

The following document was not prepared by the Office of the State Auditor, but was prepared by and submitted to the Office of the State Auditor by a private CPA firm. The document was placed on this web page as it was submitted. The Office of the State Auditor assumes no responsibility for its content or for any errors located in the document. Any questions of accuracy or authenticity concerning this document should be submitted to the CPA firm that prepared the document. The name and address of the CPA firm appears in the document.

# Humphreys County School District Audited Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018



# HUMPHREYS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	6
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	15
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit A – Statement of Net Position Exhibit B – Statement of Activities	
Government Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit C – Balance Sheet  Exhibit C-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position  Exhibit D – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances  Exhibit D-1 – Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditure and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	19 20 es
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Exhibit E – Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	22
Notes to the Financial Statements	23
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	45
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	47 48 49 50 51
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	55
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	
OTHER INFORMATION	58
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund,  Last Four Years	
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE	61
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	66
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	68

# **HUMPHREYS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** 



DAVID I. BRIDGERS, JR., CPA
L. KARL GOODMAN, CPA, MBA
WILLIAM F. BAIRD, CPA
EUGENE S. CLARKE, IV, CPA
DAVID E. CLARKE, CPA

3528 MANOR DRIVE VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI 39180

> PHONE: (601) 636-1416 FAX: (601) 636-1417

MEMBERS OF
MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CPAS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS
GOVERNMENT AUDIT QUALITY CENTER
PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Superintendent and School Board Humphreys County School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Humphreys County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Humphreys County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Humphreys County School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions – PERS, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and the Schedule of District Contributions – OPEB, on pages 6-14, 46-47, 48, 49, 50 and 51, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Humphreys County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial

statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2019, on our consideration of the Humphreys County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Humphreys County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Humphreys County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi

March 15, 2019

# **HUMPHREYS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS** 

The following discussion and analysis of Humphreys County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$2,314,217, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,565,796), which represents a 26% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$836,369, including a prior period adjustment of (\$19,197), which represents a 9% decrease from the 2016 fiscal year.
- General revenues amounted to \$12,138,164, and \$12,039,651, or 75% and 71% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,124,768, or 25% of total revenues for 2018, and \$4,910,805, or 29% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$17,011,353 and \$17,767,628 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$4,124,768 for 2018 and \$4,910,805 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$12,138,164 for 2018 and \$12,039,651 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$11,369,970 in revenues and \$10,704,419 in expenditures for 2018, and \$11,581,616 in revenues and \$10,944,954 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$268,006, including a prior period adjustment of (\$732), from 2017 to 2018 and increased by \$271,530, including a prior period adjustment of (\$5,164) from 2016 to 2017.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$410,945 for 2018 and decreased by \$166,766 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due to the net effect of a \$157,274 addition of assets coupled with the loss on disposal of \$1,513 less the increase in accumulated depreciation of \$566,706.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$690,626 for 2018 and decreased by \$331,011 for 2017. The decrease
  for 2018 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. In addition, the
  liability for compensated absences increased by \$14,374 for 2018 and increased by \$5,989 for the fiscal
  year 2017.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All other non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

#### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### **Other Information**

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of District's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$6,565,170 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

			Percentage
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Change
Current assets	\$ 17,627,390	17,024,310	3.54%
Restricted assets	1,175,973	1,169,424	0.56%
Capital assets, net	11,493,097	11,904,042	(3.45%)
Total assets	30,296,460	30,097,776	0.66%
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	2,169,663	5,825,300	(62.75%)
Current liabilities	546,617	294,346	85.71%
Long-term debt outstanding	1,619,889	2,310,515	(29.89%)
Net pension liability	21,610,415	23,221,246	(6.94%)
Net OPEB liability	1,543,505		N/A
Total liabilities	25,320,426	25,826,107	(1.96%)
Deferred Inflows of Resources	580,527	1,217,582	(52.32%)
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	11,493,097	11,208,341	2.54%
Restricted	2,828,777	3,116,213	(9.22%)
Unrestricted	(7,756,704)	(5,445,167)	(42.45%)
Total net position	\$ 6,565,170	8,879,387	(26.06%)

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (7,756,704)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of	
the net pension liability and net OPEB liability, including the related	
deferred outflows and deferred inflows	21,564,784
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and	_
net OPEB liability effect	\$ 13,808,080

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$410,945.
- The principal retirement of \$705,000 of long-term debt.
- The implementation of GASB 75 resulted in the recognition of the net OPEB liability of \$1,543,505.

## Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$16,262,932 and \$16,950,456, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$17,011,353 for 2018 and \$17,767,628 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

- in in gen				
				Percentage
Revenues:		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Change
Program revenues:	•			
Charges for services	\$	187,848	254,180	(26.10%)
Operating grants and contributions		3,936,920	4,656,625	(15.46%)
General revenues:				
Property taxes		2,517,362	2,395,313	5.10%
Grants and contributions not restricted		8,728,285	8,738,009	(0.11%)
Investment earnings		127,834	32,420	294.31%
Sixteenth section sources		766,196	867,017	(11.63%)
Other		(1,513)	6,892	(121.95%)
Total revenues	,	16,262,932	16,950,456	(4.06%)
Expenses:				
Instruction		6,397,221	6,947,016	(7.91%)
Support services		6,475,028	6,492,922	(0.28%)
Non-instructional		1,364,790	1,413,809	(3.47%)
Sixteenth section		37,665	37,812	(0.39%)
Pension expense		2,632,709	2,843,755	(7.42%)
OPEB expense		73,718		N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities		30,222	32,314	(6.47%)
Total expenses	·	17,011,353	17,767,628	(4.26%)
Increase (Decrease) in net position	,	(748,421)	(817,172)	(8.41%)
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		8,879,387	9,715,756	(8.61%)
Prior Period Adjustment		(1,565,796)	(19,197)	(8,056.46%)
Net Position, July 1, as restated	,	7,313,591	9,696,559	(24.58%)
Net Position, June 30	\$	6,565,170	8,879,387	(26.06%)

#### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3

Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total Ex	Percentage	
	-	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Change
Instruction	\$	6,397,221	6,947,016	(7.91%)
Support services		6,475,028	6,492,922	(0.28%)
Non-instructional		1,364,790	1,413,809	(3.47%)
Sixteenth section		37,665	37,812	(0.39%)
Pension expense		2,632,709	2,843,755	(7.42%)
OPEB expense		73,718	-	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities		30,222	32,314	(6.47%)
Total expenses	\$	17,011,353	17,767,628	(4.26%)
		Net (Expens	se) Revenue	
		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	
Instruction	\$	(5,405,545)	(5,814,482)	7.03%
Support services		(4,984,127)	(4,419,012)	(12.79%)
Non-instructional		277,401	290,552	(4.53%)
Sixteenth section		(37,665)	(37,812)	0.39%
Pension expense		(2,632,709)	(2,843,755)	7.42%
OPEB expense		(73,718)	-	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities		(30,222)	(32,314)	6.47%
Total net (expense) revenue	\$	(12,886,585)	(12,856,823)	(0.23%)

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$12,886,585 for 2018 and \$12,856,823 for 2017) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$2,517,362 for 2018 and \$2,395,313 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$8,728,285 for 2018 and \$8,738,009 for 2017). In addition, there was \$766,196 and \$867,017 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$127,834 for 2018 and \$32,420 for 2017.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$18,268,905, an increase of \$357,358, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$915) and a decrease in inventory of \$5,280. \$15,427,969 or 84% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,840,936 or 16% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$268,006, including a prior period adjustment of (\$732). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$89,352 which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$183) and a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$5,280. The other increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<b>Major Fund</b>	Increase (Decrease)	
Title I Fund	\$ 0	

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds are provided in this report as required supplementary information.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$25,528,049, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$138,842 from 2017. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$14,034,952, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$566,706, resulting in total net capital assets of \$11,493,097.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

				Percentage
	_	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Change
Land	\$	68,107	68,107	0.00%
Buildings		8,695,746	8,944,955	(2.79%)
Building improvements		895,401	976,976	(8.35%)
Improvements other than buildings		472,432	497,851	(5.11%)
Mobile equipment		1,309,416	1,331,412	(1.65%)
Furniture and equipment		51,995	84,741	(38.64%)
Total	\$_	11,493,097	11,904,042	(3.45%)
	_			

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2018, the District had \$1,619,889 in outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$14,374 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

				Percentage
		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Change
Limited obligation bonds payable	\$	-	705,000	(100.00%)
Qualified school construction bonds payable		1,500,000	1,500,000	0.00%
Compensated absences payable	_	119,889	105,515	13.62%
Total	\$_	1,619,889	2,310,515	(29.89%)

Additional information on the District's long term debt can be found in Note 6 in this report.

#### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Humphreys County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal controls is well regarded.

The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement local, state and federal revenues.

#### **CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Humphreys County School District, P.O. Box 678, Belzoni, MS 39038.

# **HUMPHREYS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2018	
	Governmental
Assets	Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,436,721
Due from other governments	1,163,730
Other receivables	23,558
Inventories	3,381
Restricted assets	1,175,973
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	68,107
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	8,695,746
Building improvements	895,401
Improvements other than buildings	472,432
Mobile equipment	1,309,416
Furniture and equipment	51,995
Total Assets	30,296,460
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows- pensions	2,103,861
Deferred outflows- OPEB	65,802
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,169,663
Liabilities	<del></del> -
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	533,038
Other payables	1,420
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	12,159
Long-term liabilities, due within one year	12,133
Net OPEB liability	63,595
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year	33,333
Non-capital related liabilities	1,619,889
Net pension liability	21,610,415
Net OPEB liability	1,479,910
Total Liabilities	25,320,426
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows- pensions	485,433
Deferred inflows- OPEB	95,094
Total deferred inflows of resources	580,527
Net Position	11 402 007
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	11,493,097
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,523,376
Debt service	948,970
Forestry improvements	106,180
Unemployment benefits	35,377
Non-expendable:	33,377
Sixteenth section	214,874
Unrestricted	(7,756,704)
Total Net Position	\$ 6,565,170
rotal Net i Ositivii	J 0,303,170

Statement of Activities						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018						
			Program	n Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating		
Franchicus / Duc cuscus		F	Charges for	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$	6,397,221	69,398	922,278		(5,405,545)
Support services	·	6,475,028	•	1,490,901		(4,984,127)
Non-instructional		1,364,790	118,450	1,523,741		277,401
Sixteenth section		37,665				(37,665)
Pension expense		2,632,709				(2,632,709)
OPEB expense		73,718				(73,718)
Interest and other costs						
on long term liabilities		30,222				(30,222)
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	17,011,353	187,848	3,936,920		(12,886,585)
	Gar	neral Revenues:				
		Taxes:				
		General purpos	se levies		\$	2,517,362
	ι		nts and contribut	ions:	7	2,327,332
		State				8,720,740
		Federal				7,545
	ι	Jnrestricted inve	estment earnings	;		127,834
	9	Sixteenth section	sources			766,196
	(	Gain (loss) on sal	e of assets			(1,513)
		Total General F	Revenues			12,138,164
	C	Change in Net Po	sition			(748,421)
	١	Net Position - Be	ginning, as previ	ously stated		8,879,387
		Prior period ad		,		(1,565,796)
	١	Net Position - Be	ginning, as resta	ted		7,313,591
		Net Position - E	Ending		\$	6,565,170

	Governmer	ntal Funds		
Balance Sheet				Exhibit C
June 30, 2018				
	Major F	unds		
			Other	Total
	General	Title I	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Funds	Funds
ASSETS	45 442 404		4 250 200	46 704 404
Cash and cash equivalents \$	15,442,104		1,259,390	16,701,494
Cash with fiscal agents			129,245	129,245
Investments	00.665	507.044	781,955	781,955
Due from other governments	88,665	597,811	477,254	1,163,730
Other receivables	10,238		29	10,267
Due from other funds	884,453			884,453
Advances to other funds	5,000		2 201	5,000
Inventories Total Assets	16 120 160		3,381	3,381
Total Assets	16,430,460	597,811	2,651,254	19,679,525
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	434,521	40,056	58,461	533,038
Due to other funds	1,420	557,755	318,407	877,582
Unavailable revenue				-
Total Liabilities	435,941	597,811	376,868	1,410,620
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable				
Advances	5,000			5,000
Inventory			3,381	3,381
Permanent fund principal			214,874	214,874
Restricted				
Debt service			961,129	961,129
Forestry improvements			106,180	106,180
Grant activities	513,875		953,445	1,467,320
Unemployment benefits			35,377	35,377
Assigned				
Activity funds	47,675			47,675
Unassigned	15,427,969			15,427,969
Total Fund Balances	15,994,519		2,274,386	18,268,905
Total Liabilities and				
Fund Balances \$	16,430,460	597,811	2,651,254	19,679,525

Humphreys County School District			
Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Po	sition	1	Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2018			
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	18,268,905
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are			
different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and			
therefore are not reported in the funds:			
therefore are not reported in the failus.			
Land	\$	68,107	
Buildings		16,045,831	
Building improvements		2,142,479	
Improvements other than buildings		867,267	
Mobile equipment		2,559,891	
Furniture and equipment		3,844,474	
Accumulated depreciation		(14,034,952)	11,493,097
2. Court lightifation including water and a shift at increase and a shade			
<ol><li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li></ol>			
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the runds.			
Net pension liability		(21,610,415)	
		(==,0=0, :=0,	
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions are applicable to future			
periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		2,103,861	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(485,433)	(19,991,987)
2. Court liabilities including and ODED obligations are not due and associate			
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable			
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net OPEB liability		(1,543,505)	
Net of Eb hability		(1,545,505)	
Deferred outflows and inflows related to OPEB are applicable to future			
periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		65,802	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(95,094)	(1,572,797)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the			
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Qualified school construction bonds		(1 500 000)	
Compensated absences payable		(1,500,000) (119,889)	
Accrued interest payable		(119,889)	(1,632,048)
Accided iliterest payable	_	(12,133)	(1,032,040)
Net Position of governmental activities		Ş	6,565,170

	_				
	G	overnmental Fu	unds		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	d Ch	anges in Fund I	Balances		Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018					
		Major Funds			
	•			Other	Total
		General	Title I	Governmental	Governmental
	-	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	2,600,160	28	232,856	2,833,044
State sources		7,996,775		1,081,179	9,077,954
Federal sources		7,545	1,256,782	2,322,924	3,587,251
Sixteenth section sources	-	765,490		706	766,196
Total Revenues	-	11,369,970	1,256,810	3,637,665	16,264,445
Expenditures:					
Instruction		5,632,223	332,416	990,222	6,954,861
Support services		5,029,696	824,588	1,011,464	6,865,748
Noninstructional services		4,835	99,806	1,212,054	1,316,695
Sixteenth section		37,665			37,665
Debt service:					
Principal				705,000	705,000
Interest				19,235	19,235
Other				1,688	1,688
Total Expenditures	-	10,704,419	1,256,810	3,939,663	15,900,892
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		665,551	<del>-</del>	(301,998)	363,553
over (enact, Enperioral es	-			(002)000)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in		104,343		501,156	605,499
Operating transfers out	-	(501,156)		(104,343)	(605,499)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(396,813)	-	396,813	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	268,738		94,815	363,553
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2017, as previously reported		15,726,513	-	2,185,034	17,911,547
Prior period adjustment		(732)		(183)	(915)
July 1, 2017, as restated		15,725,781	-	2,184,851	17,910,632
Decrease in reserve for inventory	-			(5,280)	(5,280)

15,994,519

2,274,386

18,268,905

June 30, 2018

Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		_	Exhibit D-1
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	363,553
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	e:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:      Capital outlay      Depreciation expense	\$ 157,274 (566,706)		(409,432)
2. In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(1,513)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities: Payments of debt principal Amortization of deferred amount on refunding	705,000 (9,299)		695,701
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include: Pension expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(2,632,709) 1,263,549		(1,369,160)
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:  OPEB expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(73,718) 65,802		(7,916)
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:  Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve	(14,374) (5,280)		(19,654)
Change in Net Position of governmental activities		ς -	(748,421)
Change in rect 1 official of governmental activities		ر —	(/ 70,421)

Fiduciary Funds		
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E
June 30, 2018		
	_	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other funds  Other receivables	\$	48,779 1,420 50
Total Assets	\$_	50,249
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Advances from other funds Due to student clubs	\$	11 8,291 5,000 36,947
Total Liabilities	\$	50,249

#### **NOTE 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accompanying financial statements of the Humphreys County School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the District is considered a "primary government." The District is governed by a five-member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Humphreys County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statement

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific

function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – This is the District's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Title I Fund</u> – This is the District's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District also reports fiduciary funds including the following:

<u>Accounts Payable Clearing Fund</u> – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Payroll Clearing Fund</u> – This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Student Club Funds</u> – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the District's programs.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the District based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the District, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is

both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders, and contracts. However, the District attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

#### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows and net position/fund balances

#### 1. Cash and cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The District deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The District can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired. Investments for the District are reported at fair market value.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

#### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such a prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the District except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization	Estimated
	Policy	Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5 to 10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3 to 7 years

See Note 5 for further details.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The deferred outflows of resources are related to pensions and OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows of resources are related to pensions and OPEB.

See Note 7 and Note 8 for further details.

#### 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the District accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by District policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The District pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

#### 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for further details.

#### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. Fiduciary net position was zero as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the District:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivables, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for the District.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

#### NOTE 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school districts' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposits and interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, and any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Amounts less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the District's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$16,701,494 and \$48,779, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the District.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of the District's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions on June 30, 2018 was \$129,245.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Rating	Maturity	Fair Value	
U.S. Government Securities	AAA	1 to 5 years	\$ 781,95	
Total Investments			\$	781,955

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

• U.S. Government Securities type of investment of \$781,955 is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

*Interest Rate Risk:* The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk:* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The District does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. Of the District's investments, none of the underlying securities are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments:

Issuer	Fair Value	Percent of Total Investments
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 781,955	100%

#### NOTE 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 557,755
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	318,407
General Fund	Fiduciary Funds	8,291
Fiduciary Funds	General Fund	1,420
Total		\$ 885,873

The purpose of the most significant inter-fund loans was to close out federal programs at year end. All inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Fiduciary Funds	\$ 5,000
Total		\$ 5,000

#### C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfer In	Transfer Out		Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	104,343
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	_	501,156
Total		\$	605,499

Inter-fund transfers were to provide funds for daily operations. All inter-fund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

#### NOTE 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$214,874 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the District's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash, cash with fiscal agents and investment balances, totaling \$11, \$105,489, and \$781,955, respectively, of the Qualified School Construction Bond Sinking Fund; the remaining restricted assets represent the cash and cash with fiscal agents, totaling \$49,888 and \$23,756, respectively, of the Limited Obligation Bonds Debt Service Fund.

# **NOTE 5 – Capital Assets**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance	0 dditio	Datinamanta	Balance
Non-depreciable capital assets:	-	July 1, 2017	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2018
•					
Land	\$_	68,107			68,107
Total non-depreciable capital assets	-	68,107			68,107
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings		16,045,831			16,045,831
Building improvements		2,142,479			2,142,479
Improvement other than buildings		867,267			867,267
Mobile equipment		2,409,006	157,274	6,389	2,559,891
Furniture and equipment	_	3,856,517		12,043	3,844,474
Total depreciable capital assets	_	25,321,100	157,274	18,432	25,459,942
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings		7,100,876	249,209		7,350,085
Building improvements		1,165,503	81,575		1,247,078
Improvement other than buildings		369,416	25,419		394,835
Mobile equipment		1,077,594	178,631	5,750	1,250,475
Furniture and equipment	_	3,771,776	31,872	11,169	3,792,479
Total accumulated depreciation	_	13,485,165	566,706	16,919	14,034,952
Total depreciable capital assets, net	-	11,835,935	(409,432)	1,513	11,424,990
Total Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$_	11,904,042	(409,432)	1,513	11,493,097

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

Govern	mental Activities	Amount
Instruction		\$ 226,682
Support services		243,684
Non-Instructional		96,340
	Total depreciation expense	\$ 566,706

#### **NOTE 6 – Long-term Liabilities**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for the District:

	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2018	Amounts due within one year
A. Limited obligation bond	\$ 705,000		705,000	-	
B. Qualified school construction bond	1,500,000			1,500,000	
C. Compensated absences	105,515	14,374		119,889	
Total	\$ 2,310,515	14,374	705,000	1,619,889	

**A. Limited Obligation Bonds** – Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. This debt was retired from Fund 4041 in the year ended June 30, 2018.

**B.** Qualified School Construction Bonds – As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction Bonds. Debt current outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified School Construction Bond	0.69%	12/23/09	9/15/24	\$_1,500,000	1,500,000
			Total	\$ 1,500,000	1,500,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$	10,350	10,350
2020		10,350	10,350
2021		10,350	10,350
2022		10,350	10,350
2023		10,350	10,350
2024 - 2025	1,500,000	20,700	1,520,700
Total	\$ 1,500,000	72,450	1,572,450

**C. Compensated absences payable** – As more fully explained in Note 1 (E) (8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

#### **NOTE 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

*Plan Description*. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only

by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter. Plan provisions are established and may be amended only by the State of Mississippi Legislature.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018, was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi code of 1972, as amended, and may only be amended by the Mississippi Legislature. The District's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$1,263,549, \$1,309,848, and \$1,360,090, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$21,610,415 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was 0.13 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This is the same as its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,632,709. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 315,886	157,685
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments		277,460
Changes of assumptions	510,625	36,824
Changes in proportion and differences between actual		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	13,801	13,464
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,263,549	
Total	\$ 2,103,861	485,433

\$1,263,549 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 414,514
2020	340,753
2021	17,048
2022	(417,436)
Total	\$ 354,879

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
-----------	--------------

Salary increases 3.25 - 18.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by

adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	27 %	4.60 %
International Equity	18	4.50
Emerging Markets Equity	4	4.75
Global	12	4.75
Fixed Income	18	0.75
Real Estate	10	3.50
Private Equity	8	5.10
Emerging Debt	2	2.25
Cash	1	-
Total	100 %	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 28,343,498	21,610,415	16,020,488

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

#### **NOTE 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)**

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School

Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$65,802 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$1,543,505 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all

employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.19672300 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00237513 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$73,718. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	ed Outflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions	\$ 	78,595
Changes in proportion and differences between district		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		16,499
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	65,802	
Total	\$ 65,802	95,094

\$65,802 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2019	\$	(16,683)
2020		(16,683)
2021		(16,683)
2022		(16,683)
2023		(16,683)
Thereafter	_	(11,679)
Total	\$	(95,094)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.01 percent

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2017
Prior Measurement Date 2016

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan

investment expense, including inflation

Measurement Date 3.56 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.01 percent

**Health Care Cost Trends** 

Medicare Supplement 7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an Claims Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(2.56%)	Rate (3.56%)	(4.56%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,584,269	1,543,505	1,513,150

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend Rates			
	_	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,425,532	1,543,505	1,678,187	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

#### **NOTE 9 – Sixteenth Section Lands**

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the District for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year ended June 30:	Amount
2019	\$ 350,132
2020	168,243
2021	89,444
2022	11,509
2023	4,904
2024-2028	11,108
2029-2084*	16,500
Total	\$ 651,840

<sup>\*</sup> The District has one 99-year lease for \$300 per year. This lease will not expire until fiscal year 2084.

#### **NOTE 10 – Prior Period Adjustments**

A summary of significant Net Position adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B – Statement of Activities

Explanation		Amount
Implementation of GASB 75	\$	(1,564,881)
To correct prior year errors.	_	(915)
Total	\$	(1,565,796)

#### Exhibit D – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Explanation		Amount
General Fund	_	
To correct prior year errors.	\$	(732)
Other Governmental Funds		
To correct prior year errors.		(183)
Total	\$ <u></u>	(915)

#### **NOTE 11 – Contingencies**

Federal Grants: The District has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation: The District is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the District with respect to the various proceedings. However, the District's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### **NOTE 12 – Risk Management**

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool. The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 72 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in

Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. This district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

#### **NOTE 13 – Qualified School Construction Bonds**

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the District.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the District may apply for direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on the Qualified School Construction Bond.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2018 was \$781,955. The amount in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period will be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the District.

Year ending June 30:	Amount
2019	\$ 104,000
2020	104,000
2021	104,000
2022	104,000
2023	104,000
2024 - 2025	206,000
Total	\$ 726,000

#### NOTE 14 - Effect of Deferred Amounts of Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$7,756,704) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pension in the amount of \$1,263,549 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The \$840,312 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$7,756,704) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$485,433 balance of deferred inflow of resources, at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$7,756,704) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. \$65,802 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2019.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$7,756,704) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$95,094 balance of deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

#### **NOTE 15 – Subsequent Events**

Events that occur after the statement of net position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the statement of net position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the statement of net position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Humphreys County School District evaluated the activity of the District through March 15, 2019 and determined that the no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Variances

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal sources         86,000         7,545         7,545         (78,455)           Sixteenth section sources         878,656         765,490         765,490         (113,166)	
Revenues:         Local sources       \$ 2,388,866       2,600,160       2,600,160       211,294         State sources       8,329,547       8,030,071       7,996,775       (299,476)       (33         Federal sources       86,000       7,545       7,545       (78,455)         Sixteenth section sources       878,656       765,490       765,490       (113,166)         Total Revenues       11,683,069       11,403,266       11,369,970       (279,803)       (33	-
Local sources         \$ 2,388,866         2,600,160         2,600,160         211,294           State sources         8,329,547         8,030,071         7,996,775         (299,476)         (33           Federal sources         86,000         7,545         7,545         (78,455)           Sixteenth section sources         878,656         765,490         765,490         (113,166)           Total Revenues         11,683,069         11,403,266         11,369,970         (279,803)         (33	- 296) -
State sources         8,329,547         8,030,071         7,996,775         (299,476)         (33           Federal sources         86,000         7,545         7,545         (78,455)           Sixteenth section sources         878,656         765,490         765,490         (113,166)           Total Revenues         11,683,069         11,403,266         11,369,970         (279,803)         (33	- 296) - -
Federal sources         86,000         7,545         7,545         (78,455)           Sixteenth section sources         878,656         765,490         765,490         (113,166)           Total Revenues         11,683,069         11,403,266         11,369,970         (279,803)         (33	296) - -
Sixteenth section sources         878,656         765,490         765,490         (113,166)           Total Revenues         11,683,069         11,403,266         11,369,970         (279,803)         (33	-
Total Revenues 11,683,069 11,403,266 11,369,970 (279,803) (33	-
Expenditures:	296)
Instruction 5,980,221 5,622,743 5,632,223 357,478 (9	480)
Support services 4,900,223 5,029,696 5,029,696 (129,473)	-
Noninstructional services 1,250 4,835 4,835 (3,585)	-
Sixteenth section 33,550 37,665 37,665 (4,115)	-
Total Expenditures 10,915,244 10,694,939 10,704,419 220,305 (9	480)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
over Expenditures 767,825 708,327 665,551 (59,498) (42	776)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
Operating transfers in 640,000 323,331 104,343 (316,669) (218	988)
Operating transfers out (370,000) (720,144) (501,156) (350,144) 218	988
Other financing sources 2,500 (2,500)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 272,500 (396,813) (396,813) (669,313)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances 1,040,325 311,514 268,738 (728,811) (42	776)
Fund Balances:	
July 1, 2017, as previously reported 15,858,055 16,419,458 15,726,513 561,403 (692	945)
Prior period adjustment (732) (732)	- '
	945)
June 30, 2018 \$ 16,898,380 16,730,240 15,994,519 (168,140) (735	721)

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Varia Positive (I	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$		28	-	28
Federal sources	1,110,993	1,701,000	1,256,782	590,007	(444,218)
Total Revenues	1,110,993	1,701,000	1,256,810	590,007	(444,190)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	390,351	562,947	332,416	(172,596)	230,531
Support services	594,783	980,143	824,588	(385,360)	155,555
Noninstructional services	90,258	113,464	99,806	(23,206)	13,658
Total Expenditures	1,075,392	1,656,554	1,256,810	(581,162)	399,744
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	35,601	44,446		8,845	(44,446)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers out	(35,601)	(44,446)		(8,845)	44,446
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(35,601)	(44,446)		(8,845)	44,446
Net Change in Fund Balances					
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2017					
June 30, 2018	\$				

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

## SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	-	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.13%	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	21,610,415	23,221,246	20,095,436	15,779,619
District's covered payroll	\$	8,316,473	8,635,471	8,149,213	7,801,333
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		259.85%	268.91%	246.59%	202.27%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

#### **SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS**

**PERS** 

**Last 10 Fiscal Years** 

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,263,5	49 1,309,848	1,360,090	1,283,501
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	1,263,5	49 1,309,848	1,360,090	1,283,501
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	. <u>-</u>	-	_
District's covered payroll	\$ 8,022,5	15 8,316,473	8,635,471	8,149,213
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.7	75% 15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	_	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	C	).19672300%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,543,505
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	8,316,473
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		18.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

## SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Last 10 Fiscal Years

	_	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	65,802
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions		65,802
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ =	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	8,022,515
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.82%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

# HUMPHREYS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 1 – Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### 2. Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **NOTE 2 – PENSION SCHEDULES**

#### A. Changes of Assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

# HUMPHREYS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

#### B. Changes in Benefit Provisions

#### 2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

C. Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 33.9 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

#### **NOTE 3 – OPEB SCHEDULES**

#### A. Changes of Assumptions

#### 2017:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

## **HUMPHREYS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT** NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

B. Changes in Benefit Provisions	
2017:	
None.	
C. Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuariall	y determined contributions
The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a perc Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedul as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuaria 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution ending June 30, 2017:	e of Employer Contributions are calculated I methods and assumptions (from June 30,
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent
Initial health care cost trend rates  Medicare Supplemental Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75 percent
Ultimate health care cost trend rates  Medicare Supplemental Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent
Years of ultimate trend rates  Medicare Supplemental Claims Pre-Medicare	2022
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56 percent

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

Supplementary In	form	ation		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards				
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	ı	Catalog of Federal Domestic	Pass-through Entity Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title		Assistance No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:				
Child nutrition cluster:				
National school breakfast program	*	10.553	185MS326N1099	400,883
National school lunch program	*	10.555	185MS326N1099	884,965
Summer food service program for children	*	10.559	185MS326N1099	79,676
Total child nutrition cluster				1,365,524
Fresh fruit and vegetable program		10.582	185M326L1603	46,658
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture Pass-Through Programs				1,412,182
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:				
Title I grants to local educational agencies		84.010	ES010A170024	1,256,782
Title I school improvement grant		84.010	ES377A150025	267,573
Career and technical education - basic grants to states		84.048	V048A170024	30,394
Vocational rehabilitation grants to states		84.126	H126A180034	952
Rural education		84.358	ES358B170024	31,324
Improving teacher quality state grants	*	84.367	ES367A170023	221,110
Student support and academic enrichment program		84.424	ES424A170025	1,600
Subtotal				1,809,735
Special education cluster:				
Special education - grants to states		84.027	H027A170108	354,942
Special education - preschool grants		84.173	H173A160113	3,799
Total special education cluster				358,741
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education				2,168,476
Total U.S. Department of Education				2,168,476
•				2,100,470
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:				
Medical assistance program		93.778	1805MS5ADM	6,593
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				6,593
Total for All Federal Awards				\$ 3,587,251

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE

<sup>1.</sup> This schedule was prepared using the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, used for the financial statements.

<sup>2.</sup> The expenditure amounts include transfers out.

<sup>3.</sup> The District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

<sup>4. \*</sup> Denotes major program

#### Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures		Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$	11,340,817 4,560,075	7,661,506 1,544,813	1,038,020 304,221	871,204 62,705	1,770,087 2,648,336
Total	\$_	15,900,892	9,206,319	1,342,241	933,909	4,418,423
Total number of students	* -	1,486				
Cost per student	\$_	10,699	6,195	903	628	2,973

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

**Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures** - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

**General Administration** - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration; and Support Services - Business.

**School Administration** - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> Includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

## Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

**Last Four Years** 

"UNAUDITED"

		2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	2,600,160	2,560,114	2,353,873	2,417,797
State sources		7,996,775	8,140,673	8,206,801	7,788,416
Federal sources		7,545	14,513	115,434	24,027
Sixteenth section sources		765,490	866,316	903,933	896,096
Total Revenues	·	11,369,970	11,581,616	11,580,041	11,126,336
Expenditures:					
Instruction		5,632,223	5,917,759	5,691,449	5,803,536
Support services		5,029,696	4,988,529	4,779,326	4,911,669
Noninstructional services		4,835	854	338	488
Sixteenth section		37,665	37,812	43,946	7,892
Facilities acquisition and construction					314,275
Total Expenditures	·	10,704,419	10,944,954	10,515,059	11,037,860
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	į.	665,551	636,662	1,064,982	88,476
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance recovery					17,569
Sale of other property					3,288
Operating transfers in		104,343	124,165	161,201	362,952
Operating transfers out		(501,156)	(484,133)	(463,119)	(473,468)
Other financing uses				(1,416)	(5,089)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(396,813)	(359,968)	(303,334)	(94,748)
Net Change in Fund Balances		268,738	276,694	761,648	(6,272)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		15,726,513	15,454,983	14,693,335	8,597,735
Fund reclassification					6,101,872
Prior period adjustment		(732)	(5,164)		
Beginning of period, as restated	,	15,725,781	15,449,819	14,693,335	14,699,607
End of Period	\$	15,994,519	15,726,513	15,454,983	14,693,335

<sup>\*</sup> SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

## Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

**Last Four Years** 

"UNAUDITED"

		2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:	•				
Local sources	\$	2,833,044	2,697,001	2,480,316	2,531,690
State sources		9,077,954	9,184,143	9,283,361	8,854,036
Federal sources		3,587,251	4,210,491	4,793,970	4,830,166
Sixteenth section sources		766,196	867,017	904,414	896,585
Total Revenues		16,264,445	16,958,652	17,462,061	17,112,477
Expenditures:					
Instruction		6,954,861	7,481,699	7,551,591	7,723,965
Support services		6,865,748	7,146,559	7,103,926	7,318,541
Noninstructional services		1,316,695	1,371,408	1,459,619	1,425,748
Sixteenth section		37,665	37,812	43,946	11,106
Facilities acquisitions & construction  Debt service:					314,275
Principal		705,000	337,000	329,000	324,000
Interest		19,235	22,141	26,638	31,046
Other		1,688	2,770	2,519	2,155
Total Expenditures		15,900,892	16,399,389	16,517,239	17,150,836
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		363,553	559,263	944,822	(38,359)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Insurance loss recovery					17,569
Sale of other property					3,288
Operating transfers in		605,499	608,298	624,320	836,420
Operating transfers out		(605,499)	(608,298)	(624,320)	(836,420)
Other financing uses				(1,416)	(5,919)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(1,416)	14,938
Net Change in Fund Balances		363,553	559,263	943,406	(23,421)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		17,911,547	17,370,851	16,420,722	16,443,745
Prior period adjustments		(915)	(19,197)	-	-
Beginning of period, as restated		17,910,632	17,351,654	16,420,722	16,443,745
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory		(5,280)	630	6,723	398
End of Period	\$	18,268,905	17,911,547	17,370,851	16,420,722

<sup>\*</sup> SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

**REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE** 



DAVID I. BRIDGERS, JR., CPA
L. KARL GOODMAN, CPA, MBA
WILLIAM F. BAIRD, CPA
EUGENE S. CLARKE, IV, CPA
DAVID E. CLARKE, CPA

#### 3528 MANOR DRIVE VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI 39180

PHONE: (601) 636-1416 FAX: (601) 636-1417 MEMBERS OF
MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CPAS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS
GOVERNMENT AUDIT QUALITY CENTER
PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Humphreys County School District Belzoni, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Humphreys County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Humphreys County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Humphreys County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Humphreys County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as 2018-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Humphreys County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Humphreys County School District's Response to Findings**

Humphreys County School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Humphreys County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi

March 15, 2019



DAVID I. BRIDGERS, JR., CPA
L. KARL GOODMAN, CPA, MBA
WILLIAM F. BAIRD, CPA
EUGENE S. CLARKE, IV, CPA
DAVID E. CLARKE, CPA

#### 3528 MANOR DRIVE VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI 39180

PHONE: (601) 636-1416 FAX: (601) 636-1417 MEMBERS OF
MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CPAS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS
GOVERNMENT AUDIT QUALITY CENTER
PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Humphreys County School District Belzoni, Mississippi

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Humphreys County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Humphreys County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The Humphreys County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Humphreys County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Humphreys County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Humphreys County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Humphreys County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Humphreys County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Humphreys County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi

March 15, 2019



DAVID I. BRIDGERS, JR., CPA
L. KARL GOODMAN, CPA, MBA
WILLIAM F. BAIRD, CPA
EUGENE S. CLARKE, IV, CPA
DAVID E. CLARKE, CPA

#### 3528 MANOR DRIVE VICKSBURG, MISSISSIPPI 39180

PHONE: (601) 636-1416 FAX: (601) 636-1417 MEMBERS OF
MISSISSIPPI SOCIETY OF CPAS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CPAS
GOVERNMENT AUDIT QUALITY CENTER
PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Humphreys County School District Belzoni, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Humphreys County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Humphreys County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC

Bridgers, Goodman, Baird & Clarke, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Vicksburg, Mississippi

March 15, 2019

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS** 

## HUMPHREYS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### **Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results**

#### **Financial Statements:**

1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified?Yes

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

#### Federal Awards:

8.

9.

4. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weakness(es) identified? No

b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 No CFR 200.516(a)?

7. Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.367	Improving teacher quality state grants	
Child nutrition cluster	r:	
10.553	National school breakfast program	
10.555	National school lunch program	
10.559	Summer food service program for children	
Dollar threshold used	to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as le	ow-risk auditee?	No

#### **Section II: Financial Statement Findings**

### **2018-001 – Significant Deficiency**

<u>Criteria:</u> An effective system of internal controls require the bank reconciliations be prepared accurately and timely and any identified unreconciled differences be resolved in a timely manner.

<u>Condition:</u> During the course of our test work we found that bank reconciliations had not been prepared accurately and timely.

## HUMPHREYS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

<u>Effect:</u> A delay in accurate bank reconciliations results in a weakness in the system of internal controls over cash.

<u>Cause:</u> Cash accounts were not reconciled properly in a timely manner.

<u>Recommendation:</u> The District should establish and maintain an effective internal control system over cash and ensure that all bank reconciliations are prepared correctly on a monthly basis.

Response: The District performs monthly reconciliations of all bank accounts and will continue to do so on a monthly basis. In the District's effort to properly reflect balance sheet items from prior fiscal years, several journal entries were done well into FY19 that affected cash balances. Those balance sheet items have now been corrected moving forward. The district also went through an accounting software system conversion during the FY18 budget year and journal entries were done. There will not be any more cash reconciliation adjustments due to conversion. As adjustments are made to the bank balances we will be sure to go back each time and re-reconcile statements to properly reflect that bank balances and book balances agree.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.