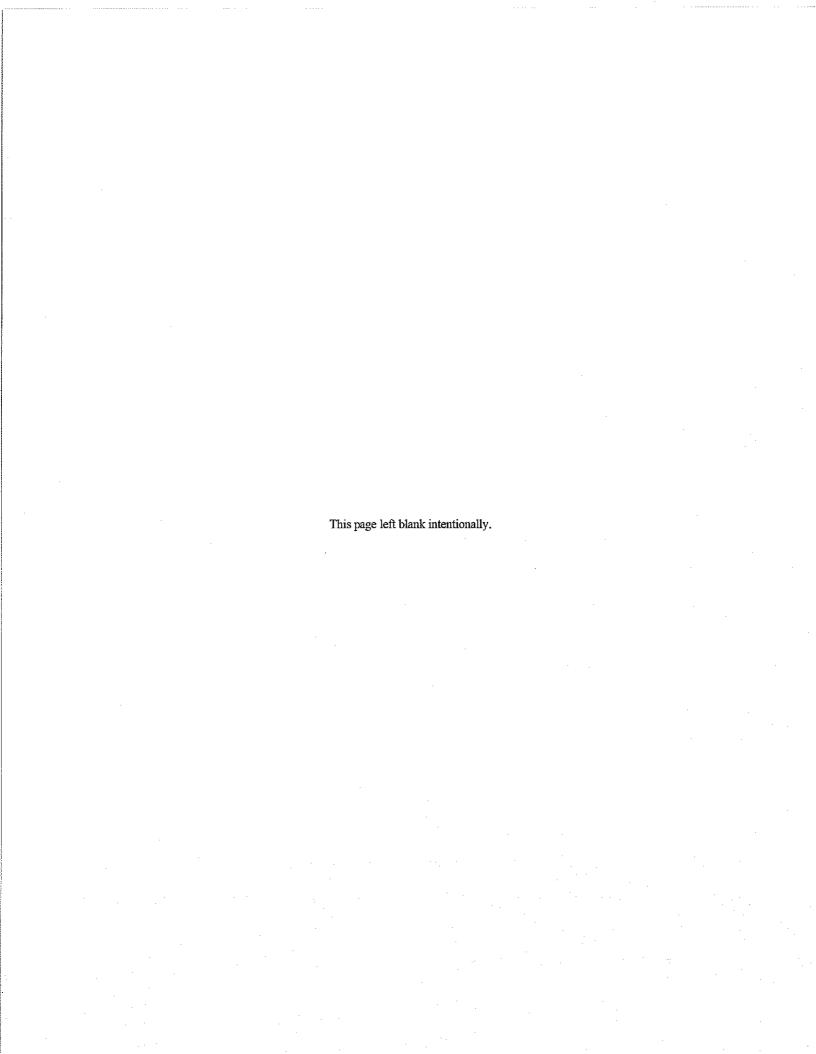


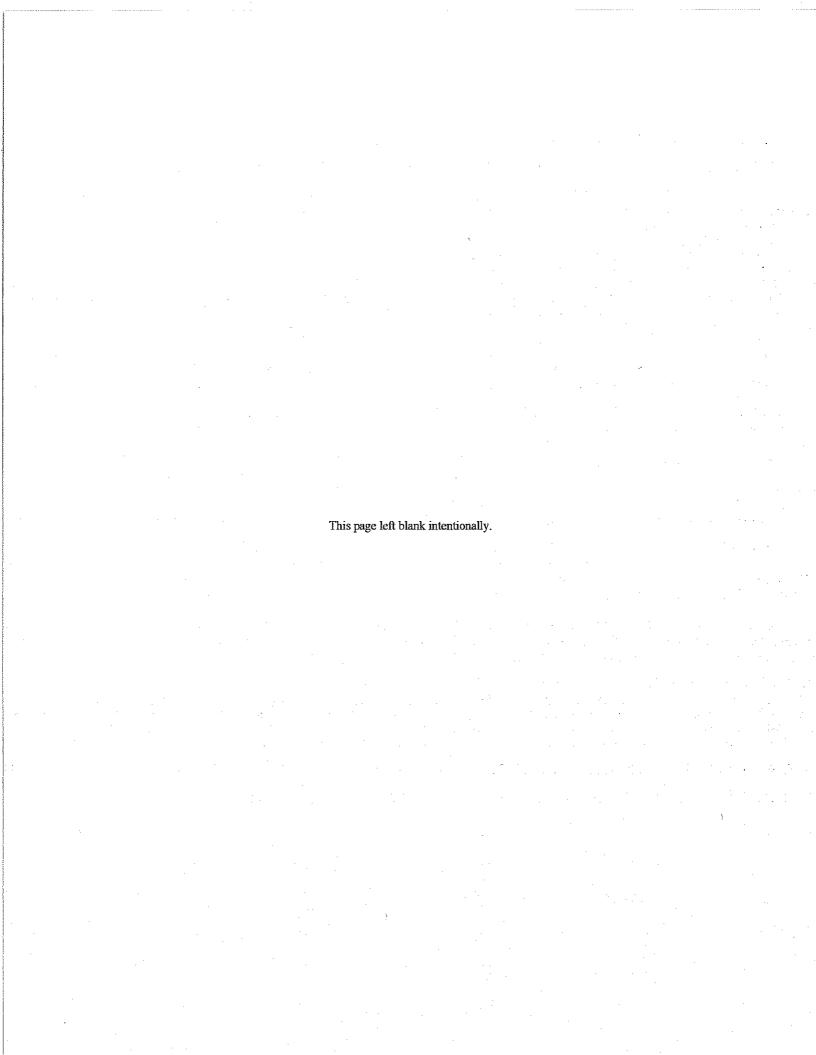
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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	15
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit A Statement of Net Position.	17
Exhibit B Statement of Activities	18
Exhibit C Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	19
Exhibit C-1 Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	20
Exhibit D Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Exhibit D-1 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	21
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	22
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	22
Exhibit E Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	23
Exhibit F Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.	24
Notes to the Financial Statements.	25
Proces to the Philadelia Statements	23
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	43
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund.	45
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund – Title I Fund	46
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	47
Schoolule of District Contributions (DEDS)	48
Schedule of District Contributions (PERS).	49
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	
Schedule of District Contributions (OBEB)	50
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.	51
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	55
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.	57
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.	58
Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds	59
OTHER INFORMATION	61
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund, Last Four Years	63
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years	64
REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE	65
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	V.
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	67
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	69
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS	71
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND OUESTIONED COSTS	. 75



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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# CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158 Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Superintendent and School Board Walthall County School District

### Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walthall County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Walthall County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walthall County School District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of district contributions (PERS), the district's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of district contributions (OPEB) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Walthall County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Funds, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated January 24, 2019, on my consideration of the Walthall County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Walthall County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Walthall County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Charles L Shivers

Ridgeland, MS January 24, 2019 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The following discussion and analysis of Walthall County School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2018 decreased \$1,175,701, including a prior period adjustment of (\$1,848,540) due primarily to the recording of the net OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows, which represents a 35% decrease from fiscal year 2017. Total net position for 2017 decreased \$884,080, including a prior period adjustment of \$1,128, which represents a 35% decrease from fiscal year 2016.
- General revenues amounted to \$14,774,004 and \$15,128,394, or 77% and 77% of all revenues for fiscal years 2018 and 2017, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,319,879, or 23% of total revenues for 2018, and \$4,397,198, or 23% of total revenues for 2017.
- The District had \$18,421,044 and \$20,410,800 in expenses for fiscal years 2018 and 2017; only \$4,319,879 for 2018 and \$4,397,198 for 2017 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$14,774,004 for 2018 were adequate to provide for these programs. General revenues of \$15,128,394 for 2017 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$14,240,862 in revenues and \$12,648,071 in expenditures for 2018, and \$14,609,636 in revenues and \$13,001,646 in expenditures in 2017. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$1,459,813 from 2017 to 2018, including a prior period adjustment of \$7,168, and increased by \$1,441,689 from 2016 to 2017, including a prior period adjustment of (\$15,012).
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased by \$276,293 for 2018 and decreased by \$499,479 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due primarily to the increase in accumulated depreciation.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$443,989 for 2018 and decreased by \$429,209 for 2017. The decrease for 2018 was due primarily to principal payments on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased by \$6,061 for 2018 and decreased by \$2,760 for 2017.

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information, supplementary information, and other information.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and

intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense, and interest on long-term liabilities.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The school district is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose.

### Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules,

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund and each additional major special revenue fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

## **Supplementary Information**

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

### Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

### Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$4,571,727 as of June 30, 2018.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Percentag Change	e
Current assets	\$	10,738,294	\$ 9,579,701	12.09	%
Restricted assets		1,893,020	1,718,937	10.13	%
Capital assets, net		10,671,457	10,947,750	(2.52)	%
Total assets	-	23,302,771	22,246,388	4.75	%
Deferred outflows of resources		2,237,312	 4,570,367	(51.05)	%
Current liabilities		44,611	58,062	(23.17)	%
Long-term debt outstanding		174,039	618,028	(71.84)	%
Net OPEB liability		1,805,764	0	N/A	
Net pension liability		25,290,998	28,171,302	(10.22)	%
Total liabilities		27,315,412	28,847,392	(5.31)	%
Deferred inflows of resources		2,796,398	 1,365,389	104.81	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		10,671,457	10,552,750	1.12	%
Restricted		3,149,423	3,207,615	(1.81)	%
Unrestricted		(18,392,607)	(17,156,391)	(7.21)	%
Total net position	\$	(4,571,727)	\$ (3,396,026)	(34.62)	%

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$	(18,392,607)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net		·
pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related deferred outflows	•	
and deferred inflows		27,655,848
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability effect		
	\$	9,263,241

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

- Decrease in net capital assets in the amount of \$276,293.
- The principal retirement of \$437,928 of long-term debt.
- Recognition of the net pension liability in the amount of \$25,290,998.
- Implementation of GASB 75 which resulted in the recognition of a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$1,805,764.

### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 were \$19,093,883 and \$19,525,592, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$18,421,044 for 2018 and \$20,410,800 for 2017.

Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended Year Ended June 30, 2018 June 30, 2017		Percentage Change	e	
Revenues:					_
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	301,924	\$ 330,813	(8.73) %	ó
Operating grants and contributions		4,017,955	4,066,385	(1.19) %	ó
General revenues:					
Property taxes		4,857,980	4,755,174	2.16 %	ó
Grants and contributions not restricted		9,646,088	10,078,114	(4.29) %	ó
Investment earnings		142,503	133,176	7.00 %	ó
Sixteenth section sources		104,849	145,050	(27.72) %	ó
Other		22,584	16,880	33.79 %	ó
Total revenues		19,093,883	19,525,592	(2.21) %	6
Expenses:					
Instruction		9,217,024	9,395,056	(1.89) %	ó
Support services		5,619,793	5,852,923	(3.98) %	ó
Non-instructional		1,077,463	1,060,443	1.60 %	ó
Sixteenth section	-	21,379	55,656	(61.59) %	ó
Pension expense		2,337,504	3,962,786	(41.01) %	ó
OPEB expense		82,477	0	N/A	
Interest on long-term liabilities		65,404	83,936	(22.08) %	ó
Total expenses		18,421,044	20,410,800	(9.75) %	ó
Increase (Decrease) in net position		672,839	 (885,208)	176.01 %	ó
Net Position, July 1, as previously reported		(3,396,026)	 (2,511,946)	(35.20) %	ó
Prior Period Adjustment		(1,848,540)	 1,128	(163,977.66) %	ó
Net Position, July 1, as restated		(5,244,566)	(2,510,818)	(108.88) %	6
Net Position, June 30	\$	(4,571,727)	\$ (3,396,026)	(34.62) %	6

### Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific

programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		Total	Percentage		
		2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$	9,217,024	\$	9,395,056	(1.89) %
Support services		5,619,793		5,852,923	(3.98) %
Non-instructional		1,077,463		1,060,443	1.60 %
Sixteenth section		21,379		55,656	(61.59) %
Pension Expense		2,337,504		3,962,786	(41.01) %
OPEB Expense		82,477		0	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities		65,404		83,936	(22.08) %
Total expenses		18,421,044	\$	20,410,800	(9.75) %
		Net (Exp	ense) l	Revenue	Percentage
		2018		2017	Change
Instruction	\$	(7,317,424)	\$	(7,585,892)	(3.54) %
Support services	•	(4,509,350)		(4,629,262)	(2.59) %
Non-instructional		232,183		300,703	(22.79) %
Sixteenth section		(21,189)		(52,429)	(59.59) %
Pension Expense		(2,337,504)		(3,962,786)	(41.01) %
OPEB Expense		(82,477)		0	N/A
Interest on long-term liabilities		(65,404)		(83,936)	(22.08) %
Total net (expense) revenue	\$	(14,101,165)	\$	(16,013,602)	(11.94) %

- Net cost of governmental activities (\$14,101,165 for 2018 and \$16,013,602 for 2017) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$4,857,980 for 2018 and \$4,755,174 for 2017) and state and federal revenues (\$9,646,088 for 2018 and \$10,078,114 for 2017). In addition, there was \$104,849 and \$145,050 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2018 and 2017, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$142,503 for 2018 and \$133,176 for 2017.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$12,588,059, an increase of \$1,339,839, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$7,462 and a decrease in inventory of \$16,217. \$9,166,307, or 73% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the General Fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$3,421,752, or 27% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The increase in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$1,459,813, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$7,168. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed a decrease in the amount of \$115,501, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$294 and a decrease in inventory of \$16,217. The increase (decrease) in the fund balances for the other major funds were as follows:

Major Fund	Increase (Decrease)
Title I Fund	 no increase or decrease
Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	\$ (4,473)

### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District. Budget revisions during the fiscal year were routine in nature and were insignificant when compared with total revenues and expenditures of the District.

A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund and major special revenue funds is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2018, the District's total capital assets were \$19,600,391, including land, school buildings, building improvements and other improvements, buses, other school vehicles, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a gross increase of \$100,522 from 2017 due primarily to the purchase of new school buses and various items of furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$8,928,934, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$467,119, resulting in total net capital assets of \$10,671,457.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	1	une 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	Percenta Change	_
		une 30, 2016	 June 30, 2017	Change	<u></u>
Land	\$	143,285	\$ 143,285	0.00	%
Buildings		8,510,376	8,735,609	(2.58)	%
Building improvements		522,824	566,393	(7.69)	%
Improvements other than buildings		594,748	632,673	(5.99)	%
Mobile equipment		802,632	775,028	3.56	%
Furniture and equipment		97,592	94,762	2.99	%
Total	\$	10,671,457	\$ 10,947,750	(2.52)	<b>%</b>

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

**Debt Administration.** At June 30, 2018, the District had \$174,039 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$57,795 is due within one year. During the fiscal year, the District made principal payments totaling \$437,928 on outstanding long-term debt. The liability for compensated absences decreased \$6,061 from the prior year.

Table 5
Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	J	June 30, 2018	Ju	me 30, 2017	Percenta Change	•
Limited obligation refunding bonds payable	\$	0	\$	395,000	(100.00)	%
Obligations under capital leases		51,677		94,605	(45.38)	%
Compensated absences payable		122,362		128,423	(4.72)	%
Total	\$	174,039	\$	618,028	(71.84)	%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

### **CURRENT ISSUES**

The Walthall County School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting, and

internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state, and federal revenues.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Walthall County School District, 814-A Morse Avenue, Tylertown, MS 39667.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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		Governmental Activities
Assets  Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 10,162,970
Due from other governments		549,882
Inventories		25,442
Restricted assets (Note 4)		1,893,020
Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5)		143,285
Depreciable capital assets, net (Note 5)		10,528,172
Total Assets		23,302,771
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflow - pensions (Note 7)		2,160,330
Deferred outflow - OPEB (Note 8)		76,982
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,237,312
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		43,255
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	·	1,356
Long-term liabilities (Due within one year) (Note 6)		
Non-capital related liabilities	•	57,795
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)		74,733
Long-term liabilities (Due beyond one year) (Note 6)		
Non-capital related liabilities		116,244
Net OPEB liability (Note 8)		1,731,031
Net pension liability (Note 7)		25,290,998
Total Liabilities		27,315,412
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions (Note 7)		2,663,683
Deferred inflows - OPEB (Note 8)		132,715
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,796,398
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		10,671,457
Restricted net position		
Expendable		
School-based activities		783,307
Debt service		224,092
Forestry improvements	•	3,251
Unemployment benefits		42,627
Non-expendable		
Sixteenth section	*	2,096,146
Unrestricted		(18,392,607)
Total Net Position		\$ (4,571,727)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program Revenu	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net		
		1 logiam icvono	Operating	Position	
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental	
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	\$ 9,217,024	216,230	1,683,370	(7,317,424)	
Support services	5,619,793		1,110,443	(4,509,350)	
Non-instructional	1,077,463	85,504	1,224,142	232,183	
Sixteenth section	21,379	190		(21,189)	
Pension expense	2,337,504			(2,337,504)	
OPEB expense	82,477			(82,477)	
Interest on long-term liabilities	65,404			(65,404)	
Total Governmental Activities	18,421,044	301,924	4,017,955	(14,101,165)	
	General Revenues				
	Taxes				
	General purpos	se levies		4,857,980	
	Unrestricted gran	ts and contributio	ns		
	State			9,543,570	
	Federal	•	•	102,518	
	Unrestricted inve	stment earnings		142,503	
	Sixteenth section	sources		104,849	
	Other	•		22,584_	
	Total General	Revenues		14,774,004	
	Changes in Net Posi	tion		672,839	
	Net Position - Begin	ning, as previous!	v reported	(3,396,026)	
	Prior Period Adjus		v -X	(1,848,540)	
	Net Position - Begin	ning - as restated		(5,244,566)	
	Net Position - Endin	g		\$ (4,571,727)	

## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

Sixteenth Other Total Title I Section Principal Governmental Governmental General Funds Funds Fund Fund Fund Assets 11,510,937 804,615 Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) \$ 10,162,970 543,352 Cash with fiscal agent (Note 2) 225,448 225,448 319,605 Investments (Note 2) 319,605 133,613 549,342 Due from other governments 182,877 232,852 88 353,063 352,975 Due from other funds (Note 3) 1,233,189 1,233,189 Advances to other funds (Note 3) 25,442 25,442 Inventories 14,217,026 1,189,206 Total Assets 10,698,822 232,852 2,096,146 Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities 8,229 6,673 43,255 Accounts payable & accrued liabilities 28,353 127,900 352,523 Due to other funds (Note 3) 224,623 1,233,189 Advances from other funds (Note 3) 1,233,189 0 134,573 1,628,967 **Total Liabilities** 1,261,542 232,852 **Fund Balances** Nonspendable 25,442 25,442 Inventory 862,957 Permanent fund principal 862,957 1,233,189 1,233,189 Advances Restricted 225,448 225,448 Debt service Forestry improvements 3,251 3,251 42,627 42,627 Unemployment benefits 757,865 757,865 Grant activities Assigned 270,973 270,973 School activities 9,166,307 Unassigned 9,166,307 Total Fund Balances 9,437,280 0 2,096,146 1,054,633 12,588,059 14,217,026 \$ 10,698,822 232,852 1,189,206 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances 2,096,146

Major Funds

Exhibit C-1

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30,2018

		Amount
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 12,588,059
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Land Buildings Building improvements Improvements other than buildings Mobile equipment Furniture and equipment Accumulated depreciation	143,285 13,451,335 1,089,218 948,129 2,898,436 1,069,988 (8,928,934)	10,671,457
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net pension liability		(25,290,998)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions  Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	2,160,330 (2,663,683)	(503,353)
Some liabilities, including net OPEB obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB liability		(1,805,764)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	76,982 (132,715)	(55,733)
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Capital leases	(51,677)	
Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	(122,362) (1,356)	(175,395)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ (4,571,727)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30,2018

	Major Funds				
	General Fund	Title I Fund	Sixteenth Section Principal Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 5,132,621			106,772	5,239,393
State sources	8,863,497			1,281,882	10,145,379
Federal sources	106,571	1,304,004		2,108,086	3,518,661
Sixteenth section sources	138,173		51,997	280	190,450
Total Revenues	14,240,862	1,304,004	51,997	3,497,020	19,093,883
Expenditures					
Instruction	7,719,543	780,674		1,387,777	9,887,994
Support services	4,805,471	416,655		900,679	6,122,805
Noninstructional services	13,607	75,609		1,114,275	1,203,491
Sixteenth section	10,993			10,386	21,379
Debt service	•				
Principal (Note 6)	42,928			395,000	437,928
Interest	55,529			14,813	70,342
Other				1,350	1,350
Total Expenditures	12,648,071	1,272,938	0	3,824,280	17,745,289
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,592,791	31,066	51,997	(327,260)	1,348,594
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers in (Note 3)	215,646			388,966	604,612
Operating transfers out (Note 3)	(355,792)	(31,066)	(56,470)	(161,284)	(604,612)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(140,146)	(31,066)	(56,470)	227,682	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,452,645	0	(4,473)	(99,578)	1,348,594
Fund Balances			•		
July 1, 2017, as previously reported	7,977,467	. 0	2,100,619	1,170,134	11,248,220
Prior period adjustments (Note 10)	7,168	. 0	2,100,019	294	7,462
July 1, 2017, as restated	7,984,635	0	2,100,619	1,170,428	11,255,682
Decrease in reserve for inventory				(16,217)	(16,217)
June 30, 2018	\$ 9,437,280	0	2,096,146	1,054,633	12,588,059

Exhibit D-1

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Am	ount
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 1,3	48,594
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, those amounts are:			
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	198,855 (467,119)	(2	68,264)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of assets is reported, while in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.			(8,029)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:			(-,· -,·)
Payments of debt principal Accrued interest payable	437,928 6,288	· 4	44,216
Some items relating to pensions and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
Pension expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(2,337,504) 1,509,477	(8:	28,027)
Some items relating to OPEB and reported in the statement of activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
OPEB expense Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	(82,477) 76,982		(5,495)
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues/expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities include:			
Change in compensated absences Change in inventory reserve	6,061 (16,217)	(	10,156)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 6	72,839

## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

Exhibit E

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Agency Funds	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)		1,550	881,439	
Total Assets		1,550 =	881,439	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			849,604	
Due to other funds (Note 3)  Due to student clubs			540 31,295	
Total Liabilities		0 =	881,439	
Net Position			·	
Held in trust		1,550		
Total Net Position	\$	1,550		

## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Exhibit F

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	
Additions	•	• 400
Contributions and donations from private sources	\$	2,400
Total Additions		2,400
Deductions		
Scholarships awarded		850
Total Deductions		850
Changes in Net Position		1,550
Net Position		
July 1, 2017		0
June 30, 2018	\$	1,550

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered a "primary government." The school district is governed by a five member board to which each member is elected by the citizens of each defined county district.

For financial reporting purposes, the School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories.
   Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Title I Fund - This Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the Federal funds whose use is restricted for services associated with providing supplemental educational service to students.

16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal Fund - This fund is used to account for the non-expendable resources generated from the sale of non-renewable resources on sixteenth section lands.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

The school district also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net position and changes in net position.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used as a clearing account for payroll and payroll related transactions.

Accounts Payable Clearing - This fund is used as a clearing account for non-payroll transactions.

Student Club Accounts - These funds are used to account for the transaction of student clubs.

Additionally, the school district reports the following fund types:

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> - Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the district in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However,

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting,* issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems, 2014,* issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

### D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

## E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

### 1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

### Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

### 2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

### 3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

### 4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

### 5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund is classified as restricted assets because the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

### 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	Capitalization Policy		Estimated Useful Life	
Land	\$	0	0	
Buildings		50,000	40 years	
Building improvements		25,000	20 years	
Improvements other than buildings		25,000	20 years	
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years	
Furniture and equipment		5,000	3-7 years	

### 7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows are directly related to pension reporting and OPEB reporting.

## 8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

## 9. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. See Note 6 for details.

### 10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 12. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

### 12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is documented in the board minutes of the school board. Currently there is no committed fund balance for this school district.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the superintendent of education and/or the business manager pursuant to authorization established by the school board.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

It is the policy of the School District to maintain a minimum fund balance in the General Fund that is not less than 5% of the revenues of the General Fund.

### Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school district's deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct United States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interests in, any open-end or closed-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds and fiduciary funds was \$11,829,292 (which includes \$318,355 of certificates of deposit with original maturities beyond three months and reported on the Balance Sheet as investments) and \$882,989, respectively.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district.

## Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$225,448.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments.

		Maturities	
Investment Type	Rating	(in years)	Fair Value
GNMA Pool	AAA	More than 10	\$ 1,250
Certificates of deposit	N/A	More than 1	300,368
Certificates of deposit	N/A	Less than 1	17,987
Total		,	\$ 319,605

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

• The identified type of investments of \$319,605 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk. *Custodial Credit Risk - Investments*. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2018, the district did not have any investments to which this would apply.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2018, the district had the following investments:

	Fair	% of Total
Issuer	Value	Investments
USB Financial - Certificates of Deposit	\$ 318,355	99.60%

## Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

#### A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Major fund - Title I Fund	\$ 224,623
	Other governmental funds	127,900
	Fiduciary funds	452
Other governmental funds	Fiduciary funds	 88
Total		\$ 353,063

The purpose of the more significant inter-fund loans was to eliminate deficit cash balances in certain federal programs as part of the normal year end closing adjustments.

#### B. Advances To/From Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Major fund - 16th Section Principal Fund	General Fund	\$ 1,233,189

## Sixteenth section principal loans payable

Note: The sixteenth section principal loans payable are not reflected on the Statement of Net Position because these funds were borrowed by the General Fund from the Sixteenth Section Trust Fund (Permanent Trust) in accordance with Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The revenues and expenditures associated with these transactions are reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. The interest rate on the sixteenth section principal loans payable as of June 30, 2018 is 4 percent.

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements

For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 77,075	49,327	126,402
2020	77,074	46,371	123,445
2021	77,075	43,161	120,236
2022	77,074	40,079	117,153
2023	77,075	36,996	114,071
2024 - 2028	385,371	138,886	524,257
2029 - 2033	385,370	61,685	447,055
2034	 77,075	3,083	80,158
Total	\$ 1,233,189	419,588	1,652,777

## C. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers Out	Transfers In	 Amount
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 355,792
Major fund - Titlie I Fund	General Fund	31,066
Major fund - 16th Section Principal Fund	General Fund	56,470
Other governmental funds	General Fund	128,110
	Other governmental funds	 33,174
Total		\$ 604,612

The transfer out of the General Fund was for the purpose of funding the vocational program in the Other Governmental Funds. The transfer from the Major Fund – Title I Fund to the General Fund was for indirect cost. The transfer from the Major Fund –  $16^{th}$  Section Principal Fund to the General Fund was for accumulated interest income. The transfer from Other Governmental Funds to the General Fund was for indirect cost and to transfer excess pledged MAEP money to district maintenance. The transfer from Other Governmental Funds to Other Governmental Funds was to close out the prior year summer food program fund to the current year summer food program fund.

#### Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets of \$1,893,020 represents the cash, cash with fiscal agent and investment balance, totaling \$1,347,967, \$225,448 and \$319,605, respectively, of various funds whose resources are legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs. This includes the 16<sup>th</sup> Section Principal Fund, Debt Service Funds and other state and federally funded programs of the district within the Other Governmental Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance 7/1/2017	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2018
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 143,285	•		143,285
Total non-depreciable capital assets	143,285	0	0	143,285
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	13,451,335			13,451,335
Building improvements	1,089,218			1,089,218
Improvements other than buildings	948,129			948,129
Mobile equipment	2,815,723	161,000	(78,287)	2,898,436
Furniture and equipment	1,052,179	37,855	(20,046)	1,069,988
Total depreciable capital assets	19,356,584	198,855	(98,333)	19,457,106
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	4,715,726	225,233		4,940,959
Building improvements	522,825	43,569		566,394
Improvements other than buildings	315,456	37,925		353,381
Mobile equipment	2,040,695	125,567	(70,458)	2,095,804
Furniture and equipment	957,417	34,825	(19,846)	972,396
Total accumulated depreciation	8,552,119	467,119	(90,304)	8,928,934
Total depreciable capital assets, net	10,804,465	(268,264)	(8,029)	10,528,172
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,947,750	(268,264)	(8,029)	10,671,457

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount		
Governmental activities:			
Instruction	\$	312,346	
Support services		141,918	
Non-instructional		12,855	
Total depreciation expense - Governmental activities	\$	467,119	

## Note 6 - Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		Balance 7/1/2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2018	Amounts due within one year
A. Limited obligation refunding bonds payable	\$	395,000		395,000	0	0
B. Obligations under capital leases		94,605		42,928	51,677	51,677
C. Compensated absences payable	_	128,423		6,061	122,362	6,118
Total	\$	618,028	0	443,989	174,039	57,795

## A. Limited obligation bonds payable

Limited obligation bonds were paid in full during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

### B. Obligations under capital leases

The school district has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of technology equipment at a cost of \$221,472. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes.

The district will have the option to acquire the equipment for the payment of \$1.00 upon completion of the terms of the lease.

	Interest		Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Issue Date	Date	Issued	Outstanding
Brocade lease purchase					
agreement	3.568	8/22/2014	2/20/2019	\$ 221,472	51,677

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

		Interest and					
Year Ending			Maintenance				
June 30		Principal	Charges	Total			
2019	\$\	51,677	1,586	53,263			

The school district uses the straight-line method of amortization for the lease payments which is not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the difference between the effective interest method and the straight-line method is not considered material.

This debt will be retired from the General Fund.

#### C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

## Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$1,509,477, \$1,538,187 and \$1,589,055, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the school district reported a liability of \$25,290,998 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was .152141 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was a decrease of .005571 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

.For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,337,504. At June 30, 2018 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
255,532	\$	129,781
0		259,774
395,321		30,307
0		2,243,821
1,509,477		. 0
2,160,330	\$	2,663,683
	0 395,321 0 0 1,509,477	0 395,321 0 0 1,509,477

\$1,509,477 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June	30:	. 15
2019	\$	(762,637)
2020		(762,637)
2021		(422,613)
2022		(64,943)

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.25-18.50 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
U.S. Broad	27.00	% -	4.60	¯ %
International Equity	18.00		4.50	
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00		4.75	
Global	12.00		4.75	
Fixed Income	18.00		0.75	
Real Estate	10.00		3.50	
Private Equity	8.00		5.10	
Emerging Debt	2.00		2.25	
Cash	1.00		0.00	
Total	100	%		

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)	
District's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$	33,170,832	\$	25,290,998	\$	18,749,023

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan.

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

## Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan, Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

## Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$76,982 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$1,805,764 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .23014824 percent. This was a decrease of .00586874 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$82,477. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual	-		
Experience	\$	0	\$ 0
Changes of assumptions		0	91,949
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		0	0
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		0	40,766
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		76,982	0
Total	\$	76,982	\$ 132,715

\$76,982 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 3	0:	
2019	<b>\$</b>	(23,283)
2020		(23,283)
2021		(23,283)
2022		(23,283)
2023		(23,283)
Thereafter		(16,300)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2017 2016
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent 3.01 percent
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

		1% Decrease	Γ	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(2.56%)		(3.56%)	(4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	-\$	1,853,453	-\$	1,805,764	\$ 1,770,250

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Usalthaara

			nealuicare	
	Cost Trend			
			Rates	
	1% Decrease		Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,667,744	\$	1,805,764	\$ 1,963,328

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

#### Note 9 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school

Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
2019	\$ 84,083
2020	77,482
2021	77,482
2022	77,106
2023	56,823
2024 - 2028	283,013
2029 - 2033	276,319
2034 - 2038	135,744
Thereafter	 30,155
Total	\$ 1,098,207

## Note 10 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

## Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	 Amount
1. Error Correction - Restatement of prior period payable/expenditure	\$ 7,462
2. Implementation of GASB 75 - Net OPEB Liability	(1,856,002)
	\$ (1.848.540)

## Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	 Amount
General Fund Other governmental funds	Error Correction - Restatement of prior period payable/expenditure Error Correction - Restatement of prior period payable/expenditure	\$ 7,168 294
Total		\$ 7,462

## Note 11 - Contingencies

Federal Grants – The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

#### Note 12 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Financial Statements For Year Ended June 30, 2018

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

## Workers' Compensation Trust

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 72 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies.

### **Property Trust**

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Property Trust (MSBAPT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 39 school districts and covers losses associated with property damage to the physical assets owned by the member districts. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

#### **Casualty Trust**

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Casualty Trust (MSBACT). The Trust is a risk sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The Trust consists of approximately 39 school districts and covers liability related losses the member may be responsible for through General Liability, Automobile Liability and School Board Legal Liability. An indemnity agreement is executed by each member in the Trust for the purposes of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the members/districts to meet the financial obligations of each member. Each member of the Trust contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Amegy Bank of Texas in Houston, Texas. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$150,000 per occurrence. For a claim/occurrence exceeding \$150,000 the Trust has secured excess insurance. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the Trust.

#### Note 13 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$18,392,607) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses and revenue associated with the net pension liability, the net OPEB liability and related account balances.

## Note 14 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the School District evaluated the activity of the district through January 24, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Revenues         Sevenues         Final         (GAAP Basis)         to Final         to Act           Local sources         \$5,018,933         5,132,621         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,132,621         113,688         5,17         5,17         6,22,132         2,7         7,77         7,71         1106,571         89,571         89,571         113,688         15,173	
Revenues         Sommary of the property of th	
Revenues         Local sources       \$ 5,018,933       5,132,621       5,132,621       113,688         State sources       9,088,914       8,860,782       8,863,497       (228,132)       2,7         Federal sources       17,000       106,571       106,571       89,571         Sixteenth section sources       123,000       138,173       138,173       15,173         Total Revenues       14,247,847       14,238,147       14,240,862       (9,700)       2,7         Expenditures         Instruction       8,128,164       7,779,764       7,719,543       348,400       60,22         Support services       5,141,471       4,828,017       4,805,471       313,454       22,54	inal
Local sources         \$ 5,018,933         5,132,621         5,132,621         113,688           State sources         9,088,914         8,860,782         8,863,497         (228,132)         2,7           Federal sources         17,000         106,571         106,571         89,571           Sixteenth section sources         123,000         138,173         138,173         15,173           Total Revenues         14,247,847         14,238,147         14,240,862         (9,700)         2,7           Expenditures           Instruction         8,128,164         7,779,764         7,719,543         348,400         60,22           Support services         5,141,471         4,828,017         4,805,471         313,454         22,54	ual
State sources         9,088,914         8,860,782         8,863,497         (228,132)         2,7           Federal sources         17,000         106,571         106,571         89,571           Sixteenth section sources         123,000         138,173         138,173         15,173           Total Revenues         14,247,847         14,238,147         14,240,862         (9,700)         2,7           Expenditures           Instruction         8,128,164         7,779,764         7,719,543         348,400         60,22           Support services         5,141,471         4,828,017         4,805,471         313,454         22,54	
Federal sources         17,000         106,571         106,571         89,571           Sixteenth section sources         123,000         138,173         138,173         15,173           Total Revenues         14,247,847         14,238,147         14,240,862         (9,700)         2,7           Expenditures           Instruction         8,128,164         7,779,764         7,719,543         348,400         60,22           Support services         5,141,471         4,828,017         4,805,471         313,454         22,55	0
Sixteenth section sources         123,000         138,173         138,173         15,173           Total Revenues         14,247,847         14,238,147         14,240,862         (9,700)         2,7           Expenditures           Instruction         8,128,164         7,779,764         7,719,543         348,400         60,22           Support services         5,141,471         4,828,017         4,805,471         313,454         22,54	15
Total Revenues         14,247,847         14,238,147         14,240,862         (9,700)         2,7           Expenditures           Instruction         8,128,164         7,779,764         7,719,543         348,400         60,22           Support services         5,141,471         4,828,017         4,805,471         313,454         22,54	0
Expenditures Instruction 8,128,164 7,779,764 7,719,543 348,400 60,22 Support services 5,141,471 4,828,017 4,805,471 313,454 22,54	0
Instruction         8,128,164         7,779,764         7,719,543         348,400         60,27           Support services         5,141,471         4,828,017         4,805,471         313,454         22,54	15
Support services 5,141,471 4,828,017 4,805,471 313,454 22,54	
	21
37 ' ( )' 1 ' 1 COT 10 COT 10 COT 10 COT (1 COT)	46
Noninstructional services 12,000 13,607 13,607 (1,607)	0
Sixteenth section 23,000 10,993 10,993 12,007	0
Debt service	
Principal 77,075 42,928 42,928 34,147	0
Interest 52,411 55,529 55,529 (3,118)	0
Other 46,100 0 0 46,100	0
Total Expenditures 13,480,221 12,730,838 12,648,071 749,383 82,70	67
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures         767,626         1,507,309         1,592,791         739,683         85,44	82
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Operating transfers in 1,476,973 1,497,339 215,646 20,366 (1,281,697)	93)
Operating transfers out (2,161,382) (1,637,485) (355,792) 523,897 1,281,69	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (684,409) (140,146) (140,146) 544,263	0
Net Change in Fund Balances 1,452,645	
Fund Balances	
July 1, 2017, as previously reported 7,977,467	
Prior period adjustments 7,168	
July 1, 2017, as restated 7,984,635	
June 30, 2018 \$ 9,437,280	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Major Special Revenue Fund - Title I Fund For the Year Ended June  $30,\,2018$ 

					Varianc Positive (N	
		Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Original	Final
		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual
Revenues						
Federal sources	\$	914,842	914,842	1,304,004	0	389,162
Total Revenues	_	914,842	914,842	1,304,004	0	389,162
Expenditures						
Instruction		597,934	985,158	780,674	(387,224)	204,484
Support services		320,516	570,171	416,655	(249,655)	153,516
Noninstructional services		79,148	99,342	75,609	(20,194)	23,733
Total Expenditures		997,598	1,654,671	1,272,938	(657,073)	381,733
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(82,756)	(739,829)	31,066	(657,073)	770,895
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers out		0	(31,084)	(31,066)	(31,084)	18
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0	(31,084)	(31,066)	(31,084)	18
Net Change in Fund Balances				0		
Fund Balances July 1, 2017				0		
June 30, 2018		•	\$	0		

WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018		2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.152	0.152141%	0.157712%	0.165796%	0.173468%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 25,29	\$ 866,0	25,290,998 \$ 28,171,302	25,628,792	21,055,839
District's covered payroll	\$ 9,75	9,911 \$	9,759,911 \$ 10,089,232	10,357,956	10,599,822
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	256	259.13%	279.22%	247.43%	198.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	9	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

WALTHALL COUNTY CHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions PERS Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,509,477	\$ 1,537,186	1,589,055	1,631,378
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,509,477	1,537,186	1,589,055	1,631,378
Contribution deficiency (excess)	0	0	0	0
District's covered payroll	\$ 9,583,981	9,759,911	10,089,238	10,357,956
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.23014824%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,805,764
Covered employee payroll	\$ 9,759,911
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	18.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018	18
Contractually required contribution	<del>⇔</del>	76,982
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		76,982
Contribution deficiency (excess)		0
Covered employee payroll	\$ 9,5	\$ 9,583,981
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.80%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB Statement 75 was implemented in the FYE 6-30-18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

## **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

## (1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

## (2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Pension Schedules

## (1) Changes of assumptions

#### 2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

## 2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

## 2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method

33.9 years

5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation

3.00 percent

Salary increase

3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including inflation 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

Investment rate of return

including inflation

## **OPEB Schedules**

(1)Changes of assumptions

> 2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017: None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions. Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level dollar

Amortization period

30 years, open

Asset valuation method

Market Value of Assets

Price inflation

3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation

3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates

Medicare Supplement Claims

7.75 percent

Pre-Medicare

## WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims

5.00 percent

Pre-Medicare

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare

2022

Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation

3.56 percent

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/	Catalog of Federal Domestic	Pass-through Entity Identifying	Federal
Program Title	Assistance No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child nutrition cluster:			
School breakfast program	10.553	185MS326N1099	\$ 378,821
National school lunch program	10.555	185MS326N1099	892,403
Summer food service program for children	10.559	185MS326N1099	5,665
Total child nutrition cluster			1,276,889
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			1,276,889
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,276,889
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed-through Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I - grants to local educational agencies	84.010	ES010A170024	1,394,214
Career and technical education - basic grants to states	84.048	VO48A170024	57,597
Rural education	84.358	ES358B170024	24,834
Supporting effective instruction - state grants	84.367	ES367A170023	139,250
Student support and academic enrichment program	84.424	ES424A170025	5,333
Total			1,621,228
Special education cluster:			
Special education - grants to states	84.027	H027A170108	526,406
Special education - preschool grants	84.173	H173A170113	35,306
Total special education cluster			561,712
Total passed-through Mississippi Department of Education			2,182,940
Total U.S. Department of Education	• .		2,182,940
Total for All Federal Awards			\$ 3,459,829

The notes to the Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the School District.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) For each federal grant passed though the Mississippi Department of Education, the school district has elected to use the pass-through entity identifying number as provided by the Mississippi Department of Education for the most recent and significant grant year.

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Town on distance	Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional	General	School	Othor
Expenditures	Total	Expenditures	Administrative	Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits Other	\$ 13,396,154 4,349,135	9,834,249 1,296,844	830,048 276,141	1,047,770 119,989	1,684,087 2,656,161
Total	17,745,289	11,131,093	1,106,189	1,167,759	4,340,248
Total number of students	1,722				
Cost per student	\$ 10,304	6,464	642	678	2,520

## Notes to the schedule.

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following function: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration Categories.

Total number of students - the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year.

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OTHER INFORMATION

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# WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

Last Four Years

# UNAUDITED

		2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues					
Local sources	\$	5,132,621	5,041,566	4,574,825	4,399,494
State sources		8,863,497	9,277,750	9,976,216	9,516,568
Federal sources		106,571	104,580	346,628	112,467
Sixteenth section sources		138,173	185,740	99,660	141,813
Total Revenues	_	14,240,862	14,609,636	14,997,329	14,170,342
Expenditures					
Instruction		7,719,543	7,966,320	8,197,754	8,956,491
Support services		4,805,471	4,862,472	5,267,524	6,880,479
Noninstructional services		13,607	20,518	4,805	7,676
Sixteenth section		10,993	50,796	7,135	6,218
Facilities acquisition and construction  Debt service		0	0	0	16,903
Principal Principal		42,928	41,449	40,021	45,397
Interest		55,529	60,091	64,762	39,165
			,		
Total Expenditures		12,648,071	13,001,646	13,582,001	15,952,329
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,592,791	1,607,990	1,415,328	(1,781,987)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Inception of capital leases		. 0	. 0	0	221,472
Insurance loss recoveries		0	0	171,978	1,850,000
Sale of other property		Ö	1,712	0	375
Operating transfers in		215,646	97,608	1,088,281	112,737
Operating transfers out		(355,792)	(250,609)	(415,141)	(362,203)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(140,146)	(151,289)	845,118	1,822,381
<del>-</del>			<u></u>		
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,452,645	1,456,701	2,260,446	40,394
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		7,977,467	6,535,778	4,263,866	4,341,864
Prior period adjustments	٠	7,168	(15,012)	11,466	(118,392)
Beginning of period, as restated		7,984,635	6,520,766	4,275,332	4,223,472
End of period	\$	9,437,280	7,977,467	6,535,778	4,263,866
		<del></del> .			····

<sup>\*</sup> Source - Prior year audit reports.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

All Governmental Funds

Last Four Years

## UNAUDITED

	2018	2017*	2016*	2015*
Revenues				_
Local sources	\$ 5,239,393	5,127,964	4,695,933	4,531,804
State sources	10,145,379	10,494,233	11,266,386	10,690,654
Federal sources	3,518,661	3,650,265	3,935,241	3,717,198
Sixteenth section sources	190,450	253,130	197,893	229,250
Total Revenues	19,093,883	19,525,592	20,095,453	19,168,906
Expenditures				
Instruction	9,887,994	10,008,712	10,482,387	11,197,514
Support services	6,122,805	6,145,191	6,687,219	8,061,386
Noninstructional services	1,203,491	1,205,786	1,196,715	1,252,126
Sixteenth section	21,379	55,656	31,254	24,018
Facilities acquisition and construction  Debt service	0	0	0	16,903
Principal	437,928	426,449	410,021	405,397
Interest	70,342	88,379	105,259	90,823
Other	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,250
Total Expenditures	17,745,289	17,931,523	18,914,205	21,049,417
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,348,594	1,594,069	1,181,248	(1,880,511)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Inception of capital leases	0	0	0	221,472
Insurance loss recoveries	0	0	171,978	1,850,000
Sale of other property	0	1,712	0	375
Operating transfers in	604,612	401,424	1,576,734	672,937
Operating transfers out	(604,612)	(401,424)	(1,576,734)	(672,937)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	1,712	171,978	2,071,847
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,348,594	1,595,781	1,353,226	191,336
Fund Balances:				
Beginning of period, as previously reported	11,248,220	9,642,223	8,287,972	8,213,351
Prior period adjustments	7,462	929	11,466	(118,392)
Beginning of period, as restated	11,255,682	9,643,152	8,299,438	8,094,959
Increase (Decrease) in reserve for inventory _	(16,217)	9,287	(10,441)	1,677
End of period	\$ 12,588,059	11,248,220	9,642,223	8,287,972

<sup>\*</sup> Source - Prior year audit reports.

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

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# CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158 Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### Independent Auditor's Report

Superintendent and School Board Walthall County School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Walthall County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Walthall County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated January 24, 2019.

# **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Walthall County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Walthall County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Walthall County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Walthall County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L Shivers Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Ridgeland, MS January 24, 2019

# CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158

Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

Superintendent and School Board Walthall County School District

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Walthall County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Walthall County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Walthall County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Walthall County School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Walthall County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Walthall County School District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Walthall County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Walthall County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of

compliance, I considered Walthall County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Walthall County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles L Shivess Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC

Ridgeland, MS January 24, 2019 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

# CHARLES L. SHIVERS, CPA, LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Post Office Box 2775 Ridgeland, MS 39158 Phone: 601.941.6649 Email: clscpa@bellsouth.net

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Walthall County School District

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walthall County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise Walthall County School District's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated January 24, 2019. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to insure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of my procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, I have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and my audit of the financial statements did not disclose any instances of noncompliance with other state laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles L Shivers

Charles L. Shivers, CPA, LLC Ridgeland, MS January 24, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# WALTHALL COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

## Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements:**

1. Type of auditor's report issued on the basic financial statements: Unmodified

2. Noncompliance material to the basic financial statements noted?

3. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

Federal Awards:

4. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

5. Internal control over major programs:

a. Material weaknesses identified?

b. Significant deficiency identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

6. Any audit finding(s) disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

7. Federal program identified as major program:

a. Child nutrition cluster

CFDA #: 10.553

CFDA #: 10.555

CFDA #: 10.559

b. Special education cluster

CFDA #: 84.027

CFDA#: 84.173

8. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

No

## Section II: Financial Statement Findings

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported under the *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of my tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.