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South Tippah School District

Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

> Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

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FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board South Tippah School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Tippah School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Tippah School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Tippah School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the school district adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. As a result, net position as of July 1, 2017, has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 8 to 17 and 52 to 62, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the South Tippah School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All

Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2018, on our consideration of the South Tippah School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Tippah School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering South Tippah School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC December 19, 2018

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The following discussion and analysis of South Tippah School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$4,034,067, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,457,926), due primarily to the recording of the net OPEB liability, which represents a 40.03% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$3,267,461, including a prior period adjustment of (\$3,912), which represents a 47.98% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$21,106,767 and \$20,076,584, or 79.93% and 80.60% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$5,299,247, or 20.07% of total revenues for 2018, and \$4,833,413, or 19.40% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$27,982,155 and \$28,173,546 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$5,299,247 for 2018 and \$4,833,413 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$21,106,767 for 2018 and general revenues of \$20,076,584 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$20,155,372 in revenues and \$19,666,627 in expenditures for 2018, and \$20,218,399 in revenues and \$19,912,816 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$474,391, including a prior period adjustment of \$88,337, from 2017 to 2018, and increased by \$234,662 from 2016 to 2017.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$55,190 for 2018 and decreased by \$591,543 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due to the increase in accumulated depreciation and the retirement of various buses and drivers' education cars.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$148,388 for 2018 and increased by \$124,166 for 2017. This decrease for 2018 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$19,239 for 2018 and decreased by \$100 for 2017.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the governmentwide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$14,111,321 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	luma 20, 2040	luma 20, 2047	Percentag	-
	 June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Change	
Current assets	\$ 5,722,062	\$ 4,575,972	25.05	%
Restricted assets	1,157,046	1,014,480	14.05	%
Capital assets, net	16,988,661	17,043,851	-0.32	%
Total assets	23,867,769	22,634,303	5.45	
Deferred outflows of resources	4,296,826	8,939,340	-51.93	%
Current liabilities	465,688	348,851	33.49	%
Long-term debt outstanding	2,392,123	2,559,750	-6.55	%
Net OPEB liability	2,513,974	-	N/A	%
Net pension liability	36,006,105	38,639,618	-6.82	%
Total liabilities	 41,377,890	41,548,219	-0.41	%
Deferred inflows of resources	898,026	 102,678	774.60	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	14,828,986	14,727,631	0.69	%
Restricted	2,517,238	1,819,810	38.32	%
Unrestricted	(31,457,545)	(26,624,695)	18.15	%
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (14,111,321)	\$ (10,077,254)	40.03	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (31,457,545)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension	
liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows and	
deferred inflows	35,121,279
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB	
liability effect	\$ 3,663,734

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$55,190.
- The principal retirement of \$200,509 of long-term debt.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$2,513,974.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Changes in net position

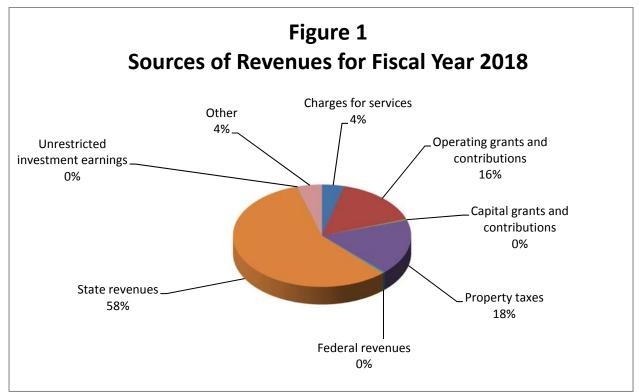
The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$26,406,014 and \$24,909,997, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$27,982,155 for 2018 and \$28,173,546 for 2017.

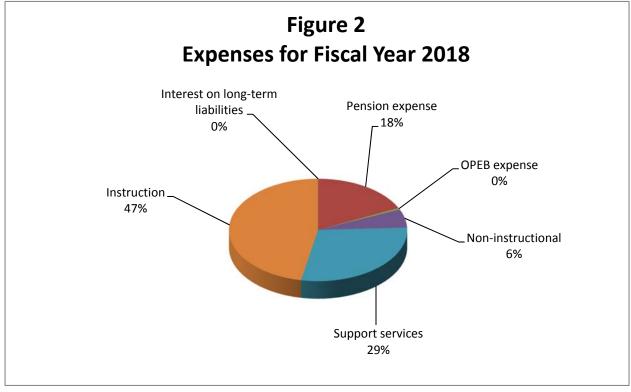
Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	 Year Ended June 30, 2018	 Year Ended June 30, 2017	Percentage Change)
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,058,003	\$ 1,030,961	2.62	%
Operating grants and contributions	4,149,094	3,800,403	9.18	%
Capital Grants and Contributions	92,150	2,049	4,397.32	%
General revenues:				
Property taxes	4,631,049	4,385,164	5.61	%
Grants and contributions not restricted	15,279,474	15,531,702	(1.62)	%
Investment earnings	41,171	39,007	5.55	%
Other	1,155,073	120,711	856.89	%
Total revenues	26,406,014	24,909,997	6.01	%
Expenses:		 		
Instruction	13,115,014	13,050,893	0.49	%
Support services	8,075,626	8,061,698	0.17	%
Non-instructional	1,614,358	1,652,024	(2.28)	%
Pension expense	5,033,683	5,402,436	(6.83)	%
OPEB expense	133,628	-	N/A	
Interest on long-term liabilities	9,846	6,495	51.59	%
Total expenses	27,982,155	 28,173,546	(0.68)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	(1,576,141)	 (3,263,549)	51.70	%
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as previously reported	(10,077,254)	(6,809,793)	(47.98)	%
Prior Period Adjustment	(2,457,926)	(3,912)	(62,730.42)	%
Net Position (Deficit), July 1, as restated	(12,535,180)	(6,813,705)	(83.97)	%
Net Position (Deficit), June 30	\$ (14,111,321)	\$ (10,077,254)	(40.03)	%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of six major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total I	Ехре	enses	Percentage
		2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$	13,115,014	\$	13,050,893	0.49 %
Support services		8,075,626		8,061,698	0.17 %
Non-instructional		1,614,358		1,652,024	(2.28) %
Pension expense		5,033,683		5,402,436	(6.83) %
OPEB expense		133,628		-	N/A %
Interest on long-term liabilities		9,846		6,495	51.59 %
Total expenses	\$	27,982,155	\$	28,173,546	(0.68) %
		Net (Expe	nse)	Revenue	Percentage
		Net (Exper	nse)	Revenue 2017	Percentage Change
Instruction	<u> </u>		nse) 		_
Instruction Support services	\$	2018		2017	Change
	\$	2018 (10,265,199)		2017 (10,450,403)	Change 1.77 %
Support services	\$	2018 (10,265,199) (6,996,272)		2017 (10,450,403) (7,189,649)	1.77 % 2.69 %
Support services Non-instructional	\$	2018 (10,265,199) (6,996,272) (244,280)		2017 (10,450,403) (7,189,649) (291,150)	Change 1.77 % 2.69 % 16.10 %
Support services Non-instructional Pension expense	\$	2018 (10,265,199) (6,996,272) (244,280) (5,033,683)		2017 (10,450,403) (7,189,649) (291,150)	Change 1.77 % 2.69 % 16.10 % 6.83 %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$22,682,908 for 2018 and \$23,340,133 for 2017) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,631,049 for 2018 and \$4,385,164 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$15,279,474 for 2018 and \$15,531,702 for 2017).
- Investment earnings amounted to \$41,171 for 2018 and \$39,007 for 2017.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,414,939, an increase of \$1,171,621, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$2,395. \$2,264,308 or 35.30% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$4,150,631 or 64.70% is either nonspendable, restricted or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$474,391 which includes a prior period adjustment of \$88,337. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$363,090, which includes a prior period adjustment of (\$88,337) and a decrease in inventory of \$2,395. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I - A Fund	no increase or decrease
IDEA Part B94-142 Fund	no increase or decrease
Title IV B 21st Century Fund	no increase or decrease
Insurance Proceeds Reroof Fund	\$ 909,914
QSCB Debt Retirement Fund	\$ 150,406

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$29,026,069, including land, construction in progress, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$386,777 from 2017. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$12,037,408, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$702,098, resulting in total net capital assets of \$16,988,661.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	 lune 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Percenta Change	_
Land	\$ 238,944	\$ 238,944	0.00	%
Construction in progress	171,711	-	N/A	%
Buildings	13,825,376	14,204,184	(2.67)	%
Building improvements	303,413	334,579	(9.31)	%
Improvements other than buildings	1,126,471	1,187,435	(5.13)	%
Mobile equipment	1,122,277	893,093	25.66	%
Furniture and equipment	200,469	185,616	8.00	%
Total	\$ 16,988,661	\$ 17,043,851	(0.32)	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2018, the District had \$2,392,123 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$193,705 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$19,239 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2018	Ju	une 30, 2017	Percenta Change	•
Three mill notes payable	\$	159,675	\$	316,220	(49.51)	%
Shortfall notes payable		69,120		60,963	13.38	%
Qualified school construction bonds payable		2,000,000		2,000,000	0.00	%
Compensated absences payable		163,328		182,567	(10.54)	%
Total	\$	2,392,123	\$	2,559,750	(6.55)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CURRENT ISSUES

The South Tippah School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and an internal financial control is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

Enrollment for the 2017-2018 year was 2,452 students.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the South Tippah School District, 402 Greenlee Avenue, Ripley, MS 38663.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position	Exhibit A
June 30, 2018	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,881,304
Due from other governments	811,282
Accrued interest receivable	9,986
Inventories	19,490
Restricted assets	1,157,046
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	
Land	238,944
Construction in progress	171,711
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	40,005,070
Buildings	13,825,376
Building improvements	303,413
Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment	1,126,471 1,122,277
Furniture and equipment	200,469
Total Assets	23,867,769
Total Assets	23,867,769
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,139,221
Deferred outflows - OPEB	157,605
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,296,826
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	460,670
Unearned revenue	3,499
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	1,519
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:	,
Capital related liabilities	159,675
Non-capital related liabilities	34,030
Net OPEB liability	102,383
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:	
Capital related liabilities	2,000,000
Non-capital related liabilities	198,418
Net OPEB liability	2,411,591
Net pension liability	36,006,105
Total Liabilities	41,377,890
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	770,015
Deferred inflows - OPEB	128,011
Total deferred inflows of resources	898,026
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	14,828,986
Restricted for:	14,020,000
Expendable:	
School-based activities	379,761
Debt service	1,168,161
Capital improvements	909,914
Unemployment benefits	59,402
Unrestricted	(31,457,545)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (14,111,321)
. ,	

Statement of Activities	_						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 201	В	_	Pro	ogram Revenues	Conital		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	_	Activities
Governmental Activities: Instruction Support services Non-instructional Pension expense OPEB expense Interest on long-term liabilities	\$	13,115,014 \$ 8,075,626 1,614,358 5,033,683 133,628 9,846	841,762 \$ - 216,241 - -	1,949,474 \$ 1,045,783 1,153,837	58,579 33,571 - - - -	\$	(10,265,199) (6,996,272) (244,280) (5,033,683) (133,628) (9,846)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	27,982,155 \$	1,058,003 \$	4,149,094 \$	92,150	\$	(22,682,908)
			State Federal Unrestricted inve- Other Total Genera	evies ts and contribution stment earnings I Revenues	s:	_	4,358,547 272,502 15,166,210 113,264 41,171 1,155,073 21,106,767
			Change in Net Positi			_	(1,576,141)
			Net Position (Deficit) Prior Period Adjustm		eviously reported	_	(10,077,254) (2,457,926)
			Net Position (Deficit)	- Beginning, as res	stated		(12,535,180)
			Net Position (Deficit)	- Ending		\$	(14,111,321)

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				Governmental Funds	Finds				
Balance Sheet June 30, 2018									Exhibit C
				Major	Major Funds				
		-		IDEA	Title IV B	Insurance	QSCB Debt	Other	Total
		General Fund	I itle I - A Fund	Part B94-142 Fund	21st Century Fund	Proceeds Reroot Fund	Ketirement Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	s	3,395,725 \$	\$	€ '	€ '	1,075,927 \$	\$	409,652 \$	4,881,304
Investments				•	•		1,157,046	•	1,157,046
Due from other governments		366,160	100,662	156,546	97,875		•	60'06	811,282
Accrued interest receivable		1,991	•	•	•	•	7,840	155	986'6
Due from other funds		359,147	•	•	•	•	1	10,568	369,715
Inventories		-	-	-	-	-	-	19,490	19,490
Total Assets		4,123,023	100,662	156,546	97,875	1,075,927	1,164,886	529,904	7,248,823
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	S	226,841 \$	9	\$ 96	46,375 \$	166,013 \$	\$	21,345 \$	460,670
Due to other funds			100,662	156,450	51,500			61,103	369,715
Unavailable revenue - prepaid items		1					•	3,499	3,499
Total Liabilities		226,841	100,662	156,546	97,875	166,013		85,947	833,884
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Inventory Restricted:		•		•		1	•	19,490	19,490
Debt service		1	ı	•	•		1,164,886	4,794	1,169,680
Capital projects				•	•	909,914	•	•	909,914
Grant activities			•	•	•	•	1	59,984	59,984
Unemployment benefits		•	•	•	•	•		59,402	59,402
Food services			•	•	•		•	168,394	168,394
Assigned:									
Capital improvements		1,318,331		•	•		•	•	1,318,331
Activity funds		313,543	•	•	•		•	•	313,543
Vocational center maintenance		•	•	•	•		1	131,893	131,893
Unassigned		2,264,308	•	•	•		1	•	2,264,308
Total Fund Balances		3,896,182				909,914	1,164,886	443,957	6,414,939
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	↔	4,123,023 \$	100,662 \$	156,546 \$	97,875 \$	1,075,927 \$	1,164,886 \$	529,904 \$	7,248,823

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net June 30, 2018	Position	Exhibit C-1
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	6,414,939
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Land Construction in progress Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment	\$ 238,944 171,711 20,979,186 878,552 1,704,056 3,679,541	
Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation 2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	1,374,079 (12,037,408)	16,988,661
Net pension liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(36,006,105)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	4,139,221 (770,015)	(32,636,899
3. Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(2,513,974)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	157,605 (128,011)	(2,484,380
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Qualified school construction bonds payable Notes payable Compensated absences	(2,000,000) (228,795) (163,328)	(2.202.045)
Accrued interest payable Net Position of governmental activities	(1,519)	(2,393,642

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Fund B	alances		Governmental rangs					Exhibit D
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	ļ				Major Funds				
		General	Title I - A	IDEA Part B94-142 Fund	Title IV B 21st Century Fund	Insurance Proceeds Reroof	QSCB Debt Retirement	Other Governmental Finds	Total Governmental Frinds
Revenues:		2	2	5	5	5	5		5
Local sources	↔	4,972,652 \$	⇔ '	⇔	,	\$ 902 \$	23,243	\$ 805,747 \$	5,802,348
State sources		14,975,822	•	•	1			1,200,427	16,176,249
Federal sources		206,898	731,055	633,302	188,508		•	1,584,705	3,344,468
Total Revenues		20,155,372	731,055	633,302	188,508	902	23,243	3,590,879	25,323,065
Expenditures:									
Instruction		12,218,358	606,483	304,662	139,615	•	•	1,299,656	14,568,774
Support services		7,123,369	110,818	328,089	47,619		•	1,039,441	8,649,336
Noninstructional services		324,900	8,804	551	•		•	1,347,273	1,681,528
Facilities acquisition and construction			٠	•	•	166,013	•	5,698	171,711
Debt service:								000	000
Principal					•		•	80c,002	200,508
Interest					•	•	•	7,544	7,544
Other							2,500	•	2,500
Total Expenditures		19,666,627	726,105	633,302	187,234	166,013	2,500	3,900,121	25,281,902
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expanditures		488,745	4,950		1,274	(165,307)	20,743	(309,242)	41,163
Other Financing Sources (Heas)									
Notes issued		52,121	٠	٠	•		•	٠	52,121
Insurance recovery			•	•	•	1,075,221	•	•	1,075,221
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent				•	•	•	129,663		129,663
Payment to QSCB escrow agent				•	•		•	(129,663)	(129,663)
Sale of transportation equipment		5,511		•	•		•		5,511
Operating transfers in		6,461	•	•	•	•	•	166,784	173,245
Operating transfers out		(166,784)	(4,950)	•	(1,274)	•	•	(237)	(173,245)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(102,691)	(4,950)		(1,274)	1,075,221	129,663	36,884	1,132,853
Net Change in Fund Balances		386,054				909,914	150,406	(272,358)	1,174,016
Fund Balances:		2 404 704					7007	7700	040 040
Drior period adjustments		9,421,731			' '		0,1	(88.337)	0.0,047,0
July 1, 2017, as restated		3.510,128					1.014.480	718.710	5.243.318
Increase (Decrease) in inventory		1						(2,395)	(2,395)
June 30, 2018	69	3.896.182 \$	'		,	909.914 \$	1.164.886	\$ 443.957 \$	6.414.939
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Governmental Funds			
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018			Exhibit D-1
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,174,016
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
 Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: 			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	665,467 (702,098)	(36,631)
 In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in Net Position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold. 			(18,559)
3. The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
Notes issued Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable		(52,121) 200,509 198	148,586
4. Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
Pension expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	,	5,033,683)	(0.000.040)
5. Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:		<u>,199,740 </u>	(2,833,943)
OPEB expense Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		(133,628) 107,174	(26,454)
6. Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmental funds. These activities include:			
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory		19,239 (2,395)	16,844
Change in Net Position of governmental activities		\$	(1,576,141)

Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	Exhibit E
June 30, 2018	
	Agency Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 864,693
Total Assets	\$ 864,693
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 825,032
Due to student clubs	39,661
Total Liabilities	\$ 864,693

South Tippah School District

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, South Tippah School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
 preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources
 imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I - A Fund – This fund accounts for a federal grant which is used to supplement educational services for disadvantaged children.

IDEA Part B94-142 Fund – This fund accounts for a federal grant which is used to provide for requirements of special needs students.

Title IV-B 21st Century Fund – This fund accounts for a federal grant which is used to provide opportunities for academic enrichment.

Insurance Proceeds Reroof Fund – This fund is used to account for the insurance recovery proceeds and payments on the reroofing projects.

QSCB Debt Retirement Fund – This fund is used to account for the investment and payment to escrow accounts held for the principal repayment of the QSCB bonds.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Payroll Clearing Fund – This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Funds – These funds are used to account for the transactions of student clubs.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	pitalization licy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 0	0
Buildings	50,000	40 years
Building improvements	25,000	20 years
Improvements other than buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment	5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipment	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under capital leases	*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District's deferred outflows of resources are related to pensions and OPEB.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District's deferred inflows of resources are related to pensions and OPEB.

See Note 17 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Fiduciary net position was zero as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a resolution approved by the School Board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the school board pursuant to authorization established by state law.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the goal of the District to achieve and maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund at fiscal year-end of not less than 7% of district maintenance revenues or expenditures. If the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end falls below the goal, the District shall develop a restoration plan to achieve and maintain the minimum fund balance.

13. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Estimates are used when accounting for realizability of receivables, depreciation, pension expense, pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

14. New Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$4,881,304 and \$864,693, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments.

	Maturities						
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)		Fair Value			
U.S. Government securities	AAA	8	\$	1,157,046			

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

Level 1 type of investments of \$1,157,046 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2018, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I - A Fund	\$ 100,662
General Fund	IDEA Part B94-142 Fund	156,450
General Fund	Title IV B 21st Century Fund	51,500
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	50,535
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	10,568
Total		\$ 369,715

Inter-fund receivables and payables consist primarily of loans from the General Fund to various special revenue funds to cover cash deficits in pooled bank accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 166,784
Title I - A Fund	General Fund	4,950
Title IV B 21st Century Fund	General Fund	1,274
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	 237
Total		\$ 173,245

Inter-fund transfers were made for budgetary purposes and for the payment of indirect costs.

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the investment balance of \$1,157,046 in the QSCB Bond Retirement Fund described in Note 13.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 238,944	\$ - \$	-	\$ 238,944
Construction-in-progress	-	171,711	-	171,711
Total non-depreciable capital assets	238,944	171,711	-	410,655
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	20,979,186	-	-	20,979,186
Building improvements	878,552	-	-	878,552
Improvements other than buildings	1,704,056	-	-	1,704,056
Mobile equipment	3,458,719	396,062	175,240	3,679,541
Furniture and equipment	 1,379,835	97,694	103,450	1,374,079
Total depreciable capital assets	28,400,348	493,756	278,690	28,615,414
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	6,775,002	378,808	-	7,153,810
Building improvements	543,973	31,166	-	575,139
Improvements other than buildings	516,621	60,964	-	577,585
Mobile equipment	2,565,626	149,354	157,716	2,557,264
Furniture and equipment	 1,194,219	81,806	102,415	1,173,610
Total accumulated depreciation	 11,595,441	702,098	260,131	12,037,408
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 16,804,907	(208,342)	18,559	16,578,006
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,043,851	\$ (36,631) \$	18,559	\$ 16,988,661

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount	
Governmental activities:		_
Instruction	\$	257,220
Support services		419,174
Non-instructional		25,704
Total depreciation expense	\$	702,098

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

	Spent to	Remaining
	June 30, 2018	Commitment
Governmental Activities:		
Pine Grove Classroom Building Addition	\$ 5,699	499,551
Ripley Elementary Reroofing	58,730	1,100,042
Ripley High Reroofing	47,657	971,605
Ripley Middle Reroofing	39,173	841,904
TCTC Reroofing	20,452	329,899
Total governmental activities	\$ 171,711	3,743,001

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with Three mill notes proceeds and insurance recovery.

Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

						Amounts
		Balance			Balance	due within
		 7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2018	one year
Α.	Three mill notes payable	\$ 316,220 \$	- \$	156,545 \$	159,675 \$	159,675
В.	Shortfall notes payable	60,963	52,121	43,964	69,120	34,030
C.	Qualified school construction bonds payable	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	-
D.	Compensated absences payable	 182,567	=	19,239	163,328	-
	Total	\$ 2,559,750 \$	52,121 \$	219,748 \$	2,392,123 \$	193,705

A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest		Maturity		Amount		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date		Issued	C	Outstanding
1. Limited Tax Note, Series 2017	2.00%	05/19/2017	05/19/2019	\$_	316,220	\$_	159,675

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending					
June 30	ne 30 Principal		Interest	Total	
2019	\$	159,675 \$	3,194 \$	162,869	

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Notes Debt Service Fund.

B. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding
 Revenue Shortfall Note, Series 2014 Revenue Shortfall Note, Series 2015 Revenue Shortfall Note, Series 2017 	2.00% 2.00% 2.00%	09/23/2014 08/25/2015 09/01/2017	09/23/2017 08/25/2018 09/01/2020	\$ 80,300 50,000 52,121	16,999 52,121
Total				\$ 182,421	\$ 69,120

The amount outstanding is included in due from other governments on the Statement of Net Position.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

1. Shortfall notes payable issue of 2014:

This debt was paid off and retired from the Shortfall Note Debt Service Fund.

2. Shortfall notes payable issue of 2015:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 16,999 \$	340 \$	17,339

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Note Debt Service Fund.

3. Shortfall notes payable issue of 2017:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 17,031 \$	1,043 \$	18,074
2020	17,372	702	18,074
2021	 17,718	356	18,074
Total	\$ 52,121 \$	2,101 \$	54,222

This debt will be retired from the Shortfall Note Debt Service Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Total shortfall notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 34,030 \$	1,383 \$	35,413
2020	17,372	702	18,074
2021	 17,718	356	18,074
Total	\$ 69,120 \$	2,441 \$	71,561

C. Qualified school construction bonds payable

As more fully explained in Note 13, debt has been issued by the school district that qualifies as Qualified School Construction bonds. Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity		Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date		Issued	Outstanding
1. Limited Tax Note, Series 2009	0.00%	9/15/2009	9/15/2023	\$_	2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000

D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 – Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

Operating leases:

The School District has several operating leases for copiers. Lease expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018, amounted to \$123,281.

Future lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2019 2020	\$ 105,012 50,033
Total	\$ 155,045

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$2,199,740, \$2,188,450 and \$2,179,536, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the school district reported a liability of \$36,006,105 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was 0.216599 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was an increase of 0.000282 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,033,683. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 511,399	\$ 262,726
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		446,013
Changes of assumptions	770,063	61,276
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	658,019	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,199,740	
Total	\$ 4,139,221	\$ 770,015

\$2,199,740 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$1,100,581
2020	728,380
2021	36,012
2022	(695,507)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100.00	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	 Rate (7.75%)	 (8.75%)
District's proportionate share	 _		_
of the net pension liability	\$ 47,224,411	\$ 36,006,105	\$ 26,692,474

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Note 9 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a standalone financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$107,174 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$2,513,974 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.32041112 percent. This was an increase of .00726010 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$133,628. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions	\$		\$	128,011
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		50,431		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		107,174		
Total	\$	157,605	\$	128.011
iotai	Ψ	137,003	Ψ	120,011

\$107,174 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:

2019	\$ (13,611)
2020	(13,611)
2021	(13,611)
2022	(13,611)
2023	(13,611)
Thereafter	(9,525)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including wage

inflation

Long-term Investment Rate of N/A

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 3.56 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.01 percent

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2017
Prior Measurement Date 2016

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.56 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.01 percent

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an

Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

			D	viscount	
	1	% Decrease	R	ate	1% Increase
		(2.56%)	(3	3.56%)	(4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,580,367	\$	2,513,974	\$ 2,464,532

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost Trend					
				Rates		
	1	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,321,824	\$	2,513,974	\$	2,733,334

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
Implementation of GASB 75	
Net OPEB liability (06-30-17)	\$ 2,556,844
Deferred outflows - OPEB - Contributions made during fiscal year 2017	 (98,918)
Total prior period adjustment related to GASB 75	\$ 2,457,926

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	Amount
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Prior year note proceeds error Prior year note proceeds error	\$ 88,337 (88,337)
Total		\$ -

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 11 – Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation – The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 12 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 72 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 13 – Qualified School Construction Bonds

Section 1521 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 provides for a source of capital at no or at nominal interest rates for costs incurred by certain public schools in connection with the construction, rehabilitation or repair of a public school facility or for the acquisition of land where a school will be built. Investors receive Federal income tax credits at prescribed tax credit rates in lieu of interest, which essentially allows state and local governments to borrow without incurring interest costs. While Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) are intended to be interest free to a borrower, the ARRA legislation allows a lender to charge supplemental interest, and such supplemental interest is the responsibility of the school district.

When the stated interest rate on the QSCB results in interest payments that exceed the supplemental interest payments discussed in the preceding paragraph, the school district may apply for a direct cash subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury which is intended to reduce the stated interest rate to a nominal percentage. These subsidy payments do not include the amount of any supplemental interest paid on a QSCB.

The school district makes equal annual payments into a sinking fund which is used to payoff the bonds at termination. The current maturity limit of tax credit bonds is 17 years, per the U. S. Treasury Department. Under this program, ten percent of the proceeds must be subject to a binding commitment to be spent

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

within six months of issuance and 100% must be spent within three years. Up to two percent of bond proceeds can be used to pay costs of issuance. The amount on deposit at June 30, 2018 was \$1,157,046. The amount accumulated in the sinking fund at the end of the seventeen-year period is expected to be sufficient to retire the debt. The following schedule reports the annual deposits to be made to the sinking fund by the school district.

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 145,000
2020	145,000
2021	145,000
2022	145,000
2023	145,000
2024	 145,000
Total	\$ 870,000

The EEF Buildings and Buses revenue has been pledged for this debt. On November 9, 2009, the South Tippah School Board pledged its EEF Buildings and Buses revenue of \$73,774 annually for payment on the Qualified School Construction Bonds loan, subject to any prior pledge for the benefit of any obligation that is currently outstanding. The debt issued was for the purpose of construction, repairs, and equipment for the school district. The commitment began with fiscal year 2011 and ends with fiscal year 2025. The revenue from the state varies from year to year. For fiscal year 2018, the EEF revenue was \$82,479 and \$57,300 of these funds were applied to the required sinking fund payment. The remainder of the sinking fund payment of \$72,363 was paid with ad valorem taxes levied for the repayment of debt and with interest earnings in the sinking fund.

Note 14 – Alternative School Consortium

The school district entered into an Alternative School Agreement dated March 20, 1996 and revised October 1999, creating the New Albany, South Tippah, Union County Behavioral Management School. This consortium was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education and includes the New Albany School District, the South Tippah School District and the Union County School District.

Section 37-13-92 (6), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), allows two or more adjacent school districts to enter into a contract to operate an alternative school program. The school board of the school district designated by the agreement as the lead district will serve as the governing board of the alternative school program. Transportation for students attending the alternative school program will be the responsibility of the individual school district sending the students.

The New Albany School District has been designated as the lead school district for the New Albany, South Tippah, Union County Behavioral Management School, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

Note 15 - Vocational School Consortium

The school district entered into a Vocational Educational Agreement dated August 24, 1981 creating the North and South Tippah County Vocational-Technical Center. This center was created pursuant to the provisions of Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), and approved by the Mississippi Department of Education. The center includes the North Tippah School District and the South Tippah School District. The name of the center has been changed to the Tippah Career and Technology Center.

Section 37-31-73, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the above noted entities to enter into an agreement that would provide for the construction or operation of a regional vocational education center. Any such

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

agreement should provide for a designated fiscal agent, providing the method of financing the construction and operation of such facilities, the manner in which such facilities are to be controlled and staffed and detail procedures for student admission and transportation services for those students.

The South Tippah School District has been designated as the fiscal agent for the Tippah Career and Technology Center, and the operations of the consortium are included in its financial statements.

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is presented to detail the financial activity of the Tippah Career and Technology Center.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Revenues		
Local sources:		
Taxes	\$	314,551
Interest		716
Total local sources		315,267
State sources		507,859
Total Revenues		823,126
Expenditures		
Salaries		499,256
Employee benefits		164,378
Purchased professional and technical services		1,048
Purchased property services		51,245
Other purchased services		24,995
Supplies		20,950
Other		995
Total Expenditures	_	762,867
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		60,259
Fund Balance:		
July 1, 2017	_	71,634
June 30, 2018	\$	131,893

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 16 - Insurance loss recoveries

The South Tippah School District received \$1,075,221 in insurance loss recovery related to damage to roofs at Ripley High, Ripley Middle, Ripley Elementary and TCTC during the 2017-2018 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recovery was reported as other general revenues.

Note 17 – Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$31,457,545) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to pension in the amount of \$2,199,740 resulting from the school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The \$1,939,481 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$31,457,545) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$770,015 balance of deferred inflow of resources, at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$31,457,545) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$107,174 resulting from the amount paid by the school district as benefits come due subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The \$50,431 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$31,457,545) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$128,011 balance of deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 18 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the South Tippah School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On October 17, 2018, the district approved the resolution to lease-purchase note for 3 buses in the amount of \$268,275.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variances

				_	Positive (Ne	egative)
		Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	4,834,217 \$	4,972,652 \$	4,972,652 \$	138,435 \$	-
State sources		14,947,538	14,975,822	14,975,822	28,284	-
Federal sources		105,000	206,898	206,898	101,898	-
Total Revenues		19,886,755	20,155,372	20,155,372	268,617	
Expenditures:						
Instruction		12,530,940	12,218,358	12,218,358	312,582	-
Support services		7,507,921	7,123,369	7,123,369	384,552	-
Noninstructional services		282,600	324,900	324,900	(42,300)	<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	_	20,321,461	19,666,627	19,666,627	654,834	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over (under) Expenditures		(434,706)	488,745	488,745	923,451	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Notes issued		-	52,121	52,121	52,121	-
Sale of transportation equipment		-	5,511	5,511	5,511	-
Operating transfers in		224,864	6,461	6,461	(218,403)	-
Operating transfers out		(216,533)	(166,784)	(166,784)	49,749	<u> </u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	8,331	(102,691)	(102,691)	(111,022)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(426,375)	386,054	386,054	812,429	-
Fund Balances:						
July 1, 2017, as previously reported		3,421,791	3,421,791	3,421,791	-	-
Prior period adjustments		-	88,337	88,337	88,337	-
July 1, 2017, as restated	_	3,421,791	3,510,128	3,510,128	88,337	-
June 30, 2018	\$	2,995,416 \$	3,896,182 \$	3,896,182 \$	900,766 \$	-

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I - A Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final (GAAP Basis) Original Final to Final to Actual Revenues: 759,977 \$ 731,055 \$ Federal sources 731,055 \$ (28,922)\$ **Total Revenues** 759,977 731,055 731,055 (28,922)**Expenditures:** 606,483 606,483 Instruction 630,045 23,562 Support services 112,792 110,818 110,818 1,974 Noninstructional services 12,044 8,804 8,804 3,240 **Total Expenditures** 754,881 726,105 726,105 28,776 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 5,096 4,950 4,950 (146)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out (5,096)(4,950)(4,950)146 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (5,096)(4,950)(4,950)146 Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 June 30, 2018 - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ - \$

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B94-142 Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

1 61 116 164 21464 6416 65, 2016				Varian Positive (N	
	Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 633,302 \$	633,302 \$	633,302 \$	- \$	-
Total Revenues	633,302	633,302	633,302	-	-
Expenditures:					
Instruction	336,434	304,662	304,662	31,772	-
Support services	295,872	328,089	328,089	(32,217)	-
Noninstructional services	1,000	551	551	449	-
Total Expenditures	 633,306	633,302	633,302	4	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	 (4)	-	-	(4)	-
Fund Balances:					
July 1, 2017	 -	-	-	-	-
June 30, 2018	\$ (4)\$	- \$	- \$	(4)\$	-

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title IV B 21st Century Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Variances Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Actual Original Final (GAAP Basis) Original Final to Final to Actual Revenues: Federal sources 249,967 \$ 188,508 \$ 188,508 \$ (61,459)\$ **Total Revenues** 249,967 188,508 188,508 (61,459)**Expenditures:** 186,513 139,615 139,615 46,898 Instruction Support services 61,804 47,619 47,619 14,185 **Total Expenditures** 248,317 187,234 187,234 61,083 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 1,650 1,274 1,274 (376)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out (1,650)(1,274)(1,274)376 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,650)(1,274)(1,274)376 Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 June 30, 2018 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2018 36,006,105	2017 38,639,618	2016 32,156,872	2015 24,690,007
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.216599%	0.216317%	0.208027%	0.203408%
District's covered payroll	13,894,921	13,838,324	12,996,343	12,429,257
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Schedule of District Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution \$	2,199,740	2,188,450	2,179,536	2,046,924
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,199,740	2,188,450	2,179,536	2,046,924
Contribution deficiency (excess) \$				
District's covered payroll	13,966,603	13,894,921	13,838,324	12,996,343
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,513,974
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.32041112%
District's covered-employee payroll	14,395,190 **
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

^{**} The amount used to calculate this figure was based on the Plan's covered payroll as of the measurement date.

Schedule of District Contributions OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 107,174	**
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	107,174	**
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	- =
District's covered-employee payroll	8,994,243	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.19%	

- * This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.
- ** The amounts reflected above only pertains to the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules present the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the

Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.*

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 33.9 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2017:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

<u>2017</u>:

None

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculation of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare

Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 7.75 percent

Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare

Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 5.00 percent

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare

Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 2022

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including

price inflation 3.56 percent

(4) Under GASB 75, employers are also required to consider any implicit subsidy that may be occurring. Medical costs generally increase with advancing age. Therefore, the medical costs for the retiree group are higher than the medical costs for the employee group, even taking Medicare into account. Stated another way, when a plan includes both employees and retirees, the blended premiums are almost always higher than what the premiums would be for employees, and lower than what the premiums would be for retirees, if each group were rated separately. The premium rate difference is referred to as the implicit rate subsidy.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/	Pass-through Entity	Catalog of	
Pass-through Grantor/	Identifying	Federal Domestic	Federal
Program Title/	Number	Assistance No.	Expenditures
H. C. D			
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	185MS326N1099	10.553 \$	330,141
National School Lunch Program	185MS326N1099	10.555	941,210
Summer Food Service Program for Children	185MS326N1099	10.559	13,816
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	1031413320111099	10.559	1,285,167
Child and Adult Care Food Program	185MS340N1050	10.558	8,237
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education	1031410340141030	10.550	1,293,404
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,293,404
Total Old Department of Agriculture			1,2/3,101
U. S. Department of Education			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	ES010A170024	84.010	731,054
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	V048A170024	84.048	41,256
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	ES287C170024	84.287	188,508
Rural Education	ES358B170024	84.358	71,078
English Language Acquisition Grants	ES365A170024	84.365	4,231
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	ES367A170023	84.367	136,330
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	ES424A170025	84.424	7,540
Subtotal			1,179,997
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A170108	84.027	633,302
Educator in Residence Grant	H027A170108	84.027A	87,258
Positive Behavior Specialists	H027A170108	84.027A	6,377
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A170113	84.173	30,865
Total Special Education Cluster			757,802
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			1,937,799
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,937,799
U.S. Danautment of Health and Human Sawiese			
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
	1005MC5 ADM	02 779	22.276
Medical Assistance Program Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education	1805MS5ADM	93.778	22,276
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			22,276
Total for All Federal Awards		\$	3,253,479
		*	

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the school district under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the school district, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the school district.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The school district did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$72,302 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

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Supplementary Information

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 19,475,057 5,806,845	15,255,486 1,617,856	920,318 231,217	1,209,324 108,336	2,089,929 3,849,436
Total	\$ 25,281,902	16,873,342	1,151,535	1,317,660	5,939,365
Total number of students *	 2,452				
Cost per student	\$ 10,311	6,882	470	537	2,422

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

^{*} includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Last Four Years UNAUDITED

Revenues: Local sources \$ 4,972,652 \$ 4,742,212 \$ 4,492,588 \$ 4,290,518 State sources 14,975,822 15,357,604 15,208,571 14,757,429 Federal sources 206,898 118,583 315,425 160,399 Total Revenues 20,155,372 20,218,399 20,016,584 19,208,338 Expenditures: Instruction 12,218,358 12,329,497 12,050,360 11,635,477 Support services 7,123,369 7,226,978 7,356,742 6,878,694 Noninstructional services 324,900 318,416 336,388 338,662 Facilities acquisition and construction - 37,925 - - Total Expenditures 19,666,627 19,912,816 19,743,490 18,852,833	
State sources 14,975,822 15,357,604 15,208,571 14,757,429 Federal sources 206,898 118,583 315,425 160,399 Total Revenues 20,155,372 20,218,399 20,016,584 19,208,336 Expenditures: Instruction 12,218,358 12,329,497 12,050,360 11,635,477 Support services 7,123,369 7,226,978 7,356,742 6,878,694 Noninstructional services 324,900 318,416 336,388 338,662 Facilities acquisition and construction - 37,925 - Total Expenditures 19,666,627 19,912,816 19,743,490 18,852,833	
Federal sources 206,898 118,583 315,425 160,398 Total Revenues 20,155,372 20,218,399 20,016,584 19,208,338 Expenditures: Instruction 12,218,358 12,329,497 12,050,360 11,635,477 Support services 7,123,369 7,226,978 7,356,742 6,878,694 Noninstructional services 324,900 318,416 336,388 338,662 Facilities acquisition and construction - 37,925 - Total Expenditures 19,666,627 19,912,816 19,743,490 18,852,833	
Total Revenues 20,155,372 20,218,399 20,016,584 19,208,336 Expenditures: Instruction 12,218,358 12,329,497 12,050,360 11,635,477 Support services 7,123,369 7,226,978 7,356,742 6,878,694 Noninstructional services 324,900 318,416 336,388 338,662 Facilities acquisition and construction - 37,925 - Total Expenditures 19,666,627 19,912,816 19,743,490 18,852,833	
Expenditures: Instruction 12,218,358 12,329,497 12,050,360 11,635,477 Support services 7,123,369 7,226,978 7,356,742 6,878,694 Noninstructional services 324,900 318,416 336,388 338,662 Facilities acquisition and construction - 37,925 - Total Expenditures 19,666,627 19,912,816 19,743,490 18,852,833	
Instruction 12,218,358 12,329,497 12,050,360 11,635,477 Support services 7,123,369 7,226,978 7,356,742 6,878,694 Noninstructional services 324,900 318,416 336,388 338,662 Facilities acquisition and construction - 37,925 - - Total Expenditures 19,666,627 19,912,816 19,743,490 18,852,833	8
Instruction 12,218,358 12,329,497 12,050,360 11,635,477 Support services 7,123,369 7,226,978 7,356,742 6,878,694 Noninstructional services 324,900 318,416 336,388 338,662 Facilities acquisition and construction - 37,925 - - Total Expenditures 19,666,627 19,912,816 19,743,490 18,852,833	
Support services 7,123,369 7,226,978 7,356,742 6,878,694 Noninstructional services 324,900 318,416 336,388 338,662 Facilities acquisition and construction - 37,925 - - Total Expenditures 19,666,627 19,912,816 19,743,490 18,852,833	7
Facilities acquisition and construction - 37,925 - Total Expenditures 19,666,627 19,912,816 19,743,490 18,852,833	
Total Expenditures 19,666,627 19,912,816 19,743,490 18,852,833	2
	-
Evass (Deficiency) of Revenues	3
EVCASS (1) ATICIANOVI) AT RAVANIAS	
	_
over (under) Expenditures 488,745 305,583 273,094 355,509	<u> </u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
Notes issued 52,121 - 50,000 80,300	0
Insurance recovery - 3,059 6,974	-
Sale of transportation equipment 5,511 2,646 1,027	-
Sale of other property 441	-
Operating transfers in 6,461 9,379 57,698 10,958	8
Operating transfers out (166,784) (82,093) (150,418) (143,186	6)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (102,691) (67,009) (34,278) (51,928)	8)
Net Change in Fund Balances 386,054 238,574 238,816 303,577	7
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>'</u>
Fund Balances:	
Beginning of period, as previously reported 3,421,791 3,187,129 2,948,313 2,644,784	4
Prior period adjustments 88,337 (3,912) - (46)	8)
Beginning of period, as restated 3,510,128 3,183,217 2,948,313 2,644,736	6
End of Period \$ 3,896,182 \$ 3,421,791 \$ 3,187,129 \$ 2,948,313	3

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years UNAUDITED

	 2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 5,802,348	\$ 5,557,888	\$ 5,306,092	\$ 5,100,316
State sources	16,176,249	16,247,830	16,135,968	15,671,271
Federal sources	3,344,468	3,084,275	3,721,887	3,304,894
Total Revenues	 25,323,065	24,889,993	25,163,947	24,076,481
Expenditures:				
Instruction	14,568,774	14,396,014	14,511,464	13,841,693
Support services	8,649,336	8,217,680	8,450,825	8,076,931
Noninstructional services	1,681,528	1,690,125	1,772,212	1,717,555
Facilities acquisition and construction	171,711	37,925	-,,	-
Debt service:	,	0.,020		
Principal	200,509	192,054	362,959	229,010
Interest	7,544	5,063	12,132	10,417
Other	2,500	2,129	1,763	4,315
Total Expenditures	25,281,902	24,540,990	25,111,355	23,879,921
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	 41,163	349,003	52,592	196,560
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Notes issued	52,121	316,220	50,000	375,255
Insurance recovery	1,075,221	3,059	6,974	-
Payment held by QSCB escrow agent	129,663	137,129	130,519	134,186
Payment to QSCB escrow agent	(129,663)	(137,129)	(130,519)	(134,186)
Sale of transportation equipment	5,511	2,646	1,027	-
Sale of other property	-	-	441	-
Operating transfers in	173,245	91,472	208,116	154,144
Operating transfers out	(173,245)	(91,472)	(208,116)	(154,144)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,132,853	321,925	58,442	375,255
Net Change in Fund Balances	 1,174,016	670,928	111,034	571,815
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	5,243,318	4,581,881	4,469,356	3,894,390
Prior period adjustments	5,245,516	(3,912)	4,409,330	(48)
Beginning of period, as restated	 E 2/2 2/0		4 460 356	
beginning of period, as restated	 5,243,318	4,577,969	4,469,356	3,894,342
Increase (Decrease) in inventory	 (2,395)	(5,579)	1,491	3,199
End of Period	\$ 6,414,939	\$ 5,243,318	\$ 4,581,881	\$ 4,469,356

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board South Tippah School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of South Tippah School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Tippah School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the South Tippah School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC December 19, 2018

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board South Tippah School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited South Tippah School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of South Tippah School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The South Tippah School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of South Tippah School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the school district's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the school district's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the South Tippah School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the South Tippah School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered South Tippah School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FONTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC December 19, 2018

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board South Tippah School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Tippah School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise South Tippah School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

1929 SPILLWAY ROAD, SUITE B BRANDON, MISSISSIPPI 39047 TELEPHONE 601-992-5292 FAX 601-992-2033 This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC December 19, 2018

Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major programs:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.027, 84.173 & 84.027A	Special Education Cluster

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes.
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 20.511(b). No.

Section II: Financial Statements Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.