

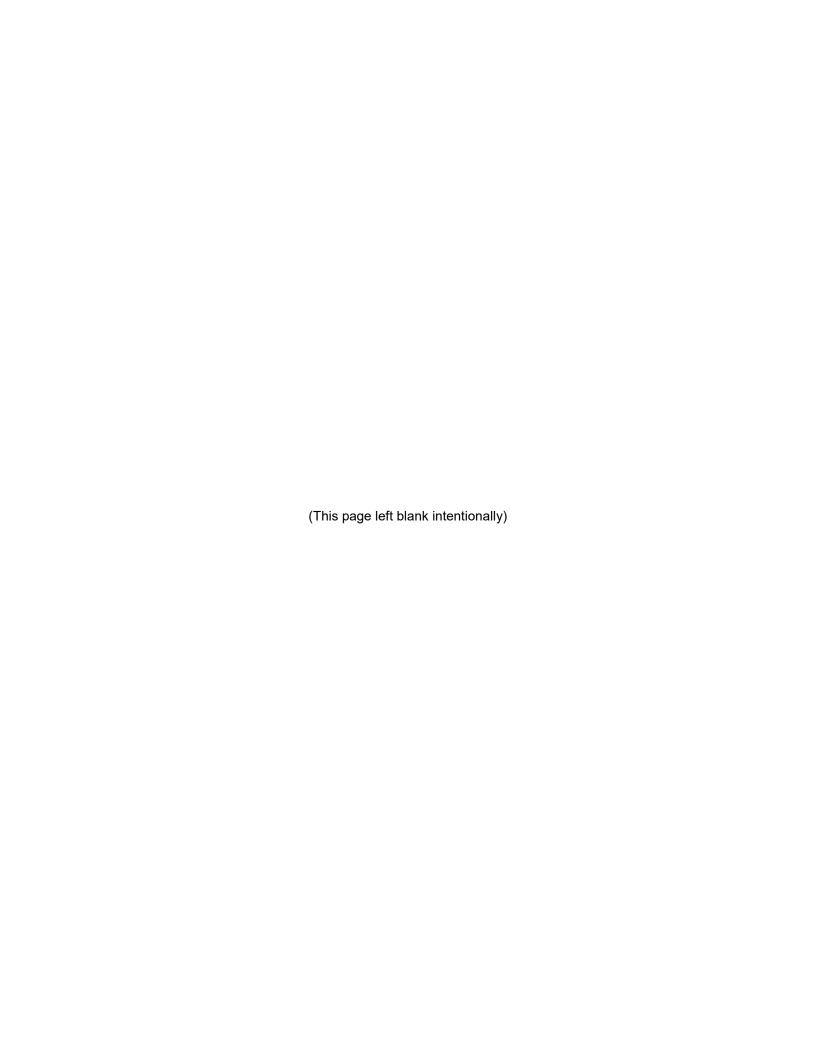
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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Hollandale School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hollandale School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hollandale School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hollandale School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-13, 48-51, 52, 53, 54 and 55, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the `Hollandale School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2019, on our consideration of the Hollandale School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hollandale School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hollandale School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

JD CPA. PLLC

Madison, Mississippi March 11, 2019 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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The following discussion and analysis of Hollandale School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 increased \$12,624, including a prior period adjustment of (\$661,449) due to the recording of the net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows, which represents a less than 1% increase from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$159,371, which represents a 2% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$5,780,565 and \$5,442,311, or 72% and 75% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,219,629, or 28% of total revenues for 2018, and \$1,818,810, or 25% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$7,326,121 and \$7,420,492 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$2,219,629 for 2018 and \$1,818,810 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$5,780,565 for 2018 were adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$5,442,311 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$5,714,161 in revenues and \$5,245,966 in expenditures for 2018, and \$5,313,411 in revenues and \$5,081,673 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$429,399 from 2017 to 2018, and increased by \$279,421 from 2016 to 2017.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$80,726 for 2018 and decreased by \$119,848 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due to the disposal of mobile equipment coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt, including the liability for compensated absences, decreased by \$97,466 for 2018 and decreased by \$98,235 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$3,070 for 2018 and decreased by \$7,348 for 2017.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$7,500,639 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Percentag Change	_
Current assets	\$ 1,864,425	\$ 1,373,123	35.78	%
Restricted assets	628,987	542,808	15.88	%
Capital assets, net	1,894,905	1,975,631	(4.09)	%
Total assets	4,388,317	3,891,562	12.76	%
Deferred outflows of resources	964,739	 2,121,046	(54.52)	%
Current liabilities	46,506	63,169	(26.38)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	1,539,509	1,636,975	(5.95)	%
Net OPEB liability	639,469	-	N/A	%
Net pension liability	9,488,800	10,950,961	(13.35)	%
Total liabilities	11,714,284	12,651,105	(7.41)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,139,411	 874,766	30.25	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	386,011	372,341	3.67	%
Restricted	1,108,224	943,479	17.46	%
Unrestricted	 (8,994,874)	 (8,829,083)	(1.88)	%
Total net position	\$ (7,500,639)	\$ (7,513,263)	0.17	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (8,994,874)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	10,302,941
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 1,308,067

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$80,726.
- The principal retirement of \$94,396 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$9,488,800.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$639,469.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$8,000,194 and \$7,261,121, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$7,326,121 for 2018 and \$7,420,492 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2018		Year Ended June 30, 2017		Percentage Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	101,659	\$	81,329	25.00	%
Operating grants and contributions		2,117,970		1,737,481	21.90	%
General revenues:						
Property and gaming taxes		1,475,367		1,339,015	10.18	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		3,425,234		3,716,655	(7.84)	%
Investment earnings		30,644		18,434	66.24	%
Sixteenth section sources		256,592		228,884	12.11	%
Other		592,728		139,323	325.43	%
Total revenues		8,000,194		7,261,121	10.18	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		3,122,454		3,243,796	(3.74)	%
Support services		3,287,649		2,887,773	13.85	%
Non-instructional		386,277		449,308	(14.03)	%
Sixteenth section		5,803		4,563	27.18	%
Pension expense		486,576		823,690	(40.93)	%
OPEB expense		28,582		-	N/A	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		8,780		11,362	(22.72)	%
Total expenses		7,326,121		7,420,492	(1.27)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		674,073		(159,371)	522.96	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(7,513,263)		(7,353,892)	(2.17)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(661,449)			N/A	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(8,174,712)		(7,353,892)	(11.16)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(7,500,639)	\$	(7,513,263)	0.17	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total Expenses				Percentage		
		2018		2017	Change		
Instruction	\$	3,122,454	\$	3,243,796	(3.74) %		
Support services		3,287,649		2,887,773	13.85 %		
Non-instructional		386,277		449,308	(14.03) %		
Sixteenth section		5,803		4,563	27.18 %		
Pension Expense		486,576		823,690	(40.93) %		
OPEB Expense		28,582		-	N/A %		
Interest on long-term liabilities		8,780		11,362	(22.72) %		
Total expenses	\$	7,326,121	\$	7,420,492	(1.27) %		
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage		
		2018		2017	Change		
Instruction	\$	(2,030,258)	\$	(2,391,463)	15.10 %		
Support services		(2,635,925)		(2,354,801)	(11.94) %		
Non-instructional		89,432		(15,803)	665.92 %		
Sixteenth section		(5,803)		(4,563)	27.18 %		
Pension Expense		(486,576)		(823,690)	(40.93) %		
OPEB Expense		(28,582)		-	N/A %		
Interest on long-term liabilities		(8,780)		(11,362)	22.72 %		
Total net (expense) revenue	\$	(5,106,492)	\$	(5,601,682)	8.84 %		

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$5,106,492 for 2018 and \$5,601,682 for 2017) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$1,475,367 for 2018 and \$1,339,015 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$3,425,234 for 2018 and \$3,716,655 for 2017). In addition, there was \$256,592 and \$228,884 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$30,644 for 2018 and \$18,434 for 2017.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,447,904, an increase of \$591,860, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$6,777. \$1,246,453, or 51% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$1,201,451, or 49% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$429,399. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$53,260. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
School Food Service Fund	\$ 23,013
Title I Basic Fund	no increase or decrease
Special Education Fund	no increase or decrease
QSCB Sinking Fund	\$ 86,188

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to the District's total revenues and expenditures.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$4,566,815, including land, school buildings, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross decrease of \$1,617 from 2017. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$2,671,910, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$110,687, resulting in total net capital assets of \$1,894,905.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	J	une 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Percentage Change
Land	\$	109,178	\$ 109,178	0.00 %
Buildings		1,500,680	1,548,207	(3.07) %
Mobile equipment		262,426	302,455	(13.23) %
Furniture and equipment		22,621	 15,791	43.25 %
Total	\$	1,894,905	\$ 1,975,631	(4.09) %

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2018, the District had \$1,539,509 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$60,425 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$94,396 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$3,070 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Jı	une 30, 2018	Jı	ıne 30, 2017	Percenta Change	_
Obligations under capital leases	\$	-	\$	37,332	(100.00)	%
Installment purchase loans payable		58,894		115,958	(49.21)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		1,450,000		1,450,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		30,615		33,685	(9.11)	%
Total	\$	1,539,509	\$	1,636,975	(5.95)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Hollandale School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Hollandale School District, P.O. Box 128, Hollandale, MS 38748.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2018	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,441,227
Due from other governments	417,543
Accrued interest receivable	4,447
Inventories Restricted assets	1,208 628,987
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	020,907
Land	109,178
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	100,110
Buildings	1,500,680
Mobile equipment	262,426
Furniture and equipment	22,621
Total Assets	4,388,317
Defermed Outflows of Decourses	
Deferred outflows of Resources	027 477
Deferred outflows - pensions	937,477
Deferred outflows - OPEB	27,262
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	964,739
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	45,421
Unearned revenue	87
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	998
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	50.004
Capital related liabilities	58,894
Non-capital related liabilities Net OPEB liability	1,531 26,520
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	20,320
Capital related liabilities	1,450,000
Non-capital related liabilities	29,084
Net pension liability	9,488,800
Net OPEB liability	612,949
Total Liabilities	11,714,284
56 116 65	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - pensions	1,088,849
Deferred inflows - Defisions Deferred inflows - OPEB	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>50,562</u> 1,139,411
Total Deletted Inilows of Resources	1,139,411
Net Position	206 044
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	386,011
Expendable:	
School-based activities	331,203
Debt service	698,995
Capital improvements	15,760
Forestry improvements	4,883
Unemployment benefits	32,206
Non-expendable:	
Sixteenth section	25,177
Unrestricted	(8,994,874
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (7,500,639

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 20	112						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20	J 10		F	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Evpanage	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Functions/Flograms		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Continuations		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$	3,122,454 \$	91,234 \$	1,000,962 \$	_	\$	(2,030,258)
Support services		3,287,649	-	651,724	-		(2,635,925)
Non-instructional		386,277	10,425	465,284	-		89,432
Sixteenth section		5,803	, <u>-</u>	, -	-		(5,803)
Pension expense		486,576	_	_	-		(486,576)
OPEB expense		28,582	_	_	-		(28,582)
Interest on long-term liabilities		8,780	-	_	-		(8,780)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	7,326,121 \$	101,659 \$	2,117,970 \$	-	\$	(5,106,492)
			General Revenues Taxes: General purp				1,359,118
			Debt purpose				62,916
			Gaming				53,333
			•	rants and contribut	tions:		,
			State				3,375,096
			Federal				50,138
			Unrestricted in	vestment earnings	;		30,644
			Sixteenth sect	tion sources			256,592
			Other				592,728
			Total Gene	eral Revenues		_	5,780,565
			Change in Net Po	sition		_	674,073
			Net Position - Be	ginning, as previou	sly reported		(7,513,263)
			Prior Period Adj	ustments			(661,449)
			Net Position - Be	ginning, as restate	ed		(8,174,712)
			Net Position (defi	cit) - Ending		\$	(7,500,639)

Governmental Funds Exhibit C **Balance Sheet** June 30, 2018 Major Funds School Special Other Total General Food Service Title I Basic Education QSCB Sinking Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents 872,066 \$ 192,711 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 401,627 \$ 1,466,404 Cash with fiscal agents 7,316 7,316 Investments 596,494 596,494 417,543 Due from other governments 252,074 53,592 36,112 75,765 Accrued interest receivable 4,447 4,447 Due from other funds 171,339 171,339 Inventories 1,208 1,208 Total assets 1,295,479 \$ 193,919 \$ 53,592 \$ 36,112 \$ 608,257 \$ 477,392 \$ 2,664,751 Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 45,421 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 45.421 32,000 Due to other funds 53,592 36,112 49,635 171,339 Unavailable revenue - federal programs 87 87 **Total Liabilities** 45,421 32,000 53,592 36,112 49,722 216,847 Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventory 1,208 1,208 Permanent fund principal 25,177 25,177 Restricted: Debt service 608,257 91,736 699,993 Capital projects 15,760 15,760 Forestry improvement purposes 4,883 4,883 Grant activities 135,949 135,949 Unemployment benefits 32,206 32,206 160,711 Child nutrition 33,335 194,046 Assigned: Capital projects 88,624 88,624 Activity funds 3,605 3,605 Unassigned 1,246,453 1,246,453 608,257 427,670 2,447,904 **Total Fund Balances** 1,250,058 161,919 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances 1,295,479 \$ 193,919 \$ 53,592 \$ 36,112 \$ 608,257 \$ 477,392 \$ 2,664,751

HOLLANDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT					
Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018					
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	2,447,904		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:					
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 					
Land Buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	\$	109,178 2,966,122 851,939 639,576 (2,671,910)	1,894,905		
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	:				
Net pension liability		(9,488,800)			
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	_	937,477 (1,088,849)	(9,640,172)		
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Net OPEB liability		(639,469)			
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:					
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	_	27,262 (50,562)	(662,769)		
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:					
Other bonds payable Loans payable Compensated absences		(1,450,000) (58,894) (30,615)			
Accrued interest payable	_	(998)	(1,540,507)		
Net Position of governmental activities		\$ <u>_</u>	(7,500,639)		

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Major Funds School Other Total Special General Food Service Title I Basic Education QSCB Sinking Governmental Governmental Fund Funds Fund Fund Fund Fund Funds Revenues: Local sources 2,106,796 \$ 16,242 \$ 7 \$ - \$ 12,848 \$ 64,195 \$ 2,200,088 State sources 3,300,635 4,071 281,213 3,585,919 495,401 459,070 721,082 1,957,286 Federal sources 50,138 231,595 Sixteenth section sources 256,592 309 256,901 Total Revenues 5,714,161 515,714 459,077 231,595 12,848 1,066,799 8,000,194 Expenditures: Instruction 2,406,684 358,687 62,915 668,326 3,496,612 Support services 2,761,258 67,698 69,106 168,680 322,890 3,389,632 Noninstructional services 386,226 2,964 14,860 404,050 Sixteenth section 5,803 5,803 Debt service: Principal 27,075 94,396 67,321 Interest 4,292 1,245 3,625 9,162 Other 608 1,294 1,902 Total Expenditures 5,245,966 453,924 459,077 231,595 1,010,995 7,401,557 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 468,195 61,790 12,848 55,804 598,637 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 73,340 Payments held by escrow agent 73,340 Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent (73,340) (73,340)Operating transfers in 32,309 88,339 120,648 Operating transfers out (71, 105)(32,000)(17,543)(120,648) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (38,796)(32,000)73,340 (2,544)Net Change in Fund Balances 598,637 429,399 29,790 86,188 53,260 Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 820,659 138,906 522,069 374,410 1,856,044 (6,777) (6,777) Increase (Decrease) in inventory

161,919 \$

- \$

- \$

608,257 \$

427,670 \$

2,447,904

1,250,058 \$

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

June 30, 2018

HOLLANDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT		-
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	i	Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	598,637
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 33,470 (110,687)	(77,217)
 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. 		(3,509)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	94,396 2,284	96,680
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(486,576) 551,085	64,509
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(28,582) 27,262	(1,320)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:		
Change in inventory	3,070 (6,777)	(3,707)
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	\$ _	674,073

Fiduciary Funds				
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E		
June 30, 2018				
		Agency Funds		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	220,828		
Total Assets	\$	220,828		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	213,262		
Due to student clubs		7,566		
Total Liabilities	\$	220,828		

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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined city ward.

For financial reporting purposes, Hollandale School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
 by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

School Food Service Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for local, state, and federal revenue received and expenditures incurred related to the District's Child Nutrition Program.

Title I Basic Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's Title I Program.

Special Education Fund - This is a special revenue fund that accounts for federal sources received and expenditures incurred related to the District's Special Education Program.

QSCB Sinking Fund - This is a debt service fund that accounts for annual sinking fund payments made by the District to a fiscal agent, and the investment of those funds to be used for the future retirement of the Qualified School Construction Bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for accounts payable type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases		*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as a deferred outflow related to pensions and a deferred outflow related to OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as a deferred inflow related to pensions and a deferred inflow related to OPEB.

See Note 15 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. Fiduciary net position was zero as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this School District.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 7% of total revenues or expenditures. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$1,466,404 and \$220,828, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2018, none of the district's bank balance of \$2,012,761 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$7,316.

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposit	N/A	5 to 10 years	\$ 596,494
Total			\$ 596,494

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

• U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposit of \$596,494 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	School Food Service Fund	\$ 32,000
	Title I Basic Fund	53,592
	Special Education Fund	36,112
	Other governmental funds	49,635
Total		\$ 171,339

The primary purpose of the interfund-loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year-end closing adjustments.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 71,105
School Food Service Fund	General Fund	32,000
Other governmental funds	General Fund	309
	Other governmental funds	17,234
Total		\$ 120,648

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational education expenditure transfers, unemployment transfers, debt service transfers, the transfer of expendable sixteenth section sources, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$25,177 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent and investment balance, totaling \$7,316 and \$596,494, respectively, of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 109,178 \$	\$	\$	109,178
Total non-depreciable capital assets	109,178	-	-	109,178
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	2,966,122			2,966,122
Mobile equipment	869,427	17,599	35,087	851,939
Furniture and equipment	 623,705	15,871		639,576
Total depreciable capital assets	4,459,254	33,470	35,087	4,457,637
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,417,915	47,527		1,465,442
Mobile equipment	566,972	54,119	31,578	589,513
Furniture and equipment	 607,914	9,041		616,955
Total accumulated depreciation	2,592,801	110,687	31,578	2,671,910
Total depreciable capital assets, net	1,866,453	(77,217)	3,509	1,785,727
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,975,631 \$	(77,217) \$	3,509 \$	1,894,905

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 42,467
Support services	57,461
Non-instructional	10,759
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 110,687

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

	 Balance 7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2018	Amounts due within one year
A. Obligations under capital leases	\$ 37,332 \$	9	37,332 \$	- \$	-
B. Installment purchases loans payable	115,958		57,064	58,894	58,894
C. Qualified school construction bonds payable	1,450,000			1,450,000	-
D. Compensated absences payable	 33,685		3,070	30,615	1,531
Total	\$ 1,636,975 \$	- \$	97,466 \$	1,539,509 \$	60,425

A. Obligations under capital leases

The school district has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of IPADs at a cost of \$81,280 and IPAD carts at a cost of \$30,799. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes.

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
 Apple IPAD lease IPAD cart lease 	4.60% 5.60%	10/9/2015 10/9/2015		\$ 81,280 30,799	\$ - -
Total				\$ 112,079	\$ -

This debt was retired in full from the District Maintenance Fund (General Fund) and the Title I Basic Fund (Special Revenue Fund).

B. Installment purchases loans payable

The school district has entered into an installment purchase agreement as listed below. Property under this installment purchase agreement is composed of the following:

- 1. Four 2014 Thomas buses
- 2. One 2012 Thomas bus

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Outstanding
Installment purchase agreement		12/19/2012		\$ 387,812		58,894
Total				\$ 387,812	\$	58,894

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 58,894 \$	1,888 \$	60,782
Total	\$ 58,894 \$	1,888 \$	60,782

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund (General Fund).

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	C	Outstanding
Qualified school construction bonds	0.25%	9/15/2010	9/15/2027	\$ 1,450,000	\$	1,450,000
Total				\$ 1,450,000	\$	1,450,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$	- \$	3,625 \$	3,625
2020	,	-	3,625	3,625
2021		-	3,625	3,625
2022		-	3,625	3,625
2023		-	3,625	3,625
2024 – 2028		1,450,000	18,125	1,468,125
Total	\$	1,450,000 \$	36,250 \$	1,486,250

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$551,085, \$576,733 and \$617,712, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the school district reported a liability of \$9,488,800 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was 0.057081 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was a decrease of 0.004226 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$486,576. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 148,566	\$ 69,237
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		101,728
Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	237,826	17,366 900,518
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	551,085	
Total	\$ 937,477	\$ 1,088,849

\$551,085 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (343,697)
2020	(115,802)
2021	(59,671)
2022	(183, 287)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Rea	<u>al</u>	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return		
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.6	0	%
International Equity	18.00		4.5	0	

Emerging Markets Equity	4.00	4.75
Global	12.00	4.75
Fixed Income	18.00	0.75
Real Estate	10.00	3.50
Private Equity	8.00	5.10
Emerging Debt	2.00	2.25
Cash	1.00	0.00
Total	100 %	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	į	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 12,445,194	\$	9,488,800	\$ 7,034,350

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between

the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$27,262 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$639,469 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.08150163 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00259132 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$28,582. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$
Changes of assumptions		32,562
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		18,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	27,262	
Total	\$ 27,262	\$ 50,562

\$27,262 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2019	\$ (8,871)
2020	(8,871)
2021	(8,871)
2022	(8,871)
2023	(8,871)
Thereafter	(6,207)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of N/A Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.56 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.01 percent

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2017
Prior Measurement Date 2016

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.56 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.01 percent

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

			Di	iscount		
	1	% Decrease	R	ate	1	% Increase
		(2.56%)	(3	.56%)		(4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	656,357	\$	639,469	\$	626,893

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Healthcare Cost Trend		
			,	Cost Hend		
	1	% Decrease		Rates		
				Current	1	% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	590,593	\$	639,469	\$	695,267

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 228,279
2020	228,279
2021	16,318
2022	 16,318
Total	\$ 489,194

Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	 Amount
To restate fund balance for the effect of recording the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows related to OPEB, and OPEB expense	\$ (661,449)
Total	\$ (661,449)

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. Since the school district is paying only a nominal amount of interest on this debt, the school district did not receive any subsidy payments from the federal government.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2018 was \$608,257, which included accrued income of \$4,447. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 85,294
2020	85,294
2021	85,294
2022	85,294
2023	85,294
2024 - 2028	 426,472
Total	\$ 852,942

Note 14 - Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated May 5, 2008, creating the Area Vocational School Consortium. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The consortium includes the Leland School District and Hollandale School District.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The Leland School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Area Vocational School Consortium, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

Note 15 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$8,994,874) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$551,085 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The \$386,392 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 3 years. The \$1,088,849 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$8,994,874) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB. The deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$27,262 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources totaling \$50,562 related to OPEB at June 30, 2018, will be recognized in OPEB expense over the next 6 years.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position/Balance Sheet date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position/Balance Sheet date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the School District through March 11, 2019 and determined that no events requiring disclosure have occurred.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

June 30, 2018

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original (GAAP Basis) Final to Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources \$ 1,471,853 \$ 2,565,538 \$ 2,106,796 \$ 1,093,685 \$ (458,742)State sources 3,299,274 3,300,635 3,300,635 1,361 20,138 Federal sources 30,000 50,138 50,138 Sixteenth section sources 237,000 256,592 256,592 19,592 Total Revenues 5,038,127 6,172,903 5,714,161 1,134,776 (458,742) **Expenditures:** Instruction 2,858,008 2,781,204 2,406,684 76,804 374,520 Support services 2,262,956 2,870,488 2,761,258 (607,532)109,230 Sixteenth section 7,300 5,803 5,803 1,497 Debt service: 61,400 Principal 61,390 67,321 (5,931)10 Interest 4,292 (4,292)Other 608 (608)Total Expenditures 5,189,664 5,718,885 5,245,966 (529, 221)472,919 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (151,537)454,018 468,195 605,555 14,177 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in 387,000 278,811 32,309 (108, 189)(246,502)Operating transfers out (235,657)(349,607)(71, 105)(113,950)278,502 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 151,343 (70,796)(38,796)(222, 139)32,000 Net Change in Fund Balances (194)383,222 429,399 383,416 46,177 Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 820,659 820,659 820,659

820,465 \$ 1,203,881 \$

1,250,058 \$

383,416 \$

46,177

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule School Food Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variances

			_	Positive (N	legative)
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$ 35,762 \$	16,242 \$	16,242 \$	(19,520)\$	-
State sources	5,000	4,071	4,071	(929)	-
Federal sources	524,421	495,401	495,401	(29,020)	
Total Revenues	 565,183	515,714	515,714	(49,469)	
Expenditures:					
Support services	72,048	67,698	67,698	4,350	-
Noninstructional services	461,135	386,226	386,226	74,909	
Total Expenditures	 533,183	453,924	453,924	79,259	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 32,000	61,790	61,790	29,790	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	(32,000)	(32,000)	(32,000)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (32,000)	(32,000)	(32,000)	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -	29,790	29,790	29,790	
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2017	 96,733	96,733	138,906	-	42,173
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	 -	(6,777)	(6,777)	(6,777)	
June 30, 2018	\$ 96,733 \$	119,746 \$	161,919 \$	23,013 \$	42,173

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Basic Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final Original (GAAP Basis) to Final Final to Actual Revenues: 7 \$ - \$ 7 \$ 7 \$ Local sources Federal sources 699,458 459,070 459,070 (240,388)**Total Revenues** 699,458 459,077 459,077 (240,381)**Expenditures:** 358,687 29,370 Instruction 498,703 388,057 110,646 Support services 196,747 69,106 69,106 127,641 Noninstructional services 15,892 2,964 2,964 12,928 Debt service: Principal 27,075 (27,075)Interest 1,245 (1,245)Total Expenditures 711,342 460,127 459,077 251,215 1,050 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (11,884)10,834 1,050 (1,050)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances (11,884)(1,050)10,834 1,050 Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 June 30, 2018 (11,884)\$ (1,050)\$ - \$ 10,834 \$ 1,050

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Education Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variances Positive (Negative) Final **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Federal sources 265,147 \$ 231,595 \$ 231,595 \$ (33,552) \$ Total Revenues 265,147 231,595 231,595 (33,552)**Expenditures:** Instruction 129,498 62,915 62,915 66,583 Support services 138,539 168,680 168,680 (30, 141)Noninstructional services 400 400 268,437 231,595 231,595 36,842 Total Expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (3,290)3,290 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out 1,000 (1,000)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,000)1,000 (4,290)4,290 Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 June 30, 2018 (4,290)\$ - \$ - \$ 4,290 \$

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	 2018 0.057081%	2017 0.061307%	2016 0.064720%	2015 0.070536%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,488,800	10,950,961	10,004,436	8,561,779
District's covered payroll	3,661,797	3,921,981	4,043,333	4,310,102
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	551,085	576,733	617,712	636,825
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 551,085	576,733	617,712	636,825
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	
District's covered payroll	3,498,952	3,661,797	3,921,981	4,043,333
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	%	0.08150163
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	639,469
District's covered-employee payroll		3,661,644
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	l	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 27,262
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 27,262
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	3,498,952
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.78%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

HOLLANDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

HOLLANDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2018

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 33.9 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75 percent

Pre-Medicare

HOLLANDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare

5.00 percent

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare

2022

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense,

including price inflation

3.56 percent

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary Information Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Catalog of Federal Federal Grantor/ Domestic Pass-Through Grantor/ Assistance Pass-through Federal Entity Identifying **Program Title** Number Expenditures Number U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program 10.553 185MS326N1099 195,097 National School Lunch Program 10.555 185MS326N1099 299,391 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 185MS326N1099 913 495,401 **Total Child Nutrition Cluster** Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 495,401 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 495,401 **Federal Communications Commission** Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund 32.xxx N/A 36,013 **Total Federal Communications Commission** 36,013 U. S. Department of Education Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 ES010A170024 459,070 Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants 84.367 ES367A170023 156,001 Subtotal 615,071 Special Education Cluster: Special education - grants to states 84.027 H027A170108 231,595 Special education - preschool grants 84.173 H173A170113 106,339 **Total Special Education Cluster** 337,934 Total Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 953,005 Passed-through Delta Health Alliance: Promise Neighborhoods Program 84.215N U215N160028 458,742 Total passed-through the Delta Health Alliance 458.742 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,411,747 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program 93.778 1805MS5ADM 14,125 Total Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 14,125 Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 14,125 Total for All Federal Awards 1,957,286

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Hollandale School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Hollandale School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Hollandale School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Hollandale School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

HAZLEHURST CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 4,955,069 2,446,488	3,414,308 676,861	715,489 825,387	308,119 991	517,153 943,249
Total	\$ 7,401,557	4,091,169	1,540,876	309,110	1,460,402
Total number of students *	 581				
Cost per student	\$ 12,740	7,042	2,652	532	2,514

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,106,796 \$	1,482,006 \$	1,479,170 \$	1,266,391
State sources	3,300,635	3,464,347	3,471,483	3,531,834
Federal sources	50,138	138,174	9,402	54,838
Sixteenth section sources	256,592	228,884	270,592	166,768
Total Revenues	5,714,161	5,313,411	5,230,647	5,019,831
Expenditures:				
Instruction	2,406,684	2,625,603	2,939,999	2,884,550
Support services	2,761,258	2,390,117	2,551,832	2,669,175
Sixteenth section	5,803	4,563	7,630	7,295
Debt service:				
Principal	67,321	55,291	53,574	51,910
Interest	4,292	6,099	7,208	8,872
Other	608	-	1,652	-
Total Expenditures	5,245,966	5,081,673	5,561,895	5,621,802
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	468,195	231,738	(331,248)	(601,971)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of other property	-	-	851	- '
Operating transfers in	32,309	129,119	32,051	51,699
Operating transfers out	(71,105)	(81,436)	(155,213)	(120,240)
Other financing uses	-	-	-	(11,576)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(38,796)	47,683	(122,311)	(80,117)
Net Change in Fund Balances	429,399	279,421	(453,559)	(682,088)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	820,659	541,238	994,797	1,631,949
Fund reclassification	-	-	-	44,936
Beginning of period, as restated	820,659	541,238	994,797	1,676,885
End of Period	\$ 1,250,058_\$	820,659_\$	541,238_\$	994,797

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,200,088 \$	1,577,983 \$	1,576,628 \$	1,359,349
State sources	3,585,919	3,778,284	3,883,843	3,826,641
Federal sources	1,957,286	1,675,851	2,027,007	2,400,177
Sixteenth section sources	256,901	229,003	270,643	166,806
Total Revenues	8,000,194	7,261,121	7,758,121	7,752,973
Expenditures:				
Instruction	3,496,612	3,557,379	4,420,268	4,181,941
Support services	3,389,632	3,034,482	3,241,110	3,686,382
Noninstructional services	404,050	448,592	471,581	404,240
Sixteenth section	5,803	4,563	7,630	17,486
Debt service:				
Principal	94,396	90,887	92,725	51,910
Interest	9,162	12,497	10,833	12,497
Other	1,902	1,057	2,516	647
Total Expenditures	7,401,557	7,149,457	8,246,663	8,355,103
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	598,637	111,664	(488,542)	(602,130)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Capital leases issued	-	-	112,079	- '
Payment held by escrow agent	73,340	83,747	67,753	79,685
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(73,340)	(83,747)	(67,753)	(79,685)
Sale of other property	-	-	851	-
Operating transfers in	120,648	267,260	197,264	205,438
Operating transfers out	(120,648)	(267,260)	(197,264)	(205,438)
Other financing uses		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(11,576)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		112,930	(11,576)
Net Change in Fund Balances	598,637	111,664	(375,612)	(613,706)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	1,856,044	1,749,037	2,121,530	2,729,683
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(6,777)	(4,657)	3,119	5,553
End of Period	\$ 2,447,904 \$	1,856,044_\$	1,749,037_\$	2,121,530

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE
AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED
IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Hollandale School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hollandale School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise Hollandale School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hollandale School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hollandale School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hollandale School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hollandale School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

JD CPA, PLLC

Madison, Mississippi March 11, 2019





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Hollandale School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hollandale School District compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Hollandale School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Hollandale School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of independent auditors' results section of the accompanying summary schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Hollandale School District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hollandale School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hollandale School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hollandale School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Hollandale School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Hollandale School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hollandale School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ID CPA. PLLC

Madison, Mississippi March 11, 2019

INDEPENDEN ⁻	T AUDITOR'S REP	PORT ON COMF	PLIANCE WITH	STATE LAWS AND) REGULATIONS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Hollandale School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hollandale School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Hollandale School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

ID CPA. PLLC

Madison, Mississippi March 11, 2019 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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Hollandale School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Fin	ancial Statements:						
1.	Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified					
2.	Internal control over financial reporting						
	a. Material weakness(es) identifie	ed? (Yes/No)	No				
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) iden	tified? (Yes/None reported)	None reported				
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? (Yes/No) No						
Fe	Federal Awards:						
4.	Internal control over major programs:						
	a. Material weakness(es) identifie	ed? (Yes/No)	No				
	b. Significant deficiency(ies) iden	tified? (Yes/None reported)	None reported				
5.	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified						
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance No with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? (Yes/No)						
7.	Identification of major programs:						
	CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>				
	10.553; 10.555; 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster					
	84.215N	Promise Neighborhoods Program					
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000						
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	(Yes/No)	No				
10.	Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule Yes of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b). (Yes/No)						

Hollandale School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Hollandale School District Auditee's Summary of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

As required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (UG), the Hollandale School District has prepared and hereby submits the following prior year Audit findings follow-up as of June 30, 2018:

<u>Finding</u>	<u>Status</u>
2017-001	Resolved
2017-002	Resolved
2017-003	Resolved