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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Copiah County School District

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Copiah County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Copiah County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the

respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Copiah County School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 7-15, 45-48, 49-50 and 51-52, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Copiah County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2018 on our consideration of the Copiah County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Copiah County School District's internal control over financial reporting an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Copiah County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cuminan CAAS

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi

November 30, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The following discussion and analysis of Copiah County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the Copiah County School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Copiah County School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Copiah County School District's financial performance.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$3,238,874, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,009,303), which represents a 85% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$769,486, which represents a 25% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$17,752,892 and \$17,697,698, or 78% and 78% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,923,007, or 22% of total revenues for 2018, and \$5,041,127, or 22% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$23,905,470 and \$23,508,311 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$4,923,007 for 2018 and \$5,041,127 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$17,752,892 for 2018 and \$17,697,698 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$17,357,382 in revenues and \$17,276,414 in expenditures for 2018, and \$17,337,977 in revenues and \$16,802,408 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$467,157 from 2017 to 2018, and increased by \$811,403 from 2016 to 2017.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$64,939 for 2018 and decreased by \$127,946 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due to the capital additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$516,150 for 2018 and decreased by \$502,853 for 2017. This decrease for 2018 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$9,199 for 2018 and increased by \$1,784 for 2017.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

### financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

# Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The Copiah County School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

# **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

# **Other Information**

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$7,070,924 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

	 June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Percentag Change	
Current assets	\$ 18,144,244	\$ 17,598,850	3.10	%
Restricted assets	771,731	578,203	33.47	%
Capital assets, net	5,505,742	5,570,681	-1.17	%
Total assets	 24,421,717	 23,747,734	2.84	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 3,481,393	 6,894,108	-49.50	%
Current liabilities	493,493	233,366	111.47	%
Long-term debt outstanding	372,996	879,947	-57.61	%
Net OPEB liability	2,016,032	-	N/A	%
Net pension liability	31,252,982	33,221,565	-5.93	%
Total liabilities	 34,135,503	 34,334,878	-0.58	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 838,531	 139,014	503.20	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	5,228,759	4,777,548	9.44	%
Restricted	2,574,009	2,640,262	-2.51	%
Unrestricted	 (14,873,692)	 (11,249,860)	-32.21	%
Total net position	\$ (7,070,924)	\$ (3,832,050)	-84.52	%

# Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (14,873,692)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from	
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB	30,626,152
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the	
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 15,752,460

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$64,939.
- The principal retirement of \$516,150 of long-term debt.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$2,016,032.

# Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$22,675,899 and \$22,738,825, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$23,905,470 for 2018 and \$23,508,311 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

# Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2018	 Year Ended June 30, 2017	Percentage Change	•
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 452,951	\$ 645,350	(29.81)	%
Operating grants and contributions	4,470,056	4,395,777	1.69	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	3,778,259	3,724,334	1.45	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	13,571,000	13,549,184	0.16	%
Investment earnings	137,887	130,703	5.50	%
Sixteenth section sources	199,351	211,027	(5.53)	%
Other	 66,395	 82,450	(19.47)	%
Total revenues	22,675,899	22,738,825	(0.28)	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	10,256,584	10,138,713	1.16	%
Support services	7,610,985	7,225,729	5.33	%
Non-instructional	1,859,502	1,898,268	(2.04)	%
Sixteenth section	55,649	46,773	18.98	%
Pension expense	4,002,675	4,160,793	(3.80)	%
OPEB expense	96,292	-	N/A	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 23,783	 38,035	(37.47)	%
Total expenses	23,905,470	 23,508,311	1.69	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(1,229,571)	(769,486)	(59.79)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(3,832,050)	(3,062,564)	(25.13)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 (2,009,303)	 -	N/A	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (5,841,353)	 (3,062,564)	(90.73)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (7,070,924)	\$ (3,832,050)	(84.52)	%

# **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 Total	Percentage		
	 2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$ 10,256,584	\$	10,138,713	1.16 %
Support services	7,610,985		7,225,729	5.33 %
Non-instructional	1,859,502		1,898,268	(2.04) %
Sixteenth section	55,649		46,773	18.98 %
Pension Expense	4,002,675		4,160,793	(3.80) %
OPEB Expense	96,292		-	N/A %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 23,783		38,035	(37.47) %
Total expenses	\$ 23,905,470	\$	23,508,311	1.69 %
	 Net (Exper	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	 2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$ (8,710,738)	\$	(8,531,698)	2.10 %
Support services	(6,400,349)		(6,017,719)	6.36 %
Non-instructional	307,023		311,524	(1.44) %

#### Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Net cost of governmental activities (\$18,982,463) for 2018 and (\$18,467,184) for 2017 was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,778,259 for 2018 and \$3,724,334 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$13,571,000 for 2018 and \$13,549,184 for 2017). In addition, there was \$199,351 and \$211,027 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2018 and 2017, respectively.

(55, 649)

(96, 292)

(23,783)

\$

(4,002,675)

(18,982,463)

(30, 463)

(38, 035)

(4, 160, 793)

(18, 467, 184)

82.68 %

(3.80) %

(37.47) %

2.79 %

N/A %

Investment earnings amounted to \$137,887 for 2018 and \$130,703 for 2017.

\$

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Sixteenth section

Pension Expense

Interest on long-term liabilities

Total net (expense) revenue

**OPEB** Expense

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$18,424,837, an increase of \$472,744, which includes an increase in inventory of \$1,798. \$15,378,507 or 83% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$3,046,330 or 17% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$467,157. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$256,595, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)
Child Nutrition Fund	\$ 262,182
Title I Fund	No increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	No increase or decrease

# BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Copiah County School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$14,746,825, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$285,487 from 2017. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$9,241,083, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$376,555, resulting in total net capital assets of \$5,505,742.

	J	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017	Percentage Change
Land	\$	229,922	\$	229,922	0.00 %
Buildings		3,658,049		3,799,085	(3.71) %
Building improvements		106,903		112,842	(5.26) %
Improvements other than buildings		29,575		34,091	(13.25) %
Mobile equipment		1,385,793		1,328,151	4.34 %
Furniture and equipment	_	95,500		66,590	43.41 %
Total	\$	5,505,742	\$	5,570,681	(1.17) %

# Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2018, the District had \$372,996 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$89,299 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$9,199 from the prior year.

# Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Percenta Change	0
Limited obligation bonds payable	\$	-	\$	425,000	(100.00)	%
Three mill notes payable		276,983		368,133	(24.76)	%
Compensated absences payable		96,013		86,814	10.60	%
Total	\$	372,996	\$	879,947	(57.61)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

# **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Copiah County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Copiah County School District, 254 W. Gallatin, Hazlehurst, MS 39083.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Exhibit A

# **Statement of Net Position**

# June 30, 2018

June 30, 2018		
	Go	overnmental
		Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,621,074
Due from other governments		499,199
Inventories		23,971
Restricted assets		771,731
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		
Land		229,922
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings		3,658,049
Building improvements		106,903
Improvements other than buildings		29,575
Mobile equipment		1,385,793
Furniture and equipment		95,500
Total Assets		24,421,717
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - pensions		3,395,447
Deferred outflows - OPEB		85,946
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,481,393
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		491,138
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		2,355
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		
Capital related liabilities		89,299
Net OPEB liability		85,946
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities		187,684
Non-capital related liabilities		96,013
Net pension liability		31,252,982
Net OPEB liability		1,930,086
Total Liabilities		34,135,503
Deferred Inflows of Decourses		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		714 260
Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB		714,369
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>124,162</u> 838,531
Total deletted filliows of resources		000,001
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		5,228,759
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
School-based activities		1,529,184
Debt service		219,437
Forestry improvements		185,093
Unemployment benefits		81,218
Non-expendable:		
Sixteenth section principal		559,077
Unrestricted		(14,873,692)
Total Net Position	\$	(7,070,924)
	Ψ	(1,010,02-1)

# Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	010		F	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating	Capital	
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$	10,256,584 \$	309,987 \$	1,235,859 \$	-	\$ (8,710,738)
Support services		7,610,985	-	1,210,636	-	(6,400,349)
Non-instructional		1,859,502	142,964	2,023,561	-	307,023
Sixteenth section		55,649	-	-	-	(55,649)
Pension expense		4,002,675	-	-	-	(4,002,675)
OPEB expense		96,292	-	-	-	(96,292)
Interest on long-term liabilities		23,783	-	-	-	 (23,783)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	23,905,470 \$	452,951 \$	4,470,056 \$	-	\$ (18,982,463)

General Revenues: Taxes:	
General purpose levies	3,671,968
Debt purpose levies	106,291
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	13,497,758
Federal	73,242
Unrestricted investment earnings	137,887
Sixteenth section	199,351
Other	66,395
Total General Revenues	17,752,892
Change in Nat Desition	(1 220 571)
Change in Net Position	(1,229,571)
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported Prior Period Adjustments	(3,832,050) (2,009,303)
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(5,841,353)
Net Position - Ending	\$ (7,070,924)

Exhibit C

**Governmental Funds** 

#### Balance Sheet June 30, 2018

June 30, 2018			Major Fu	nds			
			Child			Other	Total
		General	Nutrition	Title I	IDEA Part B	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,613,995 \$	1,500,311 \$	- \$	- \$	1,278,327 \$	18,392,633
Cash with fiscal agents		-	-	-	-	172	172
Due from other governments		216,464	-	182,713	77,277	22,602	499,056
Due from other funds		288,370	-	-	-	-	288,370
Advances		-	-	-	-	5,839	5,839
Inventories		-	23,971	-	-	-	23,971
Total assets		16,118,829	1,524,282	182,713	77,277	1,306,940	19,210,041
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	264,517 \$	85,893 \$	68,581 \$	7,066 \$	65,081 \$	491,138
Due to other funds		-	91,575	114,132	70,211	12,309	288,227
Advances		5,839	-	-	-	-	5,839
Total Liabilities	_	270,356	177,468	182,713	77,277	77,390	785,204
Nonspendable:							
Inventory		-	23,971	-	-	-	23,971
Permanent fund principal		-	-	-	-	559,077	559,077
Restricted:							
Debt service		-	-	-	-	221,792	221,792
Grant activities		-	-	-	-	182,370	182,370
Child nutrition program		-	1,322,843	-	-	-	1,322,843
Forestry improvements		-	-	-	-	185,093	185,093
Unemployment benefits		-	-	-	-	81,218	81,218
Assigned:							
Activity funds		304,406	-	-	-	-	304,406
School improvements		165,560	-	-	-	-	165,560
Unassigned	_	15,378,507	-	_	-	-	15,378,507
Total Fund Balances	_	15,848,473	1,346,814	-	-	1,229,550	18,424,837
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	16,118,829 \$	1,524,282 \$	182,713 \$	77,277 \$	1,306,940 \$	19,210,041

COPIAH COUNTY	SCHOOL DISTRICT
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Governmental Funds				
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position				
June 30, 2018				
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	18,424,837		
<ul> <li>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:</li> <li>1. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> <li>Land</li> </ul>	220.022			
Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	229,922 9,277,574 148,476 112,900 4,071,991 905,962 (9,241,083)	5,505,742		
<ol> <li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net pension liability</li> <li>Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>	(31,252,982)			
Deferred outflow s of resources related to pensions Deferred inflow s of resources related to pensions	3,395,447 (714,369)_	(28,571,904)		
<ul> <li>Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Net OPEB liability</li> <li>Deferred outflow s and inflow s of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Deferred outflow s of resources related to OPEB</li> <li>Deferred outflow s of resources related to OPEB</li> <li>Deferred inflow s of resources related to OPEB</li> </ul>	(2,016,032) 85,946 (124,162)	(2,054,248)		
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Three mill notes payable Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(276,983) (96,013) (2,355)	(375,351)		
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(7,070,924)		

Exhibit D

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### Other Major Funds Total Child Nutrition Title I IDEA Part B General Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds **Revenues:** 4,121,147 \$ 176,470 \$ - \$ - \$ 122,404 \$ Local sources \$ 4,420,021 12,964,470 17,717 974,402 State sources 13,956,589 Federal sources 73,243 2,078,491 1,244,594 555,449 132,690 4,084,467 Sixteenth section 198,522 16,300 214,822 17,357,382 **Total Revenues** 2,272,678 1,244,594 555,449 1,245,796 22,675,899 Expenditures: 11,364,260 Instruction 10,086,157 603,071 245,268 429,764 Support services 7,071,746 118,193 567,419 298,890 241,121 8,297,369 Noninstructional services 84,929 1,802,526 53,235 1,000 1 1,941,691 Sixteenth section 28,815 26,834 55,649 Debt service: Principal 516,150 516,150 -Interest 4,767 29,834 25,067 22,204,953 **Total Expenditures** 1,920,719 1,223,725 545,158 17,276,414 1,238,937 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 80,968 351,959 20,869 10,291 6,859 470,946 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in 433,487 47,298 480,785 \_ --Operating transfers out (47, 298)(91,575) (20, 869)(10,291) (310, 752)(480,785) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 386,189 (91,575) (20,869) (10,291) (263, 454)Net Change in Fund Balances 467,157 260,384 \_ \_ (256, 595)470,946 Fund Balances: 1,084,632 July 1, 2017 15,381,316 \_ \_ 1,486,145 17,952,093 Increase in reserve for inventory 1,798 1,798 June 30, 2018 15,848,473 \$ 1,346,814 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,229,550 \$ 18,424,837

Evr	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,			Exhibit D-1
-	penditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities the Year Ended June 30, 2018			
Net	change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	470,946
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are ifferent because:			
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
	Capital outlay	\$ 277,017		
	Depreciation expense	(376,555	)	(99,538)
2.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, how ever, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference betw een the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
	Payments of debt principal	516,150	1	
	Accrued interest payable	6,051		522,201
3.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
	Pension expense	(4,002,675	)	
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,897,242		(2,105,433)
4.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			(_,:::;,:::;)
	OPEB expense	(96,292	)	
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	85,946	,	(10,346)
5.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmenta funds. These activities include:		_	
	Change in compensated absences	(9,199	)	

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2018	
•	 Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,060,531
Total Assets	\$ 1,060,531
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,017,762
Due to other funds	143
Due to student clubs	42,626
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,060,531

# Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Copiah County School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the Copiah County School District's accounting policies are described below.

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Copiah County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

# B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The Copiah County School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the Copiah County School District's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Child Nutrition Fund – This fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures related to the food service program.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund provides revenues for children with disabilities with a free and appropriate education.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the Copiah County School District reports the following fund types:

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

support the district's programs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

# D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

# E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

# 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

# Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Copiah County School District deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

### Investments

The Copiah County School District can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Ca <sub>l</sub> Pol	pitalization icy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$3,395,447 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$85,946 related to its OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$714,369 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$124,162 related to its OPEB plan.

See Notes 8, 9 and 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Copiah County School District accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by Copiah County School District policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with Copiah County School District policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. Fiduciary net position was zero as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there are no committed fund balance of the school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

# Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the Copiah County School District's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the Copiah County School District's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$18,392,633 and \$1,060,531, respectively.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

# Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of Copiah County School District's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$172.

# Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

# A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	\$ 91,575
	Title I Fund	114,132
	IDEA Part B Fund	70,211
	Other governmental funds	12,309
	Fiduciary Fund	 143
Total		\$ 288,370

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to yearend.

# B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Sixteenth section principal fund	General Fund	\$	5,839
Total		<u></u> \$	5,839

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

Note: The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loan payment at June 30, 2018 is four percent.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending							
June 30,	P	Principal		Interest		Total	
2019	\$	5,839	\$	2,653	\$	8,492	
Total	\$	5,839	\$	2,653	\$	8,492	

# C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 47,298
Child Nutrition Fund	General Fund	91,575
Title I Fund	General Fund	20,869
IDEA Part B Fund	General Fund	10,291
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 310,752
Total		\$ 480,785

The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

# Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$553,238, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Also, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$172 of the MAEP limited obligation bonds debt service fund funds, respectively.

In addition, restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$218,321 of the debt service funds that is

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

restricted for future debt service requirements.

# Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities.

	Balance 7/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:	 1/ 1/2011	Increases	Decleases	Aujustinents	0/30/2010
Non-depreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 229,922 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	229,922
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 229,922	-	-	-	229,922
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	9,277,574	-	-	-	9,277,574
Building improvements	148,476	-	-	-	148,476
Improvements other than buildings	112,900	-	-	-	112,900
Mobile equipment	3,831,250	269,293	-	(28,552)	4,071,991
Furniture and equipment	861,216	7,724	-	37,022	905,962
Total depreciable capital assets	 14,231,416	277,017	-	8,470	14,516,903
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	5,478,489	141,035	-	1	5,619,525
Building improvements	35,634	5,939	-	-	41,573
Improvements other than buildings	78,809	4,516	-	-	83,325
Mobile equipment	2,503,099	205,125	-	(22,026)	2,686,198
Furniture and equipment	794,626	19,940	-	(4,104)	810,462
Total accumulated depreciation	 8,890,657	376,555	-	(26,129)	9,241,083
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 5,340,759	(99,538)	-	34,599	5,275,820
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,570,681 \$	(99,538) \$	- \$	34,599 \$	5,505,742

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	142,005	
Support services		221,846	
Non-instructional		12,704	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	376,555	

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2018	Amounts due within one year
A. Limited obligation bonds payable	\$ 425,000 \$	- \$	(425,000) \$	- \$	-
B. Three mill notes payable	368,133	-	(91,150)	276,983	89,299
C. Compensated absences payable	 86,814	9,199	-	96,013	-
Total	\$ 879,947 \$	9,199 \$	(516,150) \$	372,996 \$	89,299

#### A. Limited obligation bonds payable

This debt was retired during the year.

## B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	lssued	0	outstanding
1. Three mill notes	3.40%	5/6/2011	10/1/2020	\$ 869,634	\$	276,983
Total				\$ 869,634	\$	276,983

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 89,299 \$	7,899 \$	97,198
2020	92,385	4,811	97,196
2021	 95,299	1,620	96,919
Total	\$ 276,983 \$	14,330 \$	291,313

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Fund.

## C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Note 7 – Other Commitments

The school district has several operating leases for copy machines. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018 amounted to \$72,035.

Future lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 72,103
2020	68,495
2021	 45,780
Total	\$ 186,378

## Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

*Plan Description.* The Copiah County School District contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who gualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Copiah County School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The Copiah County School District's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$1,897,242, \$1,899,555 and \$1,873,918, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Copiah County School District reported a liability of \$31,252,982 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Copiah County School District's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The Copiah County School District's proportionate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was .188006 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was an increase of .0020 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,002,675. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	443,910	228,044
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	406,793
Changes of assumptions	686,006	52,683
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	368,289	26,849
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,897,242	-
Total	\$ 3,395,447 \$	714,369

\$1,897,242 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Copiah County School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ 741,439
2020	586,265
2021	59,825
2022	 (603,693)
Total	\$ 783,836

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of	\$ 40,990,367	\$ 31,252,982	\$ 23,168,829

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

the net pension liability

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

## Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

*Plan description.* State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$85,946 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$2,016,032 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .25694733 percent. This was a decrease of .003096 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$96,292. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-	-
Changes of assumptions		-	102,655
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions		-	21,507
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	85,946	
Total	\$	85,946 \$	124,162

\$85,946 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Copiah County School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (21,783)
2020	(21,783)
2021	(21,783)
2022	(21,783)
2023	(21,783)
Thereafter	 (15,247)
Total	\$ (124,162)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2017 2016
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

				Discount	
	1	% Decrease	F	Rate	1% Increase
		(2.56%)	(	3.56%)	(4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,069,274	\$	2,016,032	\$ 1,976,382

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Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	
		Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,861,941	\$ 2,016,032	\$ 2,191,943

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

## Note 10 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
<ol> <li>Implementation of GASB 74 and 75: Net OPEB liability (measurement date)</li> <li>Deformed outflows - contributions made during fiscal year 2017</li> </ol>	\$ (2,123,227)
Deferred outflows - contributions made during fiscal year 2017 Total prior period adjustment related to GASB 74 and 75	 79,325 (2,043,902)
<ol> <li>To adjust capital assets to subsidiary ledger</li> <li>Total</li> </ol>	\$ 34,599 (2,009,303)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Note 11 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2010	۴	77.000
2019	\$	77,339
2020		58,129
2021		47,377
2022		32,445
2023		23,299
2024-2028		38,922
2029-2033		35,383
Thereafter		72,699
Total	\$	385,593

## Note 12– Contingencies

Federal Grants – The Copiah County School District has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the Copiah County School District.

Litigation – The Copiah County School District is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the Copiah County School District with respect to the various proceedings. However, the Copiah County School District's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Copiah County School District.

## Note 13 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 72 school districts and covers risks of loss arising

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

## Note 14 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(14,873,692) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions and OPEB. The \$3,395,447 balance of the deferred outflow of resources from pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3-4 years. The \$85,946 balance of the deferred outflow of resources from OPEB at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as expenses and decrease the next 5-6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(14,873,692) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions and OPEB. The \$714,369 balance of the deferred inflow of resources from pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 3-4 years. The \$124,162 balance of the deferred inflow of resources from OPEB at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 5-6 years.

## Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Copiah County School District evaluated the activity of the district through November 30, 2018 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018				Varian Positive (N		
	 Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 4,307,121 \$	4,013,759 \$	4,121,147 \$	(293,362) \$	107,388	
State sources	13,006,228	12,967,509	12,964,470	(38,719)	(3,039)	
Federal sources	75,000	73,243	73,243	(1,757)	-	
Sixteenth section sources	 638,500	198,526	198,522	(439,974)	(4)	
Total Revenues	 18,026,849	17,253,037	17,357,382	(773,812)	104,345	
Expenditures:						
Instruction	11,085,082	10,502,694	10,086,157	582,388	416,537	
Support services	10,484,564	7,522,754	7,071,746	2,961,810	451,008	
Noninstructional services	202,015	97,563	84,929	104,452	12,634	
Sixteenth section	53,500	39,244	28,815	14,256	10,429	
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	196,500	-	-	196,500	-	
Interest	5,000	5,000	4,767		233	
Total Expenditures	 22,026,661	18,167,255	17,276,414	3,859,406	890,841	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	 (3,999,812)	(914,218)	80,968	3,085,594	995,186	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in	941,610	966,483	433,487	24,873	(532,996)	
Other financing sources	35,000	301,198	-	266,198	(301,198)	
Operating transfers out	 (822,000)	(876,066)	(47,298)	(54,066)	828,768	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 154,610	391,615	386,189	237,005	(5,426)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,845,202)	(522,603)	467,157	3,322,599	989,760	
July 1, 2017	 15,381,316	15,381,316	15,381,316	-	-	
June 30, 2018	\$ 11,536,114 \$	14,858,713 \$	15,848,473 \$	3,322,599 \$	989,760	

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Child Nutrition Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

For the real Ended Julie 30, 2016			_	Variar Positive (N		
	 Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 192,000 \$	176,473 \$	176,470 \$	(15,527) \$	(3)	
State sources	20,000	17,717	17,717	(2,283)	-	
Federal sources	 2,160,000	2,078,491	2,078,491	(81,509)	-	
Total Revenues	 2,372,000	2,272,681	2,272,678	(99,319)	(3)	
Expenditures:						
Support services	189,608	138,810	118,193	50,798	20,617	
Noninstructional services	 2,271,632	1,852,918	1,802,526	418,714	50,392	
Total Expenditures	 2,461,240	1,991,728	1,920,719	469,512	71,009	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	 (89,240)	280,953	351,959	370,193	71,006	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out	 (100,000)	(100,000)	(91,575)	-	8,425	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (100,000)	(100,000)	(91,575)	-	8,425	
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (189,240)	180,953	260,384	370,193	79,431	
July 1, 2017	1,084,632	1,084,632	1,084,632	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	 -	-	1,798	-	1,798	
June 30, 2018	\$ 895,392 \$	1,265,585 \$	1,346,814 \$	370,193 \$	81,229	

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Varian	ces
			-	Positive (N	legative)
	 Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 1,631,386 \$	1,256,594 \$	1,244,594 \$	(374,792) \$	(12,000)
Total Revenues	 1,631,386	1,256,594	1,244,594	(374,792)	(12,000)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	315,864	607,612	603,071	(291,748)	4,541
Support services	1,204,303	574,577	567,419	629,726	7,158
Noninstructional services	 72,256	53,535	53,235	18,721	300
Total Expenditures	 1,592,423	1,235,724	1,223,725	356,699	11,999
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 38,963	20,870	20,869	(18,093)	(1)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	 (31,441)	(20,870)	(20,869)	10,571	1
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (31,441)	(20,870)	(20,869)	10,571	1
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,522	-	-	(7,522)	-
July 1, 2017	 -	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2018	\$ 7,522 \$	- \$	- \$	(7,522) \$	

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Varian	ces	
			_	Positive (N	legative)	
	 Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:						
Federal sources	\$ 709,841 \$	600,449 \$	555,449 \$	(109,392) \$	(45,000)	
Total Revenues	 709,841	600,449	555,449	(109,392)	(45,000)	
Expenditures:						
Instruction	326,245	245,576	245,268	80,669	308	
Support services	361,654	324,054	298,890	37,600	25,164	
Noninstructional	 2,500	1,000	1,000	1,500	-	
Total Expenditures	 690,399	570,630	545,158	119,769	25,472	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures	 19,442	29,819	10,291	10,377	(19,528)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out	 (14,040)	(10,291)	(10,291)	3,749	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (14,040)	(10,291)	(10,291)	3,749	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,402	19,528	-	14,126	(19,528)	
July 1, 2017	 -	-	-	-	-	
June 30, 2018	\$ 5,402 \$	19,528 \$	- \$	14,126 \$	(19,528)	

**Required Supplementary Information** 

#### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

PERS

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ <b>2018</b> 0.188006% 31,252,982	<b>2017</b> 0.185985% 33,221,565	2016 0.185558% 28,683,608	<b>2015</b> 0.181883% 22,077,266
District's covered payroll	12,060,667	11,897,892	11,592,603	11,114,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contribution	\$ <b>2018</b> 1,897,242	<b>2017</b> 1,899,555	<b>2016</b> 1,873,918	<b>2015</b> 1,825,835
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,897,242	1,899,555	1,873,918	1,825,835
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 12,045,981	12,060,667	11,897,892	11,592,603
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 <b>2018</b> 0.25694733%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,016,032
District's covered-employee payroll	12,060,667
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	16.716%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 85,946
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 85,946
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,045,981
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.7135%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u> 2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### <u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

## <u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	33.9 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, pet of pension plan investment
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

## **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75 percent

Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2022
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56 percent

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Supplementary Information

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

	Catalog of Federal		
Federal Grantor/	Domestic	Pass-through	Endered
Pass-through Grantor/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Federal
Program Title	No	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	185MS326N1099	\$ 541,809
National school lunch program	10.555	185MS326N1099	1,536,682
Total child nutrition cluster		-	2,078,491
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		_	2,078,491
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		-	2,078,491
U.S. Department of Interior			
Direct Program:			
Payment in lieu of taxes	15.226	N/A	29,100
Total U.S. Department of Interior			29,100
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	44,143
Total Federal Communications Commission		_	44,143
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A170024	1,302,001
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A170024	39,478
Improving teacher quality-State Grants	84.367	ES367A170023	26,126
Subtotal		_	1,367,605
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A170108	561,006
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A170113	4,122
Total special education cluster		_	565,128
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,932,733

Total for All Federal Awards	\$ 4,084,467

## Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Copiah County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Copiah County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Copiah County School District.

## (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Copiah County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### (4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$137,151 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 16,467,328 5,737,625	12,184,724 1,378,833	671,734 358,227	1,284,560 140,508	2,326,310 3,860,057
Total	\$ 22,204,953	13,563,557	1,029,961	1,425,068	6,186,367
Total number of students *	 2,637				
Cost per student	\$ 8,421	5,144	391	540	2,346

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

\* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

**Other Information** 

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 4,121,147	\$ 4,115,212	\$ 4,005,203	\$ 3,962,173
State sources	12,964,470	12,651,371	12,570,977	12,270,534
Federal sources	73,243	361,417	122,084	110,759
Sixteenth section sources	 198,522	209,977	388,056	760,860
Total Revenues	 17,357,382	17,337,977	17,086,320	17,104,326
Expenditures:				
Instruction	10,086,157	9,885,532	9,737,745	9,530,910
Support services	7,071,746	6,768,056	7,257,920	6,384,638
Noninstructional services	84,929	135,611	92,491	114,031
Sixteenth section	28,815	8,439	14,171	16,376
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	73,150	-
Debt service:				
Interest	 4,767	4,770	4,770	4,770
Total Expenditures	 17,276,414	16,802,408	17,180,247	16,050,725
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 80,968	535,569	(93,927)	1,053,601
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Insurance recovery	-	135,200	415,229	-
Operating transfers in	433,487	171,939	116,535	83,615
Operating transfers out	(47,298)	(31,305)	(40,000)	(60,679)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 386,189	 275,834	 491,764	 22,936
	 		.0.,.01	
Net Change in Fund Balances	 467,157	811,403	397,837	1,076,537
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	15,381,316	14,569,913	14,172,076	5,970,894
Fund reclassification				5,970,894 7,124,831
Prior period adjustments	_		_	(186)
Beginning of period, as restated	 15,381,316	 	 - 14,172,076	 13,095,539
Degrinning of period, as restated	 10,001,010	14,000,010	14,172,070	10,000,000
End of Period	\$ 15,848,473	\$ 15,381,316	\$ 14,569,913	\$ 14,172,076

**\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS** 

**Other Information** 

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

		2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	4,420,021	\$ 4,426,556	\$ 4,319,071	\$ 4,295,629
State sources		13,956,589	13,510,831	13,448,903	13,164,115
Federal sources		4,084,467	4,434,131	4,118,359	4,385,544
Sixteenth section sources		214,822	232,107	443,357	858,687
Total Revenues		22,675,899	22,603,625	22,329,690	22,703,975
Expenditures:					
Instruction		11,364,260	11,207,758	11,043,198	11,198,139
Support services		8,297,369	7,848,585	8,431,167	7,604,694
Noninstructional services		1,941,691	1,979,661	1,919,260	1,906,304
Sixteenth section		55,649	46,773	68,532	93,904
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	73,150	-
Debt service:					
Principal		516,150	502,853	489,383	475,708
Interest		29,834	43,915	59,012	69,790
Total Expenditures		22,204,953	21,629,545	22,083,702	21,348,539
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		470,946	974,080	245,988	1,355,436
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery		-	135,200	415,229	-
Operating transfers in		480,785	203,244	156,535	252,617
Operating transfers out		(480,785)	(203,244)	(156,535)	(252,617)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(100,100)	135,200	415,229	(202,011)
			100,200	110,220	
Net Change in Fund Balances		470,946	1,109,280	661,217	1,355,436
		- ,	,,	,	,,
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		17,952,093	16,839,344	16,176,660	14,829,076
Prior period adjustment		-	-	-	(186)
Beginning of period, as restated	_	17,952,093	16,839,344	16,176,660	14,828,890
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		1,798	3,469	1,467	(7,666)
End of Period	\$	18,424,837	\$ 17,952,093	\$ 16,839,344	\$ 16,176,660

\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Copiah County School District Hazlehurst, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Copiah County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Copiah County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2018.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Copiah County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Copiah County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Copiah County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Copiah County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 30, 2018

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Copiah County School District Hazlehurst, Mississippi

## **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Copiah County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Copiah County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Copiah County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Copiah County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Copiah County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Copiah County School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Copiah County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Copiah County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Copiah County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Copiah County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a reasonable possibility of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a reasonable possibility of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 30, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Copiah County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Copiah County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Copiah County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

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Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi November 30, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fin	Financial Statements:								
1.	. Type of auditor's report issued:								
2.	2. Internal control over financial reporting:								
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	1?	No					
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identi	fied?	None reported					
0	Num	and the second states of the	10	NL.					
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial stat	iements noted?	No					
Fed	deral Aw	ards:							
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:							
	a.	No							
	b.	None reported							
5.	5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:								
6.	<ol> <li>Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?</li> </ol>								
7.	7. Identification of major programs:								
	<u>CFDA</u>	<u>r</u>							
	Child Nutrition Cluster:								
	10.553	}	School Breakfast Program						
	10.555 National School Lunch Program								

8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish \$750,000 between type A and type B programs:

Yes

9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.