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# NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Superintendent and School Board Nettleton School District

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nettleton School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Nettleton School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nettleton School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 4-12 and 41-52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Nettleton School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 5, 2019, on our consideration of the Nettleton School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Nettleton School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 5, 2019

McKenzie CPA, PLIC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of Nettleton School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$1,567,968, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,049,235) due primarily to the recording of the net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows, which represents a 23% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$548,583, including a prior period adjustment of (\$11,170), which represents a 9% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$9,167,902 and \$9,329,451, or 80% and 82% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,266,233, or 20% of total revenues for 2018, and \$2,059,608, or 18% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$11,952,868 and \$11,926,472 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$2,266,233 for 2018 and \$2,059,608 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$9,167,902 for 2018 and \$9,329,451 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$9,392,583 in revenues and \$8,651,718 in expenditures for 2018, and \$9,500,625 in revenues and \$8,700,048 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$312,219 from 2017 to 2018, and increased by \$516,331 from 2016 to 2017, including a prior period adjustment of (\$11,170).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$298,556 for 2018 and increased by \$1,634,393 for 2017. The increase for 2018 was due primarily to the completed construction during the fiscal year and the addition of mobile equipment.
- Long-term debt, including the liability for compensated absences, decreased by \$140,667 for 2018 and increased by \$2,259,150 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$26,403 for 2018 and increased by \$6,150 for 2017.

# OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts.* Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

#### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

# **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$8,442,171 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

	 June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Percentag Change	
Current assets	\$ 5,645,201	\$ 5,349,882	5.52	%
Restricted assets	480,333	909,645	(47.20)	%
Capital assets, net	5,149,889	4,851,333	6.15	%
Total assets	 11,275,423	 11,110,860	1.48	%
Deferred outflows of resources	 1,523,752	 3,544,614	(57.01)	%
Current liabilities	109,360	114,740	(4.69)	%
Long-term debt outstanding	3,187,906	3,328,573	(4.23)	%
Net OPEB liability	1,047,874	-	N/A	%
Net pension liability	 15,932,692	 17,532,755	(9.13)	%
Total liabilities	 20,277,832	 20,976,068	(3.33)	%
Deferred inflows of resources	 963,514	 553,609	74.04	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	2,011,153	2,103,666	(4.40)	%
Restricted	974,674	910,173	7.09	%
Unrestricted	 (11,427,998)	 (9,888,042)	15.57	%
Total net position	\$ (8,442,171)	\$ (6,874,203)	22.81	%

# Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (11,427,998)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	
and deferred inflows	 16,420,328
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 4,992,330

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$298,556.
- The principal retirement of \$114,264 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$15,932,692.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$1,047,874.

#### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$11,434,135 and \$11,389,059, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$11,952,868 for 2018 and \$11,926,472 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

## Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Percentag Change	ge
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 379,555	\$ 387,691	(2.10)	%
Operating grants and contributions	1,886,678	1,671,917	12.85	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	1,752,999	1,693,000	3.54	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	7,318,769	7,555,039	(3.13)	%
Investment earnings	26,168	13,065	100.29	%
Other	 69,966	 68,347	2.37	%
Total revenues	 11,434,135	 11,389,059	0.40	%
Expenses:				
Instruction	5,580,360	5,529,549	0.92	%
Support services	3,859,089	3,573,136	8.00	%
Non-instructional	654,611	685,675	(4.53)	%
Pension expense	1,689,950	2,017,112	(16.22)	%
OPEB expense	52,834	-	N/A	%
Interest on long-term liabilities	 116,024	 121,000	(4.11)	%
Total expenses	 11,952,868	 11,926,472	0.22	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	 (518,733)	 (537,413)	(3.48)	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(6,874,203)	(6,325,620)	8.67	%
Prior Period Adjustment	 (1,049,235)	 (11,170)	9,293.33	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	 (7,923,438)	 (6,336,790)	25.04	%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (8,442,171)	\$ (6,874,203)	22.81	%

#### **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

# Table 3 Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	 Total	Expe	enses	Percentage
	 2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$ 5,580,360	\$	5,529,549	0.92 %
Support services	3,859,089		3,573,136	8.00 %
Non-instructional	654,611		685,675	(4.53) %
Pension Expense	1,689,950		2,017,112	(16.22) %
OPEB Expense	52,834		-	N/A %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 116,024		121,000	(4.11) %
Total expenses	\$ 11,952,868	\$	11,926,472	0.22 %

	 Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
	 2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$ (4,637,023)	\$	(4,645,088)	(0.17) %
Support services	(3,281,529)		(3,165,558)	3.66 %
Non-instructional	90,725		81,894	10.78 %
Pension Expense	(1,689,950)		(2,017,112)	(16.22) %
OPEB Expense	(52,834)		-	N/A %
Interest on long-term liabilities	 (116,024)		(121,000)	(4.11) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (9,686,635)	\$	(9,866,864)	(1.83) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$9,686,635 for 2018 and \$9,866,864 for 2017) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$1,752,999 for 2018 and \$1,693,000 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$7,318,769 for 2018 and \$7,555,039 for 2017).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$26,168 for 2018 and \$13,065 for 2017.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,039,922, a decrease of \$129,881, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$8,003. \$3,226,745, or 53% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not

been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,813,177, or 47% is either non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$312,219. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$442,100, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$8,003. There was no increase (decrease) in the fund balances of the other governmental funds.

# **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$9,826,597, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$573,940 from 2017. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$4,676,708, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$281,302, resulting in total net capital assets of \$5,149,889.

					Percenta	ge
	J	une 30, 2018		June 30, 2017	Change	
Land	\$	196,899	\$	196,899	0.00	%
Construction in Progress		-		1,708,683	(100.00)	%
Buildings		912,318		933,691	(2.29)	%
Building improvements		3,424,276		1,381,511	147.86	%
Improvements other than buildings		135,758		146,050	(7.05)	%
Mobile equipment		455,111		439,210	3.62	%
Furniture and equipment		25,527	_	45,289	(43.64)	%
Total	\$	5,149,889	\$	4,851,333	6.15	%

# Table 4 Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2018, the District had \$3,187,906 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$119,831 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$114,264 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$26,403 from the prior year.

## Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2018	Jı	ine 30, 2017	Percenta Change	0
Obligations under energy efficiency leases	\$	2,138,736	\$	2,253,000	(5.07)	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		1,000,000		1,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		49,170		75,573	(34.94)	%
Total	\$	3,187,906	\$	3,328,573	(4.23)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

# **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Nettleton School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Nettleton School District, P.O. Drawer 409, Nettleton, MS 38858.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit /
June 30, 2018	Governmental
	Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,985,430
Cash with fiscal agents	822
Investments	2,421,010
Due from other governments	209,002
Accrued interest receivable	4,574
Inventories	24,363
Restricted assets	480,333
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	,
Land	196,899
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	,
Buildings	912,318
Building improvements	3,424,276
Improvements other than buildings	135,758
Mobile equipment	455,11
	,
Furniture and equipment Total Assets	25,527
Total Assets	11,275,423
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,474,391
Deferred outflows - OPEB	49,362
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,523,752
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	85,612
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	23,748
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	20,140
Capital related liabilities	117,372
-	2,459
Non-capital related liabilities Net OPEB liability	42,928
-	42,920
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	2 024 20
Capital related liabilities	3,021,364
Non-capital related liabilities	46,71
Net pension liability	15,932,692
Net OPEB liability	1,004,946
Total Liabilities	20,277,832
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	910,157
Deferred inflows - OPEB	53,357
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	963,514
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	2,011,153
Restricted for:	2,011,100
Expendable:	407.00
School-based activities	427,964
Debt service	525,710
Unemployment benefits	21,000
Unrestricted	(11,427,998
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$ (8,442,17

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

## NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### Exhibit B

			F	Program Reven	ues	6	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating		Capital	
		Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions	 Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 5,580,360	\$ 252,531	\$	690,806	\$	-	\$ (4,637,023)
Support services	3,859,089	-		577,560		-	(3,281,529)
Non-instructional	654,611	127,024		618,312		-	90,725
Pension expense	1,689,950	-		-		-	(1,689,950)
OPEB expense	52,834	-		-		-	(52,834)
Interest on long-term liabilities	 116,024	-		-		-	 (116,024)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 11,952,868	\$ 379,555	\$	1,886,678	\$	-	\$ (9,686,635)

General Revenues:

General Nevenues.	
Taxes:	
General purpose levies	1,684,892
Debt purpose levies	68,107
Unrestricted grants and contributions:	
State	7,168,109
Federal	150,660
Unrestricted investment earnings	26,168
Other	69,966
Total General Revenues	9,167,902
Change in Net Position	(518,733)
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	(6,874,203)
Prior Period Adjustments	(1,049,235)
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(7,923,438)
Net Position (deficit) - Ending	\$ (8,442,171)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

# Balance Sheet June 30, 2018

Exhibit C

				Major F	un	ds					
						Title VI,				Other	Total
		General	Ti	itle I, Part A	A I	Rural and Low	IDEA, Pa	art E	3	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund	ł		Funds	Funds
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,498,792	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	486,638	\$ 2,985,430
Cash with fiscal agents		822		-		-		-		4,833	5,655
Investments		2,421,010		-		-		-		475,500	2,896,510
Due from other governments		89,470		36,056		19,423	28,6	49		35,310	208,908
Accrued interest receivable		-		-		-		-		4,574	4,574
Due from other funds		100,954		-		-		-		-	100,954
Inventories		-		-		-		-		24,363	24,363
Total assets	\$	5,111,048	\$	36,056	\$	19,423	\$ 28,6	49	\$	1,031,218	\$ 6,226,394
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	69,548	\$	-	\$	; -	\$	-	\$	16,064	\$ 85,612
Due to other funds		-		36,056		19,423	28,6	49		16,732	100,860
Total Liabilities		69,548		36,056		19,423	28,6	49		32,796	186,472
Fund Balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Inventory		-		-		-		-		24,363	24,363
Restricted:											
Debt service		-		-		-		-		549,458	549,458
Grant activities		-		-		-		-		6,608	6,608
Unemployment benefits		-		-		-		-		21,000	21,000
Food service		-		-		-		-		396,993	396,993
Committed:											
Improvement and renovation projects		1,680,000		-		-		-		-	1,680,000
Assigned:											
School based activities		31,871		-		-		-		-	31,871
Activity funds		102,884		-		-		-		-	102,884
Unassigned		3,226,745		-		-		-		-	 3,226,745
Total Fund Balances	_	5,041,500		-		-		-		998,422	6,039,922
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,111,048	\$	36,056	\$	19,423	\$ 28,6	49	\$	1,031,218	\$ 6,226,394

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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# NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **Governmental Funds**

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Exhibit C-1 June 30, 2018								
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	6,039,922						
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:								
<ol> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>								
Land\$ 196,89Buildings3,097,91Building improvements4,241,39Improvements other than buildings283,69Mobile equipment1,617,65Furniture and equipment389,04Accumulated depreciation(4,676,70)	0 )8 )6 52 12	5,149,889						
<ol> <li>Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>								
Net pension liability (15,932,69	12)							
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:								
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions1,474,39Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions(910,15)		(15,368,458)						
<ul> <li>Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:</li> <li>Net OPEB liability (1,047,87)</li> </ul>	74)							
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	- /							
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB       49,36         Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB       (53,35)         4.       Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		(1,051,870)						
Other bonds payable(1,000,000Energy efficiency lease obligations(2,138,730Compensated absences(49,1700Accrued interest payable(23,7400)	86) 70)	(3,211,654)						
Net Position of governmental activities	\$	(8,442,171)						
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.								

#### NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds

# $\label{eq:statement} \textbf{Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances}$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Major	Fur	nds				
				Title VI,		-	Other	Total
	General	Title I, Part A		Rural and Low	IDEA, Part B	З	Governmental	Governmen
	 Fund	Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds	Funds
Revenues:								
Local sources	\$ 2,022,110	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$	206,579	\$ 2,228,68
State sources	7,267,205	-		-	-		213,701	7,480,90
Federal sources	 103,268	350,678		19,794	329,210		921,590	1,724,54
Total Revenues	 9,392,583	350,678		19,794	329,210		1,341,870	11,434,13
Expenditures:								
Instruction	5,387,538	223,902		19,794	153,787		436,386	6,221,40
Support services	3,264,180	125,832		-	174,148		348,087	3,912,24
Noninstructional services	-	944		-	1,275		684,846	687,06
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-		-	-		503,738	503,73
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-		-	-		114,264	114,26
Interest	-	-		-	-		116,282	116,28
Other	 -	-		-	-		1,010	1,01
Total Expenditures	 8,651,718	350,678		19,794	329,210		2,204,613	11,556,01
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) Expenditures	 740,865	-		-	-		(862,743)	(121,87
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Payments held by escrow agent	-	-		-	-		66,834	66,83
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	-	-		-	-		(66,834)	(66,83
Operating transfers in	1,966	-		-	-		452,479	454,44
Operating transfers out	 (430,612)	-		-	-		(23,833)	(454,44
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (428,646)	-		-	-		428,646	
Net Change in Fund Balances	 312,219	-		-	-		(434,097)	(121,87
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2017	 4,729,281	-		-	-		1,440,522	6,169,80
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	 -	-		-	-		(8,003)	(8,00
June 30, 2018	\$ 5,041,500	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$	998,422	\$ 6,039,92

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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#### Exhibit D

	NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Governmental Funds			
Recor Exper For th	Exhibit D-1			
Net cl	nange in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ (121,878)
	nts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ferent because:			
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
	Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	586,694 (281,302)	305,392
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(1 300)
3.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however,			(1,309)
	Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable		114,264 1,268	115,532
4.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:			
	Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(	(1,689,950) 863,242	(826,708)
5.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:		, <u> </u>	( , )
	OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		(52,834) 44,672	(8,162)
6.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:			(0,102)
	Change in compensated absences Change in inventory		26,403 (8,003)	18,400
Chan	ge in Net Position of governmental activities		-	\$ (518,733)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and LiabilitiesExhibit EJune 30, 2018Exhibit E

	Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 513,267
Total Assets	\$ 513,267
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 504,428
Due to other funds	94
Due to student clubs	 8,745
Total Liabilities	\$ 513,267

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Nettleton since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Nettleton School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or

capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I, Part A Fund - This is a special revenue fund that is used to account for the revenue and expenditures of federal Title I funds for low income-based school sites.

Title VI, Rural and Low Fund - This is a special revenue fund that is used to account for the revenue and expenditures of federal Title VI funds for rural and low income-based school sites.

IDEA, Part B Fund - This is a special revenue fund that is used to account for the resources related to the education of children with disabilities.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds (agency funds) which focus on assets and liabilities only. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for payroll type transactions.

Student Club Funds - These various funds account for the monies raised through school club activities and fund raisers and club related expenditures approved by the individual clubs.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing fund for accounts payable type transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of two counties on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

#### E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds"(i.e. the noncurrent portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

#### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds.

#### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Caj Pol	pitalization icy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building improvements		25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years

See Note 5 for details.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district has incurred deferred outflows that are related to the pension and OPEB reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The school district has incurred deferred inflows that are related to the pension and OPEB reporting.

See Note 13 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. Fiduciary net position was zero as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned

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or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

*Non-spendable fund balance* includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

*Restricted fund balance* includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance* includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the official approval of the commitment spread upon the School Board's minutes.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and the Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the District's approved fund balance policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 7% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

# Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities

pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$5,406,440 (which includes \$2,421,010 of certificates of deposit with original maturities beyond three months and reported on the Balance Sheet as investments) and \$513,267, respectively.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2018, none of the district's bank balance of \$6,197,212 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$5,655.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposit Certificates of deposit	AAA N/A	5 to 10 years 1 to 5 years	\$ 475,500 2,421,010
Total			\$ 2,896,510

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

- U.S. Treasury SLGS Deposits of \$475,500 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Certificates of deposit of \$2,421,010 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

*Custodial Credit Risk - Investments.* Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2018, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

*Concentration of Credit Risk.* Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

# Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

# A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I, Part A Fund	\$ 36,056
	Title VI, Rural and Low Fund	19,423
	IDEA, Part B Fund	28,649
	Other governmental funds	16,732
	Fiduciary funds	 94
Total		\$ 100,954

The primary purpose of the inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year-end closing adjustments.

#### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 430,612
Other governmental funds	General Fund	1,966
	Other governmental funds	 21,867
Total		\$ 454,445

The primary purpose of the inter-fund transfers was to provide funds for daily operations. All inter-fund transfers were routine and consistent with the activities of the fund making the transfer.

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# Note 4 – Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash with fiscal agent and investment balance, totaling \$4,833 and \$475,500, respectively, of the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund.

# Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Completed		Balance
	 7/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	Construction	Adjustments	6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:						
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 196,899 \$	:	\$ \$		\$\$	196,899
Construction-in-progress	 1,708,683	503,738		(2,212,421)		-
Total non-depreciable capital assets	 1,905,582	503,738	 -	(2,212,421)	-	196,899
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	3,097,910					3,097,910
Building improvements	2,028,977			2,212,421		4,241,398
Improvements other than buildings	283,696					283,696
Mobile equipment	1,534,696	82,956				1,617,652
Furniture and equipment	401,796		8,646		(4,108)	389,042
Total depreciable capital assets	 7,347,075	82,956	8,646	2,212,421	(4,108)	9,629,698
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	2,164,219	21,373				2,185,592
Building improvements	647,466	169,656				817,122
Improvements other than buildings	137,646	10,292				147,938
Mobile equipment	1,095,486	67,055				1,162,541
Furniture and equipment	356,507	12,926	7,337		1,419	363,515
Total accumulated depreciation	4,401,324	281,302	7,337	-	1,419	4,676,708
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 2,945,751	(198,346)	1,309	2,212,421	(5,527)	4,952,990
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,851,333 \$	305,392	\$ 1,309 \$		\$ (5,527) \$	5,149,889

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 12,974
Support services	262,069
Non-instructional	 6,259
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 281,302

# Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2018	Amounts due within one year
Α.	Obligations under energy efficiency leases	\$ 2,253,000 \$	ç	\$ 114,264 \$	2,138,736 \$	117,372
В.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	1,000,000			1,000,000	-
C.	Compensated absences payable	 75,573		26,403	49,170	2,459
	Total	\$ 3,328,573 \$	- {	\$ 140,667 \$	3,187,906 \$	119,831

## A. Obligations under energy efficiency leases

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	(	Amount Outstanding
Energy efficiency lease Total	2.72%	2/1/2017	2/1/2033	 2,253,000 2,253,000		2,138,736 2,138,736

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 117,372 \$	58,174 \$	175,546
2020	120,565	54,981	175,546
2021	123,844	51,702	175,546
2022	127,213	48,333	175,546
2023	130,673	44,873	175,546
2024 – 2028	708,652	169,077	877,729
2029 – 2033	 810,417	67,313	877,730
Total	\$ 2,138,736 \$	494,453 \$	2,633,189

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund (General Fund).

An energy efficiency lease agreement dated February 1, 2017, was executed by and between the district, the lessee, and U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Finance, Inc., the lessor.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$2,253,000 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items, after payment of issuance costs in the amount of \$40,150. Payments of the lease shall be made from the District Maintenance Fund and not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The district entered into this energy efficiency lease agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the lessor, the lessee has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

### B. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 12, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	C	Dutstanding
Qualified school construction bonds, Series 2010	ו 5.50%	12/7/2010	8/1/2025	¢	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000
Total	5.5078	12/1/2010	0/1/2023	φ \$	, ,	<u> </u>	1,000,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending				
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	
2019	\$ - \$	55,000 \$	55,000	
2020	-	55,000	55,000	
2021	-	55,000	55,000	
2022	-	55,000	55,000	
2023	-	55,000	55,000	
2024 – 2026	 1,000,000	165,000	1,165,000	
Total	\$ 1,000,000 \$	440,000 \$	1,440,000	

This debt will be retired from the QSCB Sinking Fund (Debt Service Fund).

#### C. Compensated absences payable

- . . .

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

# Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

*Plan Description.* The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

*Benefits provided.* Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring.

Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

*Contributions.* PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$863,242, \$968,395 and \$988,961, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the school district reported a liability of \$15,932,692 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was 0.095845 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was a decrease of 0.002309 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,689,950. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 236,609	\$ 116,256
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		187,858
Changes of assumptions	374,540	27,804
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		578,239
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	863,242	
Total	\$ 1,474,391	\$ 910,157

\$863,242 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension

liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (40,251)
2020	72,214
2021	(23,208)
2022	(307,763)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 20,896,789	\$ 15,932,692	\$ 11,811,413	

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

### Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

*Plan description.* State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$44,672 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$1,047,874 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.13355371 percent. This was an increase of 0.00067512 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$52,834. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$ 50.057
Changes of assumptions		53,357
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	4,689	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	44,672	
Total	\$ 49,361	\$ 53,357

\$44,672 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (8,538)
2020 2021 2022 2023 Thereafter	(8,538) (8,538) (8,538) (8,538) (5,978)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent	
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation	
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A	
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent	
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2017 2016	
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent	
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023	

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Ľ	Discount	
	1% Decrease	R	late	1% Increase
	(2.56%)	(:	3.56%)	(4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,075,548	\$	1,047,874	\$ 1,027,266

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
	19	% Decrease	Rates	1%
			Current	Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	967,782	\$ 1,047,874	\$ 1,139,308

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

## Note 9 – Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
<ol> <li>To restate fund balance for the effect of recording the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows related to OPEB, and OPER surgery</li> </ol>	\$ (1,043,708)
<ul><li>OPEB expense</li><li>2. To correct cost and accumulated depreciation for items of furniture and equipment purchased in a prior year</li></ul>	(5,527)
Total	\$ (1,049,235)

#### Note 10 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

#### Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 12 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the subsidy payments amounted to \$50,367.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to pay off the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2018 was \$484,907, including accrued income of \$4,574. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 67,000
2020	67,000
2021	67,000
2022	67,000
2023	67,000
2024 – 2026	 201,000
Total	\$ 536,000

## Note 13 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$11,427,998) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$863,242 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The \$611,149 balance of the deferred outflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as pension expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position amount over the next 3 years. The \$910,157 balance of the deferred inflow of resources related to pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a reduction of pension expense and will increase the unrestricted net position amount over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) amount of (\$11,427,998) includes the effect of deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$44,672 resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources totaling \$4,689 and deferred inflows of resources totaling \$53,357 related to OPEB at June 30, 2018, will be recognized in OPEB expense over the next 6 years.

#### Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed at require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Nettleton School District evaluated the activity of the district through March 5, 2019, (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that there were no subsequent events that have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

⊦or	the	Year	Ended	June	30,	2018	

								Va	rianc	es
							_	Positive	e (Ne	egative)
		Budgete	mounts	Actual			Original		Final	
		Original		Final	(	GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual
Revenues:										
Local sources	\$	1,895,440	\$	2,022,110	\$	2,022,110	\$	126,670	\$	-
State sources		7,263,513		7,267,205		7,267,205		3,692		-
Federal sources		79,500		103,268		103,268		23,768		-
Total Revenues		9,238,453		9,392,583		9,392,583		154,130		-
Expenditures:										
Instruction		5,518,251		5,387,538		5,387,538		130,713		-
Support services		3,557,544		3,264,180		3,264,180		293,364		-
Facilities acquisition and construction	on	136,000		-		-		136,000		-
Total Expenditures		9,211,795		8,651,718		8,651,718		560,077		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures		26,658		740,865		740,865		714,207		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Operating transfers in		1,265,232		1,244,643		1,966		(20,589)		(1,242,677)
Operating transfers out		(1,541,890)		(1,673,289)		(430,612)		(131,399)		1,242,677
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(276,658)		(428,646)		(428,646)		(151,988)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(250,000)		312,219		312,219		562,219		
Fund Balances:										
July 1, 2017		4,780,449		4,729,281		4,729,281		(51,168)		-
June 30, 2018	\$	4,530,449	\$	5,041,500	\$	5,041,500	\$	511,051	\$	

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I, Part A Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

								Vari	iand	ces	
								Positive	(Ne	egative)	
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual			Original		Final	
		Original		Final		(GAAP Basis)		to Final		to Actual	
Revenues:											
Federal sources	\$	380,911	\$	380,892	\$	350,678	\$	(19)	\$	(30,214)	
Total Revenues		380,911		380,892		350,678		(19)		(30,214)	
Expenditures:											
Instruction		217,793		250,646		223,902		(32,853)		26,744	
Support services		163,118		129,302		125,832		33,816		3,470	
Noninstructional services		-		944		944		(944)		-	
Total Expenditures		380,911		380,892		350,678		19		30,214	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
over (under) Expenditures		-		-		-		-		-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Operating transfers in		-		-		-		-		-	
Operating transfers out		-		-		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balances:											
July 1, 2017		-		-		-		-		-	
June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title VI, Rural and Low Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						Varia	nces
					_	Positive (	Negative)
	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Original	Final
		Original		Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:							
Federal sources	\$	10,371	\$	22,794	\$ 19,794 \$	12,423	\$ (3,000)
Total Revenues		10,371		22,794	19,794	12,423	(3,000)
Expenditures:							
Instruction		371		22,794	19,794	(22,423)	3,000
Support services		10,000		-	-	10,000	-
Total Expenditures		10,371		22,794	19,794	(12,423)	3,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		-		-	-	-	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers in		-		-	-	-	-
Operating transfers out		-		-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	-	-	-
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2017		-		-	-	-	-
June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - \$	-	\$ <u>-</u>

## Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA, Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

							Vari	ianc	es
							Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	 Original		Final
		Original		Final		(GAAP Basis)	to Final		to Actual
Revenues:									
Federal sources	\$	342,365	\$	342,857	\$	329,210	\$ 492	\$	(13,647)
Total Revenues		342,365		342,857		329,210	492		(13,647)
Expenditures:									
Instruction		209,470		162,434		153,787	47,036		8,647
Support services		132,195		178,993		174,148	(46,798)		4,845
Noninstructional services		700		1,430		1,275	(730)		155
Total Expenditures		342,365		342,857		329,210	(492)		13,647
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) Expenditures		-		-		-	-		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Operating transfers in		-		-		-	-		-
Operating transfers out		-		-		-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-			-		-
Fund Balances:									
July 1, 2017		-		-		-	-		-
June 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$	

## Nettleton School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

#### PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	_	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.095845%	0.098154%	0.101637%	0.103559%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	15,932,692 \$	17,532,755 \$	15,711,076 \$	12,570,166
District's covered payroll	\$	6,148,540 \$	6,279,117 \$	6,349,702 \$	6,328,013
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		259.1297%	279.2233%	247.4301%	198.6432%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

## Nettleton School District

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Schedule of District Contributions

#### PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	863,242	\$	968,395	\$	988,961	\$ 1,000,078
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1	863,242		968,395		988,961	1,000,078
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$	5,480,902	\$	6,148,540	\$	6,279,117	\$ 6,349,702
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%		15.75%		15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

## NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	 2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 0.13355371%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,047,874
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,000,201
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 44,672
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	44,672
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,480,902
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.82%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### <u>2016:</u>

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

#### <u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	33.9 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

#### NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent
Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75 percent
Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent
Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	2022
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56 percent

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Creater/Dece through Creater/Dreaters Tile	Catalog of Federal Domestic	Pass-through Entity Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:	40 550	40514000014000	¢ 450.047
School breakfast program	10.553	185MS326N1099	\$ 159,217
National school lunch program	10.555	185MS326N1099	521,703
Summer Food Service Program for Children Total child nutrition cluster	10.559	185MS326N1099	9,734 690,654
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			690,654
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			690,654
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A170024	350,678
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A170024	3,074
Rural Education	84.358	ES3588170024	19,794
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	ES367A170023	71,072
School Safety National Activities	84.424	ES424A170025	8,772
Subtotal			453,390
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A170108	332,185
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A170113	13,911
Total special education cluster			346,096
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			799,486
Total U.S. Department of Education			799,486
U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Temporary assistance for needy familites	93.558		48,051
Social Security Disability Insurance	93.778	1805MS5ADM	32,806
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			80,857
Total U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			80,857
U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Social Security Disability Insurance	96.001	04-19-04MSDI00	392
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			392
Total U.S. Department of Social Security Administration			392
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 1,571,389

## NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Nettleton School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Nettleton School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Nettleton School District.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Nettleton School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities are included in the National School Lunch Program.

E-rate funds have not been included on this schedule due to the fact the FCC considers the support to be in the form of providing a discount to the schools and libraries and does not consider the assistance to be direct financial support.

#### Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures – Governmental Funds

(1) Basis of Accounting

This schedule is presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 8,081,630 3,474,382	6,014,375 1,228,854	543,387 132,410	712,705 4,771	811,163 2,108,347
Total	\$ 11,556,012	7,243,229	675,797	717,476	2,919,510
Total number of students *	 1,309				
Cost per student	\$ 8,827	5,533	516	548	2,230

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

\* includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

## NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,022,110 \$	1,948,838	1,852,615	1,711,156
State sources	7,267,205	7,454,538	7,376,272	7,356,999
Federal sources	 103,268	97,249	213,651	124,049
Total Revenues	 9,392,583	9,500,625	9,442,538	9,192,204
Expenditures:				
Instruction	5,387,538	5,333,673	5,628,483	6,177,515
Support services	3,264,180	3,266,375	3,217,967	2,796,691
Noninstructional services				
Facilities acquisition and construction		100,000	-	-
Total Expenditures	8,651,718	8,700,048	8,846,450	8,974,206
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 740,865	800,577	596,088	217,998
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Insurance recovery Sale of transportation equipment Other financing sources		5,624	14,943	110,678
Operating transfers in	1,966	- ) -		10,720
Operating transfers out	(430,612)	(273,076)	(249,661)	(117,404)
Other financing uses		(5,624)		(2,821)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (428,646)	(273,076)	(234,718)	1,173
Net Change in Fund Balances	 312,219	527,501	361,370	219,171
Fund Balances: July 1 , as previously reported Fund reclassification	4,729,281	4,212,950	3,851,580	2,244,161 1,380,000
Prior period adjustments July 1, as restated	 4,729,281	(11,170) 4,201,780	3,851,580	8,248 3,632,409
•	 • •		· · ·	
End of Period	\$ 5,041,500 \$	4,729,281	4,212,950	3,851,580

**\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS** 

## NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Other Information

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds

## Last Four Years

UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 2,228,689 \$	2,162,103 \$	2,065,704 \$	1,993,476
State sources	7,480,906	7,599,399	7,578,269	7,519,856
Federal sources	 1,724,540	1,627,557	1,811,277	1,622,835
Total Revenues	 11,434,135	11,389,059	11,455,250	11,136,167
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,221,407	6,167,882	6,619,590	7,040,696
Support services	3,912,247	3,679,884	3,631,455	3,107,183
Noninstructional services	687,065	740,878	705,525	754,537
Facilities acquisition and construction	503,738	1,808,683		
Debt service:				
Principal	114,264			
Interest	116,282	55,000	55,000	55,000
Other	 1,010	40,984	671	503
Total Expenditures	 11,556,013	12,493,311	11,012,241	10,957,919
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(121,878)	(1 104 252)	443,009	178,248
over (under) Experiancies	 (121,070)	(1,104,252)	443,009	170,240
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Energy efficiency leases issued		2,253,000		
Insurance recovery				110,678
Sale of transportation equipment			14,943	
Payment held by escrow agent	66,834	62,540	65,000	66,000
Payment to QSCB debt escrow agent	(66,834)	(62,540)	(65,000)	(66,000)
Operating transfers in	454,445	292,026	249,661	141,567
Other financing sources		5,624		
Operating transfers out	(454,445)	(292,026)	(249,661)	(141,567)
Other financing uses		(5,624)		(2,821)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 0	2,253,000	14,943	107,857
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (121,878)	1,148,748	457,952	286,105
Fund Balances:				
July 1, as originally reported	6,169,803	5,019,896	4,567,398	4,262,516
Prior period adjustments	0,100,000	(11,170)	1,001,000	16,001
July 1, as restated	 6,169,803	5,008,726	4,567,398	4,278,517
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	 (8,003)	12,329	(5,454)	2,776
End of Period	\$ 6,039,922 \$	6,169,803 \$	5,019,896 \$	4,567,398

**\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS** 

## REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



521 Chuck Wagon Drive Brandon, MS 39042 (Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Superintendent and School Board Nettleton School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nettleton School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Nettleton School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 5, 2019.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Nettleton School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Nettleton School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Nettleton School District's internal control. A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Nettleton School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an

opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 5, 2019

McKenzie CPA, PLIC



#### 521 Chuck Wagon Drive Brandon, MS 39042 (Phone) 601-670-5282 (Email) barrymckenzie@mckenziecpapllc.com

#### Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Superintendent and School Board Nettleton School District

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Nettleton School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Nettleton School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Nettleton School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Nettleton School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Nettleton School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide legal determination of Nettleton School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Nettleton School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Nettleton School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Nettleton School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Nettleton School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that a material weakness in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 5, 2019

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Nettleton School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nettleton School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Nettleton School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 5, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

McKenzie CPA, PLLC Brandon, Mississippi March 5, 2019

McKenzie CPA, PLLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial	Statements:
i manoiai	otatomonto.

1.	Type o	of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified			
	. )   0 0						
2.	2. Internal control over financial reporting:						
	a.	Material weaknesses identified?	No				
	b.	Significant deficiencies identified	None reported				
3.	Nonco	No					
Fec	leral Aw	ards:					
4.	. Internal control over major programs:						
	a.	a. Material weakness identified?					
	b.	None reported					
5.	Туре с	Unmodified					
6.	6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?						
7.	Identifi	ication of major programs:					
	<u>CFDA</u>	Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	<u>r</u>			
	84.027	7: 84.173	Special Education Cluster				
	10.553	3; 10.555; 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster				
8.	Dollar	threshold used to distinguish betw	veen type A and type B programs:	\$750,000			
9.	Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes			

10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).

#### NETTLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.