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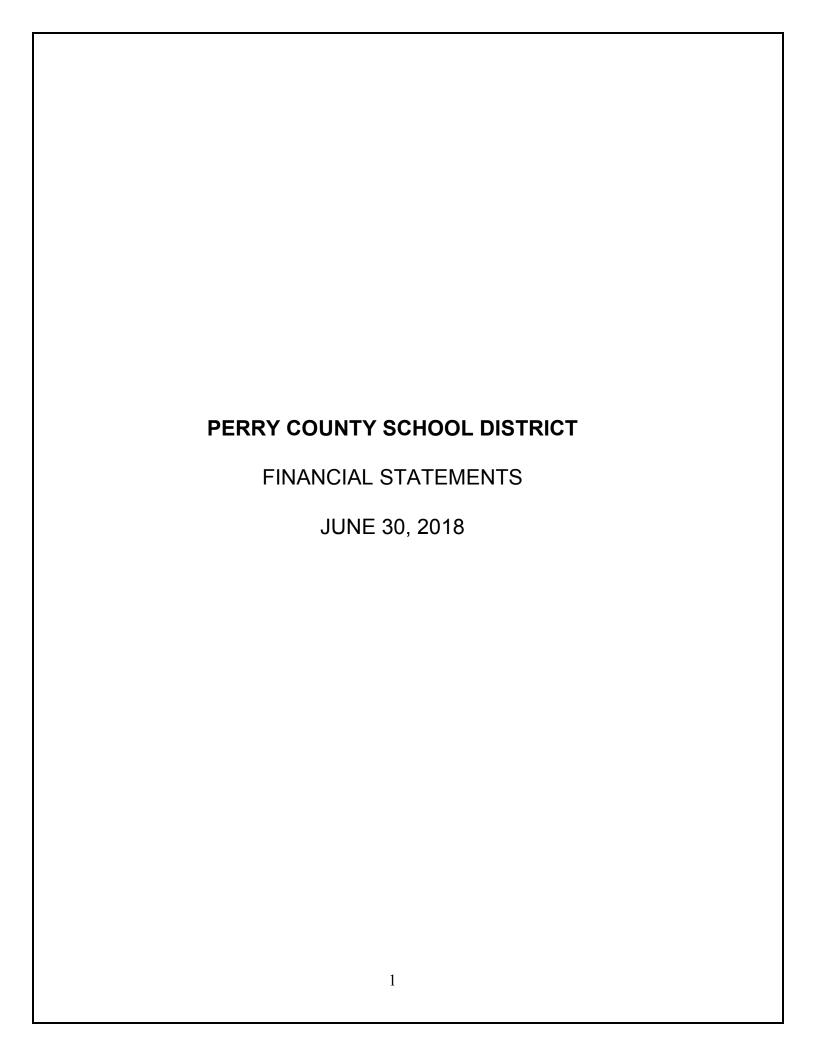


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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Superintendent and School Board Perry County School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Perry County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry County School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 6-16, 49, 50, 51, 52, and 53, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Perry County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2019 on our consideration of the Perry County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Perry County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Perry County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KING CPA, PLLC

King CPA, PLK

Petal, Mississippi February 25, 2019

PERRY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
(MD&A)
6

The following discussion and analysis of Perry County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$1,996,578, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,199,087), which represents a 20% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$1,022,852, including a prior period adjustment of \$15,300, which represents an 11% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$9,445,901 and \$9,580,834, or 76% and 77% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,920,196, or 24% of total revenues for 2018, and \$2,805,531, or 23% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$13,163,588 and \$13,424,517 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$2,920,196 for 2018 and \$2,805,531 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$9,445,901 for 2018 and \$9,580,834 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$9,257,834 in revenues and \$9,057,923 in expenditures for 2018, and \$9,371,736 in revenues and \$8,856,686 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$197,523 from 2017 to 2018, and decreased by \$171,416 from 2016 to 2017.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$119,373 for 2018 and decreased by \$212,241 for 2017. The increase for 2018 was due to the addition of five new buses.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$526,103 for 2018 and decreased by \$455,909 for 2017. This decrease for 2018 was due primarily to the principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$9,780 for 2018 and decreased by \$9,197 for 2017.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$12,233,346 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$ 2,291,567	\$ 2,210,807	3.65%
Restricted assets	186,286	620,197	-69.96%
Capital assets, net	4,902,845	4,783,472	2.50%
Total assets	7,380,698	7,614,476	-3.07%
Deferred outflows of resources	 1,860,222	 3,963,431	-53.07%
Current liabilities	127,096	95,051	33.71%
Long-term debt outstanding	2,399,921	2,926,024	-17.98%
Net OPEB liability	1,218,284	-	N/A
Net pension liability	17,139,052	18,401,230	-6.86%
Total liabilities	20,884,353	21,422,305	-2.51%
Deferred inflows of resources	 589,913	 392,370	50.35%
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	3,464,785	2,899,071	19.51%
Restricted	2,108,787	2,296,460	-8.17%
Unrestricted	(17,806,918)	(15,432,299)	-15.39%
Total net position	\$ (12,233,346)	\$ (10,236,768)	-19.50%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (17,806,918)
Add: unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net	
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows	17,146,967
Unrestricted net position (deficit), exclusive of the net pension liability and net	
OPEB liability effect	\$ (659,951)

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$119,373.
- The principal retirement of \$516,323 of long-term debt.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$1,218,284.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$12,366,097 and \$12,386,365, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$13,163,588 for 2018 and \$13,424,517 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2018		Year Ended June 30, 2017	Percentage Change
Revenues:			_	
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 421,712	\$	391,469	7.73%
Operating grants and contributions	2,498,484		2,414,062	3.50%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	3,144,062		3,173,132	-0.92%
Grants and contributions not restricted	6,007,210		6,110,604	-1.69%
Investment earnings	39,159		41,817	-6.36%
Sixteenth section sources	230,050		234,580	-1.93%
Other	25,420		20,701	22.80%
Total revenues	12,366,097		12,386,365	-0.16%
Expenses:		•		
Instruction	5,798,322		5,987,268	-3.16%
Support services	4,466,349		4,360,417	2.43%
Non-instructional	651,933		733,060	-11.07%
Sixteenth section	18,993		19,174	-0.94%
Pension expense	2,052,958		2,197,776	-6.59%
OPEB expense	63,568		-	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities	111,465		126,822	-12.11%
Total expenses	13,163,588		13,424,517	-1.94%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(797,491)		(1,038,152)	23.18%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported	(10,236,768)		(9,213,916)	-11.10%
Prior Period Adjustment	(1,199,087)		15,300	-7937.17%
Net Position, July 1, as restated	(11,435,855)		(9,198,616)	-24.32%
Net Position, June 30	\$ (12,233,346)	\$	(10,236,768)	-19.50%

Governmental activities

Pension Expense

Interest on long-term liabilities

Total net (expense) revenue

OPEB Expense

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total	Percentage		
	2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$ 5,798,322	\$	5,987,268	-3.16%
Support services	4,466,349		4,360,417	2.43%
Non-instructional	651,933		733,060	-11.07%
Sixteenth section	18,993		19,174	-0.94%
Pension Expense	2,052,958		2,197,776	-6.59%
OPEB Expense	63,568		-	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities	111,465		126,822	-12.11%
Total expenses	\$ 13,163,588	\$	13,424,517	-1.94%
	Net (Expe	nse) R	Revenue	Percentage
	2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$ (4,464,337)	\$	(4,697,745)	4.97%
Support services	(3,611,772)		(3,643,850)	0.88%
Non-instructional	52,102		48,894	6.56%
Sixteenth section	8,606		(1,687)	610.14%

■ Net cost of governmental activities (\$10,243,392 for 2018 and \$10,618,986 for 2017) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$3,144,062 for 2018 and \$3,173,132 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$6,007,210 for 2018 and \$6,110,604 for 2017). In addition, there was \$230,050 and \$234,580 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2018 and 2017, respectively.

(2,052,958)

(63.568)

(111,465)

\$ (10,243,392)

(2,197,776)

(126,822)

(10,618,986)

6.59%

12.11%

3.54%

N/A

Investment earnings amounted to \$39,159 for 2018 and \$41,817 for 2017.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,368,725, an decrease of \$391,937, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$3,458. \$52,757 or 2% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$2,315,968 or 98% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$197,523. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$195,033, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$3,458. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund Increase (Decrease)

16th Section Principal Fund \$ 619

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$10,267,965, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$74,082 from 2017. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$5,365,120, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$270,534, resulting in total net capital assets of \$4,902,845.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

J	une 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017	Percentage Change
\$	318,650	\$	318,650	0.00%
	3,366,967		3,475,235	-3.12%
	145,179		158,753	-8.55%
	975,273		714,607	36.48%
	96,776		116,227	-16.74%
\$	4,902,845	\$	4,783,472	2.50%
	\$	3,366,967 145,179 975,273 96,776	\$ 318,650 \$ 3,366,967 145,179 975,273 96,776	\$ 318,650 \$ 318,650 3,366,967 3,475,235 145,179 158,753 975,273 714,607 96,776 116,227

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2018, the District had \$2,399,921 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$228,208 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$9,780 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	Ju	ine 30, 2018	J	une 30, 2017	Percentage Change
Limited obligation bonds payable		-		305,000	-100.00%
Three mill notes payable		1,498,000		1,647,000	-9.05%
Obligations under energy efficiency leases		550,964		589,287	-6.50%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		229,000		253,000	-9.49%
Compensated absences payable		121,957		131,737	-7.42%
Total	\$	2,399,921	\$	2,926,024	-17.98%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Perry County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Perry County School District, P.O. Box 137, New Augusta, MS 39462.



Statement of Net Position		Exhibit A
June 30, 2018		overnmental
Assets		Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,079,021
Due from other governments	•	187,644
Inventories		24,902
Restricted assets		186,286
Capital assets, non-depreciable:		
Land		318,650
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		
Buildings		3,366,967
Building improvements		145,179
Mobile equipment		975,273
Furniture and equipment		96,776
Total Assets		7,380,698
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - advance refunding of debt		59,940
Deferred outflows - pensions		1,730,681
Deferred outflows - OPEB		69,601
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,860,222
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		19,416
Due to other governments		27
Uneamed revenue		89,685
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		17,968
Long-tem liabilities, due within one year:		450,000
Capital related liabilities		158,000
Non-capital related liabilities Net OPEB liability		70,208 49,720
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		
Capital related liabilities		1,340,000
Non-capital related liabilities		831,713
Net pension liability		17,139,052
Net OPEB liability		1,168,564
Total Liabilities		20,884,353
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions		527,878
Deferred inflows - OPEB		62,035
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		589,913
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		3,464,785
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		400 41-
School-based activities		409,412
Debt service		117,597
Forestry improvements		175,435
Unemployment benefits		31,822
Non-expendable: Sixteenth section		1 27/ 52/
Unrestricted		1,374,521
	•	(17,806,918
Total Net Position (deficit)	\$	(12,233,346

Statement of Activities	40						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 20	18		F	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				Operating	Capital		
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$	5,798,322 \$	281,443 \$	1,052,542 \$	-	\$	(4,464,337
Support services		4,466,349	-	854,577	-		(3,611,772
Non-instructional		651,933	112,670	591,365	-		52,102
Sixteenth section		18,993	27,599	-	-		8,606
Pension expense		2,052,958	· -	-	-		(2,052,958)
OPEB expense		63,568	-	-	-		(63,568
Interest on long-term liabilities		111,465	-	-			(111,465
Total Governmental Activities	\$	13,163,588 \$	421,712 \$	2,498,484 \$		\$	(10,243,392)
			General Revenues Taxes: General purp Debt purpose Unrestricted g	ose levies	tions:		2,945,711 198,351
			State				5,521,095
			Federal				486,115
			Unrestricted in	vestment earnings	3		39,159
			Sixteenth sect	tion sources			230,050
			Other				25,420
			Total Gene	eral Revenues		_	9,445,901
			Change in Net Po	sition			(797,491)
			Net Position - Be	ginning, as previou	sly reported		(10,236,768)
			Prior Period Adj	ustments		_	(1,199,087)
			Net Position - Be	ginning, as restate	ed		(11,435,855)
			Net Position (defi	cit) - Ending		\$	(12,233,346)

	(Governmental	Funds		
Balance Sheet					Exhibit C
June 30, 2018					
			Sixteenth	Other	Total
		General	Section Principal	Governmental	Governmental
Accesto		Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets Cook and each equipplents	\$	1 260 227	ቀ 106 210 ቀ	818,684 \$	2 265 240
Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agents	Φ	1,260,337	\$ 186,219 \$	67	2,265,240 67
Due from other governments		82,129	-	98,851	180,980
Due from other funds		94,559	-	2,788	97,347
Advance to other funds		94,559	1,188,302	2,700	1,188,302
Inventories		-	1,100,302	24,902	24,902
Total assets	\$	1,437,025	\$ 1,374,521 \$	945,292 \$	
Total assets	Ψ	1,407,020	Ψ 1,074,021 Ψ	3 4 3,232 ψ	3,730,030
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	6,726	\$ - \$	12,690 \$	19,416
Due to other funds		27	-	90,683	90,710
Advances from other funds		1,188,302	-	-	1,188,302
Unavailable revenue - federal programs		-	-	89,685	89,685
Total Liabilities		1,195,055	-	193,058	1,388,113
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory		-	-	24,902	24,902
Permanent fund principal		-	186,219	-	186,219
Advances		-	1,188,302	-	1,188,302
Restricted:					
Debt service		-	-	135,565	135,565
Forestry improvement purposes		-	-	175,435	175,435
Grant activities		-	-	75,804	75,804
Unemployment benefits		-	-	31,822	31,822
Food service		-	-	308,706	308,706
Assigned:					
Activity funds		189,213	-	-	189,213
Unassigned		52,757	-	-	52,757
Total Fund Balances		241,970	1,374,521	752,234	2,368,725
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,437,025	\$ 1,374,521 \$	945,292 \$	3,756,838

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of June 30, 2018	f Net	Position	Exh	ibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	2,3	68,725
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:				
 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: 				
Land	\$	318,650		
Buildings		6,611,114		
Building improvements		339,372		
Mobile equipment		2,308,897		
Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation		689,932 (5,365,120)	4,9	02,845
 Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: 				
Net pension liability		(17,139,052)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		1,730,681	45.0	00 040
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(527,878)	(15,9	36,249)
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Net OPEB liability		(1,218,284)		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		69,601		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		(62,035)	(1,2	10,718)
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:				
Other bonds payable		(229,000)		
Notes payable		(1,498,000)		
Energy efficiency lease obligations		(550,964)		
Compensated absences		(121,957)		
Unamortized charges Accrued interest payable		59,940 (17,068)	(2.2	57 040\
Accrued interest payable		(17,968)	(2,3	57,949)
Net Position of governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	(12,2	33,346)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances **Exhibit D** For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Major Funds Sixteenth Other Total General Section Principal Governmental Governmental Fund Fund Funds Funds Revenues: Local sources - \$ 3,240,402 \$ 326,897 \$ 3,567,299 5,322,769 882,715 6,205,484 State sources 470,286 1,829,924 2,300,210 Federal sources 35,505 293,104 Sixteenth section sources 224,377 33,222 Total Revenues 9,257,834 35,505 3,072,758 12,366,097 Expenditures: Instruction 4,821,740 1,566,599 6,388,339 4,147,283 905,654 5,052,937 Support services Noninstructional services 670,256 670,256 16,018 Sixteenth section 2,975 18,993 Debt service: Principal 38,323 478,000 516,323 Interest 47,602 60,920 108,522 Other 2,025 2,025 Total Expenditures 9,057,923 3,699,472 12,757,395 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 199,911 35,505 (626,714)(391,298)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of transportation equipment 2,819 2,819 696,055 Operating transfers in 295,802 991,857 Operating transfers out (696,055)(34,886)(260,916)(991,857) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (397, 434)(34,886)435,139 2,819 Net Change in Fund Balances (197,523)619 (191,575)(388,479)Fund Balances:

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

439,493

241,970 \$

1,373,902

1,374,521 \$

947,267

(3,458)

752,234 \$

2,760,662

2,368,725

(3,458)

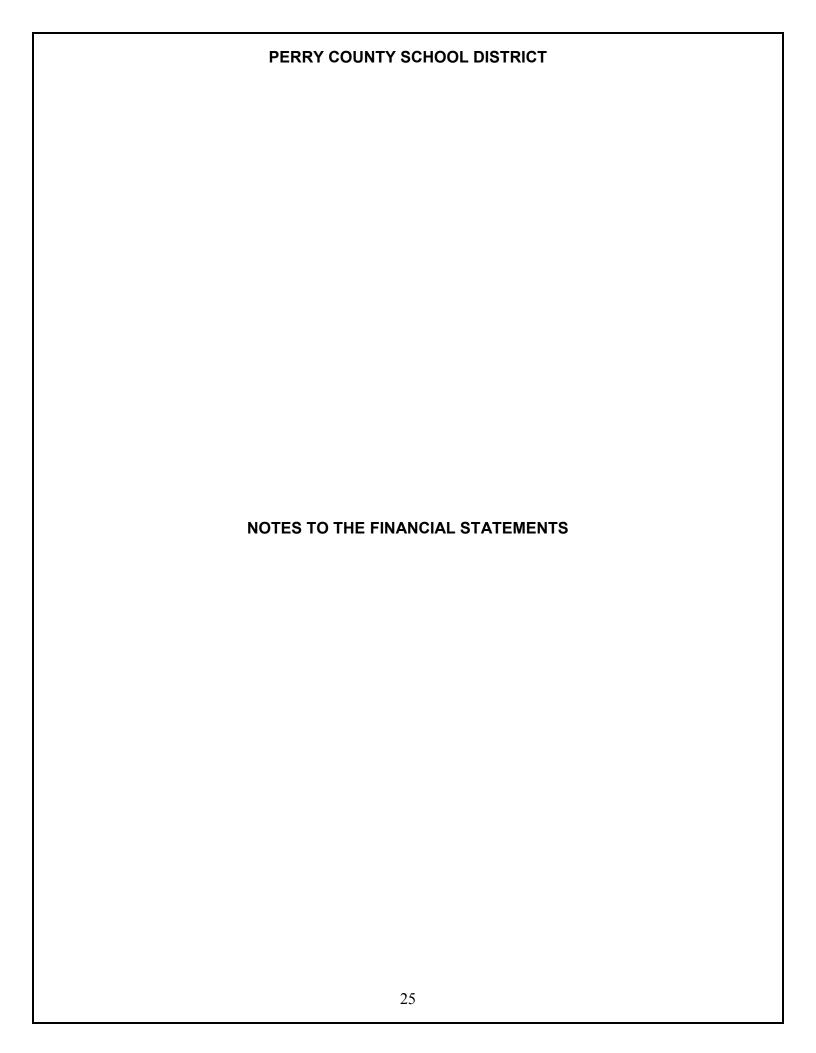
July 1, 2017

June 30, 2018

Increase (Decrease) in inventory

Governmental Funds	CI	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activitie For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	es.	Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(388,479)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 423,380 (270,534)	152,846
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.		(33,473)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	516,323 6,741	523,064
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:	0	
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(2,052,958) 1,014,477	(1,038,481)
5. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. The activities include:	0	
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	(63,568) 51,937	(11,631)
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:	ne	
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory Amortization of deferred charges, premiums and discounts	9,780 (3,458) (7,659)	(1,337)
	_	
Change in Net Position of governmental activities	\$	(797,491)

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2018	
	 Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 598,705
Due from other funds	 27
Total Assets	\$ 598,732
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 561,360
Due to other funds	6,664
Due to student clubs	30,708
Total Liabilities	\$ 598,732



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a 5 member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Perry County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Sixteenth Section Principal Fund – This is a permanent fund that accounts for the District's earnings from sixteenth section property and investments which are not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statue for loans from this account.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund – This agency fund is used to report resources held by the District on behalf of other funds for payroll related liabilities.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This agency fund is used to report resources held by the District on behalf of other funds for related liabilities.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district, are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
	_	_	_	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	
Leased property under capital leases		*	*	

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reported \$59,940 regarding the refunding of debt, \$1,730,681 regarding the cost-sharing pension plan, and \$69,901 regarding the cost-sharing OPEB plan for deferred outflows.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reported \$527,878 regarding the cost-sharing pension plan and \$62,035 regarding the cost-sharing OPEB plan for deferred inflows.

See Notes 8, 9, and 15 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide, financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. Fiduciary net position was zero as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the Board. Currently there are no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Director of Finance pursuant to authorization established by the School Board of Trustees as approved by the fund balance reporting policy.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense s incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Cash with Fiscal Agents

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$ 2,265,240 and \$598,705, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2018, none of the district's bank balance of \$2,977,041 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$67.

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds		90,683
	Fiduciary funds		3,876
Other governmental funds	Fiduciary funds		2,788
Fiduciary funds	General Fund		27
Total		\$	97,374

The purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal funds not received prior to year-end and to show the interest that was due from the district's fiduciary funds.

B. Advances to/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Sixtenth Section Principal Fund Total	General Fund	\$ \$	1,188,302 1,188,302

Sixteenth section principal loans payable

Note: The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loans payable as of June 30, 2018 is four percent.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 108,417	\$ 47,533	\$ 155,950
2020	112,753	43,196	155,949
2021	117,263	38,685	155,948
2022	121,954	33,995	155,949
2023	126,832	29,117	155,949
2024 - 2028	534,309	62,833	597,142
2029 - 2033	66,774	6,809	73,583
Total	\$ 1,188,302	\$ 262,168	\$ 1,450,470

C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 696,055
16th Section Principal Fund	General Fund	34,886
Other governmental funds	General Fund	260,916
Total		\$ 991,857

The transfers were primarily for the following: indirect cost transfers, vocational and Positive Behavior expenditure transfers, unemployment transfers, and the transfer of Sixteenth Section Principal Fund loan.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash balance totaling \$186,219 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash totaling \$67 of the MAEP Limited Obligation Bond/Note Fund.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance			Balance
	7/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 318,650	\$	\$	\$ 318,650
Total non-depreciable capital assets	318,650	-	-	318,650
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	6,611,114			6,611,114
Building improvements	339,372			339,372
Mobile equipment	2,224,705	417,300	333,108	2,308,897
Furniture and equipment	700,042	6,080	16,190	689,932
Total depreciable capital assets	9,875,233	423,380	349,298	9,949,315
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	3,135,879	108,268		3,244,147
Building improvements	180,619	13,574		194,193
Mobile equipment	1,510,098	123,323	299,797	1,333,624
Furniture and equipment	583,815	25,369	16,028	593,156
Total accumulated depreciation	5,410,411	270,534	315,825	5,365,120
Total depreciable capital assets, net	4,464,822	152,846	33,473	4,584,195
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,783,472	\$ 152,846	\$ 33,473	\$ 4,902,845

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 126,292
Support services	134,550
Non-instructional	9,692
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 270,534

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due
		7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2018	within one year
A.	Limited obligation bonds payable	\$ 305,000	-	305,000	\$ -	\$
B.	Three mill notes payable	1,647,000	-	149,000	1,498,000	158,000
C.	Obligations under energy efficiency leases	589,287	-	38,323	550,964	39,110
D.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	253,000	-	24,000	229,000	25,000
E.	Compensated absences payable	131,737	-	9,780	121,957	6,098
	Total	\$ 2,926,024	\$ - \$	526,103	\$ 2,399,921	\$ 228,208

A. Limited obligation bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Limited obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Issued	Outsta	nding
1.	3.0-4.0%	7/28/2009	2/1/2018	\$ 1,495,000	\$	-
2.						
Total				\$ 1,495,000	\$	-

Limited obligation bonds payable issued July 28, 2009 was paid in full as of June 30, 2018

B. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Issued		aturity Date		(Outstanding
Three mill note, Series 2016	2.49%	2/16/2016	4/1/2027	\$	1,975,000	\$	1,498,000		
Total				\$	1,975,000	\$	1,498,000		

The following is a schedule by years of the total debt payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 158,000	\$ 36,420	\$ 194,420
2020	155,000	32,926	187,926
2021	163,000	29,507	192,507
2022	125,000	25,448	150,448
2023	127,000	22,335	149,335
2024 – 2027	770,000	19,173	789,173
Total	\$ 1,498,000	\$ 165,809	\$ 1,663,809

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note Retirement Fund.

The three-mill note payable, Series 2013 is secured by an irrevocable pledge of certain revenues the district receives from the State of Mississippi Education Enhancement Fund ("EEF Funds"), Section 37-61-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The EEF funds pledge is to pay debt service on the notes to the extent the EEF funds are not required to pay debt service on the District's Series 2004 General Obligation Bonds.

C. Obligations under energy efficiency leases

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued		Am	ount Outstanding
Energy Conservation	2.04%	10/21/2015	10/21/2030	\$	620,500	\$	550,964
Total				\$	620,500	\$	550,964

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 39,110	\$ 11,058	\$ 50,168
2020	39,913	10,255	50,168
2021	40,733	9,435	50,168
2022	41,569	8,599	50,168
2023	42,423	7,745	50,168
2024 – 2028	225,546	25,295	250,841
2029 – 2033	121,670	3,854	125,524
Total	\$ 550,964	\$ 76,241	\$ 627,205

An energy efficiency lease agreement dated 10/21/2015, was executed by and between the district, the lessee, and U. S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Finance, Inc., the lessor.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$620,000 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the district maintenance fund and not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The district entered into this energy efficiency lease agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the lessor, the lessee has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

D. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 14, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity				
Description	Rate	Date	Date	Am	ount Issued	Amou	ınt Outstanding
Qualified School construction Bonds,							
Series 2001	5.15%	9/16/2011	12/1/2023	\$	400,000	\$	229,000
Total				\$	400,000	\$	229,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 25,000	\$ 11,794	\$ 36,794
2020	27,000	10,506	37,506
2021	30,000	9,116	39,116
2022	26,000	7,571	33,571
2023	60,000	6,232	66,232
2024 – 2028	61,000	3,142	64,142
Total	\$ 229,000	\$ 48,361	\$ 277,361

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Short-Term Financing

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the school district participated in the following short-term financing for the purpose of covering payroll for December and January until the large disbursement of Ad Valorem taxes in February:

A. Bank-financed short term debt.

The school district issued a revenue anticipation note payable to Richton Band and Trust Company, and the proceeds from such issuance are accounted for as a current liability in the General fund of the school district. Once the cash flow was available, the district made a payment consisting of principal and interest to the trustee.

All transactions related to participation in this program are accounted for as part of the school district's General Fund.

B. Changes in short-term debt activity recorded in the governmental activities during fiscal year 2018 are as follows:

Description	7/1/2017		Additions		Reductions	Balance 6/30/2018		
1. Tax Anticipation Promissory Note	\$	-	\$	350,000	\$ 350,000	\$	-	
Total	\$	-	\$	350,000	\$ 350,000	\$	-	

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$1,014,477, \$1,041,709 and \$1,037,951, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the school district reported a liability of \$17,139,052 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was 0.103102 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was an increase of 0.000086 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,052,958. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$ 247,575	\$	125,058
-		206,165
389,291		29,181
79,338		167,474
1,014,477		
1,730,681		527,878
\$	of Resources \$ 247,575	of Resources \$ 247,575 \$ 389,291 79,338 1,014,477

\$1,014,477 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 3	30:	
2019	\$	280,607
2020		222,431
2021		16,365
2022		(331,077)
2023		-
Thereafter	_	188,326

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	•	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
		6.75%	_	Rate 7.75%		8.75%
District's Proportionate share			-	_	-	
of the net pension liability	\$	22,479,010	\$	17,139,052	\$	12,705,725

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees. Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$51,937 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$1,218,284 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.15527276 percent. This was an increase of 0.00254296 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$63,568. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows
esources	of Resources
-	\$ -
-	62,035
-	-
17,664	-
51,937	
69,601	62,035
	- 17,664 51,937

\$51,937 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	g June 30:		
2019		\$	(7,784)
2020			(7,784)
2021			(7,784)
2022			(7,784)
2023			(7,784)
	Thereafter	_	(5,451)
			(44,371)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of N/A

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.56 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.01 percent

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2017
Prior Measurement Date 2016

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.56 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.01 percent

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the

Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost						
			Trend Rates				
	1%	6 Decrease		Current	19	% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,125,167	\$	1,218,284	\$	1,324,587	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

Note 10 – Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 78,750
2020	35,691
2021	2,041
2022	570
2023	570
2024 – 2028	1,250
2029 – 2033	1,250
2034 – 2038	1,250
2039 – 2043	1,250
Total	\$ 122,622

Note 11 – Prior Period Adjustment

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. GASB 57 OPEB Liability	\$(1,199,087)
Total	\$(1,199,087)

Note 12 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Note 13 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 14 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the subsidy payments amounted to \$10,752.

Payments of the principal amount of this Note shall be made to the Registered Owner. The District further promises to pay interest on such principal amount from the date of this note or from the most recent interest payment date to which interest has been paid at the per annum rate of interest. The district is, however, eligible for a refundable credit payment of the interest paid. The district must file a form 8038-CP with the Internal Revenue Service at least 45 days, but no more than 90 days, prior to each interest payment in order to receive the reimbursement.

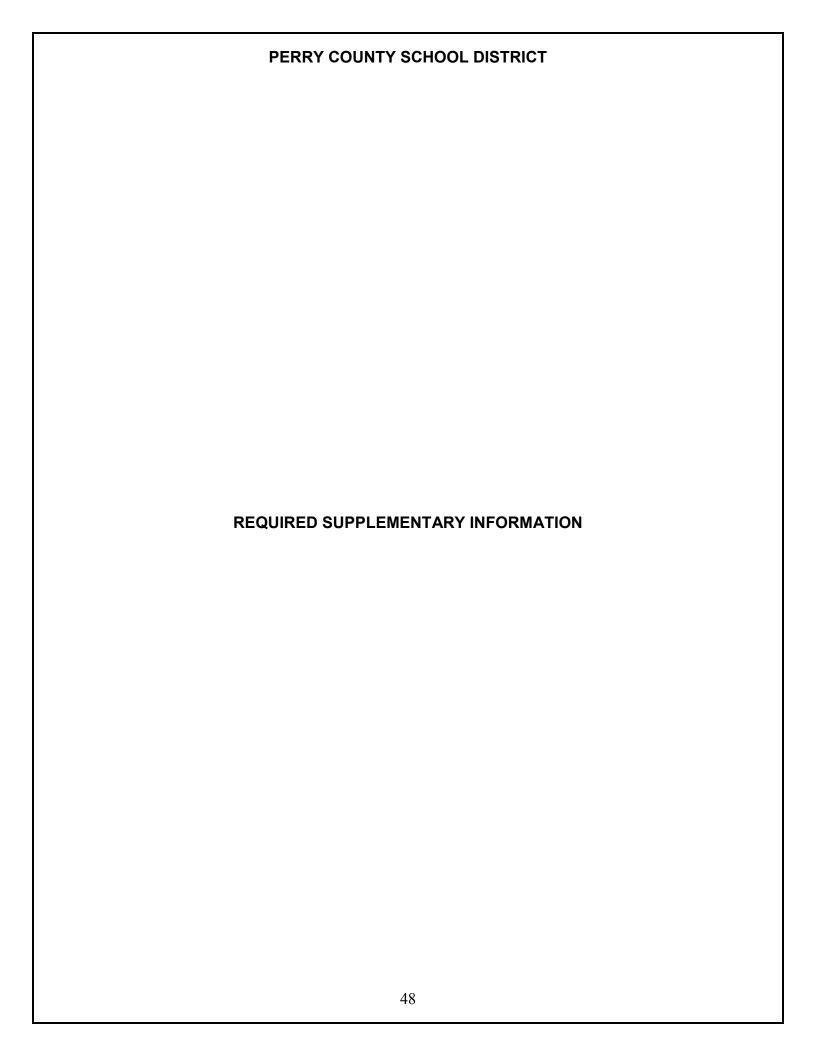
Note 15 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The net investment in capital assets net position amount of \$3,464,785, includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenditures resulting from a deferred outflow from advance refunding of school district debt. The \$59,940 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as an expense and decrease the net investment in capital assets net position over the next 9 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$17,806,918) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from the cost-sharing pension plan and OPEB plan deferred outflows and deferred inflows. The deferred outflows – pensions of \$1,730,681 at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next three years. The deferred outflows – OPEB of \$69,601 at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next six years. The deferred inflow – pensions of \$527,878 at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next four years. The deferred inflow – OPEB of \$62,035 at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next six years.

Note 16 – Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Perry County School District evaluated the activity of the district through February 25, 2019, and determined that no subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.



Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Actual Original Final (GAAP Basis) to Final to Actual Revenues: Local sources 3,201,091 \$ 3,240,402 \$ 3,240,402 \$ 39,311 \$ 5,197,708 5,322,769 5,322,769 125,061 State sources 146,000 263,326 60,960 Federal sources 409,326 470,286 236,280 Sixteenth section sources 224,377 224,377 (11,903)**Total Revenues** 8,781,079 9,196,874 9,257,834 415,795 60,960 Expenditures: Instruction 4,422,958 4,821,740 4,821,740 (398,782)Support services 3,189,091 4,086,323 4,147,283 (897, 232)(60,960)Sixteenth section 15,000 2,975 12,025 2,975 Debt service: Principal 110,574 38,323 38,323 72,251 Interest 48,673 47,602 47,602 1,071 **Total Expenditures** 7,786,296 8,996,963 9,057,923 (1,210,667)(60,960)Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 994,783 199,911 199,911 (794,872)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Sale of transportation equipment 2,819 2,819 2,819 Operating transfers in 1,331,629 2,109,613 295,802 777,984 (1,813,811)Operating transfers out (1,976,342)(2,110,366)(696,055)(134,024)1,414,311 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (644,713)2,066 (397, 434)646,779 (399,500)Net Change in Fund Balances 350,070 201,977 (197,523)(148,093)(399,500)Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 439,493 439,493 439,493 June 30, 2018 789,563 \$ 641,470 \$ 241,970 \$ (148,093)\$ (399,500)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net pension liability	%	2018 0.103102%	2017 0.103016%	2016 0.105472%	2015 0.102177%
	70	0.10310276	0.10301070	0.10347270	0.10217770
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	17,139,052	18,401,230	16,303,891	12,402,417
District's covered payroll		6,614,025	6,590,165	6,589,295	6,243,556
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		259.131930%	279.222594%	247.429971%	198.643495%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.4901%	57.4677%	61.7040%	67.2077%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,014,477	1,041,709	1,037,951	1,037,814
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,014,477	1,041,709	1,037,951	1,037,814
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	6,441,124	6,614,025	6,590,165	6,589,295
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	 2018 0.15527276%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,218,284
District's covered-employee payroll	6,614,025
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	18.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 51,937
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	51,937
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 0
District's covered-employee payroll	6,441,124
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.81%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015:</u>The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

<u>2016:</u>The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

<u>2017:</u> The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2016:</u> Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 33.9 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Pirice inflation 3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 7.75 percent

Ultimate health care cost trend rates

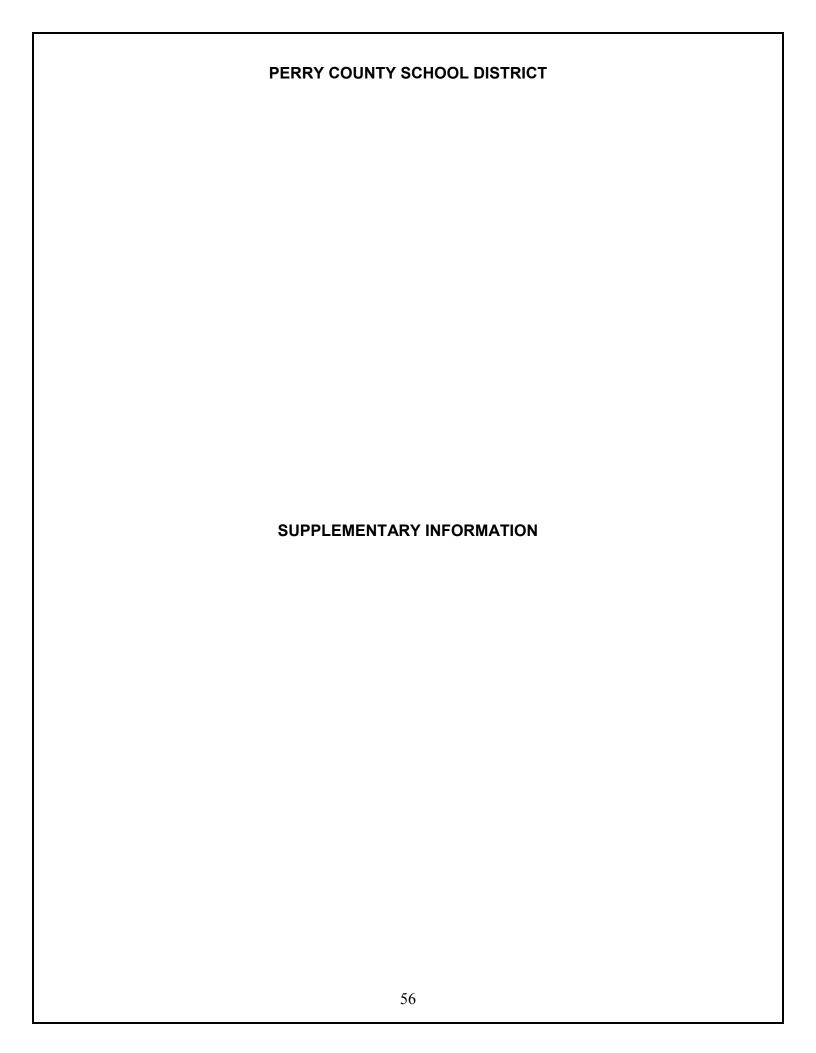
Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 5.00 percent

Year of ultimate trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 2022

 $\label{long-terminvestment} \mbox{Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension}$

plan investment expense, including price inflation 3.56 percent



Supplementary Informati	ion		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018			
Federal Grantor/	Catalog of	Pass-through	Fadanal
Program Title	Federal Domestic Assistance No.	Entitiy Identifying	Federal
Program Title	Assistance No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.069	N/A	E 076
Conservation Reserve Program	10.009	IN/A	5,076
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	185MS326N1099 \$	174,460
National school lunch program	10.555	185MS326N1099	461,842
Total child nutrition cluster		_	636,302
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			636,302
Schools and roads - grants to states	10.665	N/A	362,095
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		_	1,003,473
Federal Communications Commission			
Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company:			
The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund	32.xxx	N/A	80,646
Total Federal Communications Commission		_	80,646
U.S. Department of Education		-	<u> </u>
Fund for the Improvement of Education	84.215	N/A	297,888
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A170024	462,076
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	V048A170024	49,951
Rural Education	84.358	ES358B170024	39,271
Improving teacher quality-State Grants	84.367	ES367A170023	28,164
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	ES424A170025	4,320
Subtotal			583,782
Special education cluster:		_	
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A170108	288,097
Special education - grants to states Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A170113	8,417
	04.173		296,514
Total special education cluster		_	
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education		_	880,296
Total U.S. Department of Education		_	1,178,184
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	105MS5ADM	27,155
Total pass-through Mississippi Department of Health and Human Services		_	27,155
Total for All Federal Awards		\$	2,289,458

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Perry County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Perry County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Perry County School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Perry County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Instruction and Other Student Instructional	General	School	
Expenditures	Total	Expenditures	Administration	Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$ 9,068,054	6,609,914	560,983	792,806	1,104,351
Other	3,689,341	756,157	155,692	39,886	2,737,606
Total	\$ 12,757,395	7,366,071	716,675	832,692	3,841,957
Total number of students *	1,035				
Cost per student	\$ 12,326	7,117	692	805	3,712

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

<u>Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures</u> - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers <u>General Administration</u> - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support <u>School Administration</u> - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year



Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
General Fund
Last Four Years
UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:		_		
Local sources	\$ 3,240,402	\$ 3,239,985	\$ 3,179,306	\$ 3,053,595
State sources	5,322,769	5,664,559	5,851,529	5,409,250
Federal sources	470,286	238,690	716,743	218,403
Sixteenth section sources	224,377	228,502	235,773	82,177
Total Revenues	9,257,834	9,371,736	9,983,351	8,763,425
Expenditures:				
Instruction	4,821,740	5,018,791	5,148,531	5,110,212
Support services	4,147,283	3,696,780	4,691,401	3,698,253
Sixteenth section	2,975	4,539	19,429	-
Debt service:				
Principal	38,323	3 79,712	47,406	46,518
Interest	47,602	2 56,864	42,178	56,784
Other			25,000	-
Total Expenditures	9,057,923	8,856,686	9,973,945	8,911,767
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	199,911	515,050	9,406	(148,342)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued			895,500	-
Insurance recovery		- 2,243	8,560	-
Sale of transportation equipment	2,819	-	1,500	-
Sale of other property			65,000	-
Operating transfers in	295,802	2 87,894	137,330	45,305
Operating transfers out	(696,055	5) (776,603)	(765,588)	(767,625)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(397,434	(686,466)	342,302	(722,320)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(197,523	(171,416)	351,708	(870,662)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	439,493	610,909	259,201	356,754
Fund Reclassification	,	, -	, -	801,904
Prior period adjustments		_	_	(28,795)
Beginning of period, as restated	439,493	610,909	259,201	1,129,863
	- 100, 100	2 010,000		.,.20,000
End of Period	\$ 241,970	\$ 439,493	\$ 610,909	\$ 259,201

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Funds
Last Four Years
UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 3,567,299	\$ 3,569,048	\$ 3,518,401	\$ 3,404,233
State sources	6,205,484	6,419,925	6,611,703	6,096,395
Federal sources	2,300,210	2,104,742	2,798,366	1,964,050
Sixteenth section sources	293,104	290,407	353,819	176,126
Total Revenues	12,366,097	12,384,122	13,282,289	11,640,804
Expenditures:				
Instruction	6,388,339	6,582,879	6,937,600	6,655,187
Support services	5,052,937	4,580,846	5,491,394	4,429,007
Noninstructional services	670,256	760,246	839,120	786,191
Sixteenth section	18,993	19,174	21,271	44,009
Facilities acquisition and construction				
Debt service:				
Principal	516,323	446,712	443,406	410,518
Interest	108,522	129,346	84,662	136,453
Other	2,025	1,350	26,350	1,250
Total Expenditures	12,757,395	12,520,553	13,843,803	12,462,615
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(391,298)	(136,431)	(561,514)	(821,811)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	-	-	895,500	-
Insurance recovery	-	2,243	8,560	-
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	1,700,000	-
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	(1,704,924)	-
Sale of transportation equipment	2,819	-	1,500	-
Sale of other property	-	-	65,000	-
Operating transfers in	991,857	864,497	902,918	812,930
Operating transfers out	(991,857)	(864,497)	(902,918)	(812,930)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,819	2,243	965,636	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(388,479)	(134,188)	404,122	(821,811)
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	2,760,662	2,874,989	2,469,156	3,315,190
	2,700,002		2,409,130	
Prior period adjustments	2 760 662	15,300	2.460.456	(28,795)
Beginning of period, as restated	2,760,662	2,890,289	2,469,156	3,286,395
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(3,458)	4,561	1,711	4,572
End of Period	\$ 2,368,725	\$ 2,760,662	\$ 2,874,989	\$ 2,469,156

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

PERRY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS
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Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Perry County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Perry County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Perry County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Perry County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Perry County School District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses. 2018-1

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies. 2018-2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Perry County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Perry County School District's Response to Findings

Perry County School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Perry County School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KING CPA, PLLC Petal, Mississippi

King CPA, PLKC

February 25, 2019

PERRY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Perry County School District

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Perry County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on Perry County School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2018. Perry County School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Perry County School District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Perry County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Perry County School District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Perry County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Perry County School District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Perry County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Perry County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KING CPA, PLLC Petal, Mississippi

February 25, 2019

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PERRY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE	
WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	
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American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

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Mississippi Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Perry County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Perry County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Perry County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2019 We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

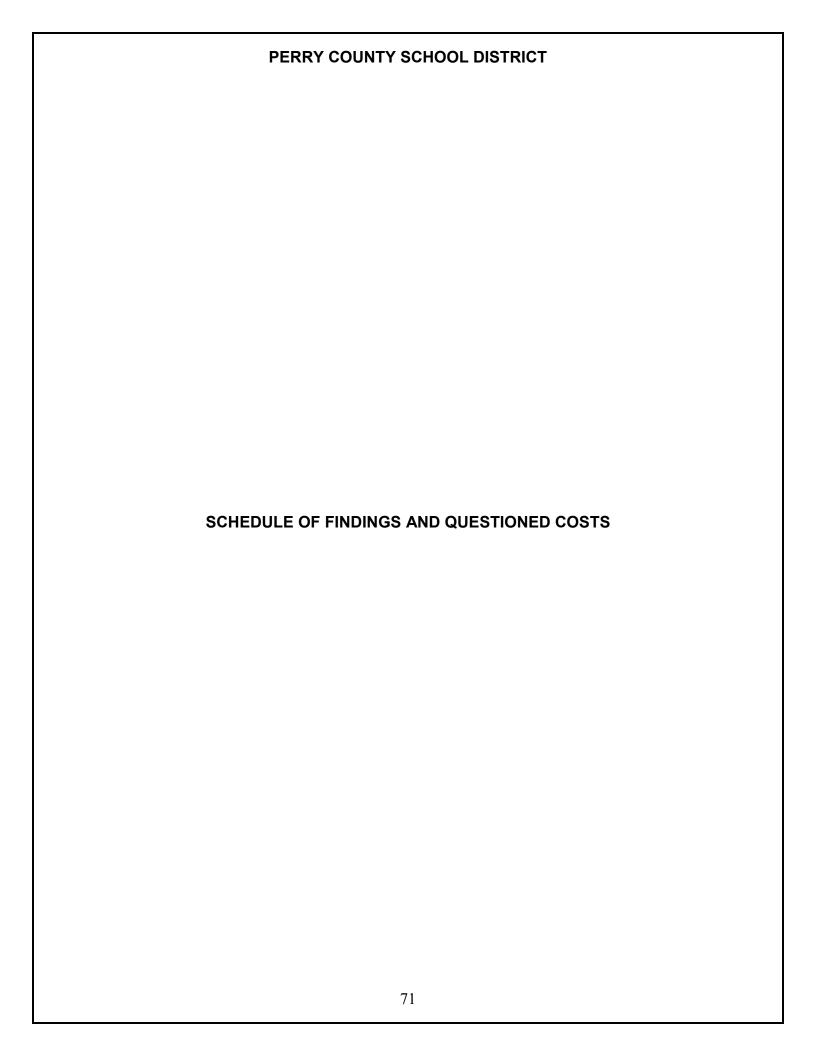
The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

KING CPA, PLLC

King CPA, PLKC

Petal, Mississippi February 25, 2019



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section 1: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

	1.	Type of auditor's report issued on the general purpose financial statements:	UNMODIFIED
	2.	Material noncompliance relating to the general purpose financial statements?	NO
	3.	Internal control over financial reporting:a. Material weakness identified?b. Significant Deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weakness?	YES YES
Federa	al A	wards:	
4.	Ту	pe of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	UNMODIFIED
	5.	Internal control over major programs:a. Material weakness identified?b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	NO NONE REPORTED
	6.	Any audit finding disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	NO
	7.	Federal programs identified as major programs:	
		Title I	CFDA# <u>84.010</u>
	8.	The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
	9.	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	YES
	10.	Prior fiscal year audit findings and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2CFR 200.511(b).	NO

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section 2: Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2018-1 Material Weakness

Criteria: The school district should record loans from Sixteenth Section Principal Funds in accordance with procedures prescribed by the Mississippi Department of Education *Accounting Manual for School Districts*.

Condition: A loan from Sixteenth Section Principal Fund was recorded as an operating transfer.

Cause: The district personnel were not aware of the prescribed procedures for recording loans from Sixteenth Section Principal Funds.

Effect: The district's ending fund balance for the general fund and sixteenth section principal fund was materially misstated.

Recommendation: The school district should record loans from Sixteenth Section Principal Funds in accordance with procedures prescribed by the Mississippi Department of Education *Accounting Manual for School Districts*.

Finding 2018-2 Significant Deficiency

Criteria: The school district should accurately account for all revenues and expenditures of the school district.

Condition: E-rate discounts on the telephone invoices were not appropriately recorded as federal revenues and expenditures.

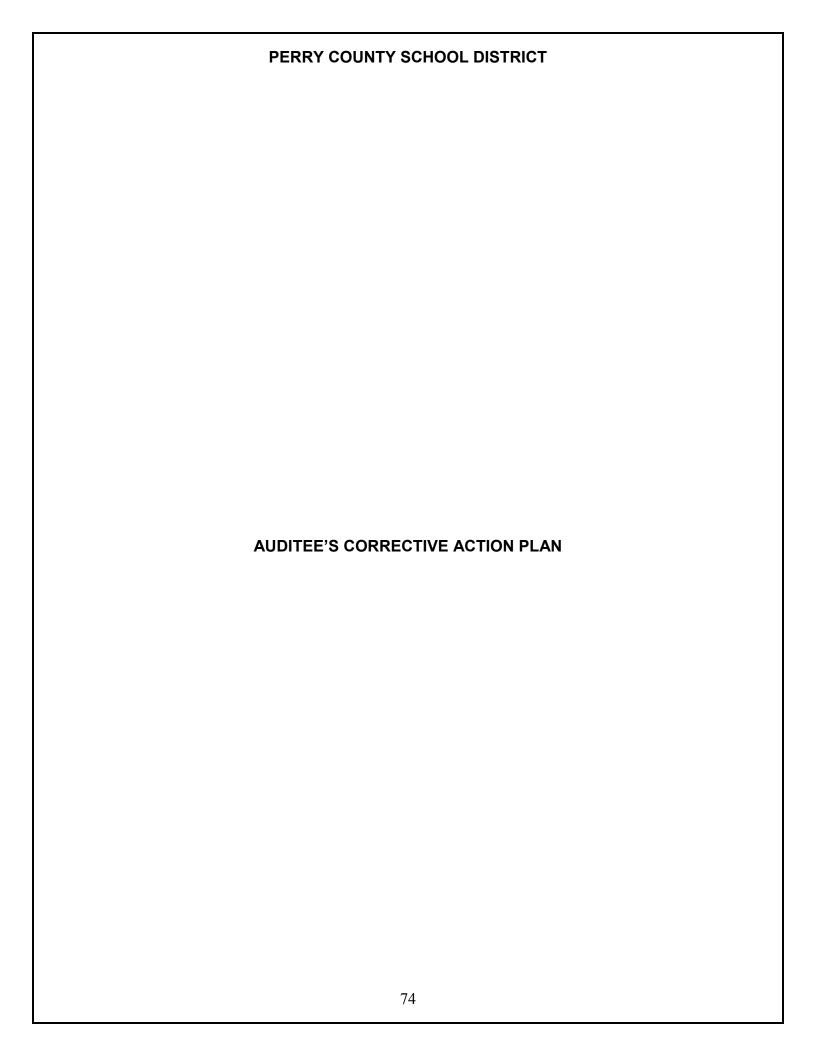
Cause: The district improperly calculated total E-rate discounts.

Effect: The district's federal revenues and expenditures did not account for all of the E-rate program.

Recommendation: E-rate discounts on the utility invoices should be recorded as federal revenues and corresponding expenditures should be recorded as utilities.

Section 3: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Cost

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.



Auditee's Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

As required by 2 CFR 200, Subpart F, Section 511(c) of Uniform Guidance, the Perry County School District has prepared and hereby submits the following corrective action plan for the findings included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Finding Corrective Action Details:

2018-1 a. Name of contract person responsible for corrective action

Name: Kimberly Parker Phone Number: 601-964-3211

b. Corrective Action Planned:

The district will establish procedures to properly record loans from its Sixteenth Section Principal funds in accordance with prescribed procedures and State laws. This will include obtaining professional assistance when needed.

c. Anticipated Completion Date:

These procedures will be implemented by June 30, 2019.

2018-2 a. Name of contract person responsible for corrective action

Name: Kimberly Parker Phone Number: 601-964-3211

b. Corrective Action Planned:

The district is now aware of the procedures to record E-Rate Discounts and Revenues and will establish additional procedures for recording and reporting.

c. Anticipated Completion Date:

These procedures are currently in place.