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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Marshall County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshall County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Marshall County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshall County School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of district contributions (PERS), the district's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of district contributions (OPEB) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Marshall County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Funds, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated December 31, 2018, on my consideration of the Marshall County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Marshall County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Marshall County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L Shivers

Ridgeland, MS December 31, 2018 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

The following discussion and analysis of Marshall County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$3,715,047, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,407,954), which represents a 20% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$2,648,147, which represents a 17% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$20,718,853 and \$21,009,492, or 78% and 75% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$5,719,305, or 22% of total revenues for 2018, and \$6,933,118, or 25% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$27,745,251 and \$30,590,757 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$5,719,305 for 2018 and \$6,933,118 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$20,718,853 for 2018 and \$21,009,492 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$20,256,836 in revenues and \$19,859,368 in expenditures for 2018, and \$20,855,429 in revenues and \$20,647,599 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$77,518 from 2017 to 2018 and increased by \$803,205 from 2016 to 2017.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$651,613 for 2018 and decreased by \$861,382 for 2017.
 The decrease for 2018 was due to the addition/disposal of capital assets coupled with the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$1,247,035 for 2018 and decreased by \$1,252,442 for 2017. This decrease for 2018 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$8,028 for 2018 and decreased by \$36,590 for 2017.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds — Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required

supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$22,227,772 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the payment of debt and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Percentag Change	e
Current assets	\$ 4,242,355	\$ 4,175,992	1.59	
Restricted assets	2,803,886	2,977,323	(5.83)	
Capital assets, net	 17,223,309	 17,874,922	(3.65)	%
Total assets	 24,269,550	 25,028,237	(3.03)	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 3,279,179	 4,895,993	(33.02)	%
Current liabilities	431,369	226,003	90.87	%
Long-term debt outstanding	5,716,829	6,963,864	(17.91)	%
Net OPEB liability	2,400,753	0	N/A	
Net pension liability	37,863,271	41,169,126	(8.03)	%
Total liabilities	46,412,222	48,358,993	(4.03)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 3,364,279	 77,962	4215.28	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	13,623,309	13,274,835	2.63	%
Restricted	2,674,397	3,064,355	(12.73)	%
Unrestricted	 (38,525,478)	 (34,851,915)	(10.54)	%
Total net position	\$ (22,227,772)	\$ (18,512,725)	(20.07)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (38,525,478)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension	
liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows	40,349,124
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect	\$ 1,823,646

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$651,613.
- The principal retirement of \$1,235,020 of long-term debt.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$2,400,753.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$26,438,158 and \$27,942,610, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$27,745,251 for 2018 and \$30,590,757 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 2

Changes in Net Position

Revenues:	<u> </u>	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Percentage Change
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	761,360	\$ 1,053,968	(27.76) %
Operating grants and contributions		4,957,945	5,879,150	(15.67) %
General revenues:				
Property taxes		5,797,679	5,904,990	(1.82) %
Grants and contributions not restricted		14,840,491	15,011,869	(1.14) %
Investment earnings		78,483	73,894	6.21 %
Other		2,200	18,739	(88.26) %
Total revenues		26,438,158	27,942,610	(5.38) %
Expenses:				
Instruction		12,512,989	13,462,789	(7.06) %
Support services		9,244,782	9,164,421	0.88 %
Non-instructional		1,969,987	1,955,866	0.72 %
Pension expense		3,762,413	5,814,716	(35.29) %
OPEB expense		118,547	0	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities		136,533	192,965	(29.24) %
Total expenses		27,745,251	 30,590,757	(9.30) %
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(1,307,093)	 (2,648,147)	50.64 %
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(18,512,725)	 (15,864,578)	(16.69) %
Prior Period Adjustment		(2,407,954)	0	N/A
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(20,920,679)	(15,864,578)	(31.87) %
Net Position, June 30	\$	(22,227,772)	\$ (18,512,725)	(20.07) %

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Expe	nses	Percentage
	2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$ 12,512,989	\$	13,462,789	(7.06) %
Support services	9,244,782		9,164,421	0.88 %
Non-instructional	1,969,987		1,955,866	0.72 %
Pension Expense	3,762,413		5,814,716	(35.29) %
OPEB Expense	118,547		0	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities	136,533		192,965	(29.24) %
Total expenses	\$ 27,745,251	\$	30,590,757	(9.30) %
	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	 2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$ (10,287,184)	\$	(10,612,063)	(3.06) %
Support services	(7,986,562)		(7,494,433)	6.57 %
Non-instructional	265,293		456,538	(41.89) %
Pension Expense	(3,762,413)		(5,814,716)	(35.29) %
OPEB Expense	(118,547)		0	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (136,533)		(192,965)	(29.24) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (22,025,946)	\$	(23,657,639)	(6.90) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$22,025,946 for 2018 and \$23,657,639 for 2017) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,797,679 for 2018 and \$5,904,990 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$14,840,491 for 2018 and \$15,011,869 for 2017).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$78,483 for 2018 and \$73,894 for 2017.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,669,990, a decrease of \$322,535, which includes an increase in inventory of \$19,770. \$3,771,091 or 57% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,898,899 or 43% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$77,518. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$346,625. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	 Increase/Decrease
Food Service Fund	\$ (243,418)
Title I-A Basic Fund	no increase/decrease
Title II-A Basic Fund	no increase/decrease
QSCB Debt Retirement Fund	\$ 189,990

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$32,698,406, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$221,623 from 2017. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$15,475,097, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$932,765, resulting in total net capital assets of \$17,223,309.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	•	June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Percenta Change	٥
Land	\$	603,751	\$ 603,751	0.00	%
Buildings		10,979,118	11,359,782	(3.35)	%
Building improvements		2,520,426	2,683,926	(6.09)	%
Improvements other than buildings		1,924,447	2,046,759	(5.98)	%
Mobile equipment		852,381	895,414	(4.81)	%
Furniture and equipment		343,186	 285,290	20.29	%
Total	\$	17,223,309	\$ 17,874,922	(3.65)	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2018, the District had \$5,716,829 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$760,011 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$8,028 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017	Percenta Change	
	 Jule 30, 2016		June 30, 2017	Change	<u> </u>
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 600,000	\$	1,175,000	(48.94)	%
Limited obligation refunding bonds payable	0		435,000	(100.00)	%
Premiums	0		3,987	(100.00)	%
Shortfall notes payable	0		75,389	(100.00)	%
Obligations under capital leases	0	,	2,342	(100.00)	%
Obligations under energy efficiency leases	2,007,353		2,154,642	(6.84)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000		3,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable	109,476		117,504	(6.83)	%
Total	\$ 5,716,829	\$	6,963,864	(17.91)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Marshall County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools. The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Marshall County School District, 122 Spring Street, Holly Springs, MS 38635.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Exhibit A

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,707,538
Due from other governments	485,700
Other receivables, net	1,146
Inventories	47,971
Restricted assets (Note 4)	2,803,886
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)	603,751
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)	16,619,558
Total Assets	24,269,550
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 7)	3,176,831
Deferred outflow - OPEB (Note 8)	102,348
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,279,179
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	370,494
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	55,118
Other payables	5,757
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year) (Note 6)	
Capital related liabilities	600,000
Non-capital related liabilities	160,011
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)	102,348
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year) (Note 6)	
Capital related liabilities	3,000,000
Non-capital related liabilities	1,956,818
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)	2,298,405
Net pension liability (Note 7)	37,863,271
Total Liabilities	46,412,222
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions (Note 7)	3,238,531
Deferred inflows - OPEB (Note 8)	125,748
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,364,279
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	13,623,309
Restricted net position	
Expendable	
School-based activities	985,265
Debt service	1,638,833
Unemployment benefits	50,299
Unrestricted	(38,525,478)
Total Net Position	\$ (22,227,772)
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program Revenu	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net
			Operating	Position
· ·		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 12,512,989	510,906	1,714,899	(10,287,184)
Support services	9,244,782	154,256	1,103,964	(7,986,562)
Non-instructional	1,969,987	96,198	2,139,082	265,293
Pension expense	3,762,413			(3,762,413)
OPEB expense	118,547			(118,547)
Interest on long-term liabilities	136,533			(136,533)
Total Governmental Activities	27,745,251	761,360	4,957,945	(22,025,946)
	General Revenues			
	Taxes		-	
	General purpo	se levies		5,099,886
	Debt purpose	levies		697,793
	Unrestricted gran	nts and contribution	ns	
	State			14,561,918
	Federal			278,573
	Unrestricted inve	estment earnings		78,483
	Other			2,200
	Total Genera	I Revenues		20,718,853
	Changes in Net Pos	rition		(1,307,093)
	Net Position - Begin	nning		(18,512,725)
	Prior Period Adju	_		(2,407,954)
	Net Position - Begin	nning - as restated	•	(20,920,679)
	Net Position - Endi	ng		\$ (22,227,772)

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Major Funds				÷		
	General	Food Service	Title I-A	Title II-A	QSCB Debt Retirement	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Basic Fund	Basic Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 3,707,538	861,714			1,510,495	376,512	6,456,259
Cash with fiscal agent (Note 2)						55,165	55,165
Due from other governments	198,876	1,236	116,392	74,081		95,115	485,700
Due from other funds (Note 3)	232,284					54	232,338
Inventories		47,971					47,971
Total Assets	4,138,698	910,921	116,392	74,081	1,510,495	526,846	7,277,433
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	198,169	36,926	57,182	48,251		29,966	370,494
Due to other funds (Note 3) Other payables	54	94,000	59,210	25,830		52,098 5,757	231,192 5,757
Total Liabilities	198,223	130,926	116,392	74,081	0	87,821	607,443
Fund Balances							
Inventory		47.971					47.971
Restricted		`					
Debt service					1,510,495	183,456	1,693,951
Unemployment benefits						50,299	50,299
Grant activities		732,024				205,270	937,294
Assigned							
School activities	158,582						158,582
Other purposes	10,802						10,802
Unassigned	3,771,091						3,771,021
Total Fund Balances	3,940,475	779,995	0	0	1,510,495	439,025	066,699,9
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,138,698	910,921	116,392	74,081	1,510,495	526,846	7,277,433

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30,2018

			Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	6,669,990
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Land	603,751		
Buildings	19,375,673		
Building improvements	4,087,509		
Improvement other than buildings	3,057,799		
Mobile equipment	4,061,711		
Furniture and equipment	1,511,963		
Accumulated depreciation	(15,475,097)		17,223,309
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net pension liability	(37,863,271)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	3,176,831 (3,238,531)	1	(37,924,971)
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Net OPEB liability	(2,400,753)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	. 102,348		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(125,748)		(2,424,153)
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
General obligation bonds	(600,000)		
Qualified school construction bonds	(3,000,000)		
Energy efficiency lease obligations	(2,007,353)		
Compensated absences	(109,476)		•
Accrued interest payable	(55,118)		(5,771,947)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	(22,227,772)

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Major Funds					٠	
	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	Title II-A Basic Fund	QSCB Debt Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Kevenues Local sources State sources Federal sources	\$ 5,815,490 14,162,773 278,573	105,179 18,535 2,120,548	1,104,089	266,190	15,218	701,636 804,959 1,042,768	6,637,523 14,986,267 4,812,168
Total Revenues	20,256,836	2,244,262	1,104,089	266,190	15,218	2,549,363	26,435,958
Expenditures Instruction Support services Noninstructional services Debt service	12,483,381 7,345,536 26,030	172,599	495,290 585,360 16,039	180 266,010		945,517 828,227 1,078	13,924,368 9,197,732 2,283,998
Principal (Note 6) Interest Other	2,342 2,079					1,232,678 133,953 683	1,235,020 136,032 683
Total Expenditures	19,859,368	2,413,450	1,096,689	266,190	0	3,142,136	26,777,833
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	397,468	(169,188)	7,400	0	15,218	(592,773)	(341,875)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of transportation equipment Sale of other property Operating transfers in (Note 3) Operating transfers out (Note 3) Other financing uses	1,200 1,000 101,400 (420,920) (2,630)	(94,000)	(7,400)		174,772	420,920 (174,772)	1,200 1,000 697,092 (697,092) (2,630)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(319,950)	(94,000)	(7,400)	0	174,772	246,148	(430)
Net Change in Fund Balances	77,518	(263,188)	0	0	189,990	(346,625)	(342,305)
Fund Balances July 1, 2017	3,862,957	1,023,413	0	0	1,320,505	785,650	6,992,525
Increase in reserve for inventory		19,770					19,770
June 30, 2018	\$ 3,940,475	779,995	0	0	1,510,495	439,025	6,669,990

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit D-1

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

mounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are fferent because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation expense In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change is not position differs from the shapes in final belongs by the cost of the court of t	283,226 (932,765)	\$	(342,305)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation expense In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change	(932,765)		(649,539
Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are: Capital outlay Depreciation expense In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change	(932,765)		(649,539
Depreciation expense In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change	(932,765)		(649,539
governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change		·	
in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.			(2,074
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	1,235,020 10,095		1,245,115
Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
Pension expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(3,762,413) 2,202,437	((1,559,976
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activites do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
OPEB expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(118,547) 102,348		(16,199)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve	8,028 19,770		
Amortization of deferred outflow - refunding bonds Amortization of bond premiums	(13,900)		17,885
anges in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ ((1,307,093)

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2018

Exhibit E

	Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 1,099,337
Total Assets	1,099,337
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,066,143
Due to other funds (Note 3)	1,146
Due to student clubs	32,048
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,099,337

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, the School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories.
 Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Food Service Fund - This Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the Federal funds whose use is restricted for the child nutrition program of the district.

Title I-A Basic Fund - This Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the Federal funds whose use is restricted for services associated with providing supplemental educational service to students.

Title II-A Basic Fund -This Special Revenue Funds is used to account for the Federal funds whose use is restricted for the improvement of instruction.

QSCB Debt Retirement Fund - This Debt Service Fund is used to account for the resources that will be used to retire the QSCB debt at such time the balloon debt payment becomes due and payable.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Accounts - These funds are used to account for the transaction of student clubs.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the resources of certain Federal programs are classified as restricted since there use is limited by federal statue, rule or regulation.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is documented in the board minutes of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

The school board of the district has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund that consists of 7% of total district revenues.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$6,456,259 and \$1,099,337, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$55,165.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Major fund - Food Service Fund	\$ 94,000
	Major fund - TitleI-A Basic Fund	59,210
	Major fund - TitleII-A Basic Fund	25,830
	Other governmental funds	52,098
	Fiduciary funds	1,146
Other governmental funds	General Fund	54
Total		\$ 232,338

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs and other funds as part of the normal year end closing adjustments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 420,920
Major fund - Food Service Fund	General Fund	94,000
Major Fund - Title I-A Basic Fund	General Fund	7,400
Other governmental funds	Major Fund - QSCB Debt Retirement Fund	 174,772
Total		\$ 697,092

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the vocational program and a debt service fund in the Other Governmental Funds. The transfer from the Major Funds - Food Service Fund and Title I-A Basic Fund was for indirect costs. The transfer from the Other Governmental Funds to the General Funds and the Major fund - QSCB Debt Retirement Fund was for the purpose of financing costs associated with those funds.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets of \$2,803,886 represents the cash balance and cash with fiscal agent balance, totaling \$2,748,721 and \$55,165, respectively, of various special revenue funds and debt service funds which are legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2017	Increases	_Decreases_	6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:	-			
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 603,751			603,751
Total non-depreciable capital assets	603,751	0	0	603,751
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	19,375,673			19,375,673
Building improvements	4,087,509			4,087,509
Improvements other than buildings	3,057,799			3,057,799
Mobile equipment	3,973,811	93,300	(5,400)	4,061,711
Furniture and equipment	1,378,240	189,926	(56,203)	1,511,963
Total depreciable capital assets	31,873,032	283,226	(61,603)	32,094,655
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	8,015,891	380,664		8,396,555
Building improvements	1,403,583	163,500		1,567,083
Improvements other than buildings	1,011,040	122,312	<i>*</i>	1,133,352
Mobile equipment	3,078,397	134,821	(3,888)	3,209,330
Furniture and equipment	1,092,950	131,468	(55,641)	1,168,777
Total accumulated depreciation	14,601,861	932,765	(59,529)	15,475,097
Total depreciable capital assets, net	17,271,171	(649,539)	(2,074)	16,619,558
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,874,922	(649,539)	(2,074)	17,223,309

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 16,759
Support services	831,095
Non-instructional	 84,911
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 932,765

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		 Balance 7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2018	Amounts due within one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$ 1,175,000		575,000	600,000	600,000
В.	Limited obligation refunding bonds payable	435,000		435,000	0	0
	Premiums	3,987		3,987	0	0
C.	Shortfall notes payable	75,389		75,389	0	0
D.	Obligations under capital leases	2,342		2,342	0	0
E.	Obligations under energy efficiency leases	2,154,642		147,289	2,007,353	151,253
F.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	3,000,000			3,000,000	0
G.	Compensated absences payable	 117,504		8,028	109,476	8,758
	Total	\$ 6,963,864	0	1,247,035	5,716,829	760,011

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
General obligaton bonds, series 2010	2.0-3.5	12/1/2010	2/1/2019	\$ 4,310,000	600,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 600,000	21,000	621,000

This debt will be retired from the \$8,000,000 Bond Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

The amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the then last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2018, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to .3% of property assessments as of October 1, 2017.

B. Limited obligation refunding bonds payable

Limited obligation refunding bonds were paid in full during the fiscal year.

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements

For Year Ended June 30, 2018

C. Shortfall notes payable

The shortfall notes were paid in full during the fiscal year.

D. Obligations under capital leases

The obligations under capital lease were paid in full during the fiscal year.

E. Obligations under energy efficiency leases

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Obligations under energy efficiency lease	2.66	11/14/2014	11/14/2029	\$ 2,405,589	2,007,353

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 151,253	52,658	203,911
2020	155,324	48,587	203,911
2021	159,504	44,407	203,911
2022	163,796	40,115	203,911
2023	168,204	35,707	203,911
2024 - 2028	911,404	108,151	1,019,555
2029 - 2030	 297,868	7,988	305,856
Total	\$ 2,007,353	337,613	2,344,966

This debt will be retired from the Schneider Electric Energy Efficiency Note Fund (Debt Service Fund).

F. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Qualified school					
construction bonds	1.24	12/15/2009	12/15/2025	\$ 3,000,000	3,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 	37,200	37,200
2020		37,200	37,200
2021		37,200	37,200
2022		37,200	37,200
2023		37,200	37,200
2024 - 2026	 3,000,000	111,600	3,111,600
Total	\$ 3,000,000	297,600	3,297,600

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Debt Retirement Fund (Debt Service Fund).

G. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$2,202,437, \$2,301,333 and \$2,322,219, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the school district reported a liability of \$37,863,271 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was .227771 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was a decrease of .002707 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,762,413. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	•	, ,	•	
experience	\$	382,557	\$	194,296
Net difference between projected and actual		•		•
earnings on pension plan investments		0		291,682
Changes of assumptions		591,837		45,373
Changes in proportion and differences between		•		•
District contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		0		2,707,180
District contributions subsequent to the				, ,
measurement date		2,202,437		0
Total	\$	3,176,831	\$	3,238,531

\$2,202,437 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 3	30:	
2019	\$	(878,822)
2020		(878,822)
2021		(506,493)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target Long-Term Expected		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 49,660,207	\$ 37,863,271	\$ 28,069,250

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$102,348 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$2,400,753 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .30598084 percent. This was a decrease of .00050428 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$118,547. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	•		•	
Experience	\$	0	\$	0
Changes of assumptions		0		122,245
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		0		0
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		0		3,503
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		102,348		0
Total	\$ _	102,348	\$	125,748

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

\$102,348 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		
2019		(22,061)
2020		(22,061)
2021		(22,061)
2022		(22,061)
2023		(22,061)
Thereafter		(15,443)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2017 2016
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease	Ι	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(2.56%)		(3.56%)	(4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,464,155	-\$	2,400,753	\$ 2,353,537

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
		Rates	
	 1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,217,256	\$ 2,400,753	\$ 2,610,234

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

Note 9 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
Implementation of GASB 75 - Net OPEB Liability	\$ (2,407,954)

Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12 - Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to payoff the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2018 was \$1,510,495. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2019	\$ 187,500
2020	187,500
2021	187,500
2022	187,500
2023	187,500
2024 - 2026	 562,500
Total	\$ 1,500,000

Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(38,525,478) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses and revenue associated with the net pension liability, the net OPEB liability and related account balances.

Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 31, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts Actua			Variano Positive (N	
			Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 6,457,102	5,815,490	5,815,490	(641,612)	0
State sources	14,063,625	14,162,773	14,162,773	99,148	0
Federal sources	142,500	278,573	278,573	136,073	0
Total Revenues	20,663,227	20,256,836	20,256,836	(406,391)	0
Expenditures					
Instruction	13,731,053	12,581,935	12,483,381	1,149,118	98,554
Support services	7,331,212	7,442,557	7,345,536	(111,345)	97,021
Noninstructional services	91,500	26,468	26,030	65,032	438
Debt service			·	•	
Principal	2,550	4,193	2,342	(1,643)	1,851
Interest	55	43	2,079	12	(2,036)
Other	125	186	0	(61)	186
Total Expenditures	21,156,495	20,055,382	19,859,368	1,101,113	196,014
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(493,268)	201,454	397,468	694,722	196,014
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of transportation equipment	0	1,200	1,200	1,200	0
Sale of other property	0	1,000	1,000	1,000	0
Operating transfers in	217,000	143,779	101,400	(73,221)	(42,379)
Other financing sources	50,000	0	0	(50,000)	0
Operating transfers out	(225,000)	(463,299)	(420,920)	(238,299)	42,379
Other financing uses	(42,000)	(2,630)	(2,630)	39,370	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(319,950)	(319,950)	(319,950)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances			77,518		
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2017			3,862,957	•	
June 30, 2018			\$ 3,940,475		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Food Service Fund For the Year Ended June $30,\,2018$

				Varianc Positive (N	
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual —	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 162,400	105,179	105,179	(57,221)	0
State sources	25,000	18,535	18,535	(6,465)	0
Federal sources	2,160,000	2,120,548	2,120,548	(39,452)	0
Total Revenues	2,347,400	2,244,262	2,244,262	(103,138)	0
Expenditures					
Support services	201,100	172,599	172,599	28,501	0
Noninstructional services	2,149,300	2,240,851	2,240,851	(91,551)	0
Total Expenditures	2,350,400	2,413,450	2,413,450	(63,050)	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,000)	(169,188)	(169,188)	(166,188)	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in	189,000	0	0	(189,000)	0
Operating transfers out	(186,000)	(94,000)	(94,000)	92,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,000	(94,000)	(94,000)	(97,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances			(263,188)		
Fund Balances					
July 1, 2017			1,023,413		
Increase in reserve for inventory			19,770		
June 30, 2018			\$ 779,995	•	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Title I-A Basic Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

					Varianc Positive (N	
		Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues						
Federal sources	\$	1,746,446	1,104,089	1,104,089	(642,357)	0
Total Revenues	_	1,746,446	1,104,089	1,104,089	(642,357)	0
Expenditures						
Instruction		926,015	495,290	495,290	430,725	0
Support services		779,927	585,360	585,360	194,567	0
Noninstructional services		25,529	16,039	16,039	9,490	0
Total Expenditures		1,731,471	1,096,689	1,096,689	634,782	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		14,975	7,400	7,400	(7,575)	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers out		(14,975)	(7,400)	(7,400)	7,575	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(14,975)	(7,400)	(7,400)	7,575	0
Net Change in Fund Balances				0		
Fund Balances						
July 1, 2017				0		
June 30, 2018			\$	0		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Title II-A Basic Fund For the Year Ended June $30,\,2018$

					Varianc	
					Positive (N	legative)
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues			**************************************		<u> </u>	
Federal sources	\$	383,783	266,190	266,190	(117,593)	0
Total Revenues		383,783	266,190	266,190	(117,593)	0
Expenditures						
Instruction		11,160	180	180	10,980	0
Support services		372,623	266,010	266,010	106,613	0
Total Expenditures		383,783	266,190	266,190	117,593	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	_		0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		,0	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances				0		
Fund Balances						
July 1, 2017				0		
June 30, 2018			\$	0		

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
PERS
Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.227771%	0.230478%	0.241680%	0.233570%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	↔	37,863,271	41,169,126	37,358,962	27,917,789
District's covered payroll	. ↔	14,611,784	14,744,248	15,098,787	14,272,301
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	195.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2018		2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	€9	2,202,437	6/3	2,301,356	2,322,219	2,378,059
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		2,202,437	``	2,301,356	2,322,219	2,378,059
Contribution deficiency (excess)		0		0	0	0
District's covered payroll	6∕?	13,983,727	- -	14,611,784	14,744,248	15,098,787
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.30598084%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,400,753
District's covered payroll	\$ 14,744,248
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	16.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	%0000

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 102,348
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	102,348
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0
District's covered payroll	\$ 13,983,727
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.73%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 75 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period

33.9 years

Asset valuation method

5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation

3.00 percent

Salary increase Investment rate of return 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

 $\underline{2017}$: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level dollar

Amortization period

30 years, open

Asset valuation method

Market Value of Assets

Price inflation

3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation

3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

7.75 percent

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims

5.00 percent

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare

2022

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation

3.56 percent

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Child nutrition cluster:		
School breakfast program	10.553	\$ 796,786
National school lunch program	10.555	1,710,664
Total child nutrition cluster		2,507,450
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		2,507,450
U.S. Department of Education		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010	1,250,308
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	47,723
Rehabilitation services - vocational rehabilitation grants to states	84.126	33,330
Rural education	84.358	5,036
English language acquisition grants	84.365	25,400
Supporting effective instruction - state grants	84.367	266,190
Student support and academic enrichment program	84.424	13,457
Total		1,641,444
Special education cluster:		
Special education - grants to states	84.027	771,603
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	0
Total special education cluster		771,603
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		2,413,047
Total U.S. Department of Education		2,413,047
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:		
Medical assistance program	93.778	8,982
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		8,982
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		8,982
Total for All Federal Awards		\$ 4,929,479

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administrative	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 19,245,483 7,532,350	14,356,925 2,496,009	912,926 695,729	1,603,319 83,309	2,372,313 4,257,303
Total	26,777,833	16,852,934	1,608,655	1,686,628	6,629,616
Total number of students	2,848				
Cost per student	\$ 9,402	5,917	565	592	2,328

Notes to the schedule.

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

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OTHER INFORMATION

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MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

			2016*	2015*
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 5,815,490	5,800,633	5,544,654	4,938,778
State sources	14,162,773	14,740,424	14,733,953	14,870,310
Federal sources	278,573	314,372	479,479	349,224
Total Revenues	20,256,836	20,855,429	20,758,086	20,158,312
Expenditures				
Instruction	12,483,381	13,279,449	13,214,628	13,107,826
Support services	7,345,536	7,260,399	7,252,132	8,304,434
Noninstructional services	26,030	91,412	96,738	134,887
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service	0	0	0	26,950
Principal	2,342	14,526	12,940	11,683
Interest	2,079	1,070	2,463	3,721
Other	0	743	743	0
Total Expenditures	19,859,368	20,647,599	20,579,644	21,589,501
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	397,468	207,830	178,442	(1,431,189)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of loans	0	0	206,445	0
Sale of transportation equipment	1,200	0	300	4,200
Sale of other property	1,000	. 0	0	0
Operating transfers in	101,400	778,984	181,037	297,338
Other financing sources	0	19,084	21,516	0
Operating transfers out	(420,920)	(202,348)	(382,746)	(78,333)
Other financing uses	(2,630)	(345)	0	. 0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(319,950)	595,375	26,552	223,205
Net Change in Fund Balances	77,518	803,205	204,994	(1,207,984)
Fund Balances				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	3,862,957	3,059,752	2,916,688	3,848,162
Prior period adjustments	0	0	(61,930)	276,510
Beginning of period, as restated	3,862,957	3,059,752	2,854,758	4,124,672
End of period	\$ 3,940,475	3,862,957	3,059,752	2,916,688

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues	A ((05 500	C 0 41 000	C 550 505	5 007 107
Local sources	\$ 6,637,523	6,841,320	6,558,527	5,897,136
State sources	14,986,267	15,865,130	16,012,322	16,084,378
Federal sources	4,812,168	5,217,421	5,191,088	5,098,118
Total Revenues	26,435,958	27,923,871	27,761,937	27,079,632
Expenditures				
Instruction	13,924,368	14,839,316	14,780,073	14,700,412
Support services	9,197,732	9,096,603	9,468,013	12,109,659
Noninstructional services	2,283,998	2,124,265	2,223,903	2,127,143
Facilities acquisition and construction. Debt service	0	0	0	30,917
Principal	1,235,020	1,211,865	1,134,670	921,683
Interest	136,032	171,116	234,977	163,621
Other	683	21,076	25,450	34,595
Total Expenditures	26,777,833	27,464,241	27,867,086	30,088,030
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(341,875)	459,630	(105,149)	(3,008,398)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of general obligation bonds	0	0	0	2,405,589
Proceeds of loans	0	0	223,511	0
Sale of transportation equipment	1,200	0	300	4,200
Sale of other property	1,000	0	0	0
Operating transfers in	697,092	1,186,026	741,420	559,985
Other financing sources	0	19,084	21,516	0
Operating transfers out	(697,092)	(1,186,026)	(741,420)	(559,985)
Other financing uses	(2,630)	(345)	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(430)	18,739	245,327	2,409,789
Net Change in Fund Balances	(342,305)	478,369	140,178	(598,609)
Fund Balances				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	6,992,525	6,513,612	6,165,283	6,877,814
Prior period adjustments	0	0	222,069	(123,538)
Beginning of period, as restated	6,992,525	6,513,612	6,387,352	6,754,276
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	19,770	544	(13,918)	9,616
End of period	\$ 6,669,990	6,992,525	6,513,612	6,165,283

^{*} Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158 Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Marshall County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marshall County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Marshall County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated December 31, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Marshall County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Marshall County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Marshall County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Marshall County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L Shivers Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Ridgeland, MS December 31, 2018

CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Marshall County School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Marshall County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Marshall County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Marshall County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Marshall County School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Marshall County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Marshall County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Marshall County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Marshall County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of

compliance, I considered Marshall County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Marshall County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L Shivers

Ridgeland, MS December 31, 2018 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Marshall County School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Marshall County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Marshall County School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated December 31, 2018. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles L Shivers

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS December 31, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

MARSHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the basic financial statements: Unmodified 2. Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted? No 3. Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? None Reported b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

Federal Awards:

Unmodified 4. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:

5. Internal control over major programs:

> a. Material weaknesses identified? No

b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None Reported

Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 6. 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

- 7. Federal program identified as major program:
 - Title I grants to local educational agencies cluster

CFDA #: 84.010

Special education cluster

CFDA #: 84.027

8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? Yes

Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under the Government Auditing Standards.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.