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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Coffeeville School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coffeeville School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Coffeeville School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the

respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coffeeville School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 7-15, 46-49, 50-51 and 52-53, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Coffeeville School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 12, 2019 on our consideration of the Coffeeville School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coffeeville School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Coffeeville School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi

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March 12, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The following discussion and analysis of Coffeeville School District's financial performance provides an overview of the Coffeeville School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Coffeeville School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Coffeeville School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$1,313,826, including a prior period adjustment of (\$650,426), which represents a 35% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$479,783, which represents a 15% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$4,369,784 and \$4,664,866, or 73% and 75% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$1,650,173, or 27% of total revenues for 2018, and \$1,579,408, or 25% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$6,683,357 and \$6,724,057 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$1,650,173 for 2018 and \$1,579,408 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$4,369,784 for 2018 and \$4,664,866 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$4,191,184 in revenues and \$4,493,680 in expenditures for 2018, and \$4,423,723 in revenues and \$4,320,650 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$365,553 from 2017 to 2018, and increased by \$6,294 from 2016 to 2017.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$150,989 for 2018 and decreased by \$141,826 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due to the capital disposals coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$235,000 for 2018 and decreased by \$120,000 for 2017. This decrease for 2018 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$8,114 for 2018 and decreased by \$3,074 for 2017.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The Coffeeville School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$5,022,462 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Percentag Change	_
Current assets	\$ 1,157,633	\$ 1,850,522	-37.44	%
Restricted assets	898,280	692,800	29.66	%
Capital assets, net	3,039,396	3,190,385	-4.73	%
Total assets	 5,095,309	5,733,707	-11.13	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 966,889	 2,067,551	-53.24	%
Current liabilities	6,333	27,933	-77.33	%
Long-term debt outstanding	1,301,832	1,528,718	-14.84	%
Net OPEB liability	630,805	-	N/A	%
Net pension liability	8,282,275	 9,549,827	-13.27	%
Total liabilities	 10,221,245	 11,106,478	-7.97	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 863,415	 403,416	114.03	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	1,789,396	1,705,385	4.93	%
Restricted	1,145,515	1,288,057	-11.07	%
Unrestricted	 (7,957,373)	 (6,702,078)	-18.73	%
Total net position	\$ (5,022,462)	\$ (3,708,636)	-35.43	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (7,957,373)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	8,809,606
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 852,233

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$150,989.
- The principal retirement of \$235,000 of long-term debt.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$630,805.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$6,019,957 and \$6,244,274, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$6,683,357 for 2018 and \$6,724,057 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended une 30, 2017	Percentage Change	
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 117,029	\$ 130,087	(10.04)	%
Operating grants and contributions	1,533,144	1,430,733	7.16	%
Capital grants and contributions	-	18,588	(100.00)	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	1,489,791	1,533,538	(2.85)	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	2,794,132	3,017,122	(7.39)	%
Investment earnings	5,526	13,938	(60.35)	%
Sixteenth section sources	59,701	63,982	(6.69)	%
Other	 20,634	 36,286	(43.14)	%
Total revenues	 6,019,957	6,244,274	(3.59)	%
Expenses:	 _	 _		
Instruction	2,821,917	2,744,557	2.82	%
Support services	2,570,705	2,360,911	8.89	%
Non-instructional	391,220	421,848	(7.26)	%
Sixteenth section sources	-	8,245	(100.00)	%
Pension expense	795,144	1,106,996	(28.17)	%
OPEB expense	28,502	-	N/A	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 75,869	81,500	(6.91)	%
Total expenses	6,683,357	6,724,057	(0.61)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (663,400)	(479,783)	(38.27)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(3,708,636)	(3,228,853)	(14.86)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	(650,426)	-	N/A	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (4,359,062)	(3,228,853)	(35.00)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (5,022,462)	\$ (3,708,636)	(35.43)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total	Percentage			
	2018		2017	Change	
Instruction	\$ 2,821,917	\$	2,744,557	2.82 %	6
Support services	2,570,705		2,360,911	8.89 %	6
Non-instructional	391,220		421,848	(7.26) %	6
Sixteenth section	-		8,245	(100.00) %	6
Pension Expense	795,144		1,106,996	(28.17) %	6
OPEB Expense	28,502		-	N/A %	6
Interest on long-term liabilities	 75,869		81,500	(6.91) %	6
Total expenses	\$ 6,683,357	\$	6,724,057	(0.61) %	6
	Net (Exper	nse) I	Revenue	Percentage	
	 Net (Exper 2018	nse)	Revenue 2017	Percentage Change	_
Instruction	\$	nse) 		_	
Instruction Support services	\$ 2018		2017	Change	6
	\$ 2018 (2,192,028)		2017 (2,124,363)	Change 3.19 %	6 6
Support services	\$ 2018 (2,192,028) (1,982,966)		2017 (2,124,363) (1,802,957)	3.19 % 9.98 %	- 6 6
Support services Non-instructional	\$ 2018 (2,192,028) (1,982,966)		2017 (2,124,363) (1,802,957) (20,588)	Change 3.19 % 9.98 % (300.72) %	6666
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$ 2018 (2,192,028) (1,982,966) 41,325		2017 (2,124,363) (1,802,957) (20,588) (8,245)	Change 3.19 % 9.98 % (300.72) % (100.00) %	66666
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section Pension Expense	\$ 2018 (2,192,028) (1,982,966) 41,325 - (795,144)		2017 (2,124,363) (1,802,957) (20,588) (8,245)	Change 3.19 % 9.98 % (300.72) % (100.00) % (28.17) %	666666

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$5,033,184) for 2018 and (\$5,144,649) for 2017 was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$1,489,791 for 2018 and \$1,533,538 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$2,794,132 for 2018 and \$3,017,122 for 2017). In addition, there was \$59,701 and \$63,982 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$5,526 for 2018 and \$13,938 for 2017.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,054,961, a decrease of \$462,279, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$3,772. \$852,206 or 41% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$1,202,755 or 59% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$365,553. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$197,373, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$3,772, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	No increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	\$ (19,742)
Upward Bound Fund	No increase or decrease
QSCB Bond Fund	\$ 120,389

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Coffeeville School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$5,730,343, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents a decrease of \$188,672 from 2017. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$2,690,947, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$116,513, resulting in total net capital assets of \$3,039,396.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017	Percentage Change
Land	\$	30,503	\$	30,503	0.00 %
Buildings		2,709,718		2,784,604	(2.69) %
Building improvements		162,744		171,515	(5.11) %
Mobile equipment		100,707		156,537	(35.67) %
Furniture and equipment		35,724		47,226	(24.36) %
Total	\$	3,039,396	\$	3,190,385	(4.73) %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2018, the District had \$1,301,832 in outstanding long-term debt, of which none is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$8,114 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2018	Jı	une 30, 2017	Percenta Change	_
Limited obligation bonds payable	\$	-	\$	235,000	(100.00)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		1,250,000		1,250,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		51,832		43,718	18.56	%
Total	\$	1,301,832	\$	1,528,718	(14.84)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Coffeeville School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Coffeeville School District, 96 Mississippi Street, Coffeeville, MS 38922.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2018	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 608,179
Investments	264,894
Due from other governments	256,126
Inventories	14,256
Prepaid items	14,178
Restricted assets Capital assets, non-depreciable:	898,280
Land	30,503
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	30,303
Buildings	2,709,718
Building improvements	162,744
Mobile equipment	100,707
Furniture and equipment	35,724
Total Assets	5,095,309
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	939,997
Deferred outflows - OPEB	26,892
Total deferred outflows of resources	966,889
Liabilities	050
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	952
Interest payable on long-term liabilities Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	5,381
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	26 802
Net OPEB liability	26,892
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	4 050 000
Capital related liabilities	1,250,000
Non-capital related liabilities Net pension liability	51,832 8,282,275
Net OPEB liability	603,913
Total Liabilities	10,221,245
Deferred Inflows of Resources	0.45.000
Deferred inflows - pensions	815,292
Deferred inflows - OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	48,123
Total deletred inflows of resources	863,415
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,789,396
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	213,663
Debt service	848,094
Forestry improvements	19,333
Unemployment benefits	14,865
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section principal	49,560
Unrestricted	(7,957,373)
Total Net Position	\$ (5,022,462)

	001122	VILLE SCHOOL I	3.011(101			
Statement of Activities						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018						Net (Expense)
						Revenue and
						Changes in
		F	Program Revenues			Net Position
			Operating	Capital		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction \$	2,821,917 \$	72,069 \$	557,820 \$	-	\$	(2,192,028)
Support services	2,570,705	-	587,739	-		(1,982,966)
Non-instructional	391,220	44,960	387,585	-		41,325
Pension expense	795,144	-	-	-		(795,144)
OPEB expense	28,502	-	-	-		(28,502)
Interest on long-term liabilities	75,869	-	-	-	_	(75,869)
Total Governmental Activities \$	6,683,357 \$	117,029 \$	1,533,144 \$		\$	(5,033,184)
		General Revenue	s:			
		General purp	oco lovios			1,390,461
		Debt purpos				99,330
			rants and contribut	tions:		99,550
		State				2,663,055
		Federal				131,077
		Unrestricted in	nvestment earnings	;		5,526
		Sixteenth sec	tion			59,701
		Other				20,634
		Total Gene	eral Revenues		_	4,369,784
		Change in Net Po	osition			(663,400)
			ginning, as previou	sly reported		(3,708,636)
		Prior Period Adj	justments			(650,426)
		Net Position - Be	ginning, as restate	ed	_	(4,359,062)
		Net Position - En	ding		\$	(5,022,462)

			Governme	ental Funds				
Balance Sheet								Exhibit (
June 30, 2018			_					
	_		Ņ	Major Funds	Llaurand	QSCB Bond	Other	Tatal
		General	Title I	IDEA Part B	Upward Bound	Retirement	Other Governmental	Total Governmenta
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets	_	Tana	1 0110	T dild	i dila	1 4114	- dilac	1 unao
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	381,010 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	105,902 \$	392,115 \$	879,027
Cash with fiscal agents	Ť	-	-	-	-	6,875	13	6,888
Investments		264,894	_	-	_	583,250	37,294	885,438
Due from other governments		38,019	105,589	24,088	40,280	1,301	46,849	256,126
Due from other funds		208,791	-	-	-	-	6,020	214,811
Prepaid items		14,178	_	-	_	_	-	14,178
Inventories		-	_	-	_	_	14,256	14,256
Total assets	_	906,892	105,589	24,088	40,280	697,328	496,547	2,270,724
iabilities and Fund Balances								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Φ.	952 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	952
Due to other funds	Ψ	332 ψ 1,875	105,589	24,088	40,280	- ψ	42,979	214,811
Total Liabilities		2,827	105,589	24,088	40,280	-	42,979	215,763
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		-	-	-	-	-	14,256	14,256
Prepaid items		14,178	-	-	-	-	-	14,178
Permanent fund principal		· -	-	-	-	-	49,560	49,560
Restricted:							•	·
Debt service		-	-	-	_	697,328	156,147	853,475
Forestry improvement		-	-	-	_	-	19,333	19,333
Grant activities		-	-	-	_	-	199,407	199,407
Unemployment benefits		-	-	-	-	-	14,865	14,865
Assigned:								
Activity funds		37,681	-	-	-	-	-	37,681
Unassigned		852,206	-	-	-	-	-	852,206
Total Fund Balances		904,065	-	-	-	697,328	453,568	2,054,961
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	906,892 \$	105,589 \$	24,088 \$	40,280 \$	697,328 \$	496,547 \$	2,270,724

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Ne	t Position	Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2018		
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	2,054,961
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: 1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land Buildings Building improvements Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	30,503 4,402,146 219,276 534,778 543,640 (2,690,947)	3,039,396
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 	(8,282,275)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	939,997 (815,292)	(8,157,570)
3 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB liability Deferred outflow s and inflow s of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(630,805)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	26,892 (48,123)	(652,036)
 Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Qualified school constructions bonds payable Compensated absences Accrued interest payable 	(1,250,000) (51,832) (5,381)	(1,307,213)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(5,022,462)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018				Major Funds				
	_			IDEA	Upward	QSCB Bond	Other	Total
		General	Title I	Part B	Bound	Retirement	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$	1,470,490 \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	2,149 \$	151,247 \$	1,623,886
State sources		2,595,437	-	-	-	-	284,278	2,879,715
Federal sources		63,479	378,187	117,764	287,439	67,598	533,096	1,447,563
Sixteenth section		61,778	-	-	-	-	6	61,784
Total Revenues	_	4,191,184	378,187	117,764	287,439	69,747	968,627	6,012,948
Expenditures:								
Instruction		2,496,552	253,515	53,258	115,072	-	215,358	3,133,755
Support services		1,997,128	120,735	80,939	172,367	-	264,550	2,635,719
Noninstructional services		-	937	125	-	-	400,589	401,651
Debt service:								
Principal		-	-	-	-	-	235,000	235,000
Interest		-	-	-	-	65,601	3,675	69,276
Other		-	-	-	-	1,263	1,800	3,063
Total Expenditures	_	4,493,680	375,187	134,322	287,439	66,864	1,120,972	6,478,464
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	_	(302,496)	3,000	(16,558)	-	2,883	(152,345)	(465,516)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Other financing sources		7,009	-	-	-	-	-	7,009
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent		-	-	-	-	117,506		117,506
Operating transfers in		53,908	-	-	-	-	123,974	177,882
Transfer to QSCB debt escrow agent		-	-	-	-	-	(117,506)	(117,506)
Operating transfers out		(123,974)	(3,000)	(3,184)	-	-	(47,724)	(177,882)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(63,057)	(3,000)	(3,184)	-	117,506	(41,256)	7,009
Net Change in Fund Balances		(365,553)	-	(19,742)	-	120,389	(193,601)	(458,507)
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2017		1,269,618	-	19,742	-	576,939	650,941	2,517,240
Decrease in reserve for inventory		-	-	-	-	-	(3,772)	(3,772)
June 30, 2018	\$	904,065 \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	697,328 \$	453,568 \$	2,054,961

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(458,507)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are	Ψ	(438,307)
different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Depreciation expense	(116,513)	(116,513)
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(34,476)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal	235,000	
Accrued interest payable	(3,530)	231,470
Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		
Pension expense	(795,144)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	523,266	(271,878)
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:	323,200	(271,070)
OPEB expense	(28,502)	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	26,892	(1,610)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	<u> </u>	(, ,
Change in compensated absences	(8,114)	
Change in inventory reserve	(3,772)	(11,886)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(663,400)

Fiduciary Funds				
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E		
June 30, 2018				
		Agency Funds		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	262,244		
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	262,244		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	255,498		
Due to student clubs		6,746		
Total Liabilities	\$	262,244		

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Coffeeville School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the Coffeeville School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the Coffeeville School District is considered an "other stand-alone government." The Coffeeville School District is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Coffeeville since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the Coffeeville School District's board but does not have financial accountability for the Coffeeville School District.

For financial reporting purposes, Coffeeville School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The Coffeeville School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the Coffeeville School District's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund provides revenues for children with disabilities with a free and appropriate education.

Upward Bound Fund – This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of the Upward Bound federal grant program.

QSCB Bond Retirement Fund – This fund accounts the sinking fund activities of the qualified school construction bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the Coffeeville School District reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the Coffeeville School District based upon an order adopted by the school board of the Coffeeville School District requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the Coffeeville School District, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Coffeeville School District deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The Coffeeville School District can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounts periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	
Leased property under capital leases		*	*	

^(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$939,997 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$26,892 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$815,292 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$48,123 related to its OPEB plan.

See Notes 7, 8, and 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Coffeeville School District accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by Coffeeville School District policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with Coffeeville School District policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. Fiduciary net position was zero as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance of this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the Coffeeville School District's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the Coffeeville School District's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$879,027 and \$262,244, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of Coffeeville School District's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$6,888.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasuries, State & Local Governments	AA+	1 to 5 years \$	583,250
Certificates of deposit	N/A	1 to 5 years	302,188
Total		\$	885,438

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

 U.S. Treasury, State and Local Government and certificates of deposit type of investments of \$885,438 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
U.S. Treasuries, State and Local Governments Certificates of deposit	\$ 583,250 302,188	66% 34%
Total	\$ 885,438	100%

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 105,589
	IDEA Part B Fund	24,088
	Upward Bound Fund	40,280
	Other governmental funds	38,834
Other governmental funds	General Fund	1,875
	Other governmental funds	4,145
Total		\$ 214,811

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 123,974
Title I Fund	General Fund	3,000
IDEA Part B Fund	General Fund	3,184
Other governmental funds	General Fund	47,724
Total		\$ 177,882

The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash and investments balance, totaling \$12,266 and \$37,294, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs

In addition, the restricted assets represents the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$13, of the MAEP limited obligation bonds debt service fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash, cash with fiscal agents balance, and investment balance, totaling \$105,902, \$6,875, and \$583,250 respectively, of the qualified school construction bond sinking fund.

Also, the restricted assets represents the cash balance, totaling \$152,680, of other debt services funds that is restricted for future debt service.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities.

	Balance 7/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:	 77 172017	increases	Decreases	0/30/2010
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 30,503 \$	- \$	- \$	30,503
Total non-depreciable capital assets	30,503	-	-	30,503
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	4,402,146	-	-	4,402,146
Building improvements	219,276	-	-	219,276
Mobile equipment	715,587	-	(180,809)	534,778
Furniture and equipment	 551,503	-	(7,863)	543,640
Total depreciable capital assets	5,888,512	-	(188,672)	5,699,840
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,617,542	74,886	-	1,692,428
Building improvements	47,761	8,771	-	56,532
Mobile equipment	559,050	21,432	(146,411)	434,071
Furniture and equipment	 504,277	11,424	(7,785)	507,916
Total accumulated depreciation	2,728,630	116,513	(154,196)	2,690,947
Total depreciable capital assets, net	3,159,882	(116,513)	(34,476)	3,008,893
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,190,385 \$	(116,513) \$	(34,476) \$	3,039,396

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 1,723
Support services	111,746
Non-instructional	 3,044
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 116,513

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due
		 7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2018	within one year
A.	Limited obligation bonds payable	\$ 235,000 \$	- \$	(235,000) \$	- \$	-
В.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	1,250,000	-	-	1,250,000	-
C.	Compensated absences payable	 43,718	8,114		51,832	<u> </u>
	Total	\$ 1,528,718 \$	8,114 \$	(235,000) \$	1,301,832 \$	-

A. Limited obligation bonds payable

This debt was retired during the year.

B. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the Coffeeville School District that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	(Outstanding
QSCB, series 2011	6.10%	1/27/2011	12/1/2025	\$ 1,250,000	\$	1,250,000
Total				\$ 1,250,000	\$	1,250,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Principal		Interest	Total
-	\$	76,250 \$	76,250
-		76,250	76,250
-		76,250	76,250
-		76,250	76,250
-		76,250	76,250
1,250,000		228,750	1,478,750
1,250,000	\$	610,000 \$	1,860,000
	- - - - - 1,250,000	- \$ 1,250,000	- \$ 76,250 \$ - 76,250 - 76,250 - 76,250 - 76,250 - 76,250 1,250,000 228,750

This debt will be retired from the QSCB bond retirement fund

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The Coffeeville School District contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the Coffeeville School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The Coffeeville School District's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$523,266, \$503,403 and \$538,678, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Coffeeville School District reported a liability of \$8,282,275 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Coffeeville School District's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The Coffeeville School District's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was .049823 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was a decrease of .00364 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$795,144. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$	5
experience	129,814	60,434
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	52,318
Changes of assumptions	208,850	15,144
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	78,067	687,396
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	523,266	-
Total	\$ 939,997	815,292

\$523,266 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Coffeeville School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (80,718)
2020	(106,555)
2021	(51,303)
2022	(159,985)
Total	\$ (398,561)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	 (0.7070)	 rtate (7.7070)	-	(0.7070)
the net pension liability	\$ 10,862,755	\$ 8,282,275	\$	6,139,913

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$26,892 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$630,805 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .08039727 percent. This was a decrease of .0023 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$28,502. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	ferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ -	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	-
Changes of assumptions		-	32,120
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions		-	16,003
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		26,892	
Total	\$	26,892 \$	48,123

\$26,892 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Coffeeville School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (8,443)
2020	(8,443)
2021	(8,443)
2022	(8,443)
2023	(8,443)
Thereafter	 (5,908)
Total	\$ (48,123)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Measurement Date 2017
Prior Measurement Date 2016

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 3.56 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.01 percent

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

			וט	scount		
	19	% Decrease	Ra	ate	1	% Increase
		(2.56%)	(3	.56%)		(4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	647,463	\$	630,805	\$	618,398

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Healthcare		
			(Cost Trend		
	19	% Decrease		Rates		
				Current	1	% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	582,590	\$	630,805	\$	685,846

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

Note 9 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. Implementation of GASB 74 and 75:	
Net OPEB liability (measurement date)	\$ (675,246)
Deferred outflows - contributions made during fiscal year 2017	24,820
Total prior period adjustment related to GASB 74 and 75	\$ (650,426)

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The Coffeeville School District has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the Coffeeville School District.

Litigation – The Coffeeville School District is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the Coffeeville School District with respect to the various proceedings. However, the Coffeeville School District's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Coffeeville School District.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Coffeeville School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 12 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the Coffeeville School District.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the subsidy payments amounted to \$67,598.

The Coffeeville School District makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2018 was \$696,027. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the Coffeeville School District.

Year Ending	A
June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 83,000
2020	83,000
2021	83,000
2022	83,000
2023	83,000
2024-2026	 254,000
Total	\$ 669,000

Note 13 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

24,721
,
,
04 704
24,721
15,700
200
200
1,000
1,000
800
68,342

Note 14 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(7,957,373) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions and OPEB. The \$939,997 balance of the deferred outflow of resources from pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3-4 years. The \$26,892 balance of the deferred outflow of resources from OPEB at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 5-6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(7,957,373) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions and OPEB. The \$815,292 balance of the deferred inflow of resources from pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 3-4 years. The \$48,123 balance of the deferred inflow of resources from OPEB at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 5-6 years.

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Coffeeville School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 12, 2019 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variances

			_	Positive (N	legative)
	 Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 1,598,425 \$	1,672,972 \$	1,470,490 \$	74,547 \$	(202,482)
State sources	2,576,929	2,717,868	2,595,437	140,939	(122,431)
Federal sources	43,000	78,000	63,479	35,000	(14,521)
Sixteenth section sources	 92,321	142,941	61,778	50,620	(81,163)
Total Revenues	 4,310,675	4,611,781	4,191,184	301,106	(420,597)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	1,996,392	2,706,685	2,496,552	(710,293)	210,133
Support services	1,966,171	2,094,305	1,997,128	(128,134)	97,177
Noninstructional services	 2,000	2,000		-	2,000
Total Expenditures	 3,964,563	4,802,990	4,493,680	(838,427)	309,310
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 346,112	(191,209)	(302,496)	(537,321)	(111,287)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Other financing sources	-	-	7,009	-	7,009
Operating transfers in	365,831	372,516	53,908	6,685	(318,608)
Operating transfers out	 (538,800)	(538,800)	(123,974)	-	414,826
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (172,969)	(166,284)	(63,057)	6,685	103,227
Net Change in Fund Balances	173,143	(357,493)	(365,553)	(530,636)	(8,060)
July 1, 2017	 1,269,618	1,269,618	1,269,618	-	
June 30, 2018	\$ 1,442,761 \$	912,125 \$	904,065 \$	(530,636) \$	(8,060)

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Variar Positive (N	
	Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 481,288 \$	415,702 \$	378,187 \$	(65,586) \$	(37,515)
Total Revenues	 481,288	415,702	378,187	(65,586)	(37,515)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	101,821	263,975	253,515	(162, 154)	10,460
Support services	410,806	142,229	120,735	268,577	21,494
Noninstructional services	 500	2,319	937	(1,819)	1,382
Total Expenditures	 513,127	408,523	375,187	104,604	33,336
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 (31,839)	7,179	3,000	39,018	(4,179)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	 -	(3,000)	(3,000)	(3,000)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	(3,000)	(3,000)	(3,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(31,839)	4,179	-	36,018	(4,179)
July 1, 2017	 	-			
June 30, 2018	\$ (31,839)\$	4,179 \$	- \$	36,018 \$	(4,179)

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final (GAAP Basis) Original Final to Final to Actual Revenues: Federal sources 168,494 \$ 168,494 \$ 117,764 \$ (50,730)168,494 Total Revenues 168,494 117,764 (50,730)**Expenditures:** Instruction 97,262 61,037 53,258 36,225 7,779 Support services 62,597 136,154 80,939 (73,557)55,215 Noninstructional expenses 1,512 500 125 1,012 375 Total Expenditures 161,371 197,691 134,322 63,369 (36, 320)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (16,558) 12,639 7,123 (29, 197)(36, 320)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out (7,123)(3,184)(3,184)3,939 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7,123)(3,184)(3,184)3,939 Net Change in Fund Balances (32,381)(19,742)(32,381)12,639 July 1, 2017 19,742 19,742 19,742 June 30, 2018 19,742 \$ (12,639)\$ - \$ (32,381)\$ 12,639

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Upward Bound Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

,				Varian Positive (N	
	Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 348,000 \$	327,212 \$	287,439 \$	(20,788)\$	(39,773)
Total Revenues	 348,000	327,212	287,439	(20,788)	(39,773)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	125,645	126,076	115,072	(431)	11,004
Support services	 195,595	207,574	172,367	(11,979)	35,207
Total Expenditures	 321,240	333,650	287,439	(12,410)	46,211
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 26,760	(6,438)	-	(33,198)	6,438
Net Change in Fund Balances	26,760	(6,438)	-	(33,198)	6,438
July 1, 2017	 -	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2018	\$ 26,760 \$	(6,438) \$	- \$	(33,198)\$	6,438

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Division of the second of the second	 2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.049823%	0.053463%	0.056849%	0.053526%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,282,275	9,549,827	8,787,734	6,497,076
District's covered payroll	3,196,210	3,420,178	3,551,606	3,270,743
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 523,266	503,403	538,678	559,378
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 523,266	503,403	538,678	559,378
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,322,324	3,196,210	3,420,178	3,551,606
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.08039727%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 630,805
District's covered-employee payroll	3,196,210
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	19.736%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 26,892
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 26,892
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	3,322,324
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.8094%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 33.9 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75 percent

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare

5.00 percent

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare

2022

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation

3.56 percent

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Catalog of Federal Federal Grantor/ Domestic Pass-through Pass-through Grantor/ Assistance Entity Identifying Federal Program Title No. Number Expenditures **U.S. Department of Agriculture** Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program 10.553 185MS326N1099 \$ 125,597 National school lunch program 10.555 185MS326N1099 323,333 Summer food service program for children 10.559 185MS326N1099 4,145 Total child nutrition cluster 453,075 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 453,075 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 453,075 U.S. Department of Interior Direct Program: Payment in lieu of taxes 15.226 N/A 46,154 Total U.S. Department of Interior 46,154 **Federal Communications Commission** Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund N/A 32.xxx 5,216 Total Federal Communications Commission 5,216 **U.S.** Department of Education Direct Program: TRIO - Upward Bound 84.047 N/A 287,439 Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies 84.010 ES010A170024 378,187 Career and technical education - basic grants to states 84.048 V048A170024 10,545 Student Support and Academic Enrichment 84.424 ES424A180025 10,000 Rural education 84.358 ES358B170024 9,528 Improving teacher quality-State Grants 84.367 47,640 ES367A170023 455,900 Subtotal Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states 84.027 H027A170108 137,506 Special education - preschool grants 84.173 H173A170113 2,308 Total special education cluster 139,814 Total U.S. Department of Education 883,153 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program 93.778 1805MS5ADM 12,109 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 12,109 Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 12,109

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Total for All Federal Awards

1,399,707

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Coffeeville School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Coffeeville School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Coffeeville School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Coffeeville School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$29,656 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 4,580,208 1,898,256	3,233,854 695,854	483,756 136,576	229,393 4,184	633,205 1,061,642
Total	\$ 6,478,464	3,929,708	620,332	233,577	1,694,847
Total number of students *	 471				
Cost per student	\$ 13,755	8,344	1,317	496_	3,598

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*		2016*		2015*
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 1,470,490	\$ 1,540,516	\$	1,406,803	\$	1,439,285
State sources	2,595,437	2,781,457		2,884,313		2,799,526
Federal sources	63,479	43,393		45,763		73,910
Sixteenth section sources	 61,778	58,357		52,535		19,303
Total Revenues	 4,191,184	4,423,723		4,389,414		4,332,024
Expenditures:						
Instruction	2,496,552	2,388,869		2,353,940		2,618,131
Support services	1,997,128	1,919,536		1,910,145		1,920,850
Noninstructional services	-	4,000		2,000		-
Sixteenth section	-	8,245		-		-
Facilities acquisition and construction	 -	-		84,330		34,960
Total Expenditures	 4,493,680	4,320,650		4,350,415		4,573,941
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	 (302,496)	103,073		38,999		(241,917)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Insurance recovery	-	7,316		-		12,094
Sale of transportation equipment	-	600		2,574		-
Other financing sources	7,009	-		-		-
Operating transfers in	53,908	36,099		21,767		54,825
Operating transfers out	 (123,974)	(140,794)		(167,600)		(201,457)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (63,057)	(96,779)		(143,259)		(134,538)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (365,553)	6,294		(104,260)		(376,455)
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of period, as previously reported	1,269,618	1,263,324		1,367,584		344,555
Fund reclassification	-,200,010	-,200,021		- ,55.,55		1,399,484
Beginning of period, as restated	1,269,618	1,263,324		1,367,584		1,744,039
End of Period	\$ 904,065	\$ 1,269,618	\$	1,263,324	\$	1,367,584
	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	_		_	

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Funds
Last Four Years
UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 1,623,886	\$ 1,701,317	\$ 1,677,418	\$ 1,679,979
State sources	2,879,715	3,158,775	3,226,259	3,078,837
Federal sources	1,447,563	1,309,520	1,412,182	1,537,551
Sixteenth section sources	61,784	66,747	52,629	19,356
Total Revenues	 6,012,948	6,236,359	6,368,488	6,315,723
Expenditures:				
Instruction	3,133,755	2,935,373	3,044,935	3,249,641
Support services	2,635,719	2,531,162	2,507,175	2,607,597
Noninstructional services	401,651	430,712	456,958	447,826
Sixteenth section	-	8,245	4,830	2,160
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	84,330	34,960
Debt service:				
Principal	235,000	120,000	110,000	106,000
Interest	69,276	82,445	152,826	87,128
Other	3,063	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	6,478,464	6,107,937	6,361,054	6,535,312
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 (465,516)	128,422	7,434	(219,589)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	_	7,316	_	12,094
Sale of transportation equipment	_	600	2,574	-
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	117,506	-	· <u>-</u>	77,473
Other financing sources	7,009	-	_	, -
Operating transfers in	177,882	268,086	271,371	351,234
Transfer to QSCB debt escrow agent	(117,506)	, -	-	(77,473)
Operating transfers out	(177,882)	(268,086)	(271,371)	(351,234)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	7,009	7,916	2,574	12,094
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (458,507)	136,338	10,008	(207,495)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period	2,517,240	2,375,623	2,368,046	2,574,173
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (3,772)	5,279	(2,431)	1,368
End of Period	\$ 2,054,961	\$ 2,517,240	\$ 2,375,623	\$ 2,368,046

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Coffeeville School District Coffeeville, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coffeeville School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Coffeeville School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Coffeeville School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coffeeville School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coffeeville School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be a material weakness. [Finding 2018-001].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Coffeeville School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not

express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we did note certain instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations that we reported to management of the school district in a separate letter dated March 12, 2019, which is included in this report.

The Coffeeville School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Auditee Corrective Action Plan. We did not audit Coffeeville School District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

March 12, 2019

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Coffeeville School District Coffeeville, Mississippi

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Coffeeville School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Coffeeville School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Coffeeville School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Coffeeville School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Coffeeville School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Coffeeville School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Coffeeville School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Coffeeville School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Coffeeville School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coffeeville School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Other Matters

On October 2, 2018, the Mississippi Department of Education (MDE) conducted a monitoring visit of the Title I program which resulted in multiple instances of noncompliance and a questioned cost of \$41,715 that must be paid back to the State Treasurer. The Coffeeville School District is currently working with MDE on corrective actions and to clear the findings that resulted from the monitoring visit.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

March 12, 2019

INDEPENDI	ENT AUDITOR'S I	REPORT ON COI	MPLIANCE WITH	I STATE LAWS AN	D REGULATIONS

CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Coffeeville School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Coffeeville School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Coffeeville School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instance of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations:

Finding

During our testing of ad valorem taxes, we noted the fiscal year 2017 tax escrow of \$42,286 was not used to reduce the ad valorem tax request for fiscal year 2018, resulting in another ad valorem tax escrow of \$38,643 as of June 30, 2018.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the District follow Section 37-57-107, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) to ensure proper request and collection of ad valorem taxes.

School District's Response:

The District will put procedures in place to make sure the correct amount of ad valorem taxes is requested and collected.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Coffeeville School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

March 12, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Unmodified

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Type of auditor's report issued:

Financial Statements:

_				
2.		Il control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified	_	
	a.	Yes		
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identif	fied?	None reported
2	Nonco	muliance material to financial stat	amenta natad?	No
3.	NOTICO	mpliance material to financial state	ements noted?	INO
Fed	eral Awa	ards:		
4.	Interna	l control over major programs:		
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	1?	No
	b.	None reported		
5.	Type o	f auditor's report issued on compl	liance for major programs:	Unmodified
_				
6.		idit findings disclosed that are req CFR 200.516(a)?	uired to be reported in accordance	No
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:		
	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>
	Child N	lutrition Cluster:		
	10.553		School Breakfast Program	
	10.555		National School Lunch Program	
	10.559		Summer food service program for ch	nildren
8.	Dollar t	threshold used to distinguish		\$750,000
٠.		en type A and type B programs:		4. 33,330
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests disclosed the following findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*:

Material Weakness:

Finding 2018-001:

CRITERIA: Management is responsible for establishing an internal control system that ensures strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets.

CONDITION: During our testing of invoices, we noted four instances, totaling approximately \$62,000, where the District was unable to provide evidence that a required second quote was obtained prior to approving the purchase order and paying the invoice.

CAUSE OF CONDITION: The cause is a result of not properly implementing the designed system of internal controls surrounding the approval of purchase orders.

EFFECT OF CONDITION: The effect of this condition could result in the District not being in compliance with state and federal purchasing requirements.

RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the district implement policies or procedures to establish an internal control system that will ensure strong financial accountability, including compliance with state and federal purchasing requirements.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

96 MISSISSIPPI STREET COFFEEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI 38922 (662) 675-8941

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by 2 CFR 200.516(a), the Coffeeville School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2018:

<u>Finding</u>	Correc	tion Action Plan Details
2018-001	a.	Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:
		Vivian McLean-Robinson, Ph.D., Superintendent, 662-675-8941
	b.	Corrective Action Planned:
		We will implement policies or procedures to establish an internal control system that will ensure strong financial accountability, including compliance with state and federal purchasing requirements.
	C.	Anticipated Completion Date:
		Immediately.