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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

> Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

South Panola School District TABLE OF CONTENTS

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FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the school district adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. As a result, net position as of July 1, 2017, has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 8 to 19, and 63 to 73, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All

Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 7, 2019, on our consideration of the South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering South Panola School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC January 7, 2019

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The following discussion and analysis of South Panola School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$8,235,807, including a prior period adjustment of (\$3,774,706), due primarily to the effect of recording the net OPEB liability, which represents a 49% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$3,103,637, which represents a 23% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$33,725,094 and \$33,982,340, or 81% and 81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$7,742,711, or 19% of total revenues for 2018, and \$7,859,345, or 19% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$45,928,906 and \$46,445,834 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$7,742,711 for 2018 and only \$7,859,345 for 2017 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$33,725,094 for 2018 and \$33,982,340 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$32,402,273 in revenues and \$33,044,578 in expenditures for 2018, and \$32,905,235 in revenues and \$34,556,317 in expenditures for 2017. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$417,853 from 2017 to 2018, and decreased by \$1,007,923 from 2016 to 2017.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$198,647 for 2018 and increased by \$1,819,411 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was primarily due to the retirements of mobile equipment and furniture and equipment coupled with depreciation expense.
- Long-term debt increased by \$1,035,896 for 2018 and decreased by \$2,069,271 for 2017. The increase for 2018 was due primarily to additions to three mill notes. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$22,176 for 2018 and increased by \$27,941 for 2017.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional services, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$25,124,308 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$	11,855,433	10,196,460	16%
Restricted assets		388,246	1,024,516	(62)%
Capital assets, net		27,344,715	27,543,362	(1)%
Total assets		39,588,394	38,764,338	2%
Deferred outflows of resources		9,217,431	17,317,407	(47)%
Current liabilities		501,333	624,816	(20)%
Long-term debt outstanding		8,325,053	7,311,333	14%
Net OPEB liability		3,836,815		N/A
Net pension liability		57,679,354	60,732,490	(5)%
Total liabilities		70,342,555	68,668,639	2%
Deferred inflows of resources	_	3,587,578	4,301,607	(17)%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		19,459,715	20,868,362	(7)%
Restricted		8,094,130	2,395,958	238%
Unrestricted	_	(52,678,153)	(40,152,821)	(31)%
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(25,124,308)	(16,888,501)	(49)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (52,678,153)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred	
outflows and deferred inflows	55,886,316
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net	
OPEB liability effect	\$ 3,208,163

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$198,647.
- The principal retirement of \$2,064,104 of long-term debt.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$3,836,815.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$41,467,805 and \$41,841,685, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$45,928,906 for 2018 and \$46,445,834 for 2017.

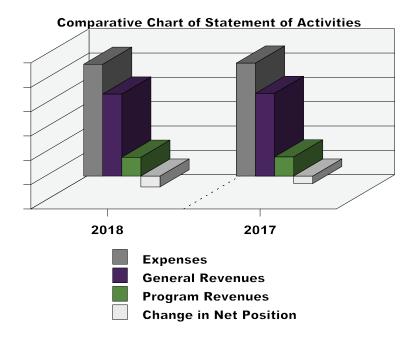
Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	_	Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Percentage Change
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	888,236	789,976	12%
Operating grants and contributions		6,854,475	7,069,369	(3)%
General Revenues:				
Property taxes		10,666,956	10,923,364	(2)%
Grants and contributions not restricted		21,475,031	21,998,399	(2)%
Unrestricted investment earnings		38,595	42,182	(9)%
Sixteenth section sources		35,189	36,437	(3)%
Other	_	1,509,323	981,958	54%
Total revenues	-	41,467,805	41,841,685	(1)%
Expenses:				
Instruction		20,787,480	22,160,936	(6)%
Support services		14,338,520	13,390,295	7%
Non-instructional		2,612,667	2,793,690	(6)%
Sixteenth section			938	(100)%
Pension expense		7,847,163	7,897,042	(1)%
OPEB expense		199,434		N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	143,642	202,933	(29)%
Total expenses	-	45,928,906	46,445,834	(1)%
Special items			1,500,512	N/A
Increase (Decrease) in net position	_	(4,461,101)	(3,103,637)	(44)%
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as previously reported		(16,888,501)	(13,784,864)	23%
Prior period adjustment	_	(3,774,706)		N/A
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as restated	-	(20,663,207)	(13,784,864)	50%
Net Position (Deficit), June 30	\$	(25,124,308)	(16,888,501)	(49)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018



Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Total Expenses

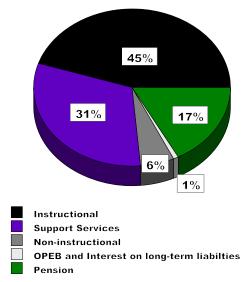
	-	<u> </u>		
	_	2018	2017	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$	20,787,480	22,160,936	(6)%
Support services		14,338,520	13,390,295	7%
Non-instructional		2,612,667	2,793,690	(6)%
Sixteenth section			938	(100)%
Pension expense		7,847,163	7,897,042	(1)%
OPEB expense		199,434		N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	143,642	202,933	(29)%
Total expenses	\$ _	45,928,906	46,445,834	(1)%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net (Expense) Revenue

	2018	2017	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$ (17,421,876)	(18,601,578)	6%
Support services	(12,877,885)	(11,969,898)	(8)%
Non-instructional	303,805	85,900	254%
Sixteenth section		(938)	100%
Pension expense	(7,847,163)	(7,897,042)	1%
OPEB expense	(199,434)		N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities	(143,642)	(202,933)	29%
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ (38,186,195)	(38,586,489)	1%

Chart of Expenses per Statement of Activities



- Net cost of governmental activities (\$38,186,195 for 2018 and \$38,586,489 for 2017) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$10,666,956 for 2018 and \$10,923,364 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$21,475,031 for 2018 and \$21,998,399 for 2017). In addition, there was \$35,189 and \$36,437 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$38,595 for 2018 and \$42,182 for 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,840,913, an increase of \$1,108,124, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$7,023. \$3,420,925 or 29% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the general fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$8,419,988 or 71% is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$417,853. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$586,443, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$7,023. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	 Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	no increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	no increase or decrease
21st Century Fund	no increase or decrease
Capital Projects Fund	\$ (351,448)
3 Mill Note Retirement Fund	2,306,882
Fieldhouse Project Donation Fund	156,986

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and the major special revenue funds are provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$43,913,129, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$726,235 from 2017. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$16,568,414, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,103,486, resulting in total net capital assets of \$27,344,715.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	=	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Percentage Change
Land	\$	723,090	723,090	0%
Construction in progress		493,664	515,432	(4)%
Buildings		23,532,401	23,489,205	0%
Building improvements		96,324	106,384	(9)%
Improvements other than buildings		370,472	389,975	(5)%
Mobile equipment		1,856,777	1,974,566	(6)%
Furniture and equipment	_	271,987	344,710	(21)%
Total	\$	27,344,715	27,543,362	(1)%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2018, the District had \$8,325,053 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$465,000 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$22,176 from the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	-	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Percentage Change
General obligation bonds payable	\$		660,000	(100)%
Limited obligation bonds payable			645,000	(100)%
Three mill notes payable		7,885,000	5,370,000	47%
Shortfall notes payable			174,104	(100)%
Compensated absences payable		440,053	462,229	(5)%
Total	\$	8,325,053	7,311,333	14%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The South Panola School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

Enrollment for the 2017 - 2018 year increased by 2% to 4,268 students.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have questions about this report, contact the Superintendent's Office of the South Panola School District, 209 Boothe Street, Batesville, MS 38606.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,539,220
Cash with fiscal agents	353,998
Due from other governments	844,041
Accrued interest receivable	430
Inventories	53,182
Prepaid items	64,562
Restricted assets	388,246
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	•
Land	723,090
Construction in progress	493,664
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	•
Buildings	23,532,401
Building improvements	96,324
Improvements other than buildings	370,472
Mobile equipment	1,856,777
Furniture and equipment	271,987
Total Assets	39,588,394
Total Assets	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	9,002,599
Deferred outflows - OPEB	214,832
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,217,431
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	402,766
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	98,567
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	
Capital related liabilities	465,000
Net OPEB liability	156,654
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	7,420,000
Non-capital related liabilities	440,053
Net pension liability	57,679,354
Net OPEB liability	3,680,161
Total Liabilities	70,342,555
Total Elabilities	70,042,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources	0.000.000
Deferred inflows - pensions	3,392,209
Deferred inflows - OPEB	195,369
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,587,578
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,459,715
Restricted For:	
Expendable:	
School-based activities	843,919
Debt service	677,275
Capital projects	6,412,059
Forestry improvements	17,262
Unemployment benefits	110,000
Nonexpendable:	1.5,000
Sixteenth section	33,615
Unrestricted	(52,678,153)
Total Net Position	\$ (25,124,308)
	<u> </u>

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Program Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Functions/Programs	Operating Charges for Grants ar Expenses Services Contribution	and Governmental	
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support services Noninstructional services Pension expense OPEB expense Interest on long-term liabilities Total Governmental Activities	\$ 20,787,480 \$ 584,253 \$ 2,781,3 14,338,520 1,460,6 2,612,667 303,983 2,612,4 7,847,163 199,434 143,642 \$ 45,928,906 \$ 888,236 \$ 6,854,4	(12,877,885) 89 303,805 (7,847,163) (199,434) (143,642)	
	General Revenues: Taxes: General purpose levies Debt purpose levies Unrestricted grants and contributions:	9,456,999 1,209,957	
	State Federal Unrestricted investment earnings Sixteenth section sources Other Total General Revenues	21,269,158 205,873 38,595 35,189 1,509,323 33,725,094	
	Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported Prior Period Adjustment Net Position - Beginning, as restated	(4,461,101) (16,888,501) (3,774,706) (20,663,207)	
	Net Position - Ending	\$(25,124,308)	

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BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	General Fund		Title I Fund	 IDEA Part B Fund	21st Century Fund
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agents Investments Due from other governments Accrued interest receivable Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid items	\$	2,602,683 353,998 311,010 430 483,105 64,562	\$	 114,751 	\$ 225,026 	\$ 117,115
Total Assets	\$	3,815,788	\$	114,751	\$ 225,026	\$ 117,115
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$ 	167,572 167,572	\$	7,599 107,152 114,751	\$ 935 224,091 225,026	\$ 1,574 115,541 117,115
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Permanent fund Prepaid items Inventory		 64,562 		 	 	
Restricted: Unemployment benefits Forestry improvements Capital projects Debt service Grant activities		 		 	 	
Food service Assigned to: Activity funds Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		162,729 3,420,925 3,648,216 3,815,788	\$ <u></u>	 114,751	 \$ 225,026	 \$ 117,115

	Capital Projects Fund	3 Mill Note Retirement Fund		Fieldhouse Project Donation Fund		Other Governmental Funds		G 	Total Governmental Funds
\$	3,948,191 	\$	2,306,882 	\$	357,356 	\$	1,678,739 33,615 76,139 20,042 53,182	\$	10,893,851 353,998 33,615 844,041 430 503,147 53,182 64,562
\$\$ 	3,948,191 	\$ \$	 	\$ \$	200,370 200,370	\$ \$ 	24,716 56,363 81,079	\$ \$ 	12,746,826 402,766 503,147 905,913
	 3,948,191 		 2,306,882 		 156,986 		33,615 53,182 110,000 17,262 775,842 184,445 606,292		33,615 64,562 53,182 110,000 17,262 6,412,059 775,842 184,445 606,292
\$ *	3,948,191 3,948,191	\$	2,306,882 2,306,882	\$	156,986 357,356	\$	1,780,638 1,861,717	\$	3,420,925 11,840,913 12,746,826

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 11,840,913

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	27,344,715
Liabilites due in one year are not recognized in the funds.	(621,654)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(98,567)
Payables for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(7,420,000)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(440,053)
Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(57,679,354)
Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(3,392,209)
Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	9,002,599
Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(3,680,161)
Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(195,369)
Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	214,832

Net position of governmental activities

\$__(25,124,308)

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SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Davanusas		General Fund		Title I Fund	_	IDEA Part B Fund		21st Century Fund
Revenues:	Φ	11 000 001	Φ		Φ		ф	
Local sources	\$	11,092,201	\$		\$		\$	
State sources		21,050,138		1 0 17 000		 1 010 E4E		
Federal sources Sixteenth section sources		224,146 35,788		1,347,803		1,013,545		239,340
Total Revenues	_	,	_	1,347,803	_	1 012 545	_	220 240
Total nevertues		32,402,273	_	1,347,003	_	1,013,545		239,340
Expenditures:								
Instruction		19,032,263		1,328,789		566,461		185,808
Support services		13,976,640		163,030		415,355		45,909
Noninstructional services				59,566				
Facilities acquisition and construction		35,675						
Debt service:								
Principal								
Interest								
Other								
Total Expenditures		33,044,578		1,551,385		981,816		231,717
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(642,305)	_	(203,582)	_	31,729	_	7,623
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Proceeds of loans								
Insurance recovery		60,295						
Sale of transportation equipment		3,526						
Operating transfers in		1,274,263		248,360				
Operating transfers out		(1,113,632)		(44,778)		(31,729)		(7,623)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		224,452		203,582		(31,729)		(7,623)
Net change in fund balances		(417,853)						
Fund Balances:								
July 1, 2017		4,066,069						
Increase (Decrease) in inventory								
June 30, 2018	\$	3,648,216	\$		\$		\$	
ound 00, 2010	$\Psi_{}$	0,040,210	Ψ		$\Psi_{=}$		Ψ	

	Capital Projects Fund	Note	3 Mill Note Retirement Fund		Fieldhouse Project Donation Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	14,333 14,333	\$	465 465	\$	500,000 500,000	\$	1,495,358 1,271,170 3,183,364 155 5,950,047	9	13,102,357 22,321,308 6,008,198 35,943 41,467,806
	 199,558 166,223		 115,968 114,976		 343,014		1,547,579 373,478 2,600,380		22,660,900 15,289,938 2,659,946 659,888
_	365,781		1,250 232,194		 343,014 156,986		2,064,104 175,404 5,050 6,765,995		2,064,104 175,404 6,300 43,516,480
	(351,448)		(231,729) 3,100,000 (561,389)		 		(815,948) 1,750,722 (1,514,194)		3,100,000 60,295 3,526 3,273,345 (3,273,345)
	(351,448)		2,306,882		156,986		236,528		3,163,821
\$	4,299,639 3,948,191	\$	 2,306,882	\$	 156,986	\$	2,367,081 (7,023) 1,780,638	\$	10,732,789 (7,023) 3 11,840,913

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,115,147

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	915,757
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(1,103,486)
Trade-in or disposal of capital assets decrease net position in the SOA but not in the funds.	(14,173)
All proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	(3,526)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	1,305,000
Repayment of note principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	759,104
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	38,062
Change in inventory affects fund balance in the funds but affects expense in the SOA.	(7,023)
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.	22,176
Proceeds of notes do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds.	(3,100,000)
Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.	3,494,889
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(7,847,163)
OPEB contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.	163,569
OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(199,434)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$___(4,461,101)

EXHIBIT E

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	_	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,730,053
Total Assets	\$	1,730,053
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,615,929
Due to student clubs		114,124
Total Liabilities	\$	1,730,053

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, South Panola School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund - This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund - This fund accounts for the resources from the grants to states to assist them in providing a free appropriate public education to all children with disabilities.

21st Century Fund - This fund is used to account for federal revenues and expenditures of the 21st Century Program.

Capital Projects Fund - This capital projects fund is financed with local funds and management has assigned its use for repairs and renovations of school buildings and related facilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

3 Mill Note Retirement Fund - This is a capital project fund that accounts for the payments of the 3 Mill Notes Payable when the notes and the interest becomes due.

Fieldhouse Project Donation Fund - This fund is used to account for the Fieldhouse capital project. The acquisition and construction of Fieldhouse capital project revenues and expenditures are reported in this fund.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Funds - These funds are used to account for the transaction of student clubs.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues. The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting*, issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems*, 2014, issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected. Investments

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the firstin, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund. The restricted assets represent the unexpended bond proceeds.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	_	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building Improvements	3	25,000	20 years
Improvements other that	an buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	nt	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under	capital leases	*	*

^(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The school district have deferred outflows which are presented as deferred outflows for pension and OPEB.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The school district have deferred inflows which are presented as deferred inflows for pension and OPEB.

See Note 12 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/ Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums, and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method. The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the policy adopted by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year end of not less than 10% of general revenues. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

13. New Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school districts' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$10,893,851 and \$1,730,053, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Institution Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2018, none of the district's bank balance of \$13,511,012 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$353,998.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments.

I T		Maturities		
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)]	Fair Value
Certificates of deposit	N/A	More than one year	\$	33,615

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

■ Level 1 type of investments of \$33,615 are valued using quote market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposures to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosures of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 107,152
	IDEA Part B Fund	224,091
	21st Century Fund	115,541
	Other Governmental Funds	36,321
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	 20,042
Total		\$ 503,147

The primary purpose of the interfund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end and amounts due from and amounts due to agency funds.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers In	Transfers Out	 Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 44,778
	IDEA Part B Fund	31,729
	21st Century Fund	7,623
	3 Mill Note Retirement Fund	561,389
	Other Governmental Funds	628,744
Title I Fund	Other Governmental Funds	248,360
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	1,113,632
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	 637,090
Total		\$ 3,273,345

The primary purpose of the interfund transfers out of the General Fund and into the Other Governmental Funds was to finance basic operations of the district that are not directly funded. The primary reason for the transfer out of the Other Governmental Funds is the indirect cost allocation from the General Fund.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the investment balances, totaling \$33,615 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$354,631 of the capital outlay/debt service fund which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7-1-2017	Additions	Deletions	Completed Construction	Adjustments	Balance 6-30-2018
Non-depreciable capital assets:	_						
Land	\$	723,090					723,090
Construction in progress		515,432	659,888		(681,656)		493,664
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	1,238,522	659,888	0	(681,656)	0	1,216,754
Depreciable capital assets:							
Buildings		34,735,905			681,656		35,417,561
Building improvements		251,504					251,504
Improvements other than buildings		567,514					567,514
Mobile equipment		4,914,007	177,532	158,600			4,932,939
Furniture and equipment	_	1,479,442	78,337	30,922			1,526,857
Total depreciable capital assets	_	41,948,372	255,869	189,522	681,656	0	42,696,375
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings		11,246,700	638,460				11,885,160
Building improvements		145,120	10,060				155,180
Improvements other than buildings		177,539	19,503				197,042
Mobile equipment		2,939,441	293,859	141,210		(15,928)	3,076,162
Furniture and equipment		1,134,732	141,604	30,613		9,147	1,254,870
Total accumulated depreciation	_	15,643,532	1,103,486	171,823	0	(6,781)	16,568,414
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	26,304,840	(847,617)	17,699	681,656	6,781	26,127,961
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	27,543,362	(187,729)	17,699	0	6,781	27,344,715

Adjustments were made to properly presented capital assets.

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Instruction	\$ 772,440
Support services	220,697
Non-instructional	110,349
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,103,486

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Spent to June 30, 2018	Remaining Commitment
Governmental Activities:		
Weight Room	\$ 43,764	\$ 4,968
Practice Facility	375,513	3,110,691
Fieldhouse (Soccer)	74,387	65,735
Total governmental activities	\$ 493,664	\$ 3,181,394

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with debt proceeds.

Note 6 - Long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		_	Balance 7-1-2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6-30-2018	Amounts due within one year
A.	General obligation refunding bonds payable	\$	660,000		660,000	0	
B.	Limited obligation refunding bonds payable		645,000		645,000	0	
C.	Three mill notes payable		5,370,000	3,100,000	585,000	7,885,000	465,000
D.	Shortfall notes payable		174,104		174,104	0	
E.	Compensated absences payable	_	462,229		22,176	440,053	
	Total	\$_	7,311,333	3,100,000	2,086,280	8,325,053	465,000

A. General obligation refunding bonds payable

This debt was paid off and retired from the Bond Retirement Fund.

B. Limited obligation refunding bonds payable

This debt was paid off and retired from the MAEP Bond Retirement Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

C. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
1. Three mill note, Series 2013	1.70%	7-23-13	7-23-18	\$	2,580,000	385,000
2. Three mill note, Series 2015	2.80%	9-1-15	9-1-28		4,600,000	4,400,000
3. Three mill note, Series 2018	3 - 3.5%	6-14-18	6-1-33	_	3,100,000	3,100,000
Total				\$_	10,280,000	7,885,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Three mill note, Series 2013:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 385,000	6,545	391,545

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

2. Three mill note, Series 2015:

Year Ending				
June 30		Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$	80,000	123,200	203,200
2020		410,000	120,960	530,960
2021		430,000	109,480	539,480
2022		440,000	97,860	537,860
2023		460,000	85,960	545,960
2024 - 2028		2,245,000	245,140	2,490,140
2029		335,000	12,740	347,740
	=			
Total	\$	4,400,000	795,340	5,195,340

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

3. Three mill note, Series 2018:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$	99,829	99,829
2020		103,569	103,569
2021		103,569	103,569
2022		103,569	103,569
2023		103,569	103,569
2024 - 2028	295,000	504,494	799,494
2029 - 2033	 2,805,000	289,817	3,094,817
Total	\$ 3,100,000	1,308,416	4,408,416

This debt will be retire from the Three Mill Debt Service Fund.

Total on all three mill note issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	 Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 465,000	229,574	694,574
2020	410,000	224,529	634,529
2021	430,000	213,049	643,049
2022	440,000	201,429	641,429
2023	460,000	189,529	649,529
2024 - 2028	2,540,000	749,634	3,289,634
2029 - 2033	 3,140,000	302,557	3,442,557
Total	\$ 7,885,000	2,110,301	9,995,301

D. Shortfall notes payable

This debt was paid off and retired from the Shortfall Notes Payable Fund.

E. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

The school district has an operating lease for copy machines. The terms are \$17,100 per month for 48 months. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018, amounted to

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

\$203,856. Future lease payments for this lease are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 85,500

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school district. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contigent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2017, were \$3,494,889, \$3,505,760, and \$3,465,967, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the school district reported a liability of \$57,679,354 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was 0.346977 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was an increase of 0.002983 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$7,847,163. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,413,733	\$	420,869	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				2,971,340	
Change in assumptions		58,908			
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of					
contributions		3,035,069			
District contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		3,494,889	_		
Total	\$	9,002,599	\$	3,392,209	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

\$3,494,889 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2019	\$ 1,607,932
2020	1,523,329
2021	98,396
2022	(1,114,155)
Total	\$ 2,115,502

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25 – 18.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	<u>Target</u>	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	27.00%	4.60%
International Equity	18.00	4.50
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00	4.75
Global	12.00	4.75
Fixed Income	18.00	0.75
Real Estate	10.00	3.50
Private Equity	8.00	5.10
Emerging Debt	2.00	2.25
Cash	1.00	0.00
Total	100.00%	-

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$_	75,650,323	57,679,354	42,759,544

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et. seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issued a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/ junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$163,569 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$3,836,815 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.48900980 percent. This was an increase of 0.00737986 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$199,434. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change of assumptions	\$	\$ 195,369
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	51,263	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	163,569	
Total	\$ 214,832	\$ 195,369

\$163,569 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Medicare Supplement Claims

Health Care Cost Trends

Pre-Medicare

Year Ending June 30:		
2019	\$	(25,282)
2020		(25,282)
2021		(25,282)
2022		(25,282)
2023		(25,282)
Thereafter	_	(17,696)
Total	\$	(144,106)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25 - 18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2017 2016
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	2.56
Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent

7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.56%)	Discount Rate (3.56%)	1% Increase (4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 3,938,143 \$	3,836,815 \$	3,761,356

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare	
		Cost Trend	
	1% Decrease	Rates Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 3,543,556 \$	3,836,815	\$ 4,171,601

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

Note 10 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 72 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants - The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Litigation - The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$52,678,153) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pension in the amount of \$3,494,889 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The \$5,507,710 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$52,678,153) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$3,392,209 balance of deferred inflow of resources, at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$52,678,153) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$163,569 resulting from the amount paid by the school district as benefits come due subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The \$51,263 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$52,678,153) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$195,369 balance of deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 13 - Insurance Loss Recoveries

The South Panola School District received \$60,295 in insurance loss recoveries related to property damage during the 2017 - 2018 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as instructional and support services.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 14 - Prior Period Adjustment

A summary of significant Net Position adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation			Amount
1. Implementation of GASB 75:		\$	
Net OPEB liability (06-30-17)	(3,932,455)		
Deferred outflows - contributions made during fiscal year	150,968	_	
Total prior period adjustment related to GASB 75		\$	(3,781,487)
2. To properly present capital assets at year end.		_	6,781
Total		\$	(3,774,706)

Note 15 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the South Panola School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statement:

The school district has issued \$3,000,000 in Trust Certificates Series 2018 on November 13, 2018 that will yield interest ranging 3.25 to 4.50 percent. The purpose of the Trust Certificates Series 2018 was to financed certain capital improvements for the district.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Exhibit 1

Variances

					Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Original	Final	
	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	11,017,000	11,092,001	11,092,201	75,001	200	
State sources		21,535,361	21,050,136	21,050,138	(485,225)	2	
Federal sources		236,000	224,146	224,146	(11,854)	-	
Sixteenth section sources	_	35,589	35,789	35,788	200	(1)	
Total Revenues	-	32,823,950	32,402,072	32,402,273	(421,878)	201	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		19,394,154	19,092,142	19,032,263	302,012	59,879	
Support services		12,859,666	14,050,312	13,976,640	(1,190,646)	73,672	
Noninstructional services				-	-	-	
Facilities acquisition and construction			55,875	35,675	(55,875)	20,200	
Total Expenditures	-	32,253,820	33,198,329	33,044,578	(944,509)	153,751	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	570,130	(796,257)	(642,305)	(1,366,387)	153,952	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Insurance recovery		1,000.00	60,295	60,295	59,295	-	
Sale of transportation equipment		2,000.00	3,526	3,526	1,526	-	
Operating transfers in		4,287,134	5,235,465	1,274,263	948,331	(3,961,202)	
Operating transfers out		(4,974,525)	(5,224,832)	(1,113,632)	(250,307)	4,111,200	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(684,391)	74,454	224,452	758,845	149,998	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(114,261)	(721,803)	(417,853)	(607,542)	303,950	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2017, as previously reported Prior period adjustments		3,664,772	4,066,070	4,066,069	401,298	(1)	
July 1, 2017, as restated	-	3,664,772	4,066,070	4,066,069	401,298	(1)	
June 30, 2018	\$	3,550,511	3,344,267	3,648,216	(206,244)	303,949	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Exhibit 2

To the Tell Ended Julie 30, 2010					Variances Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Original	Final	
	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:				<u> </u>			
Federal sources	\$	1,800,193	1,717,613	1,347,803	(82,580)	(369,810)	
Total Revenues	_	1,800,193	1,717,613	1,347,803	(82,580)	(369,810)	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		1,605,973	1,493,649	1,328,789	112,324	164,860	
Support services		298,254	346,583	163,030	(48,329)	183,553	
Noninstructional services		72,662	80,751	59,566	(8,089)	21,185	
Total Expenditures	_	1,976,889	1,920,983	1,551,385	55,906	369,598	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(176,696)	(203,370)	(203,582)	(26,674)	(212)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers in		224,645	248,360	248,360	23,715	-	
Operating transfers out		(47,949)	(44,990)	(44,778)	2,959	212	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	176,696	203,370	203,582	26,674	212	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>		
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2017	_						
June 30, 2018	\$_	-			<u>-</u>		

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Exhibit 3

Tor the Tear Ended Julie 30, 2010				Variances			
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual _	Positive (Negative) Original Final		
	_	Original Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:	_	Original	1 mai	(O/I/II Dasis)	to i mai	to 7 tetuar	
Federal sources	\$	1,065,000	1,321,357	1,013,545	256,357	(307,812)	
Total Revenues	Ψ_	1,065,000	1,321,357	1,013,545	256,357	(307,812)	
Expenditures:							
Instructional		549,242	807,680	566,461	(258,438)	241,219	
Support services		491,758	474,829	415,355	16,929	59,474	
		-	300	-	(300)	300	
Total Expenditures	_	1,041,000	1,282,809	981,816	(241,809)	300,993	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures	_	24,000	38,548	31,729	14,548	(6,819)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Operating transfers out		(24,000)	(38,548)	(31,729)	(14,548)	6,819	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(24,000)	(38,548)	(31,729)	(14,548)	6,819	
Net Change in Fund Balances	_			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2017		-	-	-	-	-	
June 30, 2018	\$	-	-		-	-	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule 21st Century Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Exhibit 4

					Variar	nces
				_	Positive (N	legative)
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:		<u> </u>				
Federal sources	\$	-	239,340	239,340	239,340	-
Total Revenues	_	-	239,340	239,340	239,340	
Expenditures:						
Instruction		_	185,808	185,808	(185,808)	_
Support services		_	45,909	45,909	(45,909)	_
Noninstructional services		_	-	-	-	_
Total Expenditures		-	231,717	231,717	(231,717)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	_		7,623	7,623	7,623	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers out			(7,623)	(7,623)	(7,623)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		(7,623)	(7,623)	(7,623)	
Net Change in Fund Balances			<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2017	_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
June 30, 2018	\$	-	-		-	_

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS $\,$

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 57,679,354	60,732,490	49,465,689	41,269,775
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	0.346977%	0.34%	0.32%	0.34%
District's covered payroll	22,258,794	22,006,140	19,880,533	20,751,930
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	259.13%	275.98%	248.81%	198.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Schedule of District Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,494,889	3,505,760	3,465,967	3,131,184
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		3,494,889	3,505,760	3,465,967	3,131,184
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ =				
District's covered payroll		22,189,771	22,258,794	22,006,140	19,880,533
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,836,815
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.48900980%
District's covered payroll	21,969,866 **
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

- * The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.
- ** The amount used to calculate this figure was based on the Plan's covered payroll as of the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of District Contributions OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 163,569	**
Contributions in relation to the contractually		
required contribution	163,569	**
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	- =
District's covered payroll	20,527,008	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.80%	

- * This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.
- ** The amounts reflected above only pertains to the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.*

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 33.9 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2017:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017:

None

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculation of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare

Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 7.75 percent

Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare

Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 5.00 percent

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare

Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 2022

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including

price inflation 3.56 percent

(4) Under GASB 75, employers are also required to consider any implicit subsidy that may be occurring. Medical costs generally increase with advancing age. Therefore, the medical costs for the retiree group are higher than the medical costs for the employee group, even taking Medicare into account. Stated another way, when a plan includes both employees and retirees, the blended premiums are almost always higher than what the premiums would be for employees, and lower than what the premiums would be for retirees, if each group were rated separately. The premium rate difference is referred to as the implicit rate subsidy.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/	Pass-through Entity Identifying	Catalog of Federal Domestic	Federal
Program Title/	Number	Assistance No.	Expenditures
	 , . .		
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:	4057 5000 074000	10.770	
School Breakfast Program	185MS326N1099	10.553	652,096
National School Lunch Program	185MS326N1099	10.555	1,889,744
Summer Food Service Program for Children	185MS326N1099	10.559	7,780
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	1053402261 1602	10.502	2,549,620
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	185MS326L1603	10.582	111,062
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			2,660,682
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,660,682
U. S. Department of Defense			
Direct program:			
Reserve Officers' Training Corps		12.xxx	100,482
Total U.S. Department of Defense		12	100,482
10m2 0.6. 2 opm mons 0.2 0.0.60			100,.02
U. S. Department of Interior			
Direct program:			
Payment of lieu of taxes		15.226	77,677
Total U.S. Department of Interior			77,677
U. S. Department of Education			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:	EG010 1 1 5000 1	04.010	1.50 < 1 < 2
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	ES010A170024	84.010	1,596,163
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	V048A170024	84.048	46,786
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	ES287C170024	84.287	239,340
Rural Education	ES358B170024	84.358	36,571
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	ES367A170023 ES424A170025	84.367 84.424	274,335
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program Subtotal	E3424A170023	64.424	22,440 2,215,635
Special Education Cluster:			2,213,033
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A170108	84.027	1,013,545
Positive Behavior Specialists	H027A170108	84.027A	9,236
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A170113	84.173	51,103
Total Special Education Cluster	111/3/11/0113	04.175	1,073,884
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			3,289,519
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,289,519
Total Cipi Department of Education			3,207,317
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical Assistance Program	1805MS5ADM	93.778	64,184
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			64,184
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			64,184
Total for All Federal Awards		\$	6,192,544
		·	

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the school district under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the school district, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the school district.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The school district did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$180,966 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June $30,\,2018$

			Instruction and			
			Other Student Instructional	General	School	
Expenditures		Total	Expenditures	Administration	2	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$	30,725,972	23,141,007	1,009,730	2,436,593	4,138,642
Other		12,790,508	2,667,121	215,895	38,087	9,869,405
Total	\$	43,516,480	25,808,128	1,225,625	2,474,680	14,008,047
Total number of students *	_	4,268				
Cost per student	\$	10,196	6,047	287	580	3,283

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Sudent Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following fucntion: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditures functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years "UNAUDITED"

		2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:	_				
Local sources	\$	11,092,201	11,065,171	10,929,132	10,372,274
State sources		21,050,138	21,020,456	21,225,060	20,447,095
Federal sources		224,146	783,946	201,517	197,119
Sixteenth section sources	_	35,788	35,662	35,189	35,379
Total Revenues	-	32,402,273	32,905,235	32,390,898	31,051,867
Expenditures:					
Instruction		19,032,263	20,096,008	19,545,727	18,750,511
Support services		13,976,640	12,890,493	13,673,126	11,752,002
Noninstructional services		-	61,219	93,311	317
Facilities acquisition and construction	_	35,675	1,508,597	4,156,093	-
Total Expenditures	-	33,044,578	34,556,317	37,468,257	30,502,830
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	(642,305)	(1,651,082)	(5,077,359)	549,037
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of loans		_	_	_	508,000
Insurance recovery		60,295	1,500,512	5,776,865	205,816
Sale of transportation equipment		3,526	1,673	518	2,024
Operating transfers in		1,274,263	352,304	332,574	251,489
Operating transfers out		(1,113,632)	(1,211,330)	(1,281,053)	(1,149,676)
Other financing uses		-	-	(4,154)	(28)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	224,452	643,159	4,824,750	(182,375)
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(417,853)	(1,007,923)	(252,609)	366,662
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		4,066,069	5,073,992	5,326,601	4,413,853
Fund reclassification		-	· · · · · -	· · · · -	508,000
Prior period adjustment		-	-	-	38,086
Beginning of period, as restated	-	4,066,069	5,073,992	5,326,601	4,959,939
End of period	\$	3,648,216	4,066,069	5,073,992	5,326,601
	=				

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

SOUTH PANOLA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years

"UNAUDITED"

		2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:	_				_
Local sources	\$	13,102,357	12,685,890	12,480,771	11,891,378
State sources		22,321,308	22,329,997	22,536,158	21,763,835
Federal sources		6,008,198	6,788,770	6,231,985	6,446,338
Sixteenth section sources		35,943	37,028	35,273	35,379
Total Revenues	_	41,467,806	41,841,685	41,284,187	40,136,930
Expenditures:					
Instruction		22,660,900	24,085,083	23,252,209	22,200,887
Support services		15,289,938	14,254,464	15,049,126	13,620,386
Noninstructional services		2,659,946	2,890,066	2,829,868	2,549,030
Sixteenth section		-	938	2,600	800
Facilities acquisition and construction		659,888	2,413,600	7,605,147	_
Debt service:					
Principal		2,064,104	2,069,271	2,029,625	2,998,972
Interest		175,404	213,889	125,207	946,088
Other		6,300	3,200	35,962	2,850
Total Expenditures	=	43,516,480	45,930,511	50,929,744	42,319,013
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	-	(2,048,674)	(4,088,826)	(9,645,557)	(2,182,083)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of notes		3,100,000	_	4,600,000	508,000
Insurance recovery		60,295	1,500,512	5,776,865	205,816
Sale of other property		-	-	300	_
Sale of transportation equipment		3,526	1,673	518	2,024
Operating transfers in		3,273,345	1,823,660	1,613,627	1,401,165
Operating transfers out		(3,273,345)	(1,823,660)	(1,613,627)	(1,401,165)
Other financing uses		-	-	(33,899)	(1,362)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	3,163,821	1,502,185	10,343,784	714,478
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	1,115,147	(2,586,641)	698,227	(1,467,605)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		10,732,789	13,320,041	12,637,680	13,573,730
Prior period adjustment		- -	· -	-	508,000
Beginning of period, as restated	_	10,732,789	13,320,041	12,637,680	14,081,730
Increase (decrease) in inventory	_	(7,023)	(611)	(15,866)	23,555
End of period	\$	11,840,913	10,732,789	13,320,041	12,637,680
	_				

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of South Panola School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Panola School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 7, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the South Panola School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC January 7, 2019

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited South Panola School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on South Panola School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2018. The South Panola School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for South Panola School District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the school district's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the school district's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the South Panola School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the South Panola School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered South Panola School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARO, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC January 7, 2019

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board South Panola School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Panola School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise South Panola School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 7, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

1929 SPILLWAY ROAD, SUITE B BRANDON, MISSISSIPPI 39047 TELEPHONE 601-992-5292 FAX 601-992-2033 This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FONTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC January 7, 2019

Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major program:

CFDA Numbers:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553, 10.555 & 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes.
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit findings(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b). No.

Section II: Financial Statements Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Ouestioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.