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LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Laurel School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Laurel School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Laurel School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Laurel School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate

Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12 and 46-51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Laurel School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 16, 2019, on our consideration of the Laurel School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Laurel School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Laurel School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi August 16, 2019

McKenzie CPA, PLIC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Laurel School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$4,849,241, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,878,188) due primarily to the recording of the net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows, which represents a 31% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$3,379,142, including a prior period adjustment of (\$991), which represents a 27% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$27,520,820 and \$27,784,463, or 81% and 81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$6,450,178, or 19% of total revenues for 2018, and \$6,648,251, or 19% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$35,942,051 and \$37,810,865 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$6,450,178 for 2018 and \$6,648,251 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$27,520,820 for 2018 and \$27,784,463 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$24,749,675 in revenues and \$23,947,563 in expenditures for 2018, and \$25,168,345 in revenues and \$25,110,782 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$275,903 from 2017 to 2018, including a prior period adjustment of \$389,058, and decreased by \$333,296 from 2016 to 2017, including a prior period adjustment of (\$991).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$126,327 for 2018 and decreased by \$451,042 for 2017. The increase for 2018 was due to the completion of building improvements and the addition of improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, and furniture and equipment.
- Long-term debt, excluding bond premium, decreased by \$1,181,963 for 2018 and decreased by \$3,040 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$31,021 for 2018 and increased by \$46,960 for 2017.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over

time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts.* Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$20,742,434 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

	 June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017	Percentag Change	•
Current assets	\$ 9,375,782	\$	9,414,725	(0.41)	%
Restricted assets	8,463,106		7,986,911	5.96	%
Capital assets, net	36,144,117		36,017,790	0.35	%
Total assets	 53,983,005	_	53,419,426	1.06	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 6,255,875		12,524,927	(50.05)	%
Current liabilities	446,457		516,711	(13.60)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	26,626,567		27,925,491	(4.65)	%
Net OPEB liability	3,210,632		-	N/A	%
Net pension liability	49,111,324		52,949,978	(7.25)	%
Total liabilities	 79,394,980		81,392,180	(2.45)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,586,334		445,366	256.19	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	11,446,545		10,536,865	8.63	%
Restricted	14,901,545		14,479,307	2.92	%
Unrestricted	 (47,090,524)		(40,909,365)	15.11	%
Total net position	\$ (20,742,434)	\$	(15,893,193)	30.51	%

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (47,090,524)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	 49,006,363
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 1,915,839

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$126,327.
- The principal retirement of \$1,447,000 of long-term debt.
- Proceeds from the issuance of shortfall notes payable in the amount of \$296,058.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$49,111,324.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$3,210,632.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$33,970,998 and \$34,432,714, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$35,942,051 for 2018 and \$37,810,865 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 2Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended Year Ended June 30, 2018 June 30, 2017				Percentage Change	
Revenues:					g-	
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	315,392	\$	411,117	(23.28)	%
Operating grants and contributions		6,134,786		6,237,134	(1.64)	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		12,393,199		12,352,002	0.33	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		14,188,927		14,383,960	(1.36)	%
Investment earnings		230,283		215,630	6.80	%
Sixteenth section sources		518,377		684,588	(24.28)	%
Other		190,034		148,283	28.16	%
Total revenues		33,970,998		34,432,714	(1.34)	%
Expenses:						
Instruction		15,970,246		16,910,580	(5.56)	%
Support services		10,226,492		10,699,886	(4.42)	%
Non-instructional		2,213,343		2,171,029	1.95	%
Pension expense		6,236,711		6,875,120	(9.29)	%
OPEB expense		151,525		-	N/A	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		1,143,734		1,154,250	(0.91)	%
Total expenses		35,942,051		37,810,865	(4.94)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(1,971,053)		(3,378,151)	(41.65)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(15,893,193)		(12,514,051)	27.00	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(2,878,188)		(991)	290,332.69	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(18,771,381)		(12,515,042)	49.99	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(20,742,434)	\$	(15,893,193)	30.51	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Percentage	
	 2018	 2017	Change
Instruction	\$ 15,970,246	\$ 16,910,580	(5.56) %
Support services	10,226,492	10,699,886	(4.42) %
Non-instructional	2,213,343	2,171,029	1.95 %
Pension Expense	6,236,711	6,875,120	(9.29) %
OPEB Expense	151,525	-	N/A %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 1,143,734	 1,154,250	(0.91) %
Total expenses	\$ 35,942,051	\$ 37,810,865	(4.94) %

	 Net (Exper	Percentage	
	 2018	 2017	Change
Instruction	\$ (13,309,620)	\$ (13,995,947)	(4.90) %
Support services	(8,770,037)	(9,287,237)	(5.57) %
Non-instructional	119,754	149,940	(20.13) %
Pension Expense	(6,236,711)	(6,875,120)	(9.29) %
OPEB Expense	(151,525)	-	N/A %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (1,143,734)	 (1,154,250)	(0.91) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (29,491,873)	\$ (31,162,614)	(5.36) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$29,491,873 for 2018 and \$31,162,614 for 2017) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$12,393,199 for 2018 and \$12,352,002 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$14,188,927 for 2018 and \$14,383,960 for 2017). In addition, there was \$518,377 and \$684,588 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$230,283 for 2018 and \$215,630 for 2017.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,780,630, an increase of \$497,140, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$389,058 and a decrease in inventory of \$58,230. \$2,225,515, or 13% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the

General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$15,555,115, or 87% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$275,903, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$389,058. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$269,886, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$58,230. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 491,123

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared to total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$53,508,177, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$1,355,508 from 2017, due primarily to the completion of building improvements and the addition of improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, and furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$17,364,060, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,235,814, resulting in total net capital assets of \$36,144,117.

			Percentage
	 lune 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Change
Land	\$ 895,163	\$ 895,163	0.00 %
Construction in Progress	301,390	724,267	(58.39) %
Buildings	26,646,657	27,275,820	(2.31) %
Building improvements	5,925,379	4,787,103	23.78 %
Improvements other than buildings	1,611,813	1,681,769	(4.16) %
Mobile equipment	628,799	491,895	27.83 %
Furniture and equipment	 134,916	 161,773	(16.60) %
Total	\$ 36,144,117	\$ 36,017,790	0.35 %

Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2018, the District had \$25,693,047 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$1,634,635 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District received proceeds from the issuance of a shortfall note in the amount of \$296,058. The District made principal payments totaling \$1,447,000 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$31,021 from the prior year.

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017	Percenta Change	0
General obligation bonds payable	\$	1,350,000	\$	2,625,000	(48.57)	%
General obligation refunding bonds payable		16,615,000		16,715,000	(0.60)	%
Three mill notes payable		1,153,000		1,225,000	(5.88)	%
Shortfall notes payable		296,058		-	N/A	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		6,000,000		6,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		278,989		310,010	(10.01)	%
Total	\$	25,693,047	\$	26,875,010	(4.40)	%
Bond premium		933,520		1,050,481	(11.13)	%
Total	\$	26,626,567	\$	27,925,491	(4.65)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Laurel School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Laurel School District, P.O. Box 288, Laurel, MS 39441.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Exhibit A

June 30, 2018	
	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,519,209
Due from other governments	1,783,497
Accrued interest receivable	13,466
Inventories	59,610
Restricted assets	8,463,106
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	895,163
Construction in progress	301,390
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	
Buildings	26,646,657
Building improvements	5,925,379
Improvements other than buildings	1,611,813
Mobile equipment	628,799
Furniture and equipment	134,916
Total Assets	53,983,005
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt	1,353,948
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,765,053
Deferred outflows - OPEB	136,874
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,255,875
	0,233,873
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	42,895
Unearned revenue	15,363
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	388,199
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	1,522,000
Non-capital related liabilities	112,635
Net OPEB liability	132,444
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	23,596,000
Capital related bond premiums	933,520
Non-capital related liabilities	462,412
Net pension liability	49,111,324
Net OPEB liability	3,078,188
Total Liabilities	79,394,980
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	1,378,195
Deferred inflows - OPEB	208,139
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,586,334
	1,000,004
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	11,446,545
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities Debt service	2,121,844 2,885,021
Unemployment benefits Non-expendable:	115,668
Sixteenth section	0 156 077
Other	9,156,877
	622,135 (47,000,534)
Unrestricted	(47,090,524)
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (20,742,434)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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McKenzie CPA, PLLC

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			F	Program Reven	ues	6	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charman for		Operating		Capital	 Coursemental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
	стрензез	Oct Vices		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 15,970,246	\$ 270,085	\$	2,390,541	\$	-	\$ (13,309,620)
Support services	10,226,492	-		1,456,455		-	(8,770,037)
Non-instructional	2,213,343	45,307		2,287,790		-	119,754
Pension expense	6,236,711	-		-		-	(6,236,711)
OPEB expense	151,525	-		-		-	(151,525)
Interest on long-term liabilities	 1,143,734	-		-		-	(1,143,734)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 35,942,051	\$ 315,392	\$	6,134,786	\$		\$ (29,491,873)

General Revenues:

Taxes:	
General purpose levies	10,022,890
Debt purpose levies	2,370,309
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	13,782,870
Federal	406,057
Unrestricted investment earnings	230,283
Sixteenth section sources	518,377
Other	190,034
Total General Revenues	27,520,820
Change in Net Position	(1,971,053)
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	(15,893,193)
Prior Period Adjustments	(2,878,188)
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(18,771,381)
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ (20,742,434)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit B

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT **Governmental Funds**

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2018

	Major Funds				
			Sixteenth	Other	Total
		General	Section Principal	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,869,372	\$ 5,930,250	\$ 3,649,837	\$ 13,449,459
Cash with fiscal agents		-	-	14,903	14,903
Investments		-	-	2,517,953	2,517,953
Due from other governments		526,023	445,000	803,553	1,774,576
Accrued interest receivable		-	-	13,466	13,466
Due from other funds		1,020,651	-	227,772	1,248,423
Advance to other funds		562,525	2,832,699	-	3,395,224
Inventories		-	-	59,610	59,610
Total assets	\$	5,978,571	\$ 9,207,949	\$ 7,287,094	\$ 22,473,614
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	29,827	\$ -	\$ 13,068	\$ 42,895
Due to other funds		227,772	51,072	960,658	1,239,502
Advances from other funds		2,832,699	-	562,525	3,395,224
Unearned revenue		-	-	15,363	15,363
Total Liabilities		3,090,298	51,072	1,551,614	4,692,984
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory		-	-	59,610	59,610
Permanent fund principal		-	6,324,178	-	6,324,178
Advances		562,525	2,832,699	-	3,395,224
Restricted:					
Debt service		-	-	3,273,220	3,273,220
Grant activities		-	-	1,019,194	1,019,194
Unemployment benefits		-	-	115,668	115,668
Child nutrition		-	-	1,102,650	1,102,650
Assigned:					
Improvements and renovations		-	-	165,138	165,138
Activity funds		100,233	-	-	100,233
Unassigned		2,225,515	-	-	2,225,515
Total Fund Balances		2,888,273	9,156,877	 5,735,480	17,780,630
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,978,571	\$ 9,207,949	\$ 7,287,094	\$ 22,473,614

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit C

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position				
June 30, 2018				
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 17,780,630		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:				
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 				
Land	\$ 895,163			
Construction in progress	301,390			
Buildings	36,212,851			
Building improvements	9,530,549			
Improvements other than buildings	2,508,520			
Mobile equipment	2,612,997			
Furniture and equipment	1,446,707			
Accumulated depreciation	(17,364,060)	36,144,117		
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:)			
Net pension liability	(49,111,324)			
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,765,053			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,378,195)	(45,724,466)		
 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 				
Net OPEB liability	(3,210,632)			
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	136,874			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(208,139)	(3,281,897)		
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:				
General obligation bonds	(1,350,000)			
General obligation refunding bonds	(16,615,000)			
Other bonds payable	(6,000,000)			
Notes payable	(1,449,058)			
Compensated absences	(278,989)			
Unamortized charges	1,353,948			
Unamortized premiums	(933,520)			
Accrued interest payable	(388,199)	(25,660,818)		
Net Position of governmental activities		\$ (20,742,434)		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Fotal
General Section Principal Governmental Gove	rnmental
	unds
Revenues:	
Local sources \$ 10,554,613 \$ 36,742 \$ 2,456,631 \$ 1	3,047,986
State sources 13,903,575 - 728,722 1	4,632,297
Federal sources 146,570 - 5,544,847	5,691,417
Sixteenth section sources 144,917 454,381 -	599,298
Total Revenues 24,749,675 491,123 8,730,200 3	3,970,998
Expenditures:	
Instruction 14,629,837 - 2,866,607 1	7,496,444
Support services 9,125,659 - 1,537,446 1	0,663,105
Noninstructional services 2,273,148	2,273,148
Facilities acquisition and construction70,240-1,055,350	1,125,590
Debt service:	
Principal 1,447,000	1,447,000
Interest 121,827 - 958,693	1,080,520
Other 14,937	14,937
Total Expenditures 23,947,563 - 10,153,181 3	4,100,744
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
over (under) Expenditures 802,112 491,123 (1,422,981)	(129,746)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
Bonds and notes issued 81,345 - 214,713	296,058
Payments held by escrow agent 400,000	400,000
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent (400,000)	(400,000)
Operating transfers in 303,641 - 1,300,253	1,603,894
Operating transfers out (1,300,253) - (303,641) (1,603,894)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (915,267) - 1,211,325	296,058
Net Change in Fund Balances (113,155) 491,123 (211,656)	166,312
Fund Balances:	
July 1, 2017, as previously reported 2,612,370 8,665,754 6,005,366 1	7,283,490
Prior period adjustments 389,058	389,058
July 1, 2017, as restated 3,001,428 8,665,754 6,005,366 1	7,672,548
Increase (Decrease) in inventory (58,230)	(58,230)
June 30, 2018 \$ 2,888,273 \$ 9,156,877 \$ 5,735,480 \$ 1	7,780,630

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Exhibit D

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental	Funds
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	Governmental Funds			
Re	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,			Exhibit D-1
Ex	penditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities			
Fo	r the Year Ended June 30, 2018			
Ne	t change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	166,312
	nounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different cause:			
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
	Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 1,362,208 (1,235,814		126,394
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(67)
3.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
	Bonds and notes issued Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	(296,058 1,447,000 10,366		1,161,308
4.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		_	.,,
	Pension expense	(6,236,711)	
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,912,214	_	(3,324,497)
5.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:			
	OPEB expense	(151,525)	
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	136,874	_	(14,651)
6.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:			
	Change in compensated absences	31,021		
	Change in inventory	(58,230)	
	Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	(58,643)	(85,852)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2018	

Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 1,643,785 \$ 1,643,785 \$ 1,643,785 \$ 1,643,785 \$ 1,643,785	• •	 Agency Funds
Total Assets\$ 1,643,785Liabilities\$ 1,540,724	Assets	
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 1,540,724	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,643,785
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 1,540,724	Total Assets	\$ 1,643,785
	Liabilities	
	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,540,724
Due to other funds 8,921	Due to other funds	8,921
Due to student clubs 94,140	Due to student clubs	 94,140
Total Liabilities\$ 1,643,785	Total Liabilities	\$ 1,643,785

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Laurel since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Laurel School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or

capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund - This is a permanent fund that accounts for the non-expendable revenues associated with earnings on sixteenth section lands and the investment earnings of these non-expendable resources.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for non-payroll type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the city on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Ca Pol	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows from advance refunding of debt, deferred outflows related to pensions, and deferred outflows related to OPEB. See Note 15 for further details.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element,

deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows related to pensions and deferred inflows related to OPEB. See Note 15 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. Fiduciary net position was zero as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Non-spendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 7% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the

State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$13,449,459 and \$1,643,785, respectively. The carrying amount of deposits in the government-wide financial statements was reported as cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$7,519,209 and a portion of restricted assets in the amount of \$5,930,250 (see Note 4).

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2018, none of the district's bank balance of \$15,757,377 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$14,903.

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
QSCB Bonds Common Trust Funds US Treasury SLGS Deposit	N/A N/A	less than 1 year 5 to 10 years	\$ 1,116,051 1,401,902
Total			\$ 2,517,953

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

- QSCB Bonds Common Trust Funds of \$1,116,051 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- US Treasury SLGS Deposits of \$1,401,902 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2018, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ 51,072
	Other governmental funds	960,658
	Fiduciary funds	8,921
Other governmental funds	General Fund	 227,772
Total		\$ 1,248,423

The primary purpose of the inter-fund balances is to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain special revenue funds caused by negative federal award program cash flows. All balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 562,525
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	General Fund	 2,832,699
Total		\$ 3,395,224

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loans payable as of June 30, 2018 is four percent.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest	Total
2019	\$ 221,489	\$	113,308	\$ 334,797
2020	230,349	-	104,448	334,797
2021	239,563		95,234	334,797
2022	249,145		85,652	334,797
2023	259,111		75,686	334,797
2024 - 2028	1,459,565		214,420	1,673,985
2029 - 2030	 173,477		10,477	183,954
Total	\$ 2,832,699	\$	699,225	\$ 3,531,924

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Other governmental funds General Fund	\$ 1,300,253 303,641
Total		\$ 1,603,894

Operating transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and special education expenditure transfers, and other routine operating transfers.

Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$5,930,250 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent and investment balance, totaling \$14,903 and \$2,517,953, respectively, of the QSCB Bond Retirement Funds.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	Completed Construction	Balance 6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:		1/ 1/2011		Decreases	Construction	0,00,2010
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$	895,163 \$	\$	s \$	\$	895,163
Construction-in-progress	•	724,267	1,096,621	· ·	(1,519,498)	301,390
Total non-depreciable capital assets		1,619,430	1,096,621	-	(1,519,498)	1,196,553
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		36,212,851				36,212,851
Building improvements		8,011,051			1,519,498	9,530,549
Improvements other than buildings		2,479,551	28,969			2,508,520
Mobile equipment		2,393,836	219,161			2,612,997
Furniture and equipment		1,435,950	17,457	6,700		1,446,707
Total depreciable capital assets		50,533,239	265,587	6,700	1,519,498	52,311,624
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		8,937,031	629,163			9,566,194
Building improvements		3,223,948	381,222			3,605,170
Improvements other than buildings		797,782	98,925			896,707
Mobile equipment		1,901,941	82,257			1,984,198
Furniture and equipment		1,274,177	44,247	6,633		1,311,791
Total accumulated depreciation		16,134,879	1,235,814	6,633	-	17,364,060
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	34,398,360	(970,227)	67	1,519,498	34,947,564
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	36,017,790 \$	126,394 \$	67 \$	- \$	36,144,117

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	629,879	
Support services		569,965	
Non-instructional		35,970	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	1,235,814	

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Spent to	Remaining
	 June 30, 2018	Commitment
Governmental Activities:		
Mason School Roofing Project	\$ 301,390 \$	425,429
Total construction in progress	\$ 301,390 \$	425,429

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with General Funds.

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		 7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2018	one year
Α.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 2,625,000 \$	\$	1,275,000 \$	1,350,000 \$	1,350,000
	General obligation refunding bonds payable	 16,715,000		100,000	16,615,000	100,000
	Subtotal	19,340,000	-	1,375,000	17,965,000	1,450,000
В.	Three mill notes payable	1,225,000		72,000	1,153,000	72,000
C.	Shortfall notes payable	-	296,058		296,058	98,686
D.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	6,000,000			6,000,000	-
Ε.	Compensated absences payable	 310,010		31,021	278,989	13,949
	Total	\$ 26,875,010 \$	296,058 \$	1,478,021 \$	25,693,047 \$	1,634,635
	Add: Bond premiums	 1,050,481		116,961	933,520	
	Total	\$ 27,925,491 \$	296,058 \$	1,594,982 \$	26,626,567 \$	

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued		Outstanding
1. General obligation bonds,					•	
Series 2008 2. General obligation refunding	3.5%-5.0%	4/1/2008	4/1/2019	\$ 26,500,000	\$	1,350,000
bonds, Series 2014 ⁵ 3. General obligation refunding	3.5%-4.0%	11/19/2014	4/1/2028	8,100,000		8,100,000
bonds, Series 2015	2.0%-4.0%	5/7/2015	4/1/2024	 8,825,000		8,515,000
Total				\$ 43,425,000	\$	17,965,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. General obligation bonds issued on April 1, 2008:

Year Ending					
June 30 P		Principal	Interest	Total	
2019	\$	1,350,000 \$	67,500 \$	1,417,500	
Total	\$	1,350,000 \$	67,500 \$	1,417,500	

This debt will be retired from the \$26.5M Debt Service Fund.

2. General obligation refunding bonds issued on November 19, 2014:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ - \$	304,475 \$	304,475
2020	-	304,475	304,475
2021	-	304,475	304,475
2022	-	304,475	304,475
2023	-	304,475	304,475
2024 – 2028	 8,100,000	1,099,625	9,199,625
Total	\$ 8,100,000 \$	2,622,000 \$	10,722,000

This debt will be retired from the \$26.5M Debt Service Fund.

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 100,000 \$	257,075 \$	357,075
2020	1,540,000	255,075	1,795,075
2021	1,605,000	216,575	1,821,575
2022	1,670,000	176,450	1,846,450
2023	1,765,000	126,350	1,891,350
2024	 1,835,000	73,400	1,908,400
Total	\$ 8,515,000 \$	1,104,925 \$	9,619,925

3. General obligation refunding bonds issued on May 7, 2015:

This debt will be retired from the \$26.5M Debt Service Fund.

Total general obligation bond payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 1,450,000 \$	629,050 \$	2,079,050
2020	1,540,000	559,550	2,099,550
2021	1,605,000	521,050	2,126,050
2022	1,670,000	480,925	2,150,925
2023	1,765,000	430,825	2,195,825
2024 – 2028	 9,935,000	1,173,025	11,108,025
Total	\$ 17,965,000 \$	3,794,425 \$	21,759,425

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2018, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 9% of property assessments as of October 1, 2017.

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	C	Amount Dutstanding
Limited tax notes, Series 2017	2.13%	3/1/2017	4/4/2027	\$ 1,225,000	\$	1,153,000
Total				\$ 1,225,000	\$	1,153,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 72,000 \$	24,559 \$	96,559
2020	72,000	23,025	95,025
2021	68,000	21,492	89,492
2022	68,000	20,043	88,043
2023	65,000	18,595	83,595
2024 – 2027	 808,000	54,954	862,954
Total	\$ 1,153,000 \$	162,668 \$	1,315,668

This debt will be retired from the \$1.225 Note Debt Service Fund.

C. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	С	Amount Outstanding
						<u></u>
Shortfall note,						
Series 2017	2.80%	7/7/2017	7/7/2020	\$ 296,058	\$	296,058
Total				\$ 296,058	\$	296,058

The amount outstanding is included in due from other governments on the Statement of Net Position.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 98,686 \$	8,290 \$	106,976
2020	98,686	5,526	104,212
2021	 98,686	2,763	101,449
Total	\$ 296,058 \$	16,579 \$	312,637

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Note Debt Service Fund.

D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
1. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2010-A	5.50%	8/1/2010	8/1/2025	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000
2. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2010-B	5.50%	8/1/2010	8/1/2025	1,500,000	1,500,000
3. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2011	4.55%	8/1/2011	8/1/2026	1,600,000	1,600,000
4. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2012	0.00%	9/15/2012	9/15/2027	 1,400,000	1,400,000
Total				\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2010-A issued on August 1, 2010:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ - \$	82,500 \$	82,500
2020	-	82,500	82,500
2021	-	82,500	82,500
2022	-	82,500	82,500
2023	-	82,500	82,500
2024 – 2026	1,500,000	247,500	1,747,500
Total	\$ 1,500,000 \$	660,000 \$	2,160,000

This debt will be retired from the \$3M QSCB Debt Service Fund.

2. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2010-B issued on August 1, 2010:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ - \$	82,500 \$	82,500
2020	-	82,500	82,500
2021	-	82,500	82,500
2022	-	82,500	82,500
2023	-	82,500	82,500
2024 – 2026	 1,500,000	247,500	1,747,500
Total	\$ 1,500,000 \$	660,000 \$	2,160,000

This debt will be retired from the \$3M QSCB Debt Service Fund.

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ - \$	72,800 \$	72,800
2020	-	72,800	72,800
2021	-	72,800	72,800
2022	-	72,800	72,800
2023	-	72,800	72,800
2024 – 2027	 1,600,000	291,200	1,891,200
Total	\$ 1,600,000 \$	655,200 \$	2,255,200

3. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2011 issued on August 1, 2011:

This debt will be retired from the \$1.6M QSCB Note Fund.

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ - \$	- \$	-
2020	-	-	-
2021	-	-	-
2022	-	-	-
2023	-	-	-
2024 – 2028	 1,400,000	-	1,400,000
Total	\$ 1,400,000 \$	- \$	1,400,000

4. Limited-Tax Note, Series 2012 issued on September 15, 2012:

This debt will be retired from the \$1.4M QSCB Debt Service Fund.

Total limited-tax note payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
	ттпора	Interest	Total
2019	\$ - \$	237,800 \$	237,800
2020	-	237,800	237,800
2021	-	237,800	237,800
2022	-	237,800	237,800
2023	-	237,800	237,800
2024 – 2028	 6,000,000	786,200	6,786,200
Total	\$ 6,000,000 \$	1,975,200 \$	7,975,200

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Other Commitments

Operating leases:

The school district has several operating leases for 20 copiers. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018, amounted to \$64,694.

Future lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 31,590
2020	 9,519
Total	\$ 41,109

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who gualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 vears of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June

30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$2,912,214, \$2,984,989 and \$2,986,740, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the school district reported a liability of \$49,111,324 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was 0.295435 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was a decrease of 0.000996 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,236,711. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 709,527	\$ 358,351
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		610,835
Changes of assumptions	1,103,891	83,969
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	39,421	325,040
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,912,214	
Total	\$ 4,765,053	\$ 1,378,195

\$2,912,214 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2019	\$ 730,671
2020	665,715
2021	26,913
2022	(948,655)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation 38 IcKenzie CPA, PLLC

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	 (6.75%)	 Rate (7.75%)	 (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 64,412,780	\$ 49,111,324	\$ 36,407,790

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit on the

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$136,874 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$3,210,632 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employee is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date

of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.40920151 percent. This was a decrease of 0.00642865 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$151,525. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	\$ 163,484
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		44,655
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	136,874	
Total	\$ 136,874	\$ 208,139

\$136,874 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2019	\$ (36,516)
2020	(36,516)
2021	(36,516)
2022	(36,516)
2023	(36,516)
Thereafter	(25,559)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent				
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation				
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A				
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent				
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date 2017 Prior Measurement Date 2016 41					
McKenzie CPA, PLLC					

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date

3.56 percent 3.01 percent

Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare

7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

			L	Jiscount			
	1	1% Decrease	F	Rate		1% Increase	
		(2.56%)		(3.56%)		(4.56%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,295,423	\$	3,210,632	\$	3,147,488	

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates	
		Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,965,234	\$ 3,210,632	\$ 3,490,779

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

Note 10 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The Laurel School District does not have control or jurisdiction over any school trust lands but rather receives pro rata distributions of funds from sixteenth section lands administered by the Jones County School District.

Note 11 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
 To restate fund balance for the effect of recording the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows related to OPEB, and OPEB expense 	\$ (3,267,246)
 To correct prior year balance in advances and to record a prior year shortfall in advalorem at the governmental fund level 	 389,058
Total	\$ (2,878,188)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	 Amount
General Fund	To correct prior year balance in advances and to record a prior year shortfall in advalorem	\$ 389,058
Total		\$ 389,058

Note 12 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 72 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 14 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the subsidy payments amounted to \$207,148.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent

within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2018 was \$2,546,322, which includes accrued interest of \$13,466. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 400,000
2020	400,000
2021	400,000
2022	400,000
2023	400,000
2024 – 2028	 1,498,000
Total	\$ 3,498,000

Note 15 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$11,446,545 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt. The \$1,353,948 balance of deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 10 years. The \$933,520 balance of the unamortized bond premiums at June 30, 2018, will be recognized as a decrease in expense and increase the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 10 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$47,090,524) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$2,912,214 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The \$1,852,839 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years. The \$1,378,195 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$47,090,524) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB. The deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$136,874 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources totaling \$208,139 related to OPEB at June 30, 2018, will be recognized in OPEB revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 16 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Laurel School District evaluated the activity of the district through August 16, 2019, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								ianc	
						-	Positive	(Ne	egative)
		Budgete	ed Ai		Actual		Original		Final
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:									
Local sources	\$	10,830,640	\$	10,538,358	\$ 10,554,613	\$	(292,282)	\$	16,255
State sources		14,020,057		13,903,576	13,903,575		(116,481)		(1)
Federal sources		283,958		146,571	146,570		(137,387)		(1)
Sixteenth section sources		100,000		144,918	144,917		44,918		(1)
Total Revenues		25,234,655		24,733,423	24,749,675		(501,232)		16,252
Expenditures:									
Instruction		14,510,311		14,633,102	14,629,837		(122,791)		3,265
Support services		9,106,963		7,485,825	9,125,659		1,621,138		(1,639,834)
Facilities acquisition and construction	۱	-		70,241	70,240		(70,241)		1
Debt service:									
Principal		235,610		51,072	-		184,538		51,072
Interest		132,700		121,827	121,827		10,873		-
Total Expenditures		23,985,584		22,362,067	23,947,563		1,623,517		(1,585,496)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures		1,249,071		2,371,356	802,112		1,122,285		(1,569,244)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Bonds and notes issued		81,345		81,345	81,345		-		-
Operating transfers in		2,378,774		2,709,888	303,641		331,114		(2,406,247)
Operating transfers out		(2,737,873)		(2,868,944)	(1,300,253)		(131,071)		1,568,691
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(277,754)		(77,711)	(915,267)		200,043		(837,556)
Net Change in Fund Balances		971,317		2,293,645	(113,155)		1,322,328		(2,406,800)
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2017, as previously reported		3,227,225		3,233,436	2,612,370		6,211		(621,066)
Prior period adjustments		-		-	389,058		-		389,058
July 1, 2017, as restated		3,227,225		3,233,436	 3,001,428		6,211		(232,008)
June 30, 2018	\$	4,198,542	\$	5,527,081	\$ 2,888,273	\$	1,328,539	\$	(2,638,808)

The notes to required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Laurel School District Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	_	2018 0.295435%	2017 0.296431%	2016 0.298934%	2015 0.296948%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	49,111,324 \$	52,949,978 \$	46,209,301 \$	36,044,050
District's covered payroll	\$	18,952,311 \$	18,963,429 \$	18,675,695 \$	18,153,321
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		259.1311%	279.2215%	247.4302%	198.5535%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Laurel School District Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,912,214 \$	2,984,989 \$	2,986,740 \$	2,941,422
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,912,214	2,984,989	2,986,740	2,941,422
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$	- \$	- \$	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 18,490,248 \$	18,952,311 \$	18,963,429 \$	18,675,695
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Laurel School District Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.40920151%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,210,632
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,384,299
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Laurel School District Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 136,874
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	136,874
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,490,248
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.74%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

<u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	33.9 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

 $\underline{2017}$: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75 percent
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2022
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56 percent

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Supplementary Information

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Catalog of Federal		
	Domestic Assistance	Doop through Entity	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	No.	Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	185MS326N1099	\$ 689,552
National school lunch program	10.555	185MS326N1099	1,911,669
Total child nutrition cluster			2,601,221
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,601,221
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,601,221
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct Program:			
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	12.xxx		52,339
Total U.S. Department of Defense			52,339
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A170024	1,731,040
Career and technical educational agencies	84.048	V048A170024	21,204
Rural Education	84.358	ES358B170024	76,534
English Language acquisition grants	84.365	ES365A170024	17,546
Supporting Effective Instruction state grants	84.367	ES367A170023	271,594
Consolidated Grant to the Outlying Areas	84.403	ES424A170025	21,270
Subtotal			2,139,188
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A170108	720,636
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A170113	15,045
Total special education cluster			735,681
Total a second descende Mississieni Descentes aut of Education			0.074.000
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,874,869
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,874,869
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical assistance program	93.778	1805MS5ADM	28,027
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			28,027
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			28,027
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 5,556,456
			ψ 0,000,400

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Laurel School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Laurel School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Laurel School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Laurel School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 25,408,039 8,692,705	18,705,050 1,718,795	1,103,570 172,859	1,850,241 74,308	3,749,178 6,726,743
Total	\$ 34,100,744	20,423,845	1,276,429	1,924,549	10,475,921
Total number of students *	 3,205				
Cost per student	\$ 10,639	6,372	398	600	3,269

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

		2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	10,554,613 \$	10,567,804 \$	10,765,087 \$	10,735,509
State sources		13,903,575	14,090,338	14,096,568	12,807,517
Federal sources		146,570	162,011	290,216	295,041
Sixteenth Section sources		144,917	348,192	217,895	166,467
Total Revenues		24,749,675	25,168,345	25,369,766	24,004,534
Expenditures:					
Instruction		14,629,837	15,164,352	14,893,402	14,600,475
Support services		9,125,659	9,686,524	10,014,146	9,964,236
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt Service:		70,240	129,886	-	155,722
Interest		121,827	130,020	137,894	145,467
Total Expenditures	_	23,947,563	25,110,782	25,045,442	24,865,900
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		802,112	57,563	324,324	(861,366)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued		81,345			
Insurance loss recoveries			775		
Operating transfers in		303,641	324,837	329,726	313,943
Operating transfers out		(1,300,253)	(715,480)	(810,942)	(994,858)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(915,267)	(389,868)	(481,216)	(680,915)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(113,155)	(332,305)	(156,892)	(1,542,281)
Fund Balances:					
July 1, as previously reported		2,612,370	2,945,666	3,102,558	3,104,768
Fund reclassification					1,540,220
Prior Period Adjustments		389,058	(991)		(149)
July 1, as restated		3,001,428	2,944,675	3,102,558	4,644,839
End of Period	\$	2,888,273 \$	2,612,370 \$	2,945,666 \$	3,102,558

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

LAUREL SCHOOL DISCTRICT **Other Information**

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:		-		
Local sources	\$ 13,047,986 \$	12,996,240 \$	13,196,309 \$	13,171,365
State sources	14,632,297	14,636,924	14,532,242	13,245,606
Federal sources	5,691,417	5,984,170	6,255,454	6,478,531
Sixteenth section sources	599,298	814,605	643,261	796,467
Total Revenues	33,970,998	34,431,939	34,627,266	33,691,969
Expenditures:				
Instruction	17,496,444	18,128,260	18,021,341	17,887,899
Support services	10,663,105	11,154,713	11,421,943	11,494,539
Noninstructional services	2,273,148	2,253,865	2,193,579	2,078,140
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	1,125,590	751,661		479,183
Principal	1,447,000	1,275,000	1,210,000	1,070,000
Interest	1,080,520	1,086,920	1,120,929	1,342,661
Other	14,937	13,024	10,045	226,374
Total Expenditures	34,100,744	34,663,443	33,977,837	34,578,796
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(129,746)	(231,504)	649,429	(886,827)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bond proceeds	296,058	1,225,000		16,925,000
Premium on bonds issued				1,401,364
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent				(18,106,364)
Insurance loss recoveries		775		
Payment held by escrow agent	400,000	374,300	375,978	377,729
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(400,000)	(374,300)	(375,978)	(377,729)
Operating transfers in	1,603,894	1,040,317	1,140,668	1,308,801
Operating transfers out	(1,603,894)	(1,040,317)	(1,140,668)	(1,308,801)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	296,058	1,225,775	0	220,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	166,312	994,271	649,429	(666,827)
Fund Balances:				
July 1, as previously reported	17,283,490	16,270,193	16,007,539	16,663,137
Prior period adjustments	389,058	(991)	(424,868)	(7,800)
July 1, as restated	17,672,548	16,269,202	15,582,671	16,655,337
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(58,230)	20,017	38,093	19,029
End of Period	<u>\$ 17,780,630 </u> \$	17,283,490 \$	16,270,193 \$	16,007,539

***SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS**

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Superintendent and School Board Laurel School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Laurel School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Laurel School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Laurel School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Laurel School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Laurel School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as **2018-001** to be a significant deficiency.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned cost, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Laurel School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material

effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Laurel School District's Response to Findings

Laurel School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of auditee's corrective actions. Laurel School District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi August 16, 2019

McKenzie CPA, PLLC



521 Chuck Wagon Drive Brandon, MS 39042 (Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Laurel School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Laurel School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Laurel School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Laurel School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Laurel School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Laurel School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide legal determination of Laurel School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Laurel School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Laurel School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Laurel School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Laurel School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi August 16, 2019

McKenzie CPA, PLIC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Laurel School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Laurel School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Laurel School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi August 16, 2019

McKenzie CPA, PLIC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1.	Type of auditor's report issued:			Unmodified		
2.	2. Internal control over financial reporting:					
	a.	No				
	b. Significant deficiencies identified?			Yes		
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			No		
Fed	eral Awa	ards:				
4.	. Internal control over major programs:					
	a.	Material weakness identified?		No		
	b.	Significant deficiency identified?		None reported		
5.	Туре о	Unmodified				
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?					
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:				
	<u>CFDA</u>	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>		
	10.553	; 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster			
	84.010)	Title I grants to the local educationa	lagencies		
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$750,000			
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			No		
10.	0. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of No					

prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

LAUREL SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiency Not Considered to be a Material Weakness

2018-001 Finding

Controls Surrounding Reporting of Capital Assets

Management is responsible for establishing a proper internal control system to ensure strong financial accountability and safeguarding of assets. A critical aspect of effective financial management is the maintenance of accurate accounting records. An important aspect of effective internal controls over capital assets owned by the district is the control activity of the timely update of capital asset records to the subsidiary ledger. The district should have a monthly reconciliation of additions and deletions to maintain accurate accounts of all assets. The district should do an annual inventory audit on assets district wide to make sure all assets are accounted for , in the proper location, properly tagged, and agree to the accounting records.

During our test of internal controls over fixed assets we found that:

- 1. Five of twenty-nine assets in the sample were not able to be found during the initial review. The assets were found at a later date by the district.
- 2. Assets within our sample were not in the proper location or were not properly tagged. In order to locate several items the serial number was used due to an item not having a tag.
- 3. Assets were found to be moved to other locations without proper transfer procedures and were not updated within the accounting system.

These noted areas were caused by a lack of controls over assets within the district. The district failed to ensure that assets were being tagged properly and ledgers updated when assets are transferred within the district.

The lack of controls over assets could lead to assets being misplaced or even lost.

Recommendation

The district should implement procedures and internal controls with regard to the purchase, disposal, and transfer of fixed assets by reconciling them monthly to current month additions and board approved disposals of equipment. The district should implement a process for the review of transfers of assets within the district.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Laurel School District 303 West 8th Street Office of the Superintendent Laurel, Mississippi 39441 Dr. Toy L. Watts, Superintendent Rhonda Rowzee, Business Manager

AUDITEE'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

As required by the Uniform Guidance, the Laurel School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Finding Corrective Action Plan Details

2018-001 Capital assets should be properly documented, reconciled, and reported in the district's financial statements. Transfer procedures of assets within the district will be improved.

A. Name of contact person responsible for corrective action: Name: Rhonda Rowzee Title: Business Manager

Corrective action planned:

The district will implement better controls to ensure that assets are reconciled monthly with any purchases through accounts payable. District will implement a process to improve transfers of assets within the district.