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YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY

IUKA, MISSISSIPPI

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



Certified Public Accountants

**YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
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YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018**

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Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority
Iuka, Mississippi

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority (the Authority), an agency of the State of Mississippi, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Basis for Qualified Opinion

Due to the inadequacy of accounting records prior to July 1, 1992, we were unable to form an opinion regarding the existence of and amounts at which capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) are recorded in the accompanying statement of net position at June 30, 2018, (stated at \$12,914,288), net of accumulated depreciation, and the amount at which the related depreciation expense for the year then ended (stated at \$793,018) is recorded in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The effect of any adjustments as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to examine evidence regarding existence of capital assets and the related depreciation on assets, net position, and expenses has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effect of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information. The supplementary information related to net pension liability, pension contributions, net other postemployment benefit liability, and other postemployment benefit contributions is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and is included on pages 24 through 30. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 14, 2018, on our consideration of Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants
December 14, 2018
Booneville, Mississippi

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 598,548
Accounts receivable - net	157,172
Due from MDOT	640,071
Prepaid expenses	39,745
Total Current Assets	1,435,536

NONCURRENT ASSETS

Investments	2,115,009
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable land, improvements and construction in progress	8,566,087
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	12,914,288
Notes receivable, net	607,119
Total Noncurrent Assets	24,202,503

TOTAL ASSETS

25,638,039

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Other postemployment benefits	47,242
Pensions	229,618
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	276,860

LIABILITIES

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable	1,502,586
Other accrued liabilities	28,107
Current portion of other post employment benefits liability	47,242
Total Current Liabilities	1,577,935

NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Compensated absences	50,859
Other postemployment benefits liability, net of current portion	15,145
Net pension liability	1,272,687
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,338,691

TOTAL LIABILITIES

2,916,626

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Other postemployment benefits	6,459
Pensions	67,720
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	74,179

NET POSITION

Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,977,789
Restricted - Capital Projects	1,586,749
Unrestricted	1,359,556
Total Net Position	\$ 22,924,094

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,
AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

OPERATING REVENUES	
User Fees	\$ 1,249,821
Rental Income	<u>836,396</u>
Total Operating Revenue	<u>2,086,217</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel Services	641,475
Travel	34,126
Contractual	365,425
Commodities	85,391
Property taxes	18,814
Depreciation	793,018
Pension Expense	<u>214,060</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>2,152,309</u>
NET OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>(66,092)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)	
Miscellaneous	(376)
Interest Income	20,804
Intergovernmental Revenue	<u>1,577,260</u>
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>1,597,688</u>
CHANGES IN NET POSITION BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS	1,531,596
Extraordinary Item	12,790,608
CHANGES IN NET POSITION AFTER EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS	<u>14,322,204</u>
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,565,870
Prior Period Adjustment	<u>36,020</u>
NET POSITION - RESTATED	<u>8,601,890</u>
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 22,924,094</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Cash received from customers	\$ 2,044,907
Cash paid to suppliers of goods and services	(509,441)
Cash paid to/for employees or employee benefits	<u>(702,591)</u>

**Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating
Activities**

832,875

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Interest Income	14,126
Miscellaneous	<u>(376)</u>

Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities

13,750

**CASH FLOWS FROM NON CAPITAL AND RELATED
FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Intergovernmental Revenue	<u>937,188</u>
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**Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non Capital and Related
Financing Activities**

937,188

**CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED
FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Acquisition of Capital Assets	<u>(3,666,636)</u>
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**Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non Capital and Related
Financing Activities**

(3,666,636)

NET DECREASE IN CASH

(1,882,823)

CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR

2,481,371

CASH - END OF YEAR

\$ 598,548

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

**Reconciliation of Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided
(Used) by Operating Activities**

Net operating income (loss)	\$ (66,092)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	793,018
Changes in Assets and Liabilities	
Accounts receivable	(41,309)
Prepaid expenses	(12,797)
Accounts payable	7,111
Other Accrued Liabilities	616
Compensated absences payable	19,705
Net Pension Cost	132,117
Other Postemployment Benefits Cost	506
	<hr/>
Total Adjustments	898,967
	<hr/>
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	832,875
	<hr/> <hr/>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority was established in 1970 by an act of the legislature of the State of Mississippi. The Authority operates under the direction of a board of directors appointed by local and state governing bodies. Each Board of Supervisors of the four participating Mississippi counties of Alcorn, Itawamba, Prentiss and Tishomingo appoint one director and the Governor of the State of Mississippi appoints four directors. The State of Mississippi holds the corporate powers of the Authority. As such, the Authority is an agency of the State of Mississippi and its financial activities are blended into the State of Mississippi's basic financial statements.

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The financial statements of the Authority are included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of Mississippi. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are disclosed below.

B. Measurements Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statements Presentation

The term measurement focus is used to denote what is being measured and reported in the Authority's operating statement. The Authority is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. The fundamental objective of this focus is to measure whether the Authority is better off or worse economically as a result of events and transactions of the period.

The term "basis of accounting" is used to determine when a transaction or event is recognized on the Authority's operating statement. The Authority uses the full accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred, even though actual payment or receipt may not occur until after the period ends.

The Authority follows GASB Statement 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*. GASB 62 incorporates into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedure. The adoption of GASB 62 does not have any impact on the Authority's financial statements.

The Authority follows GASB Statement 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*. GASB 63 provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. The statement of net assets is renamed the statement of net position and includes four components assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued

B. Measurements Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statements Presentation (continued)

The Authority follows GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014, replaces the requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 27 and 50 as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. The standard requires government employers to recognize as a liability, for the first time, their long-term obligation for pension benefits. The employer liability is to be measured as the difference between the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan for the past periods of service less the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. Obligations for employers with cost sharing plans will be based on their proportionate share of contributions to the pension plan. The standard also requires more immediate recognition of annual service cost, interest and changes in benefits for pension expense; specifies requirements for discount rates, attribution methods; and changes disclosure requirements.

The Authority follows GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 45*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017, replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 as it relates to postemployment benefits other than pensions. The standard requires government employers to recognize as a liability, for the first time, for their long-term obligation for other postemployment benefits. The employer liability is to be measured as the difference between the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the other postemployment benefit plan for the past periods of service less the amount of the plan's fiduciary net position. Obligations for employers with cost sharing plans will be based on their proportionate share of contributions to the other postemployment benefit plan. The standard also requires more immediate recognition of annual service cost, interest and changes in benefits for other postemployment benefit expense; specifies requirements for discount rates, attribution methods; and changes disclosure requirements.

The Authority applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

C. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Authority adopts an annual budget prepared in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting established by the State of Mississippi. The budget must be submitted to the State of Mississippi for approval by the State of Mississippi legislature. The Executive Director is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures/expenses must be approved by the Board of Directors. Expenditures exceeding 5% of the major object of expense must be submitted to the State of Mississippi for approval.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the Authority. For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

State law authorizes the Authority to invest in interest bearing time certificates of deposit for periods of fourteen days to one year with depositories and in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, State of Mississippi, or any county, municipality or school district of this state. Further, the Authority may invest in certain repurchase agreements.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued

E. Receivables

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information, and existing economic conditions. Receivables consist of amounts due from user charges for loading and unloading freight and rental charges for facilities. Receivables become delinquent if not paid by the end of the following month. Accounts receivable are written off when customers go bankrupt and authorized by the Board of Directors.

Management reviews outstanding receivables at year end and establishes a provision for doubtful accounts when collection is deemed doubtful. No provision for uncollectible accounts was recorded as of June 30, 2018.

F. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors and/or granting agencies that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items.

G. Capital Assets

Property and equipment exceeding the State of Mississippi's mandated capitalization thresholds are stated at historical cost. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Replacements that improve or extend the lives of property and exceed the mandated thresholds are capitalized. Depreciation of property and equipment is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The estimated useful lives and capitalization thresholds are as follows:

	Useful Life	Capitalization Threshold
Land	NA	\$ -
Furniture and equipment	3-15 Years	\$ 5,000
Land improvements	13-40 Years	\$ 25,000
Buildings	40 Years	\$ 50,000
Infrastructure improvements	20-50 Years	\$ 100,000

H. Use of Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Compensated Absences

The Authority allows permanent employees to accumulate annual leave according to the following schedule:

Period of Service	Annual Leave Allowed
1 month - 3 years	18 days
37 months - 8 years	21 days
97 months - 15 years	24 days
Over 15 years	27 days

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

I. Compensated Absences - Continued

There is no limit on the accumulation of personal leave. Upon termination of employment, each employee shall be paid for not more than 30 days of accumulated personal leave. Unused personal leave in excess of thirty days and all unused major medical leave will be counted as creditable service for the purpose of the retirement system. There is no accrual for unused major medical leave due to it not vesting since there is no statutory authority to pay for unused medical leave upon employee termination.

As of June 30, 2018, the liability for annual leave is \$50,859.

J. Long Term Obligations

Long term debt and other obligations are reported as Authority's liabilities. The Authority does not engage in conduit debt transactions.

K. Revenues and Expenses

Revenues and expenses are distinguished between operating and nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services in connection with the Authority's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are fees for loading and unloading freight, rent income, and operating grants and contributions. Operating expenses include the costs associated with providing the above services, administration expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

2. Deposits and Investments

The collateral for public entities' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits with financial institutions was \$2,713,314 (which includes \$2,115,009 of certificates of deposit with original maturities beyond three months and reported on the Statement of Net Position as investments and bank balances totaling \$598,305) of which \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$2,213,314 was covered by the Statewide Collateral Pool Program.

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the Authority had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value
Certificate of deposit	Not Rated	1-3 years	\$ 2,115,009

Interest Rate Risk –The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

2. Deposits and Investments - Continued

Credit Risk –State law limits investments to those prescribe in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risks – Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosure of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investments pools, and other pooled investments. As of June 30, 2018, the Authority had the following investments:

Issuer	Fair Value	% of Total Investments
Community Bank North Mississippi	\$ 2,115,009	100%

3. Accounts and Notes Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of the following:

Billed for user charges and rent	\$ 157,172
Less provision for doubtful accounts	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 157,172</u>

Notes receivable consist of a note from Ferrous Metal Processing for deferred rent. The note receivable is as follows:

	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest rate	Principal
Note 4	June 1, 2010	*	2%	<u>\$ 607,119</u>
				<u>\$ 607,119</u>

The above note receivable requires the following payments:

Year ending	Principal	Interest	Total
June 30:			
*	<u>\$ 607,119</u>	<u>12,142</u>	<u>\$ 619,261</u>
	<u>\$ 607,119</u>	<u>\$ 12,142</u>	<u>\$ 619,261</u>

* This note receivable requires monthly payments of \$1,012 of interest. The remaining balance of \$607,119 is due upon termination of the lease or purchase of the building. Interest will continue until the note is paid off.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

4. Changes in Capital Assets

Summaries of changes in capital assets are as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2017	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Balance 6/30/2018
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,146,592	-	-	-	2,146,592
Construction on Progress	4,595,097	3,767,611	-	(1,943,213)	6,419,495
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:	6,741,689	3,767,611	-	(1,943,213)	8,566,087
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	11,882,456	-	-	1,795,713	13,678,169
Improvements	12,011,000	-	-	-	12,011,000
Furniture and equipment	4,903,222	822,105	-	147,500	5,872,827
Total capital assets being depreciated	28,796,678	822,105	-	1,943,213	31,561,996
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	4,215,903	260,910	-	-	4,476,813
Improvements	9,606,156	258,752	-	3,987	9,868,895
Furniture and equipment	4,089,749	273,356	-	(61,105)	4,302,000
Total accumulated depreciation	17,911,808	793,018	-	(57,118)	18,647,708
Total net capital assets being depreciated	10,884,870	29,087	-	2,000,331	12,914,288
Total capital assets	\$ 17,626,559	3,796,698	-	57,118	21,480,375

5. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Repayments	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
TVA	\$ 7,290,630	-	(7,290,630) *	-	-
TRVWMD- Contract #TV-62000A	5,499,978	-	(5,499,978) *	-	-
Compensated absences	31,154	19,705	-	50,859	-
	\$ 12,821,762	19,705	(12,790,608)	50,859	-

* The TV-62000A contract was terminated on July 25, 2017, which released the Authority from any and all debt obligations under the contract. See Note 14 for further information.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

5. Long-Term Debt - Continued

Long term debt interest rate and maturity dates are as follows:

	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Final Maturity Date</u>
TVA	0%	N/A
TRVWMD - Contract #TV-62000A	0%	N/A
Compensated absences	0%	N/A

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description – The Authority contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi, PERS Building, 429 Mississippi Street, Jackson, MS 39201 or by calling (601) 359-3589 or 1-800-444-PERS.

Benefits provided – Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent of each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with a 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions – PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the Authority is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2018 was 15.75% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. The Authority's contributions to PERS for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 were \$81,943, which equaled the required contribution for the year.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Continued

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Authority reported a liability of \$1,272,687 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The Authority's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2018 net pension liability was .007656 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2017. This was an increase of .000317 percent from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2017 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the Authority recognized pension expense of \$214,060. At June 30, 2018, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 16,742	\$ 9,287
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	25,075
Changes in assumptions	21,475	2,078
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions	109,458	31,280
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date	81,943	-
Total	<u>\$ 229,618</u>	<u>\$ 67,720</u>

\$81,943 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ 45,804
2020	53,528
2021	5,206
2022	(24,583)
Total	<u>79,955</u>

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Continued

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumption, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25 - 18.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table Projected with Scale BB to 2022, with males rates set forward one year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The experience report is dated April 18, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Broad	27.00%	4.60%
International Equity	18.00%	4.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	4.00%	4.75%
Global	12.00%	4.75%
Fixed Income	18.00%	0.75%
Real Assets	10.00%	3.50%
Private Equity	8.00%	5.10%
Emerging Debt	2.00%	2.25%
Cash	1.00%	0.00%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at the current employer contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
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6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Continued

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,669,214	\$ 1,272,687	\$ 943,483

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

7. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A trust was created June 28, 2018 for the OPEB Plan and, while no trust was in place for the June 30, 2017 plan year-end, for purposes of comparability for future periods, terminology used herein is based on the plan being a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to full-time active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

7. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Continued

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the Authority were \$44,582 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the Authority reported a liability of \$62,387 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the Authority's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2017, the Authority's proportion was 0.0080 percent. This was a decrease of 0.0004 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$45,088. At June 30, 2018, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	\$
Changes of assumptions	-	3,177
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	3,282
Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date	47,242	-
Total	\$ <u>47,242</u>	\$ <u>6,459</u>

\$47,242 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

7. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Continued

Year Ending June 30:

2019	\$	(1,133)
2020		(1,133)
2021		(1,133)
2022		(1,133)
2023		(1,133)
Thereafter		(794)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	3.25-18.50 percent, including wage inflation
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	N/A
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.01 percent
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Measurement Date	2017
Prior Measurement Date	2016
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	
Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.01 percent
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medicare Supplement Claims	7.75 percent for 2017 decreasing to an
Pre-Medicare	ultimate rate of 5.00 percent by 2023

Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected with Scale BB to 2022, male rates set forward 1 year and adjusted by 106% for males at all ages, and females adjusted to 90% for ages less than 76, 95% for age 76, 105% for age 78 and 110% for ages 79 and greater. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table set forward 4 years for males and 3 years for females.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study dated April 18, 2017.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

7. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Continued

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

The plan had no assets as of the measurement date of 2017.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Since no trust was set up as of June 30, 2017, there was no projection of cash flows for the Plan and the Plan was projected to be depleted in 2017.

The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rates during the month of June published at the end of each week by the Bond Buyer.

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.56%)	Discount Rate (3.56%)	1% Increase (4.56%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 64,035	\$ 62,387	\$ 61,160

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Current	1% Increase
Net OPEB liability	\$ 57,619	\$ 62,387	\$ 67,831

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. The fiduciary net position for the OPEB plan was zero as of June 30, 2017, the measurement date. Therefore, no separately issued financials were prepared.

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position for June 30, 2018 and going forward will be available in separately issued financial reports available on the Mississippi Department of Finance and Administration's website.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

8. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described in the next paragraph, the Authority carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Risk Pools

The Authority finances its exposure to risk of loss related to workers' compensation for injuries to its employees through the Mississippi State Agencies Self-Insured Workers' Compensation Trust, a public entity risk pool. The Authority pays premiums to the pool for its workers' compensation insurance coverage, and the participation agreement provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. Risk of loss is remote for claims exceeding the pool's retention liability.

The Authority manages its exposure to tort claims through the Mississippi Torts Claim Board, a public entity risk pool. Statutory regulations provide some protection, as well as a limitation of liability, for claims filed against state agencies and state employees. The Authority purchases commercial insurance for excess auto liability. In the last three years settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage. Claim payments are based on an annual assessment based on the amount of payroll and past loss history as determined by the State of Mississippi.

The Authority operates a self-insurance program and retains risk of loss for unemployment. The Authority is on a cost reimbursement plan for unemployment with the State of Mississippi. The Authority contributes one percent of the first \$14,000 of wages paid to each employee to the State of Mississippi self-insurance program. Management does not expect any additional liability of unemployment because no employees were laid off during the current year and none are expected to be laid off. There has been no material liability for unemployment in excess of the funding during the prior three years.

9. Dependency on Major Customers

The Authority is economically dependent on a small number of major customers. The percentage of revenue derived from each are as follows:

	<u>Revenues</u>
Ferrous Metal Processing Facility	41.27%
Skyline Steel - Pipe Group	16.44%
Roll Foam Group	7.46%
Nucor Steel	6.60%
Kansas City Southern Railroad	5.85%
Mississippi Silicon	4.29%

10. Concentration of Credit Risk

The majority of the Authority's business is derived from industries within a 75 mile radius of the Yellow Creek Port. Credit is extended to customers without obtaining credit evaluations or collateral. At June 30, 2018, the Authority had extended credit to various customers for accounts and notes receivable totaling \$764,291.

11. Litigation and Uncertainty

The Authority receives federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by federal and state agencies. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement by the federal or state agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms and conditions of the appropriate agency.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

11. Litigation and Uncertainty - Continued

The amount of any disallowance of grant expenditures, if any, is unknown; therefore, the accompanying financial statements do not include any liability for such disallowances. In the opinion of the Authority management, such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

12. Operating Leases

As Lessor:

The Authority receives income from property it leases under short-term and long-term operating leases. Short-term leases are generally six-month leases, renewable for six-month periods or as negotiated by the Authority and the lessee. Long-term leases have cancellation clauses, provided certain conditions of the lessee's operations are met.

The Authority has entered into an agreement with Ferrous Metal Processing that gives Ferrous Metal Processing the right to purchase the building it is renting for a price equal to the sum of: (i) the Authority's initial building cost as defined in the agreement plus (ii) the agreed cost of all on-site improvements other than costs resulting from adverse environmental conditions or unsuitable or unexpected soil conditions plus (iii) land valued at \$10,000 per acre. The sum of (i), (ii) and (iii) above is considered to be the Authority's investment. This purchase price for Ferrous Metal Processing shall be reduced by an amount equal to the credit for rental payments exceeding a 7% annualized return on the Authority's investment as defined above. If the Authority is unable to transfer the title to the land upon execution of the above agreement, the Authority agrees to enter into a 99 year ground lease renewable forever for a total rental of \$1.00 per year in lieu of Ferrous Metal Processing paying \$10,000 per acre for such land.

As Lessee:

Operating rental expense is for one-time rentals and a monthly rental of equipment that can be terminated by returning the equipment. Total rent expense for the year was \$77,570.

13. Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the statement of financial position date, but before the financial statements were available to be issued, must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the statement of financial position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the balance sheet date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the Authority through December 14, 2018 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued), and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require disclosure in the notes to the financial statements. No adjustments are considered necessary to these financial statements.

14. Extraordinary Item

Pursuant to an agreement dated July 25, 2017, the Authority, the Mississippi Development Authority, the Tennessee Valley Authority, and the Tombigbee River Valley Water Management District agreed to transfer certain real property interests to the Authority and terminate Contract TV-62000A, which released the Authority from any and all debt obligations under the contract, including \$12,790,608 of debt recorded in the statement of net position as of June 30, 2017. The debt forgiveness is reported as an extraordinary item increasing the Authority's net assets in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position for the year ended June 30, 2018.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2018

15. Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position adjustments is as follows:

<u>Explanation</u>	<u>Amount</u>
1. Excess depreciation taken in prior year.	57,118
2. Prior year net postemployment benefit obligation liability	<u>(21,098)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 36,020</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
PERS
Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.007656%	0.007339%	0.006092%	0.007271%
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,272,687	\$ 1,310,929	\$ 941,704	\$ 882,566
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 520,275	\$ 491,200	\$ 469,543	\$ 380,622
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	244.62%	266.88%	200.56%	231.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

The amounts are presented for each year and were determined as of the measurements date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The Authority has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
Schedule of the Authority's Contributions
PERS
Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 81,943	\$ 77,364	\$ 73,953	\$ 59,948
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	81,943	77,364	73,953	59,948
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 520,275	\$ 491,200	\$ 469,543	\$ 380,622
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The Authority has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
MS State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2018</u>
Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.007951%
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 62,387
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 520,275
Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	11.99%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The Authority has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
Schedule of the Authority's Contributions
MS State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 44,582
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	44,582
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-
Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 520,275
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.57%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, The Authority has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
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NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2018

Pension Schedules

(1) *Changes of assumptions*

2015:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75%, respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

(2) *Changes in benefit provisions*

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
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NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2018

Pension Schedules - Continued

- (3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.*
The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2015 valuation for the June 30, 2017 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	33.9 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Price Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase inflation	3.75 percent to 19.00 percent, including
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

- (1) *Changes of assumptions*

2017: The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

- (2) *Changes in benefit provisions*

2017: None

- (3) *Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions.* The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets
Price inflation	3 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25 percent to 18.50 percent
Initial health care cost trend rates	
Medicare Supplement Claims	7.75 percent
Pre-Medicare	

YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
(An Agency of the State of Mississippi)
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2018

OPEB Schedules - Continued

Ultimate health care cost trend rates	
Medicare Supplement Claims	5.00 percent
Pre-Medicare	
Year of ultimate trend rates	
Medicare Supplement Claims	2022
Pre-Medicare	
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.56 percent



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON
AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Directors of
Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority
Iuka, Mississippi

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority, an agency of the State of Mississippi, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a material weakness. This finding and response is labeled as item 2018-1.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing

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an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority's Response to Findings

Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C." in a cursive, flowing script.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants
Booneville, Mississippi
December 14, 2018



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**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE
WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS**

To the Board of Directors of
Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority
Iuka, Mississippi

We have audited the financial statements of Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority (an agency of the State of Mississippi) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report dated December 14, 2018. The report was qualified due to insufficient audit evidence existing prior to July, 1992 to support the amount at which capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) are recorded in the accompanying Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2018 (stated at \$12,914,288) and the amount at which the related depreciation expense (stated at \$793,018) is recorded in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Except as discussed in the preceding sentence, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of those procedures and our audit of the financial statements did not disclose any material instances of noncompliance with state laws and regulations.

This report is intended for the information and use of the board of directors and management, others within the entity, and the Office of the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C.

The Sparks CPA Firm, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants
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December 14, 2018

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**YELLOW CREEK STATE INLAND PORT AUTHORITY
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
JUNE 30, 2018**

Internal Control

Material Weakness

Finding Number 2018-1

Condition: The Authority does not have an adequate segregation of duties.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to require segregation of duties among personnel.

Effect: There is an overlapping of duties among office personnel.

Cause: The Authority does not have enough personnel to have an adequate segregation of duties.

Recommendation: Due to the size of the staff and that the expense of hiring additional employees could be cost prohibitive; we recommend that the Board of Directors periodically review the accounting functions to compensate for the lack of segregation of duties.

Response: Agency concurs. Over many years, Yellow Creek State Inland Port Authority has managed without any problems, however, the Agency does agree to focus on more review to compensate for lack of segregation of duties.