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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## **CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC**

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420

Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

10 South Bancroft Street

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Superintendent and School Board Stone County School District

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stone County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Stone County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the

respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stone County School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 7-15, 48-50, 51-52 and 53-54, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Stone County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2018 on our consideration of the Stone County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Stone County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Stone County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC Belzoni, Mississippi

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December 21, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The following discussion and analysis of Stone County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the Stone County School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Stone County School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Stone County School District's financial performance.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$3,638,557, including a prior period adjustment of (\$2,290,226), which represents a 20% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$2,069,690, including a prior period adjustment of (\$78,747), which represents a 12% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$18,958,940 and \$18,895,185, or 80% and 81% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,606,743, or 20% of total revenues for 2018, and \$4,365,941, or 19% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$24,914,014 and \$25,252,069 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$4,606,743 for 2018 and \$4,365,941 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$18,958,940 for 2018 and \$18,895,185 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$18,961,231 in revenues and \$17,759,635 in expenditures for 2018, and \$18,732,656 in revenues and \$17,663,461 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$772,609 from 2017 to 2018, and increased by \$667,695, including a prior period adjustment of (\$78,747) from 2016 to 2017.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$2,582,074 for 2018 and increased by \$358,170 for 2017. The increase for 2018 was due to the capital additions net of the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$604,201 for 2018 and increased by \$3,641,616 for 2017. This decrease for 2018 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$1,620 for 2018 and increased by \$17 for 2017.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds

**Governmental funds** – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The Stone County School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

## Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

#### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

## **Net position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$22,299,340 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

	 June 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Percentag Change	_
Current assets	\$ 6,344,658	\$ 5,330,395	19.03	%
Restricted assets	269,231	3,701,190	-92.73	%
Capital assets, net	 9,826,898	7,244,824	35.64	%
Total assets	 16,440,787	16,276,409	1.01	%
Deferred outflows of resources	3,747,478	8,120,136	-53.85	%
Current liabilities	222,961	164,111	35.86	%
Long-term debt outstanding	3,940,680	4,544,881	-13.29	%
Net OPEB liability	2,215,901	-	N/A	%
Net pension liability	 34,263,313	38,225,744	-10.37	%
Total liabilities	40,642,855	 42,934,736	-5.34	%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,844,750	122,592	1404.79	%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	6,232,080	6,505,677	-4.21	%
Restricted	726,808	757,210	-4.02	%
Unrestricted	(29,258,228)	(25,923,670)	-12.86	%
Total net position	\$ (22,299,340)	\$ (18,660,783)	-19.50	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (	(29,258,228)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from		
recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liability, including the deferred		
outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB		34,576,486
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the		
net pension and net OPEB liability effect	\$	5,318,258

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$2,582,074.
- The principal retirement of \$657,267 of long-term debt.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$2,215,901.

## Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$23,565,683 and \$23,261,126, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$24,914,014 for 2018 and \$25,252,069 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Table 2
Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended Year Ended June 30, 2018 June 30, 2017		Percentage Change		
Revenues:		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	973,135	\$ 962,155	1.14	%
Operating grants and contributions		3,633,608	3,403,786	6.75	%
General revenues:					
Property taxes		5,844,234	5,619,851	3.99	%
Grants and contributions not restricted		12,827,505	13,023,604	(1.51)	%
Investment earnings		34,111	35,252	(3.24)	%
Sixteenth section sources		101,863	187,215	(45.59)	%
Other		151,227	29,263	416.79	%
Total revenues		23,565,683	23,261,126	1.31	%
Expenses:					
Instruction		11,846,615	11,593,290	2.19	%
Support services		7,444,913	7,188,424	3.57	%
Non-instructional		1,281,069	1,356,030	(5.53)	%
Sixteenth section		36,669	43,891	(16.45)	%
Pension expense		4,099,803	4,952,473	(17.22)	%
OPEB expense		99,317	-	N/A	%
Interest on long-term liabilities		105,628	 117,961	(10.46)	%
Total expenses		24,914,014	 25,252,069	(1.34)	%
Increase (Decrease) in net position		(1,348,331)	 (1,990,943)	32.28	%
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(18,660,783)	(16,591,093)	(12.47)	%
Prior Period Adjustment		(2,290,226)	 (78,747)	(2,808.33)	%
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(20,951,009)	 (16,669,840)	(25.68)	%
Net Position, June 30	\$	(22,299,340)	\$ (18,660,783)	(19.50)	%

## **Governmental activities**

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	Total	Percentage		
	2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$ 11,846,615	\$	11,593,290	2.19 %
Support services	7,444,913		7,188,424	3.57 %
Non-instructional	1,281,069		1,356,030	(5.53) %
Sixteenth section	36,669		43,891	(16.45) %
Pension Expense	4,099,803		4,952,473	(17.22) %
OPEB Expense	99,317		-	N/A %
Interest on long-term liabilities	105,628		117,961	(10.46) %
Total expenses	\$ 24,914,014	\$	25,252,069	(1.34) %
			_	
	 Net (Exper	ıse)	Revenue	Percentage
	Net (Exper	1se) 	2017	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$ 	<u></u> \$		•
Instruction Support services	\$ 2018		2017	Change
	\$ <b>2018</b> (9,792,025)		<b>2017</b> (9,665,940)	1.30 %
Support services	\$ <b>2018</b> (9,792,025) (6,308,795)		<b>2017</b> (9,665,940) (6,262,838)	1.30 % 0.73 %
Support services Non-instructional	\$ 2018 (9,792,025) (6,308,795) 134,966		2017 (9,665,940) (6,262,838) 156,975	1.30 % 0.73 % (14.02) %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section	\$ 2018 (9,792,025) (6,308,795) 134,966 (36,669)		2017 (9,665,940) (6,262,838) 156,975 (43,891)	1.30 % 0.73 % (14.02) % (16.45) %
Support services Non-instructional Sixteenth section Pension Expense	\$ 2018 (9,792,025) (6,308,795) 134,966 (36,669) (4,099,803)		2017 (9,665,940) (6,262,838) 156,975 (43,891)	1.30 % 0.73 % (14.02) % (16.45) % (17.22) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$20,307,271) for 2018 and (\$20,886,128) for 2017 was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$5,844,234 for 2018 and \$5,619,851 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$12,827,505 for 2018 and \$13,023,604 for 2017). In addition, there was \$101,863 and \$187,215 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$34,111 for 2018 and \$35,252 for 2017.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,421,425, a decrease of \$2,480,473, which includes a decrease in inventory of \$1,691. \$4,540,565 or 71% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$1,880,860 or 29% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$772,609. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$3,253,082, which includes a decrease in reserve for inventory of \$1,691, due primarily to normal operations. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

<u>Major Fund</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	No increase or decrease
IDEA Part B Fund	No increase or decrease

## **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the Stone County School District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

**Capital Assets.** As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$19,343,447, including land, school buildings, building improvements, buses, other school vehicles, furniture and equipment, and any intangible assets. This amount represents an increase of \$2,963,119 from 2017. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$9,516,549, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$415,472, resulting in total net capital assets of \$9,826,898.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	J	une 30, 2018	 June 30, 2017	Percentage Change	е
Land	\$	322,010	\$ 353,110	(8.81)	%
Construction in Progress		-	627,625	(100.00)	%
Buildings		4,905,742	5,054,644	(2.95)	%
Building improvements		3,632,031	134,683	2,596.73	%
Improvements other than buildings		390,854	419,275	(6.78)	%
Mobile equipment		527,921	582,650	(9.39)	%
Furniture and equipment		48,340	 72,837	(33.63)	%
Total	\$	9,826,898	\$ 7,244,824	35.64	%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2018, the District had \$3,940,680 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$321,760 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$1,620 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	une 30, 2018	Jı	une 30, 2017	Percenta Change	_
Three mill notes payable	\$	1,130,000	\$	1,460,000	(22.60)	%
Shortfall notes payable		142,002		381,501	(62.78)	%
Energy efficiency leases		2,473,418		2,506,500	(1.32)	%
Compensated absences payable		195,260		196,880	(0.82)	%
Total	\$	3,940,680	\$	4,544,881	(13.29)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

## **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Stone County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls are well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Stone County School District, 214 Critz Street, Wiggins, MS 39777.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position		Exhibit A
June 30, 2018		
		Governmental
		Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,780,009
Investments		609,144
Due from other governments		943,846
Inventories		11,659 269,231
Restricted assets Capital assets, non-depreciable:		209,231
Land		322,010
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		322,010
Buildings		4,905,742
Building improvements		3,632,031
Improvements other than buildings		390,854
Mobile equipment		527,921
Furniture and equipment		48,340
Total Assets		16,440,787
Deferred Outflows of Resources		,,
Deferred outflows - pensions		3,653,011
Deferred outflows - OPEB		94,467
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,747,478
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		192,464
Interest payable on long-term liabilities		30,497
Long-term liabilities, due within one year:		00, 107
Capital related liabilities		260,978
Non-capital related liabilities		60,782
Net OPEB liability		94,467
Long-term liabilities, due beyond one year:		- 1, 121
Capital related liabilities		3,342,440
Non-capital related liabilities		276,480
Net pension liability		34,263,313
Net OPEB liability		2,121,434
Total Liabilities		40,642,855
Deferred Inflows of Resources		_
Deferred inflows - pensions		1,671,108
Deferred inflows - OPEB		173,642
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,844,750
Net Position		
Net investment capital assets		6,232,080
Restricted for:		-, - ,
Expendable:		
School-based activities		394,919
Debt service		73,352
Forestry improvements		62,894
Unemployment benefits		28,882
Non-expendable:		_3,55_
Sixteenth section principal		166,761
Unrestricted		(29,258,228)
Total Net Position	\$	(22,299,340)
TOTAL INGLE USITION	<u>Φ</u>	(22,233,340)

Statement of Activities						Exhibit B
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018			Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		<u>'</u>	Operating	Capital		Net i osition
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		Activities
On the second of Authorities						
Governmental Activities: Instruction \$	11,846,615 \$	623,652 \$	1,430,938 \$		\$	(9,792,025)
·	7,444,913	023,032 \$	1,430,936 \$ 1,136,118	-	Ф	(6,308,795)
Support services	, ,	240 492		-		, , , ,
Non-instructional	1,281,069	349,483	1,066,552	-		134,966
Sixteenth section	36,669	-	-	-		(36,669)
Pension expense	4,099,803	-	-	-		(4,099,803)
OPEB expense	99,317	-	-	-		(99,317)
Interest on long-term liabilities	105,628	-	-	<u> </u>		(105,628)
Total Governmental Activities \$	24,914,014 \$	973,135 \$	3,633,608 \$		\$	(20,307,271)
		General Revenue	s:			
		Taxes:				
		General purp	ose levies			5,619,998
		Debt purpose	e levies			224,236
			rants and contribut	ions:		
		State				12,627,846
		Federal				199,659
			vestment earnings			34,111
		Sixteenth sec				101,863
		Other				151,227
			eral Revenues			18,958,940
		Change in Net Po	osition			(1,348,331)
			ginning, as previou	sly reported		(18,660,783)
		Prior Period Adj	ustments		_	(2,290,226)
		Net Position - Be	ginning, as restate	d	_	(20,951,009)
		Net Position - En	ding		\$	(22,299,340)

	510	Governmen		IKICI		
Balance Sheet		Governmen	itai i uiius			Exhibit C
June 30, 2018						
·		N	lajor Funds			
				_	Other	Total
		General	Title I	IDEA Part B	Governmental	Governmental
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,314,547 \$	- \$	- \$	600,593 \$	4,915,140
Cash with fiscal agents		-	-	-	8,600	8,600
Investments		609,144	-	-	125,500	734,644
Due from other governments		619,396	166,511	73,170	84,769	943,846
Due from other funds		325,159	2,029	344	69,456	396,988
Inventories		-	-	-	11,659	11,659
Total assets		5,868,246	168,540	73,514	900,577	7,010,877
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	133,345 \$	- \$	- \$	58,834 \$	192,179
Due to other funds	•	79,381	168,540	73,514	75,838	397,273
Total Liabilities		212,726	168,540	73,514	134,672	589,452
Nonspendable:						
Inventory		_	_	_	11,659	11,659
Permanent fund principal		_	_	_	166,761	166,761
Restricted:					100,701	100,701
Debt service		_	_	_	103,849	103,849
Capital projects		_	_	_	8,600	8,600
Grant activities		_	_	_	383,260	383,260
Forestry improvements		_	_	_	62,894	62,894
Unemployment benefits		_	_	_	28,882	28,882
Assigned:					_0,00_	_0,00_
Activity funds		241,917	_	_	_	241,917
Instruction		294,432	_	_	_	294,432
Capital improvements		578,606	_	_	_	578,606
Unassigned		4,540,565	_	_	_	4,540,565
Total Fund Balances		5,655,520	_		765,905	6,421,425
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,868,246 \$	168,540 \$	73,514 \$	900,577 \$	7,010,877

Governmental Funds		
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of N	let Position	Exhibit C-1
June 30, 2018		
Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$	6,421,425
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are		
different because:		
<ol> <li>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:</li> </ol>		
Land	322,010	
Buildings	10,481,557	
Building improvements	3,795,566	
Improvements other than buildings	1,043,345	
Mobile equipment	3,025,880	
Furniture and equipment	675,089	
Accumulated depreciation	(9,516,549)	9,826,898
2. Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in		
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability	(34,263,313)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable		
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	3,653,011	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,671,108)	(32,281,410)
3 Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in		
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability	(2,215,901)	
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable		
to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:  Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	04.467	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	94,467 (173,642)	(2,295,076)
	(173,042)	(2,293,070)
4. Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Three mill notes payable	(1,130,000)	
Shortfall notes payable	(1,130,000)	
Energy efficiency leases payable	(2,473,418)	
Compensated absences	(195,260)	
Accrued interest payable	(30,497)	(3,971,177)
		(00 555 5 (5)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(22,299,340)

#### **Governmental Funds** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Exhibit D For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Major Funds Other Total General Title I IDEA Part B Governmental Governmental Fund Funds Funds Fund Fund Revenues: Local sources 6,161,011 \$ - \$ - \$ 765,455 \$ 6,926,466 State sources 12,500,185 963,007 13,463,192 Federal sources 199,658 823,731 574,541 1,512,108 3,110,038 Sixteenth section sources 100,377 5,050 105,427 823,731 574,541 **Total Revenues** 18,961,231 3,245,620 23,605,123 Expenditures: 278,087 Instruction 11,215,130 377,852 1,267,849 13,138,918 Support services 6,411,117 441,267 246,756 738,967 7,838,107 Noninstructional services 3,758 6,641 1,319,690 1,330,089 Sixteenth section 28,974 7,695 36,669 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,021,546 3,021,546 Debt service: Principal 33,082 624,185 657,267 Interest 67,574 41,981 109,555 Total Expenditures 17,759,635 825,760 524,843 7,021,913 26,132,151 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures 1,201,596 (2,029)49,698 (3,776,293)(2,527,028)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bonds and notes issued 54,686 54,686 Sale of other property 33,000 33,000 Operating transfers in 49,742 2,029 344 779,939 727,824 Other financing sources 356 356 Operating transfers out (10, 246)(566,771)(202,922)(779,939)Other financing uses (39,796)(39,796)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (428, 987)2,029 (49,698)524,902 48,246 Net Change in Fund Balances 772,609 (3,251,391)(2,478,782)Fund Balances: July 1, 2017 4,882,911 4,018,987 8,901,898 Increase in reserve for inventory (1,691)(1,691)June 30, 2018 5,655,520 \$ - \$ - \$ 765,905 \$ 6,421,425

	Governmental Funds			
	conciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,			Exhibit D-1
_	penditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities			
	the Year Ended June 30, 2018		•	(0.470.700
	t change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(2,478,782
	ounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are ifferent because:			
1.	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
	Capital outlay	\$	3,031,946	
	Depreciation expense		(415,472)	2,616,474
2.	In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.			(34,400)
3.	The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, how ever, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			
	Bonds and notes issued		(54,686)	
	Payments of debt principal		657,267	
	Accrued interest payable		3,927	606,508
4.	Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:  Pension expense  Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		(4,099,803)	
_		_	2,046,593	(2,053,210)
5.	Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
	OPEB expense		(99,317)	
	Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		94,467	(4,850)
3.	Some items reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in governmenta funds. These activities include:	l		
	Change in compensated absences		1,620	
	Change in inventory reserve	_	(1,691)	(71)
Ch	ange in net position of governmental activities		\$	(1,348,331)

Fiduciary Funds		
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities		Exhibit E
June 30, 2018		
		Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	988,632
Due from other funds		9,448
Total Assets	\$	998,080
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	972,405
Due to other funds		9,163
Due to student clubs		16,512
Total Liabilities	\$	998,080

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the Stone County School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the Stone County School District's accounting policies are described below.

## A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, Stone County School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

## B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two
  preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed
  by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The Stone County School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the Stone County School District's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund – This is the school district's federal reimbursable fund that serves to fund remedial mathematics and reading services to low-income, program eligible students.

IDEA Part B Fund – This fund provides revenues for children with disabilities with a free and appropriate education.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

Accounts Payable Clearing Fund – This fund is used to report the accounts payable resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to report the payroll resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Student Club Fund Agency Funds – These funds are used to report student club resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Additionally, the Stone County School District reports the following fund types:

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

## FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## U.S. Department of Education.

#### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is not maintained to account for commitments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts.

## E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

## 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The Stone County School District deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

#### Investments

The Stone County School District can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

## 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

#### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

## 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bond sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

## 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	
Leased property under capital leases		*	*	

(\*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

#### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The district reports \$3,653,011 of deferred outflows related to its pension plan and \$94,467 related to its OPEB plan.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The district reports \$1,671,108 of deferred inflows related to its pension plan and \$173,642 related to its OPEB plan.

See Notes 7, 8 and 13 for further details.

## 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the Stone County School District accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by Stone County School District policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with Stone County School District policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

## 9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

## 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## 11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. Fiduciary net position was zero as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is a vote by the board to commit funds. Currently there is no committed fund balance.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by management pursuant to authorization established by school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

## Note 2 – Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the Stone County School District's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as

# Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the Stone County School District's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$4,915,140 and \$988,632, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

## Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of Stone County School District's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$8,600.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
Certificates of deposit	N/A	1 to 5 years <u>\$</u>	734,644
Total		\$	734,644

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

 Certificates of deposit type of investments of \$734,644 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

*Interest Rate Risk.* The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk.* State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
Certificates of deposit	\$ 734,644	100%

## Note 3 – Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

## A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 168,540
	IDEA Part B Fund	73,514
	Other governmental funds	73,942
	Fiduciary Funds	9,163
Title I Fund	General Fund	2,029
IDEA Part B Fund	General Fund	344
Other governmental funds	General Fund	67,560
	Other governmental funds	1,896
Fiduciary Funds	General Fund	 9,448
Total		\$ 406,436

The primary purpose of the inter-fund loans was to cover federal and state funds not received prior to year-end and amounts due from and due to agency funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	Amount
General Fund	Title I Fund	\$ 2,029
	IDEA Part B Fund	344
	Other governmental funds	564,398
IDEA Part B Fund	General Fund	10,246
Other governmental funds	General Fund	39,496
	Other governmental funds	 163,426
Total		\$ 779,939

The primary reason for the transfer out of the other governmental funds is the indirect cost allocation from the general fund.

## Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash and investment balance, totaling \$41,261 and \$125,500, respectively, of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Restricted assets also include the cash with fiscal agents balance, totaling \$8,600, of the unspent energy efficiency lease proceeds of the Capital Projects Fund.

In addition, the restricted assets represent the cash balance, totaling \$93,870, of the debt service funds whose assets are restricted for future debt service requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities.

		Balance 7/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	Completed Construction	Balance 6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:		77 172017	increases	Decreases	Construction	0/30/2010
Non-depreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$	353,110 \$	- \$	(31,100) \$	- \$	322,010
Construction-in-progress	•	627,625	3,021,546	-	(3,649,171)	-
Total non-depreciable capital assets		980,735	3,021,546	(31,100)	(3,649,171)	322,010
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		10,481,557	-	-	-	10,481,557
Building improvements		146,395	-	-	3,649,171	3,795,566
Improvements other than buildings		1,043,345	-	-	-	1,043,345
Mobile equipment		3,047,957	10,400	(32,477)	-	3,025,880
Furniture and equipment		680,339	-	(5,250)	-	675,089
Total depreciable capital assets		15,399,593	10,400	(37,727)	3,649,171	19,021,437
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		5,426,913	148,902	-	-	5,575,815
Building improvements		11,712	151,823	-	-	163,535
Improvements other than buildings		624,070	28,421	-	-	652,491
Mobile equipment		2,465,307	61,881	(29,229)	-	2,497,959
Furniture and equipment		607,502	24,445	(5,198)	-	626,749
Total accumulated depreciation		9,135,504	415,472	(34,427)	-	9,516,549
Total depreciable capital assets, net		6,264,089	(405,072)	(3,300)	3,649,171	9,504,888
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	7,244,824 \$	2,616,474 \$	(34,400) \$	- \$	9,826,898

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	 Amount
Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 163,140
Support services	234,849
Non-instructional	 17,483
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$ 415,472

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts due
		 7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2018	within one year
A.	Three mill notes payable	\$ 1,460,000 \$	- \$	(330,000) \$	1,130,000 \$	125,000
В.	Shortfall notes payable	381,501	54,686	(294,185)	142,002	60,782
C.	Energy efficiency leases	2,506,500	-	(33,082)	2,473,418	135,978
D.	Compensated absences payable	196,880	-	(1,620)	195,260	
	Total	\$ 4,544,881 \$	54,686 \$	(658,887) \$	3,940,680 \$	321,760

## A. Three mill notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	 Amount Outstanding
Limited tax note, Series 2017	2.075-2.225%	7/12/2016	7/12/2026	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,130,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 125,000	\$ 24,653 \$	149,653
2020	130,000	21,997	151,997
2021	135,000	19,234	154,234
2022	140,000	16,332	156,332
2023	145,000	13,287	158,287
2024-2027	455,000	20,461	475,461
Total	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 115,964 \$	1,245,964

This debt will be retired from the Three Mill Note fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## B. Shortfall notes payable

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Oı	Amount utstanding
Shortfall notes payable, series 2016 Shortfall notes payable, series 2017	2.40% 3.25%	8/8/2016 8/22/2017	8/8/2019 8/22/2020	\$ 129,449 54,686	\$	87,316 54,686
Total				\$ 184,135	\$	142,002

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Shortfall notes payable, series 2016:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019 2020	\$ 43,140 \$ 44,176	2,095 \$ 1,060	45,235 45,236
Total	\$ 87,316 \$	3,155 \$	90,471

This debt will be retired from the 2016 shortfall notes payable fund

Shortfall notes payable, series 2017:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 17,642 \$	1,802 \$	19,444
2020	18,223	1,221	19,444
2021	 18,821	622	19,443
Total	\$ 54,686 \$	3,645 \$	58,331

This debt will be retired from the 2017 shortfall notes payable fund

Total shortfall notes payable payments for all issues:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 60,782 \$	3,897 \$	64,679
2020	62,399	2,281	64,680
2021	 18,821	622	19,443
Total	\$ 142,002 \$	6,800 \$	148,802

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Interest

143,408

147,275

151,246

819,631

936,236

2,473,418 \$

## C. Obligations under energy efficiency lease

2021

2022

2023

Total

2024-2028

2039-2033

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

	IIICICS		iviaturity		Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
Energy efficiency lease	2.68%	2/28/2017	2/8/2033	\$ 2,506,500	\$ 2,473,418
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total		
2019	\$ 135,978	65,334 \$	201,312		
2020	139,644	61,668	201,312		

57,903

54,037

50,066

186,926

70,327

546,261 \$

Maturity

201,311

201,312

201,312

1,006,557

1,006,563

3,019,679

**Amount** 

This debt will be retired from the District Maintenance Fund.

An energy efficiency lease agreement dated 2/28,2017, was executed by and between the district, the lessee, and U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Finance, the lessor.

The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$2,506,500 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the district maintenance fund and not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The district entered into this energy efficiency lease agreement under the authority of Section 31-7-14, Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Upon written notice to the lessor, the lessee has the option of repaying the total amount due as set forth by the agreement.

## D. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

Plan Description. The Stone County School District contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits yest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the Stone County School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The Stone County School District's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$2,046,593, \$2,082,525 and \$2,156,011, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Stone County School District reported a liability of \$34,263,313 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Stone County School District's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The Stone County School District's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was .206115 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was a decrease of .0079 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

### Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,099,803. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	508,566	250,010
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	-	344,789
Changes of assumptions	775,237	60,619
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	322,615	1,015,690
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	2,046,593	-
Total	\$ 3,653,011 \$	1,671,108

\$2,046,593 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Stone County School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ 456,241
2020	237,776
2021	(96,864)
2022	 (661,843)
Total	\$ (64,690)

Inflation

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

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milation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	%	4.60	%
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
<b>Emerging Markets Equity</b>	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share of		 _	 
the net pension liability	\$ 44,938,617	\$ 34,263,313	\$ 25,400,483

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

#### Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$94,467 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$2,215,901 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .28242119 percent. This was a decrease of .0088 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$99,317. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	\$ \$	
experience	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	112,833
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	-	60,809
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 94,467	
Total	\$ 94,467 \$	173,642

\$94,467 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Stone County School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (30,464)
2020	(30,464)
2021	(30,464)
2022	(30,464)
2023	(30,464)
Thereafter	 (21,322)
Total	\$ (173,642)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Measurement Date 2017 Prior Measurement Date 2016

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Measurement Date 3.56 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.01 percent

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an Pre-Medicare ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

				Discount	
	•	1% Decrease	F	Rate	1% Increase
		(2.56%)	(:	3.56%)	(4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,274,423	\$	2,215,901	\$ 2,172,322

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

## Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Healthcare	
			Cost Trend	
	1	% Decrease	Rates	
			 Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$	2,046,534	\$ 2,215,901	\$ 2,409,253

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

### Note 9 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

#### Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	Amount
1. Implementation of GASB 74 and 75:	
Net OPEB liability (measurement date)	\$ (2,377,416)
Deferred outflows - contributions made during fiscal year 2017	87,190
Total prior period adjustment related to GASB 74 and 75	\$ (2,290,226)

## Note 10- Contingencies

Federal Grants – The Stone County School District has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the Stone County School District.

Litigation – The Stone County School District is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the Stone County School District with respect to the various proceedings. However, the Stone County School District's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Stone County School District.

#### Note 11 – Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The trust consists of approximately 72 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

#### Note 12 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

June 30 Amoun	
	_
0040	
2019 \$ 58,88	1
2020 58,88	1
2021 2,378	8
2022 2,378	8
2023 2,378	8
2024-2028 6,99	1
Thereafter 4,125	5
Total \$ 136,012	2

## Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(29,258,228) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions and OPEB. The \$3,653,011 balance of the deferred outflow of resources from pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 3-4 years. The \$94,467 balance of the deferred outflow of resources from OPEB at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as expenses and decrease unrestricted net position over the next 5-6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of \$(29,258,228) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions and OPEB. The \$1,671,108 balance of the deferred inflow of resources from pensions at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 3-4 years. The \$173,642 balance of the deferred inflow of resources from OPEB at June 30, 2018 will be recognized as revenue and increase unrestricted net position over the next 5-6 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Stone County School District evaluated the activity of the district through December 21, 2018 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and determined that the following subsequent event has occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements:

On July 1, 2018, the Stone County School District issued \$175,155 of ad valorem shortfall notes payable at 3.75% interest, maturing on July 1, 2021.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

					Variances Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	-	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:						_	
Local sources	\$	5,595,550 \$	6,161,010 \$	6,161,011 \$	565,460 \$	1	
State sources		12,371,991	12,500,185	12,500,185	128,194	-	
Federal sources		50,800	213,928	199,658	163,128	(14,270)	
Sixteenth section sources		76,901	86,107	100,377	9,206	14,270	
Total Revenues		18,095,242	18,961,230	18,961,231	865,988	1_	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		11,821,849	11,215,128	11,215,130	606,721	(2)	
Support services		6,811,080	6,411,118	6,411,117	399,962	1	
Noninstructional services		1,126	3,758	3,758	(2,632)	-	
Sixteenth section		10,000	28,974	28,974	(18,974)	-	
Debt service:							
Principal		40,000	33,082	33,082	6,918	-	
Interest		-	67,573	67,574	(67,573)	(1)	
Total Expenditures		18,684,055	17,759,633	17,759,635	924,422	(2)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		(588,813)	1,201,597	1,201,596	1,790,410	(1)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Bonds and notes issued		-	-	54,686	-	54,686	
Sale of other property		-	33,000	33,000	33,000	-	
Operating transfers in		1,179,047	1,196,077	49,742	17,030	(1,146,335)	
Other financing sources		-	1,827	356	1,827	(1,471)	
Operating transfers out		(1,475,210)	(1,713,105)	(566,771)	(237,895)	1,146,334	
Other financing uses		-	(1,473)	-	(1,473)	1,473	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(296, 163)	(483,674)	(428,987)	(187,511)	54,687	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(884,976)	717,923	772,609	1,602,899	54,686	
July 1, 2017		4,882,911	4,882,911	4,882,911	-		
June 30, 2018	\$	3,997,935 \$	5,600,834 \$	5,655,520 \$	1,602,899 \$	54,686	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

## Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Title I Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Varian Positive (N	
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Original	Final
	 Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:			,		
Federal sources	\$ 1,146,621 \$	1,146,621 \$	823,731 \$	- \$	(322,890)
Total Revenues	 1,146,621	1,146,621	823,731	-	(322,890)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	509,100	534,026	377,852	(24,926)	156,174
Support services	608,900	582,864	441,267	26,036	141,597
Noninstructional services	 28,621	28,621	6,641	-	21,980
Total Expenditures	 1,146,621	1,145,511	825,760	1,110	319,751
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 -	1,110	(2,029)	1,110	(3,139)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	 -	-	2,029	-	2,029
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	-	2,029	-	2,029
Net Change in Fund Balances	 -	1,110	-	1,110	(1,110)
July 1, 2017	 -	-	-	-	
June 30, 2018	\$ - \$	1,110 \$	- \$	1,110 \$	(1,110)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

## Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule IDEA Part B Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

			_	Varian Positive (N	
	 Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Original	Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues:					
Federal sources	\$ 668,223 \$	668,223 \$	574,541 \$	- \$	(93,682)
Total Revenues	668,223	668,223	574,541	-	(93,682)
Expenditures:					
Instruction	309,604	349,632	278,087	(40,028)	71,545
Support services	335,770	303,337	246,756	32,433	56,581
Noninstructional services	 2,739	1,239	-	1,500	1,239
Total Expenditures	648,113	654,208	524,843	(6,095)	129,365
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	 20,110	14,015	49,698	(6,095)	35,683
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Operating transfers in	-	-	344	-	344
Operating transfers out	(20,110)	(13,850)	(10,246)	6,260	3,604
Other financing uses	 -	(39,796)	(39,796)	(39,796)	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (20,110)	(53,646)	(49,698)	(33,536)	3,948
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(39,631)	-	(39,631)	39,631
July 1, 2017	 -	-		-	
June 30, 2018	\$ - \$	(39,631) \$	- \$	(39,631) \$	39,631

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

## Required Supplementary Information

## SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

#### PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	-	0.206115%	0.214000%	0.210000%	0.207500%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	34,263,313	38,225,744	32,461,859	25,181,967
District's covered payroll		13,222,381	13,688,959	13,224,819	12,676,959
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		259.13%	279.25%	245.46%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		61.490%	57.468%	61.704%	67.208%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

## SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

**PERS** 

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,046,593	2,082,525	2,156,011	2,082,909
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 2,046,593	2,082,525	2,156,011	2,082,909
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 12,994,241	13,222,381	13,689,959	13,224,819
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2015, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

## SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

#### OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.28242119%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,215,901
District's covered-employee payroll	13,222,381
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	16.759%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.0000%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

## SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 94,467
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 94,467
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	12,994,241
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.7270%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement No.75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/2018, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

#### (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

#### (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Pension Schedules

#### (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

#### 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

## <u>2017:</u>

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

#### (2) Changes in benefit provisions

#### <u>2016:</u>

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 33.9 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

#### **OPEB Schedules**

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2017</u>: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Price inflation 3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims 7.75 percent

Pre-Medicare

Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare

5.00 percent

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare

2022

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation

3.56 percent

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **Supplementary Information** Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Catalog of Federal Federal Grantor/ Domestic Pass-through Pass-through Grantor/ Assistance Entity Identifying Federal **Program Title** No. Number Expenditures **U.S.** Department of Agriculture Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Child nutrition cluster: School breakfast program 10.553 185MS326N1099 \$ 256,800 National school lunch program 10.555 185MS326N1099 910,737 Total child nutrition cluster 1,167,537 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 1,167,537 Passed-through Stone County: Schools and roads - grants to states 10.665 N/A 64,847 Total 64.847 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture 1,232,384 **Federal Communications Commission** Administered through the Universal Service Administrative Company: The schools and libraries program of the universal service fund N/A 32.xxx 50,880 **Total Federal Communications Commission** 50,880 **U.S. Department of Education** Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education: Title I grants to local educational agencies 84.010 ES010A170024 823,731 Career and technical education - basic grants to states 84.048 V048A170024 25,343 Student Support and Academic Enrichment 84.424 ES424A180025 3,964 Rural education 84.358 ES358B170024 68,112 Improving teacher quality-State Grants 84.367 119,948 ES367A170023 Subtotal 1,041,098 Special education cluster: Special education - grants to states 84.027 H027A170108 686.658 Special education - preschool grants 84.173 H173A170113 15,087 Total special education cluster 701,745 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,742,843 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education: Medical assistance program 93.778 1805MS5ADM 83,932 Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education 83,932 Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 83,932 \$ 3,110,039 Total for All Federal Awards

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

# Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

## (1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Stone County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Stone County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Stone County School District.

## (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Stone County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### (4) Noncash Awards

Donated commodities of \$73,521 are included in the National School Lunch Program.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures	 Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 17,864,910 8,267,241	13,878,974 2,170,822	898,331 127,658	1,094,013 18,838	1,993,592 5,949,923
Total	\$ 26,132,151	16,049,796	1,025,989	1,112,851	7,943,515
Total number of students *	 2,495				
Cost per student	\$ 10,474	6,433	411	446	3,184

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

<sup>\*</sup> includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

OTHER INFORMATION

## Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

Last Four Years UNAUDITED

		2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:					
Local sources	\$	6,161,011	\$ 5,818,745	\$ 5,751,949	\$ 5,521,325
State sources		12,500,185	12,590,942	12,606,396	12,182,444
Federal sources		199,658	179,277	454,734	191,743
Sixteenth section sources		100,377	143,692	145,013	146,100
Total Revenues	_	18,961,231	18,732,656	18,958,092	18,041,612
Expenditures:					
Instruction		11,215,130	11,207,599	11,710,712	10,893,335
Support services		6,411,117	6,419,363	7,047,356	6,909,411
Noninstructional services		3,758	1,873	-	-
Sixteenth section		28,974	34,626	2,427	26,567
Debt service:					
Principal		33,082	-	-	-
Interest		67,574	-	-	
Total Expenditures		17,759,635	17,663,461	18,760,495	17,829,313
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures		1,201,596	1,069,195	197,597	212,299
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds and notes issued		54,686	129,449	64,623	208,178
Insurance recovery		33,000	710	5,700	-
Operating transfers in		49,742	41,384	131,825	57,667
Other financing sources		356	-	500,000	-
Operating transfers out		(566,771)	(494,296)	(666,945)	(625,603)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(428,987)	(322,753)	35,203	(359,758)
Net Change in Fund Balances		772,609	746,442	232,800	(147,459)
Net Change in Fund balances		112,609	740,442	232,000	(147,459)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		4,882,911	4,215,216	3,910,537	2,912,271
Prior period adjustment		-	(78,747)	71,879	(68,363)
Fund reclassification		-	-	-	1,214,088
Beginning of period, as restated		4,882,911	4,136,469	3,982,416	4,057,996
End of Period	\$	5,655,520	\$ 4,882,911	\$ 4,215,216	\$ 3,910,537

<sup>\*</sup>SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

## Other Information

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
All Governmental Funds
Last Four Years
UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues:				
Local sources	\$ 6,926,466 \$	6,640,557	\$ 6,464,280 \$	6,503,628
State sources	13,463,192	13,415,906	13,382,414	12,936,464
Federal sources	3,110,038	3,011,480	3,245,289	3,348,263
Sixteenth section sources	105,427	192,473	160,652	164,641
Total Revenues	23,605,123	23,260,416	23,252,635	22,952,996
Expenditures:				
Instruction	13,138,918	12,971,365	13,283,315	12,639,613
Support services	7,838,107	7,574,632	8,683,543	8,446,981
Noninstructional services	1,330,089	1,397,146	1,446,294	1,495,359
Sixteenth section	36,669	43,891	36,110	51,369
Facilities acquisition and construction	3,021,546	627,625	146,395	-
Debt service:				
Principal	657,267	394,350	853,333	918,080
Interest	109,555	39,372	27,724	34,507
Other	-	47,266	-	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	26,132,151	23,095,647	24,476,714	23,585,909
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	(2,527,028)	164,769	(1,224,079)	(632,913)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Bonds and notes issued	54,686	1,529,449	268,815	708,178
Inception of capital leases	-	2,506,500	-	-
Insurance recovery	-	710	5,700	-
Sale of other property	33,000	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	779,939	779,734	798,770	683,270
Other financing sources	356	-	500,362	-
Operating transfers out	(779,939)	(779,734)	(798,770)	(683,270)
Other financing uses	(39,796)	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	48,246	4,036,659	774,877	708,178
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,478,782)	4,201,428	(449,202)	75,265
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	8,901,898	4,786,871	5,176,664	5,160,890
Prior period adjustments	-	(78,747)	71,879	(68,358)
Beginning of period, as restated	8,901,898	4,708,124	5,248,543	5,092,532
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(1,691)	(7,654)	(12,470)	8,867
End of Period	\$ 6,421,425 \$	8,901,898	\$ 4,786,871 \$	5,176,664

\*SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

 202 Church Street
 10 South Bancroft Street

 Belzoni, Mississippi 39038
 Fairhope, Alabama 36532

 Office: (662) 247-2416
 Office: (251) 929-7778

 Fax: (662) 247-2420
 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Stone County School District Wiggins, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stone County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Stone County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2018.

## **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Stone County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Stone County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Stone County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Stone County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

December 21, 2018

## CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC

## Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416 Fax: (662) 247-2420 10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Stone County School District Wiggins, Mississippi

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Stone County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Stone County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Stone County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Stone County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Stone County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Stone County School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Stone County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Stone County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Stone County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Stone County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

December 21, 2018

ONS

# CUNNINGHAM CPAs, PLLC Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

202 Church Street Belzoni, Mississippi 39038 Office: (662) 247-2416

Fax: (662) 247-2420

10 South Bancroft Street Fairhope, Alabama 36532 Office: (251) 929-7778 Fax: (251) 929-7779

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Stone County School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stone County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Stone County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2018. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cunningham CPAs, PLLC

Belzoni, Mississippi

December 21, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between type A and type B programs:

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

8.

9.

Fina	ancial St	atements:		
1.	Type o	Unmodified		
2.	Interna	al control over financial reporting:		
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified	?	No
	b.	Significant deficiency(ies) identif	ied?	None reported
3.	Nonco	mpliance material to financial state	ements noted?	No
_				
	leral Awa			
4.	Interna	al control over major programs:		
	a.	Material weakness(es) identified		No
	b.	ied?	None reported	
5.	Туре о	iance for major programs:	Unmodified	
6.	Any au with 2	No		
7.	Identifi	cation of major programs:		
	<u>CFDA</u>	Numbers Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluste	<u>r</u>
	Child N			
	10.553			
	10.555			

\$750,000

Yes

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.