the three construction contracts entered into for the project.

Status: Issue not resolved. We recommend that the City implement procedures to ensure that, prior to contract award, City personnel review the SAMS website and maintain documentation of the review.

2017-006

Audit reports were not prepared and filed timely with the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC).

Status: Issue resolved.



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June 2, 2021

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SINGLE AUDIT FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

2018-005

Finding: The auditor discovered lack of evidence of the City's checking the System for Award Management System (SAMS) prior to awarding contracts to two contractors.

Management Comments and Corrective Action Plan: The City will develop a checklist of contractor requirements to include verification of suspension and debarment for all projects bids and RFPs. The checklist should be included as a part of the project file and signed off by the project administrator.

2018-006

Finding: Audit reports were not prepared and tiled timely with the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC).

Management Comments and Corrective Action Plan: The City will improve its financial reporting process to ensure that audit reports can be submitted timely to the FAC no later than 9 months after fiscal year end. The City will tighten its oversight and implement internal controls in the finance department.

Sincerely,

Incia S. Sugar Tricia L. Thigpen

City Clerk