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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Lowndes County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lowndes County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lowndes County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lowndes County School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of district contributions (PERS), the district's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of district contributions (OPEB) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lowndes County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated January 25, 2019, on my consideration of the Lowndes County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lowndes County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Lowndes County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles L Shivers
Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Ridgeland, MS January 25, 2019 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The following discussion and analysis of Lowndes County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$8,994,268, including a prior period adjustment of (\$4,580,185) due primarily to the recording of the net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows, which represents an 89% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$13,190,238, including a prior period adjustment of (\$4,481), which represents a 444% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$48,691,471 and \$46,328,384, or 87% and 86% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$7,518,030, or 13% of total revenues for 2018, and \$7,587,203, or 14% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$60,623,584 and \$67,101,344 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$7,518,030 for 2018 and \$7,587,203 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$48,691,471 for 2018 and \$46,328,384 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$46,770,683 in revenues and \$46,212,935 in expenditures for 2018, and \$47,129,147 in revenues and \$44,482,201 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$510,457 from 2017 to 2018, including a prior period adjustment of (\$193,063), and decreased by \$7,835,705 from 2016 to 2017, including a prior period adjustment of (\$4,481).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$10,122,420 for 2018 and increased by \$27,721,821 for 2017. The increase for 2018 was due primarily to the completion of construction projects and the purchase of various items of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment.
- Long-term debt, excluding compensated absences and bond premiums, decreased by \$3,515,723 for 2018 and decreased by \$3,475,146 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$9,963 for 2018 and increased by \$171,846 for 2017.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and

intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds — Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$19,211,597 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

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		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017	Percentage Change	<u> </u>
Current assets	\$	7,680,159	\$	8,716,497	(11.89)	%
Restricted assets		5,429,108		23,887,021	(77.27)	%
Capital assets, net		104,508,260		94,385,840	10.72	%
Total assets	_	117,617,527	_	126,989,358	(7.38)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6,341,076		13,981,745	(54.65)	%
Current liabilities		1,235,825		4,642,586	(73.38)	%
Long-term debt outstanding		64,590,324		68,203,975	(5.30)	%
Net OPEB liability		4,313,962		0	N/A	
Net pension liability		66,912,153		78,193,795	(14.43)	%
Total liabilities		137,052,264		151,040,356	(9.26)	%
Deferred inflows of resources		6,117,936		148,076	4,031.62	%
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		41,552,144		46,508,100	(10.66)	%
Restricted		2,663,310		2,159,990	23.30	%
Unrestricted		(63,427,051)		(58,885,419)	(7.71)	%
Total net position	\$	(19,211,597)	\$	(10,217,329)	(88.03)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (63,427,051)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	, , , ,
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	71,002,975
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	
	\$ 7,575,924

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$10,122,420.
- The principal retirement of \$3,515,723 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$66,912,153.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$4,313,962.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$56,209,501 and \$53,915,587, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$60,623,584 for 2018 and \$67,101,344 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

		Year Ended June 30, 2018		Year Ended June 30, 2017	Percentage Change	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	1,661,299	\$	1,641,329	1.22	%
Operating grants and contributions		5,856,731		5,945,874	(1.50)	%
General revenues:						
Property taxes		23,304,561		21,513,386	8.33	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		24,662,161		24,174,029	2.02	%
Investment earnings		39,923		124,597	(67.96)	%
Sixteenth section sources		183,675		176,759	3.91	%
Other		501,151		339,613	47.57	%
Total revenues		56,209,501		53,915,587	4.25	%
Expenses:	-			<u> </u>		
Instruction		30,387,164		30,026,923	1.20	%
Support services		19,441,382		19,732,616	(1.48)	%
Non-instructional	100	1,898,427		2,379,771	(20.23)	%
Sixteenth section		65,439		83,964	(22.06)	%
Pension expense		6,670,818		12,847,359	(48.08)	%
OPEB expense		204,031		0	N/A	
Interest on long-term liabilities		1,956,323		2,030,711	(3.66)	%
Total expenses	-	60,623,584	•	67,101,344	(9.65)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(4,414,083)		(13,185,757)	66.52	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(10,217,329)		2,972,909	(443.68)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(4,580,185)		(4,481)	(102,113.46)	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(14,797,514)		2,968,428	(598.50)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(19,211,597)	\$	(10,217,329)	(88.03)	%

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional

activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	l Expe	nses	Percentage
		2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$	30,387,164	\$	30,026,923	1.20 %
Support services		19,441,382		19,732,616	(1.48) %
Non-instructional		1,898,427		2,379,771	(20.23) %
Sixteenth section		65,439		83,964	(22.06) %
Pension Expense		6,670,818		12,847,359	(48.08) %
OPEB Expense		204,031		0	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities		1,956,323		2,030,711	(3.66) %
Total expenses		60,623,584	\$	67,101,344	(9.65) %
		Net (Exp	ense) l	Revenue	Percentage
		2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$	(26,401,897)	\$	(26,588,385)	(0.70) %
Support services		(18,218,832)		(17,841,697)	2.11 %
Non-instructional		411,786		(125,039)	(429.33) %
Sixteenth section		(65,439)		(80,950)	(19.16) %
Pension Expense		(6,670,818)		(12,847,359)	(48.08) %
OPEB Expense		(204,031)		0	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities		(1,956,323)		(2,030,711)	(3.66) %
Total net (expense) revenue	S	(53,105,554)	\$	(59.514.141)	(10.77) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$53,105,554 for 2018 and \$59,514,141 for 2017) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$23,304,561 for 2018 and \$21,513,386 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$24,662,161 for 2018 and \$24,174,029 for 2017). In addition, there was \$183,675 and \$176,759 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$39,923 for 2018 and \$124,597 for 2017.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,521,925, a decrease of \$16,114,340, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$193,063) and an increase in inventory of \$53,552. \$8,457,628, or 68% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$4,064,297, or 32% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$510,457, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$193,063). The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds

showed a decrease in the amount of \$9,449,690, which includes an increase in inventory of \$53,552. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	 Increase (Decrease)
NHHS Building Project Fund	 (7,380,156)
QSCB Bond Issue Fund	205,049
2015 GO Bonds \$44M Issue Fund	no increase or decrease

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$150,549,340, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$13,557,218 from 2017 due primarily to the completion of construction projects during the fiscal year and the purchase of various items of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$46,041,080, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$3,666,350, resulting in total net capital assets of \$104,508,260.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

			Percentage	e
	 June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Change	
Land	\$ 2,349,388	\$ 2,349,388	0.00	%
Construction in Progress	0	25,699,071	(100.00)	%
Buildings	90,311,700	55,226,383	63.53	%
Building improvements	2,584,760	2,731,390	(5.37)	%
Improvements other than buildings	4,817,560	5,080,603	(5.18)	%
Mobile equipment	2,708,012	2,683,308	0.92	%
Furniture and equipment	1,736,840	 615,697	182.09	%
Total	\$ 104,508,260	\$ 94,385,840	10.72	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2018, the District had \$64,590,324 in outstanding long-term debt, including bond premiums, of which \$2,966,775 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$3,515,723 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences increased \$9,963 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

		June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Percenta Change	•
General obligation bonds payable	\$	42,240,000	\$ 43,120,000	(2.04)	%
Certificates of participation payable		6,355,000	6,915,000	(8.10)	%
Limited tax notes payable		9,800,000	10,275,000	(4.62)	%
Obligations under capital leases		994,892	2,595,615	(61.67)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	4	3,000,000	3,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		637,652	627,689	1.59	%
Total	\$	63,027,544	\$ 66,533,304	(5.27)	%
Premiums/discounts		1,562,780	1,670,671	(6.46)	%
Total	\$	64,590,324	\$ 68,203,975	(5.30)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Lowndes County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Lowndes County School District, 1053 Highway 45 South, Columbus, MS 39701.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Governmental Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 6,701,997
Cash with fiscal agent		10,830
Due from other governments		884,318
Inventories		83,014
Restricted assets (Note 4)		5,429,108
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)		2,349,388
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)		102,158,872
Total Assets		117,617,527
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 8)		6,157,165
Deferred outflow - OPEB (Note 9)		183,911
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		6,341,076
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		587,342
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		648,483
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year) (Note 6)		
Capital related liabilities		1,940,000
Non-capital related liabilities		1,026,775
Net OPEB liability (Note 9)		177,919
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year) (Note 6)		•
Capital related liabilities		59,455,000
Capital related bond premiums		1,562,780
Non-capital related liabilities		605,769
Net OPEB liability (Note 9)		4,136,043
Net pension liability (Note 8)		66,912,153
Total Liabilities		137,052,264
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions (Note 8)		5,840,745
Deferred inflows - OPEB (Note 9)		277,191
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,117,936
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	•	41,552,144
Restricted net position		
Expendable		
School-based activities		647,188
Debt service		1,376,855
Forestry improvements		29,421
Unemployment benefits		118,919
Non-expendable		***
Sixteenth section Unrestricted		490,927 (63,427,051)
Total Net Position		\$ (19,211,597)

		Program Revenue	es.	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
		<u>-</u>	Operating	Position
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 30,387,164	1,210,754	2,774,513	(26,401,897)
Support services	19,441,382	24,672	1,197,878	(18,218,832)
Non-instructional	1,898,427	425,873	1,884,340	411,786
Sixteenth section	65,439			(65,439)
Pension expense	6,670,818			(6,670,818)
OPEB expense	204,031			(204,031)
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,956,323			(1,956,323)
Total Governmental Activities	60,623,584	1,661,299	5,856,731	(53,105,554)
	General Revenues			•
	Taxes			
	General purpos	e levies		20,145,683
	Debt purpose le	evies		3,158,878
	Unrestricted grant	s and contributions	}	
•	State			24,046,984
	Federal			615,177
	Unrestricted inves	tment earnings		39,923
	Sixteenth section :	sources		183,675
	Other			501,151
	Total General I	Revenues		48,691,471
	Changes in Net Posit	ion		(4,414,083)
	Net Position - Beginn	ning, as previously	reported	(10,217,329)
·	Prior Period Adjus		-	(4,580,185)
	Net Position - Beginn	ning - as restated		(14,797,514)
	Net Position - Ending	<u> </u>		\$ (19,211,597)

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Major Funds					
	General Fund	NHHS Building Project Fund	QSCB Bond Issue Fund	2015 GO Bonds \$44M Issue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Cash with fiscal agent (Note 2)	\$ 6,701,997	6,744	240,435	1,835,096	1,824,606	10,608,878
Investments (Note 2) Due from other governments Due from other funds (Note 3) Inventories	422,968 2,261,231		1,522,127 3,199	30,679	427,472	1,522,127 884,318 2,261,231 83,014
Total Assets	9,397,025	6,744	1,765,862	1,865,775	2,335,092	15,370,498
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities						
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Due to other funds (Note 3)	188,557	6,744		1,865,775	392,041 395,456	587,342 2,261,231
Total Liabilities	188,557	6,744	0	1,865,775	787,497	2,848,573
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable					03 014	03 014
Permanent fund principal					490,927	490.927
Restricted						
Debt service			1,765,862		259,476	2,025,338
Capital projects					1,664	1,664
Forestry improvements					29,421	29,421
Unemployment benefits					118,919	118,919
Grant activities					564,174	564,174
Assigned						
School activities	694,187					694,187
Cafeteria plan	56,653					56,653
Unassigned	8,457,628					8,457,628
Total Fund Balances	9,208,468	0	1,765,862	0	1,547,595	12,521,925
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 9,397,025	6,744	1,765,862	1,865,775	2,335,092	15,370,498
	ı					

Exhibit C-1

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June $30,\,2018$

		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 12,521,9
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are		
different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land	2 240 200	
Buildings	2,349,388 124,081,192	
Building improvements	3,665,761	
Improvement other than buildings	7,599,338	
Mobile equipment	8,346,076	
Furniture and equipment	4,507,585	
Accumulated depreciation	(46,041,080)	104,508,2
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability	(66,912,153)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	6,157,165	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(5,840,745)	(66,595,7
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability	(4,313,962)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	183,911	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(277,191)	(4,407,2
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds	(42,240,000)	
Qualified school construction bonds	(3,000,000)	
Limited tax notes	(9,800,000)	
Certificates of participation	(6,355,000)	
Capital lease obligations	(994,892)	
Compensated absences	(637,652)	
Unamortized premiums	(1,562,780)	
Accrued interest payable	(648,483)	(65,238,8
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	•	\$ (19,211,5

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Major Funds					
	General Fund	NHHS Building Project Fund	QSCB Bond Issue Fund	2015 GO Bonds \$44M Issue Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Local sources State sources Federal sources Sixteenth section sources	\$ 21,529,465 24,460,090 615,177 165,951		237,549	2,294,651	1,229,476 978,414 4,465,210 17,725	25,291,141 25,438,504 5,080,387 183,676
Total Revenues	46,770,683	0	237,549	2,294,651	6,690,825	55,993,708
Expenditures Instruction Support services Noninstructional services Sixteenth section Facilities acquisition and construction	25,796,843 17,950,812 63,114	767,589 604,453 460,716 6,884,484			4,641,772 2,538,830 2,194,054 2,325 4,677,051	31,206,204 21,094,095 2,654,770 65,439 11,561,535
Debt service Principal (Note 6) Interest Other	2,160,723 238,943 2,500	·	28,800 3,700	880,000 1,471,725 4,313	475,000 337,833 3,250	3,515,723 2,077,301 13,763
Total Expenditures	46,212,935	8,717,242	32,500	2,356,038	14,870,115	72,188,830
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	557,748	(8,717,242)	205,049	(61,387)	(8,179,290)	(16,195,122)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Insurance loss recoveries (Note 18) Sale of transportation equipment Sale of other property Operating transfers in (Note 3)	24,672 4,500 181,121 5,066,764	1,337,086		289,157	3,739,760	24,672 4,500 181,121 10,432,767
Other financing sources Payment held by QSCB escrow agent Operating transfers out (Note 3) Payment to QSCB debt excrow agent	(5,131,285)		214,000	(227,770)	(5,073,712)	214,000 (10,432,767) (214,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	145,772	1,337,086	0	61,387	(1,323,952)	220,293
Net Change in Fund Balances	703,520	(7,380,156)	205,049	0	(9,503,242)	(15,974,829)

Fund Balances July 1, 2017 Prior period adjustments (Note 11)	8,698,011 (193,063)	7,380,156	1,560,813	0	10,997,285	28,636,265 (193,063)
July 1, 2017, as restated	8,504,948	7,380,156	1,560,813	0	10,997,285	28,443,202
Increase in reserve for inventory	0	0	0	0	53,552	53,552
June 30, 2018	\$ 9,208,468	0	1,765,862	0	1,547,595	12,521,925

Exhibit D-1

Amount

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Amount
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	(15,974,829)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation			
expense. In the current period, those amounts are:			
Capital outlay	12 917 207		
Depreciation expense	13,817,297 (3,666,350)		10,150,947
In the Statement of Activities culvithe printless on the selection of the			
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change			
in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.			(28,527)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds,			
while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources			
of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also,			
governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the			
carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first			
issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
Payments of debt principal	3,515,723		
Accrued interest payable	26,850		3,542,573
Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or			
require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as			
revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
Pension expense	(6,670,818)		
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	4,435,211		(2,235,607)
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or			
require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as			
revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		_	
OPEB expense	(204,031)		
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	183,911		(20,120)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current			
financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental			
funds. These activities include:			
Change in compensated absences	(9,963)		
Change in inventory reserve	53,552		
Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	107,891		151,480
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		_\$	(4,414,083)
\cdot			

		te-Purpose 1st Funds	Agency Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	10,346	2,609,713	
Total Assets		10,346	2,609,713	
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to student clubs	· .		2,589,811 19,902	
Total Liabilities		0 =	2,609,713	
Net Position Reserved for endowments		10,346_		
Total Net Position		10,346		

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Exhibit F

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds
Additions Interest on investments	\$ 0
Total Additions	0
Total Deductions	0
Changes in Net Position	0
Net Position July 1, 2017	10,346
June 30, 2018	\$ 10,346

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, the School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories.
 Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

NHHS Building Project Fund - This capital project fund is used to account for the bond proceeds received for the New Hope High School building project.

QSCB Bond Issue Fund - This debt service fund is used to account for the debt retirement of the qualified school construction bond issue.

2015 GO Bonds \$44M Issue Fund - This debt service fund is used to account for the debt retirement of the 2015 general obligation bond issue.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Accounts - These funds are used to account for the transaction of student clubs.

Endowment Funds - These funds are used to fund scholarships for award winners.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Private-purpose Trust Funds</u> - Private-purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which the principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land,

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Caj Pol	oitalization icy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. Fiduciary net position was zero as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is documented in the board minutes of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

It is the policy of the District to achieve and maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in the General Fund that is not less than 15% of the current year revenues of the District Maintenance Fund (General Fund).

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$10,608,878 and \$2,620,059, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$10,930.

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments.

			Maturities	
Investment Type		Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
QSCB Construction Bonds Co	ommon			
Trust Funds 2012-A		N/A	Less than 1 _\$	1,522,127
Total				1,522,127

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018: All investments are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Major fund - 2015 GO Bond \$44M Issue Fund	\$ 1,865,775
	Other governmental funds	 395,456
Total		\$ 2,261,231

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain funds as part of the normal year end closing adjustments.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amount
General Fund	Major Fund - NHHS Building Project Fund	\$ 1,337,086
	Major Fund - 2015 GO Bond \$44M Issue Fund	289,157
	Other Governmental Funds	3,505,042
Major Fund - 2015 GO Bond \$44M Issue	General Fund	227,770
Other governmental funds	General Fund	4,838,994
	Other governmental funds	 234,718
Total		\$ 10,432,767

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the Major fund – NHHS building project fund, the Major fund – 2015 GO Bond \$44M Issue Fund and to fund other building projects, the vocational program and similar programs in the Other Governmental Funds. The transfer from the Other Governmental Funds was for indirect cost and to close out a locally funded building project funds.

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the investment balance of the Debt Service Funds of \$1,522,127 which are legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets also consist of cash totaling \$3,906,981 of various funds which are legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Completed	Balance
	7/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	Construction	6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable capital assets:	0.040.000				2 2 4 2 2 2 2
Land	\$ 2,349,388				2,349,388
Construction-in-progress	25,699,071	11,561,535		(37,260,606)	0
Total non-depreciable capital assets	28,048,459	11,561,535	0	(37,260,606)	2,349,388
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	86,820,586			37,260,606	124,081,192
Building improvements	3,665,761				3,665,761
Improvements other than buildings	7,563,593	35,745			7,599,338
Mobile equipment	7,877,982	513,094	(45,000)		8,346,076
Furniture and equipment	3,015,741	1,706,923	(215,079)		4,507,585
Total depreciable capital assets	108,943,663	2,255,762	(260,079)	37,260,606	148,199,952
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	31,594,203	2,175,289			33,769,492
Building improvements	934,371	146,630			1,081,001
Improvements other than buildings	2,482,990	298,788			2,781,778
Mobile equipment	5,194,674	483,890	(40,500)		5,638,064
Furniture and equipment	2,400,044	561,753	(191,052)		2,770,745
Total accumulated depreciation	42,606,282	3,666,350	(231,552)	0	46,041,080
Total depreciable capital assets, net	66,337,381	(1,410,588)	(28,527)	37,260,606	102,158,872
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 94,385,840	10,150,947	(28,527)	0	104,508,260

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

Governmental activities:		Amount		
Instruction	\$	2,689,867		
Support services		863,900		
Non-instructional		112,583		
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	3,666,350		

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

			Balance			Balance	Amounts due within
			7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2018	one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$	43,120,000		880,000	42,240,000	880,000
B.	Certificates of participation payable		6,915,000		560,000	6,355,000	575,000
С	Limited tax notes payable		10,275,000		475,000	9,800,000	485,000
D.	Obligations under capital leases		2,595,615		1,600,723	994,892	994,892
E.	Qualified school construction bonds payable		3,000,000			3,000,000	0
F.	Compensated absences payable		627,689	9,963		637,652	31,883
	Total	\$	66,533,304	9,963 \$	3,515,723	63,027,544	2,966,775
			Balance			Balance	
		_	7/1/2016	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2018	
	Premiums	\$ _	1,670,671	0	107,891	1,562,780	4.

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
General Obligation Bond - Series 2015	3.0- 4.0%	9/1/2015	9/1/2032	\$ 44,000,000	42,240,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 880,000	1,445,325	2,325,325
2020	1,100,000	1,415,626	2,515,626
2021	1,400,000	1,371,126	2,771,126
2022	2,600,000	1,304,126	3,904,126
2023	2,700,000	1,224,626	3,924,626
2024-2028	15,400,000	4,426,630	19,826,630
2029 - 2033	 18,160,000	1,474,065	19,634,065
Total	\$ 42,240,000	12,661,524	54,901,524

This debt will be retired from the 2015 Bond Debt Service Fund.

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2018, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 10.0% of property assessments as of October 1, 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

B. Certificates of participation payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, certificates of participation have been issued by the school district. Certificates of participation currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Trust Certificates	2.65-4.0%	10/24/2014	10/1/2027	\$ 7,995,000	6,355,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending	D: 1	* .	
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 575,000	180,142	755,142
2020	595,000	156,342	751,342
2021	620,000	131,542	751,542
2022	645,000	112,192	757,192
2023	665,000	92,242	757,242
2024 - 2028	 3,255,000	222	3,255,222
Total	\$ 6,355,000	672,682	7,027,682

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

C. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity			Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Ar	nount Issued	Outstanding
1. Limited tax notes,	2.0-					
Series 2013	4.0%	12/30/2013	10/1/2031	\$	9,870,000	8,445,000
Limited tax notes,						•
Series 2014	2-3.63%	4/15/2014	10/1/2031		1,630,000	1,355,000
Total				\$	11,500,000	9,800,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

1. Three mill notes payable issue of Series 2013:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 385,000	289,320	674,320
2020	395,000	281,520	676,520
2021	400,000	271,570	671,570
2022	415,000	259,345	674,345
2023	425,000	246,745	671,745
2024 - 2028	3,085,000	979,709	4,064,709
2029 - 2032	 3,340,000	273,800	3,613,800
Total	\$ 8,445,000	2,602,009	11,047,009

This debt will be retired from the Series Notes (3-Mill) Fund.

2. Three mill notes payable issue of 2014:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 100,000	38,912	138,912
2020	100,000	36,912	136,912
2021	100,000	34,912	134,912
2022	100,000	32,412	132,412
2023	105,000	29,337	134,337
2024 - 2028	470,000	102,751	572,751
2029 - 2032	 380,000	28,104	408,104
Total	\$ 1,355,000	303,340	1,658,340

This debt will be retired from the Series Notes (3-Mill) Fund.

Total three mill notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 485,000	328,232	813,232
2020	495,000	318,432	813,432
2021	500,000	306,482	806,482
2022	515,000	291,757	806,757
2023	530,000	276,082	806,082
2024 - 2028	3,555,000	1,082,460	4,637,460
2028 - 2032	 3,720,000	301,904	4,021,904
Total	\$ 9,800,000	2,905,349	12,705,349

D. Obligations under capital leases

The school district has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of various Apple Macbook Air, Apple Care & Third Party Equipment at a cost of \$6,016,410 with a down payment of \$0. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The option available to the lessee for this lease is to purchase the equipment or replace the product at the end of the lease term.

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	 Issued	Outstanding
Capital Lease	1.65%	11/1/2015	11/1/2018	\$ 3,958,157	994,892

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

		Interest and	
Year Ending		Maintenance	
June 30	 Principal	Charges	Total
2019	\$ 994,892	10,944	1,005,836

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material.

E. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 15, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified School	-	•			
Contruction Bonds	0.96%	12/17/2009	9/15/2024	\$ 3,000,000	3,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2019	. \$		28,800	28,800
2020			28,800	28,800
2021			28,800	28,800
2022			28,800	28,800
2023			28,800	28,800
2024 - 2025		3,000,000	57,600	3,057,600
Total	\$	3,000,000	201,600	3,201,600

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Debt Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

The district will make annual payments to a sinking fund maintained by the paying agent (see Note 15). At the end of the term the amount available in the sinking fund will be sufficient to make the balloon payment on the debt.

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements

For Year Ended June 30, 2018

F. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Other Commitments

Operating leases:

The school district has several operating leases for the following:

- 1. Copying equipment
- 2. Postage machines

Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018, amounted to \$270,040. Future lease payments for this lease are as follows:

 Amount
\$ 10,630
 3,513
\$ 14,143
\$

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits yest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$4,435,211, \$4,066,929 and \$4,410,660, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the school district reported a liability of \$66,912,153 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was .402518 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was a decrease of .035236 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,670,818. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	•		
experience	\$	676,057	\$ 343,360
Net difference between projected and actual			1
earnings on pension plan investments***		. 0	687,281
Changes of assumptions		1,045,897	80,184
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions		0	4,729,920
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		4,435,211	0
Total	\$	6,157,165	\$ 5,840,745

\$4,435,211 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (1,531,194)
2020	(1,531,194)
2021	(884,583)
2022	(171,820)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent	
	and the second second	
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent,	including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Investment rate of return

7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real		
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return		
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4	.60	%
International Equity	18,00		4	.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4	.75	
Global	12.00		4	.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0	.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3	.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5	.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2	.25	
Cash	1.00		0	00,0	
Total	100	%	•		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

			Current	•
	-	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of				 •
the net pension liability	\$	87,759,756	\$ 66,912,153	\$ 49,604,113

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$183,911 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$4,313,962 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .54982312 percent. This was a decrease of .00828159 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$204,031. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		•	Deferred Outflows	Deferred In	llows
The second second	A department of the second	<u>.</u>	of Resources	of Resour	ces
Differences between expe	cted and actual	. 44	To the		,
Experience	•	\$	0. \$	3	0
Changes of assumptions		\$ A	0 44	.21	9,665
Net difference between pr			4. 7. N		
earnings on OPEB plan	investments	5.54	0.7		: 0

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	0	57,526
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	183,911	. 0
Total	\$ 183,911 \$	277,191

\$183,911 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		
2019	_ \$	(48,630)
2020		(48,630)
2021		(48,630)
2022		(48,630)
2023		(48,630)
Thereafter		(34,041)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2017 2016
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Γ	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	 (2.56%)		(3.56%)	(4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 4,427,891	\$	4,313,962	\$ 4,229,118

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Healthcare

			ricainicaic	
			Cost Trend	
			Rates	
		1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	 \$	3,984,233	\$ 4,313,962	\$ 4,690,382

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

Note 10 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Year Ending		
June 30		Amount
2019	\$	135,416
2020	·	125,461
2021		118,351
2022		117,051
2023		116,235
2024 - 2028		555,426
2029 - 2033		541,856
2034 - 2038		491,903
2039 - 2043		321,013
Thereafter		308,965
Total	\$	2,831,677

Note 11 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

	Explanation		Amount
1.	Implementation of GASB 75 - Net OPEB Liability	\$	(4,387,122)
2.	Error correction - restatement of prior period asset	····	(193,063)
	Total	\$	(4,580,185)

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund	Error correction - restatement of prior period asset	\$ (193,063)

Note 12 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Note 13 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 14 – Trust Certificates

A trust agreement dated October 24, 2014, was executed by and between the Lowndes County School District and The Peoples Bank, as trustees.

The trust agreement authorized the issuance of trust certificates in the principal amount of \$7,995,000. Approximately \$7,832,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

was used to provide financing for the construction and renovation of school buildings and related facilities and equipment (the "project"); the remainder of approximately \$163,000 was used to pay the cost of issuance.

The project is leased to the school district in accordance with the provisions of the Emergency School Leasing Authority Act as described in Section 37-7-351, et seq., Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The lease represents a capital lease under which ownership of the project will transfer to the school district upon complete retirement of the trust certificates. The school district is obligated to make lease payments to the trustee in an amount equal to the debt service requirements for the trust certificates. The lease rental payments by the school district are used by the trustee to pay the principal and interest payments due on the trust certificates.

It is not anticipated the project will have sufficient value to satisfy the certificates in the event the school district defaults under the lease; therefore, the source of payment of the certificates is the responsibility of the school district. See Note 6 for details regarding the debt service requirement on the trust certificates.

Using the guidance provided in Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards dealing with defining the reporting entity, the trust accounts created by this trust agreement were deemed to constitute an inseparable part of the school district. Therefore, the assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, expenditures and other financing sources/uses of the trust accounts created by this trust agreement are part of the school district's financial statements, thereby eliminating the effects of the lease agreement for financial reporting purposes.

Note 15 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the subsidy payments amounted to \$0.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to payoff the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2018 was \$1,522,127. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

 Amount
\$ 214,000
214,000
214,000
214,000
214,000
 428,000
\$ 1,498,000
\$

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 16 - Alternative School Consortium

Revenues

The school district entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated July 11, 2014 creating the Lowndes County School District Alternative School. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the Noxubee County School District and Lowndes County School District.

Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), allows two or more adjacent school districts to enter into a contract to operate an alternative school program. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. Transportation for students attending the alternative school program will be the responsibility of the individual school district sending the students.

The Lowndes County School District has been designated as the lead school district for the Lowndes County School District Alternative School, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is presented to detail the financial activity of the Lowndes County School District Alternative School.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

ic venues		
Local sources:		
Tuition from other LEA's within the state:		
Noxubee School District	\$ 84,5	500
Total Revenues	84,	
Expenditures		
Salaries	343,4	199
Employee benefits	127,9	
Purchased professional and technical services	59,3	
Other purchased services		358
Supplies		905
Property	•	783
Total Expenditures	545,3	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(460,8	<u>370)</u>
Other Financing Sources/Uses:		
Operating Transfers In	459,1	158
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses	459,1	58
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,7	712)
Fund Balance:		
July 1, 2017	83,1	80
June 30, 2018	\$ 81,4	168
	•	

Note 17 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$63,427,051) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses and revenue associated with the net pension liability and related account balances and the OPEB and related accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 18 - Insurance Loss Recoveries

The School District received \$24,672 in insurance loss recoveries related to vehicle damage during the 2017-2018 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charges for services and allocated among the expense functions based on the following percentages:

rance Loss ecoveries	Percentage	Expense Function
\$ 0	0%	Instruction
24,672	100%	Support services
0	0%	Non-instructional
\$ 24,672	100%	

Note 19 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through January 25, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On December 14, 2018, the Lowndes County Board of Education authorized the borrowing of \$2,500,000 in tax anticipation notes under the authority of Section 37-59-37 Miss. Code of 1972, as amended. The note has a maturity of June 1, 2019 with an interest rate of 2.63%.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budget → mounts Actual (GAAP Basis) Provincipal (Tripinal property) Provincipal property Revenues Local sources \$ 28,561,029 28,561,029 21,529,465 00 (7,031,564) \$ 0 (7,031,564) State sources \$ 25,074,192 25,074,192 24,460,000 614,102) 616,177 00 (3118,947) Federal sources 734,124 734,124 615,177 00 (32,609) 101,189,479 Sixteenth section sources 198,560 198,560 165,951 00 (32,609) Total Revenues 54,567,905 34,367,905 46,770,683 00 (7,797,222) Expenditures Instruction 27,058,979 27,584,876 25,796,843 (525,897 1,788,033) 1,788,033 Support services 17,939,175 20,36,996 17,950,812 (2,097,821) 2,086,184 (865) 36,561 20,365,914 (865) 36,561 Debt service 17,939,175 20,36,996 32,160,723 32,160,723 (559,613) 3557,890 (1,500)					Varian	
Revenues Criginal Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues		.	• 4			
Revenues						
Local sources \$28,561,029 28,561,029 21,529,465 0 (7,031,564)	Davamuaa	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
State sources 25,074,192 25,074,192 24,460,090 0 (614,102) Federal sources 734,124 734,124 615,177 0 (118,947) Sixteenth section sources 198,560 198,560 165,951 0 (32,609) Total Revenues 54,567,905 54,567,905 46,770,683 0 (7,797,222) Expenditures		ቀ 	20 561 020	21 520 465	0	(7.021.574)
Federal sources 734,124 734,124 615,177 0 (118,947)						
Sixteenth section sources 198,560 198,560 165,951 0 (32,609) Total Revenues 54,567,905 54,567,905 46,770,683 0 (7,797,222) Expenditures Instruction 27,058,979 27,584,876 25,796,843 (525,897) 1,788,033 Support services 17,939,175 20,036,996 17,950,812 (2,097,821) 2,086,184 Sixteenth section 98,810 99,675 63,114 (865) 36,561 Debt service Principal 2,159,000 2,718,613 2,160,723 (559,613) 557,890 Interest 232,900 444,443 238,943 (211,543) 205,500 Other 1,500 3,000 2,500 (1,500) 500 Total Expenditures 47,490,364 50,887,603 46,212,935 (3,397,239) 4,674,668 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 0 0 24,672 <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			· · ·			
Expenditures S4,567,905 S4,567,905 46,770,683 0 (7,797,222)						
Expenditures	biateenta section sources	176,500	198,300	103,931		
Instruction 27,058,979 27,584,876 25,796,843 (525,897) 1,788,033 Support services 17,939,175 20,036,996 17,950,812 (2,097,821) 2,086,184 Sixteenth section 98,810 99,675 63,114 (865) 36,561 Debt service Principal 2,159,000 2,718,613 2,160,723 (559,613) 557,890 Interest 232,900 444,443 238,943 (211,543) 205,500 Other 1,500 3,000 2,500 (1,500) 500 Total Expenditures 47,490,364 50,887,603 46,212,935 (3,397,239) 4,674,668 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542	Total Revenues	54,567,905	54,567,905	46,770,683	0	(7,797,222)
Support services 17,939,175 20,036,996 17,950,812 (2,097,821) 2,086,184 Sixteenth section 98,810 99,675 63,114 (865) 36,561 Debt service Principal 2,159,000 2,718,613 2,160,723 (559,613) 557,890 Interest 232,900 444,443 238,943 (211,543) 205,500 Other 1,500 3,000 2,500 (1,500) 500 Total Expenditures 47,490,364 50,887,603 46,212,935 (3,397,239) 4,674,668 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 4,500 0 4,500 Operating transfers in 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764						
Sixteenth section 98,810 99,675 63,114 (865) 36,561 Debt service Principal 2,159,000 2,718,613 2,160,723 (559,613) 557,890 Interest 232,900 444,443 238,943 (211,543) 205,500 Other 1,500 3,000 2,500 (1,500) 500 Total Expenditures 47,490,364 50,887,603 46,212,935 (3,397,239) 4,674,668 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 4,500 0 4,500 Operating transfers in 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,376,060) (11,376,060)			27,584,876	25,796,843	(525,897)	1,788,033
Debt service Principal 2,159,000 2,718,613 2,160,723 (559,613) 557,890 Interest 232,900 444,443 238,943 (211,543) 205,500 Other 1,500 3,000 2,500 (1,500) 500 Total Expenditures 47,490,364 50,887,603 46,212,935 (3,397,239) 4,674,668 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 4,500 0 4,500 Operating transfers in 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,788,290 Net Change in Fund Balances 703,520 Fun		17,939,175	20,036,996	17,950,812	(2,097,821)	2,086,184
Principal 2,159,000 2,718,613 2,160,723 (559,613) 557,890 Interest 232,000 444,443 238,943 (211,543) 205,500 Other 1,500 3,000 2,500 (1,500) 500 Total Expenditures 47,490,364 50,887,603 46,212,935 (3,397,239) 4,674,668 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Fund Balances July 1, 2017,		98,810	99,675	63,114	(865)	36,561
Interest Other 232,900 1,500 3,000 238,943 2,500 (211,543) 205,500 500 Other 1,500 3,000 2,500 (1,500) 2,500 (1,500) 500 Total Expenditures 47,490,364 50,887,603 46,212,935 (3,397,239) 4,674,668 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 4,500 0 4,500 0 4,500 Operating transfers in 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Operating transfers in (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Otal Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Operating transfers in Fund Balances 703,520 Fund Balances July 1, 2017, as previously reported Prior period adjustments 8,698,011 (193,063)						
Other 1,500 3,000 2,500 (1,500) 500 Total Expenditures 47,490,364 50,887,603 46,212,935 (3,397,239) 4,674,668 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 4,500 0 4,500 Operating transfers in 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Fund Balances July 1, 2017, as previously reported 8,698,011 Prior period adjustments (193,063)	Principal	•	·	· · ·	• • •	
Total Expenditures 47,490,364 50,887,603 46,212,935 (3,397,239) 4,674,668 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 4,500 0 4,500 Operating transfers in 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Net Change in Fund Balances 703,520 Fund Balances 8,698,011 1,2017, as previously reported 8,698,011 1,2017, as previously reported		•	_	•	, ,	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 0 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances July 1, 2017, as previously reported Prior period adjustments 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) 24,672 0 24,672 0 24,672 0 181,121 0 181,121 0 181,121 0 6,244,775 (4,000) 6,244,775 (4,000) 6,788,290	Other	1,500	3,000	2,500	(1,500)	500
Over (Under) Expenditures 7,077,541 3,680,302 557,748 (3,397,239) (3,122,554) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 0 4,500 0 4,500 Operating transfers in 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Net Change in Fund Balances 703,520 Fund Balances 8,698,011 9,063 9,063 9,063 Prior period adjustments (193,063) 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 <t< td=""><td>Total Expenditures</td><td>47,490,364</td><td>50,887,603</td><td>46,212,935</td><td>(3,397,239)</td><td>4,674,668</td></t<>	Total Expenditures	47,490,364	50,887,603	46,212,935	(3,397,239)	4,674,668
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 0 4,500 0 4,500 Operating transfers in 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Net Change in Fund Balances July 1, 2017, as previously reported 8,698,011 Prior period adjustments (193,063)	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Sale of transportation equipment 0 0 24,672 0 24,672 Sale of other property 0 0 4,500 0 4,500 Operating transfers in 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Net Change in Fund Balances 703,520 Fund Balances 8,698,011 8,698,011 98,011 98,011 99,063 <td< td=""><td>Over (Under) Expenditures</td><td>7,077,541</td><td>3,680,302</td><td>557,748</td><td>(3,397,239)</td><td>(3,122,554)</td></td<>	Over (Under) Expenditures	7,077,541	3,680,302	557,748	(3,397,239)	(3,122,554)
Sale of other property 0 0 4,500 0 4,500 Operating transfers in 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Net Change in Fund Balances 703,520 Fund Balances 8,698,011 9,000	Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in Other financing sources 0 0 181,121 0 181,121 Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Net Change in Fund Balances 703,520 Fund Balances 8,698,011 9,063 11,000 <td< td=""><td>Sale of transportation equipment</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>24,672</td><td>0</td><td>24,672</td></td<>	Sale of transportation equipment	0	0	24,672	0	24,672
Other financing sources 4,733,542 4,733,542 5,066,764 0 333,222 Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Net Change in Fund Balances 703,520 Fund Balances 8,698,011 1193,063) Prior period adjustments (193,063)	Sale of other property	0	0	4,500	0	4,500
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (11,372,060) (11,376,060) (5,131,285) (4,000) 6,244,775 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Net Change in Fund Balances 703,520 Fund Balances 8,698,011 11,2017, as previously reported 8,698,011 11,2017, as previously reported 11,20		0	0	181,121	0	181,121
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (6,638,518) (6,642,518) 145,772 (4,000) 6,788,290 Net Change in Fund Balances 703,520 Fund Balances 3 4 <td></td> <td>4,733,542</td> <td>4,733,542</td> <td>5,066,764</td> <td>0</td> <td>333,222</td>		4,733,542	4,733,542	5,066,764	0	333,222
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances July 1, 2017, as previously reported Prior period adjustments 703,520 8,698,011 (193,063)	Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(11,372,060)	(11,376,060)	(5,131,285)	(4,000)	6,244,775
Fund Balances July 1, 2017, as previously reported 8,698,011 Prior period adjustments (193,063)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,638,518)	(6,642,518)	145,772	(4,000)	6,788,290
July 1, 2017, as previously reported 8,698,011 Prior period adjustments (193,063)	Net Change in Fund Balances			703,520		
Prior period adjustments (193,063)	Fund Balances					
Prior period adjustments (193,063)	July 1, 2017, as previously reported			8,698,011		
July 1, 2017, as restated 8,504,948						
	July 1, 2017, as restated			8,504,948		
June 30, 2018 \$ 9,208,468	June 30, 2018			\$ 9,208,468		

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.402518%	0.437754%	0.428420%	0.46702%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	69	\$ 66,912,153	78,193,795	66,225,284	49,366,176
District's covered payroll	\$	\$ 25,821,771	28,004,190	26,765,206	24,862,933
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.55%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,435,211	4,066,929	4,410,660	4,215,520
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	4,435,211	4,066,929	4,410,660	4,215,520
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	\$ 28,160,070	25,821,771	28,004,190	26,765,206
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	ا ج
Covered employee payroll	⊗
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	l
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	I

16.71%

25,821,771

0.54982312% 4,313,962

2018

0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 183,911
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	183,911
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0
Covered employee payroll	\$ 28,160,070
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.65%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 75 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period

33.9 years

Asset valuation method

5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation

3.00 percent

Salary increase

3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return

7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level dollar

Amortization period

30 years, open

Asset valuation method

Market Value of Assets

Price inflation

3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation

3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

7.75 percent

Pre-Medicare

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

5.00 percent

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

2022

Pre-Medicare

Long-term investment rate of return, net of

pension plan investment expense, including

3.56 percent

price inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			•
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	185MS326N1099	\$ 555,563
National school lunch program Total child nutrition cluster	10.555	185MS326N1099	1,524,504 2,080,067
Fresh fruits and vegetable program	10.582	185MS326L1603	17,405
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,097,472
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,097,472
U.S. Department of Defense			
Direct program:			
Reserve officers' training corps	12.xxx	N/A	52,848
Total U.S. Department of Defense			52,848
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct programs:			
Impact aid	84.041	N/A	35,330
Total			35,330
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A170024	1,254,422
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	VO48A170024	51,484
Rural education	84.358	ES358B170024	131,855
Supporting effective instruction - state grants	84.367	ES367A170023	24,407
Student support and academic enrichment program	84.424	ES424A170025	12,697
Total			1,474,865
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A170108	1,078,500
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A170113	33,967
Total special education cluster			1,112,467
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,587,332
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,622,662
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 4,772,982
	•		

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) For each federal grant passed though the Mississippi Department of Education, the school district has elected to use the pass-through entity identifying number as provided by the Mississippi Department of Education for the most recent and significant grant year.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Instruction and Other Student			
Expenditures	Total	Instructional Expenditures	General Administrative	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 38,860,215 33,328,615	30,736,536 4,424,012	1,054,180 710,216	3,052,775 40,794	4,016,724 28,153,593
Total	72,188,830	35,160,548	1,764,396	3,093,569	32,170,317
Total number of students	5,388				
Cost per student	\$ 13,398	6,526	327	574	5,971

Notes to the schedule.

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

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OTHER INFORMATION

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 21,529,465	22,036,848	22,036,717	22,010,457
State sources	24,460,090	24,191,265	23,749,066	21,938,057
Federal sources	615,177	724,350	505,665	832,984
Sixteenth section sources	165,951	176,684	362,736	153,530
Total Revenues	46,770,683	47,129,147	46,654,184	44,935,028
Expenditures				
Instruction	25,796,843	25,695,474	25,848,375	24,721,632
Support services	17,950,812	16,305,159	21,516,229	16,936,353
Sixteenth section	63,114	61,503	66,641	0
Facilities acquisition and construction	0	0	32,026	0
Debt service				
Principal	2,160,723	2,125,146	2,161,632	213,714
Interest	238,943	292,384	250,030	112,853
Other	2,500	2,535	1,353	0
Total Expenditures	46,212,935	44,482,201	49,876,286	41,984,552
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				•
Over (Under) Expenditures	557,748	2,646,946	(3,222,102)	2,950,476
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Inception of capital leases	0	0	5,069,725	946,685
Insurance loss recoveries	24,672	0	66,874	3,306
Sale of transportation equipment	4,500	0	0	0
Sale of other property	181,121	10,875	0	0
Operating transfers in	5,066,764	436,083	207,803	254,893
Operating transfers out	(5,131,285)	(10,925,128)	(1,333,334)	(1,212,592)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	145,772	(10,478,170)	4,011,068	(7,708)
Net Change in Fund Balances	703,520	(7,831,224)	788,966	2,942,768
Fund Balances				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	8,698,011	16,533,716	15,744,750	8,559,253
Prior period adjustments	(193,063)	(4,481)	0	0,557,255
Fund reclassification	0	0	ő	4,242,729
Beginning of period, as restated	8,504,948	16,529,235	15,744,750	12,801,982
End of period	\$ 9,208,468	8,698,011	16,533,716	15,744,750
1.000		and the second second		and the second second

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 25,291,141	23,583,909	23,986,055	23,287,008
State sources	25,438,504	24,902,635	24,413,031	22,576,972
Federal sources	5,080,387	5,217,270	4,905,802	5,137,226
Sixteenth section sources	183,676	179,773	386,965	153,580
Total Revenues	55,993,708	53,883,587	53,691,853	51,154,786
Expenditures				
Instruction	31,206,204	30,829,105	28,817,818	27,673,068
Support services	21,094,095	20,223,070	24,007,639	18,603,312
Noninstructional services	2,654,770	2,861,802	2,022,404	1,943,768
Sixteenth section	65,439	83,964	85,347	21,227
Facilities acquisition and construction	11,561,535	29,807,798	19,655,708	6,104,379
Debt service		• •		. ,
Principal	3,515,723	3,475,146	2,601,632	1,323,714
Interest	2,077,301	2,842,524	635,213	518,689
Other	13,763	14,376	624,335	7,775
Total Expenditures	72,188,830	90,137,785	78,450,096	56,195,932
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	****		···	
Over (Under) Expenditures	(16,195,122)	(36,254,198)	(24,758,243)	(5,041,146)
Other Einstein Course (III.)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bonds and notes issued	Δ '	2	(4,000,000	•
	0	0	44,000,000	0
Other long tern debt issued	0	0	0	7,995,000
Inception of capital leases Bond premiums	0	0	5,069,725	946,685
Insurance loss recoveries	0	0	1,775,268	120,450
Sale of transportation equipment	24,672	0	66,874	3,306
Sale of other property	4,500	0	0	0
Operating transfers in	181,121 10,432,767	10,875	0	1.670.260
Other financing sources	10,432,707	51,035,349 32,000	21,476,410 0	1,679,360
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	214,000	214,000	214,000	0 215,000
Operating transfers out	(10,432,767)	(51,035,349)	(21,476,410)	•
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(214,000)	(214,000)	(214,000)	(1,679,360) (215,000)
raymont to 2000 door operow agont	(214,000)	(214,000)	(214,000)	(213,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	220,293	42,875	50,911,867	9,065,441
Net Change in Fund Balances	(15,974,829)	(36,211,323)	26,153,624	4,024,295
Fund Balances				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	28,636,265	64,897,383	38,740,604	34,740,983
Prior period adjustments	(193,063)	(4,481)	194	34,740,983
Beginning of period, as restated	28,443,202	64,892,902	38,740,798	34,740,983
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory				
	53,552	(45,314)	2,961	(24,674)
End of period	\$ 12,521,925	28,636,265	64,897,383	38,740,604

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Lowndes County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lowndes County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lowndes County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated January 25, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Lowndes County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lowndes County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lowndes County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lowndes County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L Shivers

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS January 25, 2019

CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Lowndes County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Lowndes County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lowndes County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Lowndes County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Lowndes County School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lowndes County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Lowndes County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Lowndes County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Lowndes County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I

considered Lowndes County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lowndes County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L Shivers

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS January 25, 2019 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Lowndes County School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lowndes County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Lowndes County School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated January 25, 2019. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles L Shivers

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS January 25, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the basic financial statements: Unmodified

2. Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted? No

3. Internal control over financial reporting:

> Material weaknesses identified? No

Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None Reported

Federal Awards:

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: 4. Unmodified

5. Internal control over major programs:

> Material weaknesses identified? No

Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None Reported

6. Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No

7. Federal program identified as major program:

Title I grants to local educational agencies

CFDA #: 84.010

Special education cluster

CFDA #: 84.027

CFDA#: 84.173

8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? No

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under the Government Auditing Standards

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.